LOK SABHA DEBATES

(Sixth Session)



(Vol. XX contains Nos. 11-20)

- LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT NEW DELHI

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^{*}The sign + marked above the name of a Member indicates that the question was actually asked on the floor of the House by that Member.

LOK SABHA

Tuesday, December 12, 1978/ Agrahayana 21, 1900 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

IMR. SPEAKER in the Chairl .

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Water Supply Schemes in Madhya Pradesh

*304 SHRI LAXME NARAIN Will the Minister of NAVAK: WORKS AND HOUSING SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

(a) the total amount given Central Government during this year for making arrangements for water supply in the Villages of Madhya Pradesh and the names of the places where this amount was spent;

- (b) whether Tikamgarh and Chhattarpur districts of Madhya Pradesh have been given money out of the amount given by Central Government for making arrangements for water supply in rural areas; and
- (c) if so, the amount given and whether that amount is being utilised properly?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKAN-DAR BAKHT): (a) to (c). A statement is placed on the Table of the Sabba.

Statement

(a) Under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Pro-gramme Rs. 270 lakhs of Central grant-in-aid have been allocated 3612 LS-1

during the current year for the implementation of the schemes of drinking water supply schemes in the problem villages in the following districts in Madhya Pradesh inclusive of Trkamgarh and Chattarpur districts:

- 1. Bilaspur
- 2. Bhoral
- 3. Balachar
- · 4. Baster
- 5. Bhind
- 6. Chattarpur
- 7. Chhindwar:
- 8. Damoh .
- g. Dewas
- 10. . Dhar
- 11. Datia
- 12. Durg ,
- 13. Guna . *
- 14. Gwalior
- in Indore
- th. Jahalour
- 17. Ібацца
- 18. -Khandwa
- 19. Khargaul
- 20. Mardla
- 21. Morena ee. • Mandaur
- 23. Namingpur
- 24. Pauna
- 25. Rajhandgarh
- e6. Reus
- 27. Raigarh 28. Raigarh
- 29. Raisen
- so. Rathu
- 31. Raipur
- 32. Sendre
- 33. Satua
- 34. Sconi
- 99. Shahdol
- ·f. Shajapur
- 37. Surguja
- sg. Sagar

40 Ship r 41 Tikamgarh

3

42 Unain 43 Vilisha

(b) and (c) These Schemes include schemes in respect of 7 villages costing Rs 421 lakhs in Tikamgarh Dis trict and 21 villages costing Rs. 21 517 lakhs in Chattarpur District A report on the progres; of implementation of the schemes is yet to be received from the State Government

श्री लक्ष्मी नारायण नायक भागनीय मती थी ने जो जबाब दिया है बह कुछ धवरा है। मैं ने पूछा या कि टीकमगढ़ और छनरपर जिलां में जो धनराशि दी गमी है उस ना क्या सही उपयोग हो रहा है ? मापने बतावा कि प्रानीय सरकार द्वारा सभी तक इसकी जानकारी नहीं दी मया है । मैं जानना चाहता या कि पान्तीय सरकार को जिम कार के लिए भागपता देते हैं उस कार्य मे उसका सही दम से उपयोग हो पहा है या नहीं ? नया भाष यह बताने की हुपा करेंगे कि इन दो जिला के लिये जो राजि धापने प्रातीय सरकार को दी है उस का सद्वपयोह हो रहा है या नहीं और इस वारे मे आप को प्रानीय सरकार से जानकारी मिला है या नहीं ?

भी सिकन्दर बस्त मैंन ज्वाब मे मर्ज कर दिया है कि १

"A Report on the progress of implementation of the schemes is yet to be received from the Sate Govern ment."

भगी वहा से लिपोर्टनहीं फाई है। यह दुस्त है कि हमाख जो महिटरिस का वरीका है उसके माठहत ग्रन्तुवर के ग्राखिर तक पहा रिपार्ट भा जानी काहिए थी ह

लिहा जा तार से तथा दूसरे जियों से भी वह इति स नेने की कोशिय की जा रही है।

भी सक्सी नारामण नामक प्रश्न पूछन का मही भाषय होता है कि पूरा उत्तर म्रामा चाहिय ।

मुद्ध पानी व मिलन से अनक विभारिया हो जाना है जैसटाइफाइड नाहरू जनादर। न्या प्रान्तीय सरकार गरा उन होता की जान कराई जाएगी जहा इस तरह का बीमारिया होती हैं और क्या वहां गढ़ पानी देने की गोध्र व्यवस्था की जाएगी ?

भी सिकन्बर बदत . मह सवास टीकममइ मौर छत्तरपुर जिला के बार म है जिस की पूरी तफ़नालात दे दी गई है कि कितना रूपमा .. वहा के विष् है, किवन मान हैं स्रोर उन ग्रावां म कित्रचा रूपया लगान की बात है। जनता पार्टी न खास तौर से इतना नाम विया है वि जो प्रावतम विस्तेबिब में है वहा स्वच्छ पीने का पाना मिले और इसी के लिए ऐसामन बढाई भी मई है। मैरल सैक्टर म पह री बार वार्ताम करोड रुपया पिछले सास प्रोर माठ करोड इम साल के लिए एखा गया है।

SHRI N ĸ SHEJWALKAR Actually the reply for (a) includes the details and also the amounts which have been sanctioned to each and every district of Madhya Pradesh. If the hon Minister is not in a position now to give details of every district which has been allocated a specific amount I will pray to him to lay the full reply on the Table of the House. I want to know when were the amounts allocated and when were they paid. They say that the amount has been spent. Spent also means the functioning of the State Government too May I know when did the Central Government ask the Government of Madhya Pradesh any question or query regarding the spending of the amount?

SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT toring is done by the State Government. On the drinking water, amount spent for the curernt year will finall be known after the year is out and r.

before that. The second part of the question relates to two districts...

SHRI N. K. SHEJWALKAR: The report was to be sent before October and now it is the middle of December.

SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT: The report of October is with regard to the progress of the work and not with regard to the completion of the work.

SHRI N. K. SHEJWALKAR: My second question has not been answered.

MR. SPEAKER: He says for district-wise, he requires notice.

भी जबन साल कहूर: मध्य प्रदेश के विभिन्न जिलों के लिए भी एताएमेंट किया गा। है उस के बारे में में जारता चाहता है कि क्या स्टेट वक्तेमेंट को कोई टाइम बाउंड भीशाम विधा है कि इस टाइम के अबर इस पुण कर दिया जाएमा या इस बीच को अभिविश्त कोई दिया जा। है ?

श्री सिकन्दर वस्त : वो रुपया एलाट किया जाता है वह स्पेतिमिक स्कीन्ज के अर्थेस्ट किया जाता है और यकीनन टाइम बाउड होता है ।

Central Directive on Amendment to Orissa Land Reforms Act

*305, SHRI DEVENDRA PATHY: Will the Minister AGRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3980 dated the 14th August, 1978 regarding proposal for amendment of Orissa Land Reforms Act and state whether the Central Government after scrutiny, have given any advice to the State Government of Orissa in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHIRE TURE) AND IRRIGATION (SHIRE SURIT SINGE BARNALA); Yes, Sin A summer of the amendment exponent of the district of the Covernment of India thereon is given in the statement laid on the Teble of the Subha. The State Government's proposal, were, it may be noted, tentative

Statement

SI. Sum many of the State Government's So No. proposal

Summary of the advice given by Government of India

The definition of 'Classes of land' in section 2(5-3) of the Act should be so amended that Class I land should mean land assured of irrigation for at least 8 months and Class II land should mean land assured of irrigation for at least; a months.

1

The criterion laid dewn in the Natureal Cuidelines is reagonable. In linguisted land capable of growing two crops it means at the best exceptor of land end the composition of the composition of the land control of the land con

major soms, as auggested to the National Gudelmer

•

2 The defausse of family in section 13(b) While this definition in the Cit.'s line is of the Act about to modified to exclude more respects then what the Natura more regoreus then abut the Natura Guidelands suggested, State Covernment were free to make then laws even more were tree to make their laws even more struggers of in their judgement, local conditions warranted this The Aattorial Guidelines merely set the outer limits of legislation. If the State Government now feel that the law should correspond to the National Guidelines, they may formulate an amendment proposal to govern future cases. As far as pending cases are entermed. The suggested amendments would result in discrimination in that the benefit of the revised definition will be available only to those landowners whose cases are pendung

claims which have not become morbarred under the relevant tenency laws

9 The period of lumination for claims for ro. The provisions of different tenarcy laws covery of reat fone year at present) on the subject were mediated by occur, should be enhanced to permit filing of 13 of she Orica. Lard Reforms Act allows the contractions. which persended a period of one year for all such chains. The State Covernment had earher made a reparate legalation to validate the action taken by some resease courts which had passed orders in ignorance of the Land Re-forms Acts provision but if a further relaxation is given now a number of critims would be revised and the in-trests of tenants some of whom may have acquired mayati rights in the meantime would be in Jeopardy

venue Officers to appoint Receivers where there is press fore endence of a dispute regarding existence of land lord tenant relationship and the circumstances demand such a course of action

4 The Act may be amended to permit Re- The law, as it stands at present does not seem to probabit this Section 15(3) of the Act permits Revenue Cfficers to appoint Receivers

5 The law should clearly permut the recovery. An amendment may not be necessary of dues of Co-operatives from the com-pensation payable for ceiling surplus

since Co-operatives can file claims under since Co-operatives can tile claims after a section as of the Act. They enoy a right of appeal and can also move the Civil Court. It may be that they do not come forward to file the claims in time This difficulty can be got over by making a provision in the Rules tha the Revenue Officer should send copic, of the draft Assessment Roll to primary Co-operatives and Land Development Banks in whose jurisdiction the property is situated

6 The time limit for appeal under section. There is no objection to this amendment mouths.

-

9

77 At present, religious and charitable trusts. This is likely to result in the filing of an of a public nature can file an application of a public nature can me an application for being declared 'privileged mayats' only if they were created before 25-3-70 and the application was filed before 25-4-77. These trusts may be given a further time to file applications within six months of the coming in to force of the proposed amendment.

plications by trusts which were excated after 26-9-70. They will make an effort to prove that they were created earlier. The time allowed for such claims has been sufficient and may not be extended further.

SHRI DEVENDRA SATPATHY: According to the State Government the definition of "Family" is more rigorous than the present guidelines. Will the Minister kindly state whether this was incorporated in the Act during Emergency?

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA: It was incorporated in the Orissa Land Reforms Act in 1979.

SHRI DEVENDRA SATPATHY: What was the total extent af surplus land that has been distributed in Orissa and how much was distributed ofter: 1977?

MR SPEAKER: That does not arise.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Mr. Speaker. Sir, although it is pertaining to Orissa, I would say that today it has been reported in the press that 8 M.Ps., 41 M.L.As. and 7 Ministers of the Orissa Government have met in a conclave and assailed that the decision on land reforms has not been implemented. I would like to know whether the hon. Minister is aware that such a conclave has met and reprimanded the Chief Minister of Oriasa for not taking the guidelines given at the national level for the implementation of land reforms. Today this has been reported in the press. If so, what is the action that the Government of India is taking to see that the land reforms are fully implemented on the basis of those guidelines.

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA: I have also seen only the report in the paners today and I can't say anything on that, It does not contain the whole discussion that has taken place.

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL: The Orissa Land Reforms Act and the subsequent amendment proposed by the present State Government has aroused a lot of controversy as to what should be the nature of the amendment, And it has been proposed...

MR. SPEAKER: Written answer is given for that.

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL: 1 am asking a supplementary to the Minister's reply. Some time back the Revenue Minister of Orissa along with some Members of the Orissa Legislafive Assembly and Members of Parliament met the Agriculture and Irrigation Minister and it has been reported in the press that whatever the amendment the present Government of Orissa is proposing has been accepted by the Centre. This has been reported in the press which has been contradicted so far. I want to know whether the Minister is aware of this. Secondly, the Oriasa Land Reforms Act as amended in 1973 has gone in favour of the poorer classes, the tiller class the tenants who have been toiling on the land. Perhaps the proposed amendment, we are afraid, will upset the existing progressive legislation. Will the hon, Minister assure the House that nothing will be done in this respect which will show that the Janata Government, in the case of land reforms, is acting against the interests of the poorer and weaker sections and helping the neher class of the society? Will the Minister assure that n thmz will be done to the Orissa Land Reforms Act?

(Interruptions)

SHRI SURINT SINGH BARNALA Su some Members of Parhament had met the in one group asking for amenument and another group of almost similar number had met me saying that that amendment should not be allowed. And I do not know how it has come in the press and in what press it has come that we have agreed to the amendment. I do not know that and it is not one of our functions to contradict all the statement given in the press of the press reports So far as the question of Janata Government doing anything or not dome anything is concerned as the Janata Government is here, the Orissa State has got the Janata Government there

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA. We are divided on this issue. Please answer troperly

SHRI SURJIT SINGH EARNALA It is mainly being done by the Orissa Government. They have proposed certain amendments and the have given our reactions to those amendments. All that I have given in my answer to the question

SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRA-DHAN Sir throughout India all the major song have been given a certing But in Orissa major sons have not been given a ceiling. Even persons who are aged 80 or 90 years if they are two or three brothers they have not been given onling. These grandsons numbering 20 or 36 are all major I would like to know whether the Orissa Government has followed the Central guidelines in regard to the definition of "family" If not, why If the State Government had not follewed the Central guidelines, why d d they accept this?

MR SPEARER The answer is to the written statement

SERI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA. It is not in every State that a major son has been given a separate share. For example, in States like UP and

Assam the major suns have not been given a whole share. It is upto the State Government. The Central Goveroment had only given the guidelines and the State Governments have to make their own legislation on that Some States have passed legislation in a stricter form and some in liberal form and the Orissa Government has defined family in a sincler form would not like to say anything more. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER If you want, you can raise a half-an hour discussion.

Setting up of Community Polytechnics

Wilk *307 SHRI A. ASCKARAJ the Minister of EDUCATION, SO CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether the Working Group of his Ministry has suggested the setting up of Community Polytechnics

(b) it so objects of these polytechnics and

(c) the reaction of the State Governments in it?

THE MINISTR OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE /DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER! (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House

Slatement

The Working Group on Technical Education has recommended that selected Pointechnics act as focal points to promate transfer of technology to the rural community and that such Polytechnics be designated as Community Polytechnics and adequate support provided. The All India Council for Technical Education which has representations of all the States on it have endorsed this recommendation of the Working Group In consultation with the Directors of Technical Education, 28 Polytechnics have been selected for this purpose to which financial support will he provided by the Central Government.

SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: The hon. Minister in his reply has stated that "selected polytechnics act as focal points to promote transfer of technology to the rural community". The answer is very vague. I would like the hon. Minister to explain as to how they are going to transfer the technology to the rural community and on what basis they are going to set up these community polytechnics,

DR. PRATAP CHANRA CHUNDER: The original suggestion for transferring technology to the polytechnics had come from a Working Group under the Chairmanship of the Education Secretary in November, 1977. Then a Special Committee was set up for doing something about technical man-power, research and development. Then the scheme was placed before the All-India Council for Technical Education in February, 1978. Pürsuant to that, some of these polytechnics are chosen for doing some special type of work like rural industrial production-cum-training centres, survey of the specific need of the area and 28 such polytechnics have been chosen. The matter is not yet finalised. We have made the offer. It is now for the State Governments to give a shape to this idea.

SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: In Tamit Nadu, how many polytechnics have been selected for community polytechnics and when are they going to start these community polytechnies?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER: In Tamil Nadu, two ploytechnics tave been chosen-Sri Rama Krishna Mission Vidyalaya Polytechnic, Coimbatere and Annamalai Polytechnic, Cheffinad. We have recommended nonrecurring and recurring grants and he grants will be released from 1978-79.

श्री हुकम चन्द्र कछवाय : मैं माननीय मंत्री जो से जानना चाहता हूं कि कितने पालीटेक्निक की सारे देश में स्थापना करने की उनकी योजना है उस पर कितना व्यव र इहरेंगे, फिलना राज्य सरकारें व्यय करेंगी श्रीरे इंसे में कितमा लॉभ होने की संगावना

डों॰ प्रतिष चेन्द्रं चेन्द्रं : यह सवाल पालीटेकनिक का नहीं है कम्यनिटी पाली-देकनिक का है। पालोटेक्नोक तो काफी हैं। पर्स्ते उसे में से कुछ पीलीटैकनिक चन लिए बंधे हैं और उन में ग्रामीण उन्नति के लिये काम हो स्हा है।

28 ploytechnics have been chosen for this purpose.

श्री हक्स चन्द कछवाय : खर्च कित्रचा केरेंगे समापर ?

हा० प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र : रेकरिंग और नान-रेकरिंग ग्रान्टस के बारे में एक लम्बी

फैहरिस्त है MR, SPEAKER: You can place it on the Table.

DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER: I lay it on the Table of the House, [Placed in Library. See No.

T.T-3056/781. SHRI O, V. ALAGESAN: This is a very welcome scheme because it enables the polytechnics to get involved in the problems of the rural poor and

the people in villages also, will get involved in the work of the various Polytechnics. But, however, the Central assistance seems to be for both Government Polytechnics and Private Polytechnics. Government Polytechnics, normally, should be able to take care of themselves. will the hon. Minister try to help Private Polytechnics more in this respect because, if he omits Government Polytechnics, he would be able to help a few more Private Polytechnics. I would like to have a sympathetic answer.

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER: This is an experimental measure. We are proceeding on the basis of the expertise available in the Polytechnics; so, if in Government Polytechnics, pertise is available, such Government Polytechnics will be helped

and, pimilarly Private Polytachnics But when we increase our exforts in this field more polytechnics will come in including private Polytechnics

Ontlay on Operation Flood II

"308 SHRI C K CHANDRAP PAN Will the Minister of AGRI CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Operation Flood II project was approved by Govern ment sometime in October 1978
- (b) whether the shipments of milk powder and butter oil under this project from EEC had already been shipped and received during June/ July 1978
- (c) whether Government have de cided that the outlay on Operation Flori II will be part of the Union Budget and if so the reasons thereof and
- (d) whether this decision is being fully implemented and observed by the Indian Darry Corporation and the Department of Agriculture and the other concerned Munistres?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes Sir

(b) No Sur

- (c) Yes, Sur This decision has been taken since Operat on Flood. If has been envisaged as a National Project for Dairy Development
- (d) Yes, Sir the defails of the procedure for reflecting the out-lays in the Union Hudget are being worked out
- SHRICK CHANDRAPPAN The Operation Flood II programme and also his Operation Flood I programme was countaged by the Government to make countaged the Government to make the delete although the operation when the operation will be operated in the operation of the o

the last nine years they could spurid only Rs 70 crores out of the total outlay of Rs. 116 crores which was meant for the first phase of the Operation Flood and instead of making India self-auflicent in milk production is made India completely dependent

MR SPEAKER Please come to the question.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN 1 am dealing with the question.

We are now completely dependent on the EEC countries for running the Mother Dairy according to reports I would like to know from the Minnier whether it is a fact that the Mother Darries of Bombay Delhi and Madras are running with a capacity of 35 per cent, 50 per cent and a0 per cent res pactively even with imported ingre dients like skimmed milk powder and butter oil used in the manufacture of milk, and whether it is also a fact that Government has diverted money meant for mik product on in the courtry for manufacturing or importing dairy equipment from multi-national Companies abroad

SHRI SURJIT SUNGH BARNALA
These Mother Darnes are helping
there are particularly in the by gree
fowns in the supply of mulk. Here
slow are set that the Mother Darty and
the DMS are both supplying mulk but
the Mother Darty a mulk is slightly
more costly and has slight more fat
and their distribution system is an im
provement ever the DMS system.

I do not agree with the hon. Member his do not agree with they are producing only to his line of 35 or 33 per cent capacity depending on the amposity fresh statk side form the milk shed are and also they have some re-combine not milk from milk powder and butter oil. They have to go to they have to go the state of th

AR SPEAKER He says that you have not spent more than Rs 70 crores in the last name Years out of has also asked

whether you have utilised that fund for importing machinery.

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA. II is a fact that part of the money was used for importing machinery, but not to the extent the hon, Member says it has been done. Rs. 79 crores has not been utilised only on plant and machinerv. · ·

MR. SPEAKER: He says that out of the Rs. 116 crores allotted, only Rs. 70 crores has been spent in nine years. Further, he says that part of the money has been utilised for importing machinerv.

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA: It is not a fact that only Rs. 70 crores have been spent and that the remaining money is being utilised for importing machinery. That is not correct.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: I am very sorry that the Minister is either not quite prepared to answer the suestion or he is deliberately concealing the facts to help multi-national companies. I must say that. I hope that when he answers the second part of my question, he will be more prepared to answer the question. Srr, in the first part of my question, I asked the following. Instead of encouraging indigenous milk production, the Operation Flood scheme is largely depending upon the imported skimmed milk powder and butter oil, which, to a large extent, we are receiving as gift from E.E.C. countries. These are being used to manufacture milk and to supply it through Mother Dairy. The Minister said that there was some problem in the production of milk. The The problem is not of getting some milk. The Government envisaged a scheme by which when the Second Phase of operation flood was implemeted, the production of milk from 68 million litres per day would go up to 103 million litres per day. Whether the Government visualises today that with the existing capacity they would be able to meet the demand? Whether it is not a fact that importing machineries for producing dairy products and then not having milk to supply through dairies, you will have to perperually depend upon the EEC. countries and the U.S.A. for milk products like skimmed milk powder butter oil, etc.? I would like the bon Minister to tell us whether it is a fact that his Ministry has decided to end the collaboration agreement with G.D.R. for the manufacture of dairy equipments in India, after the collaboration agreement was signed and approved by the Cab.net. What are the reasons thereof?

SHRI SURJET SINGH BARNALA: So far as the production of milk in the country is concerned, this Operation Flood-II envisages that the milk producers will 'have an 'additional cattle of 15 million cross-bred cows and upgraded buffaloes by 1985. This is joing to benefit about 10 to 15 million farming families. It was also envisage? that there should be a National Milk Grid which would link the rural milksheds to the major demand centres with urban population totalling some 160 millions and more. Such centres have been identified as to the towns with a population of one lakh and more and those centres will be connected with the milkshed, areas so that milk can be supplied to these areas. In so far as the farmers 'are concerned, they can produce more cross-bred cows and upgraded buffaloes so that milk can be supplied to these areas. For the question regarding the agreement with G.D.R., a notice is required.

 दा० रामकी सिंह : श्राप्यक्ष महोदय, दुग्ध ब्रापूर्ति की.ची-गोजना चलाई जा रही है वह वास्तव में भारतीय पद्धति और भारतीय प्रा पालन के दृष्टिकोण से मलत है। एक सदर डेरी वृथ चंलाने के लिये एक लाख की पूंजी लगती है जबकि एक लाख में सी परिवारों की आप कोई गाय या भैंस दे सकते है जिस से लोगों को ज्यादा रोजगार मिलेगा। वह जो बाहर से द्रम पूर्ण लाकर एक-एक साब बरह न एक एक देन बनात है इस से वेसा समना हैकि पामीवान का केवस नाम निरा जाता है, बामोदाम के लिए कार नहां किया जाना है । इसलिए का मान्त्रीय हुनि मुझी जो ऐसा करेंगे कि भारतीय रो पा की मंद्रि के नियं तथा यहा के लाया को रगादा में रगादा रोजवार देने के लिये मटर देरी है बदले प्रास्तीय पत्रति से देरी की स्यापना की जाये[?]

Oral Austrers

धी सूरजीन सिंह बरनाला जैसा कि मैं न पहारे बताया इसस्कीम कैनी वे तकरीवन 1 अभित्यत कान बाड घोर इम्बब्ड बराइटीज धाफ वर्धनीत हाथी, नचे दुध वाले जानवर पदा हाते और इस से 150. 155 शहर बोर मिल्क गैड ऐंसे हैं जिन का दूध सप्नाई निया बायमा । सारे हेरियाज से दूस इकट्टा कर के प्राडकान एरिया से लेकर दिनाड परिवा में दूर्व पतुंचाया जावेशा । जसे कि वताया ३म से 1 करोड़ के करीब फायलीज का तान हो सकेवा और यह तथी हो सकेवा जब मान पीर मैना की किम्म ग्रन्ती होती हमें कास बीड कर के इम्बब्ड वीराइटीब क बातवर तथार कर सहते ।

थीनश्री मुचाल गोर्से क्या मत्त्री महोदय पढ खन का करने की हमा करेंचे कि धापरेजन प्रदर्श पर्शास्त्रीम में किन्ते पैमाने पर सिनव केंद्र की मध्य दहले की योजना भी भ्रोर यह कहा तक पूरी हुई 7

मारतन एम्ड स्कीम 2 में कितना विन्त गाडर मीर कितनी बटर मायल इमोर्ट कर रहे हैं ? इसे के बारें में पहली जो यांद्रता नै पारं की बड़ें भी बढ़ा उस पर काई धमत नहां हुमा मीर क्या उनी प्रकार के रन पापरेशन क्लंड न० 2 पर भी प्रयत नहीं हाका ?

धों मुख्येत करनाला - वो पहुंनी व्हीन पाररेतन क्लड नं 1 वी वेह देंत के बडे शहराको द्वा सप्ताई करन की स्कीम थी। उस से बरे-बड़े 4, 6 शहरों को दूध देने के तिये छोटे-छाटे सान्टम तैयार विये स्व ये बीर का-आवरेदिका तैयार की मई थीं। 5 हजार का-मापरेटिय्ज दर्ध के लिये बनाई बई याँ विक्त में तकरीवन 5 लाख खावा ने हिस्सा लिया है, 5 साख लाग उस के मेम्बर वने हैं जो कि दध स्प्ताई वस्ते हैं। ऐसा भन्दाजा समाधा गमा है कि छित्तीं दुध का काम शरू किया है, उन की आमदनी 50. 60 परमेंट दहा है ।

नई स्कीम के नीचे 1 साख 86 हजार टन एसएनमी और 76 हजार 200 टन बहर प्रावत 1 साता से इस्पोर करना है।

थोमतो मुगाल गोरै भेरा उत्तर नहीं भाया है। मैं ने जानना चाहा था कि स्कीम न १ में पापको बीजना क्या या घोर क्या बह पूरी ही चुकी है ? मैं जानती हूं कि पहली म्कीम क प्रन्तकंत जो मिल्क पाउडर ब्रोर बटर बाबल बाया है, उस से जो कल्पना यी कि हम यहा इडीबीनस प्राउत्थान बहुत बढा पार्येने, वह वहीं हुआ है भीर फिर हम नई स्कीम वैना कर मदर देरीज को फीट करने का काम करते रहे हैं बौर गहरों को एनबित निमा मिल्क दे रहेहैं। मैं जानमां चाहती ह कि देखे वारे में क्या साव रहे हैं ?

भी सुरबीत सिंह बरनाला में ने इस का जबाब दिया था, भागद आप ने, सुना नहीं ? बिन लोगा ने 5का आपरेटिव फार्मिश्व दताई, उन की धामदनी काम दाजा लगाया यमा है, उस में 50, 60 परमेंड भामदनी बढी है। इत से पता समता है कि कुछ ज्यादा रूम वडा है जानवरां की नरस बडी है और हुत्र की पैदाबार भी बेहतर हुई है।

एक माननीय सदस्य : प्रोजैनट नया या ?

±
'>309. SHRI DALPAT SINGH PRASTE:

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

(a) whether it is a fact that of the total offtake of foodgrains from the public distribution system about 68 per cent is accounted for by the urban areas and only 32 per cent by the rural areas although 75 per cent of all the rair price shops are shown as l-cated in the rural areas:

(b) whether the Centre has asked the States to review the existing public distribution system and initiate steps to strengthen and expand it in the rural areas, especially in remote viilages and tribal areas; and

(c) if so, the steps taken by the States in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP

IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. (c) A statement is laid on the Table

Statement 3

of the Sabha.

The distribution of foodgrains within the State is the responsibility of the State Government. The demands of the State Governments for the allocation of wheat and rice stocks from the Central Pool are presently being met in full. The State Governments have been requested to strengthen and expand their, public distribution system so that the benefits of subsidized foodgrains are made available to the vulnerable sections of the rural population. . The State Governments have generally agreed to open more fair price shops in the rural areas to ensure regular supply of foodgrains at fixed prices. They are also examining how to make the fair price shops a

viable proposition and what essential commodifies other than foodgrams can be supplied through them so that the coverage can be further expanded.

भी बल्पतः सिंकु परतते : यहु ठीक है कि गांव और बहुर्रों, देति में सार्वजित्ति विवरण व्यवस्था करना ' राज्य इस्तार का काम है. विकित पर इस्तार का काम है. विकित पर इस्तार का काम है. विकित यह इस्तार की जिन्मेवरारी है। पिछले 30 वर्षी में भांवों के साथ ब्रत्याय हुंसा है, 30 प्रतिश्वत जहुरवारियों हो। पुष्टिया यह बतारे हैं। वसा मंत्री महार्य यह बतारे हैं। वसा मंत्री महार्य यह बतारे के कि अब वार्यवित्ति कि अब वार्यवित्ति कि अब वार्यवित्ति निकरण प्रणाली चलाने में गांवों के साथ ब्रत्याय महीं किया जायेग और सार गांवों की वितरण प्रणाली के वियो गांवी विवरण मंत्री है।

औ मान प्रताप सिंह : भारत सरकार ने सभी राज्य-सरकारों को लिखा है कि वे ब्रपने राज्यों में मामीण क्षेत्रों में वितर्ण प्रणाली को मजबुत बनायें, ग्रीर जितना भी गल्ला वह भांगेंगे, वह सब हम देने को तैयार हैं, उस में कमी नहीं होगी। लेकिन एक बात मैं कहना चाहता है कि गांव में सस्ते गल्ले की इतनी मांच नहीं है जितनी बहरों में हैं। उस का कारण यह है कि उत्तर प्रदेश, पंजाब, हरवाणा जसे राज्यों में जब उन का गैही 112 रुपये 50 पैसे निबंदल में विका है तो नहां के गांवों के लोग उसी गेह को जब वह सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली के द्वारा 130 स्रोर 135 रुपये प्रति निवंटल में गावीं तक पहुचेगा क्यों लेंगे ? जब देहातों मे पहले से ही सस्ता गेत उपलब्ध है तो वहां स वैजित्य वितरण प्रणाली का गेहं कोई नहीं वरीदेगा । यह स्विति उन राज्यों में है जो सरप्तस है या डोफ़िसट नहीं हैं । जो राज्य डेफिसिट हैं तन के लिये प्रवन्ध करना ीय है और वहां के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लिए हम पूरा प्रवन्ध कर रहे

7 I

भी स्तरत हिंदु परस्ते छंडा योजना के प्रत्यवत कितने वार्यों को शावजनिक दिवरण प्रणाली के प्रत्यवत ताने का प्रापका विचार है ?

स्रो बादू प्रतार सिंतू द्व को बादा की सकता से नहीं नोडा ना सकता । वैसे दुकान जूनों हुई है भीर नैता कि मैं ने कहा कि कितमी में भार होंगे उन को पूर्व मिल बाएसा। पभी पिठने दिनों न राज्य सरकार से ऐसी कोई भाद नहीं हुई है जिसकी हम पूरा नहीं कर सके हैं।

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL The question was specific but a vague statement has been given without attending to the points raised in the ominal quetion. It is not sufficient for the Central Government to say that so and so items are under the State List and so they are not concerned about that. The Centre cannot absolve itself of its responsibility when formulating a total policy for the country as a whole This is a very vital question. The people in the countryside in the rural sector for which this Government vouchsafes that it is working hard to amelicrate their lot, are the worst affected people today in the distribution system. What steps this Government is taking to see that the people in the rural countrys de get these controlled commodit ties at optimum prices at which these are taken away from them at the time of harvest. In turn, it is the urban sector which do not do anything to produce foodgrains who are taken care of. As a total comprenensive and integrated policy and coordination between the Centre and the States. what steps the Government is taking to see that the controlled commodit es especially foodgrains, are made avail able to the weaker sections to the poor people who produce them and sell them at a distress price?

> SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH The policy of the Government is very c ear and we are doing everything to fulfil those a surances that who overer

is in need of foodgrains will be supplied at the issue price We cannot force the rural people to purchase it at a price which is higher than what they get in their own villages The situation is like this (Interruption)I have made it clear that we will supply all the quantity of foodgrains that is required by any State for meeting the demand in the ullares of foodgrains there is no demand and I cannot help that because there is a price difference. I am quite sure that no one in Pubjab Harvana or Uttar Pradesh would like to purchase wheat at Rs. 130 in villages be ause it is available there at less than that price Otherwise we are willing to supply it

मी युवराज . प्रध्यक्ष महादय, माननीय मती जी महादय ने जो उत्तर में कहा है कि निवास्ति मृत्यों पर खादाओं की निवमित सप्ताई का सनिश्चित किया जा रहा है धीर इस बाव की भी वे जान कर रहे हैं कि जीवत मत्याकी दकानाको कैसे सहाम बनाया जाए । मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि खादाधा के प्रतिरिक्त भीर कीन कीन सी भावस्थक बस्तुए उन इतानों के माध्यम से सप्ताई करन का माप -विचार रखत हैं? मार्वों में जो दकानें इनकी चलती हैं यह ठीक है कि उन पर खादाओं की नियंत्रित दरा पर विकी होती है भीर माज खाद्यात्राकी सावाम उतनी माम नहीं है लेकिन वा दूसरी नियंतित बस्तए हैं खास तौर पर म दिवासी इलाकों में वहा इन की कोई दुवानें ठीक से नहीं चलती हैं। वहा पर ध्यापारी मिट्टी का तल लाते हैं लेकिन वहा बनता को उपलब्ध नहीं होता है। प्रावक्ष बाद दिल्कुल मधेरे मे रह रहा है। मैं पूछना बाहता ह कि द्वाप ने कीन सी व्यवस्था की है मादिवासी इलाका म ताकि वहा ये चीचे ठीक तरह से मिल सकें ? प्रादिवासी इलाका मे मरकार की घोर से पूजी दे कर या नावों में बपनी बोर से पूजी दें कर कट्रोल का कपडा बौर निद्री का वेल प्याप्त माला म उपलब्ध हो तके और नियमित रूप में हा सके इस के लिये आप ने स्याकोई व्यवस्थाकी है ?

् श्री चाल प्रताप सिंह : मैं इस राय से सहान हूं कि गांवों में भी फेरर प्राइस शास्त्र होना पाहिंदें और धनर पब्ले की मांग नहीं हैं तो इसरो चीजें उन्हें सत्ती दर पर मिलती चाहिंदें । इस के लिए वास्तव में जिल्मेवार विविक सम्लाइन मंदीसप है धौर मुझे जहां तक मालून है वह इस का प्रवन्ध भी कर रहा है

SHRI P. VENKATASIIBBAIAH: Sir. may I draw the attention of the Minirter to the fact that his assessment of poor off-take of foodgrains in the rural areas is not based on the correct assessment? When the distribution system itself is defective and it cannot reach the rural areas, he cannot say that the oft-take is poor. I would say that the fair price shops which are only distributing foodgrains are not viable by themselves with the result that the dealers are selling their stocks at the taluk headquarter itself and if that is the case, may I know whether the hon. Minister proposes to advise the State Governments to entrust the distribution system to the local panchayats where they can take care of this distribution in a perfect manner. Second- I would like to know whether he is including other essential commodities. as has been stated in his statement. like kerosene, pulses and other commodities so that the poor may get them at a cheaper price and also whether he will be able to see that the food for work programmes are taken up by various departments so that it may reach the workers and they may be able to take advantage of the rural distribution system.

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: The first suggestion has already been carried out. I have written to the State Governments to think of making these fair price shops viable. His suggestion is that panchayats should be handed over this work. That I have

already suggested to the State Governments. In fact, I wrote a letter to them on September 18, 1978, and as far as food for work is concerned, I have no doubt that food is reaching those for whom it is meant.

Conference on Prostitution

*310. SHRI K. MALLANNA: SHRI VIJAYA KUMAR N. PATTI.

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SCCIAl WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a conference was recently held in New Delhi on The Woman in Prostitution—Victim versus Offender: and
- (b) if so, the details regarding recommendations?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.
SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE
(DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN.
DER): (a) Yes, Sir. The Association
for Social Health in India, a voluntary
organisation, had organised the Conference on the occasion of its Golden
jublice, from 8-11 November, 1978.

(b) A statement is laid on the Table

Statement

The Conference made certain recommendation in the form of Resolutions,

- namely:—

 (i) Prostitution should be treated
 as a national problem;
 - (ii) Programme to combat sexually transmitted diseases should be strengthened,
 - (iii) Socio-Economic programmes for the rehabilitation of women given to prostitution should be organised;
 - organised;

 (iv) The working of the rescue

 Homes and Correction Centres

 should be reviewed;
 - (v) Family Life education should be included in the curricula of:

the educational institutions at all levels. The subjects promoting social health of the community be included in the national Adult Education Programme

- (vi) Audio-visual material should be brought out for promoting the overall social health in the country and
- (vii) In the amendment to the SIT Act 1936 necessary provisions for the punishment of the customer may be included.

SHRI K. MALLANNA Sit this is a very important question. My question tiqu has not been answered by the hon Minister properly The question is whether a Conference was recently held in New Delhi

MR SPEAKER He said Yes"

SHRI K MALLANNA on the women in Prositions—victing series of Jenus and the proting and the great was a state of the series of th

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH NAN He is not aware of the problem.

SHRI K. MALLANNA Prevention is better than rure. We must know the cause of these things. This institution of presitution in the ancient days was for the pleasure of the monarch and the rich. how it is confined to soc o economic problems due to poverty and jamenplayment.

MR SPEAKER What is your ques

EHRI K. MALLANNA Women and Eirls succumb to prostitution due to sodo-economic problems. I would like to know whether the Government has initiated any socio economic measures to cure this disease if so what are they and to what extent they are implemented

DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUVDER This problem was very amply desaded in this House in connection with the amendment to Suppression of Immoral Traffic Act Only recently the House passed the Amendment Act and it is provided therein that a special provision should be made for correction homes and profective homes. There the erstwhile prostitutes will be trained in various fields so that they can

earn their living in a better may

SHRI K. MALLANA He has not answered my question There are two kinds of prostitution I read in the paper and this is from the study of Dr Pramila Kapur of Delhi. Gne kind is those who resort to it due to socio-ecnomic problems and the other is those who take recourse to it due to physical and psychological problems. These girls are called call girls Many of these call girls do come from famihes which are not oppressed by finance and which are well off and they take recourse to it for pleasure I would like to know whether the Government is thinking of declaring any area as prohibited area and giving beences to run brothel houses for these call girls This is a menace to the society (Interruptions) What is the measure con templated by the Government to stop this menace of call girls?

DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER Under the Amendment Act which was passed by this House and also passed banamously by the other House it is prouded that the State Government will have the power to declare certain areas to be free from prostitution So if these problems come within that area then these will be prohibited. There is no question of giving any because to anybody.

SHRI VIJAYAKUMAR N PATIL. In view of the wide-spread call girl racket in the affluent boxlety I would like to know whether the Government proposes to stop the mushroom growth of caparet culture.

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER of cabaret culture.

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN: This whole problem is an extremely serious one and unless and until the some-senomic problems are adved, we will continue to be plaqued by it. Airy I know from the hon. Minişter what the Government is doing about taking sieps to rehabilitate the women who are musled and who fall/violims to this totally immoral and antisecraft traffic? What does Government purpose to do about seems that 'such rehabilitated people are absorbed into the employment force and into the society in our country?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER: I fully agree with the . Hon. Member that the busk of the problem depends on the some-economic matter and unless'there is general socio-economic improvement in the country, it is almost impossible to tackle this serious problem. However, as I have pointed out, in the new provisions of the amended Act we have mentioned about protective homes and corrective institutions. There, these people will be rehabilitated and there will also be probation for them as the Probation of Offenders Act has been made applicable to these cases. Apart from these, some of the unfortunately girls may volunteer to take advantage of the new provisions, so that they may be taken away from the brothels and may seè better life.

श्री स्रोम प्रकाश स्थापी : में जानना पाहुँदा हूं कि तथा पहुं तथ है कि तथ विश्वी वेश्यालय में कोई प्रोस्टीच्यूट भीर श्रीनेक्टर मारकों जाते हैं तो नेनारी बकती थी ही राष्ट्रीच्या मारा जाता है । राष्ट्रीय मारा जाता है ! स्था मंत्री मारा जाता है ! स्था मंत्री मही क्या मंत्री मारा जाता है ! स्था मंत्री मही क्या स्था स्थाप के स्था मंत्री हो स्था मंत्री मारा जाता है ! स्था मंत्री मही स्था स्था स्थापन के स्थापन स्यापन स्थापन स

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER: The Act does not probabit prostitution, but it applies to control commerciplies ed prostitution, so that they may not live on prostitution.

The Law Commission has advised that it will not be proper to punish the man hecause the unital offence is not a criminal offence. Therefore, there is no question of abelianni it this offence.

राजस्थान में कोड़ों से फस्ल की

मुकसान +

31). श्री दौलत राम सारन: श्री अगदीश प्रसाद मायुर:

क्या कृषि भौर सिमाई मंत्री यह बताने ब्री कुपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या राजस्थान में पिछले दो तीन क्यों से कातरा, एक प्रकार का श्वेत कीशा, तथा क्या से क्यीफ की फल्ल खराव ही रही है। जिस के कारण किसानों को भारी हीनि ही रही हैं;

(खु) यदि हा, तो गया फसल को ब्रचाने के लिये कोई कार्यवाही नहीं की गई है स्रोर यदि नहीं, तो इस के क्या कारण

MINISTER OF AGRICUL-THE TURE AND IRRIGATION SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) and (b). Pests like white grub, katra (sedhairy caterpillar) and chepa (aphids) have been affecting the Kharil crops in Rajasthan for the last two, three years However, as a in varying degrees. result of measures like chemical treatment of the affected .area, use of light traps, mechanical control, etc. it has been possible to avert serious damage to the crops.

भी दौलत राम सारण: प्राप्त ने उपचार हो वताबार लेकिन मैं ने पूछा वा कि स्पा दहीं सक्क उपचारिक्षये गये या उपलब्ध नहीं हुए? श्व वे राज्यान व बहुत वह सेत्र के किस्ताना को करन नष्ट होंगे प्राप्ता है। मैं जानना चाहुज हूं कि इन कोशों घोर बीगारियों के कारन इन क्यों ने कितने खेत को फसर नष्ट हुई घोर उस से कितने किया में की हो नि हुई? कितने किसान इंत से जबभित हुए हैं

भी नुष्यंत्र मिन्न ब्याना यह तो तोह पता गाँँ है हि हिस्से निप्यानों से बहात हुंगा है या हिन्द कि हमार्गों ने सेवों मे सम्बाद की में निप्याने एते विकास स्टिम ब्याने सम्बाद 896 हिन्द उत्तरीय पर हुंगा है! उस हमार 896 हिन्द असीय पर हुंगा है! सम्बाद असीय स्टिम्स हमें मधीर बर्च होते हमें सम्बाद सेवीए। 4 हमार 509 हिन्द को सोम्यान की मेर्द हैं पत्र की स्टिस सो मेरे पात मोस्ट हैं।

सरे सनीराम सावधी धामास महीरवा, तारा भाइत पात में हो मानी महीरवा भारत जाता देंगे हैं। यात मानी जो अनिहीं कि बहु धामा का पूरा जाता में हैं कि तिवले निमान का नुक्तान हुआ है ? में ताल क्या नाम करते हैं माना का जाता दन के सिम्में पूरा पता नेशा नहीं करते हैं? दर को पता नाम कर जाता माहिए मा कि चित्ते किताना की कस्मान पहुंचा है। जिस्कानी

प्रश्चन महोत्य प्राय मती महोदय को प्रान्तित पत्र शक्ति किंवानों का श्वर की संगम प्राता है, मत्री ताब टल देते हैं।

भी बीसत पान सारम मह्यस महोस्त, मरे प्रकर में यह निहिन्द है कि किरने खत में निजनी फीस की हानि हुई है और इस से किसी किमा करावित हुए है। मजी महोस्य को वह मानस करना चाहिये था। मुख सेट है कि में ने दा गुनना चाही यह नजी महोस्य

इन में सदर्भ है। मैं यह वाजवा पाह्या है हि स्ता यह नहीं है कि इस प्रवाद के कीवा। सीवारिया और प्राकृतिक प्रकार से किया। हो। बहुत वह रोग की फसल वप्य होती। इहते हैं अबर उस में किसलावा की सुरक्षा सीर सरसाव की कोई ध्यवस्या नहीं है।

भी सुरबोत हिंत बरनाता - भागनीय मदस्य ने जी इतकामेशन दी है वह मैंने दी वे कि इतनी फसल को नकसान हमा है भीर इतना फसल पर इटरा ने हमला विना । ग्रनर माननीय सदस्य काइट प्रव के बार म ईनंद्र चाहते हैं तो छाइट प्रम स जय५७ राजस्वान में सोलड़ हवार हैक्टबर एरिया मे 1970 में नासान हमा, जिसका भैने निकल दीटमेंट और इंमिक्स ट्रीटमेंट स काब म ताने की काश्यिक की बई। उन का बहना कही है कि बहुत सगरिया को हर साल इस तरह स पेस्टस से नुकरान हाता रहता है। खेकिन उसके इला . क सिये वे दो ताने तर्र क मपना य बाते हैं, जिन के बारे में मैं ने इन्हार्मेशन दी है। केमिकार ई टमट धौर मैक्सिकल ई टमट किया जाता है और शीरिश की जाता है कि कम से वम नुक्रमान हा लेकिन उस क बारबुद योडा बहुत नक्सान हता है।

सो सोकत राम धारण प्रध्यक्ष महोत्य, तेते दो वान विश्व महेते के बारे में पूछा है, तेतिक नकी न्हिस्य ने पह सुप्यता नहीं की है। दुक्त पट हो जाती है, मनर किलाना को मुक्त पा नहीं मिनता है। उन के जिम वीचे की कोई स्वकृषणा नहीं है।

MR SPEAKER You have put two

SHRI BHANU KUMAR SHASTRI For the last two or three years the farmers have been incurring great loss not in 19 0

you for any supplementary
MR SPEAKER I have not called

श्री भानु कुमार शास्त्री : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, प्रश्न पूछा गया है दोन्तीन साल पहले का, जबकि मनो महोदय ने 1970 के बारे में बताया है। 1970 के बारे में किस ने 951 8 ?

श्री दौलत राम सारण: अध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरे प्रश्नका सही उत्तर नहीं आया है। मैं ने पछा है कि पिछले दो-तीन साल में व्हाइट यव से कितनी हानि हुई है। मंत्री महोदय ने 1970 के बारे में वत या है।

श्री सरजीत सिंह वरनाला : मैंने 1970 के बारे में जवाब नहीं दिया है। मैंने 1977-78 के बारे में डम साल के. 1978 के खरीफ के बारे में बताया है।

चौधरी बलबोर सिंह : व्या इस वीमारी की राजयाम न होने की बजह यह है कि की हों को इन्तिकटसाइड की इम्युनिटी हो गई है ? क्या सरकार कोई ऐसी योजना बनविगी, जिस के जरिये इस बीमारी को रोका जा सके ग्रीर इन दव इयों की इम्पृतिटी न हो सके ?

श्री सरजीत सिंह बरनाला : ऐसा तो नहीं है कि उन्हें इम्युनिटी हो गई है। जहां दवाई इस्तेमाल हाती है, वहां कीड़े मर भी जाते हैं। लेकिन हर जनह दवाई इस्तेमाल नहीं की जा सकती है । उस को कंट्रोल करने के निये और तरीके इस्तेमाल किये जाते हैं। ल इट ट्रेप, कैमिकल कंट्रॉल और मैक्रेनिकल कंटोल इस्तेमाल किया जात है।

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS Models of Rural Development Scheme

*306. SHRI A. BALA PAJANOR: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to lay a statement showing:

(a) whether under the scheme of Rural Development which has been in force for some time, any worthwhile models have been developed for application on an all India scale; 3612 LS-2.

- (b) if so, the essential features of the models and the Centres at which such models have been structured;
- (c) the extent to which local skills and local resources have been suitahly integrated in such models?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) Three special rural development programmes namely, Small Farmers Development Aency, Drought Prone Areas Programme and the Command Area Development Programme have been in operation for quite some time. These programmes were initiated to achieve specific objectives in certain specified areas in the country. The Small and marginal farmers schemes were introduced during the Fourth Plan for making the small and marginal farmers economically viable and for improving the lot of landless agricultural labourers by raising the output of small holdings and generating employment .through subsidiary occupations. The programme basically follows a beneficiary oriented approach.

A programme for providing development investments in areas where drought had been a recurring feature was re-oriented as an area development programme under the name Drought Prone Area Programme in the Fifth Plan. The basic objective of the programme is to eliminate or reduce considerably the incidence of drought and scarcity in the vulnerable areas over a period of time and also to help the small and marginal farmers and landless agricultural labourers in raising their income levels. Though the D.P.A.P. follows essentially an area development approach, the individual beneficiary approach similar to that of S.F.D.A. has also been adopted under the programme.

The Command Area Development Shoeme was infreduced in the Central Sector in 1974 with a view to bringing about faster and optimum utilisation of irrigation potential created by the construction of major and medium irrigation works. The main emphasis under the programme is on the improvement of water conseguince and draunge system and on various on farm development works.

The three special rural development programmes mentioned above broadly follow either an area development approach or a beneficiary oriented approach or a mix of both.

On a review of these programmes it was felt that there was need to have an integration in the approach and methodology followed under these programmes. Accordingly it 11/25 decided to initiate a programme of In tegrated Rural Development for intensive development of blocks during the Five Year Plan period starting from April, 19 8 This integrated approach to rural development has been intro duced on an All India scale in 2000 blocks out of about 3 000 blocks cover ed by any one or more of the three special programmes. In addition 300 blocks are to be taken up every year for a period of five years starting from 19 8-"9 under the programme for inten sive block level planning and develop ment, thus bringing the total number of blocks where area planning is being taken to 3 00 by 1982-83

(b) The Integrated Rural Development Programme, envisages integration of the approach and methodologies of the three special programmes. Accordingly the various components that are eligible for con sideration under any of the three programmes can now be included under the new programme of Integrated Rural Development in the "elected blocks. It is planned to cover a speci fed number of families awary year and enable the families to go in for productive investment so that they can be lifted above the poverty line. In covering families, the antyodaya approach under which the poorest of the poor are tackled first is proposed to be adopted An integrated approach will be adopted under which the needs

of the families will be identified, and they will be enabled to under ake sufficient productive investment-in more than one activity if necessaryso that they can be raised above the poverty line Wherever investment in a particular line of activity is encouraged efforts will be made either as part of the Integrated Rural Development Programme or under other plan schemes to be it up with a com prebensive area plan under which marketing provision of technical know how and services and supply of credit are taken care of on the in dustries front attempts will be made to promote the rural industries and artisan programmes through the District Industries Centres Here again, an attempt will be made to the up supply of know credit and marketing aspects Achievement of the goal of full employment by encouraging productive investment in agriculture. minor irrigation ammal husbandry rural industries and artisans programme is one of the primary objectives of this programme

The block is the basic unit for planning and implementation under the programme. The programme has been introduced in all the States and Union Territories and would cover 2 300 blocks during the current financial year and 3,500 blocks by the end of the plan period (1978 75 to 1932 83).

Another major innovation in the field of rural development which had been recently introduced is the Food for work programme With a view to providing gainful employment to the unemp.oyed and under-employed persons in rural areas government had introduced a scheme under which food grains were released to the state governments for payment of wages partly or fully in kind Though origi nally only wheat was being supplied to the State Governments under the scheme it has been decided recently to supply rice upto 50 per cent of the total foodgrains supplied to them under the Food for work programme

lise about one million tonnes of foodgrains under the programme. It is boped that this scheme will enable the state governments to generate an additional employment of about 400 million mandays. Though basically employment-oriented, the scheme also aims at creation of durable community assets

The new approach and strategy for the rural development programmes have been evolved by the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation in consultation with the Planning Commission No outside Centre has been consulted in this regard.

Under the Integrated Rural Development Programme, comprehensive block plans for utilising the local resources of the blocks are to be prepared. These plans will be prepared at the block level and district level making use of the expertise and skills locally available. Efforts will be made to ensure optimum utilisation of the local resources by formulating suitable beneficiary oriented and area specific schemes under the programme.

Sugar Mills Management taken over hy Government

6312. SHRI BALASAREB VIKHE PATIL:

> SHRI GANGA BHAKT SINICH.

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-

- TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to lay a statement showing:
- (a) State-wise position regarding the sugar mills' management of which have been taken over by Government under the provision of the Ordinance issued on 9th November, 1978 indicating stocks of sugar held by each mill and also the arrears of the sugarcane price against each one of
- (b) whether Government have decided any methodology for immediate liquidation of the sugarcane price arrears against the mills which have been taken over and also those not taken over: and
 - (c) the details of the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATON (SHRI BHAND PRATAP SINGH): (a) Management of two sugar undertakings has so far been taken over under the Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over Management) Ordinance, 1978, Position of stocks held and the extent of arrears is as under:--

radic of the Will	Sign	on 30-11-78 (in quintals)	(m Rs. lakhs)	
ı. Tne Ajudhia Sugar Mills Raja-Ka Saha-pur Billari.	Uttar Pradesh	1, [1, 1]2	114-41	
a. The Lakshmi Sugar Mills Ltd. Hardo	. Uttar Pradols	64,821	124-49	

Nome of the AGII

Stocks of Cane Price@

Sugar* held

.to

(b) and (c) Section 8 of the Ordinance provide, for assistance to such Undertakings whose management is taken over Limitedation of arrears is a continuing responsibility of all sugar factories whether taken over or not Position of cane dues will be reviewed periodically and suitable action will be taken under the Ordinance when need therefor arise

कुरीनगर में भिली पुरातस्व दस्तुमी का संग्रहातय

*313 भी उपसेन : क्या शिक्षा. समाद कल्याण ग्रौर सस्कृति भर्ता यह बंगन की क्या करेंगे कि

- (त) महात्मा बुढ़ के महानिर्वाण स्मान, बुर्वानगर, (देवित्या) चत्तर प्रदेश भे जुबाई में मिती पुरातर वस्तुबा के निए सप्रदेशिय बनाने की बोजना पर मन तह स्था जार्यवाही की सई है .
- (ब) स्ता कुर्यानंतर, नावा स्वर. देशीरम म खुशर्द की कोई व्यापक बोजना सरकार के विवासधीन है , बीर
 - (म)) यदि हा, तो उस पर कायवही क्त नक की बायेगी ?

शिक्षा, समाज कत्याण और संस्कृति मत्री (डा॰ प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र) : (क) ६। भना कुणीन्तर में नम्हालय बनाने की कार्र में क्या नहीं है।

- (व) को नहीं।
- (व) प्रस्त हो नहीं उठता ।

Apprentices under National Apprenficeship Scheme

'314 SHRI P KANNAN Will the Manater of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased

(a) whether any followup efforts have been made to find out the extent of placement of the Apprentices under the National Apprenticeship Scheme, and

(b) if so, the particulars and the extent to which this scheme has helped to build up a cadre of technologically skilled personnel for manning vital sectors of the economy?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) Yes Sur

- (b) A voluntary practical training stipend scheme was initiated by the Ministry of Education in 1949-50 for graduates and diploma holders in engineering and technology From the year 1975-76, this coluntary scheme was brought under the purview of the Amended Apprentices Act, Under the scheme, 132,477 graduates and diploma holders have been trained This is in addition to apprenticeships offered by establishments on their own.
- 2 The Apprentices Act 1961 was enacted to regularise a programme of practical training of trade apprentices (for craftsmen) and is operated by the Ministry of Labour, Under this programme 143,347 trade apprentices passed the trade tests and qualified as craftsmen
 - 3 The national apprenticeship schemes as outlined above have helped to build up a large corps of technologically skilled personnel for manning various sectors of economy

यप्ते की बकादा राशित की ध्रदादगी के लिए उत्तर प्रदेश को केन्द्रीय ऋण

- *315 की भनन्त राम जायसवाल : क्या कृषि मीर सिचाई मती यह बसान की कृपा करेंगे कि :
- (क) स्था उत्तर प्रदेश के मुख्य मबी ने को ही बकाया साथ की... भगवणी के लिए 20 करोड रूटवे का वेन्द्रीय ऋण मागा है .

-4T

कृषि और सिचाई मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्रों (श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह) : (क) या हों।

(ख) भारत सरकार ने यहा उदशबकों को नने के मूल्य की कनाना राशि का मुनतान करने के जिए उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार को 20 करीड़ स्वये का ऋण मजर किया है।

Social Welfare Boards in States

*316. SHRI B. P. MANDAL: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to lay a statement showing:

 (a) names of the States where Social Welfare Boards are functioning;

(b) the State-wise grants given to each of them in the last financial year:

- (c) the basis on which small State like Gujarat got grants of Rs. 92 lakhs and a large state like Bihar got Rs. 8 lakhs; and
- (d) whether he, would like to adopt population as basis in the matters of Central grants?
- THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) State Social Welfare Advisory Boards are functioning in all States in the country:
- (b) The Statement indicating the grants during the year 1977-78, Statewise, is enclosed (Annexure I).
- (c) and (d). The programmes of the Central Social Welfare Board are administered by registered voluntary organisations in the field. Grants are given by the Central Social Welfare Board to the State Social Welfare Advisory Boards, who fund the volun-

lary organisations for running specific schemes and programmes of the Board. The quantum of grants which finally goes to the various States vary according to the varying number of voluntary organisations working in the field of social welfare. It is true that while some States have a fairly steeble number of active voluntary organisations working for Social Welfare, fare, others are inadequately served. Thus there is some degree of variation in the quantum of aggragate assistance that is received by voluntary organisations in different States.

Figures of assistance given by the Central Social Welfare Board in 1977. 28 as shown in (b) above, however, show that the variation of total grants received by Bihar and Gujarat in that year do not differ in as large a proportion as pointed out in part (c) of the Guession. In the general Grantsin-sid programme of the Central Social Welfare, Board special consideration is shown for Tribal areas which receive 75 to 95 per cent of the approved expenditure, as against 50 per cent in other areas.

Statement

Grants given to State Boards under various Programmes of the Certral Social Welfare Board do in 1977-19

SI No.	Sl. Name of the State Nr.		(Rs. in lakhs) Grant given	
1	2			3
Ι,	Andhra Pradesh			68•40
2.	Assam			15.96
3-	Bihar			22.13
4.	Gujarat .			49.67
5-	Haryapa .			8.89
6.	Himachal Pradeth			7:56
7.	Jammu & Kashmir			6.32
`8.	Kamataka .	ï	,	26.13

Conference of Housing Ministers

- 317 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRI SHNAN SHRI RAJENDRA KUMAR
- SHARMA

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether a Conference of the State Housing Ministers was held in New Delhi recently, and
- (b) if so the deliberations of the conference and the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Yes, Sur

(b) A statement showing the recommendations made by the Con ference of State Massters in-charge of Housing Urban Development and Local Sell Government held in New Delhi on the 10th and 11th November. 1978 as faud on the Table of the Sabha

Statement

- A two day Conference of State Ministers incharge of Housing Urban Development and Local Self Government was held at Vigyan Bhavan New Delhi on the 16th and 11th November. Following recommendations concerning Housing were made by the Conference ---
 - (1) The State Governments and Union Territories should consider measure, to elimniate the adverse effe to of rent control on the condition of the housing stock and on new construction activity
- (n) The State Governments and Union Territories should actively encourage the speedy construction of dwelling units under Section 21 of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulat on) Act 1976

(in) The State Governments and Union Territories should enact legislation to set up Building Repairs and Reconstruction Boards in large cities on the lines of the Maharashtra Building Repairs and Reconstruction Board Pending establishment of such Boards the existing public housing construction agencies should be entrusted with the repairs and reconstruction work and public funds should also be made available for building repairs and mainte-

- (1v) The State Governments and Union Territories should devise ways to promote cooperative sociehes among the economically weaker sections of society and should in particular make serviced land available to individuals and housing cooperatives in these sections at rea sonable rates through public agencies like the Housing Board's etc after development
- (v) The States and Union Territaries should enact legislation on the lines of the Maharashira, Apartment Ownership Act so that such

apartments can be mortgaged against housing loans.

- (vi) The State Governments and Union Territories should consider exempting houses, constructed at a cost below Rs. 12,000 from stamp duty, registration charges and municipal property taxes (in the last case for 5 years).
- (vii) The States and Union Territories should so devise their housing programmes that the houses are constructed for the lower income groups atteast in proportion to the percentage of households in these groups, and the cost of the houses should be within the paying capacity of the beneficiary groups.
- (viii) The State Governments should embark on programmes of Stites and Services on a much larger scale, to cater to the needs of the large number of homeless people in the lowest income categories among Economically Weaker Sections.
- (ix) The public housing agencies should not build houses costing more than Rs, 42,000.
- (x) The States and Union Territories should encourage Public Sector Undertakings to build houses on ownership basis on land already allotted to them and also help them to formulate suitable housing schemes for their employees.
- (xi) The Government of India should consider the delegation of powers to Union Territories to guarantee loans from HUDCO to the Housing Boards

- (xii) The Integrated Urban Development Programme should be continued in the Central sector during, the 6th Five Year Plan and additional allocations should be made for this programme in the final 6th Five Year Plan. Assistance for small and medium towns under IUDP should also be stepped up.
- (xiii) The State-overnments and Indon Terptiories should promote the use of local materials and innovative techniques in their, housing projects as recommended by National Buildings Organisation with special emphasis on the reduction of constumption of scare materials like sement, steel etc.
- (xiv) The State Governments and Union Territories should provide facilities for operation of the National Buildings Organisation: Regional Lisiston, Cells, such as suitable office accommodation, telephone (at office as well as at residence), conveyance and supporting technical staff.
- (xv) The State Governments and Union Territories should take full advantage of the technical expertise available with N.B.O. and its Regional Rural Housing Wings in building houses at lower cost and establishing local building material industries.
- (xvi) The State Governments and Union Territories should set up monitoring cells to watch the progress of implementation of the recommendations made by N.B.O. and Expert Penel/Development Groups and supply data to N.B.O. Monitoring Cell at regular intervals for evaluation etc.
- (xvii) The Conference recommended that Housing may be included by the Government of India in the priority sector.

इस्तों के लिए मनिवार्य शिक्षा

भा अर्थे कीम प्रकाश स्थानी : धौराम कबर बेरवा :

क्या शिक्षा, समाब ब्ह्याण चौर सस्कृति नती यह वतान की कृप करेंबे कि

- (क) क्या सरनार का विचार बानून बना कर देश में ६व बच्चों के तिर जिया प्रनिवार्य करन का है, प्रोत
- (रा) यदि हा, ता कव तक घीर यदि नहीं, नी इसके क्या कारण है ?

सिक्षा, सनाव बत्यान कोर सस्कृति
मधी (या॰ मताच चन्द्र चन्द्र) (क)
सोर (ब) यो, नहीं । सनी तोगों के
निय सबी स्त्ररा पर विद्या को सीनवार्य
बननि का काई प्रस्ताव नहीं है।

इन मनन मरकार के प्रवास, सविधान की धारा 45 के निर्देश, नीमित शायनों में ही पूरा करने के हैं।

Meeting of the Central Forestry Board

"319 SHRI C K JAFFER SHA-RIEF Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to sizte;

- (a) whether some State Governments have followed a policy of thoughtless destruction of forests without any prior assessment of environmental impact',
 - (b) if so, the names of such States,
 - (c) whether recently a meeting of the Central Forestry Board took place in New Delha and if so, the suggesttoos towarded to Government in this regard, and

 (d) action taken or proposed to be taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURLIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) and (b) Necessary details are beind collected from the State Goyerments and they will be placed on the Table of the Subha in due course

- (c) Yes Sir The meeting was held as Yuga n Ehavan New Delhi, on the 10th & 11th November, 1978 in which it was recommended that the States should dense their own ways and means to check the rapid pace of deforstainton and ensure strict observance of guidelines already issued by the Centre to the States/U Ts for the outpuse
 - (d) For effective control on increasing trend of deforestation the Ministry of Agriculture & Irrigation. Government of India, is in close liaison with the State Governments for strict compliance of the guidelines issued by the Centre According to these guidelines. Chief Conservators of Forests should be actively involved in the scrutiny of projects involving forest lands and any devastions from these guidelines are required to be initimated to the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation, Government of India

Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi

- *320 SHRI GY KRISHNAN Will the Munister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state
 - (a) whether it is a fact that Gotermment propose to spend Rs 9 trores for the construction of a hostel and renovation of Vigyan Bhawan, and
 - (b) the details regarding the plan of Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHII SIKAN-DAR, BAKHT) (a) The estimated cost of the two projects viz, construction of a hostel and renovation of

'Vigyan Bhavan is Rs. 6.21 crores and Rs. 1.83 crores respectively.

- (b) The hostel will contain 800 double room suites in a 6 storey building whereas the main works in Vigvan Bhavan are
 - (i) Seating capacity of main hall, Commission and Committee rooms would be increased and additional space for lounges would be provid-
 - (ii) Rooms and lounges with new furniture, carpets and curtains, false ceiling and accustic treatment of walls,
 - (iii) Sound system is to be improved and simultaneous interpreter channels are to be increased.
 - (iv) Lifts are to be replaced. Airconditioning capacity will be increased.

Construction of 400 Townships

- *321, SHRI R. K. MHALGI: will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to lay a statement showing;
- (a) when the Government of India took the decision of constructing four hundred townships throughout the country:
- (b) what are the chief objectives of the project and estimated costs thereof and the period during which the project is to be completed;
- (c) the break-up of figures of four hundred above mentioned townships State-wise and amount to be expended State-wise; and
- (d) what is the progress of the construction of the said townships as on 31st December, 1978?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT). (a) to (d). The Draft Plan 1978—33 has laid down that dur-

ing the next decade the thrust of urbanisation policy would be to increase the rate of growth of small and medium towns. This will be done by giving greater emphasis to the provi-Sion of infrastructural and other facilities to these small fowns and to equip them as growth and service centres for the rural hinter-iand. There are 370 towns in the country with a population over 50,000 according to 1971 census which require development but no decision has been taken vet to undertake development in all such towns. The estimates of the cost of their development have not been worked out. The urban development is a subject in the State list and therefore the primary responsibllity for development of towns is of the State Governments, However, under the central scheme of Integrated Urban Development Programme, this Ministry has been extending assistance to the States for Integrated Urban Development of towns and cities. The eligibility criteria has been reduced from cities with a population of 3 lakhs to town with a nepulation of 50,000 and above. present, 30 cities and towns with population of 3 lakhs and above are receiving assistance under the programme. The State-wise break-up of 370 towns referred to above is as

under:			
State/Union	Territo	NY.	 No. of Towns
Andhra Pradesh			31
Assam*			6
Bihar			20
Gujarat			25
Haryana			21
Himachal Pradesh			1
Jammu and Kashi	nir		r
Kamataka .			51

^{*}Includes Union Territory of Mizoram.

ate/Union Territory	No of Towns
Kerala	12
Madhya Pradesh	25
Maharashtra	42
Manipur	1
Meghalaya	ı
\agaland	
Orașa	6
Punjab	12
Rajasthan	14
Sikkim	
Tamil Nadu	41
Tripura	41
U tar Pradesh	43
West Bengal	46
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	
Arunachal Pradesh	
Chandigarh	1
Delhi	3
Goa Daman and Du	1
Pondicherry	1
Total	3 0
blemorandum from Lawren Welfare Association	ce Road

Welfare Association

*322 SHRI KISHORE LAL the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABI LITATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have received a memorandum from Law rence Road Welfare Association (Pocket M.I.G.) Flats regarding extra amount charged from these persons during the Emergency

(b) how much Government fee was charged extra and under whose orders and

(c) when Government propose to refund this extra amount charged?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND SUPPLY AND HOUSING (SHRI SIKAN-PEHABILITATION DAR RAKHT) (a) Yes Sir

(b) No Government fee was charged The Delhi Development Authori ty has however reported that an arrount varying between Rs 2500 and Rs 6200 per flat was charged under orders of the then Vice Chairman, Delhi Development Authority

(c) There is no proposal to refund this amount

नातन्दा मे हुनराग के स्मारक पर काय

*323 श्रीवीरेड प्रसाद क्या शिक्षा समाज कल्याण ग्रौर सस्वृति मती यह बतान की हुपा करेग कि बिहार के जिला नाल ना मे एतिहासिक स्थल नालन्दा म हवनसाय के स्मारक का काय क्व प्रारम्भ . वियागयायात्रीर इस क्व पराकिया जाना है ?

शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण तथा संस्कृति मत्रो (ढा० प्रताप सद्व सद्वी) निर्माण काय केंद्रीय लोक निर्माण विभाग को सापा गया है तथा जनवरा ग्रारम्भ किया गया था। काय का मुख्य भाग 1970-71 म पूरा हा गया या। तथापि कछ छोट नाय भ्रयति हालु कं बदर का डिंबाईन बनाना तथा छत का वाहिरी बावरण धभी पूरे किए जान हैं। केन्द्रीय सोक निर्माण विभाग से इसे श्रीष्ट पूरा करन का अनुरोध किया गया है।

Ground Rent from FCL Charged by Goa Port Trust for Cargo Stored in Port Trust

SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARU-LEKAR Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) names of the person who was working as a handling clearing and

poration of India at Goa during the period from 4th December 1973 to 13th December, 1976:

- (b) whether Goa Port Trust have charged ground rent to F.C.I, for the Cargo stored in Port Trust shed during the period 23rd March, 1975 to 14th May, 1975 as there was strike of workers of H.T.&C. contractors of F.C.L. and ---
- (c) whether the said strike prolonged from 30th April, 1975 to 14th May, 1975 as the amount of wages was not released by F.C.I. to contractor till Government - of Goa- intervened on 14h May, 1975?.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) M/s, Ramesh M. Pathare, their contract commencing from 14th December, 1973.

(b) Yes. Sir.

(c) No. Sir. Strike during the period from 23-3-1975 to 13-5-1975 was entirely due to a dispute between the contractor and his labour.

श्रापातकाल के दौरान जिनके मकान गिराए गयेथे उन्हें प्लाट देना

2985. श्री टी० एस० नेगी: न्या निर्माण ग्रीर ब्रावास तथा पति ग्रीर पनवीस मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या सरकार के विचाराधीन ऐसा कोई प्रस्ताव है कि उन व्यक्तियों को उचित प्लाट एलाट किये जाये जिनके ग्रनधिकत मकान सत्कालीन सरकार के ग्रादेशों के ग्रनसार प्रापत्काल के दौरान गिराए गयेथे:
 - (ख) यदि हां, तो उसका व्यीस क्या है; स्रोर
 - (ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण

निर्माण ग्रौर ग्रावास तथा पूर्ति ग्रौर पुनर्वास मंत्री (श्री सिकन्दर बख्त) : (क)

- (ख) आपात स्थिति के दौरान गिराई गई सभी कालोनियों में यथा सम्भव यथा पूर्व स्थिति बनाए रखने का सरकार ने ... निश्चय किया है। तदनुसार निष्कासितः लोगो को पनः वसाया जायेगा।
- (ग) उपर्पृक्त (ख) को देखने हए इसका प्रश्व ही नहीं उठता।

Assistance for Community Rehabilitation in Flood Affected. Durgapur. Asansol

2986. SHRI ROBIN SEN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Ministry have sanctioned any financial assistance for Community rehabilitation activities in the flood affected area of Durgapur-Asansol; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU .PRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b). The existing policy and arrangements for financing the expenditure necessitated by natural calamities are based on the recommendations of the Sixth Finance Commission. According to these arrangements, the States are primarily responsible for provision of relief in case of natural calamities. For this purpose, the Sixth Finance Commission has provided amounts by way of margin money, If the expenditure heressitated by a natural calamity exceeds the margin money, Central assistance is given to the State in the form of advance Plan assistance which is to be utilised for accelerating bn-going Plan works of taking up approved Pian Works. The Advance Plan assistance allocated in accordance with the above policy in force and made available to the State Government is for the area affected by

the calamity as a whole It is, therefore, not possible to indicate the quantum of Central assistance given particularly for the community achabit tation actuaties in the areas of Durgapur Asamol

The Government constituted a Task Force under the Secretary (Technical Development) for looking into the cases of flood affected industrial units. The requirement of financial assistance for small scale industries as estimated by the Government of West Bengal is Rs 41 00 crores The Direcfor, Small Industries Services/Insta tute, Calcutta in consultation with the Directorate of Small & Cottage Industrica, Government of West Rengal has constituted five teams of 4-5 officers each, to tour the flood affected areas for finding out the nature and extent of damage caused by floods and to render on the spot technical assistance to the units. Teams of officers of the State Directorate of Coltage & Small Scale Industries are also surveying the damaged units in the affected areas of West Bengal, Further it has tern currested that special relief may be provided under the State Aid to Industries Act both as grant and loan on liberal terms for the tiny units and individual artisans. For this a special allocation of Rs. 2 erores to be made to the State Government of Wast Bengal is also under consideration,

Import of Butter Oil

2987 SHRI AMARSINH V RATHA-WA. WID the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) the total quantity of butter oil imported during the last year and the current year upto September, 1978.
- (b) whether any firm order for the next year has been placed
- (c) if so, the quantity and with which country, and
- (d) the mode of its distribution amount States?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

AND PRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) There is no commercial import of buffer oil. The following quantities of buffer oil were received as gift from WFP/EEC by the Indian Dairy Corporation

dian Dairy C	II pur acco.		
	WEP (MT)	(MT)	Torri (MT)
(1) 1977 78 (11) 1978 79 (upto 30th September,	8 463 1,117	3,000	11,468
1978)	9 585	5 000	12,585

- (b) and (c) No order has been placed for commercial import of butter oil. The Indian Darry Corporation is likely to receive gift supply of 5800 MT butter oil from EEC between Colober 1973 and March 1979 and about 8000 MT during 1979 to from EEC.
 - (d) The butter oil was supplied by the Indian Darry Corporation to 4 interopolitan city daras, at Calcutta, Bombay Delhi and Madras and other darase for recombination into mile unjue operation Flood Programme Sorie quantity of butter oil declared unfit for recombination purpose was said as resoluta media.

Vocational Education Courses in H.S. Schools in Delhi

1892 SHRI CHATURBHUJ Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 286 on the 7th August, 1978 regarding voctjonal Education course in Higher Secondary Schools Delhi and state

 (a) whether the requisite information from Delhi Administration has since been collected,

(b) if so, the details thereof, and

(c) if not the reasons for such an abnormal delay?

THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CHLTTIRE (SHRIMATI RENIIKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) Yes. Sir.

- (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3032/78].
 - (c) Does not arise.

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SC and ST Teachers in Delhi 2989. SHRI NATWAR LAL'R. PARMAR:

SHRI MAHI LAL:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5263 on 3rd April, 1978 regarding SC and ST teachers in Delhi and state:

- (a) whether the reply given to part (c) of the referred question regarding non-availability of qualified SC/ST candidates in not evading in view of the answer to part (a) of another USQ No. 4900 dated 30th March, 78 according to which 614 SC and 15 ST B.Ed. qualified candidates were on the register of Employment Exchanges during 1975, 1976 and 1977 against which only 30 SC and none of the ST candidates were appointed during this period;
- reasons for making (b) if so, appointment against reserved quota and the steps proposed to be taken for fulfilling the reserved quota by implementing the assurance given in reply to part (c) of USQ No. 5263 on the 3rd April, 1978 that 50 per cent of the vacancies will be earmarked for the candidates of these communities: and
- (c) what measures are being taken to complete the backlog from the registered SC/ST candidates?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) to (c). The information is being collected from the Delhi Administration and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha in due course.

Reduction in Price of D.D.A. Flats Houses

2900, SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HARILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that he had stated in Patna on 29th October, 1978 that it has been decided to reduce by 15 per cent the cost of some houses built by D.D.A. and already sold to allottees on the hire nurchase basis: and
- (b) if so, which are those houses for which cost is to be reduced and by what date the decision is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha,

Jagannath Temple at Puri

PABITRA MOHAN 2991. SHRI PRADHAN: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there has been any litigation about the repair work that was in progress in the Lord Jagannath Temple at Puri in Orissa; and
- (b) if so, what are the causes for htigation?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) and (b). There is a litigation pending in the Orissa High Court about the removal of the accretionary lime plaster applied in the past on the outer surface of the Jagannath Temple. The plaster having developed cracks is allowing seepage of water into the fabric of the masonry. As per recommendations of the calamity as a whole It is, therefore, not possible to indicate the quanturn of Central assistance given parts cularly for the community rehabili tation activities in the areas of Durgapur Asansol.

Wniten Answers

The Government constituted a Task Force under the Secretary (Technical Development) for looking into the cases of floor affected industrial units The requirement of financial assistance for small scale industries as estimated by the Government of West Bengal is Rs. 4100 crores The Director. Small Industries Services/Insta tute. Calcutta in consultation with the Directorate of Small & Cottage Industries, Government of West Bengal has constituted five teams of 4.5 officers each, to tour the flood affected areas for finding out the nature and extent of damage caused by floods and to render on the apot technical assistance to the units. Teams of officers of the State Directorate of Cottage & Small Scale Industries are also surveying the damaged units in the affected areas of West Bengal. Further it has been suggested that special relief may be provided under the State Aid to Industries Act both as grant and lean on liberal terms for the tiny units and individual artisans. For this a special allocation of Rs. 2 crores to be made to the State Government of West Bengal 12 also under consideration.

Import of Butter Oa

2987 SHRI AMARSINH V HATHA-WA. Will the Munister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased · to state

(a) the total quantity of butter oil imported during the last year and the current year upto September, 1978.

(b) whether any firm order for the next year has been placed

(c) if so, the quantity and with which country, and

(d) the mode of its distribution arrough States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ACRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION (SHRI BHANT) PRATAP SINGH) (a) There is no commercial import of butter oil. The following quantities of butter oil were recented as guft from WFP/EEC by the fuction Dairy Corporation -

Wniten Answers

	(MT)	(MT)	(MII)
(1) 1977 78 .	8,463	3,000	11,468
(u) 1978-79 (upto 30th September, 1078)	t, 1 7		1,117

(b) and (c) No order has been placed for commercial import of butter oil The Indian Dairy Corporation is likely to receive gift supply of 5 900 MT butter oil from WFP and 5 880 MT butter oil from EEC between October 1978 and March 1979 and about \$000 MT during 1979-80 from EEC

a 585 2,000 12,585

(d) The butter oil was supplied by the Indian Dairy Corporation to 4 metropolitan city dairies at Calcutta, Bombay Delhi and Madras and other darries for recombination into milk under operation Flood Programme Some quantity of butter oil declared unfit for recombination purpose was sold as cooking media.

Vocational Education Courses in H.S. Schools in Delhi

2983 SHRI CHATURBHUJ Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 2961 on the 7th August, 1978 regarding vocational Education courses in Higher Secondary Schools, Delhi and state

(a) whether the requisite information from Delhi Administration since been collected.

(b) 15 so, the details thereof, and

(c) if not, the reasons for such an abnormal delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3032/78].
 - (c) Does not arise.

-

SC and ST Teachers in Delhi 2989. SHRI NATWAR LAL B. PARMAR:

SHRI MAHI LAL:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5283 on 3rd April, 1978 regarding SC and ST teachers in Delhi and state:

- (a) whether the reply given to part (c) of the referred question regarding non-availability of qualified SC/ST candidates in not evading in view of the answer to part (a) of another USQ No. 4900 dated 30th March, 78 according to which 614 SC and IS ST B.Ed, qualified candidates were on the register of Employment Exchanges during 1975, 1976 and 1977 against which only 30 SC and none of the ST candidates were appointed during this period:
- (b) if so, reasons for making appointment against reserved quota and the steps proposed to be taken for fulfilling the reserved quota by implementing the assurance given in reply to part (e) of USQ No. 5263 on the 3rd April, 1978 that 50 per cent of the vacancies will be earmarked for the candidates of these communities; and
- (c) what measures are being taken to complete the backlog from the registered SC/ST candidates?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) to (c). The informa-

tion is being collected from the Delhi Administration and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha in due course.

Reduction in Price of D.D.A. Flats Honses

2900. SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that he had stated in Petra on 29th October, 1978 that it has been decided to reduce by 15 per cent the cost of some houses built by D.D.A, and already sold to allottees on the hire purchase basis; and
- (b) if so, which are those houses for which cost is to be reduced and by what date the decision is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Jagannath Temple at Puri

2991. SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN; Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there has been any litigation about the repair work that was in progress in the Lord Jagannath Temple at Puri in Orissa; and
- (b) if so, what are the causes for litigation?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.
SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE.
ORD. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER):
(a) and (b). There is a
tilitation pending in the Orisa Bigin
Court about the removal of the accretionary lime plaster applied in the
past on the outer surface of the
Jagannath Temple. The plaster having developed eracks is allowing seepage of water into the fabric of the
masonary. As per recommendations of

fin

the Expert Committee in which officials of the Orissa Government are also included, the Arrheedogeal Survey of India is removing the plat-forwith a weer to examining the catent of damages to the original carved stones and to repair sintably the diamaged ones.

Setting up of Central University for

2992 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government are considering a proposal to set up Central Universities for Sanskrit in the Western part of the country in the immediate future and have provided funds for the next year.

- (b) if so, details of the proposal ander consideration and whether Gorerment would consider establishrient of Sanskrit Universities at Ramlek near Nagour in the name of Kalidana at Surgested by the eminent Sanskrit scholars of the country, and
- (i) details regarding schemes formost of the control of assistance as salely to the bolustiary organizations and other special central sector/certrally foncioned achieves, formulated with details of outly proposed for 1979-20 for propagation on Sanakini in the country and the details of programme, performance during the current year?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURES (DR. FRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER). (a) Mo. Sur

(b) Does not arise.

- (c) The outlay in the 1979-20 Budget for development of Sanskrit is under consideration. The details of the schemes likely to be taken up are as follows.
 - (i) Assistance to Voluntary Orperuntions—Registered Voluntary Orthonologic errored in the protantion and development of Sans-

knt are sandpood grant-m and to meet the expendature on Salarrea, Scholarships, Research Projecks, Library, Furnitare and Suidengs, These expansions are paid 50 per cent of the cost of buildings, subject to a maximum of Re 50,000 and 75 per cent of the approved expendture on other terms. More than 600 methations are at present received sextraneous modern the scheme

- (ii) Adarsh Pathkulatar—The statem cutations satisface to Voluniary Jasthulanas conducting recogusing course, of Traditional Seasifur Bouston with a view to
 the slop them as Model Sanskert
 floatiunous. Institutions approved
 under this scheme are sanctionad
 to be constituted their approved recurring expenditure and 75 per
 cut of the son-recurring expenditure. Six such institutions have
 directly been recognized.
- (iii) Production of Sanskrit Laterature—Individuals, organisations, research institutions, etc are canctioned financial assistance for publication of works relating to Sansrit inaguage and interating publication of rare manuscripts, journals, others.

(iv) Other Central Schemes— The Richtrya Sanikrit Sanishan, a bies has us constituent Vidyaperthas and 14 illihated institutions and 200 students, is a major icheme for propagation of Sanikrit, Under the suspects of the Sanishan, about 1200 acholarships are swarfed, free heated families are provided to about 500 students and teacher transing faculties for about eacher transing faculties for about 520 students. The Sanishan also burgs out publications, offers correspondence courses and provides library and libratory faculties.

(v) Scholarships—Scholarships for the study of Sanskrit are prouded to about 1200 students per lear Of these, about 200 are at the B.A., M.A and Ph.D. levels, about 175 for Research and 150 are for students of Shastri and Acharya Classes.

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- (vi) The other schemes include grant-in-aid to Deccan College for production of Sanskrif literature, holding of competitions, conventions, conferences, etc., award of certificate of honour and monetary grants to Sanskrif scholars etc.
 - (wii) Under Centrally gonascred schemes, financial assistance is provided to about 1000 eminent Sans-kri; Pundits in indigent citcumstances, acholarships are provided to students of High/Higher Secondary Schools, 'assistance is provided to introduce Sanskrit in Secondary Schools and for appointment Schools and for appointment teachers of other subjects in Sans-krit Pathshalas. 13 States are receiving assistance under this scheme

Demand for Change in Rules for Discharging of water From Dams

2993. SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE: SHRI DINEN BHATTA-CHARVA-

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government are considering to change the rules for discharging water from the dams i.e. the D. Y. C. dams should discharge water between May and June to make room in the reservoirs for the excessive work during the monsoon otherwise the floods will recur if the ruleg regarding release of water are not changed;
 - (b) if so, the details thereof; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). There is no proposal to alter the Heservoir

Regulation Schedule which has been evolved by the Central Water Commission after considerable discussions with the Governments of West Bengal and Bihar, and the D.V.C. authorities. Some storage is maintained during the months of May and June to provide waters for paddy cultivation in case of possible delay in monsoon

Allotment of Government

2994. SHRI DAYARAM SHAKYA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION he pleased to state:

- (a) total number of Central Government Employees who have completed 21 years of service by 30th November, 1978 and are eligible for Type II and Type III but have not been provided Government accommodation at all; and
- (b) total number of quarters in Type III which are likely to be handed over to Estate office by December, 1978 for allotment?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Residences in the general pool have been re-classified into Types A,B,C,D and E in place of Types I II, III, IV and V. Applications received with reference to the new classification in respect of the allotment year beginning from 1st December, 1978 indicate that there are 5,360 (approximately) Government employees eligible for type 'B' and 4,700 (approximately) eligible for Type 'C' who have completed 20 years or more of service as on 1st July, 1978 and are waiting for their entitled type of Government accommodation.

(b) 459 Type 'C' quarters are likely to be handed over to the Directorate of Estate by December 1978 for allotment purposes.

state

2595 SHRI BHAGAT RAM. Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whe'her Mother Dairy is buying only 1 lakh hire fresh milk in this flush season and selling 3 lakk hires a day using milk powder and Butter Cil.
- (b) whether 6 per cent fat is being sold by Mother Dairy in Polynacks at Rs 200 per litre.
- (c) whether producer farmers are being paid for the same milk in rural area a price of about 160 per litre; and if so, the reasons for such a situation and the remedial steps proposed to stop this state of affairs.
- (d) whether Mother Dairy is now selling cow milk in polypacks containing only 4 per cent milk fat at 280 per litre, and
- (e) whether the price paid to producer farmers for this milk is only about 1 to per hire, and if so, the steps proposed to be taken to stop this untair policy aimed against rural folks?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) In November, 1978 the Mother Dairy on an average bought 132 lakh kgs of fresh milk daily and sold 272 lakh litres per day using skim milk powder and butter oil as an extender.

(b) Yes, Sar

(c) The Mother Dairy is not procuring milk directly from the milk producers but through State Cooperativ Dary Federations at an average price of Rs. 220 per kg, ex-Mother

(1) Yes, Sur

ter The Mother Dury is procuring com milk from State Cooperative De_y Federations at an average price of Hs 1,70 plus 15 paise per litre as transport charges Waler Metres in Ashok Viliar, Dethi

RODRI-2996 SHR1 REDOLPH GUES Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION he pleased to

- (a) whether it is a fact that in DDAs flats in K.D. Block, Ashok Vihar. Delhi water metre points have been wrongly numbered.
- (b) whether it is also a fact that in certain flats water-metre is in the name of one allottee whereas the water from that metre is consumed by another allottee.
- (c) whether any representation has been received in the matter, and
- (d) if so, what action has been taken on 112

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) and (b) The Delhi Development Authority has reported that water metre point has been wrongly numbered in the case of two flats Because of this, water metra was in the name of one allottee waereas the water was being consumed by another

(c) Yes, Sir

(d) The numbers have since been corrected Water charges for the earher period will now be re-assessed accordingly

घोडा भावास जिना, मई दिल्ली

2997. यो मुखेन्द्र सिंह : क्या विमांत्र भीर भावास तथा पूर्ति भीर पुनवांस नदी यह बतानं की हुना करेंगे

(क) क्या दिल्ली विकास प्राधिवरण की बांदा कायास योजना वे कर्सन ग्रावंदित सभी प्लाटो का विकास किया गया है :

- (ख) यदि नहीं, तो विकास कार्य कव तक पूरा हो जावेगा और उसमें विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं;
- (ग) क्या उपरोक्त कालोनी के नियासियों के लिये पानी स्रोर विजली की व्यवस्था कर दी गई है:
- (घ) यदि नहीं, तो उसमें विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं क्योंकि वहाँ के निवासियों को किटिगृह्यों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है:
- (इ) क्या प्रत्य प्रावास योजनाओं को अभेका मोंडा ब्रावास मोजना को यहुँद कम मह्हत विचा जा रहा है। जिसके परिणामस्वरूप बहुंदे पर विकास और निर्माण कार्य बहुत धीमी गृति सं चल रहा है : और
- (च) क्या उपरोक्त सुविधाएं न होने के कारण प्लाटों के मालिक प्रपने महानों का निर्माण कार्य आरम्ब नहीं कर सकते हैं?

तिर्माण और प्राचास तथापूर्ति और पुनर्यास मंत्री (और मिकल्य वस्त): (क) और (व) मंदिन में दिल्ली दिकास प्राधिकरण की सामूहिल प्राचारा की कार्य में दानी को कार्य में दानी किया में दानी की कार्य में की मार्च, 1980 तक पूरा किये जाने की सम्मावना है। क्षेत्र में भारी संख्या में अतिकाम और भूमि के कुछ भार की प्राधित करने प्री हो हम प्रिकृत करने में प्राधिक्ष देंगे हो हम विवाद के मुंदा कार्य हैं।

. (ग) जी, महीं.। 3612 LS—3. · (घ) कारण इस प्रकार हैं :--

जलपूर्ति: इस क्षेत्र में दिल्ली नगर निगम से जलका निमला। तथानि, पहेले उथसम्बद्ध कराये गये नल कृषेति पेय जल सप्ताई करते के प्रयास किये गये हैं।

विजली :--प्रशासिक अनुगोदन और व्यय की स्वीकृति हाल ही में प्राप्त हुई है और अभीवत राचि दिल्ली विवस वितरण संस्थान के दस जभा कराने की कार्यवाही की गई है।

(ङ) जी, नहीं।

(ज) नवींकि कई-विकास कार्यों पर कान चल रहा है और बेप कार्य को प्रावमिकता के ब्राह्मए पर ब्राएम्स करने कार्यवाही की जा चुकी है, ब्रात-मकार्यों का निर्माण आरम्भ किया जा वकता है।

Master Plan for river basin to control

2998. SHRI M. RAM GOPAL REDDY: Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state;

- (a) whether in view of recent floods in the country Government propose to formulate a Master Plan for river basin to curb flood; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTRE OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHAND PRATAP SNOH): (a) and (b). Considering the recurrent and serious nature of annual floods which affect vasters of the Indo-Gangetic Basin and the large scale inundation experienced this year, a Working Group has been constituted to draw up an integrated action programme for flood control schemes, comprising engineer-

ing works such as embankments, retervours dame et affectsteten and sond conservation which could be implemented in the course of to 7 years for controlling and mitigating the effect of flood, within the shortest possible period in the hird Canglang bain. The report of this Working Group is expected to be teady in the near future.

As per denson taken in the Certarl Flood Control Board and in the Conference of Minusters of Irragiston the State Governments have been requested and are continuously being remunded to prepare Master Plans for Flood Control measures Defauled guidelines for this purpose were itself in 1958 and mulded in the report of the High Level Committee on flood control. These Master Plans are in various stages of preparation.

The Governments of Assum and West Bengal committed special Communication in 1971 to propose Master Plans for the Bradinmouth bunnard. Plans for the Bradinmouth bunnard. From Control Communication was set up to Cother an 1971 to help the constitution! States in the formulation of a Master Pan for the Ganga Barn. This Commission proposed an outline plan in 1973, and has prepared an comprehensive plans for tributary bains. Bard on this, the Sale Communication are to prepare State-wise Master Plans.

Shifting of Central Government Offices to Gwallor (M.P.)

299 SHRI S. R. DAMANI Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

(e) whether there is any proposal under consideration of Government to shift some Central Government Offices from New Delhi to Gowlfor to esse congestion in the capital,

(b) if so, the broad outlines thereof, (c) whether the present Vice-Chairman of the DDA who was earlier

conacted with the MF Housing Board has asked it to draw up a project for development of land and construction of the buildings required for the Central Government Offices after discussing the matter with the bead of the MF Housing Board,

- (d) if so, the capital outlay involved and whether the entire amount will be invested by the DDA. or partly by the DDA and the Central Government, and
- (c) how DDA can afford to spare funds for this project when their performance in the capital in the matter of providing built-up houses to various categories of people is already lagging behind?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) No, Sir

- (b) Does not arise
- (c) The Vice-Chairman, D D A has intimated that there is no such proposal as on date
 - (d) and (e) Do not arise

प्रोड़े शिक्षा कार्यश्रम के किए प्रचार का साध्यम

3000 भी युवराज क्या शिक्षा, समाव करवाण भीर संस्कृति मधी यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि

(क) पमा मात्रा मे प्रीढ़ शिक्षा कार्यक्रम का प्रचार करने महि पास्टर मग्रेजी मे हैं, ग्रीर

(हा) मिट हा, तो उस पर किसना व्यव किया गया है और इस उद्देश्य के लिए मरेनी का उपयोग प्रचार माध्यक्ष के ह्या में करने के त्या कारण है ?

मिला समाज कत्याम तथा स्टक्टिस मनो (बा॰ प्रतरम कन्द्र कन्द्र) । (क) नो, नहीं । दिलायम व दुम्ब प्रचार

निदेशालय जारा श्रीड शिक्षा के सबंधे में तयार किए गए पोस्टर हिन्दी, तेलग, तमिल, मलगालम, कलड़, मराठी, गुजराती, वगला, अलमी, उड़ीया , उर्दू, पञावी, श्रीर प्रऐकी में है।

(ख) 10 लाख पोस्टरों पर 3.91.897.11 रुपये खर्च किए गए।

Prostitution

3001. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM-Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state that the total number of women involved in prostitution and at what rate their number has been increasing?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKA-TAKI): No National Survey of prostitutes has been conducted. Figures in this respect are not available.

LCAR Plan to save Live-Stock in flood affected States

3002. SHRI KUMARI ANANTHAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased state:

- (a) whether an action oriented plan has been formulated by the I.C.A.R. for saving live-stock in flood affected States from starvation and epidemics;
- (b) if so, the highlights|salient features of the plan; and
- (c) whether a Central scheme or the States also contributed its share financially to implement the plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) In September, 1978, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research had

prepared an action plan to save farm animals and to provide additional income and nutrition to the rural poor in the flood affected areas of the States of Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Delhi, Haryana and Punjah. The devastating floods had affected, besides human-beings, large livestock population. The floods had destroyed standing agricultural crops including fodder crops and stored food-grains, The action plan provided for an urgent crash programme to mitigate the sufferings of livestock particularly in respect of nutrition and health control so as to ensure the survival and maintenance of the livestock population in the flood affected areas.

The action plan provided for cheap nutrition to the animals in an organised manner. A quick survey of the area was to be undertaken to estimate the magnitude of the assistance programme. The cheap feed proposed to be given included (a) low cost ration comprising straw/begasse, molasses, urea, salt and minerals, (b) urea molasses liquid feed, (c) concentrates wherever available, and (d) fodder as available. The agencies for the supply of raw material for preparing fortified feed were identified The State Governments concerned were requested to take up the responsibility for starting the centres for distribution of low cost feed with the help of the State Animal Husbandry Department/Livestock Department Staff. Wherever necessary feeding camp: were to be organised.

Task Forces comprising Animal Nutrition Scientists from the National Dairy Research Institute, Indian Veterinary Resarch Institute and State Agricultural Universities were proposed for assisting the State Animal Husbandry staff in the implementation of the Project. The field staff would be given short training in preparation of fortified feeds, The Indian Veterinary Research Institute organised two centres for training of trainers from different states covering a period of one week.

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The action plan also provides for carrying out a mycotoxin survey by collecting random samples of grains oil cakes which might have been stored in the affected villages to examine these for presence of mycotoxins The action plan also provided for an organised campaign for vaccination of hvestock against possible diseases occurring as a result of floods The B ological Products Centres were asked to reserve the required biological products for supply on high priority basis to flood affected areas Medica tion against parasitic infections was recommended

(c) The Indian Council of Agri cultural Research has sanctioned a scheme for demonstration-cum training of chesp livestock nutrition, hea lth-care and senetic improvement for a nericd of 60 days in West Bengal. The salient features of the scheme are to provide cheap nutrition developed as a result of research at the Indian Veterinary Research Institute and National Dairy Research Institute, using urea molasses limited In addition, quick diagnostic techniques for the diagnosis of various epidemics including parasitic di eases will be demonstrated for the control of diseases. The third important feature of the Project is to take up genetic improvement of livestock in the affected areas. The scheme will be implemented by the National Dairy Research Institute through its Regional Re earch Centre Kalyanı İndian Veterinary Research Institute State Government of West Bengal and Voluntary organisation-Akhil Bharat Krishi Goseva Sangh, Gopuri Wardha through its regional office in Calcutta.

The ICAR scheme involves an expend ture of Rs 1080 lakhs.

दित्तो दिकास प्राधिकरण बनाप दिल्ली नगर निगम

3003. **दा० रामको** सिंह नेया निनांच धीर भारात तथा पृति भीर पुनवांस नती यह बताने की छपा करेंगे

- (क) क्या 27 जुलाई, 1978 के धताराकित प्रश्न संख्या 1181 के संबंध में इस बीच जानकारी एकत कर सी गई है ग्रीर पदि हा, ता तत्सवधी ब्यौरा क्या है . भीर
- (य) क्या दिल्ली विकास प्राधिकरण और दिल्ली सक्य निकास के बीच विवाद हत हो गया है, यदि नहीं तो इस वाच किये मधे प्रधासा वा स्योधा क्या ž ?

निर्माण मोर भावास तथा पूर्ति भीर पनवास मत्रो (थी सिकन्दर बहुत)। (क) जी. नहीं।

(स) दिल्ली प्रशासन के मध्य सचिव स समस्याचा को हल करन का धनुराध किया गया है।

Irrigation capacity in Karnataka

3004 SHRI JANARDHANA POO-JARY, Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether any assessment of the urngation capacity in Karnataka has heen made by the Government,
 - (b) if so the details thereof
- (c) the percentage of the irrigate area of land in the State, and
- (d) the action being taken to meet additional irrigation requirement?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) to (c), The ultimate strigation potential of Karnatika has been a wessed to be about 41 lakhs hectares-20 lakh hectares from major and medium irrigation scheme, and 21 lakh hectares from minor irrigation works. The irrigation potential created in the State to the end of 1977-78 from major, medium and minor irrigation schemes was 10.59 lakh hecfares. This is about 17.56 per cent of the cropped area in the State.

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(d) In the Medium Term Plan (1978-83) high priority has been given by the State Government to irrigation development and an additional irrigation potential of 9.56 lakh hectares is envisaged to be created from major, medium and minor irrigation works during this period.

Changes in Rent Control Laws

3005. SHRI AHMED M. PATEL: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any decision was taken in regard to Rent Control Law, in the Housing Ministers Conference held in New Delhi recently; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHIRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) and (b). The Conference of State Ministers in charge of Housing, Urban Development and Local Self Government Pad at New Delhi on the 10th and 11th November, 1976 have recommended that the State Governments and Union Territories should consider measures to eliminate the adverse effects of reactured on the condition of the housing stock and on new construction activity.

Absorption of Children in Judustries in Chandrapur District, Minharashtra

3006. SHRI RAJE VISHVESHVAR.
RAO; Will the Minister of WORKS
AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND
REHABILITATION be pleased to
state:

 (a) how many children from the rehabilitation camps from Chandrapur District in Maharashtra have been absorbed in the new industries that have come up in the district; and

(b) if they have been absorbed in any of the industries, please name the industries and at what posts have they all been absorbed?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) It is reported that 46 migrant children from the Rehabilitation Camp in Chandrapur have been absorbed in the industries in the district

(b) The details are as follows:

Ordinance Factory, Bhandak

Labourers			40
Darbans	-	•	- 2
Supervisor	٠,		1
Ward Aya			1

Electorsment, Chandrepur

Helper Driver

गौतमपुरी, शाहदरा, दिल्ली में प्राइमरी वेसिक स्कूल

> 3007 श्री मनोहर लाल: श्री बोरेन्द्र प्रसाद:

क्या शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण धीरं संस्कृति मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) तथा यह सच है कि गीतमपुरी, शाहदरा, दिल्ली में प्राइमरी वैक्लि स्मूल के छातों को छपनी. प्लाई में वहीं कठिनाइयां धनुषत्र हो रही हैं क्योंक जनके तथे केंच और दिखीं की जियत व्यवस्था मही है; शीर
- (ख) यदि हां, तो उनके लिये दिखों और बेंचों की व्यवस्था कब तक की जायेगी?

शिक्षा. समात्र कट्याण तथा सस्कृति मदातम में राज्य नवी (धीनती रेषुदा देवी बरस्टकी) (क) मीर (च) वित्या कर विनम, दिली द्वारा व्यनस्य क्षानी गई मुचना क प्रमुखर मौत्रभूरी, शहरा में इवन एक प्रार्थीनत स्तरा वा एम०सी० प्रायमिक सन्त, वहापुरीक टी-स्थाप के नाम स प्रसिद्ध है, तम्बूपा म चत द्वा है। स्टूल म धट की परिस्ता हो देवत्या को हुई है। स्यविभिन्त पराधिकारी सभी बच्चा को टाटपरिटमा करुमान पर डेल्ड ऋमिक दन से प्रशान करने क लिए नदम उठा 话音」

> चतुर्व धेमी के कमचारियों के लिए भागास

3008 भी पोबित मु**डा**ः भी स्थाम सुन्दर दात :

रत निर्माण भीर भागात तमा पृति भीर पुनर्वाम मनी यह देवार की क्या वरेंगे कि

- (क) क्रावनुषं धेमी क सरकारी वर्षवास्थि का सेवानिवृत्त होने की तारीच तह सरकारी महान नहीं जिलता है बिसके परिनामत्त्रस्य उन्हें भारी . विकार का समना करना पदता है :
- (म) का तरकार का दिवार एक निवित्त भववि में इन वर्मनारिया को मकान का मानटन करन हे प्रस्त पर विचार करने के जिए एक समिनि नियुक्त क्लों ब्राहे स्थता हत सम्बंह हुछ नियम बनारंथी ताकि उहें महानों ना भीन मान्टर हो छहे ,
 - (न) धदिहा, ता केव दक,

(ब) मदि नहीं, तो करकार का विचार मनिष्य में इन वर्णचारियों की _{कितनी} प्रविच के घंदर महान देने का है तबा इस धरध में सीच बना है ?

निर्माण घीर धावास तथा प्रति ग्रीर पुनर्वात मत्री (थी मिनन्दर बदर)

- (र) ची, नहीं।
 - (व) हो, नहीं।
 - (व) प्रस्त ही वहां उठता ।
- (प) काई विधि बतवामा सम्भव नहा है। तवापि, सरकार ने धनले तीन बांम दिलांच नई दिलां में टाईप "e" म 1000 द टाईए "वी" में 5000 प्राचास बनाने का स्वरित कार्यक्रम बनाया t i

Imbalance in Mulk Supply

3009 SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

(a) whether existing imbalances in the milk supply in the country is on the increase during the last two years,

(b) if so, whether Government are aware that a two days conference on Dairy Co-operatives was held recently at Jaipur to discuss the problems and find out the solution to overcome this situation, and

(c) if so outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHAND PRA-TAP SINCH) (a) Procese statustical information regarding milk production during the last two years is not avail able Honever available estimates itdicate an increase of milk production from 23.2 mailion tonnes in 1973-74 to 25 40 milhon tonnes in 1977-78 This rate of increase has bowever lear

lower than the rate of growth of the human population.

- (b) Yes, Sir. The Conference mainly discussed the organisational structure of dairy cooperatives in the coun-
- (c) The recommendations of the Conference have not been received by the Government.

Adoption of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 by State Governments

3010. SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state:

- (a) which States have so far adopted the Water (Prevention and Con-- trol of Pollution) Act, 1974 and action taken so far to pursuade the remaining State Government to adopt the Act.
 - (b) year-wise and State-wise amount spent by the Centre/Central Agencies in this direction so far: and
 - (c) amount earned by the Centre towards water consumed by the specified industries in accordance with the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 with names and locations of such" Industries?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) The following state governments have so far adopted the Water (Prevention and Control of Pol-Iution) Act. 1974:

- t. Andhra Pradesh
- 2. Assam
- 2. Bihar
- 4. Gujarat 5. Haryana
- 6. Himachal Pradesh
- 7. Jammu and Kashmir
- 8. Karnataka g. Kerala
- 10. Madhya Pradesh

- 11. Puniah
- 12. Raiasthan
- -t 13. Tripura - 14. Uttar Pradesh
 - 15. West Bengal

The Central Government is vigorous. ly pursuading the remaining state gov. ernments to adopt the Act. It is understood that the necessary resolution for adoption of the Act by the Government of Orissa is already before the State Legislature. The proposal is also under active consideration of the Government of Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu

(b) No Central assistance is given to the State governments for water pollution control. The State Boards are entirely financed by the State Governments themselves.

However, the Central Government have so far released the following grants to the Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution for carrying out its pollution control activities:-

- 1. 1974-75 . . Rs. 2.15 lakhs
- 2. 1975-76 . . Rs. 4'40 lal.hs
- 3. 1976-77 . Rs. 15 00 lakhs
- 4. 1977-78 . Rs. 20' oo lakhs

(c) The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 has come into operation with effect from the 1st April, 1978. So far no cess has been collected. The State Governments and the water pollution control boards are setting up necessary machinery tor assessment and collection of cess.

Regularisation of Ravi Nagar, Delhi

3011. SHRI RAM KANWAR BER-WA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLIES AND REHABILITATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 4386 on 19th December, 1977 regarding Regularisation of Ravi Nagar, Delhi and state:

(a) whether it is a fact 'that Ravi Nagar included in category 'A' in the SI. No.

Written Answers list of unauthorised colonies in West Zone was regularised in 1964, and

(b) if so, the steps taken to provide roads etc. which were earmarked in the lay out plan of the colony as approved by Delhi Development Authorivi

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) and (b) The information is being collected and will be Iaid on the Table of the Sabha.

Views on Sugar Policy

3012 SHRI ANNASAHEH GOT-HKINDE, Will the Minister of AGRI-

CHLTHRE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 72 on 20th November, 1978 regarding memo against sugar policy and state the detailed particulars of the concomitant safeguards mentioned by the Chief Minister of Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh, separately?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): A statement showing the safeguards mentioned by the Chief Ministers of Kerala, Timil Nadu, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh is enclosed

Name of the State

Statement

Statement thoroug the references asked for by the Chief Mantiers of Kendle, Toroil Nache, Bilier and Utter Predath ofter decorated

t It should be ensured that sugar is made available to all Kerala. consumers at Rs 2 30 per kg 2 To bring about a greater degree of stability in prices a Bihar, Tamil Nadu and Uttar buffer nock of sugar as recommended by Expert Pradesh. 3 For units in high cost 2004er some relief by way of reduc-

Safeguards

4 Release of rugar from factories should be regulated by the Bihar, Tamil Nadu, and Uttar Government so that factories in high cost zones are assured some share of the market.

Praceh 5 In view of the sudden reduction in the value of the stocks

a substantial reduction in the bank margin is called Tames Nadu.

6 Incomives should be given to newly established sugar factories and/or expansion projects established at high Tamil Nadu and Uttar Frade h

7 The Khandum industry should be completely exempted Uttar Pradesh

8 Incentives should be given to the factories for starting Uttar Pradesh Vigorous neps should be taken for the export of sugar and Uttar Pradesh

Approval of appointment of Teachers in Aided Schools in Delhi

8r

3013. SHRI ROOP NATH SINGH YADAV: Will the Minister of EDU-CATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

- (a) the stipulated period in which the appointment of teachers and other staff in aided schools in Delhi is required to be approved by the Director of Education:
- (b) the number of appointments in aided minority schools in Delhi which have been accorded approval by the Director of Education, Delhi within the stipulated time:
- (c) the number of cases of such appointments in such schools which are pending approval of the Director for more than one month; and
- (d) action proposed to be taken by the Government to expedite approval of appointments in such schools?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) to (d), The information is being collected from Delhi Administration and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha as soon as possible.

Wild Life Census in Ladakh

3014 SHRIMATI PRAVATI DEVI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government propose to take wild life census in Ladakh where it once abounded in plenty;
- (b) schemes being planned for protection and preservation of such wild life and rare species of birds?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN
THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE
AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BEAN)
PRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b). According to information funished by
J & K Govt, they propose to carry
out a census of wild-life in Ladakh

during 1878-80. The Central Wildlife (Protection) Act has been adopted by the State and emacted under the title 'J & K Wild Life Protection Act 1878-No. VIII of 1878 dated 9th May, 1978. The State Government have infranted that Sancturies and Game Reserves are being established in Ladiakh during the next Plan period and adequate funds are being provided for the protection and preservation of widifier in such reserves.

Registered Persons with D.D.A. for various Types of Flats

3015, SHRI ARJUN SINGH BHA-DORIA; Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of persons registered under the D.D.A. for allotment of flats and Janata, Low Income and Middle Income Group Schemes, separately;
- (b) the total number of flats allotted by D.D.A. under the above mentioned schemes, scheme-wise;
- (c) the number of flats under construction at present, in each scheme, locality-wise; and
- (d) the time by which all the registered applicants would get their flats?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) to (d). Information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the Sabha.

कृषि मूल्य श्रायोग द्वारा गेहूं का सिफारिश किया गया समयन मृत्य

3016 श्री राधवजी क्या कृषि श्रीर सिंचाई मंती यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि 4

(क) कृषि मूल्य आयोग ने आगःमी वर्ष के लिए गेहूं का क्या समर्थन मूल्य मिकारिक किया है:

Written Answers (ब) मेड उत्पादक राज्यो मीट केंद्र की इस पर क्या प्रतिकार है, श्रीर

(म) केन्द्रीय सरकार प्रामामी वर क निर्वेद्व का समर्थन मुद्द कव तक चापित कर देगी ?

कवि और सिंबाई मजातय ने राज्य मत्री (थो मान प्रताप सिंह) : (क) बहुनच क्षित्रतिक द्वारत । १५ ठव्ये प्रति विदरल ।

(ब) मीर (म), मधिकास गेट उत्पादक राज्यां के प्रतिनिधिया ने गेर्ड के लिए ऊरेंदे मूल्य की प्राण की है लेकिन परिषयी वेशल, जन्म तथा कान्मीर मीट विहार ने मौबुदा स्तर पर बसुती मध्य को रखन के लिए कहा है। यह मामवा केंद्रीय सकार क विचाराधीन है औन शीघ्र ही इन पर निर्मय लिया जाएगा।

Allotment of Combines

3017 SHRI GANGADHAR APPA BURANDE Will the Minister of AGRICULTURAL. AND IRRICA-TION be pleased to state

(a) on what policy and to whom allotment of combines was made which came from foreign countries for the testing purposes and on What policy the remaining combines will be allotted which have been tested at T.E.&TS Budaha (MP)

(b) after the completion of testing report of such combines why the de lay is caused, and

(c) how many combines came in India and from which countries and whether the State of Central Govern ment have already got the amount deposited tor the allotment of com bines and it amount taken, then why the combines have not been alloited to such enterpreneurs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

AND IRRIGATION (SHRI DHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) Of the fourteen combines which came from foreign countries from time to time for testing and demonstration have been allotted to the following-Raiasthan State Agro-Industries Coporation Haryan State Agro Industries Corporation, Punjab State Cooperative Marketing Federation, G B Pant University of Agriculture & Technology Young Farmers' Organssation and inidividual farmers. Thus the policy has been to allot them, as far as possible, to organisations/institutions The same policy is proposed to be followed in allotting the retraining two combines

(b) The allotment of these com bines taken time because clearances ete for their retention have to be obtained from the various authorities a sustable allottees have to be found. There is, however no avoidable delay in processing such cases

(c) The combines imported and sold in the past number 532 (excluding the 14 which came for testing and demonstration) These were imported from (245 Nos) USSR (123 Nos) FRG (102 Nos) Denmark (25 Nos.), Italy (22 Nos) and Japan (15 Nos) With reference to their future import the Punjab State Industrial Develop ment Corporation had asked the prospective applicants to deposit an advance amount of Rs 10 000 per combine However as a decision on their import is yet to be taken, they could not be imported/allotted and the Corporation has advised the applieants to take back their deposits

SC/ST Junior Engineers Promoted as Assistant Engineers in CPWD

3018 SHRIR L KUREEL Wall the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA TIOY be pleased to state

(a) how many, Juntor Engineers of Central P.W D were promoted the grade of Assistant Engineers from 1975 onwards in general as well as Scheduled Caste/Scheduled rTribes category.

(b) whether due representation has been given to SC/ST officers in promotion as per Government orders, it not what action is being taken for that; and

(c) how many SC/ST Jumor Engineers are in the service of Central P.W.D., out of them how many have

completed the eligibility period of ten years required for departmental promotion?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHA-BILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) No. of Jr. Engineers promoted as A.Es. from 1975 onwards:

> General Scheduled Schr-Gaste duled Tribes

	•		٠,	٠.			247	31	3
							88	12	.,
SC/S	ΤJ.	Es. in	service.	:					
								219	9
				٠.		?		84	3
		• .	•, • •		SCIST J. Es. in service.		SCIST J. Et. in senies.	:	SCIST J. Et. in service.

Loss on Excise Revenue to Haryana

Electrical .

3019. SHRI CHITTUBHAI GAMIT: Will the Munister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND COLTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Haryana and many other States are unhappy at the Centre's decision to meet only 50 per cent of the State's loss in excise revenue resulting from the introduction of Prohibition;
- (b) if so, the reaction of the Government thereto;
- (c) whether any States have written to the centre for raising the quantum:
- (d) if so, the name of the States and the details thereof; and
- (e) keeping in view the demand made from many quarters; whether the Government propose to increase

the quantum so that the Prohibition policy be implemented speedily?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF EDUCATION, SOCIETY (SIRR WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI DHANNA SINGH GULSHAN); (a) and (b). Some States have asked for compensation higher than the Centre's Offer of 30 per cent of the State's loss of excuse revenue. No such reference has been received from the Government of Haryana.

- (c) Yes, Sic.
- (d) The States of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Manipur, Tripura and Meghalaya have written making a plea for full compensation of loss in excise revenue.
- (e) No increase beyond 50 per cent is contemplated.

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DECEMBER 12, 1978

"केयर केयर्सलंस चार डिसहाउसड प्रप्रत' शीर्षक का समाचार

3020. थी राजकेसर सिंह : न्या कृषि और सिंबाई नदी यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि .

- (क) क्या उनका ध्यान 28 मनट्रेकर, 1978 के ब्लिटन में "केंद्र केंद्रमेंलैस फार डिफाउर पूर्ण मीर्वेत के सन्तर्गत छदे भनाचार की भीर दिलावा गया है : श्रोप
- (ब) मदिहा, वो उठ वर भरकार की नया प्रतिकिया है ?

कृषि भीर सिंबाई मत्रालय में राज्य मंत्रो (थी मानु प्रताप सिंह): (क) भीर (व) सम्बद्धकार के जानकारी एकल की बारही है और प्राप्त होने पर समापटन पर एख दी काएनी।

महानगरी के कुटपायों कर सोने वाले व्यक्ति

3021. भी जगदीश प्रसाद मायुर: क्या निर्माण ग्रीर प्रावास तया पूर्ति ग्रीर बुनवीत मन्नी यह बताने की कुपा करेंगे far ·

- (क) दिली, कमस्ता, वस्वई और महास जैमे महानवरां ने धनुमानतः कितने व्यक्ति पट्टमाया पर सोते हैं ; ग्रोर
- (ब) ना सरकारने ऐसे व्यक्तियां को घरवानी ग्रमना स्वामी स्रावास देने की कोई बोजना बनाई है ?

निर्माण और भावास तथा पूर्ति और पुरवीस मती (भी सिकल्बर बेस्त) । (क) पटडी पर तोंने वाले जावां की महरा हे प्रवतन पानके उपलब्ध नहीं

(व) मन्दी बस्ती उन्मूलव/मुधार मानता, जो राज्य क्षेत्र में हुँ के बलागत चार मरहार घीर स्वानीय निकास निराधित लागां को होस्टलां, डारमीटरियां धौर रैंड बतेश का निर्माण की योजना बना कर चारु उपलब्ध कराने के सहात ₹ 1

मानास तया नगरीय विकास नियम का मकान सपस्या में गोशतात्र

3022. दा॰ सब्दी नारावाय परिच क्या निर्माण और प्रावास तथा पूर्ति भीर पुनर्वास मन्नी यह बताने की क्या करेंगे fac é

(क) वर्षे 1978-79 के दौराव मध्य प्रदेश, गुजरात फ्रीट राजस्थान के शहरी मौर बामीण खेला में मानाच पुविधायों को बढ़ाने के लिए मावास तवा नगरीय विकास निमम ने कितनी राशि लगाई है और इन राज्यों से प्रस्तावित भावास योजनामा के लिए कितनी राशि दिये जाने का प्रस्ताव है ; पौर ·(प)·स्ता·इन राज्यों ने पपनी-अपनी योजनामा को प्रस्तुत किया है ?

निर्माण घोर घावास तथा पूर्ति घोर पुतर्वात मधी (थी सिकन्दर बहत)। (क) हुटकों ने विसी भी राज्य को निधिया का अधिम आवटन नहीं किया है। योजनामां के प्राप्त होने पर हुइको उन्ही तकनीकी प्रवेता और दिसीय व्यवहार्यता के प्राप्तार पर उन्हें स्वीकृति देवा है। वर्ष 1976-77 से 1978-79 वक के दौरान गुकरात, मध्य प्रदेश श्रीर गजस्याम मे 30-11-78 की हुइको द्वारा स्वोकृत किये वये ऋण के स्वीरे वंतम्न पन्तमक में दिये स्य है।

(व) सलान विवरण में दर्शावे मधे खण इत राज्यां के अभिकरणों द्वारा प्रस्तुत की वई योजनाओं पर आधारित है।

विवरण

(30-11-1978 तह]
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राज्य	1	976-77		٠. ,	1977–78 लाख रुपदों में	±1
					लाख रुपया +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	न गरीय	ग्रामीण	जोड़	भगरीय	ग्रामीण	জীঞ্
गुनरात	848.957		848.957	535.461	45.000	580,461
मंध्य प्रदेश	319.320		319,320	202.360	-	202.360
राजस्यान	367.890		367.890	484.550	-	484.550

(30-11-1978 विक)

			, (30-	-11-1978	(14)
	 			1978-79	_
,			नगरीय	ग्रामीण	जोड़
गूनरात .			690.407	113.500	803.907
मध्य प्रदेश			211.070	7.785	218.855
राजस्था न			560.160		560,160

हुड हो की प्रामीण आवास योजना 1978-79 में प्रारम्भ की मईथी ।

गोल डाक घर नई दिल्लों के निकट कोठियां (बंगलों की सुरक्षा)

30/23 श्री नदाव सिंह चौहान : न्या निर्माण श्रीर ग्रावास तथा पूर्ति और पुनर्वाप्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि गोल उन्नायर के निकट प्रशोक रोड स्थित तक्ष सदस्यों की कोटियों के वारों और सुरक्षा की दृष्टि से चार दीवारी नहीं हैं;

- (ब) क्या यह भी सच है कि पीछे वाली दीवार की ऊदाई भी कम है और इसलिए वह अमुर्रावत है तथा पीछे की वर्तो का आम रास्ते के रूप में इस्तेमाल किया जाता हैं:
- (न) क्या यह भी सच है कि हाल हो से पुलिस स्रोर अकालियों के बीच हुई मुठबेड़ केदौरानवड़ी रहमें वाले संस्व सदस्तों को इंटिनाइयों का समना करना पढ़ रहा था; और

QΙ

(प) का सरकार इत काटिया की मुख्ता की दृष्टि स मुख्तित क्याने के निष् कुछ बनावा कायबाही करेवी ?

स्तिल्ल घोर घाताव तथा पूर्त घोर पूर्वाल घरी (यो शिक्टर रक्त) : (क) (व) घोर (र) , पुरावा को रिट ये बता के धारतिये मान नृर्धिका है। बारक सालीत करन क्रिक का धारव बरने के चारा घार की नीची चार सेंप्रसार में है जहरीनार धाराया आवस्स को बरने व पुन्त के रोक्त क किए है।

(न) नार्दे भी श्रनुविधा मेरे महालय के ध्यान में नहीं तार्दे गईं।

Enquiry into affairs of Delha Malk Scheme

2024 SHRIMATI AHILYA P RANG NEKAR Will the Minister of AGRI CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be presed to state

- (a) whether Government are aware that corruption pepolism and favouri tism in the Delhi Milk Scheme is rampant
- (b) if so, whether Government have conducted any enquiry into these matters and
 - (c) If not, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF AGRICULTURE AND MINISTERY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION SING! EMANU PRA-TAF SINGH) (3) to (c) White there may be incompaled cases of complete any be incompaled cases of complete of their nature, it would be wrong to at you had completed, favourised as you had completed completed to the beautiful and their properties of the prope

Muled for altitudion of urban Musics lake Facilities

NAL WILL COUNDER VENUGO-PAL WILL the Munister of AURICULE

TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether methods have been successfully utilised in U.S.A for converting urban wastes into fertilizers, and
- (b) if so, whether Government have studied the method and made plans for utilisation in India where we have a massive problem of urban garbage disposal?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHII BHANU PRA-TAP SINCH) (a) Presently, information in cot available on specific successful rotthods developed in the U.S.A. for converting urban wakes into fettlisses.

(b) Conventionally in most of our urban centres compost is being prepared in treathes. However, a big programme of setting up of mechanical compet plants for converting the urban wastes into compost manure has already been taken up by the Government in 24 cities each having a population of 3 lakhs or more

Panchayat Elections in States

3026. SHRI P. V SWAMINATHAN. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALI SHRI M V CHANDRA-SHEKHARA MUKTY

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether in many States election to Panchayats have not been held for the last five years or so,

(b) if so, how far this is true, and (c) which are the States of where such elections have not been held and

for how long?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) to (c) Information to being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Rouse.

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किसानों को गाएँ देने के लिए राज्यों को सहायता

3027. श्री सुनाष ग्राहजा : क्या कृषि और सिचाई मंत्री यह यताने की क्रपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या योजना ग्रायोग ने इस तथ्य को ध्यान . एखा है कि किसानों . को अपने उपयोग के लिए सरकारी संसाधनों से गाएं दी जानी चाहिए : भ्रीर
- (ख) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार का विचार राज्य सरकारों को यदि वे अपने राज्यों में इस योजना को लाग करना चाहें. वित्तीय सहायता देने का विचार है ?

कृषि और सिचाई मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह): (क) लघु और सीमान्त अवकों एवं कृषि श्रमिकी में द्रधार पशुग्रों के वितरण से संबंधित कार्यक्रम को पहले ही लग् % यक विकास एजेंसी एवं मुखा-प्रवण क्षेत्र कार्यक्रम के प्रन्तर्गत लाभोन्मुखी कार्यक्रम में सम्मिलित कर लिया गया है । इस प्रयोजन के लिए लाभभोगियों को मार्थिक सहायता तथा ऋण की स्विधार्थे दोनों ही उपलब्ध कराई जाती हैं। लपु अपक विकास एजेंसी और मुखा-प्रवण क्षेत कार्यक्रमों के अन्तर्गत वर्तमान प्रखंडों के ग्रतिरिक्त, पंचवर्षीय योजना 1978-83 के दौरान समेकित ग्रामीण विकास कार्य-क्रम के अन्तर्गत लाये जाने वाले विभिन्न राज्यों के अतिरिक्त प्रखंडों कों भी वही सविधा उपलब्ध होगी

(ख) इस समय लघु कृपक विकास एजेंसी, सुखा-प्रवण क्षेत्र कार्यक्रम और कमान क्षेत्र वितरण कार्यक्रमों के अन्तर्गत. जिसमें दधार पश्चमों के वितरण का प्रावधान शामिल है, लाभोन्मुखी कार्यकर्मा के कार्यास्वयन के लिए राज्यों को केन्द्र

सरकार द्वारा वितीय सहायता प्रदान की जाती है । यह वित्तीय दायित्व केन्द्र सरकार के पास रहेगा या राज्य सरकारों को सुपूर्व किया जाएगा, यह राष्ट्रीय विकास परिपद् के निर्णय पर निर्भर

प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को भर पेट मोजन

3028 श्री भारत सिंह चौहान : थीचतर्भजः

नया कृषि ग्रौर सिचाई मंत्री यत वताने की अपा करेंगे कि:

- · (क) क्या 7 सितम्बर, 1978 के नवभारत टाइम्स में प्रकाशित "देश ग्रनाज में ब्रात्मनिर्भर पर सबको भर पेट रोटी नहीं" शीर्पक समाचार की ग्रोर सरकार काध्यान गया है : ग्रीप
- (ख) यदि हां, तो इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिकिया है ?

कवि श्रीर सिवार्ड मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमानु प्रताप सिंह): (क) ग्रीर (ख) जी हां। उक्त समाचार में सरीवी पोपाहार और विकास के बारे में बहुत सारे प्रथन उठाए गए हैं। 1978-83 की वंचवर्षीय योजना के मसौदे में समय सीमा के अन्दर वेरोजगारी दूर करने और गरीव लोगों के जीवन-स्तर को उपर उठाने के लिए उपाय सुझाये गए हैं। तथापि कंचे मूल्यों से जनसंख्या के कमजोर वर्गों के हिस्से की सुरक्षा करने के लिए राज्य सरकार सार्वजनिक वितरण प्रणाली चला रही है ताकि रामन / उचित दर की दुकानों के व्यापक जाल के माध्यम से उपभोक्ताओं को उचित मृल्यों पर राजसहायता प्राप्त खाद्यात्र उपलब्ध किए जा सकें देश । में बहुत ही गरीब लोगों

के पोपाहार सबधी स्तर की उठाने के लिए "काम के लिए घनान" कार्यकर एक प्रत्यसाधन है। "

Luaison Officers in the Ministry of Supply and Behabilitation to look after the interests of 8 Cs. and STS

3029. SHRI B. C. KAMBLE WAL the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

(a) how many Liaison Officers are appointed in each of the departments in his Ministry, relating to representation in service for the Schedulet Castes and Scheduled Tribes as per Government Brochure, Chapter 15, and since when each of them was appointed and the status of each of them, and

(b) what are the reports of each of these Liauson Officers under Para 154 of the said Brochure during the last year, submitted to the Secretary/ Additional Secretary etc." and what action was directed by the latter and whether said action as directed was whether said with what result?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY -- AND RE-HABILITATION _, (SHRI SIKANDAR BARHT) (a) The information is confained in the enclosed statement

(b) Under Para 54-A of Chapter XV of the Brothure (Fourth Edition of 1975) cases of negligence of lapses in the matter of following reservation and other orders relating to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are required to be brought to the notice of the Secretary/Additional Secretary/ Head of Department. No case of negligence or lapse has been brought to notice by the Lasison Officers.

* *** - . .

Statement

Lesses Offices in the Mousing of Sopply and Rehabilitation to book after the interests of Scheduled Castes' ... and Scheduled Tribes

				. ,
Department/Office	3.,	No of Liauson Officers	Status	Date of Appointment
7 1		2 -	3 .	
D) ज्ञान सं भी हर्राज्ये (हेस्कारणाय)		,	Dy Secretary	No-ember, 1975 to August, 1976
			Director	August, 1976 to Sept., 1976.
	ب م		Dy. Secretary	Nortmber, 1976 to
DOSED New Doc'hi	٠٠ ۽,		Dy. Secretary	November, 1978 L
District and allows		ı.	Dy Secretary	1973
of Supply New Dellar	a (Ochstens)		Dy. Controller of Accounts	
		, i	Controller of Accounts	October, 1976

mind a following the Following war			
0	. 2	3 .	.; 4=-
Dy. Controller of Accounts Madras	1	Dy, Controller of Accounts.	October, 1976.
Dy. Controller of Accounts, Bombay .	1	Dy. Controller of Accounts.	Öctober, 1976.
National Test House, Calcutta	1	Director .	January, 1975 to March, 1978.
		Assistant Director	,
Department of Rehabilitation proper and			-10-75 to 31-3-76.
Settlement Wing.		Dy. Secretary	21-4-76 to 28-7-77.
-		Director	26-8-77 to 1-3-78.
~ .		Under Secretary	12-4-78 to 30-9-78.
			20-11-78 to-date,
- broars had senter, per			
Deputy Controller of Accounts(R), New M	lo Liaise nomin came 1-7-19	into existence on	
Dandakaranya Development Authority, Koraput (Orissa).	1	Labour and r Welfare Officer	Úpto 14-1-1974
The Financial Adviser & Chief Accounts Officer, Dandakaranya Project, Jagdal- pur (M.P.)	Ι,	Do. Assissant Finanacial Adviser & Chief Accounts Officer	16-1-74, to-date. Prior to 13-3-73.
		Do.	15-3-73 to 26-4-76.
			27-4-76 to-date.
Rehabilitation Reclamation Organisation, Mana Camp, Raipur (M.P.)	r	Administrative Officer	12-9-72 to-date.
The Chief Commandant, Mana Group of	ī	Commandant	8-11-73.
Transit Centres, Mana, Raipur (M.P.)		Chief, Medical Officer.	30-7-74 to 30-12-76.
		Officer.	Thereafter no Liai- son Officer appoin- ted as the camp was m, winding up stage.
The Chief Executive Chiamb Displaced Persons Rehabilitation Authority, Jammu.	1	Assistant Secreta	ry 30-4-1977.
सेंब्र्ल द्यूबर काष्म रिसर्च इंस्टीह्यूट विवेद्यमें 3030.ओं हुक्सर्वेच नारास्त्रों यूदिव : म्या कृषि श्रीर सिवाई मती यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :	a S	रसर्च इस्टीट्यूट, रि , विरुद्ध लगाये ग	ट्रल ट्यूवर काप्स देवेन्द्रम के कार्यकम ये ब्रारोगों की एक 1978 के ब्रन्त में ब्रारे

aq

(७) मदि हा, तो का इन घारोमा के सम्बन्ध म जाद की जा प्हों है ?

शुंच स्रोप क्षितार्थं कारालयं में राज्यं स्त्री (यो पानु कार्यालयं (*) देनी करार्थालं कर्म प्रकृतनं करार्थं, विदेश्य के वर्धातार्थं करार्थं करार्थं करार्थं क्षित्रं प्रकृत करार्थं करार्थं करार्थं करार्थं करार्थं हुदं यो। इर टिक्की य इर नाम्यास्य कर्मित्रं करार्थं करार्थं का वा दुस्त्यों, विद्युक्तिया स्थापात्रं कराय्यां करार्थं के हिम्सी के स्त्री वा करार्थं करार्थं करार्थं क्षत्रं हुस्त्यों, विद्युक्तिया स्थापात्रं करार्थं करार्थं

(ध) वन्द्रीय आच ब्यूरी ने, निर्देशक दारा दौरी पर जाना जिनह दौरान निजी काम दिया गरा, मुझी रस दें बस्तुन करक मकान हिराज का दोना उरना और फर्नीपर की वरीदवारी म निधि का भव्यय करना इन तीन भारापा की पहले ही जान करती है और निरे रह क विस्ट विभागिय बाबबाही को विफारिय की है। रुन्द्राय गतकता प्राचीन द्वारा . मनातीत भाग भविहारी की बाज क माधार पर मीर धानीव का निस्तरिक पर निकास न निकार व ताना ग्रासास ग्रमान्त कर दिव गण है। भारताव *हे* कि भन्तवात पार्यव वन सा भारता की भाजान करा। बाउत्तर व भाग (क) म उल्लियन दुवा म चन्चितित हैं और इत मामन म जनमुख काववाहा करना ।

Seiting up of an indian Meat Board (by an Act of Parisament)

will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION to pleased to state

(a) whether the Indian fluctuate of Foreign Trade has suggested that an Indian Meal Board be set up by an Art of Parliament for developing the ment industry on economic lines and putting exports of the Commodity on a firm footing, and

(b) if so, the facts thereof and action taken thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The Indian Institute of Foreign Trade has suggested in its Report on Survey on Export Potential of Meal and Meal Products the establishment of a statutory Meat Board. The suggestion is being considered.

काम के लिए ग्राप्त मोजना के प्रयोग राजस्यान को धाळाल

3032 थी मीठा सौत परेख: क्या कृषि भौर खिचाई मती यह बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि

- (क) क्या भरकार ना विचार नवस्त स्वस्तों को यह देवन ने निज तैनात करते का है कि बना उनके अपन-प्रयो पोत्री म "कान क लिए प्रत्र" बीठना के प्रयोग कालका चावाता का चिद्रत उपनोग हो गृह है, बीर हा, दो कर और यदिनहीं, वो हमक बना कारण है.
- (ध) का राजरबान को मही भवज पर वाजरबकातुनार उचित्र भावा भ वाबान उपाच्य नहां कराव जा रहे हैं बिचन कान्सका यहां बारी कठिनाई हो रही है, जार
- (7) यदि हा, तो इतक बता कारण है और मिल्पा न इतक लिय बता उचित ज्याम करन का विचार है , यार मिन नहीं, ता इसक क्या कारण है ?

हपि स्रोर तिबाई मनातय में राज्य मनो (श्री नानु प्रताप तिह): (क) काम क विष प्रत नायकम हेतु सर्वाधित मार्गदर्शक विद्यानों जो जारी किए वा रहे हैं, के अनुसार योजना के अपनर्शत कार्यों के जामियन के लिए परकारकारों द्वारा जिंवा स्तर पर अंबालन समितियाँ, राज्य स्तर पर समस्य तामितियाँ के स्तिरिक्त गठिंद की जानी हैं। इन समितियों में संसद सहस्यों तथा राज्य विभायकों को गामिल करना राज्य परकारों पर निर्मर है। अन्यास माननीय सवस्य भी अपने क्षेत्रों में क्रम्य सभी विकास कार्येकमों की कार्यु काम के लिए शाह कार्येकमां की कार्यु काम के लिए शाह कार्येकमां की कार्यु काम के लिए

(ख) जी नहीं । कार्यक्रम के कार्या-न्वयन के लिए राज्य सरकार द्वारा अपेलित खाबान उन्हें उपलब्ध करा दिए गये हैं । इस सम्बन्ध में राज्य सरकार की और से बभी तक कोई विकायत नहीं मिली हैं।

(ग) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Loan for Industry and Trade in flood affected West Bengal

3033. SHRI D. AMAT: SHRI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE ALLURI:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

(a) whether Indian Chamber of Commerce approached the Union Government to grant easier loan facilities to Industry and Trade in West Bengal to meet present crisis caused by floods and rains; and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAF SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir. The Indian Chamber of Commerce made the request to the Central Task Force on flood affected Industries of West Bengal

(b) The Banking Division of the Department of Economic Affairs have already issued instructions to the Backs to extend liberal credit facilities to industrial units, artisans, weavers, fishermen and other tiny units for adequate and timely help and also to provide them with Snance at easy rates of interest and facilities for rescheduling of existing loans where necessary. The Reserve Bank of India has been requested to consider relaxing conditions of price credit authorisation for affected units. The Industrial Development Bank of India has announced special refinance facilities 1978 (FRS 1978) available to financial institutions in respect of the assistance to be given hy them to flood affected industrial units.

Insurance facility to poor farmer

3034. SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is proposed to extend the insurance facility to the poor farmers to protect their cattles, crops, agricultural accessories against the devastating natural calamities; and
- (b) if so, whether the Government are giving any assistance to the societies for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) The General Insurance Corporation of India is already providing the facility of cattle insurance against all natural calamities except famine. Crop Insurance against all climatic risks (except drought) and against pest and plant diseases for H-4 cotion had been taken up on an experimental basis in certain areas of Gujarat and Maharashtra Stafes. The G.I.C. has not yet finalised insurance schemes relating to agricultural accessories.

Written Answers 104 **DECEMBER 12, 1978** Written Answers 103 "In he sentent bert of free 11 (21) नार्यनारी दल ने 5, लाग मार इस्से (b) The Government of India provides subsidies to the small and mar-प्रधिव के माध दी याले विदिष्य शहरा मे ginal farmers and agricultural labour-उनके मेल्याहन के माधार पर मन्त्री अस्तियों में रह रही मावादी में कहर की ers under the special programmes like SFDA This subsidy includes : provision for meeting a part of the premium payable in the first year for cattle insurance. No other assistance is pro-जनसद्या है 20 है 25 प्रतिकत तक vided by the Government of India for erop or cattle insurance

Ce Liff.".

2 100

et quita q is 112 93 महानगरो में पन्ती बस्तिया mat n rac co (A.) ∞ 3035 **५ ओ**े गगाभवत सिष्ठ : - स निर्माण सोट प्रावीसे त्या प्रति मीर प्तावीस मन्नी यह बतान की क्या करेंगे fs. (क) बना, सरकार का प्रवा है कि देश के दिल्लो, कलकता, बस्बई तथा कानपुर पैसे महानगरा में तेवी के साथ

पड रहा है , घीर (य) यदि हा, ता उन्त नगरा म 1976-77, 1977-78 मीर जनवरी, 1978 से धन्तुवर, 1978 के बीच ग्त्री,वस्तियां में रहन वालों की संस्था कितनी भी ?

गन्दी वस्तिया, वनती जा रही हैं, जिस्के

कारण लागे का नामरिक सुविधावें प्राप्त करन में बहुत दिश्कता का सामना करना

. _{२१} निर्माण और ग्रानाम्-तया पूर्ति धौर पुनर्याम् मेत्री (थी जिकन्दर बस्ते) । (क) सरकार को महानगरा को सन्दी बस्तीकी समस्या के बारे में जानेनारी है। 1978–83 के प्लाम प्रारूप मे. नगरीय गन्दी दस्ती के प्रयोवर्षीय सुधार के लिए 190 करोड रुपये के परिध्यय कासक्ष्य रखानवाहै।

(ब) महाननरा में गर्नी बस्तिया . म ग्ह रहे व्यक्तिया के सहस्वकीय धाकडे ज्यलब्ध नहीं है-। किन्तु 1972 मे नियुक्त किए गए याजना झायोग के

विक्रियानी गई थी।

ter the 11 miles

्बिहार को उबैरक की सप्ताई · , , , . 3036 श्री मानेस्वर प्रसाद पादवे । द्या कृषि भौर सिंचाई मर्जा यह बताने की इपा करेंगे कि ः ेे

(क) नपा उर्वेशक का उत्पादन केम हाने के रोरण इस देंपे बिहार को कम मावा में उर्देश्य की रूप्ताई की रुई è.

ा ११ घर ।। । ८०० (स) यदि हा, ता विहार ना प्रत्येक महीन नितनी माला में उर्दरक की संसाई वी जाती र तया इतेवा पिछले एक महीने का त्यंशास्त्र है, भ

(ग) इस बभी को पूरा परने की सिये सुरकोर का क्या कीर्यकाई। **क**्री काविचार है ?

कृषि और स्थित स्थलिय से साम मंत्रो (स्रो मानु प्रताप हिंह) : (व)

से (ग) रवी 1978-79 (भूगस्त 1978-जनवरी 1979) के दौरन विहार राज्य की उवंदन माग की उत्पादकी द्वीप तथा वेन्द्रीय उवरक पूर्व देशरा भागातित सामग्री में से की जाने वाली

	-				
	•		(§	जार मीटरी	टनों में)
			एस॰	र्णा∘** ~	, — ∯o
(1) निवल मां			100.10	20,90	10.01

(1) निवल मान . 109.10 20.90 10.01 (2) उत्पादको द्वारा की जाने बाकी सम्बाई 56.93 10.65 2.80

(3) पूर्व से की जाने वाली सन्ताई। 43.17 10.25 9.21 1 अनस्त से 30 नवस्त्रर, 1978 तक की अवधि के दौरान उत्पादकों हारा की जाने

वाली सन्ताई की स्विति इत प्रकार हैं :-- मार्ग वाला पर वाला राज्य हैं से स्वीत हैं से स्वीत हैं जाने वाली सा सा

(1) उत्पादका द्वारा का जान वाला आ ुपा-सिक सम्लाई

तिक सप्ताई 37.95 7.10 1.87 (2) बाह्य कि सप्ताई (फुब्ट्रियों से नवस्वर 37.29 6.88 2.10 माह के लिए सुचना उपलब्ध है, जैसे सुचना

महिकाल ५ सूचना उपलब्ध ह भेनी प्राप्त महीं हुई है)

1-8-1978 ते 30-11-1978 के दौरान पूज से होने वाजी सम्जाई की स्थिति निस्त प्रकार से हैं:---

(1) 1-8-78 से 30-11-78 केंद्रीरान

े भूता से की जाने वाली स्पेताई 28.78 6.83 4.81 (2) उत्तरक कराई नई बास्तीयक स्पेताई 40.71 8.19 4.44 '' व्यवस्य से

(अगस्य स स्तिम्बर तक)

Inf

इन प्रकार यह देखा जा सकता है कि स्थिति संतोगजनक है। यदि भोदी कर्मनारियों ती हत्रताल और विहार में देवे नहीते तो कन्द्रीय उन्हें पूल से उपलब्धि और विहेतरहोते। वापि बुळ देखी जलादकी और आवातित मास में है विहार की जैनेरक को अतिरिक्त मोबा ोको जा रही है।

Ban on construction of Rao Tula

3037. SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR

GUPTA: SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA: SHRP MUKHTIAP SINGH

SHRP MUKHTIAN SINGH

5) MALIK: ...

Will the Minister of EDUCATION,

DCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE

pleased to state: White Ram College,

New Delhi has not fully developed as yet because the University has put a ban on further construction. of building by the College Trust; and

(b) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b), No, Sir. The University Grant's Commission bas, now-ever, not paid any grants to Rao Julia

Ram College for construction of building as neither the land nor the building of the College has been transferred by the Trust in the name of its Governing Body, as per requirements laid down by the Commission

Archaeological Museum at Cooch Rehar Palace

3038 SHRI AMAR ROY PRADHAN Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state whether there is any proposal to establish an Archaeo-Icrical Museum at Cooch Behar Palace to study North Bengal history and culture?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DERY There is no proposal at present to establish an archaeological museum at Cooch Behar Palace

National Professorship to Dr. R. C. Mazumdar

3009 PROF SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether he made a promise for honouring Dr R C Mazumdar by offering a National Professorship to hun, and
- (b) it so why even after a year and-a-half that commutment has not been folditade QqSo

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER). (a) No Sir

(b) Does not arise However, the review of the scheme of the National Professionship is not yet over.

पश्चों के विकास के लिए भारत-क्षम करार

3040. थी राम सेवक हजारी: धी हो। प्रमातः

वया कृषि भीर सिपाई मन्नी यह बताने की बपावरें के कि

- (क) बना ध्या विवास वीजनार्था के अन्तर्गत भारत-रूस सरनार ने कीच कोई करार विधायम है :
- (छ) यदि हा, तो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यौरा बया है : ध्रीर
- (ब) दोना देशों का इस करार के विश्वामस्बद्ध बना साथ हुए।

कृषि धीर सिचाई मधासय में राज्य मधी । भी मान प्रताप सिंह) : (क) के (म) भारत ग्राह सके के की पा दिसम्बर, 1978 को धार्यिक, ध्यापरिक. वैश्वीचिक तथा तक्कीकी स्ट्योग का एक दीर्घवासीन वार्षत्रम प्राप्तम विया मया ह । वायत्रम मे वैज्ञानिक साम्बादी. विद्याविया भीर विशेषतों ने भादान-प्रदान और संगनत विचार गोरिटवी करने पर विचार विया गया है। इस सम्बन्ध मे जिस समझीते पर हम्ताक्षर विये जाने हैं उसके बारे में क्यारा तथार किया जाना है।

Milk Production

3041 SHRI DHARAM VIR VASISHT. Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state-

(a) whether a National Milch Herd of about 19 million improved cross bred cows and buffaloes, is to be built up pushing production milk in next five years by 8 million tonnes a day:

- of the plan; and

 (c) whether the minimum level of
 280 grams per capita would be
 achieved in next ten years; and
 - (d) if not, by what date?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH); (a) and (b). Under Operation Flood II, it has been proposed to enable milk producers to rear a National Milch Herd of 14 million cross bred cows and upgraded buffaloes by mid 1985. 10 million rural milk producers families will participate and will be provided inputs for cross breeding and upgrading, The present milk production of 69 million lit, daily is targeted to increase to 103 million lit. daily by 1984-85; and 137 million lit, daily by 1988-89.

(c) and (d). The per capita availability of milk is expected to increase from the present level of 107 grams per day to 144 grams per day by 1984-

85 and 185 per day by 1988-89. Allocation for Supply of drinking water in Kerala

3042. SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any amount has been allotted to Kerala for supply of drinking water; and
- '(b) if so, the amount allotted in the current years and the names of the schemes?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HE HAD SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHH) SIKANDAR BAKHI): (a) and (b), During the current financial year an amount of Rs. 265 lakhs (Rs. 280 lakhs for rural water supply Works and Rs. 5 lakhs for Moniforing Cell and Investigation Unit) has been allocated to Kerala for implementation of rural water supply

schemes approved under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme. This is in addition to the provision of funds made for rural water supply under the Minimum Needs Programme of the State Sector

The names of the rural water supply schemes approved by Central Government during the current year under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme are placed helow:

Sl. No. Name of the Rural Water Supply Scheme

[1]

District Trivandrum

- 1 Cherunniyoor
- 9 Elakamon
- 3 Kalliyoor & Thiruvallom
 - 4 Pallichal
- 5 Pullampara
- 6 Vattiyoorkavu
- 7 Vellanad
- 8 Kuttichal
- g Marayamuttom
- to Muttacand
- 10 112011111111
- 11 Navaikulam
- 12 Poozhikuznu
- District Quilen

 18 Chittumala
- 14 Eihukone
- 15 Kareepra
- 16 Mallapuzhasser)
- 17 Mynagappally
- 18 Thodiyoor
- 19 Thrikkaruva
- 20 Vettikavala

III Written Answers	DECEMBER 12	197	8 Written Annuers 112
1 2		r	2 F
21 Arayappalam 22 Kadamanthuta		59 7	Peringole, Mangattour and Thombiers of "or mi"
23 Kadampaned			District Tricker
24 Kalakode		51	Engandiyoor
35 Auli mathukkal and Par	appally	52	Berinjanam
26 Aqual 20 ~ 1 F		53	
27 Kunn and Asuvapalm			Thabitular.
28 Abonayd		55	Vilvation
29 Nayyanad			n n. / .
30 /adumpana			During Pelgha
31 Panppalh (Kallusathuka	ů}		Edathanattukara Orphanage
32 Rannı Angadı			Paqambaspilanam
33 Ranni Pennad		1	Kodusa oor
District Alleptes		-	Kozhinjan para
34 Chennoerlara Mazhaveli			Math.ir
 kottamaanha Kumarapi 	mam	61	Cherplacherry (Comprehensive)
36 \consid		62	Alleppally
37 Pallithode		_	Thrikatien
38 Pandanad		61	Chelavana
39 Perumpara			Dubut Maletturers
40 \lararikulam (\orth)		65	Aliparamba
41 Mulaburha			Anakt arem
Dubut Ketteran 42 Aumarahan		•	A 11 i
43 Lalkstroor		68	Ventropia
44 Nattakom		69	Thurson
4) Thottalkadu		70	Varhiktadavu
Dutret Table	-	71	Venom
46 Vagamon		72	Edakkara
47 Valiyakandora		73	Katanaur
48 Vattavada		7,1	Moorkanad
Dutret Freshlow		75	Pallittal
49 Kumbalam		76	Pandaktad
		77	Thunsloor
	7	-	

Felling of Sandalwood Trees in Tamil

- District Culicut 78 Chengattukavu
- 79 Kalpetta
- 80 Kaniyampetta
- 81 Poothadi

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- 82 Thuruthupuram L., 1,1 v. s. w District Cannavore
 - 83 Edavaka
- 84 Muzhakunn
- 85 Panathody
- 87 Payvattom
- 88 Pinarayi

Dandakaranaya Refugees in Assam

3043, SHRI PIUS TRIKEY: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state;

- (a) the total number of ratugees who have returned from the Dandakaranya Project and have entered Assam;
- (b) whether they have been settled in that State; and

(c) if so, what steps have been taken by Government for their rehabilitation?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND REPAIRED AND SUPPLY AND REPAIRED AND SUPPLY AND REPAIRED
(b) and (c). Do not arise.

- 3044. SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- "(a) whether he has received a complaint from the "ramil Nadu Government" "Feararthy" "Blieft" felling "O Sandalwood trees in the major forests of "Famil" Nadu, which we're being smuggled to Kerala, Maharashtin, Uttar Pradesh and West Behgai' for exports to foreign countries; and

(b) if so, steps the Government of India are taking in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF ACRICOLTORS AND FARMAN FATAP SINGH) (a) and (b). The require its information is being collected from the 'boncerned' State Government of Tamil' Nadu and will laid on the table of the Sabha in due course.

Escalation in estimates of major Irrigation Projects under construction

3045. DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) what is the quantum of escalation in estimates of the major irrigation projects, now under construction due to the delay and inflation; and
- (b) what steps Government have taken to cut flown the escalation?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU IRA-TAP SINCH); (a) There are 30 orgoning maple rigation projects in case of which esculation has taken place due to delay and inflation. Their cost estimates have gone up from Rs. 878 cross, as organishly sanctioned to Rs. 2874. cross.
- (b) The Third Conference of State Irrigation Ministers held in November, 1977 had inter-alia, recommended that 'adequate 'olitlay's' should 'hell'provided for the on-going schemes' to ensure

their completion according to the ebound programme Care is also taken during the discussions on the Annual Plans of the States that sufficient funds are provided for the on going major and medium irrigation projects for their speedy completion. An advance Plan assistance of Rs 199.07 crores had been given to the State Governments during the years 1975-78 1978-77 and 1977 78 for accelerating the progress on certain selected irrigation schemes

Joint survey of Irrigation Schemes between India, Bangtadesh and Nepal

3046 DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION he pleased to state

(a) whether Government are considering a proposal to make a combined survey of irrigation schemes between India Bangladesh and Nepal as suggested by President Carter and Prime Minister James Callagaban during their recent visits to India, and

(b) what help has been promised by USA and UL in sponsoring such schemes for Rural development and water resources of three natures?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) and (b) During their visits President Carter and Prime Minister Callaghan envinced interest in offering assistance for your survey and irvestigations for water resources development benefiting India Bangladesh and Nepal if those countries so desired No specific proposals in this regard are under consi deration of the Government at pre-

Implementation Cell to look after SCI ST Employees

3047 SHRI MAHI LAT, Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether implementation Cells for hoking after the interests of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes employees in matters of reservation in recruitments and promotions etc. have been created in his Ministry and Public undertakings under his Ministry, particularly in the National Seeds Corporation headed by a person belonging to SC and ST category.

- (b) if so, the constitution of these cells, and
- (c) if not the reasons therefor, and when these cells will be created?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU FRA-TAP SINGH) (a) to (c) Inform tion is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Assistance to LCSS.R.

3048 PROF P G MAVALANKAR Will the MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) Whether Government give any financial grant and/or other assistance to the India Council or Social Science Research.
 - (b) if so, full details thereof,
- (c) whether Government nominate one or more or all members on the governing board of the said Council,
 - (d) if so, who how and why,
- (e) broad details of the international collaboration programme of the said Council for the five year period, 1974 to 1978.
- (f) whether an official appraisal of the said programme was done recently by a Committee of Experts and
- (g) if so, who were in Chairman and Members what were their find ings, what recommendations did they make, and what steps are being taken by the Council and the Govern-), ment in this regard in tune with the committees Report?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN- DER): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. The ICSSR is fully financed by the Government of India through annual grants. During current year, 1978-79, a total grant of Rs. 99.48 lakhs has been approved for payment to the Council.

- (c) and (d). In accordance with the Memorandum of Association and Rule's of the ICSSR, the Government nominates 25 persons, including the Chairman, on the Council of the I. C. S. S. R. The Member-Secretary is appointed by the ICSSR with the approval of the Central Government.
- (e). The Programme includes assistance to Indian Social Scientists for participation in International conferences, invitation to distinguished foreign social scientists to visit india and participation in Cultural Exchange Programmes with foreign countries. During the Period 1974-79, assistance to 100 Indian Social Scientists given and 32 foreign social scientists were invited by the 1. C. S. S. H.
- (f). A Review Committee, appointed by the ICSSR in August, 1977, has appraised the programmes of the ICSSR, including the International Collaboration programme.
- (8) The Committee consisted of: Prof. V. M. Dandekar, Chairman, Jr. Ramkrishna Mukherjee, Dr. Samuel paul, and Dr. G. Ram Reddy, Members, and Dr. V. S. Pai Panandikar, hember Secretary. The report of Committee is under consideration of the Council.

Defective Scientific Instruments

3049. SHRI K. RAMAMURTHY; Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the University Grants Commission has requested all Universities to send a detailed list of defective scientific instruments;
 - (b) if so, the response thereto; and

(c) the action proposed to be taken to replace such defective instruments?

THE AINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTIVEN, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTIVEN, CARRY (a), According to the information furnished by the University Grants Commission such information is being collected from time to time since 1972 to assess the extent of equipment remaining unused for want of spares or repairs, or because it has become obsolete.

- (b). The latest request made by the Commission for this information was in June 1978. Only 38 Universities have sent replies in response to this request.
- (c) The Commission has been assisting the Universities to utilise such equipment by providing appropriate grants, including foreign exchange, for obtaining necessary spare parts, components, etc. The Commission also permits universities to utilise a part of the equipment grant for maintenance, repairs, purchase of spares and for service contracts. Further, the Universities are being assited to establish University Service and Instrumentation Centres, and, where necessary to set up Regional Instrumentation Centres to serve the needs of maintenance of sophisticated equipment in the region.

Visits of teams to West Bengal and North Eastern region States

3050. SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA:

SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR:

SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to

state:

(a) the details of the teams which visited West Bengal and North Eastern Region States, State-wise, from Agricultural Research Institutes during the last two years; year-wise and the

area the team visited, along with the

Written Answers

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(b) whether any action has been taken upto date regarding the reports sthumated by these fearns; and have the control of the c

(c) if so, the details thereof and the-results achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY 'OF 'AGRICULTURE IRRI-GATTON (SHRf 'BHANU 'PRATAF SINGH) (a) 't9 (c) The information is being collected and 'will be laid' on the Table of the Sahha as soon as complete information becomes available

शिश विकास कायक्रम

3051 श्री मुरेन्द्र सा सुमन क्या शिक्षा, समाज करवाम और संस्कृति मती यह बतान की क्या करने कि

- (क) क्या मरकार का विचार वर्ष 1979 में अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय शिक्ष वर्ष मनाने के सूदर्भ में भारत में शिक्ष विकास के लिए सभी कार्यक्रम अपनाने को है
- (ष) क्या वच्चो के जारोरिक विचास को मुनिध्वित रखने के उद्देश्व में उनके निध खेल के भैदान आर्थित रखने का ड्राइ प्रसुताव है ,
 - (ग) क्या सरकार प्रत्येक ग्राम प जायत में एक स्कुल को 'खेलकुर की भृतिविधिया के केट के स्था में चुनेना और वेहा खेल के भैदान को व्यवस्था करना वाष्ट्र ग्रिस समननी है, और
 - (प) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा इस बारे में राज्यी की काई निदेश बारी क्यि गये हैं ?

शिक्षा, समाज करवाज तथा सन्द्रति राज्य मनो (शीमती रेण्डा देशो वरकदकी) (क) अस्तरिद्धीचे बार्न के नित्तर विवाह के स्तारिद्धीचे बार्न के नित्तर विवाह के स्तारित सिद्धीचे स्तारित में 1979 ने साराष्ट्रीय वास वर्ष मार्गिक कार्यनमा की हुप रेखा है भीर वेडन छः सेनी में हैं.--

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- (1) स्वास्त्य श्रीर पोषाहार जिनमें परिस्थिति र्वत्य 'संकोई 'श्रीर 'श्रेडेछे पैय जल को सम्मरण शामिल है।
- (2) शिक्षा जिसमें स्कूल पूर्व की प्रारम्भिक एवं समृदाय-धिक्षी धार्मिल है । दर्भ के रहे के तर देश के
 - (3) समाज कल्याण ।
 - (4) विधायन ।
 - (5) प्रचारः ।
 - (6) धृतुगुणि की व्यवस्था करना
- (ख) में (घ) 2-3 नवम्बर, 1974 को हुई राज्यो के खेल कद के मृदियो, राज्य-बेद-कृद परिपदी के अध्यक्षी तथा प्रधिन भारतीय धेन-कूद पेरिवद के प्रध्यक्ष सदस्या की बैठक में यह तय हुआ था कि शहरी ग्रौर दहाती क्षेत्रों में खेल-कद के मैदानों के लिए खुल^{ा 1}म्थान प्रारक्षित करने देत राज्य सरकारे जनवन्तं कर्म उठामेगी जनम कानून बनाना भी शामिल है । शिक्षा विभाग राज्य सरकारो/राज्य खेल कुंद्र परिपदी की ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में खेल कूद क्लू स्थापीत वरने हेत विचीय महायता प्राप्त कराती है। य केन्द्र देहाती क्षेत्रों में मामान्यतया स्कृतों में चीत जीते हु यो प्रन्य ऐसी जगही पर जहा मैदान प्राप्त हो तथा इननी देखभाज उस नामार्कित स्पूर्ण शिक्षक द्वारा की जाती है जो उस क्षेत्र में रहते बाते सभी युवकों की धेन-कृद गुतिविधियों के निय जिस्मेदार होता है। राज्य सरकारों से कहा गया है कि वे खेल के मैदीनों के विकास दें के बन्हों य सरकार द्वारा समान-ग्राधार पर दी जान वाली वित्तीय स_्रायता प्राप्त करे"। राज्य सरकारों से यह भी कहा गया है कि वे गैर- वियाणी युवको का भी शैक्षिक संस्थानी के खेल मैदानों के उपयोग जैसी शारीरिक मुविधायो दी सनुभृति दें।

ए प्रकार) स्टानिकार्य छठीयोजना में लघुसिचाई

3052 श्री बीठ जीठ होडे : क्या कृषि श्रीर सिचाई मंत्री यह वसाने की कृषा करेंग कि :

- (क) न्या देश में नयम कर के विचाह शोजनाओं के नांधु साथ नयू मिनाई श्रीजना की सफल अगर्न के लिए संपद्ध मिनाई फेन सम्मेहन ब्लामा गया ना और क्या कुछे, बीजना में जब मिनाई श्रीजना की सामित किये जाने की सिकाहित की मह
- (ख) क्या इस योजना से देश के सब छोटे और बेड़े किसोनी का लाभ होना ;
- (ग) क्यों, लंब सिंबाई बोजना की सफल बनाने के उद्देश्य से सरकार का विचार सस्ती दर पर ऋण्दिने का है; बीर
- (प्र) उन्ना योजना महाराष्ट्र के ग्रीवों में कद तक कियान्वित की जाएगी और केन्द्रीय संस्कार हाता राज्य को किवनी सहायता देने का प्रस्ताव है ?
- ्राष्ट्रि, श्रीर मिंचाई, मंत्रालुप म राज्य संत्री। (श्री भागू प्रताप मिंद्र): (क) जिल्लु मिंचाई तथा कमांड सेन दिखात के इंच्यूबे राज्य सींक्यों का एक सम्मेजन सिवस्बर, 1978 में द्वरा था। यह सम्मेजन ज्यु निचाई अपाड सेन्या के स्त्री में कि स्त्रान्यत में इस सम्प्र शामने याने वाली तस्त्राम्थी वं वाशायों का पता स्वताने एवं उन पर विचार विमर्श करों और को शीन को दौरान इन्, कार्यक्रमी के कियान्ययन में मुआर ताने तथा इन्हें देखे करने के विशिष्ट ज्यार्थों का मुझान

लयु सिंचाई कार्यक्रम की पूर्व की योज-नाओं की तरह ने केवल छठी योजना में शामिल किया जाएंगा दल्कि इस कार्यक्रम की २५० मध्यार अस्पार अस्त २००० म् १८ छठी योजना, के दौरान काफी तेज करने का भी प्रस्तान है।

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- ्र (म) इन्नी पुंचनुर्गिय मोजना (, 1978-53) के माल्य के बनुत्तार छठी योजना के दौरान 95 तोचा है हैटर केले जी नियंत्र मृतित्यत (च्याई को दामदा सुजित की दाएंगी । इंग्रेड्स वित्यवर्धः निर्मात्र के उन्हेंबर्गिय संदेश में स्मितित्य अधिकार के उन्हेंबर्गिय हाम माल होगा (राज-होत्राज्य हाम माल होगा (राज-होत्राज्य हाम माल होगा (राज-होत्राज्य हाम क्यां को मोलाहन देशन दश्य कार्यक्रम की इन्हेंद्रिक्यानों के यह में उन्मुखी बनार्ग का प्रस्तात्र है।
- ्गे) व्याज की सामान्य दर पर जो कि लगभग 10 है, प्रतिज्ञात, प्रति वर्ण है ऋण देने के अलाया सभी बेहों में लघु तथा सीमांत कृपकों को राज-सहायता देने का अस्ताव है।
- (प) महाराष्ट्र में कषु हिचाई बोजनावें पहले ही विमानिक की जा रही है और ये छठी योजना के बोरान भी जारी रहेगीं। छठी योजना के बोरान भी जारी रहेगीं। कि अस्तर्यत समग्र योजना के तिए केन्द्रीय हेहायता दी जाती है और देखना सार्यव्य विमानिका किसी प्रकार सार्या

Purchase of Gunny Bags

3053. SHRI KACHARULAL: HEMRAJ JAIN:

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the total quantity of gunny bags purchased by the Department of Supply during the year 1977-78; and the value thereof;
- (b) the total quantity of gunny bags purchased by the Department of Supply from 1st April, 1978 to 30th November, 1978 and the value thereof;
 - (c) the method of purchase;

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(e) what is the programme of the Government for the purchase of gunny base for the remaining period of year 19 8 "97

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Quantity in bales 241,269 Total price excluding Excise Duty and Sales Tay Rs. 27.31 55 345 "5

- (b) Quantity in bales 2 72 285 Total price excluding Excise Duty and Sales Tax Rs 33 18 18.332 87
- (c) By the recognised method of avitation of Limited Tender from Penstered/Approved suppliers.

(d) Yes Sir

(e) The programme of purchase will depend on the indentor's needs and all relevant factors

Central Assistance for Irrigation Pro tects in Kerala

3054 SHRI GEORGE MATHEW Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) which irrigation projects in Kerala that are under construction getting Central and
- (b) the arrigation projects the Cen tral Government propose to give assistance to Aerala State, that are under the at we consideration of the Central Government
- (c) what are the new arrigation schemes proposed by the Kerala Gov err n and
- (d) what is the total outlay for irn, at on projects of the Central Gov. erament and what is the share of
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ACRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA

TAP SINGH) (a) and (b) Brigation project is being financed by the Centre as irrigation is a State gub-19ct and irrigation projects are formulated implemented and financed by the State Governments themselves. Central assistance to the States is given in the form of block loans and grants which is not related to any individual sector of development or special scheme. However with a view to accelerate the progress of works on Certain selected irrigation projects an advance Plan assistance of Rs 2.10 crores Rs. 2.50 crores and Rs a 00 crores was given to Kerala State during the years 19/5-76 1976-77 and 1977 7B respectively For the year 1978-79 the State Government has requestes advance Plan assistan e for three irrigation projects, namely Kal lada Pazhassi and Luttiadi The proposal is at present under consideration of the Central Government

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- (c) The Government of Kerala have sent project reports of 5 new major (namely Idamalayar Kakka davu, Muvattupuzha Chimoni, and denasurasagar) and 2 new medium (namely Attapady and Vamanapu ram) urngation schemes to the Central Water Commission for approval.
- (d) As already stated in reply to parts (a) and (b) of the question, there are no irrigation projects financed by the Central Government The outlay approved for the major and medium arrigation othernes in the State Plan for 19/8-79 is Rs 35 crores

बढी गडक मे बाद मोजनार्ये

3055 श्री रामधारी शाहत्री कृषि और सिंबाई मती यह बताने की उपा करेग कि

(क) क्या वृद्धा गटक न बाढ नियक्षण क लिए सबुक्त योजना तैयार करने हेत् नेपाल नरकार के साथ चल रही वातचात म क्या प्रगति हइ है बीर

(ख) क्या उक्त योजना इस वर्ष लागू कर दी आधेशी ?

कृषि भीर सिचाई संवास्त्य में राज्य संवी (श्री सासू प्रताप सिंह्यू): (क) बारि (ब) त्यास सरकार से उन नदी बादी परियोजनाशों का गहन अध्वयन करने में सहसीन देने जा अनुरोध किया गया है, जिनसे दोनों देवों, को बाड़ की शमस्या को करने करने में मदद निवंधी और निवाई तथा बिखुत, वन सम्मदा, भूमि-स्पिरीकरण खादि वैसे ग्रम्य लाम भी प्राप्त होंगे, बूढ़ी गंडक के बारे में ग्रमी तक किसी संकुत प्रस्ताव पर विशेष कर से बिचार नहीं किया गया है।

Request from Kerala for Foodgrains

3056. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI;

SHRI P. M. SAYEED:

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE.

AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that large quantity of foodgrains and standing crops were damaged in Kerala in recent floods:
- (b) if so, whether the State Government has approached the Union Government for help;
- (c) if so, what is the total demand made by the Kerala Government; and
- (d) how much has been given so far to the State Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU FRATAP SINGH); (a). Yes, Sir. According to the information given by the State Government to the Central Study Team which visited the State from 14-11-1973 to 17-11-1978, 75,500 hz. of paddy fields have been damaged by the

floods. Besides, 6,000 ha. of land have been sandcast, about 4,00,000 coconut trees in an area of 2,000 ha. have been damaged.

(b). Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d). On the basis of the recommendations of the Central Study Team and High Level Committee on Relief, an advance Plan assistance of Rs. 11.00 crores has been allocated. In addition 12,500 tonnes of wheat and 12,500 tonnes of rice are also heing released as graduitous relief.

Indian Museum at Calcutta

3057. PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVAR-TY: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether he is aware that Indian Museum in Calcutta has been in the midst of serious crisis since 1975 and at present it is not treated at par with other national Museums in India;
- (b) whether also one director was eased out of office during the Emergency, a second director left in 1976;
 and
- (c) if so, what steps the Central Government are contemplating to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER); (a) This is not the correct cosition

- (b) The facts are: One director was retired pre-maturally by the lawful authority, i.e., Board of Trustees, Indian Museum, in a lawful rammer and in accordance with the Service Rules under which the officer, was governed; the other officer, who was on deputation to the post of Director, Indian Museum, reverted back from the deputation post on the expiry of the term of deputation.
- (c) Does not arise,

Trauthorised Engroachment on Public Land

3058 SHRI SHIV SAMPATI RAM Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHA RILITATION he pleased to state

- (a) whether the Central Governs ment propose to make unauthorised. encroachments on public land in the Capital a cognizable offence.
- (b) if so the particulars thereof, and
- (c) when a notification in this res pect is likely to be issued?
 - THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND MOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHA-BILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Yes Sir
 - (b) and (c) The details are being worked out

Protection of Monuments at Agra

3059 SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are aware that some of Agras Moghul ronuments which had withstood the ravages of time for centuries have now succumbed to the fury of recent floods
- (b) if so what immediate steps Government contemplate to protect further devastation of these national monuments?
- THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN DER) (a) Some of the Moghul Monu ments (o tor wall of Ram Bagh and Chini ka Ra 1 a) have been affected by the recent floods
- (b) The fortification-walls of the two monuments on the river sice would be structurally strengthened and if necessary the course of the river Jamuna may have to be trained

Assistance to Colleges and Universities for making Higher Education Job Omented

\$000 SHEI SARAT KAR WILL the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have decided to give assistance to selected colleges and Universities for making higher education job-oriented in rural areas and
- (b) if so the details thereof and the method adopted for selecting Universities and colleges for the implementation of the said scheme?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) ,(a) and ,(b), According to the information furnished by the University Grants Commission a scheme for restructuring first degree courses to make them more relevant to the rural environment and to the, development needs of the community and to link education with work and practical as well as field experience, has been formulated by the Commission The essential features of the scheme include combining, the academic component of courses with some applied compornents suited to real problems and work situations. This would require the introduction of relevant applied discrplines related to basic subjects or subject groups and re-orienting conventional courses in such a manner that students can apply theoretical knowledge to the problems of the region through field work project work extension etc. The Commission would provide assistance for purchase of equipment books and journals setting up of workshops and laborator espilot plants etc and for appointment of additional staff The Commission has in consultation with the Universities/concerned and experts identified sq far 186, Colleges for introduction of restructured courses, Twenty of these Colleges are at present participating

in this programme

Construction of utility houses in Delhi

T 2 N

3061. SHRI P. S. RAMALINGAM.
Will the Minister of WORKS AND
HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABULTTATION be pleased to state.

- (a) whether under the concept of a socialist approach, a look has been given into the vast number of sprawling bungalows around Secretariat and Rashtrapati Bhawan complex so as to make room for functional and utility structures to house the needy; and
- (b) if so, the results of such a study and the time frame by which it is proposed to give content to socialist ideals?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) and (b). The Master Plan for Delhi envisages re-densification of the bungalow areas in question. A number of bungalows in the complex on Dr. Rajendra Prasad Road, Sansad Marg, Ashoka Road and Maulana Azad Road have been got demolished and multi-storeyed office buildings constructed such as Shastri Bhavan, Nicman Bhayan and Nirvachan Sadan. The question of re-development of the other bungalow areas to the north and south of Raipath is under consideration. Since proposals for re-development have not yet taken a final shape and position about availability of funds is also not known, no time frame for undertaking re-development has been prepared. In order to provide residential accommodation for Government employees nearer the Secretariat complex, quarters for the lower and middle income group employees have been constructed and are under construction in the adjoining D.I.Z. and Minto Road areas after demolition of old quarters. Construction of more quarters for such employees is proposed to be taken up shortly in the DIZ and Aram Bagh areas.

Schemes for Drainage of Water-Legged Areas in Binar

- 3062. SHRI ISHWAR CHAUDHRY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that the Bihar Government have drawn up 1,638 schemes for the drainage of water-logged areas in the State:
- (b) if so, the details regarding its cost and whether Central Government have also been approached to meet sanction half the cost of the schemes in the shape of grant; and
- (c) if so, the reaction of Central Government and the time by when it is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANG PRATAP SINGH); (a) to (c). On the request of the Working Group constituted by the Central Government for drawing up a multi-disciplinary action plan covering engineering works, soil conservation. afforestation, etc., capable of being implemented within a period of 5 to 7 years for obtaining substantial flood control benefits in the Indo-Gangetic basin, the Government of Bihar have in their proposals sent a list of 1649 drainage schemes in the Ghagra, Gandak, Burhi-Gandak, Bagmati, Adhwara, Kamla, Kosi, Mahananda, Sone, Ganga, Karmansa, Punpun, Kiul and Harohar basins, with a total estimated cost of Rs. 234 crores. Of these, 1604 schemes relate to drainage of low-lying depressions (Chaurs). The working Group is yet to submit its report.

Agencies Granting Housing Loans

- 3063. SHRI MANORANJAN BHA-KTA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to
- (a) whether there are agencies other than his Ministry which give loan for house building to the Government servants and other workers in the organised sector;

Written Austrers 131 (b) whether this facility is made-

quate as at present and the procedure of granting loans is also very cumbersome and complicated, and

(c) whether any steps are contemplated to provide better loan facilities for this purpose, and if so, facts thereof

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Yes, Sir Besides this Ministry there are other agencies like LIC and Hindustan Development Finance Corporation Ltd Some Public Undertakings also give loans, for house building under their own Schemes to their employees.

(b) As regards the loan facilities under this Ministry's Scheme for grant of House Building Advance to Central Government employees, the existing facilities are considered adequate as the Rules have recently been liberalised This Ministry is not aware about the adequacy of the facilities existing in the other agencies.

(c) Does not arise in view of (b) above

Fish Price in Tamil Nado

3064. SHRI K. T KOSALRAM Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether fish prices have gone up in domestic markets at the past three years particularly in Tamil Nadu,

(b) if so, the main factors responsible for it, and

(c) how far the mechanised fishing and large scale export of fish from the State responsible for the price rise in the internal markets?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The rise in price index of fish is in line with the general increase in

price index during the nast ihree

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(c) The mechanised fishing accounts for about 20 per cent of the total catches in Tamil Nadu The mechanised catch consists mainly of prant which is a high value species and does not have much domestic demand. As prawn constitutes about 90 per cent of exports, the export of fish does not affect the prices of fish consumed in the country

विस्ती विश्वविद्यालय भे भाषात स्थिति के दौरान बर्जास्त किये गये कर्मचारी

3065 भी शरद यादव क्या शिक्षा. समाज कल्याण भौर संस्कृति मती यह बनान को बपा बरेने कि

(क) क्या यह सच है कि दिल्ती विश्वविद्यालय तथा उनमें सम्बद्ध साराजा क नमंत्रारिया को यापात स्थित र दौरान वडे पैमाने पर बर्लास सर दिया गया या:

(ख) यदि हा, तो उत्की सच्या तथा धन्य विवरण का विश्वविद्यालय एवम् का नेज-बार ब्यौरा क्या है, ग्रार

(स) क्या इन कर्नवारिया का सभी तक बहाल नहीं किया गया है और क्या प्रभी तक वहाल न हिंग यग उन क्मंचारिया की एक मुची सभा पटल पर रखी जायको ?

शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण तथा संस्कृति मत्री (डा० प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र): (क) से (ग) मुचना एक्ट्राको जा रही हैतना ययासमय सभा पटल पर रखंदी आएगी।

Aid to advance centre for Teaching and Research in Marine Geology and Geophysics

3066... SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH Will the Minister of EDU CATION SOCIAL WELFARE CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 7787 on 24th April, 1978 regarding And to Advance Centre for Teaching and Research in Marine Geology and Geophysics and state:

- (a) whether any further proposals have been received from the University of Cochin to establish advances courses for teaching and research in Marine Geology and Geophysics:
- (b) if so, whether they have been approved; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELPARE AND CULTURE (OR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER):

(a) and (b). The University Grants (commission has not so far received any further proposal from the University of Cochin, beyond what was already considered by the Eifth Plant Visiting Committee. However, the Commission has approved five research projects in Marine Sciences received from the University and has agreed to provide financial assistance for their implementation.

(c) Does not arise.

Nationalisation of Sugar Industry by Bihan Government

- 3067, SHRI D. N. TIWARY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state;
- (a) whether before nationalisation of Sugar Industry in Bihar any reference was made and consultation held between the Union Government and Bihar Government;
- (b) whether Government of India gave clearance for this nationalisation;
- (c) whether Government is aware that large number of complications have arisen; and
- (d) if so, the steps proposed to remove those complications?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b), No reference was received from the Bihar Government for amending the Schedule to the Bihar Sugar Undertakings (Acquisition) Act. 1976 recently and thereby acquiring 16 sugar undertakings in the State. Section 17 of the Act empowers the State Government to amend the Schedule

(c) and (d). The action of the State Government has been stayed by the Calcutta High Court on Writs filed challenging the validity of the acquisition. The decision of the High Court on the Writ Petitions is awaited.

Cashew production in Kerala

3068. SHRI K. A. RAJAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Kerala State Government have been implementing a scheme for ingreasing cashew production by adoption of plant protection measures on non-departmental cashew plantation; and
- (b) if so, the details of the scheme and assistance extended by the Union Government for the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (2) Yes, Sir.

(b) The scheme is to spray the cashew plantations twice with Endosulfan for the control of Tea Mosquito. The current year's (1978-79) target is to cover about 4 lakin trees soread over an area of about 2000 hectares and an amount of Rs. 3.40 lakins has been provided.

The State Government is collecting in paise per tree from the beneficiaries and the rest of the cost of 75 paise is subsidiated by the State Government. There is no assistance extended by the Union Government for the scheme which is a State Sector programme.

(c) The main objective of the Opera tion Research Project, taken up by the Puninbrao Krishi Vidyapeeth in the above mentioned 15 villages is to bring about an integrated development of the area with active participation of University Scientists, State Depart ment of Agriculture and voluntary agencies. The programmes under the project cover grop production animal husbandry plantation crops rural in dustry etc. Special attention is being given to small holders and marginal cultivators It is estimated that there are over 3800 marginal small and landless labourer families in the opera tional area. By introducing divers fied cropping patterns on the farms of small and marginal farmers additional em ployment is being created on their farms. Special programmes on rearing of goats and dairy cows have been introduced for landless labourers in the operational area. Over 160 such families were provided with necessary loans to purchase a goat or a cow alongwith necessary guidance on their management rearing and hygiene cover While introducing the technology a large number of demonstrations are laid out in the operational area and while selecting the demonstrating far mers emphasis is given to small and marginal farmers. Under the project there is a built in preference for pay ing attention to small and marginal farmers and landless labour carrying out assessment and evaluat on the principle of Social Audit is being observed i.e Social Audit enterion is being used as a measurement of the benefits accruing to the farm families having the annual income less than Rs. 1000 per family at the initiation of the project. It has been estimated that since the inception of the project, the average income and employment opportunities of such farmers have been increasing steadily

Alleged Corruption Among Purchas ing Inspectors of F.C.L. in Punjab

3074 SHRI BALWAYT SINGH RAMOOWALIA WIR the Minister of AGMCULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether it has been reported that many purchasing inspectors of FCI. cheated the poor and innocent far mers in the Mandis of Punjab while purchasing the paddy and these inspectors purchased paddy for FCI only, after getting some money per quintal from the farmers.
- (b) that many purchaing inspectors reduced the prices of paddy on the one pretext or other such as mosture etc of those farmers who asserted against the loot designs of some inspectors and
- (c) how many cases were checked up and what action taken against such employees?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) Except for complaints of general nature no specific allegations of the nature referred to have been received. Procurement operations at different purchase centres are super vised by the senior officers of the State Government and the Food Corporation of India No case of harasment to lambers or under pricing has come to notice.

(b) Paddy has been purchased according to the specifications prescribed by the Government of India and reductions effected in prices were in accordance with the cute prescribed for moisture content and other impurities exceeding the prescribed standards.

(c) Does not arise

शिक्षा के लिए मध्य प्रदेश की वे गई राशि

3075 भी निमल चार जैन क्या सिक्ता, समान क्याण भीर सत्कृति मही यह कालें की इपा करेंने कि मध्य प्रदेश म किसा की विभिन्न योजनामा के लिए क्लिनी रामि चाहिए भीर हमने से कितनी रामि यर 1977 78 में नहामता के रूप म केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा दी जावेशी ? शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण तथा संस्कृति मंत्री (बाठ प्रताप चटर चट्य): १८६० प्रदेश ररकार का वर्ष 1977-78 को अपनी वार्षिक योजना में शिक्षा केले के ब्रत्तर्गत चिभिन्न योजनाओं के लिए 11.21 करोड़ रुपये के परिच्या का प्रताब है जिसमें से 10.55 करोड़ रुपये गोजना प्रायोभ क्षारा स्वीद्धत किया गया था योजना के लिए केन्द्रीय बहायता विभिन्न क्षेत्री/योजनाओं के लिए न दी जा कर एक मुख्त सहायता के रूप में दी जा कर एक मुख्त सहायता के

Erosion of Ganga in Murshidabad, West Bengal

3076. SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE & IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the attention of the Governmen has been drawn to reports of very rapid and heavy erosion of the right bank of Ganga in the district of Murshidabad and in West lengal downstream Farakka Barrage which threaten to wipe out of existence extensive populous areas and several towns on the right bank of the river like Dhullyan, Aurangabad and Jangbur;
- (b) whether the Government has received any scheme for the adoption of anti-erosion protective measures on the Ganga in this area from the Government of West Bengal and request for financial assistance in this regard; and
- (c) whether any expert studies have been carried out in regard to this erosion in this area which may soon endanger several central undertakings like the National Highway 34, the B.A.K. Loop line of Easten, Reilway and the Jangipur Sub-barrage of the Farakka Barrage, project all of which are very close to the erosion zone?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). The problem of bank crosion is present on all alluvals rivers. The Ganga has been experiencing bank crosion here and there all along its course in the alluvian plains; and erosion has also taken place since long on the right bank in Murshidabad district. Due to the heavy floods this year, large areas on the banks of the Ganga, including bullyan township were submerged.

The State Government prepared a project report estimated to cost Rs. 63 coroses in 1973 to deal with the problem in the entire affected reach along the right- bank of Ganga. However, this project report was not based on adequate fleid data and requisite model studies. Only part of the field data required for the model studies to be carried out at the Central Water and Power Research Station, Pune, has been supplied so far by the West Bengal Government.

During recent discussions, representative of the State Government have indicated that the updated cost of the project prepared earlier is likely to be Rs. 142 crores.

The Government of West Bengal have recently constituted a Committee in consultation with the Government of India under the Chairmanship of Member (Floods), Central Water Commission, to examine the problem of crostion in depth for suggesting suitable remedial measures.

Seminar on Training Youths in New Farm Method

3077. SHRI P. M. SAYEED: SHRI A. R. BADRI NARAYAN:

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Union Government have been urged by the Experts of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research which had recently held a seminar in New Delhi to undertake massive programme for training youths in new farm methods;

(b) if so the main features of the scheme.

1.12

- (c) whether Government have ex ammed them and
- ammed them and (d) steps are being taken to im
- prove them? THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU DRATAD SINGH Seminar entitled Économic Problems in Transfer of New Technology was held at the Indian Agricul tural Research Institute New Delhi . in November 1978 One of the recommendations made at the Seminar was regarding involving farm youth in the transfer of the new agricultural technology and training them for this nurnose
 - (b) This was as stated above only a recommendation made at the Semi nar and a definite scheme or programme had not been prepared
 - (c) The Proceedings as well as the recommendations made at the above mentioned Seminar are being finalised by the organisers of the Seminar They will receive consideration as soon as they are received by Govern ment.

(d Government is already engaged in promoting relevant training programmes for rural youths through Krishi Vigyan Kendras Shori training Programmes for rural youths through Krishi Vigyan Kendras Shori training Programmes in case of Soil Health Care Farmers Training Centres, etc. British Vigyan Kendras are all ready functioning in addition to 150 Farmers Training Centres and 10 Farmultual Universities are imparting training to rural youths under 150 Health Care Scheme These training centres will further be strengthen ed during the 6th Plain provided in the 150 Plaining Centres will further be strengthen ed during the 6th Plain provided in the 150 Plaining Centre will further be strengthen ed during the 6th Plain provided in the 150 Plaining Centre will further be strengthen ed during the 6th Plain provided in the 150 Plaining Centre will be provided to the 150 Plaining Centre will be the 150 Plaining Centre will b

Irrigation Potential

3078 SHRI K 'PRADHANI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IBBIDATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have conducted any survey regarding the arragation potential for farming State
- (b) if so the actual irrigation facilities available State-wise particularly in the State of Orissa, and
- (c) what is the extent of actual use in percentage as well as average?

THE MINISTRY OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) to (c)

Si Vo State/Un on Terratory		Ultimate irrigation potential as assessed now	1977 28	Utilisation to the end of 1977 78 (Provisional	% of Col 6 to Col 5
1 2	3	4	5	6	7
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bhar Gujarat	12958 3177 11287 10196	10600 2670 15129 3900	4578 424 4416 2322	4471 3 ⁸ 3 3670	97 7 90 3 83 1 83 9

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		·		 3	4	5	6	7
5	Haryana			5451	3890	2872	2814	98.0
6	Himachal Prades	h		924	300	85	85	100.0
7	Jammu & Kasha	ir		923	700	411	405	98.5
8	Karnataka			11159	4100	1959	1919	98.0
9	Kerala			2981	2160	750	750	100.0
10	Madhya Pradesh			21356	7850	2700	2475	91.7
11	Maharashtra			19864	7300	2662	2348	88-6
12	Manipur			210	100	21	21	100.0
13	Meghalaya			203	100	12	12	100.0
14	Nagaland			144	80	35	35	100.00
15	Orissa			7733	5900	1881	1884	100,00
16	Punjab			6255	58 30	5076	5070	99.9
17	Rajasthan			:7164	3550	3121	2954	94.6
18	Sikkim			N.A.	20	10	01	100.0
19	Tamil Nadu			7235	4010	2997	2981 .	99*5
20	Tripura			374	:15	32	32	100.0
21	Uttar Pradesh		•	23272	24460	13228	12482	94'4
22	West Bengal			7958	6110	2707	2704	99.9
23	Union Territories			564	320	95	95	100.0
	Total (A	Al In	dia)	 171160	111154	52197	49349	94'5

U.G.C. Grants to Colleges for various Projects

3079. SHRI DURGA CHAND: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the projects for which U.G.C. grants are given to colleges;
- (b) whether it is a fact that for U.G.C. grants for library building and books, a minimum strength of students in a college has been fixed;
- (c) if so, what is the strength of students fixed for library purposes; and

(d) whether any relaxation in this regard is given to colleges situated in hilly and rural areas; if so, what are the details thereof; if not what are

the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

(DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUMDER): (a) The University Grants
Commission provides development assistance upto Rs. 5.00 lisks to acollege during a plan period extruction/extension of buildings (libraries, laboratories; class rooms, hoadles and staff quarters), purchase of tooks and equipment, faculty improvement programmes, appealment of additional staff; etc. The Commission

meets 50 per cent of the approved cost on buildings 75 per cent on books and aguinment 50 per cent on the appointment of additional staff and the entire cost on faculty improvement

- (b) Yes Sır
- (c) A college offering three-year degree courses in Arts, Commerce and Science subjects should have 400 stu dente to qualify for the above assist ance If the college is offering twoyear courses the enrolment should be 270
- (d) The enrolment is relaxed to 300 for three-year courses and 200 for two-year courses in respect of colleges situated in backward and rural areas for purpose of assistance upto Rs 500 lakhs including library building and books In the case of such colleges with enrolments of 200 and 150 respectively development assistance upto Rs 300 lakhs is provided without any building element

Material for Adult Education Scheme

3080 SHRI KAHLASH PRAKASH Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether some new books and/ or subsidiary material has pared for the new Adult Education Scheme if so details thereof, and

(b) whether they are available in the market or are being supplied free to the centres or to the agencies engaged in the work?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) and (b) Yes, Sir new books and other subsidiary ma terral have been prepared for the National Adult Education Programme by various agencies, including State Govenments State Resource Centres Educational Institutions and Voluntary Organisations as well as by the Central Ministry of Education through the Directorate of Adult Education, Details of the publications brought out by the Directorate of Adult Education/ Ministry of Education and Social Welfare are given in the enclosed statement While the publications mentioned in the enclosed statement are being supplied free of cost to the functionaries/agencies engaged in the implementation of the National Adult Education Programme the materials produced by State Resource Centres and prominent voluntary preamsations are sold by them

Statement

Let throug the names of Public relational Schallary Mairrae' ino ght out by the Mancry of Education and Small Walfare De attention Acad Delta for the Premotion of Natural Adult Elector Programme

Teaching Leramog materials for the learners

- t Vava Kadam Pathya Pustak
- 2 Vava Kadara Douse Puntak
- Nava Kadam Teesra Pustak
- s Niva Kadam Abhyas Pustak
- 5 Vaya Kalara Teachers Gu de
- 6 Naya Kadam Charts
- 7 Flash Cards
- 3 Sum Shar
- a Starna Se Azge
- ir Vatchal Pt I

- Primer in Hinds
 - Reader I in Hindi
 - Reader II in Hinds
 - Work book in Hindi

 - Teachers Guide
 - Visual Aid in Hinds . .
 - Visual Aid in Hinds
 - Supplementary Reader in Hinds
 - Supplementary Reader in Hinds
 - Supplementary Reader in Marathi I

* 47		7 130
11	Vatchal Pt. II	. Supplementary Reader in Marathi-II
	Arohi (Bengala)	. Supplementary Reader in Bengali
13	Mazdoor Aur Kanooni Suvidhayan	. Supplementary Reader in Hindi on aware- ness

- 11 Kisan Saksharata Yojana . Revised Edition of the old Primer in Hindi
- . Primer and reader for women in Urdo 15 Padhen aur Likhen . Hindi Primer for Experimental Programmes rfi Gaon Bharti
- *17 Bhoot Paret , Supplementary Reader in Urdu
- Publication for the NAEP Functionof the Motivation Committee of the aries Curriculum and Materials
 - 1. Developing Curriculum for NAEP.
- 2 Literacy Literacy Materials and their Preparation.

*18 Urdu Taraqqi Board-Reader .

3. How to Write Primers for Adults.

Training

- Education 4. Training of Adult Functionaries: A Handbook.
- 5. Report of National Seminar on Training Strategy.
- 6 Potential Sources for Training of Adult Education Workers in India.
- Monitoring, Evaluation, Research and Statistics.
- 7. Monitoring, Evaluation and Research, (Excerpts from the Report of the Working Group).
- 8 Preliminary Guidelines on Monitoring.
- 9. Literacy Statistics at a Glance. (District and State).

Motivation.

- 10. Motivational Aspects of Adult Education-An Approach Paper.
- Motivational Aspects of the NAEP: Preliminary Recommendations

NBAE.

. Supplementary Reader in Urdu

General

- **12. Policy Statement issued by Education Ministry (Revised),
- **13. Summary of the Report of the Working Group on Adult Education for Medium Term Plan 1978-83, (Education Ministry).
- **14. Adult Education Programme for Women, Education Ministry,
- 15. Fifty Years of Adult Education in India (An Anthology of Case Studies). Some experiences.
- 16 Linkages Between Adult Education and other Areas of Development.

Promotional Materials

- 17. Alfaz Bolfe Bhi Hain (Parallel Text in Poetry in Hindi and Urdu).
- Newsletter (Vol. 1 No. 1 dated October 2, 1978).
- 19. Slides on NAEP (120 colour slides with commentary and music).
- †20. Poster (with Quotation of Mahatma Gandhi).
- †21. The other side of the Fence (A Carteon Brochure).
 - †22. Documentary Film on NAEP.

^{*}Materials prepared in collaboration with Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board.

^{**}Publications of the Ministry of Education on NAEP.

[†]In collaboration with the Ministry of Information.

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Allotment of Accommodation to the Sons/Daughters of Returng Em nlovees

3081 SHET ANANT DAVE the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether changes in allotment rules of Government accommodation from September 1977, to sons/daughters of retiring employees have affected the families of the retiring em ployees.
- (b) if so whether Government pro pose to reconsider the decision and allot such accommodations to the sons/ daughters of retiring employees who had foregone house-rent allowance for a specified period in order to become entitled for allotment of Government accommodation after retirement of their father, and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) The concession of ad hor allotments to eligible dependents of retired officers was withdrawn with effect from 1 5-1978

(b) and (c This concession was withdrawn on the demand of the staff side in the National Council (JCM) As there is an acute shortage of general pool accommodation and large number of eligible employees are awaiting allotment, Government does not propose to reconsider the decision

धावास के बारे में ग्रह्मयून दल

3082 थो बज मृषण तिवारी . क्या निर्माण भीर भावास तथा पूर्ति भीर पुनर्वास मत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या घावाम की मनस्यामा का घष्पवन करन के लिए योजना मायोग न नाई मध्यवन दर नियुक्त विदा है ,

- (ख) यदि हाता क्या ग्रध्ययन दल ने ग्रपना प्रतिवेदन प्रस्तुत कर दिया है, भीर
 - (ग) उमहा परा ब्याश क्या है?

निर्माण धोर धावास तया प्रति घोर पनर्वास मधी (श्री सिकन्दर बस्त) . (व) 1978-83 का पचवर्षीय योजना का तैयारी के बारे में योजना ग्रायाम ने धक्तवर, 1977 में बादास पर एक कायकारी प्रप की स्थापन की।

- (ख) कार्यकारी ग्रंप ने 1978-83 को पचवर्षीय योजना के लिए विषय प्रवेश दस्तावेज के रूप में एक बन्दरित रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत की । ग्रन्तरिम रिपोर्ट को प्रन्तिम रूप देन के लिए मई. 1978 में कार्यकारी दल का पुनगठन किया गया पुनगठित कायकारी दल द्वारा बीध्र ही प्रपनी रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत किए जाने की सम्भावना है।
- (ग) ग्रन्तरिम रिपोट में दो गई महत्वपूर्ण टिप्पणिया और सिफारिजा का एक विवरण संस्थान है

विवरण

1978-83 को पचवर्षीय योजना के लिए धावास पर कार्यकारी दस की भन्तरिम रिपोर्ट में दो गई महत्वपर्स टिप्पशिया तथा क्रिकारिझें

। पाचकी पचवर्जीय योजना के धारम्भ म सर्थात 1-4-1974 को 156

लाख मकाना की कमी का अनमान था (ग्रामीण क्षेत्रा म 118 लाख ग्रीर नगरीय क्षेत्रा मे 38 साख), यह मत्याकन निम्नतम मान्य धावासीय स्तर की ग्रावश्यकतामा पर याधारित है। इस हे बलावा जलपूर्ति, नालिया ्र भौर पर्यावरणीय स्वास्थ्य सम्बन्धी जैसी प्रनिवार्यं मुविधाया की स्थिति सन्तोपजनक नहीं है क्यांकि निर्माण की दर जनसङ्या की वृद्धिका तुलना में बहत कम है यत मकाना की पिछली कभी वर्ष प्रतिवर्ष बढती जा रही है। 20 वर्षं का एक भावी कार्यक्रम तैयार करने का प्रस्ताव है उस समय तक प्रत्येक परिवार क निए एक रिहायशी मनान देना सम्भव हो जाना चाहिए। इसमें जनसंज्या को बृद्धि के कारण प्रतिपित्त परिवारों की प्रावसकतामां की पूर्वि के लिए पर्याप्त संज्या में मकानों का निर्माण करना, बेकार हो गए एहाएखी मकानों के स्थान पर नए मकान बनाना और मकानों के स्थान पर नए मकान बनाना और मकानों का मौजूदा पिछली कमी की पूरा करना अधिक होशा

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- 2. इस लक्ष्य की प्राप्ति का उद्देश्य यह है (1) उपर्युक्त के अनुसार प्रतिवस्य पे 7.5 लाख रिह्मवर्शी मकान बनामें के कार्यक्रम की प्रावस्थकता होगी—12.5 लाख रिह्मवर्शी मकान नगरीय क्षेत्रों में और 35 लाख मकान प्राप्तीय क्षेत्रों में और 10.000/— रूपर प्रति कमान की सामत की प्रीक्त क्या ग्रामीय क्षेत्रों में 4000 क्यंप्र प्रति मकान की सीमत के ग्रामान के व्यक्त प्रतास कार्या में कि मकान पर प्रतिवस्य कुल पूर्वी निवेश 2650 करोड़ रूपर होगी। इसके विनयरीय पर प्रतिवस्य विनयरीय सोकान के दिराम प्रतास पर पूर्वी की दर प्रतिवस्य 950 करोड़ रूपर होगी।
- 3. प्राचास के लिए निर्माण कार्यक्रम प्राचानों का प्रयोग इस प्रकार से होता चाहिए कि उतसे हमारे समाज के आप के डांचे की सकत मिले । अटा प्रयोक प्रधा वर्ग में महानों का निर्माण उस वर्ग में परिवारों की प्रीवादता के धनुसात के घनुसार होना चाहिए !
- 4. सार्वजनिक सेव द्वारा प्रवर्तित यावसील योजनाओं को निम्नालियत वाले में सुनिष्यत करना चाहिए (क) तामाधिक स्वातं में सुनिष्यत करना चाहिए (क) तामाधिक स्वातं सेवलाएं सन्तक के मुद्दान्त सामाधिक वर्ती का पोपण करें—िस्ती भी हालात में का व्यवस्था के लिए जिनकी हाया 100 स्वार् प्रतिस्था से परिवर्ण नहीं है और (ब) इन योजनाओं को इह प्रकार वनाया जाना साहिए कि सावाद सिंग्स अपन वर्गों की स्वाराण में सुनिष्य आप वर्गों की स्वाराण में नीतर आप वर्गों की स्वाराण के मीतर हों।

- मीजूदा प्लान योजनाएं जिनमें राज सहस्यता का श्रंथ है समाप्त कर दी जानी चाहिए ।
- 6. इस बात को सुनिष्चित करने के लिए कि जीवन बीमा निगम के ऋणों से प्रार्थिक दृष्टि से कमजीर वर्ग, निनन तथा मध्यम प्राय वर्ग के व्यक्तियों को बीजित सीमा तक लाभ पहुँचे राशि को बितरण के लिए हडकों को दे देना चाहिए।
- सभी आय वर्गों के लिए स्व निर्मित मकावों की धारणा को उपयुक्त महत्व दिए जाने की ग्रावश्यकता है।
- गरोवों के लिए आवास की समस्या हल करते वा सही मार्ग तस्ती मकातों के निर्माण के बरिए होगा । शहर में रह रहे गरोवों की आवासीय स्थिति मुधारने के लिए स्थल तथा तेश परियोजनाएं आरम्भ की जाती चाहिएं !
- प्रामीण क्षेत्रों में भूमिहोन मजदूरों को जित प्रकार स्वामित्व के प्रीधकार विष् गए हैं उसीप्रकार अनिधवासियों को उचित हक्क दिए जाने को प्रावश्यकता है ताकि निवासी मौजूबा गन्दी वस्तियों के सुधार में रुचि लें।
- 10. तीजूदा मकातों की मरम्मत तथा नवीकरण के लिए महाराष्ट्र सरकार द्वारा स्थापित बोर्ड के तरीके पर मरम्मत तथा युन्तिमीथ बोर्ड की स्थापना की सिफारिस की अति है।
- 11. ब्रामीण प्रावास के स्तर पर विचार करते समय नगरीय प्रावास की घरणा और मानकों को ग्रामीण व्यावास के खोने में न डावले की बारव्यक्ता पर विनेद ध्यान दिया जाना चाहिए ! ब्रामीण प्रावासीण स्तर मुख्यत्या पर्यावरणीय सुधार तथा स्थत तथा मेवा द्वारा की ब्रामीय मीवनार्थों की सुविधा प्रदान करने से प्राप्त किया जा स्कता है जिससे यज्ञान करने से प्रमु से जाभभीवियाँ है जिससे यज्ञान कर स्था में जाभभीवियाँ

द्वारा उसमें शामिल होने पर विवार किया जाना चाहिए । प्रामीण प्रादास के लिए भवत क स्तर तथा मानका म स्वानीय तीर पर उपतब्धा तथा धार प्रमोग म धान वानी भवन सामग्री जिनन पूत की छुँ। जामिल हैं, को मान्यता दी जाती चाहिए । प्रामीण ब्राबास के लिए कमरे र ब्राकार से सम्बन्धित मानक नागरीय क्षेत्र(न निम्न हार्ने 1

Written Answers

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- 12 संस्कार से सहायता मुख्यतवा तक्तीकी संशह, बादर्श मंकान तथा बादर्श ग्रामों का प्रदर्वन मुघरे हुए डिजाइन तया ले ग्राउट की व्यवस्था, स्पानीय सामग्री के प्रयोग से सर्म्बान्यत पाइनाट परीक्षण स्वेन्डिक यम पर माधारित सहरारी ब्रामीण कार्यत्रम का ग्रायाजन और कुछ सीमा सन विशेवकर हरिजना ग्रीर ग्रन्य पिछडे बर्गी क निए विसीय सहायना की व्यवस्था के इप प्र होनी चाहिए ।
- 13 रसके बादासण्ड ब्राधिक बतिविधि है। सहायक क्षेत्रा म प्राय और रोजगार . का सजन करने म एक व्यापक प्रभाव है। मत इस गतिविधि को एक उद्योग के हुए स सिरा जाना चाहिए श्रोर जा प्रात्साहन इस समय डोटन उद्योग को उनतन्य है नहीं हाथाम पर भी लाग किया जाना चाहिए।
 - 14 जीवन बीमा निगम द्वारा अपेक्स सहकारी गावास वित्त समितियों को साधना का नियनन धीरे धीरे बढावा जाए।
 - 15 भूमि को कमी के कारण हो रही कठिनाइयों को कम करन के लिए सार्वजनिक मधिकरण। को चाहिए कि वे विवसित भूमि वो सार्ववितक परिवहन से जुड़ी हुई हो, गर सरकारी व्यक्तिया को तथा सहरारी समितियों को उपनब्ध करायें।
 - 16 कि समानियतम भानुन के कारण भुम्बामियों द्वारा श्रावामीय क्षेत्र की उपेक्षा नी सनम्या को हल करने की दूष्टि से दल यह नुसाद देता है कि किरायेदारों को स्वामित्व

प्रधिकार दिए जाए मीरभूस्वामियों को अतिपृति ग्रदा को जाए जिसम फालत किराया/प्राय जो मरम्मतकी सागत से र्बाधक हो उचित रूप संपनी म परिणित कर उन्हें दी जाए। यह एक चरणवद कार्यक्रम है जो *मा*धर्नों की उपलब्धता पर निर्भर द्भारता ।

- 17 मानास के लिए अतिरिक्त साधनो को जटाने ने उपायों पर विचार करते हए बोनस ग्रदायगी ग्रधिनियम के ग्रन्तगंत शाने वाले कर्मवारियों से उन्हें घदा किए जाने वाले बोनम का 1/8 प्रश्रदान तेकर कर्मचारी बावास निधि का सजन करने के बारे में विचार किया जाए। इसमें से नुख्या प्रशासनिक व्ययों के लिए छाडकर शेव राणि ऐसे कर्म-चारियों के लिए मकानों के निर्माण हेत हडका के मुपूर्द कर दी जाए।
- 18. ग्रावास भ गैर सरकारी निर्मा-सामो द्वारा पुत्री का बढावा देने की दृष्टि स जाः बाईं सी को गैर सरकारी निर्माताया द्वारा किराया खरीद भाषार पर मनानो/ प्लंटा को विनो के लिए रेहन की इनसर्जिंग योजना वतानी चाहिए । योना योजना ने यह व्यवस्था हो कि जी० ग्राई० सी० किस्तो का एक्त करने के लिए खरीददारों से सीधे तौर पर सम्पर्क स्थापित करेगी धीर यह सवा फरने के लिए कुछ राभि वसल करेगी। इसके साथ बाबास विस में गौण रेहन मार्कीट के सजन की व्यवस्था की जाती चाहिए । ऐस बीमा किए ५ए रेहननामा पर भारतीय स्टेट बैंक को पुन दिस पोपण की मुदिधाए देनी चाहिएँ।
- 19 महानगर केन्द्रों के समीप स्थित इस उद्याग को उपयुश्त प्रोत्साहन देशर भवन निर्माण सामग्री का बढ़ावा दिए जाने की मावश्यकता है ! ब्रामीण क्षेत्रों में केन्द्रीय स्थानों पर ऐसे उद्योगों को लगाने पर भी विचार किया जाए ताकि प्रामीण क्षेत्रों की ब्रावक्यकतायां की पूर्वि हो ग्रीर ग्रामों मे आय और रोजगार में वृद्धि हो।

20. निर्माण प्रौद्योगिकी के क्षेत्र में अनुसन्धान ग्राँद विकास तथा सत्ती भवन निर्माण सामग्री के धानिष्कार को उच्च प्रावसिकता विद्यु जाने की आवश्यकता निर्माण प्रभिक्तरणों हारा अनुतन्धान के परिष्मामों के प्रयोग को बहुवा देने के जिए उपाय किए जाने की आवश्यकता है।

21. आवासीय कार्यक्रम के उचित हप से प्रवोधन तथा मूल्यांकर करने के लिए एक मुदुब सूचना केन्द्र के विकास करने की आवश्यकता है।

Quota of S.C. and S.T. in Government of India Press, Minto Road, New Delhi

3083. SHRI RAM PRASAD DESH-MUKHI; Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state whether the Reserved quots of S.C. and S.T. has been fulfilled in each grade in the Government Press, Minto Road if not, why?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): The reserved quota for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes candidates in each grade is filled as per relative points on the communal roster unless it becomes inescapable in a particular case due to non-availability of eligible candidates according to the requirements of the Recruitment Rules. Even in such cases, the vacancies are carried forward to the next recruitment years in accordance with the instructions on, the subject,

Application for opening Adult Education Centres at Night

3084. SHRI DHIRENDRA NATH BASU: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL-TURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that many Higher Secondary Schools and Primary Schools have applied to appropriate authorities for opening Adult Education Centres at night at their Schools;

- (b) whether the Government have granted their applications and released funds for opening Adult Education Centres; and
- (c) what action the present Central Government proposes to take to improve literacy in villages and what amount has so far been released for such purposes?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER); (a) No. Sir.

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) The Central Government has formulated the National Adult Education Programme to educate 100 million people in about five years. An armount of Rs. 200 crores has been earmarked for Adult Education during the medium term plan 1976—38. The Centre has rleased Rs, 338,73 lakhs 30 far under the following schemes:

Re. lakhs

- (ii) Non-formal Education Programme 18-90
- (iii) Grants to Voluntary Organisations in the Field of Adult Education . 50-78
- (iv) Grants to State Government for strengthening of Administrative Structures for Adult Education 11-16

Central Subsidy to States for opening Fair Price Shops

3085, SHRI S. S. SOMANI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state what is the Central subsidy given to each State for opening fair price shops during each of the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU

t 60

PRATAP SINGH Public distribution of foodgrains through the fair price/ration shops within the State is the responsibility of the State Government concerned The Central Government are at present meeting fully the demands of the State Governments for wheat and rice stocks required for their public distribution system. The wheat and rice which are being supp'ted to the State Governments at the Central Issue Price contain an element of subsidy Apart from that no financial assistance is given to the State Governments for opening fair price/ration shops during the last three years

Outstandings against Delhi Milk Scheme

3086 SHRI L L KAPOOR Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) details of outstandings other than security deposits which are due to the Delh Milk Scheme till to date indicating the names and addresses of debtors, amount due the amount outstanding against each, and
 - (b) steps taken to recover the outstandings?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINCH) (a) and (b) The required information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha

Damage to Paddy Crop due to Pests in Tamil Nadu

- u087 SHRI K MAYATHEVAR
 Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE
 AND IRRIGATION be pleased to
 state
- (a) whether Government are aware of the extensive destruction caused to paddy crops in areas like Sholavandan, Vadipatti, Aliagnaliur etc. in Madurai District (Tamii Nadui) by a cuscase called paddy cancer (known as Puhalyan in Tamil) and the utter

- ineffectiveness of the pesticides used so far.
- (b) whether Government of Tamil Nadu have requested for effective medicines to counter the menace,
- (e) whether Central Government have taken immediate action to arrange for supply of useful and effective medicines from foreign countries, and
- (d) if so particulars of action taken to save the farmers of Tamil Nadu from this scourge?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) About 8000 acres under paddy in these and some other vollages of Maduras District were affected by 'pugaiyan' (brown plant hopper) Government have not received any report that the pesticides used were ineffective

- (b) The State Government did not approach the Centre in the matter
- (c) In view of (b) above, the need for their import did not arise
- (d, As a result of treatment of the affected area with the required chemicals use of light traps and other measures it was possible to control the test effectively

Sukhtankar Committee on Drought Prone Areas in Maharastra

- 3088 DR BAPU KALDATE Will the Minister of ACRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 1178 replied on 24 778 regarding Sukhtankar Committee on drought prone areas in Maharashtra and state
- (a) whether the recommendations of the Sukhtankar Committee have been accepted, and

(b) if so, the details of these recommendations accepted by the Government?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHMI BHANU FRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b). The Committee was set-up by the Government of Maharashtra and details regarding recommendations accepted by the State Government are being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

Cheaper Building Material

3089. SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTHY: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION be nleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Government proposes to develop cheaper building material for low cost housing in collaboration with the Soviet Union:
- (b) if so, whether any agreement has been arrived at between the two Governments in this regard; and
- (c) if so, details thereof and the period likely to be taken in the development of the building materials industry in the country?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) It has been agreed for exchange of information and experience about development of building materials using local materials and industrial and agricultural waste for low cost housing.
 - (c) In the first instance, co-operation only in exchange of information on low cost building materials is envisaged.

Specific areas and the time limits of implementation of the above montioned cooperation is proposed to be identified during the visit of an Indian delegation in building materials indus-

3612 LS-6.

try to the Soviet Union in the first half of 1979.

Amar Colony Delhi

- 3090. SHRI DAJIBA DESAI: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABI-LITATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether "Amar Colony" in ward No. 37 has totally been ignored by Municipal Corporation of Delhi with regard to construction of Roads, drains etc. whereas in other colonies of this ward the said works have already been carried out; and
- (b) the time by which work will be carried out in Amar Colony?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) This Colony was originally considered to fall in the rural area of ward No. 37. But now it has been included in the list of unauthorised colonies. According to the MCD, provision of base amenities to such unauthorised colonies, including Amar Colony, is being taken up in a phased programme depending on the availability of runds.

Narmada Water Dispute

3091, SHRI F. P. GAEKWAD: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that all the four States concerned in the sharing of Waters of Narmada river have sought clarifications from the Narmada Waters Dispute Tribunal;
- (b) if so, major points of clarifications sought by each of these four States;
- (c) is there any time limit prescribed under the relevant Act, for disposing of these clarifications by the Tribunal; and

(d) What is the last date for final publication of the award in the Offieral Gazetta?

THE DUNISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SURI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) Yes, Sur

(b) Major points on which clarifications have been sought by the States are as below —

I Madhya Pradesh

(1) Full Reservoir Level of Sardar Samuar.

(u) share of power of Sardar Sarovar and allocation of cost, and (ut) share of cost of Narmada Sagar

II Grentirat

- Full Reservoir Lovel of Sardar Sarovar;
- (u) share of power of Sardar Sarovar and allocation of cost, and
- (iii) share of power on Narmada Sagar

III Maharashtra

Share of power on Sardar Saroyar and allocation of cost

IV Rejecthen

Use of Make Water in Gujarat,

- (c) No Sir
- id) The decision of the Tribunal will be published in the Official Gazette after the Further Report of the Tribunal has been received.

मृति नुधारों सम्बन्धी परामराँदाजी समिति

3092. श्री धनुना प्रसाद मास्त्री : क्वा इति प्रीर सिवाई मधी यह बताने की जुना करने कि

(क) क्या केन्द्र सरकार ने 1975 में भूमि सुधारों के सबस म एक परानर्शदात्री समिति निवृत्त की थी,

- (य) यदि हा, यो क्या उपन समिति में रेल स स्तेक राज्या की याता की यी और पूर्ति की धिकतम सीमा अध्यो कानुसा के कार्यावयन, जम कीचा, यह यह प्रवीदारी दारा सम्म हुजरी एकड व्यक्ति के किया प्री यूने निर्दिपया भीर क्योंने के हुतनुकरा के बारे य तहकासीन हुन्दि और सिमाई मही के स्वारत प्रवासीन हुन्दि और
- (ग) यदि हा, तो सरकार द्वारा अब विक उस प्रतिवेदन पर क्या कार्यवाही की कई है ?

कृषि और सिवाई मत्रात्तव में राज्य मत्री (को मान प्रताप सिंह) (क) जी नहीं ।

(छ) धीर (ग). प्रश्न ही नही होता ।

Amount Recoverable from DGS&D

5000 SHRI O V ALAGESAN WILL the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

- (a) what is the outstanding amount to be recovered by DGS&D from various Government companies, Corporations, State Electricity Boards towards procurement of stores on their behalf.
- (b) whether penal interest at 12 per cent is strictly charged on all the parties for late payments, and
- (c) if so the amount of penal utterest realised from the defaulting parties?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND THE HABILITATION (SHIII STRANDAR PARABLE TAKEN) (a) According to the latest wariable figures of outstandings on 18 E 1978 in respect of claims raised upto 30 of 78, RS 5 99 crore are recoverable from State Electricity Starts and Covernment Companies/Corporations towards procurement of stores on the roball

(b) and (c). Penal interest has been recovered only in a few cases, and no separate record of such recovery has been kept. Doubts have been raised whether, in the light of the provisions of the General Financial Rules, the levy of such ' penal interest would be legally valid. The question is under examination.

Representation from Krantikari Kisan Sangh, Dhanbad against F.C.I.

3094. SHRI A. K. ROY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the representation of Krantikari Kisan Sangh, Dhanbad, Bihar, dated 21-10-78 on the policy of the local F.C.I. management about the villages has been received; and
- (b) if so, facts in details and the steps taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) According to the representation:
- (i) the final payment of compensation should be made to those whose lands have been taken over for construction of godowns by the F.C.I. at Barmesia village:
- (ii) the F.C.I. should employ 60 per cent of the staff from the local village in service in the godowns:
- (iii) for selection of staff to be recruited, a Board should be constituted which should have 60 per cent of the local representatives;
- (iv) those of the 8 ladies whose services have been terminated should be re-instated and made regular; and
- (v) the names of the 60 per cent of the local people who have to be taken in service by the FCI should be obtained from the Krantikari Kisan Sangh, Dhanbad.

STEPS TAKEN THEREON

- (i) Full amount of compensation under the existing rules has already been paid.
- (ii) It is not possible to give an assurance that 60 per cent of the staff to be recruited in future in Dhanbad would be from the local village only. However for godown operations requiring manual labour eligible residents from this village will be given due consideration.
- (iii) Constitution of Board for recruitment of candidates as proposed is not provided for under the existing rules.
- (iv) Service of no regular employee has been terminated at Dhanbad by the Food Corporation of India.
- (v) In view of the answer to subpara (ii) and (iii) above, this is not possible.

Abolition of Private Contractors system by F.C.I.

3095, SHRI P. K. KODIYAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Cover and Plinth (CAP) food storages all over the country have been managed by private contractors for F.C.I.;
 - (b) if so, on what terms: and
- (c) whether Government have proposal under consideration to abolish the private contractors system from this field?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND TRRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) No. Sir.

(b) and (e). Do not arise.

विदिशा जिले में मरम्मत कार्य

3096, श्री हुकम चन्द कठवाथ: स्वा शिक्षा, समाज कस्याम भीर सस्कृति मदी गुप्त कातीन मनिर्दा के रख-रखाब के वारे म 3 ग्रमंत, 1978 के ग्रताराकित प्रभा सब्या 5305 के उत्तर क सबध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

- (क) मध्य प्रदेश म बिदिशा जिले म 1975-76, 1976-77 थीर 1977-78 84,811 67 और 41,314 83 की राशि पर प्रत्येक डेकेटार द्वारा दित मकार की मस्मात का काय किया गया और क्या केला देने से पूर्व टेक्टर मारी गये के थीर यदि हा तो निन किन पार्टियों ने कितनी राशि मध्ये और क्या कुछ कार्य विभागीय तौर पर मी किया गया था पर्टिया परि हा, तो किम मक्षर का और स्परा समाल की पर्दीद भी विभाग द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो चिमाज द्वारा की गई थी और यदि हा तो
 - (व) वया मुजकालीन मन्दिरों तथा एतिहासिक स्मास्त्रों पर इतना मारी व्यव कभी नहीं किया जाय और त्यानीच स्रीक्ता-रिया द्वारा जमें बहुत बढ़ा चढ़ा कर दियाना नवा और व्यव्हित तो क्या सरकार का विचार सरे सामसों की जाव करके का है और, यदि नहीं, ती जस के कमा कारण है ?

सिक्षा, समाज कन्याण तथा सर्कृति मत्रों (त्रां मत्राय चन्द्र चन्द्र): (क्) 1975-76, 1976-77 घीर 1977-78, के दौरान देकेवारी को एंडबी के माध्यम से कोई भारवनात्मक मुस्मत, का कार्य नहीं कराया गया। निस्तित व्यान, निमानीय कोर् पर की गई सरवनात्मक मरम्मत कोर स्वारकों के शांपिक मरस्मा तथा रख- रखाव पर किया गया था। मरम्मत के कार्यों म जालीदार लोहे के दरवाजा, लोहे के घटरा, बाड लगाना, भार० सी० सी० का इ)र महप चवतर का जीणींद्वार, स्थल से मलवा इरान धारि की व्यवस्था महिमलित है। इन मरम्मन जावीं के लिया प्रपेक्षित विभिन्न प्रकार का सामान जैसे - इटें. राडी, पत्थर, लोहा, रेती, चुना, सीमट, लोहे की छड़ें, लाह क शदर, पत्यर के शहतीर द्यादि, वर्ष 1975-76 1976-77 भीर 1977-78 दौरात ऋषधा ₹0 4.758. रुः 28,581 ग्रोर रः 11,595 की क्ल लागत राजि से सामान्य ऋय नियमा की ध्यान म रखत हुए विभागीय स्तर पर खरीदा गया था। इन नियमा ने अन्तर्गत जब विसी एक वस्त का मल्य ६० 5000 से ग्रधिक हो जाता है तब टेंडर ग्रामन्त्रित करना ग्रपेक्षित होता है ।

(ख) जी, नहीं । प्रश्त ही नहा उठता ।

केन्द्रीथ समाज कस्थाण बोड हारा महाराष्ट्र को सहाथता

3097. श्री हरि शकर महाले : वया शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण तथा संस्कृति मती यह बताने की न्या करेगे कि

- (क) वेन्द्र सरकार ने कन्द्रीय समाज कत्याण बोर्ड को वर्ष 1976 से 1978 के दौरान कितनी निधिया दी और वंगा उन का उचित उपयोग हुआ, धौर
- (ख) इस वोर्ड ने इस भवधि भ महाराष्ट्र का दितनी सहायता दी और कौन से कायश्रम शुरू किये ग्रयवा शुरू किये जाने हें?

धिक्षा, समाज कल्याच तथा सश्कृति मत्तक्षय, में राज्य मत्री (श्रीमती रेणुका देवी बरकटकी) (क) 1976-77 ग्रीर 1977-78 के दोरान केंद्रीय समाज कल्याण बोर्ड को

409	Witten Answers Additional Answers
'को दी	गई ग्रीर उनके द्वारा उपयोग की गई धनरात्रि निम्नलिखित है :—

	1976-77	रुपये	' लाखों में	1977-78
~	दी गई राशि	उपयोग की गई राशि	दी गई शशि	उपयोग की गई राशि
	472.58	462.68	574.	96 *583.97
	' * इसमें अग्रनीत	ग्रीर उपयोग की गई 197	7-78 में 9,23 लाख	रुपयेकी उपयोग न

की गई वकाया राशि शामिल है।

(ख) जानकारी संबंधन विवरण में की बही है।

	,					
		विवरण				
-ऋ⇒ स०	भहाराष्ट्र द्वारा	1976-77 गौर 1977-78	केन्द्रीय	समाज	कल्याध	वोर्ड

कःस० महाराष्ट्रद्वारा मेंकियान्विस	1976 77 और 1977 78 कार्यक्रम	केन्द्रीय समाज दीगई	
		1976~77	1977-78

i. सामान्य सहायक अनुदान 1--पोजनी सबिध अनुदान

2--एक वर्षीय चत्दान 3--- ग्रवका ग गिविर

4---महिला मंडल ५--- डब्ल्य० ई०पी० (सी०डी०)

6-समेक्ति स्कल पूर्व परियोजनाएं (यु॰एन) फोस्टर-कयर

प्रवर्शन परियोजनाएं (नालवाडियां 7---डब्ल्ब॰ ई॰ पी० (शहरी)

8—श्रमजीवी महिलायों के लिएहोस्टल ii परिवार एंव वाल कत्थारा परियोजनाएं

iii संक्षिप्त पाठग्रकक

iv सामाजिक-ग्राधिक कार्यंक्रम

· अन्य कार्यंकम समाज कल्यारा विभाग का वजट पोवाहार कार्येक्रम . 2. शिशु-केन्द्र

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Guidelines and Central Aid for Land Reforms

2008 STREET GRIDHAR GOMANGO Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to etate

- (a) whether his Ministry issued guidelries and asked the States implement the Land Reform.
- (b) if so the guidelines thereof and the States who implemented so far the laws to get surply lands for distribution
- (c) money provided for land Re. form by the Centre and the States for the year 1978 79. State wise, and
- (d) the objectives of Land Reform achiereda

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) The National Guidelines formulated in 1972 contain the principles of ceiling legislation. As far as tenancy is concerned, the policy is that (1) rent should not exceed one fourth to one fifth of the gross produce (u) the right of resumption except by land owners suffering from specified disabilities should be terminated and (iii) the actual tiller should be made the owner of the land State Governments are being urged from time to time to take measures for succeer realisation of land reform objectives

- (b) The Guidelines on land cerlings suggest among other things, that
 - (i) the holding should not consist of more than 10-18 acres of the best category of land viz, land with assured unigation and capable of yielding at least two crops a year.
 - (it) the ceiling for land of infotror quality may be higher but it should in no case exceed 54 acres,
 - (in) the ceiling should apply to a family unit of five members and where the size of the family is larser, additional land may be allowed

- for each member of the family in excess of five so however that the total area held by the family does not exceed twice the ceiling limit,
- (1v) 'family' for purposes of the ceiling law, may be defined to include the husband, the wafe, and minor children.
- (v) land under tea, coffee, rubber, cardamam and coca should not be subject to ceilings.
- (vi) private trusts should not be allowed to hold land in excess of the ceiling, and
- (va) priority in the allotment of cerling-surplus land should be given to landless agricultural workers. particularly to those belonging - to the Scheduled Trabes and Scheduled ("botos

Most of the States have enacted laws broadly in conformity with the National Guidelines

(c) The State Governments make Plan and non-Plan provisions in their budgets for administration of land reform programmes So far as the Government of India is concerned, it provides assistance to State Govern ments in the shape of grants and loans for enabling the allottees of ceiling-surplus land to take to productive agriculture, meeting essential consumption expenditure, and developing the allotted land. The current year's budget provision for the purpose is Rs. 15 crores

(d) So far an area of 15 7 lakh acres of ceiling-surplus land has been distributed among 10 55 lakh landless families

Godowns for Fertilizers

- 3099 SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION - be pleased to state
- (a) whether we are having separate godowns in the country for placing fertilizers, and

(b) if so, the capacity of these godowns?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION ' (SHRI BANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) The storage capacity; for stocking of Fertilisers varies from time to time. The capacity at the disposal of Food Corporation of India for imported fertilisers in various States ending September, 1978 was 19.78 lakh tonnes approximately.

The godown capacity for imported fertilisers reserved/hired by I.P.L. was 2.10 lakh tonnes approximately as on 1.11.78.

Domestic industry as on 1.4.78 had a total storage capacity for indigenous fertilisers to the extent of 15.08 lakh tonnes including siles at the plants.

Reservation for Handicapped Persons

3100. SHRT AGHAN SINGH .

PARMAR:

THAKUR: SHRI CHATTIRBHILL SHRI NATVERLAL B.

Will the Minister of EDUCATION.

SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

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- (a) whether it is a fact that S.C./ S.T. and physically handicapped persons are provided reservations of posts in Government jobs:
- (b) if so the details of the reservations provided to SC/ST and physically handicapped persons in all categories of posts;
- (c) the reasons for not providing any reservations quota to handicapped persons in Class I and II posts; and
- (d) whether it is also a fact that physically handicapped persons are not given any reservation quota in promotion if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) A statement giving the requisite information is attached.
- (c) and (d). The Government proposes to experiment with reservations for physically handicapped people in groups. 'C' and 'D' posts before considering the question of extending their scope.

Statement

Reservations for Scheduled Costes, Scheduled Tribes and the Physically Handicapped.

Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes

Percentage of reseavations Scheduled Casts Scheduled Tribes

(1) In direct recruitment on an all India basis by 15% open competition (i.e. through the U.P.S.C or by means of competitive test held by any other community). (2) In direct recruitment on all India Basis other- 16 1%

- wise than at (1) above.
- (3) In direct recruitment to class III & IV posts According to the proportion of population which normally attract candidates from a of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled locality or region.

 Tribes in the respective States
 - according to 1971 Census

71%

71%

Three per cent in groups 'C' and 'D' posts/ services and comparable posts in centrally controlled public sector undertakings.

Physically Handicapped

Central Subsidy given to Tamilnadu for opening Fair Price Shops

3101 SHRI A ASOKARAJ: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) what is the Central subsidy given to Tamil Nadu for opening Fair Price Shops during the last three years; and
- (b) what steps have been taken by the Central Government to expand the Public Distribution system in the State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) The distribution of foodgrains through the fair price! ration shops within a State is the responsibility of the State Government concerned The Central Government are at present meeting fully the demands of the State Governments for wheat and rice stocks required for their public distribution system. Wheat and rice which are being supplied to the State Governments at the Central Issue Price contain an element of subsidy. Apart from that, no financial assistance has been given to the Government of Tarnil Nadu for opening fair price/ration shops during the last three years

(b) The State Governments, cluding the Govt. of Tamil Nadu, have been requested to open more fair price/ration shops so as to make foodgrains available closer to the doors of the consumers The Government of Tamil Nadu have reported that they

have taken a policy decision to open fair price shops in each revenue village and to convert existing retail outlets into multi-purpose shops.

- 'दिल्लो दम्ब योजना में घाटा

3102 भी गंगा भगत सिंह . क्या कृषि भीर सिचाई मंत्री यह दताने की कृपा करेगे Εr.

- (क) क्या दूध के मूल्य में वृद्धि के किये जाने के जपरान्त भी दिल्लीों दुग्ध योजना घाटे मे चल रही है भौर पदि हातों वर्ष 1976-77, 1977-78 तथा 1-4-1978 से 30-9-78 तक दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना को कुल कितना पाटा हमा है
- (ख) इस निरन्तर हो रहे घाटे के क्या कारण है बौर इसे कम करने के लिए क्या कदम उठाये गये हैं ?
- (ग) क्या दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना ,के प्रशासनिक डाचे में कोई परिवर्तन करने भा प्रस्तान सरकार के विचाराधीन है : धीर
- (घ) यदि हा, तो यह परिवर्तन कव तक किये जाने की भाशा है

कृषि ग्रीर सिचाई मंत्रासय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री भान प्रताप सिष्ठ) (क) वर्ष 1976-77, 1977-78 तथा 1-4-78 से 30-9-78 तक की भवधि के दौरान दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना को हुई हानि की राशि नीचे दी गई है .--

ਰਹੰ

हानि की राशि (लाख रुपयों में)

1976-77 .

1977-78

636.48

🔭 683 24 (इसमे ब्याज, मूल्यह्वास तथा वेखा परीक्षा के मूल्य शामिल नहीं है।

• ---- बनुमानितं

हानि की राशि (बाख रुपयों में)

1-4-78 से 30-9-78 तक

66.94 (इसमें ब्याज, मृत्यह्नास तथा लेखा परीक्षा के मृत्य चामित नहीं हैं) अनु-मानित । मृत्यों में बृद्धि 2-5-78 सं लागू की गई थी। इससे दिल्ली दुश्य योजना को अपने हानि के स्तर की घटाने में सहासता मिली।

. (ख) इस हानि से जारी रहने का मुख्य कारण यह है कि दुग्धोत्पादन पर प्राने वाली लागत की तुलना में विकथ मूल्य अब भी कम है ।

दिल्ली दुष्य योजना की पुनर्गठित प्रबंध समिति कई ऐसे कदम उठा रही है जिन को लक्ष्य क्षमता में भुधार जाना तथा हानि और प्रचातन व्यस्त को कम से कम करना है। इन उपायों में केन्द्रीय डेरी का बड़े पैमाने पर नवीकरण करना भी ज्ञामिन है जिस का कार्य राष्ट्रीय डेरी विकास वोर्ड द्वारा किये जाने की आवा है।

(ग) ब्रीर (घ), दिल्ली दुख योज न को एक निगम में बदलने का प्रस्ताव विचाराधीन है ब्रीर प्रावा है कि इस संबंध में एक विदेवक बीड़्स ही संसद् में पेश किया जाएगा।

Refugees in India

3103. SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING & SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the approximate number of refugees that are now living here and there in the State of West Bengal;
 and
- (b) whether the Ministry have any scheme to resettle them (refugees) either in the Dandakaranya resettlement areas or elsewhere?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) and (b). The total number of displaced persons from former East Pakistan who came over to India after pertition is as follows:

- (i) Old migrants (upto 31.3.1958)—41.17 lakhs.
- (ii) New migrants (1.1.1964 to 25.3.1971)—11.14 lakhs.

Out of 41.17 lakh old migrants (8.23 lakh families) about 31.32 lakh persons (6.23 lakh families) at yaved on in West Bengal. About 5,23 lakh families of the shellistion sesistance, as eligible, upto March, 1975. About 0,94 lakh families did not seek any rebabilitation assistance. About 0.11 lakh families remained in P.L. Homes and Squatters' colonies in West Bengal. The remaining 1.95 lakh families were rebabilitated in States other than West Bengal under several schemes in agriculture, small trade, business, employment etc.

Out of 11.14 lakh new migrants, 6 lakh persons stayed on in West Bengal and were not eligible for schabilitation since it was decided; by Covernment that only those families who moved outside West Bengal will be given such benefit. Some families did not register themselves in Relief/Transit Camps on left Camps on their own and were thus not eligible for relabilitation. The number of families that utilimately sought rehabilitosion was 73,886. Of these 62,318 families have

been rehabilitated in different States

There are about 9,198 families in Karmi Shibira and work site campa in Dandakaranya and in the States of Andhra Pradesh. Uttar Pradesh. Bihar and Madhya Pradesh (on the assumption that all deserters will return) who are yet to be rehabilitated All these families are programmed for rehabilitation mostly in Dandakaranya or in the other States in which they were to be settled

Dilanidated condition of old mosque at village Dabhol in Ratnagiri District

- 3104 SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARU-LEKAR Will the Minister of EDU-CATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 1077 on 21st November, 1977 re dila pidated condition of old mosque at village Dabhol in Rathaguri. District and state
- (a) the details of special repairs made to the mosque by the end of March, 1977 and the amount spent on the repairs.
- (b) if repairs are not made reasons for the same, and
- (c) whether Government propose to spend any amount for special repairs of the Mosque at Dabhol in Ratnagura district in Maharashtra by the end of March, 1979 and if so, what amount?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE

PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-(DR DER) (a) to (c) No work by way of special repairs to this mosque was done upto March 1977 Subsequent to that an amount of Rs. 3058/- has been spent on repairs and maintenance and a further programme of repairs estimated to cost Rs 10.000/- is in progress

Presentation of Indian Art Objects Abroad

- 3105 SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARU LEKAR Will the Minister of EDU-CATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state
- (a) whether any Indian Art objects were presented abroad in last 17 months.
 - (b) if so, the particulars thereof;
- (c) if not, the reasons for the same; and
- (d) Whether Government propose to present Indian Art objects abroad in the near fiture?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) to (d) Objects of Indian art are presented to institutions foreign countries as a part of our international cultural relations programme. A statement showing objects given during the last 17 months is enclosed. Such presents are made on suitable occasions

Clamcal, folk and Child-

ren Mone.

\$ta	tem	ent

Si No. Country	Institution In	ems of art objects	Arrount Rs.
1 2	3	+	5
ı Chile a İraq	 For Exhibitions & Presentation Institute of Fine Arts in Baghd 	C. CI ZCAD	287-83
	and the purpose of	ad A set of records of Indian	1600.00

τ	2	3 4	5
3	Jamaica	. Radha Krishna Temple . Idols of Lord Krishna and Radha.	2400.00
4	Peru	. For Exhibition , One set of dolls ,	131-72
5	Rome	School of Choral Singing for L. P. Records Children at Bolagra.	40.10
6	Spain	. Murican Museum in Madrid , One set of Indian dolls ,	200.00
7	Sri Lanka	. Hindu Ladies College . One set of Musical Instru- ments.	atte-co
8	Surinam	. Gandhi Youth Organisations . One set of Musical Instru- ments,	52cc-(0)
9	Syria	, (a) For presentation to Institu- tion. One set of Musical Instru- ments,	1736-61-
		(b) For Presentation to Schools Dolls & Cultural Organisation in Syria.	219.12
	-31	(c) For presentation to dignituries 12 L. P. Records .	516.00
10	U.A.E.	For presentation to a famous A set of Tabla artist in Local Radio & T.V.	294.25
11	U.K.	Glassgow art Centre . Musical Instruments	1605.00
Dut of	olle mus	tment of Government (b) Nil.	
		amadation	

accommodation

3106. SHRI DAYA RAM SHAKYA: Will the Minister of WORKS HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) total number of Government servants who applied for Government accommodation out of turn on the grounds that their houses have been damaged in the recent floods either by themselves or by their family members:
- (b) how many of these have been provided accommodation on ad-hoc basis:
- (c) number of such applications which were received through M.Ps; and
- (d) how many of them have been sanctioned?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) 10.

- (c) 5,
- (d) Nil.

मेरठ में गन्ने का महय

3107. भी द्वाराम शाक्य : क्या फ्रिय धीर सिचाई मंदी यह बताते की छपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या उत्तर प्रदेश के मेरठ जिले में किसानों को कसर पर अपने गन्ने के लिए केवल 4 रुपये से 5 रुपये प्रति निवटल मृत्य मिल रहा है जो यहां तक कि उत्पादक लागत से भी कम है; ग्रौर
- (ख) यदि हां, तो सरकार इस सम्बन्ध में क्या कार्यवाही कर री है ?

कृषि और सिवाई मंत्रालय से राज्य संत्री (अभी मानुप्रताप सिंह): (क) और (ख) केन्द्रीय सरकार ने गन्ने का साविधिक -स्यानतम मत्य 8.5 प्रतिशत की वसूली पर

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10 रु॰ प्रति निकटल निर्धारित किया है ग्रीर किसी भी निर्वातपाल चीनी फैक्टरी को इस मत्य से कम मत्य पर गर्ने देघने काप्रधन हो नही चठता। जहां तक छोटै पैमाने और धनगठित क्षेत्र के निजी ऋचरी का सबध है केन्द्रोब सरकार द्वारा गर्ज के मल्य पर कोई नियवण नहीं रखा जाता है।

Legislation regarding Sandal Wood possession and Transit Rules

3108 SHRI A ASOKARAJ Will tite Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Tamil Nadu Government have urged the Centarl Govern ment to prevail upon the concerned State Governments to enact suitable legislation regarding sandalwood possession and transit rules and

(b) if so Government's reaction thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) Yes Sir

(b) The Government of India nave drafted a revised Indian Forest Act to replace the Indian Porest Act of 1927, in which a special chapter has been included entitled 'Of Special Provi-sions relating to Sandalwood' The draft has been forwarded to the States for comments The Central Board of Porestry in its recent meeting held on 10th and 11th November, 1978, have recommended that a Sub-Commuttee be formed to scrutinuse the comments received from various States and given it a final shape

Housing Plans

3109 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM. Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) how many new houses have been constructed in the country dur ing the last three years,

- (b) what are the future plans of the Central Government to increa e housing in the country and at what expenditure, and
- (c) will the Government follow the policy of bigger buildings on lesser lands or smaller buildings on more Innd*

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDER BAICHT) (a) Housing is a State subject The Central Government do not have information regarding number of houses constructed by the State Governments during the last three years.

- (b) According to our estimates it will be necessary to construct 475 million dwelling units annually to provide a house to each household in a time frame of 20 years. The highlights or the proposed future programme in the held of housing are -
 - 1 Adoption of housing programuse aimed at clearing the backlog and meeting the additional demand due to population growth and teplacement of unusable houses
 - 2 Restricting utilisation of public funds to lower meome households so that large number of dwelling units are constructed with resources allocated to this sector
 - 3 Provision of incentives to the private sector for taking up housing on a large scale

An outlay of Rs. 1538 crores, including Rs 500 crores exclusively for rural housing has been earmarked in the draft Five Year Plan (1978-83) This is two and half (21) times more than the allocation made in the last Plan

(c) The policy of bigger building on lesser lands or smaller buildings on more land depends on the location and the availability of land

Justification in fixing minimum Sugarcane Price

- 3110 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM-Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) what is the justification in fixing the minimum sugarcane price at Rs 10 per quintal:
- (b) will the sugarcane growers not suffer heavily while selling sugarcane at this price; and
- (c) if Sugarcane is to fetch this un-remunerative price then in future the farmers may refrain from producing sugarcane; whether Government have considered this aspect while fixing minimum price of sugarcane?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). The Central Government fixes the statutory minimum price of sugarcane payable by sugar factories during the sugar season under Clause 3 of the Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1966. Clause 3 stipulates that the Central Government may after consultation with the State Authorities, bodies or associations as it may deem fit by notification in the Official Gazette from time to time fixing the minimum price of sugarcane to be paid by producers of sugar or their agents for the sugarcane purchased by them having regard to:
 - (a) cost of production of sugarcane.
- . (b) the return to the growers fromalternative crops and general trend of price of agricultural commodities:
 - (c) the availability of sugar the consumers at fair price;
 - (d) the price at which sugar produced from sugarcane is sold by producers of sugar; and
 - (e) recovery of sugar from sugarcane.

The statutory minimum cane price at Rs. 10 per otl. for 8.5 per cent recovery has been fixed for the sugar year 1978-79 after taking into consideration all the factors enumerated above. This was the cane price recommended by Agricultural Prices Commission also and was considered reasonable and remunerative and has been evolved to ensure that woils the cultivator would be getting a reasonable price for his cane, it will also be within the capacity of the sugar mills to pay off the cane dues expeditiously. This measure by 'itself should not adversely affect either the cane cultivation or the sugar industry. On the contrary it should bring about a better balance between the supply and demand for sugarcane. In addition to this 50 per cent of the excess realisation is also payable by the factories under Clause 5A of the Sugar-

cane (Control) Order to the growers. Opening of new Universities

- 3111. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM-'Will- the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:
 - (a) whether Government are considering opening of new Universities in certain parts of the country;
- (b) if so, which are those new Universities and at what places; and
- (c) how much total expenditure is likely to be sanctioned for opening new Universities in the country?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER); (a) to (c). There is no proposal under consideration of the Central Government for establishing a new University in any part of the country. The question of sanctioning any expenditure for the purpose by, the Central Government does not, therefore, arise.

The State Governments are competent to establish new Universities. According to information available,

the Government of Andhra Pradech is considering the establishment of a new University at Anantapur and the Government of Uttar Pradesh as considering a new University for Varanasi Division Similarly, Union Territory Administrations of Goa and Pondicherry have suggested the establishment of new Universities in their territories, but these proposals have not so far been finalised

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Pending cases of Government Employed D P.s, pending in Maharashtra for want of Settlement of Claims

3112 SHRI R K MHALGI Wall the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABIL! TATION be pleased to state

- (a) number of cases pending as on 31st October, 1978 from State of Maharashtra of displaced persons from former West Pakistan now Pakistan who were Government ser vants and servants in local bodies there regarding the payment of claims with respect of pension, provident fund, leave salary and security deposits
- (b) what is the break up of pending cases of more than fifteen years. more than ten years more than five years, more than three years and others,
- (c) the general and social reasons of delay, and
- (d) what measures are being adopted and proposed to be taken in near future for verification and payment of the claums?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Separate State-wise statistics of such cases are not maintained However, the total number of such claims pending as on 31-10-1978 was 9 382
- (b) All the pending cases are more than fifteen years old as the last date

for registration of such claims was 30-9-1956.

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- (c) These claims are pending for want of vertification by the Government of Pakistan
- (d) After resumption of diplomatic relations between India and Pakistan in 1976, efforts are being made to have these claims verified.

Proposal for writing History of Struggle to fight Emergency

3113 SHRI R K MHALGI Will the Minister of EDUCATION. 50. CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have any proposal under their consideration to write the History of the struggle to fight the Emergency of 1975, and
 - (b) if sn. the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA DER) (a) No. Sir

(h) Does not arise

Benefits and Facilities to Employees of State Social Welfare Boards

3114 SHRIRK, MHALGI Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government have written to State Governments to assess the amount of money they will have to pay if the benefits and facilities like pension, gratuity provident fund, medical facilities etc are extended to the employees of the State Social Wel fare Boards.
- (b) if so, when and what is the response, especially from the States of Maharashtra and Gujarat, and
- (c) if there is no response, whether Central Government have brought at to the notice of concerned States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE TN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) Yes. Sir. As a result of numerous representations received, the Central Government have decided to meet 50 per cent expenditure which might be incurred on extension of pension/gratuity benefits to the employees of the State Boards and the State Governments have been requested also to examine urgently and agree to extend pension/retirement benefits etc. to the State Boards employees.

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- (b) Most of the State Governments have informed that the matter is under their consideration. No replies have been received from the Governments of Maharashtra and Gujarat.
- (c) The matter is being pursued, Traigation Schemes Sanctioned for

Karnataka - 3115. SHRI JANARDHANA POO-JARY: Will the Minister of AGRI- CULTURE AND IRRIGATION ba pleased to state:

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- (a) the details of the Irrigation Schemes sanctioned by the Central Water Commission in Karnataka during the last five years:
- (b) the details of the work done uptodate on these irrigation schemes: hre
- (c) total area that will be irrigated by these irrigation echemes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANII PRATAP SINGH): (a) and (b), One major and 13 medium Irrigation Schemes were approved by the Planning Commission during the last ave years (1974-78) in Karnataka, Details are given in the attached statement.

(c) These Schemes, on their completion, will provide irrigation to an area of 2.55 lakh hectares.

	De	States tails of Irri	neur galion Schemes	
Name of Scheme	Estimated Area Expenditure cost. benefitted incurred (Ra. erores) ('ooo' ha), upto March, 1978 (Rs. erores).		Remarks	
ı	2	3	4	5
Major: t. Ghattaprabba Stage-III. Midium:	90-54	197-00	Ghand and have initi	on the construction of taprabha right bank canal Chikodi Branch Canal been talen up in the al reaches. The turnel is and construction of educts are in progress.
r. Chitwadgi	0*40	1.00	0-40 Project	completed.
2. Teetha Reservoir.	r•80	1-10	0.26 Prelimir	ary works are in progress.

3 Chalkmals.	3 &	1 00	o 60 Preliminary works are in pro- gress
4 Amarja	a 7º	8 90	0 50 , man & to error an back
g Sandapar Tank	1 40	1 40	o 64 Works are in progress.
6 Upper Vallamarı	3 ∞	3 20	o 50 Preliminary works are in pro- gress
7 Masionala	3 14	2 14	o 55 Preliminary works are in pro- gress
8 Hirehalla Tank	6 3>	90 3	Preluminary weeks since taken in hand
g Impro cments to RB HLC of Tungabhadra Pro ect	1 29	6 ∞	Preliminary world since taken in hand
 Improvements to RB power canal and low level canal of Tunga bhadra Pro ect. 	4 16	8 00	Preliminary works since taken in hand
11 Upper Hirchalla	1 91	1 90	Nork yet to start
12 Gandonnala.	7 71	8 10	li ork yet to start.
13 Voorapar Tank	3 8 ₂	4 40	Work yet to start.
Compensation to the D Labourers killed in Colla ing in Delhi	pse of Bu		(d) whether reasonable amount of compensation will be paid soon to the dependents of the labourers killed and
3116 SHRI YUVRAJ Minister of WORKS AN AND SUPPLY AND R	n HOUS	ING	(e) if so how much and when?
TIO'S to pieaced to state (a) whether a sum of Rs. 1000/- cach was pead by way of compensa tens to the dependents of the labourers had of when the hulding of Anand Hoe in Chunamadh, Pahargany which was under construction, had collapsed			THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Rs. 1000 were sauctuned to the dependents of each decreased but so far only one person had all the supplements of the control
(b) Whether large so	.]		(b) No Sir
(b) whether large scale unauthorised constructions are going on now a days the high earth which is the construction of Anand Hotel (c) whether it is necessary to de-			(c) The remaining portion of the Anand Hotel has been got inspected and has not been found in a danger- ous condition at present. The portion found im authorised will be demu-
molish immediately portion of the above it is unauthorised and	the ren	aining	lished as per decision of the Court. The case regarding the aforesaid construction is pending in the Court.

DECEMBER 12, 1978

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Written Auswers

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(d) and (e), As at (a) above. The Corporation is not under any legal obligation to pay compensation to the private labourers but Rs. 1000 were sanctioned as a compassionate relief to the deependents of the deceased.

Dandakaranya Refugees

3117. SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION: be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of refugees who were taken to the Dandakaranya Refugee-rehabilitation Project till the year 1970 for settling them there:
- (b) the number of refugees that have been taken to the Dandakaranya after 1970 and till the current year for resettling them there: and
- (c) the whereabouts of the deserter refugees, if any?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) to (c). The necessary information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

M.I.G. Flats on Cash Down Basis by Delhi Development Authority

- 3118. SHRI S. R. DAMANI; With the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND GUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3394 dated the 14th August, 1978 regarding alloument of MID Flats on Cash Down Busk by the Delih Development Authority and states.
- (a) whether the information called for has since been collected; if so, whether he would not lay it on the Table of the House; and
- (b) if not, the reasons therefor and the place from where the information was to be collected and the difficulties which lay in the way of Government in doing the needful and when it is likely to be laid on the Table?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-3612 LS-7

HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir, 9 flats were allotted in Pankha Road Residential Scheme. Of these 4 each were allotted on cash down and hire-purchase basis. The 9th flat was allotted on out of turn basis to the father of a person who died in an air crash, while on duty. This was instally allotted on hire-purchase basis. However, the person to whom it was allotted requested for converting made of payment to cash down from hire-purchase. This was acceded to by the DDA. The allottee naid the required amount and also submitted the required documents. He collected the possession letter of this flat from DDA on 12-16-1978.

(b) Does not arise

Resignation by Teachers of Ramial Anand College from Governing Body

3119. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that three teachers of Ram Lal Anand College, Delhi have resigned from the Governing body of the college;
- (b) if so, whether they have resigned in protest against the arbitrary functioning of the Chairman, Principal and Vice Principal in charge of evening classes; and
- (c) if so, the details and action taken, if any, thereon?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) According to the information unraished by the Delhi University, the three representatives of teachers on the Governing Body of the Ram Lai Anand College and submitted their resignation to the Chairman of Hoevening Body of the College on 7th October 1973, alleging that the Governing Body Meeting was called after a gap of 8 months and that the notice and Agenda which included items like termination of services of an employee on probation or probation.

the matter in the meeting.

(c) According to the information furnished by the Delha University, the allegations are not correct Meetings of the Governing Body in the College have regularly been held as per Ordinances of the University, is once in a teria. The Agenda both for the morning and evening sessions for the meeting of the October, 1973 consisted of only 8 papers, excluding Annexues, and the items were of routine nature. The decisions at the meeting were taken on the basic of concentrationsority.

The Director South Delhi Campus had written to the three learners on 28th October, 1978 requesting them not to press for acceptance of their resignations. The term of the teacher representatives expires by the middle of December 1978.

Memorandum from Punjabi Language Teachers Association, Delhi

3120 SHRI BHAGAT RAM Will the Minister of EDUCATION SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether the Punjabi Language Teachers Association, Delhi submitted a memorandum containing the demands of the said Association on 9th January, 1978.

(b) if so what has been done to post the Punjabi Language Teachers in the schools numbering 67 the list of which had been appended with the cud memorandum and

(c) the number of schools where the Punjabi janguage teachers are still not appointed and the reasons thereof

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI REVUEA DEVI DANA-KATAKI) (a) to (c) The snioma-

Administration and will be laid on The table of the Sabha as soon or possible

मध्य प्रदेश के विदिशा में भूमिणत

3121. थी राघवजी: स्थाकृषि शॉर सिवाई मत्रायह बतान की एका करवे कि:

(त) मध्य प्रदान म बेतबा घोर इत व निरस्वनी क्षेत्रा मः भूमिनत रातः । पता समान व निर्देश विकास्थाना सा संबेशम दार्थ ब्रव तर पूराहुमा है घोर प्रत्य स्थाना पर सा क्षा नार्य कर तर पूरा हु। जाएगा,

(प) इस प्रकार ग्रव तन निए गण सर्वेक्षण न क्या परिणाम निकल, मोर

(ग) विदिशा रायमन जिने के उन स्थान। के नाम क्या हैं वा पर्याप्त माता म मूमियत जल नापता जना है बीर यह मिचाई प्रयोजन क नियु कर तुरु उपलब्ध होगा?

कृषि धौर सिवाई मनातप में राज्य मनी
[धौ भानू सताप सिद्ध] (क) मध्य प्रदन्त म
वेतवा तथा इस की सहायन मदिना कं इन पित्र पाल लेवा में नोभान, गूना रायनन, तामर, हार, निवनुता तता विदिशा विवा क हिम्म प्रात है, किन क सम्भ में भूमियत जल कम बेवन का सर्वेशन गूरा कर निमा बचा है। मध्य प्रदेश में बेतवा तथा इस का सहायन निद्यां च प्रतात रून पाल किल्समिटर लेवा बाता है, विव में से कन्द्राय न्यूनियन जन उन स सनी तक 13 704 पत निर्माणित स्वा मा भूनन विज्ञान मन्याभी मन्य हम निर्माह सुरा।

(प्र) प्रभी तह तिह गर स्वेतमा स पुदेपुदा पुदे पद वेधन कुमातवा नवपूरी व जिल्ला सम्बद्धाः विनामकी धानना वोपना परकाहै। विकास के लिए उपलब्ध भूमिगत जल की मालांका जायजी लिया जा रहा है।

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्ता विविधा चित्रे से विदिशा, हिरसई मनीरा सवा जैतुद्र से चार वेबन क्षेत्रों का खिद्र के स्वार के विद्या किया गया है, जिल्ले से अधि चंद्र किया गया है, जिल्ले से अधि चंद्र के 44000 से 49000 चित्र रामारे किया है। रासदीप जिले में डेहुगांव तथा गैवीरातगंद में समन्वेदी बैदन किया गया है, ज्हां प्रति चंद्र 20,000 से 30,000 चित्र रामारी अस्त है।

स क्षेत्र में भौमिकीय बनावट को देखते हुए सभी छिद्रित वेधन कूप सफल माने अपते हैं, क्योंकि संप्याप्त माना में पाकी दे रहे हैं। सफल नलकूों के सौबंध में कानिक अध्ययन पूरा होते ही इन्हें राज्य सरकार को सीपने के प्रयन पर जिलार किया जाएगा।

Agreement between Indian Dairy Corporation and Tetrapak, Switzerland

3122. SHRI BHAGAT RAM: SHRI P. K. KODIYAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether an agreement has been signed between Tetrapak, a Swiss multinational and the IDC, in February, 1978 without the knowledge and approval of the various Ministries of the Government of India; and
- (b) if so, whether Government have taken or propose to take corrective and deterrent action in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHR BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) An agreement was signed between Mis Tetrapsk Development Ltd., Switzerland and the IDC in February, 1978 subject to approval of the Government of India. The Government have since communicated to the IDC their preparedness, subject to certain conditions to approve the terms of collaboration approve the terms of collaboration.

between IDC and Mis. Tetrapak Development Ltd.

'(b) Does not arise in view of (a) above.

मद्यनिषेध के कारण हुई राजस्व को हानि

3123. भी जननसराम जायसवात: १३१ सिका, समाज कव्याण और संस्कृति नंती एक बताने की छात रुठी कि कथा निर्माण के लागू करते थे वर्ष 1977-78 में प्रत्येक राज्य की जायू करते थे वर्ष 1977-78 में प्रत्येक राज्य की प्रवत्त जवता किवने राज्य की प्रवत्त जवता किवने राज्य की प्रवत्त जवता किवने क्या मंदित हुई और इस के मुद्रावजे के रूप मंदित अपने किवनी किवनी सहायसा वी गई और उन्सा दिनीज हाति पूरी करते के सिवी वन राज्यों ने बया उपाय किये हिंदी हैं।

जिला, समाज कल्पाण तथा संस्कृति मंती (बा॰ प्रसाप चन्द्र चन्द्र): एडप निवेद लागू करने के कारण राज्यों को दी वार्ग मतिवृद्धि की राज्ये 18 1978-79 से चन्द्रा प्रतिवृद्धि की राज्ये 19ित मानू करने का पहुला वर्ष होगा और इत की पश्चा 1978-79 के दौरान मास्त्रिक आकार है आ प्रयाद होने के दौरान मास्त्रिक आकार होने के प्रसाप प्रसाद होने के प्रसाप प्रसाद होने के प्रसाप प्रसाद होने के प्रसाप के को आपार पर प्रतिच कर से को आपार पर प्रतिच कर पर से ते को साम्त्र भी पर प्रतिवृद्धि हाति के सोकड़े प्रस्ता होने पर प्रतिवृद्धि राज्ये के भूतान पर विचार किया राज्ये करा।

राज्य अपने अधिकारों की सीमा में , प्रयक्ती आय बढ़ाने के लिये समुचित उपाय करने के सक्षम हैं।

Persons Rendered Jobless on Enforcemen of Prohibition

3124. SHRI ANANT RAM JAIS-WAL: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the States in the country in which prohibition programme has been implemented during

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the period from 1st April, 1977 to 184 October, 1978 and in what form and the number of persons rendered 105less in each of these States as a result thereof, and

(b) whether Covernment have formulated any scheme to provide emplayment to unemployed persons and if so, the details thereof?

- THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA DER) (a) The measures taken each State for the Prohibition programme are described in the statement laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Library See No LT-3034/
- It is premature to estimate the exact number of persons rendered ataldor
- (b) The States have been asked to formulate plans for re-employment.

Subsidy to Adivasia Through Cooperatives.

3125 SHRI SUKHENDRA SINGH Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be bleased to state

- (a) the present system of routing the subsidy granted to tribals by
- (b) whether it is routed through Cooperative Institutions, and

Government of India.

(c) whether Government are considering for routing all kinds of subsidy through cooperatives so as to make them more strong and viable?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) and (b) The suboldy granted to tribals by the Government of India is routed through Cooperative or Commercial banks or official field level agencies

(e) wherever Cooperatives functioning and are capable of handling a programme these are preferred for touting subsidy to tribals

Decline in Prices of Gur in Utias Pradesh

3125 SHRI DAYA RAM SHAKYA Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Gur prices in Uttar Pradesh did not go up heyond Re 1/per kilogram during 1973 as a result of which Gur producing farmers had to meur considerable loss, and
- (b) the measures being adopted by Government to ensure that such far mers get higher price for their produce?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI PRATAP SINGH; (a) and (b) The wholesale prices of gur have generally ruled lower during the last year Prices of gur in January and February were ruling at Rs 83 to Rs 115 per quantal, From March to September the prices remained sughtly below Rs 100 per quintal Then again in September November, gur prices rose from Rs 95 to Rs 150 per quintal The decline in gur prices is attributable mainly to easier availability of sugar and larger arrival of gur into the markets due to higher production In order to assist producers, measures were taken like purchase of gur by Government Institutions, permitting free exports etc Recently it has also been decided to permit forward trading in our

पंजाब को उबरक की सप्लाई

- 3127. भी जानेस्वर प्रसाद यादव : वन कृषि और निचाई मली यह बताने की वपा करें वे कि
- (क) नवा प्रजाब म मालू और गेह होन के समयप अब के विभाना की उबंदक विष्ठेपकर यूरिया उर्रेशक विल्कुल सप्लाई नहीं किया गया था,

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या कुछ संसद् सदस्यों ने भी इस बारे में जिकायत की थी;

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(ग) पंजाब को अधिक उदरक सम्लाई करने में सरकार द्वारा संकोच दिखाए जाने के क्या कारण हे?

कृषि और सिवाई मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पून्त प्रताप सिंह): (क) जुलाई-सप्तर 1978 के दौरान राज्य तरकार की स्वताह ने आयोजिल केंद्रीय सम्मेजन में रही 1978-79 के लिए पंजाब के निमित्त उर्वरकों की आवश्यकताओं का किया गया मृत्याकन और 31-10-78 को इन आवश्यकताओं के लिए कं गई बायूर्ति की दिस्सित निय्न प्रकार है —

रबी 1978-79 के लिए निवल ग्रावश्वकतार्ये

(ग्रनस्त-जनवरी, 1979)

एन पी

मीटरी दन 2,31,000 88,000 17,600

क्रमस्त-अक्तूबर, 1978 के दौरान देग स्मानपातिक संपत्ति

1,15,500 44,000 8,800

श्रगस्त-श्रवतुबर, 1978 के बीरान पून ओर गैर-पूल स्रोतों से वास्तविक श्रापूर्ति/कुल उपलब्धता

1,12,537 53,139 6,291

इसलिए, यह कहना सही नहीं है कि पालू ओर गेहूं की बुद्याई के समय पंजाव में कुंपनों को यूरिया की विल्कुल सप्लाई नहीं की गयी।

(ख) जी नहीं।

(ग) नाइट्रोजन (यूरिया) की आपूर्ति याचम्यकता से कुछही कम यी जित का कारण पूल ग्रोर गैर-पूल दोनों भ्रोतों से की जाने बाली आपूर्ति में निम्नलिखित वाधाये यी:—

- 1 पत्तन श्रमिको को कम उत्पादकता
- रेल के कैंगतों की कम उपलिश स
- 3. उत्पादन समस्यावे अंद्रेम-गंध स्वंतों के कार्य झाररभ मे दिसम्य का होता तथा विजली की कमी आदि । किर भी, सरकार इस बात की शुनिज्यिता के लिये उपरोक्त बाझाओं के यावजूद भी पंजाबकों में स्वित्तम आता में पूरिया दी जाए-कडी नवर एक रही है। राज्य सरकार के परामां से हर भहीने इस राज्य सो बी आने वाली यूरिया और आंदर इसे राज्य सरकार के परामां से हर भहीने इस राज्य को दी आने वाली यूरिया और इसे उर्जयकों को आधुर्तिस की समीधा की का रहीं हैं।

Sale of J.J. Plots and Slum Tenements to the Occupants

3128. SHRI UGRASEN; Will the Minster of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state with reference to a new item published in Hindustan Times of 26th May, 1978 under the heading "M C D, seeks permission to sell JJ plots cheap";

- (a) whether Government have received a Resolution from Muncipial Corporation of Delhi requesting that civic body be permitted to sell at concessional rates the slum tenements and JJ plot to their occupants.
- (b) if so, whether the Union Government have given the permission to M.C.D. to sell the slum tenements and JJ plots and if so, when;
- (c) if not, the reasons therefor in view of the fact that Union Government have already decided on 2nd, 3rd August, 1963-to permit the sale of tenements built under the slum clearance scheme; and
- (d) the time by which slum tenements particularly in Ranjit Nagar, New Delhi will be sold to their occupants?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir. Municipal Corporation of Delhi had sent it to Delhi Administration.

(b) and (c). The slum tenements will be sold to allottees in accordance with the orders contained in Ministry's letter dated 2nd/3rd August, 1963 As regards JJ Plots, it has been decided to review the matter

(d) No time fittul can be laid down a, this would depend upon the finalisation of documents of lease-cumsale agreement and calculation of the details of cost of these tenements

राजधाट बाध के माध्यम से भूमि की सिवाई

3129. थी लक्ष्मीनारायण नागळ : त्या कृषि और सिचाई मही यह बताने की प्रभा करें कि बहा यह उच्च है कि प्रस्तावित यालना के धनुसार टीकमणढ़ सिकी 65,000 एकड प्रमिकी राज्य टक्का स निवाईको जानी थी अब किटन समय केवर 60 000 एवड भूमि की निवाई की का रही है और दिले के लागों व प्रमाण है।

हृषि धौर सिबाई मजालय में राज्य मजी (थो भानुमताप सिंही) राजगट नहर में मध्य प्रदेश के विभिन्न जिला म सिचाई की सुविधा प्रदान निए बाने वाले क्षेत्रा का निर्मारण करत के लिए 1474 में मध्य परेण मरबार द्वारा महित ममिति न 2.4 नाथ एवड क्षेत्र की सिचाइ की निफारिज की थी जिस में से 65,000 एकड क्षेत्र द्रीनमण्ड जिले में था । उपर्वृत्त विकारियों के प्राधार पर राज्य सरवार द्वारा किए गए भन्ववणा ने धनुसार इस भिनाई-व्यवस्था पर 50 59 इ दि देवए सामत माने का सन्मान लगावा वया या वो वि बहुत प्रधिक या । मध्यप्रदेश सरवार द्वारात गरफीयई राज-मार नहर परियोजना में, जिस पर 29 67 कराइ राय की मानत माने का भनुमान है, 2 10 माख एक्ड क्षेत्र की सिचार की जानी जिल्लामित है जिल में से ६००० एक्ट क्षेत्र टीकमगढ जिले में होगा ।

राज्य सरकार टीकमपढ जिले में यथा-सबव ग्रधिक से ग्रधिक सिचाई की सनिश्चित -यवस्था करन की कोशिय कर रही है। दम बीच बेतवा नदी पर 66 82 करोड़ की द्धनमानित साग्रह वाली भोरछ। परियोजना सर्वेतम कर के तैयार हो जा चकी है। जिसस र्शकमध्य किने की निवादी तरम साम 29.150 हैक्ट्रेयर क्षेत्र की भिचाई हान की सभावना है।

Unemployment due to Low Lducation Standard

3130 SHRI A. ASOKARAJ SHRI D AMAI.

Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE he pleased to state

(a) whether Governments' attention has been drawn to the reported statement of the Chairman, UPSC and published in the Hinduston Times of 19th October, 1978 entitled Unemployment due to low education standard, and

(b) if so, the reaction of Govern+ ment thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DE PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b) The Government aware of the statement made by the Chairman, UPSC regarding unemployment due to low standard. The issues raised by the Chairman are receiving the attention of the Government. It is frue that not only acress but also success in education must be democratised Improvement of quality of education at all lavels is one of obpectives of this Government. revision of the content at all levels hos been undertaken malnly with a view to make education useful and relevant.

Demand for Pay Parity by Jawaharlal Nehru & Delhi Universities Officers

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3131. SHIR C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: SHRI VASANT SATHE: SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N. PATIL:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state;

- (a) whether the officers of Jawainalai Nehru University and Delhi University held a silent demonstration in front of U.G.C. on 17th Kovember, 1978 in support of their demand for pay parity; and
- (b) if so, the details and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b). According to the information furnished by the University Grants Commission, a meeting of the Working Group appointed by the Commission to consider the question of linking the scales of pay of Registrars. Deputy Registrars and Assistant Registrars etc., in terms of their responsibilities and functions was held on 17th November, 1978, in the UGC office. The Group had agreed to meet representatives of the University Officers' Associations who wanted to express their views on this question. While the representatives were meeting the Working Group, some other members of the Officers' Association of Delhi University and Jawaharlal Nehru University sat in the lawns of the U.G.C. The matter is still under consideration of the Commission.

Post of Additional Animal Husbandry Commissioner

3132. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state;

(a) whether Government had recently created a new position of Additional Animal Husbandry Commissioner for Dairy Development in the Department of Agriculture;

- (b) whether this post was created on the recommendations of Council of Ministers, ARC & NCA;
- (c) whether this position was filled recently and has now been lying vacant; and
 - (d) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) The post of Additional Animal Husbandry Commussioner was created on 7-5-1976.

- (b) The post was created in pursuance of the recommendations of the sub-group on Agricultural Development which was accepted by the Group of Ministers on Administration.
- (c) The post was filled on 30-5-1977 on an ad hoc deputation basis for a period of one year and is vacant since 1-7-1978.
- (d) A post of Joint Secretary (Dairy Development) has been created in view of the massive proposed investment in this sector under the Operation Flood II Project. In these circumstances, the post of Additional Animal Husbandry Commissioner is not immediately required.

Losses to Sugar Industry

3133, SHRI K. MALLANNA; SHRI BALASAHEB VIKHE

PATIL: SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

- SRI P. M. SAYEED;

SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPALLI: SHRI HARI SHANKAR

MAHALE:

WILL the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to devise quick measures to ensure that the losses of the sugar industry are minimized

(b) whether Government realise that of the ougar industry continues to suffer losses it will in due course, lead to closure of units and damage in the interests of cane cultivators and

(c) if so the details regarding the clear policy of Government in this regarde

THE MINISTER OF STATL IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICUIT. TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHR1 BRANU PRATAP SINGHO (4) With the removal of all controls on prices distribution and movement of supar with effect from 16th. August 1978 the industry has to function under competitive conditions. For the sugar factories and expansion projects set up at high capital cost for which an ncentive scheme was in force a new scheme s being formulated by ar inter-M n sterial Group in the light of a changed c reumstances

(b) and (c) The policy of the Government has always been to harmonise the interests of consumers the cane growers and the industry To avoid the closure of sugar units and protect the interests of cult vators an Ord nance has been promulated pro vid ng for the take over of the manage ment of sugar factories which do not start crushing operations in time and/ or which fail to make prompt payment of sugarcane dues to the farmers The fact that as by 30th Nevember 1978 190 factories had started grushing as agaupat, 185 on 30th November last year shows that there is no threat regard ng the closure of units How ever the Govt, is fully alive to the need to ensure that the viable work mig of the industry should be secure. and is examining whether the ex perience of the market conditions s ace decontrol of sugar would just fy it this stage some measures to im prove the realisations on sugar sales

Sugarcane Left Over Uncrushed

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3134 SHRI BALASAHEB~ VINHE PATIL Will the Minister of AGRA CULTURE & IRRIGATION be bles.el to state State-wase position of the quantity of sugarcane left over up crushed from 1977 78 season and also the steps taken to ensure proper crushing thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF THE AGRICUL TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) A statement indicating the State wise position of sugar left over uncrushed by the sugar factories during the season 1977 78 is annexed. The work of determining and allocating cane to be crushed by the factories comes within the purview of the State Government corcerned Hence the State Governments would be taking necessary act on regarding left over cane of the last season As regards the State of UP in which the problem is more acute it is ascertained from the State Government that during the present season's crushing priority s being given to the left over cane from the last season

Statement

Statem at she vang the States are political 130f sugarcane left over uncrushed by the satter ta tories du ang the season 1977 78

2	Name	of State	Quantity takinghed
٦ (ું કેપાયાસા		25 000 M T,

Haryana 1 70 COO MT

. Might of Pracing 6 toppers Maharashtra - 4 4.73 66 000 MT

I 99 eob tempts . .

No sugarcane was left uncrushed in i the remaining sugar producing States/ Un on Territories Information from Government of Andhra Pradesh has not so far been received

Waiting List for Govt, Accommodation

- 3135. SHRI BALASAHEB VIKHE
 PATIL: Will the Minister of WORKS
 AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND
 REHABILITATION be pleased to
 state:
- (a) the number of Government employees eligible for Government accommodation who are still on the waiting list in each category, despite construction of a huge number of Government flats:
- (b) is it a fact that a number or newly constructed flats are not being allotted in spite of the fact that their construction had been completed long back; and

(c) if so, the reason thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Applications for allotment of accommodation for the allotment year commenting on 1st December, 1978 were invited in two batches. In the first batch, 42,019 employees applied for allotment as per details given below:

Type of accommoda- tion				Number of applica- cants		
	'A'			5,918	_	
		. `	. *	_		~
	$_{I}B_{I}$	-		15,737		
	'C' .	٠.,	. •	14,278		
₹.	'D' .	· ·-·		3,648	1	
	,E,	: :	٠.			÷
	FC.	٠.	٠.	652		
: · ·	'E3'		٠	. 130	•	*

- 14141 applications were received in second batch and those are being -- sorted out.
 - . (b) No, Sir.
 - (c) Does not arise.

- प्रौढ़ शिक्षा काकर्षेत्र के लिए वैरोजगार ' - व्यक्तियों की नियक्ति

3136. औं उप्रसेत : नया शिक्षा, समांक करवाण और संस्कृति मंत्री गह बताने की कृत्या करेंद्रे कि बता बरकार का विचार प्रोह जिल्ला योजना को कियानित करने में दरोज-गार व्यक्तियों को नितृत्व करने और एक नया विभाग दना कर दम कार्य को स्वयं पूरा करन का है ?}

शिक्षा, समाज कल्याज तथा संस्कृति संत्री (बीव प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र) : राष्ट्रीय श्रीकृ शिक्षा वर्ष कम के सन्तर्यत, स्तृदेशात्मक के सेन्द्रर सीधते वरवत मुख्य आना कार्यक्रम स्रायोध्या करता है। वेरोक्नार कोर कम रोजमार दाले सामीज पूर्वेश सुल क्ष्म्यापन, कल्ला विकास प्रतिकर्मियों को स्त्रीत्मृति व्यक्तियाँ के स्वर्मकर्मियों को सामा है। इस प्रयोजन के किस गोर्ट्स न न नक्कार में स्तर्मकर्म कार्यकर्म के किस ने स्त्रीत न नक्कार में स्तर्मकर्म कोई विकास खेलने का प्रताब कर्मों हो।

Research in Costing and Designing of

- 3137. SHRI UGRASEN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING-AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether any study or research has been done in the field of costs and designs of housing;
 - ... (b) if so, the details thereof;
 - (e) the agency set up for making the latest research benefits available to the prospective beneficiaries; and
 - to the prospective beneficiaries; and

 (d) the steps proposed to he taken
 to mobilise voluntary agencies and organised groups to remove housing
 - shortage?

 THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR

BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir.

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- (b) Research and studies for cost reduction in bousing and improvement of house design are being carned out by institutions like Central Building Research Institute, Structural Engineering Research Centre, National Buildings Organisation Housing and Urban Development Corporation, etc.
- (e) The National Buildings Organisation as well as Research Institutions are making the latest research benefits available to prospective beneficianes.
- (d) Various incentives are under consideration with the Government Further the matter was discussed in the State Housing Ministers Conference held last month

Water Pollution Boards

3138 SHRI B P MANDAL, Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

- (a) the names of the States which have formed water Pollution Boards.
- (b) the Central grant given if any State-wise, and
- (c) the works done by the State Water Pollution Boards as also by the Central Water Pollution Reard?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) · (a) As per Section 4 of the (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the State Boards for the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution have been set up by the States of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bhar, Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh Jammu 12 & Kashmir. Kamataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh, Punjab Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal The Government of . Maharashtra has also set up a Board under their own Act.

(b) No central assistance is given to the State Boards which are financed by the concerned State Governments.

(c) Function of the Central and State Water Pollution Control Boards are proyeded in Section 16 and 17 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 Under Section 39 of the Act, the Central Board and the State Boards have to precure annual reports giving the full account of their activities during the previous financial years. These reports are laid before the Houses of Parliament and State Legislatures respectively. The annual report of the Central Board for the year 1917 78 has already bean last on the Table of the Lok Sabhy on 4 12-1978.

Dairy Equipment Manufacturing Co. near Anand, Gujarat

3139 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN

SHRIP K KODIYAN

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to

- (a) Whether Government had some 2 years back cleared the setting up of Dairy Equipment Manufacturing Co by the Indian Dairy Corporation near Anand in Gujarat,
- (b) whether Government had advanced as equity about Rs. 150 crores for the purpose.
- (c) whether this company has now been closed down by Indian Darry Corporation and money returned to Government,
- (d) whether the closing down has been done with the knowledge and prior approval of the Ministry and the Cabinet, and
- (e) if so, the action the Government has taken or propose to take against this illegal action by the Chairman, Indian Dairy Corporation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SNGH) (a) The proposal was cleared by the Central Government in November, 1877

(b) The Central Government had advanced Rs. 1.50 crores of which 50 per cent was to be long term loan and 50 per cent to be equity.

(c) and (d). The Indian Dairy Cerporation decided with the concurrence of the Ministry not to proceed further with the proposal to set up a unit for manufacturing dairy machinery. The reasons for this were principally as follows:

- (i) The Hindustan Machine Tools which is the more appropriate organisation for undertaking this work indicated its inclination to diversify its manufacturing activities to include stainless steel equipment.
- (ii) The Committee on Public Undertakings (1975-76) in its 33rd Report had also expressed the view that before setting up a new unit in the public sector for manufacture of dairy equipment, the possibility of existing public sector unit like HMT. manufacturing dairy equipment may be explored.

The Indian Dairy Corporation has since refunded the entire amount of Rs. 1.50 crores to the Government of India.

(e) Does not arise in view of (c) and(d) above.

बिहार में बाढ़ तियंत्रण योजनाओं पर हुआ ध्यम

3140. श्री बीरेन्द्र प्रसाद : क्या कृषि श्रीर सिचाई मंत्री यह वजाने की कृषा करेंगे कि :

- (क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान बाढ़ नियंत्रण योजनाश्रों पर कितना ब्यय हुआ; श्रीर
- . (ख) विहार में बाद से हुए तुकतान को देखते हुए चालू वर्ष के दौरान राज्य म बाद नियंत्रण योजनाओं पर कितना धन व्यय क्याजाएमा और केन्द्रीय सरकार के विचारा-धीन योजनाओं का नाम क्या है?

कृषि और सिचाई मंत्रावय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मानु प्रताप सिह्): (क) पिछले तीन वर्षों में भूचे देश थीरिवहार में बाढ़ नियंत्रण उपायों पर किया गया ध्यय इत प्रकार है:---

समूचे देश में		विहार में
		(लाख रायों में)
1975-76	5800	1,38 0
1976-77	8,300	2,001
1977-78	10,000	1,760
(सम्भावि	(ਰ)	

(च) बिहार रे निए 1978-79 के किए करमोदित गोराना परिवय 1,900 काल रुपरे हैं। इस के प्रतिरिक्त परान चाह स्वयं है। इस के प्रतिरिक्त चाह स्वयं है। देश के प्रतिरिक्त चाह स्वयं के प्रीयान बिहार सरकार को प्रावंदित 4,492 लाल परे की प्रशिम योजना सहायता में से 5,30 लाल परे की राशि मरम्मत और अंतुमीदित वा किर्याज को मों में तेजी लाते के लिए हैं।

इस समय गंगा वाड़ नियंत्रण श्रायोग में विहार को जिन वाड़ नियंत्रण स्कीमों की जांच की जा रही है, उन के नाम ये हैं :-

- मनेर सैदाबाद तटबंध स्कीम
- 2. ग्रामीण जल-निकास (दीघा से मनेर्ड)
- 3. छ्परा सोनपुर तटबंध स्कीम
- हुन तू सार्गुर पान्य र सारा
 बाह्य हाथियत जल-निकास स्कीमें
- 5. कोसी पूर्वी बाड़ तटबंध 0 से 40 किलोमीटर तक और 40 से 125 किलोमीटर तक
- कुताहा सुरक्षा स्कीम
- 7. गंगा मानी वाड़ तटबंध स्कीम
- लोबर महानंदा तटबंब स्कीम (बरसोई ब्रांच) े (सक्रिय ब्रांच)
- नगर तटबंध स्कीस्

- . 10 वागमती सिचाई इंग्रीम (नरी वे असरी भागा में बाढ निवदम चूहिन)
 - 11 बागमती बाद नियंत्र म के कि (नहीं। के निष्ण भाग)
 - 12 ब्रहिरौनो में मनारिया वक्त नुरक्षा राय
 - 13 घाषरा जलनिकास स्कन्द

Transfer of Affiliated College Building

3141 SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA.

SHRI G M. BANATWALLA-SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE hames of private affiliated colleges in Delta whose Governing bodies have been registered and the lands and buildings transferred in the name of Governing bodies?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURED OR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER) On the bass of information furnished by Dein University, a statement showing the names of private affinished your constituent colleges whose Trusts are registered inner the Societies Regs tration Act, 1880 and the names of the colleges in whose case the land has been transferred in the name of the Governum Books are given in the statement attached

Statement

- (i) Private affiliated/constituent Colleges of Delhi University whose Trusts are registered under the Soc.eties Registration Act, 1860—
 - '1 Daulat Ram College
 - 2 Gyan Devi Salwan Gollege
 - 3 Huradard College of Pharmacy.
 - 4 Hamdard Tibbi College

- 5. Hans Ray College.
- 6 Henda College
- 7 Indraprasiha College for Women
 - B. Janki Devi Mahavidyalaya,
 - 3 Kurori Mal College
 - 10 Lady Irwin College,
 - 14 Mata Sundri College12 Ramias College
 - 13 SGTB Khalsa Cohege
 - 14 Shri Ram College of Commerce.
 - lo Shiam Lal College
- 16 St. Stephen's College
 - 17 Zakir Husma College
- 18 Atma Ram Sanatan Dharma
- College 19 Lady Shri Ram College for
- Women 29 PG DA V College
- 2! Institute of Home Economics

 (ii) Names of Colleges in whose case the land has been transferrer in the names of the Governing Bodies of
- the respective colleges—

 I Hans Rai College.
 - 2 Hindu College.
 - 3 Indraprastha College fo
 - Women

 1 Janka Devi Mahavidyalaya.
 - 5 Kirorl Mal: College
- 6 Lady Irwin College
 - L Ramias College -
 - 8 S.G.T.B. Khalsa College 3
 - 9 Shu Ram College of Commerce.
 - ~ 10 St Stephens College,
 - 11 Aima Ram Sanatan Dharma College
 - 12 Lady Shri Ram College for Women.
 - 13 PGDVA College
 - 14. Institute of Home Economics.

Students Association in Delhi Colleges

3142, SHRI SHYAM SUNDER GUPTA:

SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA-SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH

MALIK: Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state the names of col-

lges under University of Delhi in which students Associations have been formed and elections have been held for the current vear?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER):

Statement

Names of affiliated/constituent collges of the Delhi University, in which students associations exist and elections have been held for the current vear.

- 1, A.R.S.D. College
- 2. Ayurvedic & Unani Tibbia Col-
- 3. Bhagat Singh College
- 4. Bhagat Singh College (Evening Classes)
- 5. College of Vocational Studies
- Delhi College of Engineering
- 7, Deshbandhu College (Evening Classes)
- 8. Deshbandhu College
- 9. Dyal Singh College 10. Dyal Singh College (Exening
- Classes) 11. Delhi School of Social Work
- 12. Gian Devi Salwan College
- 13. Hans Raj College
- 14. Hindu College
- 15. Hamdard Tibbi College
- 16. Kirori Mal College
- 17. Miranda House
 - Moti Lal Nehru College
 - 19. Moti Lai Nehru College (Evening Classes)

- 20. P.G.D.A.V. College
- 21. P.G.D.A.V. College (Evening Clusses)
- 22. Rajdhani College
- 23. Ramias College
- 24. Ram Lal Anand College
- 25. Ram Lal Anand College (Evening Classes)
 - 26. S.G.T.B. Khalsa College
- 27. S.G.T.B. Khalsa College (Evening Classes)
- 28. Shivaii College
- 29. Shri Ram College of Commerce
- 30. Sri Venkateshwara College
- 31. Shyam Lal College
- 32 Shyam Lai College (Frening Classes)
- 33. Swami Shardhanand College
- 34. Satyawati College.
 - 35. Satyawati College (Evening Classes)
 - 36. Shri Aurobindo College
 - 37 Zakir Hussain College 38. Zakir Hussain College (Evening Classes)
 - 39. Daulat Ram College for Women

 - 40. Institute of Home Economics 41. Indraprastha College for Women
 - 42. Gargi College
 - 43, Janki Devi Mahavidyalaya Col-
 - 44. Jesus & Mary College
 - 45. Kamla Nehru College
 - 46. Kalindi College
 - 47. Lakshmibai College
 - 48 Maitreyi College
 - 49, Mata Sundri College
 - 50. Lady Irwin College
 - 51. S. P. Mukherjee College
 - 52. St. Stephen's College
 - 53. Bharti Mahila College
 - University College of Medical Sciences
 - 55. Vivekanand Mahila College
 - 56. Central Institute of Education.

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ACRIUCLIURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGE). (a) Yes. Sir

Written Answers

(b) Excluding the hilly and mountainous regions, a total area of about 28 lakh Sq Km is considered coverable under the hydrogeological survey? Out of this an area of 144 lakhe Sq Kms had been covered under hydrogeological surveys till 31st March 1978 It is proposed to cover the bulk of the remaining area during the remaining period of VI Plan by arcelerating the tempo of survey work. An outlay of Rs 45 Crores is proposed for hydrogeological surveys and drilling during the Plan

Time Causule

3149 SHRI PIUS TIRKEY. WILL the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE pleased to refer to the statement on Independence Silver Jubilee Time Capsule laid on the Table of the House on 10th April, 1978 and state

- (a) the place where the contents of the Time Capsule are kept now; and
- (b) whether Government propose to have corrections or alterations made therein or to destroy the same?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER). (a) All the articles taken out of the Time Capsule as well as mner and outer shells of the Capsule have been randed over to the National Museum in New Delhi. These were thrown open to the public from September 13 to October 18, 1978 in the National Museum These are now kept in the National Museum for safe

(b) Government do not propose to make any corrections or alterations in the text of the Time Capsule or todestroy it and would like to leave these documents for the judgment of the Parhament, our people and posterity

Wheat Flour to Shri Lanks

3150 SHRIS R DAMANI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATON be pleased to state

- (a) whether there is any proposal under consideration of Government to supply wheat flour to Sri Lanka on a long-term basis:
- (b) whether it would be canalised through ST.C.; or through private trade channels: and
- (e) whether Government would invite tenders from the millers or get its own wheat milled according to the Sri Lanka Government's specifica-110057

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SNGH). (a) No. Sur.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Foreign Traviers Fishing in Indian Waters

- 3151 SHRI S R DAMANI, Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether bundreds of foreign trawlers are illegally fishing in the Indian waters:
- (b) if so, whether any punitive action by way of confiscation of the vessels or otherwise has been taken by the Government and if so, nature of action taken and if not the reasons therefor:
- (c) long-term measures proposed to check such illegal catch worth several thousand dollars by foreign deep-sea fishing travelers,

- (d) whether some of the industrial houses which had entered the deepsea fishing operations have failed to exploit the huge potential available on the east and west coasts; and
- (e) if so, the steps which Government propose to take to set matters right?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir. Reports indicate that some foreign trawlers are illegally fishing in Indian Waters have been received.
- (b) Foreign fishing vessels engaged in illegal fishing within our Exclusive Economic Zone are chased out and also warned to keep out of our Waters.
- (c) "The Territorial Water.-Continental Shelf, exclusive Economic Zone and other Maritime Zones Act 1976". has been enacted to provide legal framework for matters relating to Exclusive Economic Zone and other Maritime Zones of India. The Coast Guard Organisation has been formed and its duties include protecting the marine resources in our Exclusive Economic Zone. Measures have also been initiated for augmentation of deep sea fishing fleet by introduction of fishing vessels by private parties, State Corporations and Cooperative Societies.
- (d) No Sir. Deep sea fishing has started only recently and it will take time before the potential is optimally exploited.
 - (e) Question does not arise.

Shortage of Wheat Seed

3152. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: SHRI P. K. KODIYAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

 (a) whether scute shortage of certified wheat seeds is likely to hit rabi sowing;

- (b) the reasons for the shortage of wheat seeds;
- (c) whether any attention is also being paid to the production of quality seeds; and
- (d) the steps which have been taken by Government to meet the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRICATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) White there is some shortage in order acute and steps have been taken to meet the requirement by supply of good quality grain available, with the Food Corporation of India and showing satisfactory sermination. The State Governments of Bihar, West Bengal and Ultar Pradesh have been authorised to the 2000 quintals sending and the 2000 quintals sending states of the 2000 quintals sending sendin

- (b) The reasons for shortage are as follows:
 - (i) Sharp increase in the demand for wheat seed due to the unprecedented floods in wheatgrowing States which damaged the seeds stocked by farmers.
 - (ii) Large-scale rejection of seed crop due to heavy incidence of Karnal Bunt in the producing States of Punjab, Haryana and Uttar Pradesh.
 - (iii) Heavy damage to the seed in rabi 1978 on the threshing floor itself because of untimely rain in April/May 1978.
 - (c) Yes, Sir. Nine State Seed Corporations have been set up in the country for the production of quality seeds. The seed produced in the corporations is certified by the State Seed Certification Agencies to enture the quality of seed. Besides, the National Seeds of seed Besides, the National Seeds which are certified; by the field seeds within are certified, by the

State Seed Certification Agencies. In addition, there is a system of internal quality control checks by National Seeds Corporation.

(d) In order to meet the situation created by natural calamities like floods, droughts, etc which create a sudden sourt in the demand for seeds. a Reserve Stock Scheme for foundstion and certified seeds has been chalked out at a cost of Rs 258 lakhs Under this scheme 3000 guintals of foundation seed and 37,200 quintals of certified seeds will be kept in reserve.

Measures to restore rural economy of Flood affected Himachat Pradesh and West Rengal

3153 SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN Will the Munster of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

- (a) whether the Government are aware that the recent devastations floods have caused immensa hardship and damages of paddies and grains in West Bengal o- not
- (b) whether Government are taking effective action to supply seeds of high breed paddy and wheat and also potato seeds to Hurachal Pradesh or to re-energize the collapsed rural economy, and
- (c) if not what alternative measures have been adopted by the Government to re-establish the rural economy of West Bengal?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHAND PRATAP SINGH) (a) Taurteen out of Seventeen agricultural districts of West Bengal have been affected covermg a cropped area of about 1328 lakh hectares 'The loss to Aman' paddy, which covers about 75 per cent of the total area under paddy was estimated to be about 15-18 lakh tonnes Ac cording to the latest report received from the State Government 15255 lakh people have been affected and 1031 human lives lost in the floods

(b) and (c) Himachal Pradesh did not place any demand for paddy seeds or potato seeds. Their entire requirement of wheat seeds is being met from supplies within the State.

Meetings were held with the officers of West Bengal to consider the various proposals for supply of agricultural inputs and intensification of Rabi operations to re-energize the rural economy of West Bengal As a follow un measure National Seeds Corporation has supplied 15 000 quintals of naddy seeds to West Bengal, As repords wheat seeds West Bengal Government have been adulted to utilise the good quality wheat seed which was available with the FCI as to being done in case of UP Bihar The Depit of Food has directed the FCI to make available such seeds to West Bengal Further the West Bengal Agro-Industries Corporation has also procured more than 5,000 quintals of certified wheat seeds from private producers of Delhi and Harrana The National Seeds Corporation has supplied 10 000 quintals of wheat seeds to their dealers and the figure is likely to go up to 10 500 quintals The seed was, truthfully labelled after laboratory tests

Apart from making arrangements for supply of high yielding varieties of seeds of paddy and wheat, Government of India has sanctioned shortterm loan of Rs 1500 crores for Rabi operations The State Government has drawn up an ambitious Rabi production programme over an area of about 60 lakh acres as against 40 lakh acres last year to recoup part of the loss to kharif crops

One lakh MT of foodgrains (87,500 MT wheat and 12500 MT rice) have been allocated under the Food for Work Programme to build durable community assets and generate employment in rural areas

The Government of India have allocated Rs 33 93 crores as advance Plan assistance. Bulk of it will go into the rural areas for repair and reconstruction of houses, subsidy for agricultural inputs to small and marginal farmers and share-croppers, repair of minor irrigation installations, subsidy to rural artisans and fishermen, drinking water supply arrangement, fodder supply and veterinary health cover, assistance to handloom, handicrafts and sericulture, repair of damaged public utilities maintained by Zilla Parishads and Panchayats etc.

Polytechnics in Collaboration with Industries

3154. SHRI JANARADHANA POO-JARY: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL-TURE be pleased to state;

- (a) whether there is a proposal to start new polytechnics in collaboration with the industries; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) No, Sir. However, the All India Council for Technical Education has recommended that the concept of doption of existing Polytechnies by Industry should be pursued and promoted.

(b) Does not arise.

वर्ष में तोन फन्नलें उगाने की योजना

3155. श्री राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्माः क्या कृषि ग्रीर सिचाई मंत्री यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि

- (क) क्या सरहार योजना ऋयोग के वर्ग में तीन फनजें उठाने सम्बन्धी मुझाओं पर विचार कर रही है: धीर
- (ख) यदि हां, तो इस दिला में सरकार द्वारा क्या क्रमेक्षित कार्यवाही की जारही है?

कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्रासय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री भागु प्रसाप सिंह) : (क) जहां कहीं व्यवहार्य है, वहां 3 फसर्ने उगाने की पद्धति अपनाई जा रही है।

- (ख)(1) सिंचित क्षेत्रों में दालों, तिलहनों तथा रूर्ट की बुवाई पर बल देते हुए उपयुक्त फमल के प्रतिमाग प्रथमाना, ताकि 3 फमलें प्राप्त की जा सकें।
 - (2) वर्षी से सिचित क्षेत्रों में मिश्रित बवाई ।
 - (3) ग्रीष्म/रवी मीतम के रितन नकदी फपलों को लोकप्रिय बनाना।
 - (4) गन्ना, ई, अरहर प्रादिकी पंक्तियों में दालों की अन्तर्वती द्वाई।
 - (5) मैंहें/आलू की उपज प्राप्त करने के बाद ग्रीष्मकालीन मूंग की जुबाई करने के लिए गत ग्रीष्म मौतम से एक विशेष अभियान चलाना!
 - (6) वर्ष में 3 फ़्सतें जगाने के लिए किसानों के खेतों में राष्ट्रीय प्रदर्शन करना।

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय में एम० ए० इकनामिक्स के लिए परीक्षा का माध्यम

3156. श्री राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्माः क्याशिक्षा, समाज कल्याण श्रीर संस्कृति मंत्रीयह बताने की कृरा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या सरकार को पता है कि दिल्ली विश्वनिद्यालय से बी० ए० के लिए म्रोतेक विषयों के सम्बन्ध में परीक्षा के माध्यम के झारे में विकल्प है;
- (ख) क्या एम० ए० इकनामिक्स
 की परीक्षा के लिए ग्रंग्रेजी का माध्यम
 अनिवार्ष हैं;

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- । (ग) बदि हा, तो इसके क्या कारण
- (ध) क्या सरकार का यह शनिश्चित करने का विचार है कि ऐसे छात्रों की जिन्होने बी० ए० वे उपरोक्त विषय हिन्दी ते माध्यम से धास किय हैं. एम : ए - की परीक्षा बन्नेजी भाषा के माध्यम से देने पर मजबर न क्या जाये ?

शिक्षा, समाज कस्याण तथा संस्कृति मंत्री (डा॰ प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र): (क) और (ख) जी. हा।

(ग) ग्रीर (प) दिल्ली विश्व-विद्यालय द्वारा दी गई सचना के अनमार इसका ग्रयंशास्त्र विमाग देश में धर्मशास्त्र वे उच्च सध्ययन वे तीन केन्द्रों स से एक है। इसी कारण स तथा इस बात वोध्यान में रखते हुए कि इस विभाग क्षारा दी जाने वाली छात्रवित्वों में ने यम से तम प्राधी छ। बबुत्तिया दिल्ली से बाहर वे स्थानो से माने वाली/वाले छाता के लिए धारक्षित है इस विभागको देश ने मन्य भागों के छात्रों को बडी सहया में दाश्चिल करना पडता है।

ससार भर में अर्थजास्त में अनुन्धान बडे भारी धनुपात में अग्रेजी में किया जा रहा है और फास. पश्चिम अमेंनी. जापान. सोवियत रूस ग्रादि जैस अधिकाश गैर प्रयेखी भाषी देशों ने उच्च स्तरों पर धर्वेशास्तियो के प्रशिक्षण के लिए प्रग्रेजी के नाम को एक भावस्थकता के रूप म लागुक्र दिया है। तदनुसार विश्यविद्या-लय का यह विचार है कि उच्च ग्रयंशास्त्र केंस्नातकात्तर पाठ्यकम स्ता के हित में भगेती मही सवानित किए जान चाहिए।

विष्वविद्यासय के ग्रनुमार, जो छाझ धवर स्नातक वन्त्रीए हिन्दी के माध्यम स पास करते हैं उन्हें स्नातक।त्तर प्रशिक्षण

'समेजी के साध्यत र पारर भरने में ओड़ें , मठिनाई नहीं होतीं। है क्याहि उन्हें प्रवेती को जान होता ही है छौर जब वे ग्राची मा उच्च प्रजिक्षण पाना चाहते है तो स्रपेने ही हित मे ध्रेप्रेजी मे प्रवीणता फॉजत करने की प्रेरणा मिलती है।

Under Dillisation of Irrigation Potential

3157 DR SAROJINI MAHISHI-SHRI K PRADHANI

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) what are the factors in respect of various projects responsible for the under utilisation of irrigation potential, and
- (b) what steps are being taken to remedy the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI PRATAP SINGH) (a) The various factors which are responsible for the under utilisation of irrigation potential are -

- (i) construction of field channels not keeping pace with the water availability facility;
- (ii) inadequate drainage facility which hampers development of irrigation:

(iii) Inadequate preparation of land for irrigated agriculture including land levelling and land shaping;

- (iv) anticipated crop pattern and water allowances under the projects not being realised,
- (v) lack of adequate agricultural experimental and demonstration farms and training and extension facilities.
- (vi) Mal-distribution of available supplies of water and problems of tail-end-cultivators; and

- (vii) lack of inputs and infrastructure facilities.
- (b) The command area development programme taken up in the Fifth Plan and being continued in the current Plan is a major step to remedy the Broadly, the programme situation. covers on-farm development works comprising field channels, field draus. land levelling and shaping operations. envisages programme also strengthening of existing transing and demonstration organisation; ground water development in the command areas, adoption of suitable cropping pattern and rostering system or irrigation; provision of adequate drainage net-work in the command areas and modernisation of the existing irrigation systems etc. A command area development authority to discharge these functions effectively and speedily has been envisaged for each command area. At present 38 command area development authorities are function-

ing covering 50 irrigation commands falling in 13 States.

Escalations in Original Estimates of Incomplete Major First Plan Irrigation

- Project

 3158. DR SAROJINI MAHISHI:
 Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE
 AND IRRIGATION be pleased to
 state:
 - (a) which are the incomplete major first plan irrigation project in the country;
 - (b) what are the escalation in their original estimates; and
 - (e) how the Government analyse the reasons for the delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF ACRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU FRATAP SINGH) (a) and (b). 4 muor First Plan irrigation projects are yet to be completed. Project-wise details of the original estimated cost and the latest revised cost are given below:

(Rs. crores.)

Sl. Proj lo.	ect						Original estimated cost	Latest revised cost
1. Koshi Barrage &	Eastern	Kosi	Canal			<u> </u>	54.81	127.0
2. Chambal Stage I							34.48	98-46
3. Mahanadi Delta							14.92	62.69
4 D.V.C. Irrigation							25.07	30.00

^{*}This figures would need further revision.

(c) The main reasons for the delay have been (f) inadequate financial outlay till the end of the Fourth Plan (ii) changes in scope of the projects (iii) land acquisition difficulties (iv) non-availability of construction materials like cement, steel & explosive and (v) continuing rise in costs of labour and materials.

दिस्ती दुग्च योजना के पास दूध के टोकनों के लिए विचाराधीन पढ़े धार्वेदन-पन्न ।

31.59. थी गंगा नवत सिंह प्या कृषि श्रीर सिंचाई मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंचे कि :

(क) दिल्ली यौगनों दिल्ली में मेम व्यक्तिमों से संस्थानियाँ होता है सिर्धान

दिल्ली दुश्च योजना के दूध के टोकन के लिए भारत पत्र मेंचे हैं. और उनके नाम क्य से प्रकाश मुची में विचाराधीन ž:

- lei) 31 प्रशाबर, 1978को तिसा सबी में उनकी सहया विवर्ता थी और वर्ष 1976 ग्रीर 1977 में इसी ग्रवधि मे दमकी सहया प्रसम-प्रसम् कितनी थी. ग्रीर
- (ग) 31 धक्तूबर 1978 तक पजीवत ध्यक्तिया की दुध के टोकन क्य तक मिल जारेंगे ?

कपि भीर सिचाई मतालय में राज्य मंत्री (भी मानु प्रताप सिंह): (क) दिल्ली ग्रीर नई दिल्ली में जिन लोगो ने दिल्ली दुख योजना के दुध के दोकन ने लिए भावेदन पत्न दिय वे जनमें से किसी का नाम भी क्या प्रतीक्षा मुची से नहीं है।

` (स) ३१ धन्तुबर, १९७६, ३१ मन्त्रवर, 1977 भीर 31 धनवूबर, 1978 को जो सीव प्रतीक्षा मुक्ती मधे उनकी सहया निम्न प्रकार है ~

> 31-10-1976- 1,22,773 31-10-1977-73506 31-10-1978-

शना

(प) प्रध्न ही नहीं होता।

Research on Basic and Applied Nature of Grass, Grass-land and Fodder Crops

3160 DR VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT. Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether the Indian Grass Land and Fodder Research Institute in Jhansi was established in 1972 carry out research in bacic and applied nature of grass grass-land and fodder Groups in the country,

- (b) whether the institute has submitted any report, if so, the recommendations and action taken thereupon:
- (c) whether the institute have after research esablished any variety of formes crops; and Whether the much publicised Chandela and Bundela variety have been tested and proved successful and profitable in agricultural operations: and
- (d) whether the above varieties have been tested by the All India pro-19cts and what is the assessment of Government with regard to the recarch done by the above institute. its utility and result?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) Yes Sir Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Institute, Jhansi was established in 1962 to carry out researches of Basic, Applied and problem oriented nature on different aspects of grassland and fodder cross.

(b) The research results of the Institute are compiled and reported in the Annual Reports of the Institute and the ICAR. In addition periodical scientific and extension information write ups are put out by the Institute for the use of the farmers and extensinn workers

Several recommendations uncluding improved varieties with superior per formance improved management in production and conservation of forage, forages in crop rotations, and the low cost labour saving agricultural implements designed and fabricated at Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Institute are being popularised through Institute and other extension media in the country

(c) Institute has developed several new varieties of grasses, legumes and fedder crops which include. Cow-pea varieties IGFRI S-450, S-457, Berseep S-99-I, B-I, B-3, Lucerne S-24, 9-54; Oats S-2688, S-3-10, S-77 32, Anjau Grass S-3108; Dichanthium annulatum S-495; Dina Nath Grass S-3898 and S-866; Thin Napler S-15; Buffel Grass S-3108, S-3133, etc. etc. in addition several forage trees like Kobabool selections have been developed to suit the need of Indian cattle.

The Institute has not released any variety under the names of Cham'ela and Bundela. However, some of the recently developed bajra-napier hybrids like IOFRI-3 and IOFRI-2 developed in Bundelkhand environment have shown superiority in quality and productivity in different locations under All India Coordinated Project on Forge Crops. While IOFRI-3 is amicable for mixed cropping with legumes, IOFRI-2 is good as grazing type.

(d) The above mentioned varieties are already being tested under All India Coordinated Project for research on forage crops at different locations.

The Institute is doing very useful work on forage croy, pasture management, fodder trees and shrubs and developing silvi pastoral systems which have great relevance to the development of animal husbandry in the courty and generating more employment. The work of the institute is assessed to be very satisfactory by the Government.

वर्ष 1977-78 में केन्द्रीय लोक निर्माण विभाग में सेवानिवृत्त सरकारी कर्मवारी

3161. श्री महीलाल : श्री तहवर लाल बी० परमार :

क्या निर्माण भीर भावास तथा पूरि भीर पूनवांस मती यह बताने की क्रपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या 1 मई, 1977 से 30 अप्रैल, 1978 तक की श्रवधि में केन्द्रीय लोक निर्माण विभाग के इतींब्दुकल डिकीयन प्रदेश_{ा 1}1 में ने कितने कर्मचारी, क्षेत्रीवार

- (य) का इन सवी संबोधितृत व्यक्तियों को वेंका मित रही है मीर का जनको भविष्य निधि को राधि तथा अन्य कमा राधियों का भूगतान करको दर दिया क्या है; मीर
- (म) यदि नहीं, तो इन प्राप्तसों की अंगीयार, संख्या वित्ती है बीर यहामा प्राप्त करते और येद्र का प्रकार करते और येद्र का हिसाब अवार्ध में नग्राधरण विकास के क्या कारण है और उनकी अकामा राधि का मुक्तान क्या तक कर विधा जनका

निर्माण श्रीर झावास तथा पूर्ति सौर पुनर्वास मंत्री (श्री सिकन्यर वस्त) : (क्) केवल एक खतासी 30 धर्मेल, 1978को रिटायर इस्राया।

- (ख) ग्रोर (ग). निम्नतिवित भुग-तान किए गए हैं —
 - (i) अनुमेय उपादानका अ/शभाग
 - (ii) अधिनतम पेशन
 - (iii) बची हुई प्रजित छुटी के बदसे सकद भुगतान ।
 - (iv)केन्द्रीय सरकार बीमा श्रंतदान।

सामान्य भविष्य निधि ग्रीर ग्रीन्स पेंग्रन तथा श्रेय उपादान ग्रदा गरने पर कार्ययाही पहले की ही जा चुनी है।

Flood Measures in Trans-Yamuna Colonies

3162. SHRI MAHI LAL: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRI-GATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether taking account of the devastating fury of the recent floods in the river Yamuna in Delhi any special steps have been initiated to ensure safety from the flood havec to the thickly populated trans-Yamuna colonies, and

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(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) and Schemes costing a total of Rs. 170 lakhs for raising, strengthening and making improvements in embankments on Yamuna river both unstream and downstream of Wazurabad barrage wherever necessary have been prepared by the Delhi Administration for the protection of trans-Yamuna colomiee

Import of Machinery for Narmada Protect

3163 PROF P G MAVALANKAR SHRIF P CARKWAD

Will the Minister of AGRICUL TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the State Government of Guiarat have represented to the Central Government about the import of special machinery for use in the implementation of the Narmada Project in Gujarat,
 - (b) if so broad details thereof, and (c) Government's response thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANII PRATAP SINGH) (a) and (b) Yes Sir the details are as under -

Number

64

32

3

1	2	3
1 300	HP Crawler	
	Tractor with	-6
	in rat6 AP	20
	T in Engine	ε.

3 Single Engine Scrap 13 23 113

4 Vib atmy Compac 1014

S to Name of the

equipment.

. . 3 > 5 (A) Front-and

loader 6 7 cu 3ds 15 5 (B) Front and loader s cu vd. 15

6 Truck Mounted 4 (50% to be fully hydraulic) Crane

1 (940 cu }ds cap) 7 Batching Plant

8 Truck Tractors 1 + 1 (60 + 100T)

o Transat Maxers 10 fao 40 cu 1ds cap) in Mobile Batching and Mixing Plants

(c) Equipment required for Narmada Project could be considered after scope and size of project in Gujarat is decided in accordance with Tribunals decision

Financial Assistance to Voluntary Social Associations for and run by women

3164 PROF P G MAVALANKAR Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have granted financial assistance to voluntary social associations for, and run by. wemen throughout the country, during the last 5 years-1974 to 1978.
- (b) if so, broad details State wise, and
- (c) details of such assistance given to the said institutions in the State of Gujarat during the above mentioned period for projects, buildings, activities, etc, to which institutions and what amounts?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI) (a) Yes, Sur

(b) and (c). The requisite information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House,

Programme of Text Book Production in Collaboration with Foreign Counfries

3155. PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government are directly or indirectly beloing any programme of text-books production in India at low cost and with high quality with the collaboration of some major countries like U.K., U.S.S.R., Germany, etc.;

(b) if so full facts thereof;

(c) whether Government are planning to help promote such a programme with the wholly indigenous resources and academic talent and expertise available for the college and University students; and

(d) if so, how and when; and

(e) if not, why not?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI): (a) and (b). With the objective of making available to our university students, low priced editions of standard university text books and reference material of foreign origin, three programmes are being operated in collaboration with the Governments of U. K. (English Language Book Society Series, since 1960), U. S. A. (Joint-Indo-American Standard Works Programme, since 1961) and the U.S.S.R. (Joint Indo-Soviet Programme, since 1965), The books brought out under all three programmes are approved by the · Government of India in consultation with expert agencies such as the University Grants Commission, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, the Directorate General of Health Services, etc. Titles are normally evaluated from the point of view of their suitability and usefulness to the students.

As a general rule, if equally good books by Indian authors are available. the foreign titles are not recommended for publication under these programmes. Efforts are also made to cosure that only the latest editions of the approved titles are republished under these programmes. Under the UK and USSR programmes the books are published in the respective countries and imported into and marketed in India through the normal trade channels. Under the Indo-American programme, the selected books are published in low priced editions by Indian publishers with a suitable subsidy from the USIS, and marketed through the normal trade channels. So far about 650 British, 1400 American and 300 Soviet books have been brought out in low priced editions under these programmes.

(c) to (e). A number of schemes are already being implemented to encourage production of university text-books by Indian authors. National Book Trust is implementing a Scheme of Subsidised Publication of University Level Books in English by Indian Authors, under which suitable subsidies are given to encourage Indian authorship, and to make available suitable university level books in English at low prices and make them economically competitive with foreign subsidised books. The State Governments are also being given financial assistance in the production of university level books in Hindi and regional languages. Further the University Grants Commission is implementing a Scheme for the preparation of university level books by Indian authors, under which financial assistance is given to outstanding teachers, researches and scholars in the universities, colleges and other institutions of higher learning and research for the preparation of high quality books monographs and reference material for use in universities and colleges, etc. In addition, a scheme for the production of core books is also being implemented, Further, a scheme for giving awards to Indian authors writing

DECEMBER 12, 1978

original works of university level in Indian languages in different subjects is also in vogue. Besides, the Commission for Scientific and Technical Terminology is implementing, on behalf of five Hinds-speaking States, a scheme for production of books in Hindi in the fields of Agriculture, Medicine and Engineering

Amendment to Ferbiser Conirol order

3166 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be plea ed to etate.

- (a) whether the Government are con.idering a proposal to amend the Fertilizer Control Order which is reported to be out dated requiring drastic amendments.
- (b) of so, details thereof and nature of the amendments proposed and reasons therefor,
- (c) whether the comments of the State Governments have been sought on the proposed amendments, and
- (d) if so, State-wise reaction recerved so far and whether the proposal 13 expected to be finalised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI RHANU PRATAP SINGH (a) At present there is no proposal to amend Fertiliser Control Order, 1957 However, it has been amended from time to time on the basis of experience gained and suggestions of the State Covernments

(b) Question does not arise.

(c) and (d) The Government have set up a Committee to make an overall review of the Fertiliser Control Order The Committee consist of the representatives of some of the State Governments, Industry and Government of India. It has called for comments of the State Governments on the various provisions of the Fertiliser Control Order and has also been discussing with them about the necessity of any amendment. Its report is expected to be submitted shortly. On receipt of the report, the question of amendments will be examined by the Government of India.

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Allocation under Community Development Eural Scheme to West Bengal and North Eastern States

3167 SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA:

A HANNAN SHRI M ALHAJ:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-

TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state (a) the allocation made to West

- Bengal and North Eastern Region Slates, State-wise, under community development schemes during the last three years, year-wise;
- (b) the details of the area benefited by the scheme in these State-wise, and
- (c) the area likely to be benefited under this scheme State-wise district-Wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH). (a) to (c) Community Development Programme is in the State Sector and therefore information is being collected from the concerned State Governments It will be laid on the Table of House as soon as possible,

Shifting Cultivation in Tripura and North Eastern State Region

3168 SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA:

SHRI SAKTI KIIMAR SARKAR

SHRI M A. HANNAN ALHAJ.

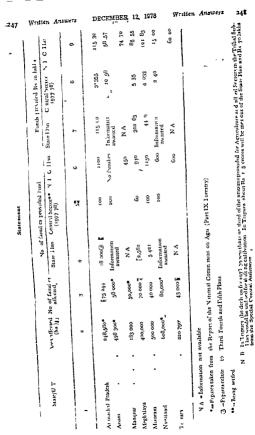
Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state-

(a) the forest area affected by the shifting cultivation in Tripura and other North Eastern State region,

- 245 Written Answers AGRAHAYANA 21, 1900 (SAKA) Written Answers (b) the total number of Tribal fami-
- lies affected and provided lands for cultivation, in each region; and (c) the details of the funds provid-
- ed by the Centre and North Eastern Regional Council up-to-date?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: (a) to (c). The Statewise estimated forest area affected by shifting cultivation, estimated number of families involved and the number of families provided with land and funds under Central Sector/ NEC Plan upto 1977-78 are given in the Statement attached.



Food for Work' Scheme in Flood Affected States

anected Stries
3169, SHRI SACHINDRALAL
SINGHA

SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ;

SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR: . Will the Minister of AGRICUL-

TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether "the food for work"

- (a) whether "the food for work" scheme is now being utilised to rehabilitate the flood affected areas;
- (b) if so, the details of the work done upto date in the flood affected States, State-wise, with special reference to West Bengal, district-wise, with the number of the persons benefited; and
- (c) the details of the public works like flood embankments, canale, irrigation tanks and village roads which have been undertaken in flood affected areas State-wise and particularly in West Bengal district-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU FRATAP SINGH): (a). Yes Sir.

(b) and (c). The floods have receded only very recently. Obviously, the information asked for will be available only after sometime.

Irrigation Projects in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States

3170. SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA: SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) the irrigation projects completed and continuing in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States Statewise, district wise, and the average of land benefited and going to be benefited by that:

- (b) whether it is a fact that the percentage of cultivable land under irrigation in these States is less than the average in the country; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof, Statewise and the steps taken by Centre to improve position?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE ANR IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) The information is given in the attached statement.
- (b) and (c). Percentage of trigation potential created to the end of 1977-78 to gross cropped area is less than the all India average in all these States except West Bengal and Nagaland. Details are given in the attached statement. During the Mid-Term 1978-83, various steps taken for accelerating the pace of development of irrigation are as under:
- (i) Higher outlays for early completion of major/medium and minor irrigation sector;
 - (ii) Taking up of new schemes under major/medium on-going schemes:
 - (iii) Maximum priority in the allocation of funds within the State Government's resources, mobilising institutional investment from banks with the support of the ARDC and the World Bank to the maximum extent possible;
 - (iv) Systematic renovation and modernisation of existing irrigation systems;
 - (v) Conjuctive use of surface and ground waters and accelerated irrigation development in drought areas; and
 - (vi) Setting up of Command Area Development Authorities and Monitoring Organisation.

Special emphasis is being laid on implementation of irrigation projects in the drought prone, tribal and backward areas and funds would be earmarked separately for these areas both for investigation and execution of the projects.

Written Answers

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Survey and investigation work will be stepped up especially in the

North Eastern Region during the next few years so that projects are formulated for implementation immediately. These investigations would also help the States to put ground water exploitation on a more systematic and rational basis.

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30-61 All India average.

Statement

Ġ		Wijer and Madium frigation Schemes	frigation	Schemes			1			
State	March						4	Minor Irrigation.	ď	Percentage
-	Schemes,	Districts benefited	Ultimate benefits (in thousand ha.)	0	Number Dustricts benefited, on the outling side on the outling side outliers.	Ultimate benefits (in thousand ha.)	Net total potential 1977-78 ha. Tem	Net total irrigation potential created upto 1977-78 (in thousand ha. Tentative).	Target for additional irrigation potential to be erented during 1978-79	of irrigation potential cyanted to the end of 1977-78 to gross cropped area.
-		3	+						(Gross).	
West Bengal	. 3	Bankura Jalpaieuri	10.07	,,,,	West, w	,	,		6	10
• .					Mundidabad Mundidabad Menghly, Bankura, Menghly, Bankura, Wenghly, Bewrah Wenghagpur, Malda, Purolia, Jalpaiguri,	148:13	1380	List of dis-	159	34.05
Assam	es	Miku Hilk Nowgong.	Z. 39°4°	13	Darang, Nowgong, Kamrup, Goalpara Miltu Hills.	48,158	350	is too lengthy	66	19.35
Manipur		ı		ď	Imphal, Bishanpur Tamenelone	00.09	â	_	878	30.00
M~3halaya	. Nil.	ļ	1	Nil		1	;			
Nagaland	NIII	!	I	EN.			2		en .	. 5.91
Tripura	Z.	i				i	ŝ		9	30.20
Arumachal]	ii.		I	38		90	8.56
Manager		1	1	N.			Infon Tem	Union Temperatus on a selection	A. e. J. e. B.	
William		I	1	NI.		, 1	85		or reper	16.84**
									1	

Union Territories.
 *This figures for A-machal Pradesh and Misoram are included in the Union Territories.

प्राथमिक शिक्षा पर स्वय

3171. थी जगतीश प्रसाद मायुर ना शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण ग्रोट संस्कृति मर्द्धायह बतान का अपा करेगे कि

- (क) इस सब के ग्रारम्म हाने के समय 14 वर्ष का आप स छाटे क्रिक यच्य थे जा प्रत्पड थे
- (द) ए राम वच्दः को प्रायमिक शिक्षा देन गर किता ग्राने का ग्रनमान ह . ग्रार
- (१) धरि प्रत शिक्षा वायकन पर धर्वका जान ताता क्षि अन्दर्धकान ળા શિયા તે ધરજીવળ (ગામ તાંગિલ તે बच्दा का प्रयक्तिक कर्रास**ा**द ar bàli ?

शिक्षा, समाज बन्धाण तथा सस्क्रीत भनी (डा॰ प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र) (क) वर 1978 के दोरान 6-14 आयार्थ क 13 70 कराड वच्चा का परिकल्पित जनमध्या में में 33 प्रातगत वचन स्कल के बाहर है।

(म) 33 प्रतिकत मैं-दाखिल बच्चा को प्राथमिक किसा प्रदान वस्ते वा प्रतु-मानित खच 520 कराड प्राप्त साधक हरिका ।

(म) यह एक वाल्यनिक प्रश्न प्रतीत हाता है। प्रीड विक्षा कार्वकम प्रारम्भिक मिया का सर्वस्त्रध यनान के कामक्रम का पुरक है। प्रत्य उद्देश्या के साथ साथ इस कायकन न साक्षर प्रौडामें ग्रयने वस्त्राका स्कूनाम भेनन तवा उन्हें बहा नसा VIII तक स्वन के लिए शाफी जारहरता उत्पन्न हता। ऐस परिणामा का मध्यानिर्धारित नहीं की जा सदनी। प्रीत विका कामकम में 1978-83 माध्यमिक बांबना के लिए 200 कराव रुपये कर प्रावधान रखा मया है।

राजस्थान में प्ररातत्विक महत्व

317 :- श्री जगदीश प्रताद मायुरः नया शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण और संस्कृति मन्नो यह बताने का क्रमा करेने कि

- (क) राष्ट्रस्थानम केन्द्रस्य स्कार के गंधीन परातरिक महत्व के कितने स्यान है ग्रार उनके रख रखाव पर कितना
- वाषिक सब कियादा राष्ट्र है, यास (या) प्याइन ऐतिहासिक महत्यं के सब स्थाना का काई सर्वेक्षण विद्यागया है ग्रार यदिहा,ता क्व

किला, समाज बस्याण तथा संस्कृति मशी (दा० प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र) : (क) राजस्थन स प्रातिस्थित महस्य के 148 स्मारव/स्थल बन्द्र य ५०कार के निरत्नयण में हैं। मत तल वर्रों में इन स्थारका/स्थला के रखखाद पर निम्नीलवित न्यय विया यया है ---

> 1976-77 ₹0 59,590 00 1977-78 ₹0 3,80,685 00 1978-79 o 1.06 003 004 (नवस्वर, 1978 कि)

(ख) भारतीय पुरातरः सर्वेक्षण ने पहले हा से प्रातस्य विजयक ग्रवशेषा/ स्मारका के लिए ग्रामीण क्वेंक्षण प्रारम्भ कर दिया है आ। इसके फलस्थरूप 500 से अधिक स्थल प्रकाश में आर्थे हैं। यह कार्य प्रशति पर है।

Scracity Hit Tehsils in Maharashtra

3173 SHRI V G HANDE Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government are aware that there are seventyeight Tehnils in Maharashtra which are always affected by scarcity,

- (h) the special measures undertaken by the Government; and
- (c) special programmes for such areas and the total grant allocated to the said area in Maharashtra?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINCH): (a) The Government of Maharashtra have identified 87. Tehsils in 12 districts which are drought-mone.
- . (b). The Government of India have selected 42 Tensil; in 5 of these districts for implementation of Drought Prone Areas Programme. Central assistance equal to 50 per cent of the expenditure is provided for this programme.
- (c) Special programmes include schemes under the following sectors: --
 - (i) Soil survey (ii) soil and water conservation (iii) Minor Irrigation (iv) ground water development.(v) Dry land farming (v) Forestry and Pasture Development (vii) . Cattle and Dairy Development and (viii) sheen development.

The main thrust of the propramme, in-restoration of ecologicalbalances and conservation and optimum development of the land, water, live-stock and human resources. During the 5th Plan en outly of Rs. 3296 cross; had been approved under the programme, and of these on expenditure of Rs. 1561 croses was incurred during 1978-78, 791 1978-79, and 1978-79, and 1978-79, and 1978-79, and 1978-79, and 1978-79, and propriets of Rs. 256 cross, has been reported till September, 1978.

Procurement of Foodgrains

3174 SHRI KACHARULAL HEM-RAJ JAIN, Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the present foodgrains situation with the Government:
- (b) the total quantity of foodgrains procured ting year and the quantity which is yet to be procured; and
- (c) what arrangements have been made for keeping safe the procured foodgrains?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) The Food situation in the country is comfortable at present. As on 1st November, 1978, total stock of foodgrains with the public agencies were of the order of about 16.4 million tonnes.
- (b) Out of 1977-78 kharif and 1978-79 rabi marketing seasons a quantity of about 4.8 million tennes of rice and 5.5 million tonnes of wheat respectively has been procured. The new kharif marketing season 1978-79 has begun on 1st November, 1978 and a quantity of about 2.1 million tonnes of Kharif cereals has been procured upto the 7th December, 1978. The procurement of wheat, paddy and kharif coarse grains is done under the price support operation and rice under levy on millers/traders. As such it is not possible to estimate as to how much quantity of foodgrains would be procured in the remaining part of the year.
- (c) The total storage capacity (including CAP) available with the Food Corporation of India as on 1st November 1978 was 21.13 million tonner made up of 14.44 million tonner covered and 6.69 million tonnes CAP. Further construction of godowns/silos has been taken up in a big way to climinate CAP storage. The safe preservation of foodgrains procured has been given the highest pipority and no stock has been allowed to remain unprotected.

Production and Export of Basmati Rica

3175 SHRI KACHARULAL HEM RAJ JAIN Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 5238 on the 3rd April 1978 regarding Production and export of Basmati Rice and state

- (a) the places in the country where basmati rice is produced and the quality and the quantity produced,
- (b) the names of countries to which rice is exported the quality and quantity of rice which has been exported to each such country and the tates at which the rice is exported. hrs
- (c) the agency through which rice is exported to foreign countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHAND PRATAP SINGH) (a) Basmati rice is produced mainly in Punjah, Harvana and Uttar Pradesh The production is estimated as under -

Pumab es to 26 cco temes ..

Uztar Pradesh Q to 11 CCG terre.

availablé

Information in regard to Harvia i at

- (b) The major importing countries for Indian rice are Arab Emirates, Kuwait Bahrain, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Indonesia. UK etc. A statement showing details of export of rice as attached. Since the rate varies from constantient to constantiat, it is not possible to indicate the rate. However average rate has been indicated
- (c) The export of Basmain rice which was taking place through State Trading Corporation has been dechannelised welf 13th February 1978 and export, are now permitted under Open General Licence The exports of other varieties on Government account are done through State Trading Cornoration on a commercial basis.

Statement showing the export of rice during the period from April 15,7 to Televier 10. E

Rice	Qty in tonnes	Value in Rupees	Average rate per MT
Rue in Husk of Hughed			
Belgram	3	9*94	
German, F. R. P. U. L.,	127	14448 368657	
TOTAL	134		Rs 20,2
Red Sens of usbally miled (thes excluding peobleted) Canada German FRP Hongkong Ladoners	45 4 5 7	1,71 5 6 17,197 13 755	~
fraq tu'ay	- 3 . 4764 31841	564 47 c69 121,79 868 1575	, T T

Rice Semi or wholly milled (Rice excluding Perboiled)

~	Јарав								1	3725
	Kuwait								230	6,82,139
	Mauritiu	3							100	293927
	Qman			,					50	-939-7 147421
	Philipine	s							16	91960
	Saudi Ar	bia					Ċ		2498	7442861
	Scychalle	3.	٠,				Ċ	Ċ	-999	158862
	Singapor	e				Ċ	Ĭ.	•	200	597889
	U.K.					Ċ	·	•		
	U.S.A.					•		•	2014	6037843
					Total	•	•	•		472140
			~			•	•	•	87760	847,64,797 Rs. 2245/-
			GRA	ND	TOTAL				37894	8,51,57,696

Deseriers from Resettlement Camps

3176. SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to states

- (a) whether he is aware that a sood number of refugees living in the Bundakaranya in camps (villages) of the Koraput District, Orissa, and Mana Campi MMP. State have left the resettlement areas i.e. the villages where they had been reactiled with Land for cultivation and house to live in.
- (b) if so, where have they gone and how they are managing their livelihood; and
- (c) if the answer to (a) above is in affirmative, what are the reasons for their abandoning the resettled villages;
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND ROUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir. They left from Dandakaranya and not from Mana Campo.
- (b) A majority of the deserters had gone to West Bengal, and have

since returned to Dandakaranya Project. Thay have been put to their lands and houses as well as Karmi Shibirs from which they had left and ure being given assistance on a prescribed scale to manage their livelihood.

- (c) The desertions took place mainly due to motivated and false propaganda by interested elements luring the displaced persons to seek their resettlement in Sunderbans area in West Bengal. The other reasons could be:
 - (i) the desire to fulfil their emotional eraving for surroundings and climes to which they were accustomed.
- (ii) the greater interest of younger elements in jobs of drivers, teachers, clerks etc., in urban areas and their not being interested in agricultural occupations involving labour; and
- (iii) the prospects of escoping obligation of repayment of loans taken by them as rehabilitation assistance from the Government.

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Forest Policy

3177 SHRI RAJKESHAR SINGH

SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI

SHRI A. R. BADRI NARAYAN

SHRI EDHARDO FALEIRO

SHRI P M SAYEED

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION he pleased to state

- (a) whether Government propose to frame uniform forest policy and enact uniform law for the whole country, and
- (b) if so the salient features of the proposal and its likely impact on checking the indiscriminate felling of the trees in the name of forest contracts leading to soil erosion and floods in the hilly areas of Himachal Prade h and Uttar Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANTI PRATAP SINGH) (a) The revised Draft National Forest Policy incorporating a clause to enact uniform law for the whole country has been finabsed and approved by the Central Board of Forestry in its XVII meeting held at New Delhi on 10th and 11th Nov. 1978 The draft is being processed further for final adoption.

- (b) The salient features of the proposal from the point of view on the checking of indiscriminate felling of trees in the country as incorporated in the revued Draft National Forest Policy are as under
 - (1) To increase the area under forests and tree lands and secolerate the pace of reforestation and afforestation and check deforestation and denudation.

The draft has included a clause that the diversification of forest areas to non-forestry use would not be allowed without the approval of the State legislatures/Central Authority in the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation, Government of India Another provision has also been made for compensating the forest lands submerged in dams and reservoirs or used for rehabilitating the displaced population by alternate adequate land wherever possible in exchange so that total forest area does not diminish.

In areas leased out for quarying and mining etc which reults in depletion of forest wealth and accelerating soil grosion it is essential that adequate provision for preparing the land and carrying out afforestation over such areas is made during the currency and expury of such leases

- (2) To strengthen existing legislation to implement the National Forest Policy
- It is necessary to adopt a uniform Forest Act throughout the country and legal provisions and machinery should be strengthened for enforcement of the provisions of this Act As a follow up action of this measure, a revised Forest Act to suggest suitable amendments to the Indian Forest Act 1927 was submitted A Small Informal Working Group under the Chairmanship of Shri K. A Bhojashetty, Chief Conservator of Forests, Tamil Nadu was constituted to prepare the above draft The draft has been circulated to the States for comments and suggestions A Sub-Committee to scrutinize the comment, received from the various States on the Draft Forest Act is being constituted in the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation to give it ! final shape,

ब्रन्तर्राध्दीय बाल वर्ष के लिए व्यय की जाने वाली धनराशि

3178 डा॰ रामजी सिंह : वरा शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण और संस्कृति मंदी यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :

- (कं) सरकार द्वारा अन्तरीष्ट्रीय वाल वन के लिए निम्मत का गई कुल राजि में से गीष्टियों, सम्मेलनों के आयोजनों, वीरों, प्रमार, और सीधे वच्चों पर कितनी राजि वर्षे करने का विचार है:
- (ख) क्या सरकार 10 वर्ष से बड़े वच्चों को अन्तरीष्ट्रीय वाल दर्ष में केवल तीन कार्यक्रम अर्थीत् देखहर का मोजन, वो जोड़ो क्रैस और अन्तिवार्ष अर्द्धवाधिक विकित्सा जांच अरुपण्य करेगी:
- (म) क्या अन्य विश्व संगठनों से प्राप्त सह्यायता को सरकार का विचार केयत इन्हों तीनों कार्यकरों के लिए उपयोग करने का है: और
- (प) क्या सरकार का विचार धन्तरीष्ट्रीय वाल वर्ग के दौरान बच्चों को बारीरिक दंड देन गैर कानूनी बोधित करेगी और देशपंग्ल बच्चों के अपनुरूप के लिए आजीवन कारावास के दंड की व्यवस्था करने का है?

(1) स्वास्त्य छोर पोराहार जिसमें परिस्थितिकस्य सफाई छोर प्रच्छेपेय जन सम्भरण जासिन है। (2) शिक्षा जिसमें स्थूल पूर्वकी प्रारम्भिक एवं सामुद्धिक शिक्षा शामिल है।

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- (3) समाज कल्याण।
- (4) विद्यायम ।
- (5) प्रचार ।
- (6) धनराशि की व्यवस्था करना।

प्रजारीष्ट्रीय बाल वर्ष के लिए कार्य योडना में जिस कार्यक्रमां की रूपरेखा है जतके विरोक्त प्रंबी के जिए रामियों का विरोक्त निवतन प्रभी मही हुआ है। कार्य की राष्ट्रीय योजना में दिवन कार्यकर्मों को एखा बया है जतके लिए विरोध व्यवस्था महत्तर, राष्ट्रीय योजा में हैं। की जाएगि।

(व) जानकारी एकब्रित की जा ५ई। है और प्राप्त होते ही सदन के पटन पर रखदी जाएगी ।

Subsidy to States for Imparting Free Education

3179. SHRI GEORGE MATHEW: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a whether the Central Government consider giving full subsidy to the States for free education to the children upto matriculate; and

(b) what are the amounts being spent by the various States for free education to its citizens and what is the per capita of such expenses of each State?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION,
SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE
(OR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) No, Sir. In so far as the
Government of India is concerned
funds for school education are available to the State Governments; under
the State Sector of the Five Year
Plan as block grants for the plan as a
whole.

(b) Information is awaited from the State Governments.

विल्ली विकास प्राधिकरण के प्रतेटी का निर्माण

3183. धी गगा मन्त्र सिंह : नुगा निर्माण स्रोर सावास तथा पति सौर पुनर्वास मझा रह रताने की कपा करें। कि

- (क) दिल्ला विकास प्राधिकरण द्वारा वर्ष 1976-77 तथ 1977-28 ... मे उद्देश गए पतैदाकी न ∗ोकी तुलन। में पर्वे 1978-79 में किता पर्नेट बनाए वा उहे हैं मार उनमें अन्य टड्डप, भड़ब षान वाँ भीर निस्त का कि कितने पर्वेट हैं बार ये वर्तेट कि ' लानिया मे बनाए । एते हैं प्रथश का का का विचार किया वा एडा हैं, और
- (इ) छड़ी पदायीं सत्ता में ऐसे पर्नेटा है। तमांग में दिल्ला हो स प्राधि-करमंहण किलनाब्यक किंग तस्याद्यार स पर्देशंका मागक"ोन में स्वते हरू न परेटाका निनो इस बाबना मे पूरा हा जाएगा?

निर्माण भीर ब्रावास तया पूर्ति भीर पुनर्वास मनी (श्री सिकन्दर बडन): (क) प्रार (ख). सुबना ए व ही का जी है तया मना पटल पर रख व नाएगी।

SHRI S NANJESHA GOWDA (Hatsan) Sir, I have given a notice tegarding selling of the agricultural products by the farmers (Interpretions) It is a very important assue

MR SPEAKER, Yes, I have seen it and I have told you also 12 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

MOTERICATION UNDER BETWEE RIVER BOARD ACT AND ANNUAL REPORTS OF RUASTRAN STATE DAIRY DEVELOPMENT COMMENTION LTD. IMPUR FOR THE VILLES 1975-76 AND 1976-77 TOGETHER WITH ACCOUNTS AND CAGS CONCRETE AND TWO STATISMENTS -

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) On behalf of Shri Surut Singh Barnala, I, beg to lay on the Table

(1) A copy of the Betwa River Board Regulations 1978 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No GSR, 28(18)/78-GB in Gazette of India dated the 2nd December 1978 under section 24 of the Betwa River Board Act, 1976 [Placed in Library See No LT-3013/781

(2) A copy of the following Reports (Hindi and English versions) under section 619A of the Companies Act 1956 -

(1) Annual Report of the Rajasthan State Dairy Development Corporation Limited Japur, for the year 1975-76 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon,

(ii) Annual Report of the Rarasthan State Dairy Development Corporation Limited, Jaipur, for the year 1976-77 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon.

(3) Two statements (Hundi and English versions) showing reasons for delay in laying the reports mentuoned at (2) above.

[Placed in Library, See No. LT-3014/78]

Annual Armenistration Report of DELHI 'DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR 1977-78 AND STATEMENTS TO BUPLE-MENTATION OF URBAN LAND (CEILING

AND REGULATION) ACT

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) I beg to lay on the Table -

(1) A copy of the Annual Administration Report (Hands and English versions) of the Delhi Development Authority for the year 1977-78 under section 26 of the Delhi Development Act, 1957. [Placed in Library, See No. LT-3015/78].

(2) A copy each of three statements (Hindi and English, versions) containing data, regarding implementation, (vide Sections, 6, 20, and Regulation) Act, 1976 in various State and Union Territories together with an explanatory memorandum, in pursuance of the assurance given by him during Half-an-Hour discussion on the 27th November, 1978. [Placed in Library, See No. LT-3016/78].

Annual Reports of and Review on the working of Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore and

AHMEDABAD FOR 1977-78

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): I beg to lay on the Table:—

- (1) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore, for the year 1977-78 together with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore, for the year 1977-78. [Place's in Library. See No. LT-3017/78].
- (2) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad, for the year 1977-78 together with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad, for the year 1977-78. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3018/78].

Annual Reports of and Review on National Institute of Foundry and Forge Technology, Ranchi, School of Planning and Architecture, New Delhi, and National Institute for Training in Industrial Engineering, Bombay, for 1977-78

DR, PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER: On behalf of Shrimati Renuka Devi Barakataki, I beg to lay on the Table:—

- (i) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the National Institute of Foundry and Forge Technology, Ranchi, for the year 1977-78 together with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the National Institute of Foundry and Forge Technology, Ranchi for the year 1977-78. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3019/78].
- (2) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the School of Planning and Architecture, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 together with the statement of Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the School of Planning and Architecture, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3029/781.
- (3) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the National Institute for Training in Industrial Engineering, Bombay, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the National Institute for Training in Industrial Engineering, Bombay, for the year 1977-78. [Placed in Librury. See No. LT-3021/78].

12.02 hrs

STATEMENT BY LEADER OF THE INFORMATION OPPOSITION RE GIVEN TO THE HOUSE ABOUT COMMUNICATION RECEIVED ON THE ALLEGED THREAT TO THE LIFE OF THE PRIME MINISTER

MR SPEAKER Mr Stephen

SHRI C M STEPHEN (Idakkı) Mr Speaker Sir the announcement made by you from the Chair on Friday regarding the communication from the Commissioner of Police al leging a plot to murder the Prime Minister has triggered off

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour) On a point of order Sir

MR. SPEAKER I have allowed him to make a statement

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Under what rule have you allowed him to raise this, because the Speaker has an inherent power to make an obser vation I will quote from Kaul and Shokdher

MR SPEAKER. There is no point of order I have an inherent right to allow him to make a statement

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSH cannot take the time of the House like this (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER I have a right to allow him to make a statement

SHEI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Whenever he wishes to raise anything you will allow him to make a statement (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Mr Stephen.

SHRIC M. STEPHEN This has triggered of reactions and has raised issues of far reaching implications The first reaction came train the Communicates of Police. He told the resumen that he had never sent any communication to the Speaker about the plot It is reported that he was so categorical in his demail

(Interruptions)

धीतका वेद नारायण यादव (मध्वनी): मञ्जल महोदय, मेरा स्थलस्या का परंत है । ग्राय के द्वारा उस दिन जा कहा गया उस के क्रपर प्राप स्टीफेन साहब को सफाई देने का मौका दे रहे हैं। सेकिन स्टीफेन साहब न उसी दित बिहार सरकार के एक मही के खिलाफ जो ग्ररोव लगाया था उस के संबंध म सफाई देने का मौताकिस कादिया जएगे? क्यांकि ग्राप ने वहांकि भापको सुचना मिली प्रतान मती जी की हत्या के बारे म स्टीकेन साहब धननी बार से उसकी सफाई देने लेकिन उन्हाने धारील सगयाधाक बिहार के सबी श्रीमती इन्दिर गांधी की हत्वा करने वा पड्यव वर रहे थे। समस्तीपर में तो विहार सरकार के ऊपर जो भारत इन्हाने समाया है उस सबध में विहार सरकार के मध्य नती को भाष बलायेंगे कि यह इस उदमें में मानर स्पाई दें ^{गे}. (व्यवपान) ... जनकी आर से कौन सफाई देना ? इसलिये चनकी सफाई की व्यवस्था भी ग्राप करवा येंगे यह मेरा व्यवस्था का प्रश्न है।

(व्यवसान) .. SHRI B P MANDAL (Madhepura) Shri Stephen is challenging your observations (Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU you are doing is highly irregular You are establishing all sorts of controversial standards

MR SPEAKER Do not record.

(Interruptions) **

MR SPEAKER The other day I announcement that until we decided about the privileges of the Leader of the Opposition after consulting the leaders of the various Parties in the House I am allowing the same facilities which I am allowing to other Minuters I am allowing the Ministers to make a statement in the House ___

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when they give me a copy of the statement. So also I am allowing the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement. That is all.

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moint of order.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Why is it not in the list of business...... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard your

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkill): Sir, you have allowed Shri Stephen to make a statement under Rule 372, as he enjoys the status of a Minister. I think, he will deal with the subject that has already come up on the floor of the House. In case Shri Stephen makes some charges or states some facts before this House, is it permissible for the concerned Minister on that side to reply?.....

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: After the statement is made, if necessary, it will be allowed.

SHRI B. P. MANDAL: On a point of

odrer. Just now, my hon. friend Shri Hukmdeo Narain Yadav raised a very pertinent question.

Mr. Stephen on that day said that some Minister from Bihar, of this place, had gone into a conspiracy with the under-world in Bihar to assassinate Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Now that he has been given an opportunity to explain the position of the Congress (I) he should also be first called upon to name the Minister and substantiate his charge, as to how and who is the man who was going to ... (Interruptions). Otherwise it is very objec- , tionable that you give him ' an opportunity to explain the position of the Congress(I). He should also clarify his allegation about the Bihar Minister. .

(Interruptions)

SHRI K. GOPAL (Karur): You have been controlling the House within the rules: We have no objection. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have called Mr. Gopal. Mr. Bosu, if necessary I will call you again.

(Interruptions)

SHRI K. GOPAL: I have no objection to your calling Mr. Stephen, tomake the statement.

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MR. SPEAKER: Let us be a little more orderly.

SHRI K. GOPAL: It was within your rights. But my submission is that every Member has a right to move a motion or make a statement or any such thing, to which you have agreed. This morning when I met you in the Chamber, i.e. when Mr. Sathe and myself gave a privilege motion against the Prime Minister, you said: "The Prime Minister has written to me: and I am convinced with whatever the Prime Minister wrote. Sc. 1 am not allowing you". When we raised a privilege motion-under rule 222 wegave a notice-you just allow us to raise the matter and ask the Prime Minister to lay his reply on the Table of the House. We do not have anymarrel. But people do not know whether we have raised the privilege motion at all. You disallowed st. I have no quarrel. Please, in future, when you allow us to do a thing (Interruptions). when the Prime-Minister has written to you.... (In-

terruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: I have asked them
to show the entire copy of the writing
to you and Mr. Sathe—whoever has
raised it.

SHRI K GOPAL: Will we be supplied with the copy? Then it is all right (Interruptions)

SHRI, JYOTTRMOY BOSU: Please get hold a copy of Kaul and Shak-dher. At page 349, there is a paragraph covering statements and personal explenations. You then come to page 349, and the penultimate naragraph says—you start reading from 980° attempt.

"But the Speaker may, in exceptional cases, allow a few clarifications in respect of a statement, if it relates to an important matter."

You have done so. There the matter has ended.

MR SPEAKER I have heard you That is not a noint of order

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Then you have to comply with Mr Hukmdeo Narain Yadav also You cannot have two standards in this House

MR SPEAKER Even if you sav that I am having multi-standards it is all right

(Inter-untions)

DR VASANT KUMAR PANDIT (Raygarh) On a point of order, Sir You may allow him to raise an assue in the House as you would allow any other Member You are also go rg to define the rights of the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement or not to.

MR SPEAKER It is not a point of

DR VASANT KUMAR PANDII The point is you have now allowed if But can any one on the same subject matter make two statements. How are you allowing the same Member to make another statement. Till how long will you allow this? -

MR SPEAKER Me Pandit he has sent me a copy of the statement

(Interpuptions)

थो उपतेन (दारिया) धब्यक्ष महोदन, मेरा एर ब्यास्या का प्रकृत है। में मून स एक व्यवस्था जानना चाहता है। हम न्ये मदस्य यहा पर चुन कर ब्रा वे हैं, हुन जानना चाहते हैं कि बचा यह माधक मधिकार से है कि घाप मानकीय नेता विरोधी दल की-जर्मक उन्होंने यहा पर के द्वीप महिमान्डत के एक सदस्य के विक्त वह बेल्डाम लग् श दैकि उनकी मालिज मेहै कि उन्हाने विद्यार म नाबित नी है--प्राप उनी वन्ह के स्टटी-कर दे दिने उन्हें दूसरा मीका दे ? बना प्राप अ मे नहीं पूछ सकते हैं कि उसके पीछे तथा रग है ? बना भाष प्रवास मही जी से नहीं ³³ पतं हैकि को नेक दन कह रहेहैं वह येक र बर पहुं। १ नाम १ - हरू महेद नारायन के ब्रह्म पर बाए मान थि नेता विरोधी दल के ब्लाइ ती जिए, तब धारे नारंगाती की जिए।

MR. SPEAKER A point has been raised, if there is any improper statement or incorrect statement made in the House affecting the rights of any Member, there are rules and procedures in the House, he can take it up, it is unto him it is not for the Speaker to take the initiative in this matter, it is for the Members to take the initiative in the matter. I am not to advise you in these matters you can take such method which rules permit

(Enterruptions)

MR SPEAKER We have discussed the matter enough This is not : dehate

(Interruptions)

HR SPEAKER Are you raking any point of order about Mr Stephen's statement, that he should not make a statement?

(Interruptions)

श्रीमास्त सूषण (नैशिषः) ग्रन्थः। महत्त्व, स्नाप स्वाम में यह स्वप्ट करें .. (ब्बवयान) सदन के नेता की सुर्या का पडात है और बापकी भाषना की सेरर बन्हाले बाप पर क्रापत्ति की है कि यह झडी पीपना नदन में हुई थीं। उन्होंने कमिशनर में मिल कर यह कहा है कि ऐसी कोई सुवना जन्हीने नहीं दी है। इस के भाषने यह है कि प्रापने निय्या सुचना , सदन कादी है मापकी मुक्ता के अपर प्राप के उन्हें यह मीका दे रहे हैं कि आपने सुबना मतत दी है या सही, इसको श्राप मेम्बर में डिमल्स वर स्कृते थे. का मने उन्हें इसे सदम मनाचे का मौता दिया है। इसके बारे भ प्राप सरकार के बया भोता इस्ते हैं।

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE (Jadavpur): I want to make a schmission.

(Interruptions). SHRI B. P. MANDAL: All these

should be expunged from the proceedings; so many uncalled for charges have been made.

MR. SPEAKER: I have called Shr: Somnath Chatterjee.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE: Under rule 357 a Member can make a personal explanation.

AN HON. MEMBER: Do not misquote the rule.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE. I am asking for clarification because this is not covered by 387; it can correspond to 372 or a similar provision, namely statements by Ministers, be is also treated, he is in the ossition of a Minister, status of a Minister and he is being allowed to make a submission, presumeably because of certain charges made against his praity.

MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE:
Then on what bass? The Leader of
the Opposition cannot get up any
moment and make, any statement in
the House. For the future it is very
important. If a charge is made
against any other party, will the
leaders in those parties or groups get
an opportunity?

MR. SPEAKER: We will consider that.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE: It is an important matter. Then only in his capacity as Leader of the Opposition? He does not speak for the entire opposition. For clarification, let us know what is the position? Any charge made against any political party or group, the leader of the group is entitled to make a statement as of right, if it is 372. Therefore, if he is making a statement in relation

to that, similar rights should be given to others.

MR. SPEAKER: When the matter comes up I shall certainly consider that.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur): The Leader of the Opposition has got every right......

MR. SPEAKER: This is not a point of order.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: 7 want to draw your attention....

MR, SPEAKER: Don't record.

MR. SPEAKER: He needs no support. He knows how to speak. There is no debate on this subject Only a point of order I will allow.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: I want to

MR. SPEAKER: You are saying the Leader of the Opposition has a right.

श्री राम ावलाध पासवाध (हाज.पुरं):
मेरा एक व्यवस्था का प्रमा ही मार्तरी,
विद्योद्यों स्वर के नेता इस सवंधे में सप्टी,
करण दे रहेंद्र क्रॉफि कारीस क्ष मैंक लोगों के
द्वारा मार्गनीय प्रवास मंत्री, जी की हरना की
चर्चा कापने जी जी है। आपने प्रकास की

M. SPEAKER: The same point has been raised by others,

श्री राम विलास पास्तांन : हुन वें गों को मानून देहीं था। श्रापने वहां था कि पुलिस कमिश्नर के द्वारा थी मूचना श्राफों दी गई थी वह श्रपते स्वम को थे ी थी कि कांग्रेस पाई के द्वारा हत्या की जाएगी।

MR. SPEAKER: That is not a point of order. No further recording.

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भी हरूम देव नारायण यादव (मधदर्ना) में प्रापना ब्लान रूप 353 की प्रार दिलाना बाहरा है। मैं इपका हिन्दी में पदना है। पाप पहेंची म देश लें। इसमें यह लिखा हमा है

हिनी मदस्य द्वारा किसी ध्यक्ति के विरुद्ध मानहानिकारक प्रचराधरीपक स्वरूप का ग्रीराप नहीं संगाया जाएंगा जब तबकि मदस्य ध्रध्यक्ष को तथा सम्बन्धित मबी कामी पूर्व मूचनान देदां दा जिमस कि मदी उतार के प्रशासन के लिये विषय की बाच कर सका

मरा यह कहना है कि स्टीफैन साहब ने उन दिन या घाराय सनामा या उनकी सुबना न ता मानका दी यो मीर न ही सर्वधित मंशे का दाणा। बातचाल ककन मही उद्देने बढ भाराप नना दिया था। न मायको इनहीं मूचना दी वह बीर न सरकार की तरस में उमहा काई स्पर्दाकरण दिया गया। विशार मरकार का काई प्रातिभिधि यहा जवाद नहीं द मस्ता है। यहां के एक मुत्री पर, विस्तरारमती पर गरकार चलाने वाले मनी पर उ देने बाराः नवादिया कि इन्दिरा बाधाक। इतक का यहात उन्हेंने किया था। वह हाई माम्बा मानला नहीं है। या तो उन न शक्षा न समाय्याचानका निख करदेया बिना ए हैं नदीकत माहब उस बाव की मदन में कारिय में । नहीं ता इस मामले का सक है होती कोहर । मन्त्रारको नरफ म बबाव पाए। इ.इ.च. बहा है कि विहार के मनी ने एका का प्रकान किया है। में कहना चाहना हृदि दिए पदा हाई मा नहीं देन बच्हें के कींद्र राजी का मारने का बरास नहीं कर वरण है। विहार सरह र पर क्यों इस तन्तु इ.स.स्य वस्त इते हैं।

MIZI B P MANDAL row_

AF F-TYKEB Bon to len tel all My de de all the time? I have already given my ruling on that. It is up to you to interpret it

थी बीवपी० मंडल (मधेपरा) सैटर का यदि काई मत्री होगा तो उसकी जवाबदेही वह मती. प्रधान मती के उत्पर रहती है। ग्रापको प्राइम मिनिस्टर से पछ सेना चाहिए कि क्या उनके मित्रमडल मे कोई ऐना मती है जो विहार में गुडो से मिलकर श्रीमती इन्दिश गाधी की हत्या कराना चाहता है [?] यह तो कम से कम प्राडम मिनिस्टर से पूछ लेना चाहिए । ऐसा नहीं किया जाता है तो इस रिमार्क को एक्नपूज कर देना चाहिए। ग्रगर यह भी नही किया जाता है तो उनको स्पष्ट बताना चाहिए कि कीन मबी है ?

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: (Serampore) Is there anv that the Leader of the sition can make any statement at any time on any subject? there any such rule? Under rule are you allowing him? Even a Minister cannot do it, it has to come in the agenda paper. But here we do not find anything in the agenda So, kindly explain on what basis you are allowing him.

I expect that you will satisfy us.

MR. SPEAKER I have already explained it

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai) To my mind, four or five questions have been raised to which the Chair has to address itself. the House is entitled to know the views of the Chair on these four or five points. Uptill now, after having spent about 20 minutes or so, the House is still in ignorance as to what the Chair feels about it

The first point that was raised was by the Hon, Member, Mr Hukmdeo Varain Yadav, and he 'efinite miling from the Chair whether in the case of allegations having been made against an unnamed Minister of the Central Government, the Chair should not have performed its duty, by calling upon the Member who has made the allegation to name that Minister. Now, the House must know about it, and the Chair has a duty to give a ruling on it.

Then the second thing is that another hon. Member raised a question about the functions of the Leader of the Opposition, with regard to the statement made by the Leader of the Opposition. You are quite right in abding the view that the functions of the Leader of the Opposition not having beer defined before, you are applyung certain rules which apply to the Ministers.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH (Hoshangabad): Not in all respects.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Then you will have to tell the House whether the rules with regard to the statement made by the hon. Leader of the Opposition would be the same as in the case of the Minister. In the case of a statement made by an hon. Minister, the House is not entitled to. ask for any clarification or elucidation. If that privilege also relates to the statement of the hon, Leader of the Opposition, then the House would be at a great disadvantage, because it may be that in an aggressinely partisan spirit, the hon. Leader of the Opposition might be making a statement, and the entire House will be entitled to know about the allegations that the hon. Leader of the Opposition makes. So, you have to answer this point also.

Again, another important point has been raised by the hon. Member Shri Somnath Chatterjee, he hon. Leader of the Opposition does not speak on behalf at the entire Opposition. What happens, to the hon, leaders of the other groups in this House? The hon. Leader of the Opposition speaks for only one-third of the Opposition Their, what happens so far as the privileges and the rights of the two-likifits of the Opposition are concerned? Their, the fourth point, which is sex-

Then, the fourth point, which is extremely important and which was raised by the hon, Member here, is that in such matters you have always been pleased to say that the issue would have to be sorted out in the Chamber of the hon. Speaker, The hon. Speaker has made certain ob servations in this House and those observations are being sought to be challenged by the hon. Leader of the Opposition. The position of the Chair would be completely untenable if the observations of the Chair are found to be untrue. You are now allowing him, and the implication up till now is, and we cannot get away from this fact, that you are not quite sure about the observations you have made, and therefore you are allowing the Leader of the Opposition.

MR. SPEAKER: That is not a cor-

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: So, you have to answer these four or five points.

चीबरो बसदीर सिंह (हीशियारपुर) : अध्यत महोदय, अगर सीतर साफ समे जियम को प्राप्त कुत देते हैं, की तथा साथ ही उनकी कृद्धीय भी हैं, कि नीदर आफ समेचियन जब बतौर मिनिस्टर के बात करते हैं तो उसकी सक्टोडियट करने के लिए आफ अध्यत महोदय, जन वरंभी उतनी ही पावन्दी सम्मानी जितनी की सीरों पर हैं?

MR. SPEAKER: Certain points of order have been raised as regards the right of the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement.

The first point raised by Mr. Mishra and others is that Mr. Stephen, while making his statement last Friday, referred to an unnamed Minister of this Government who is alleged to have engaged himself with goondas to murder Shrimati Indira Gandhi.

(Interruptions)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: The goondas are above the ground; he says, underworld; that is worse; it is more serious.

I do not know MR SPEAKER whether underworld or overworld I was asked. I must mass on his disclosing the name of the Minister If the statement made by Mr Stephen is a wrong statement, there are proce 1 17 the rules of the House to take action against Mr St.

ocen to any member to have recourse to those procedures

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA But the hon Member has taken the steps in asking the Chair to call upon the member to name the Minister

MR SPEAKER I am asked to call upon Mr Stephen to name the Munister I think it is a very dangerous step because by my doing so, I might be incriminating or defaming the Minister who may be here or who may not be here. All this purpose can be achieved by having recourse to rules

The second point raised is whether, when the Leader of the Opposition makes a statement, he should be subjected to cross-examination by the members No such procedure is available in the House Therefore, it would not be proper If necessary, at an appropriate stage, a debate can be raised. But cross examination of any member is not within the purview of the rules.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chrayankil) When I raised the point of order as to what will be the position of the Government, if Mr Stephen makes a statement, whether they can make a statement, the Chair said, 'I will con sider it" Now, your ruling is going the other way

MR SPEAKER No cross-examination is allowed.

The third point raised is, if I allow the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement, having recourse to the principles underlying rule 372, can such a right be available to the leaders of other opposition parties also This depends upon the nature of the allegation made and, in appropriaate cases, certainly, opportunities will be allorded to make the position clear.

The last contention is that no member should be allowed to challenge the observations made by the Speaker, I have gone through the statement of the Leader of the Opposition. He has not challenged the observations made by me But he has pointed out certain circumstances from which he wants the House to dishebeve the yersion of the police That is not a matter of challenging the observations of the Sneaker

of Opposition re

MAVALANKAR PROF P G (Gandhinagar) Sir, while appreciating all that you have just now said and, more particularly appreciating your earlier statements from time to tune, in recent weeks, about your anxiety and sincerity in regard to framing certain rules, conventions and practices around the office of the Leader of the Opposition, may I submit for your consideration and for the consideration of the House five points which arise out of the whole situation

Are you raising MR. SPEAKER any point of order?

PROF P G MAVALANKAR · Not a point of order

MR SPEAKER This is not an occasion for that

PROF P G MAVALANKAR Because you asked me to speak

MR. SPEAKER. I am allowing only points of order You will have another opportunity .

PROF P G MAVALANKAR: I am raising a point of order in five components

The first point is that the House, while discussing this matter, is in a peculiar position because it is handicapped by the fact that we still do not know what the Leader of the Opposition is going to say in his statement You know, of course, because you have communication received in the perhaps doing injustice to the Leader of the Opposition to anticipate in his statement what he is going to say. At the same time, there is equally another danger. Because we do not know, we

ment what he is going to say. At the same time, there is equally another danger. Because we do not know, we area keeping quiet. Having known, we cannot keep quiet. We have to deal with that aspect of the matter. We keep quiet heeatuse we do not know what he is going to say. Having known what he has spoken and having seen that it is objectionable, what remedy what we we under the Bules

to raise objections? That is one point, Secondly, your anxiety about building up rules around the office of the Leader of the Opposition is accented. is well taken. But I want to make this suggestion with great respect to you, Sir. Why can't we wait until the Rules Committee, under your guidance and supervision, gives this kind of a direction and then we begin to put into practice what you wanted to? Otherwise, in the meantime, what will happen is that you will be giving successive opportunities and occasions to the Leader of the Opposition who belongs ultimately to one major Party. though, perhaps, there are three major Parties, and here again all the Opposition cannot be combined because persons like me do not belong to any Party. Therefore, my point is this. Let us not suffer from over-enthusiasm for the Leader of the Opposition. After all, we are having this new office for the first time and thanks to the new Government, this office has come to be established and recognised as an honourable office. We must do everything to respect this office. But we must not do it an terms of over-enthu. siasm.

Thirdly, my point is, I am afraidagain I say so with great respect to you—there is the danger, in what you are allowing to grow as practice, of letting the Chair so drawn into political battles and battle field. It is none of the functions of the Chair to get involved into Farry or that Party fightling against each other. The Chair should not do anything by such a practice which will mean implicating practice which will mean implicating the Chair in political battles by this Party or that Party.

. Fourthly, Sir, has the Leader of the Opposition given you a copy of that statement in writing?

MR. SPEAKER: Yes.

PROF. P. G. MAVALIANKAH: If he has given you, you may have read it. I do not know whether the Leader of the House, the hon. Prime Minister, has also seen that statement and where your practice of allowing the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement will automatically mean that a right accures to the Leader of the House to make a statement in reply thereof, so that the matter may be clarified factually or otherwise.

Lastly I want to say that it will be a wrong practice to equate all statements of the Leader of the Opposition with all statements of Ministers. Ministers cannot be equated with the Leader of the Opposition must be elevated to a certain level. But his statements are no statements of Government. Government statements give the official point of view; therefore, they are slightly higher than those of the Leader of the Opposition.

MR. SPEAKER: No point of order arises.

PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY (Calcutta South): I would like to emphasize the last point mentioned by Prof. Mavalankar in support of my point of order which I wanted to raise, On the last occasion, as also today, possibly, you have done the right thing in your wisdom in declaring that you would like to attach some importance to the office of the Leader of the Opposition by allowing him to make a statement whenever he feels like making a statement and whenever he seeks your permission to do so. You also mentioned that you wanted to equate the Leader of the Opposition with Ministers of the Government ...

MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that. PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY: You have said....

MR SPEAKER I do not know whether underworld or overworld I was asked I must mass on his disclosing the name of the Minister II the statement made by Mr Stephen is a wrong statement there are proce

in the rules of the House to take action against Mr St onen to any member to have recourse to those procedures

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA But the hon Member has taken the steps to asking the Chair to call upon the member to name the Minister

MR SPEAKER I am asked to call upon Mr Stephen to name the Ministor I think, it is a very dangerous step because by my doing so I might be incriminating or defaming the Mi nister who may be here or who may not be here. All this purpose can be ach eved by having recourse to rules

The second point raised is whether when the Leader of the Opposition makes a statement he should be sub sected to cross examination by the members No such procedure is avail able in the House Therefore it would not be proper. If necessary at an appropriate stage a debate can be ra sed. But cross examination of any member is not within the purview of the rules

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chiravin kal) When I raised the point of order as to what will be the position of the Government, if Mr Stephen makes a statement whether they can make a statement the Chair said I will con s der 15 Now your rolling is going the other way

MR SPEAKER No cross examina tion is allowed

The third point raised is it I allow the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement having recourse to the principles underlying rule 372, can such a right be available to the leaders of other opposition parties also. This depends upon the nature of the allegation made and, in appropri the cases, certainly opportunities will be admeded to make the position clear

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MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that. PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY: You have said....

St. bu Leader MR. SPEAKER I have heard you That is not a point of order

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SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU you have to comply with Mr Hukm deo Naram Yadav also You cannot have two standards in this House

MR SPEAKER Even if you say that I am having multi-standards it is all right

(Interruptions)

DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT (Raygarh) On a point of order Sit You may allow him to raise an ssue in the House as you would allow any other Member You are also going to define the rights of the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement or not to

MR SPEAKER It is not a point of order

DR VASANT KUMAR PANDII The point is you have now allowed it But can any one on the same subject matter make two statements. How are you allowing the same Member to make another statement. Till how long will you allow this? -

MR SPEAKER Mr Pandit be has sent me a copy of the statement

(Interruptions)

धी उपसेन (दरिसा) प्रज्यक्ष महत्त्व मेत एक स्पत्ना का प्रस्त है। में ग्रांच स एक ब्यवस्वा जानता चाहता है। हम नवे मदस्य पहा पर चून कर ब्रंग है हम अ मना पाहत है कि क्या यह मापक ममिनाए से है कि पाप मानर्गय नेता विरोधी दल का-बर्धक उड्नि वहां पर कड़ीय संजनसङ्ख के एक सन्दर्भ के विरुद्ध यह इस्ताम जाया वैकि अभी न निज मेहै कि उन्हले विद्वर म न बिमकी ई--धाप उरी तरह क स्मार्ट-**मात्र करिये उन्हें दूपरा मोका दें** ? बना धाप पन वे नहीं पूछ सकत है कि उनक पीछ तथ क्या है ? क्या प्राप्त प्रधान मना जी स नहीं पूछ महत है कि जो नेता दर वह रहहें पह व्यव्यक्तिमानी दृश्यम् नाम्यवः के ब्रस्त पर माय मान थि नेवा विरोधी दल से जवाब सीजिए तब आये नार्रगिती कीजिए।

TIR SPEAKER A point has been raised if there is any improper statement or incorrect statement made in the House affecting the rights of any Member there are rules and procedures in the House he can take it up it is upto him it is not for the Speaker to take the initiative in this matter, it is for the Members to take the initiative in the matter I am not to advise you in these matters you can take such method which rules permit

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER We have discussed the matter enough This is not a dehata

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Are you raising any point of order about \ir Stephens statement that he should not make a statement?

(Interruptio is)

भी भारत मूक्ण (नैशिष्ट) ग्रद्धाः भहदन, याप शदन म यह स्पन्ट करे , (ध्यवधान) सदम क नेता की हत्या ना पडाब है मोर झापकी भाषता को लेकर उन्होंने ग्राप पर भाषति की है कि यह सुदी भोगा सदत में हुई थी। उन्होंने बीमण्यर से मित कर यह कहा है कि ऐसी काई पूचना उन्होंने नहीं दी है। इस क मायने यह है कि भाषन मिच्या सूचना सदत कादी है भाषकी मुक्तान करर आप ज उहें यह मौबा दे रह है कि छ। पने सूचना यसत दी है या सह इनका आय सम्बर्भ दिस्त्म कर स्वत थे, घयने उन्हें इस सदन स की वासीना दिया है। इसके बारे मं फ्रांट सरकार संदेश भोगा क्तह।

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE (Jadavpur): I want to make a sub-

· (Interruptions).

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SHRI B. P. MANDAL: All these should be expunged from the proceedings; so many uncalled for charges have been made.

MR. SPEAKER: I have called Shri Somnath Chatterjee.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE: Under rule 357 a Member can make a personal explanation.

AN HON. MEMBER: Do not mis-

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERIE. I am asking for clarification because this is not covered by \$57; it can correspond to \$72 or a similar provision, namely statements by Ministers, he is also treated, he is in the oxistion of a Minister, status of a Minister and he is being allowed to make a submission, presumably because of certain charges made against his party.

MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERIES: Then on what basis? The Leader of the Opposition cannot get up any moment and make, any statement in the House. For the future it is very important. If a charge is made against any other party, will the leaders in those parties or groups get an opportunity?

MR. SPEAKER: We will consider that.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERIE: It is an important matter. Then only in his capacity as Leader of the Opposition? He does not speak for the entire opposition. For clarification, let us know what is the position? Any charge made against any political party or group, the leader of the group is entitled to make a statement as of right, if it is 372. Therefore, if he is making a statement in relation

to that, similar rights should be given to others.

MR. SPEAKER: When the matter comes up I shall certainly consider that.

SHRI K LAKKAPPA (Tumkur): The Leader of the Opposition has got every right......

MR. SPEAKER: This is not a point of order.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA. T want to

MR SPEAKER: Don't record.

MR. SPEAKER: He needs no support. He knows how to speak. There is no debate on this subject Only a point of order I will allow.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: I want to

MR. SPEAKER: You are saying the Leader of the Opposition has a right.

श्री राम किसास पास्तान (शृजं.पुर):
नेरा एक ज्यानवा का त्राम है । मान्तर्थ स्वाद्धि जा के नेवा इस सबर्थ में स्टब्टिक करना दे हैं है बर्गोक कांग्रेस का दे के लीगों के हारा की समर्थन मान्तर्थ मान्तर्थ मान्तर्थ स्वाद्धि कांग्रेस कांग्रेस का दे के लीगों के हारा की खान मान्तर्थ प्रवास नेत्र ही आपने प्रवास की ही आपने प्रवास की ही आपने प्रवास की ही सामन में के किसा हिसा थां।

M. SPEAKER: The same point has been raised by others.

थी ताम विलास पासवान : हम बेनों को मालून पहीं था। धारने नहां था कि पुसिस क्रीमकार के द्वारा जो सूचना धारकों दी गई थी वह घरने स्वम को दें। थी कि क्रोंग्रेस धाई के द्वारा हत्या की जाएगी।

MR. SPEAKER: That is not a point of order. No further recording.

St by Lender धी हरूम देव नारापण पादव (भष्वर्गः)

में बावका स्वाभ रूल 353 की बार दिलाना चाहना ह । में इसको हिन्दी से पदना है । प्राप मण्डेबी में देख में । इसमें बह सिखा हमा है :

विनी एउस्य इति किसी व्यक्ति के मानहातिकारक या प्रपश्चरापक स्वब्ध का भारीप भहीं समाया जाएगा जब तबकि सदस्य ब्रह्मञ्ज को तथा सम्बंधित मबी को भी पूर्व मूचना भादे दी है। जिसमें कि मंत्री उत्तर के प्रशेष्ट्रन के सिचे विषय की बाद कर धके।

मेरा यह कहना है कि स्टीफीन साइब ने उस दिन जो बारोप संनात या उनहीं सपना न ती पापको दीयो ग्रीर न ही सईधित मधीको दीयो । शादचील ककन में ही उन्होंने यह पाराय सना दिया था। न प्रापको देवहीं महता दी वह और में सरकार की वरस वे उधका कोई स्पर्धाकरण दिया गया । बिहार सरकार का कोई प्रतिभित्र यहा जनाव नहीं दे मस्ता है। दहा के एक मंत्री वर, .जिम्मेन।र मही पर सरकार चलाने वाले मही पर उन्होंने भारा। सबा दिया कि इन्दिश माधीकी हत्या का वड्रदत उन्हलिकिया था। यह कोई माम्ती मानवा नहीं है। या दो उस मतीका समझाएयाधापको लिख करदेण बिनार गर्ते स्टीफून माहब इस बात को मदन से वारित लें। महीं दा दत मामले की सकई हानी चाहिए। सरकार की तरफ में चढाव माए। उन्होंने कहा है कि विद्यार के मही ने हरवा का प्रवास किया है,। में कहना बाहता हुँकि विहार को होई मी मुनी इस तरह के कीं। प्राणी का भारते का प्रयोध नहीं कर ' वहता है। विहार सरक र पर को इस वरेह क पाया सर्व च ते हैं। - -

SHRI B. P MANDAL rose-

MR SPEAKER: Row do you get up. Mr Mardal, all the time? I have

already given my ruling on that. is up to you to interpret it

धो बीव पीव मंडल (मधेपरा) मैटर का यदि कोई भन्नी होगा तो उसकी जवाबदेती वह मंत्री, प्रधान मनी के जार रहती है। ग्रापको प्राइम मिनिस्टर से प्रक सेना चाहिए कि द्या उनके मिलमदत में कोई ऐसा मुद्धी है जो बिहार में गृहों से मिलकर धीमती इन्द्रिश साधी की हत्या कराना चाहता है [?] यह तो कम से कम प्राइम मिनिस्टर से पुछ बेना चाहिए । ऐसा नहीं विया बाता है तो इस रिमाक को एसनपत्र कर देना चाहिए । ग्रवर यह भी नहीं दिया जाता हैतो उनको स्पट्ट उताना धारिए कि कौन मती है ?

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYYA: (Seramoore) Is there any that the Leader of the Opposition can make any statement at any time on any subject? there any such rule? Under rule are you allowing him? Even a Minister cannot do it: it has to come in the agenda paper. But here we do not find anything in the areada. So, kindly explain on what basis you are allowing him

I expect that you will satisfy us.

MR. SPEAKER I have already explained it.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai) To my mind, four or five questions have been raised to which the Chair has to address itself, and the House is entitled to know the views of the Chair on these four or five points. Uptill now, after having spent about 20 minutes or so, the House is still in ignorance as to what the Chair feels about it.

The first point that was raised was by the Hon, Member, Mr. Hukmdeo Narain Yadav, and he wanted a leante haling from the Chair whether un the case of allegations having been made against an unnamed himself of the Central Covernment, the Chair should not have performed its duty, by calling upon the Member who has made the allegation to name that Minister. Now, the House must know about it, and the Chair has a duty to give a ruling on it.

Then the second thing is that another hon. Member raised a question about the functions of the Leader of the Opposition, with regard to the statement made by the Leader of the Opposition. You are quite right in holding the view that the functions of the Leader of the Opposition not having beer defined before, you are applying certain rules which apply to the Ministers.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH (Hoshangabad): Not in all respects.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Then you will have to tell the House whether the rules with regard to the statement made by the hon. Leader of the Opposition would be the same as in the case of the Minister. In the case of a statement made by an hon. Minister, 'he House is not entitled to. ask for any clarification or elucidation. If that privilege also relates to the statement of the hon. Leader of the Opposition, then the House would be at a great disadvantage, because it may be that in an aggressinely partisan spirit, the hon, Leader of the Opposition might be making a statement, and the entire House will be entitled to know about the allegations that the hon. Leader of the Opposition makes. So, you have to answer this point also.

Again, another important point Passbeen raised by the hon. Member Shit Somnath Chatterjee. he hon. Leader of the Opposition does not speak on behalf of the entire Opposition. What happens, to the hon. leaders of the other groups in this House? The hon. Leader of the Opposition speaks for only one-third of the Opposition Then, what happens so far as the brivileses and the rights of the two-thirds of the Opposition are concerned?

Then, the fourth point, which is extremely important and which was raised by the hon, Member here, is that in such matters you have always been pleased to say that the issue would have to be sorted out in the Chamber of the hon. Speaker. The hop. Speaker has made certain observations in this House and observations are being sought to be challenged by the hon, Leader of the Opposition. The position of the Char would be completely untenable if the observations of the Chair are found to be untrue. You are now allowing him, and the implication up till now is, and we cannot get away from this that you are not quite sure about the observations you have made, and therefore you are allowing the Leader of the Opposition.

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MR. SPEAKER: That is not a correst inference.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: So, you have to answer these four or five points:

सीवरो बतवीर मिह (होिबयारपुर) : अध्यक्ष महीवय, अपर लीवर आफ अपेणीवन को आप हक देते हैं, तो संगा साँग हो उनकी इन्देश से भी हैं कि सीवर साफ अपेणीवन कव बतीर मिनस्टर के बात करते हैं तो उसकी तकदि हों के उसकी सकदि हैं तो उसकी तकदि होंगे पानदी समावेग वितरी ही पानदी सामावेग वितरी की सीरों पर हैं ?

MR. SPEAKER: Certain points of order have been raised as regards the right of the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement.

The first point raised by Mr. Mishra and others is that, Mr. Stephen, while making his statement last Friday, referred to an unnamed Minister of this Government who is alleged to have erigaged himself with goods to murder Shrimati Indira Gandhi.

(Interruptions).

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH:
The goondes are above the ground; he says, underworld; that is worse; it is more serious.

DECEMBER 12, 1373 communication received on alleged threat to P.M's life

MR SPEAKER I do not know whether underworld or overworld I was asked, I must must on his disclosing the name of the Minister H the statement made by Mr Stephen is a wrong statement, there are proce or a in the rules of the House to take

action against Mr St. open to any member to have recourse to those procedures

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA But the hon Member has taken the steps in asking the Chair to call upon the member to name the Minister

VR. SPEAKER: I am asked to call upon Mr. Stephen to name the Minister I think, it is a very dangerous step because by my doing so, I might be meriminating or defaming the Mihister who may be here or who may not be here All this purpose can be achies ed by having recourse to rules

The second point raised is, whether, when the Leader of the Opposition makes a statement, he should be subjected to cross-examination by the members. No such procedure is available in the House Therefore, it would not be proper. If necessary, at an appropriate stage, a debate can be raucd. But cross-examination of any member is not within the purview of the rules.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayunkil) When I raised the point of order as to what will be the position of the Government, if hir Stephen makes a statement, whether they can make a statement, the Chair said, "I will conader it" Now, your raling is going

MR. SPEAKER: No cross-exemunabewells it gost

The third point raised is, if I allow the Leader of the Opposition to make a statement, having recourse to the principles underlying rule 372, can such a right be available to the leaders of other opposition parties this depends upon the nature of the allegation made and, in appropritie cases, certainly, opportunities will to afforded to make the position clear,

The last contention is that no member should be allowed to challenge the observations made by the Speaker, I have gone through the statement of the Leader of the Opposition has not challenged the observations made by me But he has pointed out certain circumstances from which he wants the House to disbelieve the version of the police. That is not a matter of challenging the observations of the Speaker

PROP P G MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar). Sir. while appreciating all that you have just now said and, more particularly appreciating your earlier statements from time 10 time in recent weeks, about your anxiety and sincerity in regard to framing certain rules, conventions and practices around the office of the Leader of the Opposition, may I submit for your consideration and for the consideration of the House five points which arise out of the whole situation

MR. SPEAKER Are you raising any point of order?

PROE P G MAVALANKAR: Not a point of order

MR SPEAKER This is not an occasion for that

PROF G MAVALANKAR: Because you asked me to speak

MR. SPEAKER, I am allowing only points of order You will have another opportunity ...

PROF P. G MAVALANKAR: I em raising a point of order in five components

The first point is that the House, while discussing this matter, is in a peculiar position because it is handle capped by the fact that we still do not know what the Leader of the Opposition is going to say in his statementyou know, of course, because you have

read it, I think, it will be perhaps doing injustice to the Leader of the Opposition to anticipate in his statement what he is going to say. At the same time there is equally another danger. Because we do not know, we are keeping quiet. Having known, we cannot keep quiet. We have to deal with that aspect of the matter. We keep quiet because we do not know what he is going to say. known what he has spoken having seen that it is objectionable, what remedy have we under the Rules to raise objections? That is one point.

Secondly, your anxiety about building up rules around the office of the Leader of the Opposition is accepted, is well taken. But I want to make this suggestion with great respect to you. Sir. Why can't we wait until the Rules Committee, under your guidance and supervision, gives this kind of a direction and then we begin to put into practice what you wanted to? Otherwise, in the meantime, what will happen is that you will be giving successive opportunities and occasions to the Leader of the Opposition who helongs ultimately to one major Party, though, perhaps, there are three major Parties,-and here again all the Opposition cannot be combined because persons like me do not belong to any Party. Therefore, my point is this, Let us not suffer from over-enthusiasm for the Leader of the Opposition, After all, we are having this new office for the first time and thanks to the new Government, this office has come to be established and recognised as an honourable office. We must do everything to respect this office. But we must not do it an terms of over-enthusiasm.

Thirdly, my point is, I am afraidagain I say so with great respect to you-there is the danger, in what you are allowing to grow as practice, of letting the Chair be drawn into political battles and battle field. It is none of the functions of the Chair to get involved into this Party or that Party fighting against each other. The Chair should not do anything by such a practice which will mean implicating 3612 LS--10.

the Chair in political battles by this Party or that Party.

Fourthly. Sir. has the Leader of the Opposition given you a copy of that statement in writing?

MR. SPEAKER: Yes.

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: If he has given you, you may have read it. I do not know whether the Leader of the House the hon. Prime Minister, has also seen that statement and whether your practice of allowing Leader of the Opposition to make a statement will automatically that a right accures to the Leader of the House to make a statement in reply thereof, so that the matter may he clarified factually or otherwise.

Lastly, I want to say that it will be a wrong practice to equate all statements of the Leader of the Opposition with all statements of Ministers. Ministers cannot be equated with the Leader of the Opposition: the Leader of the Opposition must be elevated to a certain level. But his statements are no statements of Government. Government statements give the official point of view; therefore, they are slightly higher than those of the Leader of the Opposition.

MR. SPEAKER: No point of order arises.

PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY (Calcutta South): I would like to emphasize the last point mentioned by Prof. Mayalankar in support of my point of order which I wanted to raise, On the last occasion, as also today, possibly, you have done the right thing in your wisdom in declaring that you would like to attach some importance to the office of the Leader of the Opposition by allowing him to make a statement whenever he feels like making a statement and whenever he seeks your permission to do so. You also mentioned that you wanted to equate the Leader of the Opposition with Ministers of the Government

MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that. PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY: You have said

MR SPEAKER I have merely said about certain other rights.

PROP DILIP CHAKRAVARTY That part possible requires a closer scrutiny When a Minister makes a statement which we in this House do not feel inclined to accept we have a right to question the Minister till he satisfies the House, till he clarifies the entire situation. I would like to prest upon you for your consideration when ther, if the Leader of the Oppontunt thooses to make a reprehensible state ment a statement which is not acceptable to the Members a statement which is devoid of facts he unoid be subjected to the same amount of scrittiny as a Minister of the Government as done.

MR SPEAKER I have already ruled on that point

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT (Jaubpur) I rise on a point of order I sespect your ruling fully But two queshons have cropped up in my mund You are the custodish of the honour, respect and privileges of the Mem bers of this House When such a serious allegation as the responsible Les der of the Opposition has made, that n certain Minister is in collusion with the under world for murdering a certain person and you in your wisdom have observed that there are rules for it may I ask you this if my Member takes up the rule will that Minister whose er he may be stand condemned without any clarification, without the Minister being named by the Leader of the Opposition? (Inter ruphons? As a custodian of our hon our, prestige and privileges in such a serious matter when the Chair refuses to use its power what is the alternalive for us? Secondly how can, when the Opposition strelf is divided into Groups one person-he may be the leader of the biggest Group-be taken as the Leader of the Opposition as a whole and how are you permutting him to make a statement like a Minus. ter which is setting a dangerous presedent for the futures

of Opposition re MR. SPEAKER. No point of order atuses .

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH, A reant of major significance that has emerged from your observation is that the Leader of the Opposition who was accorded a certain status by an Act of Parliament passed last year. has been placed on a par with Mmisters in certain respects, though not wholly at par how, the short point is whether the constraints and the restraint, imposed by the rules on Minis. fers even on the Prime Minister, do or do not apply to the Leader of the Oppolition With regard to particular matters the rules impose certain constraints, the rules applicable to Minusters statements which have already been cited, are 357 and 372. Outside those rules, 357 and 372-1 am not aware of anything else-my knowledge of rules is meagre, it is not very good-except, perhaps during Question Hour when Ministers have certain rights, the Leader of the Opposition, fortunately, does not answer questions here. Please read those rules 357 and 372 Rule 357 does not obviously apply

MR. SPEAKER. Even rule 372 in terms does not apply

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH Yes that does not apply, then is it an instance where you have exercised your powers under rule 389? You have residuary powers, I know All the residuary powers are vested in you, under tule 389 Please clarify to the House please illumine please throw fight where there is darkness all round, please throw light in the encirching gloom, whether you have exercised your right under rule 389 to permit hun to make the statement outside the scope or outside the provisions of rules 357 and 572. There is no other rule in the Rules of Procedure So Sur, 1 would like to know the House would like to know I am sure, under what powers, if not under 389, you have permitted him to make a statement. He has neturnade the statement as yet He is going to make it You have seen

it. But we do not know what it contains Before he proceeds further, please let us know this because this will he a precedent for the future also ... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have already announced to the House that this will be tentative and this will be only until I meet all the leaders and we all evolve certain conventions.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: Today, Sir, under what rule are you permitting him to make the state-

MR. SPEAKER: Taking into consideration the principles underlying rule 372, I am exercising my powers under rule 389.

श्री राज नारायण (रायवरेली) : श्रीमन. भेरर प्वाइंट ग्राफ ग्राइंर है। प्वाइंट ग्राफ ग्रार्डर यह है कि तमास मंति परिपद पर कोई-भी सदन का भेम्बर कोई बेग चार्ज लगा दे ग्रीर वह संदन की कार्यवाही हैं- पड़ा रहे-इसको आप इन आडर मानते हैं ? आप इस वात को गम्भीरता को समझें कि सम्पर्ण मंति परिपद पर एक नम्मानित सदस्य, चाहे. वे ली कर आफ दि प्रयोजीयन ही नदीं नहीं या कोई श्रोलडेस्ट मेम्बर इस सदन के हों या चाहे कोई भी माननीय सबस्य हों, मैं बह जानना चाहता है कि लीडर क्रोफ दि अपीजी-जन ने ए हैं चार्ज लगा दिया लेकिन वह नाम नहीं ले रहें हे तब वह चार्ज नारे मंत्रि मंडल पर ही माना जा भकता है. मंत्रि मंडल के एक एक सदस्य पर माना जा सकता है स्रोर वह चार्ज वेग हे....

MR. SPEAKER: Probably you have not read the statement. He has not charged the entire Ministry.

श्री राज नारायण, दे लोग हल्ला क्यों मचाते है ? 'जरंग लाकी स्पिरिट में जायें, केवल पत्तों पर चलने से काम नहीं चलता है। ली उर ग्राफ दि प्रयोजी शन ने. कहा कि एक केन्द्रीय मंत्री ने श्रीमती इन्दिरा नैहरू गाधी की हत्या कराने का पड़यंत्र किया तो वह मैंबी कीन हैं? जब तक मेंबी का नाम वहीं आता है तब तक यह चार्ज सारा मंत्रि परिपद पर माना जाएगा (व्यवसान) हर आदमी कह सकता है, पब्लिक कह सकती है कि प्रधान मंत्री हों, या डिप्टी प्राइम मिनिस्टर वनने वाले हों या थी जगजीवन राम जी हों या कोई दूसरे मंत्री हों। में कहता है कि यह विल्यल वेग चार्ज हे इसलिये आप इसकी सदन की कार्यनाही से निकाल दें।

. मैं बराबर इस बात को मानता है कि जीडर ग्राफ दि ग्रपोजीशन का स्थान किसी भी मंत्री 'से ज्यादा है। टैक्निकैलिटीज में प्रक्तों का उत्तर देने या कोई ग्रीर इन्फार्मेशन देने के खलाबा दूसरी बातों में लीडर खाफ दि अयोजीशन कास्टैटस किसी भी मंत्री के बबादा है। मैंस्वयं लीडर आफ दि खपी-जीकत रह चुका हं ग्रोर बराबर में इसके लिथे लड़ा है। लीडर ग्राफ दि ग्र**पो**जीशन को एक ग्राफिस मिलता है ग्रौर दसरी फैमिलिटीच मिलती है। वाहर से कोई लीडर ग्राफ दि ग्रनोजीशन हमारे देश में आते हैं तो बाकायदा उनको रिसीय करने के लिये लोगों को बुलाया जाता हे ग्रीर जाना भी चाहिए (क्यवधान) मेजारिटी की वात ही हमेगा सही हो, ऐसी बात नहीं है । कभी कभी एक ब्रादमी भी राइट हो नकता है ग्रीर 99 ग्रादमी गलत हो सकते हैं। इतिषये में कहता हं टेजरी वैवेज के लोग ग्रनायश्यक हल्ला न मचार्थे । मेरा सवाल क्लिक्न निम्पल है । इस सदन के कितने लोग व्लय की मानते हैं? ''ग्राप ' बर्ट्स का प्रयोग नेवल स्पीकर के लिये होना चाहिए लेकिन जो भाननीय सदस्य भी वोनता है, बहता हे ग्रापने यह कहा. ग्रापने यह कहा। श्री एम एन मिश्र भी यही करतें है। "आप" पाटद केवल स्पीकर के लिये कहा जीता है, किसी और के लिये आप गब्द नहीं बह्या जाता है । श्राप ग्रानरेबल मेम्बर कह सकते हैं। "ग्राप" नहीं कह सकते हैं। (व्यवयान) में यह कहना चाहता है कि जी कुछ भी स्टीफीन साहब ने कहा है उसका

St by Leader

थि राजनागयणी माप सरन की कायबद्धी से निकलवा दीजिए । इन तरह का जो वेग एवीनेजन स्टीफेन माहब ने सगाया है उसके निय उनको खर यहा पर खडे होकर कहना चाहिए कि इमोशन म ब्राकर, पिविलेज मागन ने महत्वको योडा कम करने के लिय में ने यह वह दिया। भा कह कर वे इपको समाप्त करें और इसके लिंथ सदन स क्षमाप्रार्थी । बरना इस पर भी विविलेज का मोगन बन सकता है। काई भी कैविनेट का मिनिस्टर कह सकता है कि इन्होंने हमको वहाहै। मैं नहीं समलाकि मृतिनरिपद क किसी। सदस्य में प्राच यह गृह्य है कि वह खडाहोकर वहे कि इन्होंने सदन म गलत वहा है और इन्हर्ने हम को वहा है। सबर में वेविनेड का मेम्बर रहता तो मैं ब्राप के खड़े

होकर कहता। MR. SPEAKER I see the point.

थी राज नारायन माननीय विरोधी दत्त ने ने सामर्वश्री स्टीकन माहव ने मृझ को कहा है, ह्या कर वह सिद्ध करें कि मैं ह या नही

MR. SPEAKER I do not advise any body

थी राज नारायन : दरना इस सवाल को प्रिवले ज कमेटी में ले जाइये बाइस को माप वहा सं निकलवाद्य ।

SHRI B P MADAL rose.

MR. SPEAKER You have spoken innce You cannot go on Mr Desai. (Interruptions) ** I am not allowing any body Mr Desai. (Interruptions) ** You are as good a Member for once at least (Interruptions) **

SHRID D DESAI (Kaira) the Leader of the Opposition Su, (In-

SHRIB P MANDAL rose .. MR SPEAKER I have heard you. I must hear others also Mr Desai

"Not recorded.

SHRI D D DESAI Sir, the Leader of the Opposition in a Coalition is elected as the Leader of all the Opposion Parties Similarly, you must think that the Leader of the Opposition is the Leader of all the Opposition Parties when you are talking about it. Therefore, I request you not to refer to the Leader of the Opposition as a Leader of all the Opposition parties

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MR. SPEAKER · This is not the point of order.

थो यवराज (निटहार) TETTER महोदय, हमारा प्वायट प्राफ प्राई. यह है वि जन दिन माधक यह वहाथाकि पुलिस कमिशनर की रिपोर्ट के बोधार पर जा धराजक स्थिति की सम्मानना है गौर मान-न (न प्रवान मन्ना की हत्या की साविष्य प्राप्ता मालम हुई ग्रीर उर्ता सिलहिले म मान्नीम विराध पत के नेता नं यह कहा कि बिहार के ग्हेन वालेकेन्द्रीय मन्त्रिमण्डल के जाएक सदस्य हैं उन्होंन श्रीनती दिन्दरा गार्ध। की हत्या की नाजिल समस्ते पुर में की बी तो मैं जा ना चाहता दुकि वे मती की भे हैं। विहार के मता भाननीय जनदर्म्ब प्रसाद यादच, काव जनजीवक राम है। मैं जानना चाहताह कि न्याहल मिनिस्ट्री ने इस बात नाकोई निर्देस लिया कि औं एलीनेशन भारतीय विरोध पराकेनेताने संगया यह ठीक है या नहीं ? उसकी काई जान की गर्य। या नहीं ? भ्रमर यह बिल्कुल धनत्य ग्रीर निराधार है ने। विराध पक्ष के नेता को इसकी वापस लेका भाहिए।

MR. SPEAKER This 15 not the point of order

SHRI HARIKESH BAHADUR (Go. rakhpur) Sır, the allegation made by the hon Leader of the Opposition against the Minister of the Central Government regarding conspiracy is of a very serious nature. It must be clarified clearly This is a very serious

communication received on alleged threat to P.M.'s life

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA; My point of order is this. A Member from the Opposition is standing. You never enjoy what we speak. When Shri Raj Narain speaks you are enjoying and laughing from the Chair. It is discriminatory.

MR. SPEAKER: I enjoy vour speech most.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: You must listen to me once for a minute MR. SPEAKER: I am only hearing

the points of order.

(Interruptions)

SHRI A. K. ROY (Dhanbad): Mr. Speaker, Sir, the controversy with which we are all concerned here, for that you will never get a solution by any single provision of your rules book. You will have to find the solution by combining Rule 357 and 372 and substracting something. only you will get the solution.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am telling you the whole issue came up because you made some disclosure before the Parliament of which we are not sure whether they were meant originally for the consumption of Parliament. This point was raised that very day that if some Member gave some information to you the Member was equally eligible to raise it in Parliament but without raising it in Parliament if somebody writes to you then it presupposes it is not for the open consumption of Parliament. Once you have disclosed it actually you are in the trap and nobody else, Mr. Speaker, what I say is that our whole argument is in the wrong direction as if we are afraid something may come out from the Opposition Leader's statement. We are afraid something may come out of the Minister's statement, I would like to say that in the present political atmosphere neither the Leader of the Opposition nor any Minister is sacrosanct. Anybody can do

anything. Only that day you would .have read perhaps the observation.** MR. SPEAKER: I am not allowing

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the mention of President. SHRI A. K. ROY: You can expunge anything but you cannot expunge things from the memory of the people. Therefore, I say, Mr. Speaker, that if you combine 357 and 327 we the Members would like to know instead of throttling things in the mid-way. instead of allowing the suspicion to prevail all over the country that perhaps there is one Minister who is conspiring to kill Mrs. Gandhi or perhaps there were some members of the Indira Congress who were conspiring to kill the Prime Minister, it is better that wo should dispel this suspicion once for all. We should be allowed to hear the detailed statement to be made by the Leader of the Opposition after that we will also challenge the Leader of the Opposition to state and we will also challenge this side who are coming out in support of the ministers. Mr. Speaker, Sir, we are previously from the Bihar Assembly. We know that Ministers are not above board. They are not sacrosanct. They can do anything. Only the other day

one Bihar Assembly Minister said ... (Interruptions) *** MR. SPEAKER: Do not record.

SHRI A. K. ROY: Mr. Speaker Sir, the Prime Minister has written to that Minister as to why did he say that.

Mr. Speaker, I say that ministers can do anything and Leader of the Opposition can stoop to anything, Let the Leader of the Opposition come out and say and he should also face the challenge and take the responsibility for his statement against the Minister. So we want both the things to he discussed so that the doubts are set at rest once for all. (Interruptions)

SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR DHARA: How can he say that no Member is sacrosanct and no Minister is sacrosanct.

**Not recorded.

^{***}Not recorded.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Mr Speaker you have already given the rul ing that Mr S N Mishra has summed up the whole point. Now why is it that the debate is going on (Interruptions) Mr Speaker Sir under the miles

MR. SPEAKER I have not allowed that I have called Shri Kachwai. I have disallowed that portion.

SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR DHARA (Tamluk) He has accused all the members Why did you allow?

MR SPEAKER I have disallowed that portion.

Now Shra Kachwal.

थी हुकम चन्द्र कछनाय (उन्जैन) -घटना जी भेरा व्यवस्था का प्रस्त वह है कि भापके द्वान पत्र का उल्लंख सदम म किया गया जांक पुत्रिम कमिष्टनर ने भापको दिया था उतका जनाब देन के निय थीस्टीफन सब्दृष् हैं। किसी सदस्य ने धारोप नहा पनाया। श्रीपके पदा पर बह जवाब दे रहे हैं। क्या उनक उत्तर क बाद प्राप सदन में पुलिस कमिश्चर को बुनायेंग मबाही रने के लिये कि उन्होंने जा पत्र प्रापको दिया है उसमे यह सम्माई है ? क्या इतका मौका भ्राप उनको दन जिसस सह बात साफ हो काए कि उन्हान जो पत मापको निवा है वह किस माधार पर विचा है कीन का सबूत है उनके पास जिसके नारण जन्हान आपना लिया है कि ससद् भवन रे प्रदरकडी मुख्या श्वस्थाद्माप करें। सप्तद्भनन के अस्वत्क ई भी घटना कर मकता है और यहा प्रान दासे वह तीन हैं जा पटना कर सकते हैं। ऐसी परिस्थिति में करा भाग मोहा दगे पुलिन कमिस्तरको अपनी नकाई देने का ए

MR SPEAKER It is no point of

PROF SAMAR GUHA (Contai) Mr Speaker Sir I want to draw your

attention to one very serious point, Today you are setting up a precedent At least so far as I know such kind of thing never existed in the life of this Parliament, that whenever the Speaker makes any observation or statement, any member of the House can raise any kind of objection or any kind of interpretation in the form of a point of order or samething else. But it never happened as far as I know and as far as I can recollect that if a statement is made by the hon Speaker then any Member-he may be the Leader of the Opposition he may be the Leader of the House-can make a statement countering or in any way relating to that statement made by the hon Speaker In this case as there is a reference regarding the plot of assassination of the Prime Minister who is also the Leader of the House it would have been right for you to ask the Leader of the House and the Prime Minister to make a statement And on the basis of the statement of the Leader of the House and Prime Minister the Leader of the Opposition could make a statement. But today because of the step you are going to take in future you will be in very serious trouble Whenever you make a statement every time the Leader of the Opposition-leave aside the other membersmay claim-privilege and the right. citing this precedent that you allow him to make a statement on the basis of your own statement

Of course you are using your residuary power, you are making use of the residuary rule Residuary power may be there in certain matters But it is a basic principle that it is for the guidance of the Speaker The hon Speaker is guiding the proceedings of the House Now in future do you admit this claim, that in future if you make a statement any Memberlet it be the Leader of the Opport tion-can make a counter-statement not in the form of a point of order, . MR. SPEAKER: You have not read the statement.

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PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Today you are setting up a very dangerous precedent. It will be well-nigh impossible for you to conduct the proceedings of the House.

MR. SPEAKER: He has not countered my statement. He has countered the Police Commissioner's statement.

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: It is your statement. You should have immediately referred the matter to Prime Minister. You should have immediately brought it to his notice. The Police Commissioner is an officer of the Government. If the Police Commissioner makes certain ment, it was your duty to refer the matter to the Prime Minister or the Government. The Prime Minister should have asked the explanation from the Police Commissioner. On the basis of that the Prime ter should enlighten the House. On the basis of that statement of the Prime Minister, the Leader of Opposition could make a statement. The procedure that you have adopted today will lend you in serious trouble. In future, you will not be able to control the House. On the basis of the right that you are conferring today on the Leader of the Opposition, on each and every occasion, he can rightfully claim to make a statement. I draw your attention to that serious point.

13 hrs.

MR. SPEAKER; Shri Stephen.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Mr. Speaker, Sir, the announcement made by you from the Chair on Friday regarding the communication from the Commissioner of Police alleging a plot to murder the Prime Minister, has triggered off reactions and has roised issues of far reaching implications. The first reaction came from the Commissioner of Police. He told the newsmen that he had never sent any communication to the Speaker about the plot. It is reported that he was 'so categorical in his denial of the Lok Sabha Speaker's statement earlier in the day that he told newsmen that a communication about a plot would normally be sent to the Home Ministry. If I had information about a plot, I would have informed the Home Ministry instead of the Speaker. Later in the day..... (Interruntions)

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Again on a point of order arising out of the lew sentences that the hon. Leader of the Opposition has read out: The Leader of the Opposition is making a reference to a press report in which the Chair is involved It is also our duty to defend the Chair; it is not that the Chair will always defend us.

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you on this.

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Not on this; this is a new point.....(Interruptions). I do not off and on rise on my legs....

MR. SPEAKER: I have already given my ruling.

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: This is another point. I am on a point of order on the statement that has already been made by Shri Stephen.... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have allowed Mr. Stephen to make a statement. Please allow him to do that.

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: I want to draw your attention to one point with regard to the statement that has just been made by Shri Stephen.

MR. SPEAKER: I have gone through the statement. He has roised tertain issues. I want to place before the House what the real Issues are. I am also ging to make certain observations on that so that the matter may be cleared. Certain confusion appears to have been created at certain other quarters, It is better that the House knows all the facts. That is why! I have allow-ed him to make it to-day, I am also

[Mr Speaker] going to tell you how much error has crept in this statement.

(Interruptions)

PROF SAMAR GUHA My point is not on that (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Please hear him.

SHRI C M STEPHEN It is a statement approved by the Speaker

PROF SAMAR GUHA Not that I yield to the point, but in deference to jour wishes I sit down. But at it is a serious involvement. (Interruptions)

SHRIC M. STEPHEN I read further Later in the day the office of the Police Commissioner issued a a statement reading "a communication on the subject was received in the Security Branch of the Delbi Police about a week ago. It passed on to the Lok Sabba Secretariat for information and necessary vigilance since it concerned the Prime Munister as a Member of the Lok Sabha," On questioned further by the Pressmen, the Commissioner dechied to make any comment on the ground inter the that the matter formed part of official secrets 4 communegtion form the Security Branch of the Commissioner's office to the Se curity Branch of the Parliament is a routine matter which will be taken as such by the country even if revealed. But an official letter from the Commussioner of Policy to the Speaker of Lok Sabha purporting to convey information of a plot to murder Prime Minister and announced such from the Chair of the Speaker is a matter of major significance Was it a communication from one Security Branch to another Security branch as claumed by the Police or was it from the Commissioner of Pouce to the Speaker as announced

in the House? Was it a communication received in the Security Branch of the Delhi Police and just passed on to the Lok Sabha Secretarist as claim. ed by the Police, or was it, as was told to the Lok Sabha, a communication from the Commissioner Police alleging the existence of plot? The present position is that the anouncement in the House contradicted in all material culars. This is the first time in the history of our country that a statement by the Speaker is publicly challenged For that very reason. this enuode is of considerable importance It is absolutely essential in public interest and in the interest of the dignity of Lok Sabha that the~ position is clarified beyond doubt

The Police Commissioner has claimed that the matter formed part of official secrets. The implication is that the revealing of the matter in the Lok Sabha is a revealation of an official secret. That a matter of official secret conveyed to the Lok Sabha Secretarial was revealed in an allegation of no small magnitude This aspect of the matter also calls for a clear clanification.

Quoting a top intelligence official, the UNI has reported that the communication was on the basis of an anonymous letter The official quoted as saying such anonymous letters were not uncommon. We re-30 to 40 letters pertaining the lives of VIPs every day Of these many concern ihr Prums Minister These letters, they concern Member of Parliament are sent to the Marshall of the House for his information and action The present letter is one such letter This news item has not been contradicted set. That a communication emerging from an anonymous letter and conveyed to the Lok Sabha Secretariat as a part of a matter of official secret should serve as a basic document for an extremely incriminatory and defamatory allegation in the Lok Sobha against the major Opposition in the Parliament, cannot

obviously be taken as a routine incident. It should be the concern of this House to consider how to mend the damage done all round.

The Speaker's announcement came in reply to a damand from Shri Shyamnandan Mishra who said, "We are informed that you have been told by some persons, that inormation has been conveyed to the Chair, that some person's life is in danger on this very issue." A secret information conveyed the Lok Sabha Secretariat. in hone. made sccreev-how it it that Shri Shyamnandan Mishra got knowledge about it? If a convincing explanation is not forthcoming, would not be permissible to draw the inference of a political design to create a background of allegations against the main Opposition so as to set the stage for an offensive of suppression and attack from the ruling party?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Not at all.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I would seek of Shri Shyammandan Mishra to teil the House as to how and where he got this information about this communication.

The statement under reference was obvisously highly incriminatory and defamatory against my Party and my Party Members. The word used was "Congress (I) people." That phrase would cover the Members of our Party in this House itself. I had immediately denied that allegation. My denial was carried by the P.T.I. teleprinter in the Parliamentary Service No. 24 in the following terms:

"The allegation which touched off tempestuous scenes in the House, was denied as mischievous, malicious and baseless by the Leader of the Opposition, Mr. C. M. Stephen..."

At 1852 hrs, the P.T.I., with reference to the above release, teleprinted an instruction reading as follows:

"Editors: Please hold, from publication charges-LS series moved by us in 13 takes (par 24 onwards) until further advice.

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This is on advice from the Lok Sabha Secretariat."

A P.T.I. message at 2015 hrs. instructed the editors:

"Please note the charges series held by the advisory (Par 110) is now realeased barring the opening take (Par 24) which is superseded by this lead."

At 2017 hrs, another P.T.I. release instructed:

"Please kill par 24.....This is under advice of the Lok Sabha Secretariat."

In the result, the P.T.I, report that I characterised the Commissioner's allegation as mischievous, malicious and baseless was blacked out under instructions from the Lok Sabha Secretariat. This was as a result of an expungement order by the Speaker under rule 353. The spirit of rule 353 is against allegations of defamatory and incriminatory nature. Could it be that an allegation can be made as against one section and that a repudiation of the same will not be permitted on the ground of being defamatory and incriminatory nature. result of the instruction by the Lok Sabha Secretariat was that words 'mischievous malicious baseless" by way of my characterisation of the communication, were blotted out from the news media. Are these words defamatory and incriminatory with reference to allegation made in the House? power of expungement, exercised by the Speaker in the Chamber, is matter which has come in for complaint on the Floor of the House many occasions. Except to say that in this case I am an aggrieved party I do not propose to make any comment for lack of time. I would only appeal to the Speaker that a discussion with the Party Leaders be arranged for evolving modality for effecting expungement, from the proceedings in the House,

The first sentence in the record of your observations from the Chair

[Shri C M. Stephen]

(page 10587 of the uncorrected record of proceedings dated 8th December 1978) has been corrected to read as follows —

Four days back I got a communication purported to be from the Office of the Commissioner of Police that there is a plot to murder the Prime Minister

The words added in as correction are 'purported to be from the office of the You were pleased to explain to me that this correction was to put the record straight and that it is nor mal and permissible To my mind there is a lot of difference between the words communication from the Commissioner of Police and words communication purported to be from the office of the Commis moner of Police I am not raising any objection to this correction. But I cannot help raising the question as to whether when a member corrects the proceedings it can be to add in some thing he did not say or to delete something which he said My con cept about the right of correction is that it is to conform the record with what was actually stated, barring of course to correct a minor grammatical mistake or so In the light of this correction, a ruling on the scope of permissible correction becomes neces-

The entire episode throws up many question marks and many important issues. I do submit that these questions and doubts clamour for immediate clarifications.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Charajin-Land of the House of order This is the concern of this House and every Member Mr Stephen have and every Member Mr Stephen made a sensus observation. I know that no question was allowed to the sensus question is allowed. But one sensus question is that which I want to clarify When any Member made a statement on the Floor of this House sometimes it may be obtained ometimes some Member rules at point of early that it is discussionally should be Crpunged or not No Member had raised any objection at that time The Speaker himself should have expunged it at that moment

The question is whether you can expunge as an afterthought? This is the point I am raising please tell all of us whether it is permissible whether you can expunge as afterthought

MR SPFAKER Let me first of all observe that I shall be only too glad to meet the leaders of parties or groups as suggested by the hon, leader of the Opposition to go into the general question of expunction of observations made in the House

Three points are raised by Mr Stephen in his statement made before the House He has objected to my observations made on the 8th December In this respect Shri Stephen had sent a letter to me on the 9th December and to his letter I had sent the following reply on the 10th December.

"I have gone through the proceedings again and find that the words the Commissioner of Police occur twice at page 10587 of the uncorrected proceedings. While at the second place the words the Commissioner of Police' have been left is they were the proceedings.

as they were the words 'purported' to be from the office of' were inserted in the first place to put the record straight as I understood that the letter had emanated from an Officer subordinate to the Commissioner

This is permissible under the rules it has been done in the past, there are earlier precedents covering the matter

Shri Stephen desird to hear the tape I have permitted him to do so I understand that he had heard the tape It is very important because of certain words which are coming later

He has also raised objection to my expunging some of the observations made by him. It may be noted that objection to some of his observations was raised in the House itself. I had

200 . . . communication received on alleged threat to P.M.'s life mentioned then that if there were any

objectionable observations, I would examine the matter. I went through the proceedings and retained the following observations made by Sri Stephen.

"Now I am submitting finally, I want to totally deny it, the aliegation made as irresponsible by the Commissioner, irresponsible....."

What were taken out were one sentence and another part of a sentence which were defamatory/incriminatory in nature and therefore attracted the provisions of rule 353. In the portion expunged the words 'haseless' or 'malicious' were not there at all. Mr. Stephen has heard the I do not know how the P.T.I. came to publish them; it is nowhere there in the record. Mr., Stephen has made a complaint of that no such words were used by Mr. Stephen and I have not expunged those words at all.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: How can he do it, after hearing the tape?

MR. SPEAKER: I have not expunged it at all; he is speaking about the PTT statement and not his state-

ment, The communication in question was addressed to the concerned official of the secretariat in accordance with the usual practice but it was intended for the information of the Speaker. All the official communications are normally addressed to the officers, and not to the Speaker, except where Members or others address the Speaker. I am unable to agree that the communication in question was routine communicaton, I have given you the substance of the communication. It is for you to judge whether it is a routine communication. communication in question was intended to be secret but as a pointed query was made in the House about the communication, it would been improper on my part to suppress it from the House. Mr. Stephen himself in his statement said: I did not communicate to you about a Minister's attempt to murder Mrs. Gandhi

because once it emanates from me it becomes a property of the House. I do not fully agree there. I cannot keen it back from the House when I was specifically asked about some information in which the House was deeply interested.

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SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: You are very right. '

MR. SPEAKER: I do not want a certificate from anybody.

As regards the alleged instructions . to the News Agencies, I am given to understand that no special instructions were issued by the Lok Sabha Secretariat. The usual procedure of making available the authorised proceedings to accredited press correspondents and News Agencies who wanted to refer to them was followed. If the Press Agencies use words of their own making and very interesting words, my secretariat is not responsible for it.

SHRI HART VISHNU KAMATH: They should be pulled up at least, SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: What

action are you taking against this gross impropriety? The House has a right to know. We are not silent ' spectators.

MR. SPEAKER: I am not hearing anything more.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: steps do you propose to take against this gross impropriety? It is unbecoming of a Member,

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: The . Press is free, but it cannot be free in every way, in all respects, they should be pulled up when they go astray.

MR., SPEAKER: Shri Shyamnandan Mishra.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai); Mr. Speaker, reference has been made to me by the hon. Leader of the Opposition in his statement and I think it is my duty to clear my position in this regard. I am not obliged to reveal the source of my information and it should be the Leader of

St by Leader 311 communication received on olleged threat to P.M . his

(Shr. Shvammandan Mishra)

the Opposition who should uphold the night of a Member not to reveal the source of information. Otherwise the Opposition in particular would not be able to function effectively in this House Secondly, may I make it absolutely clear that my information did not come either from the office of the hon. Speaker or from the office of the Home Minister in this regard. This position must be made clear and I am very glad that my information has seen confirmed 100 per cent I am glad di funde

Finally I would have failed in my duty as a Member of this House of t and not bring this matter to the noti e of the House Therefore I did

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola) We are not satisfied with your reply

MR SPEAKER I am not here to salisty you.

SHRI VASANT SATHE What is the position? Does it not mean that you have revealed certain information without gelting it senfied from the government? (Interrupt ons)

MR SPEAKER I am not obliged to answer any question.

SHRI VASANT SATHE Are you not ertified to tell it to the country that you have received this information without getting it verified finterruntions)

MR. SPEAKER Don't record SHRI NARENDRA P NATHWANI

(Junagach) I am going to the next ılem

MR SPEAKER I have not called the next Hem set I am first to dispose of a point of order raised by the Leaget of the Obbosifion the other day

shrimati pabvathi krishiyan (Containe) I understood dr Makes to say that he was glad that h a information was correct. Door he mesa by that he is glad that there is

a plot to assassmate the Prime Minister? This is what I want to know 13.24 hrs

MOTION RE THIRD REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF PRIVILEGEScontd

MR SPEAKER On the 8th Decemher, 1978 after the motion. That this House do consider the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on the 21st November, 1978' was adopted by the House Shri Morarn Desai Leader of the House moved a substantive Motion stating that the House agrees with the findings of the Committee of Privileges and that the House authorises the Speaker to take steps to ensure the presence in this House of Shrimati Indira Nehrit Gandhi in her place Shri R K. Dhawan and Shri D Sen before the Bar of the House on such date as may be decided by the Hon. Speaker, to hear them on the question of punishment and in receive such punishment as may be determined by the House'

Shrift M Stephen thereupon tais. es a point of order that the Motion moved by the Leader of the House was not in conformity with the provisions of Rule 315(3) of the Rules of procedure of Lok Sabba which reads ac under-

After the motion made under subtule (1) is agreed to the Chairmen or any member of the Committee or any other Member as the case may be may move that the House agrees or disagrees or agrees with amendments with the recommendation contained in the report."

In this connection I may mention that a similar point of order was raised m Lok Sabha on the 18th August, 1961 in the Blif- case, when the Chairman of the Committee of Privileges had moved a motion that Shn R K. Karamila Editor Blitz, Bombay do atiend this House on day and time asthun a week of the adoption of this motion to be fixed by the Speaker On that occasion my distinguished

[&]quot; bot recorded.

predecessor. Mr. Speaker Avvangar had ruled inter alia as follows:-

"A point of order has been raised that immediately after the motion for consideration is adopted by the House we have no alternative but to proceed according to sub-rule (3) of Rule 315. I do not agree, The House is sovereign. Of course, the House agrees or disagrees. A motion, if it is made it must be in the form of agreement or disagreement - or something in betweenn them. That is what sub-rule (3) provides. But, it does not prevent the House from sending for him. There is a residuary powers in this House, All matters not specifically provided for in these rules and all questions relating to the detailed working of these rules shall be regulated in such manner as the Speaker may. from time to time, direct. If even now he comes and makes an un-. conditional apology, possibly the House may consider it."

The question whether we should allow the person concerned to make a statement is also within the power of the House. The above ruling of my predecessor states the position clearly, and I am in agreement with it. It is, however for the House to decide whether the Motion moved by the Leader of the House may be adopted or not.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chiryinkil); Sir. on a point of clarification. Your ruling is on the motion of 8th by the Prime Minister, Shri Morarji Desai. When you read it, if I heard you correctly, you omitted to mention one point. May I read it out? The first motion which Shri Morarji Desai, the Prime Minister, moved on that day says that the hon. Speaker should hear their defence. This is the first motion that was moved.

MR. SPEAKER: He has changed it.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI; He has changed it later. But the point of order is on this motion. When the hon. Speaker gives a ruling, then it must be on the first motion, and not on the second one.

MR. SPEAKER: When a mover changes his motion....

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: The point of order is on the first motion.

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Ravi, you are under a wrong impression. The first motion was not moved at all, It was the second motion that was moved. If only Members are a little more careful.... (Interruptions) It is on the record.

SHRt K. RAMAMURTHY (Dharmapuri). Sir. on a point of order.

MR SPEAKER: What is the point of order?

SHRI K. RAMAMURTHY: Sir. the Leader of the Opposition's point of order was on the first motion but your ruling is on the Prime Minister's second motion. What happened to the first motion-whether it is withdrawn by the leave of the House? Or he is not moving the motion?

MR. SPEAKER: No leave; unless it is moved, the consent of the House is not necessary.

SHRT K. RAMAMURTHY: Once it is circulated, it is the property of the House.

MR. SPEAKER: Only when it is moved, it becomes the property of the House.

SHRIK P. UNNIKRISHNAN (Bada gara); Sir, you would recall that I had raised a point of order specifically on the question of hearing the defence. I had pointed out specifically that it is against the practice of this House, and whatever you might say about the hon, predecessor of your and his ruling this ruling, I submit does not cover my point of order, or the one that was raised by Professor Mavalankar. We are entitled to know from you your ruling on this question.

SOME HON, MEMBERS rose-

MR. SPEAKER: I will allow only if the objections have a bearing on this.

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SHRI VAVALAR RAVI Another resolution is also here. It is very important. The Prime Minister's motion reads like this to hear them on the question of punishment" Shri Unni krishnan has already raised if Rule 315(3) very clearly says that it is only a question of nunishment Whatever we have to hear we have to hear before the Committee whatever they have to speak they have to speak before the Committee Their defence they have to place before the Committee We are here only on the question of punishment. We are not expecting to hear from her on punishment. This House is not expected to hear any thing on punishment but this House is only to award the pumshment There Rule 315(3) comes in Rule 315(3) clearly states with reference to award of punishment How this House can hear the accused persons (Interruptions) This House also is not enlitted to hear any strange voice. Only the voice of the Members can be heard in this House There are no earlier pre cedents in this House So Sir when you hear the torce of the strangersof course Mrs Gandhi can speak out we are not going to hear the other two people

(Interruptions)

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mor mugao) Mr Speaker Sir from what you have said we understand that you are relying on the Blitz case and on the ruling given in that case and you find that in terms, this motion does not come within the scape of Rule 315 but then you are relying on your restdual powers under Rule 389 I wish to po nt out this much that the ruling in the Blitz case was entirely in a diffe rent context. There the motion was made that the contemner should come before the bar of the House and show cause against the Report of the Privileger Committee before the motion for conesideration of the Privileges Committee was laken up - So, there they were given an opportunity to say whe her the breach of privileges had heat committed or not. It was at that

stage Now Sir, you have allowed this matter to be considered by this House without giving any opportunity to the accused Now, you have lower this House to reach a conclusion without giving any opportunity to the accused to say that the breach of privilege has been committed Sir. I would say that giving an opportunity at this late stage would be making a mockery of it would not be according to the natural justice. If you wanted to give them a chance, you should have given it then And now you are merely trying to humiliate-I am not saying you Sir but this motion is merely to humiliate the accused. It is not in terms either of the Bhtz case or even of the English precedents. In May's Parliamentary Practice it is stated that very often the contemners are called before the bar of the House to explain but not at this stage. They are called before the motion for consideration of the Report of the Committee of Privileges is considered so that an opportunity is given to them to show cause that they have not committed the breach of privilege Now Sir we are not following those precedents, but this will be trying to humiliate the accused and making a mockery of the

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Sir I would like to duell within a limited thing In the last paragraph of the motion it is stated

whole thing

The House further authorises the Honourable Speaker to take steps to ensure the presence in this House of Smt Indira Nehru Gandhi in her place" o

In that connection I have addrdessed one letter on 6th December and also one earlier to that I have stated in that letter as follows

In continuation of my earlier letier regarding-making Mrs Gandhi available in the House during tomory row's debate and afterwards if, necessary in that connection I-wish a to quote the following to substantiate that the House has full authority to do so vide May's Parliamentary Practice and Procedure:—

"The House of Commons has the power to send...."

MR. SPEAKER: Let us have your point. I have heard you. You need not go through the letter,

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: "...for person whose conduct has been brought before the House on a matter of privilege by an order for their attendance, without specifying in the order the object or the causes whereon their attendance is required."

I have also tabled a question...

MR: SPEAKER: What is your point?

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND (Chikkodi): Mr. Speaker.

MR. SPEAKER: I have allowed him.

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND: To make a speech?

MR. SPEAKER: No, no. Not at all.

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND: He is making a speech.

MR. SPEAKER: Everybody is making a speech. That is all right.

(Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Am I to understand that you are deliverately flouting your orders because your. Secretariat has conveyed to me that she has been duly conveyed your orders that her presence throughout the debate is essential?

MR: SPEAKER: I · have not summoned · her. Therefore · she has not flouted my order.

flouted my order.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH
(Ho hangsbad) Mr. Speaker, may Leat
the outset invite your attention to the
last paragraph, paragraph 162 on page

122 of the Report of the Committee of Privileges which lays down;

"""In 'view of the unprecedented nature of the case" etc. etc.? All that the Committee has done with regard to the punishment is:

"The Committee consider it desirable..."—they have found her guilty, they have indicated her and her two accomplices—

"... to leave it to the House (the collective wisdom of the House) to award such punishment as it may deem fit to Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Shri R, K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen."

All that the Committee has done is to say that the House shall and should determing the quantum and the nature of the punishment. There is nothing in the Committee's Report to show that the Committee requests the House to hear them on the question of punishment.

MR. SPEAKER: What is your objection?

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: The Prime Minister and Leader of the House had earlier given notice of another motion wherein he had said—I am glad that the Prime Minister has accepted my amendment to delete it— "to hear them in their defence".

MR. SPEAKER: It will be open to the House to do it.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH. The point might be understood and appreciated The point is that Shidmall Indira, Gandhi may be saked in be in her seat. The motion of the Prime Minister is that she be in her seat and Shif R. K' Dhawan and Shif D. Sen shall appear before the bar of the House, and also the House should hear them also.

MR. SPEAKER: It is up to you to move an amendment and delete it. What-is-the point?

SHRI HARL VISHNU KAMATH: Can I bring a motion?

MR SPEAKER Surely It is within the power of the House There are amendments to that effect to delete those words. What we are considering is the power of the House What I have ruled is that excepting to the extent specifically provided under rule 315 all other matters are within the sovereign power of the House You can always add to the limitations found in rule 315 There is no difficulty at all. The British precedents as well as our own precedents have shown that opportunities have been given to them to come and plead their case about punishment and other things before the bar of the House Take Kaushik's case the Nagpur case Straightaway he was summoned and he was heard in this very House Therefore there is no objection in the rules. Of course you can delete it that another matter It is not all pervasive. It does not preclude That is my ruling

SHRI MADHU LIMAYD (Banka) May I formulate my point of order? In my opinion the last paragraph of the motion moved by the Leader of the House is ultra tures of the rules You have invoked rule 369 Rule 789 reads as follows

Residuary powers All matters not specifically provided for in these rules and all questions relating to the detailed working of these rules shall be regulated in such manner as the Speaker may, from time to time direct."

The role is very clear - all matters not specifically provided for" Since rule 315(3) is specific very specific bus rule is not attracted at all, and this cannot be invoked

As far as the House of Commons practice is concerned, in terms of arts cle 105(3) of the Constitution, the House of Commons practice is relevant only in the matter of accertaining the extent of our privileges and the extent of our penal powers Only in relation to these two issues the practice of the House of Commons is relevant. As far as the procedure is concerned we must follow Rule 315 sub-rule (3) There it is clearly stated that the motion before the House can either agree with the recommendation or desperce with the recommendation or seree with amendment. Now let us see what the recommendafinn is

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'The Committee recommend that Shrimati Indira Gandhi, former Prime Minister, Shri R K Dhawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister and Shri D Sen former Director General. Central Bureau of Investigation, deserve punishment for the serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House committed by them

In view of the unprecedented nature of the case and the import ance of the issue, involved in maintaming the authority dignity and sovereignity of the Lok Sabha and upholding the principles underlying the system of Parliamentary democracy, the Committee consider it desirable to leave it to the collective wisdom of the House to award such nunishment as it may deem fit to the three accused"

Now my contention is that the resolution can only specify the quantum of punishment and the conditions if any, attached to this pulshment and this motion is not in there terms. I have given an amendment If the amend ment is joined to this motion, then the Speaker has residuary powers in these matters and then the motion will be in order and the House can reach a determinailon I am of the opinion that the accused must be controlled with a clear-cut choice and there should be ne hanky panky about it, no confusion I would like to have your ruling on the specific point whether Rule 389 is attracted at all When Karanjia 2252 (Interruptions) was mention. But it will be seen if you go through the old proceedings that this rubing was not acted upon at all, because after the then Prime Minister, Jawahatlaj Nehru intervened, the House decided to permit Sardar Hukum Singh to withdray the motion and Sardar Hukum Singh himself expressed doubt that the rules din approvide for this procedure. Where is the question of departure? It is not a matter of details at all. There is a specific rule and we should abide by it.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: (Akoia): rose

MR. SPEAKER: Are you supporting him or opposing him?

SHRI VASANT SATHE; What he said is not correct

MR. SPEAKER: Please hear me. If I am against your point, then you can say. If I am in favour of your point...(Interruptions) I am not accepting his contention.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI (Bombay-North-West): 7088.

MR. SPEAKER; Are you supporting him or opposing him?

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: I om opposing him.

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SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: If you are not accepting it, then, I do not want to argue.

SHRI SHYANNANDAN MISHRA MESHRA (Begusarai): What fell from you is the matter with which I am concerned. You were pleased to refer to a rulleg by a former Speaker in a case in 1970. But my submissron is, although the Chair may abide by the rullings given earlier, it is not obligatory on the Chair....

MR. SPEAKER: I have said that. I agree with

SHRU SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA:
There are Contradictions in the earlier rulings. That is the point I want
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MR. SPEAKER: That part of the ruting, I have not quoted. I am not standing by it.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA-Now if it does not act as a High Court and if the accused are being sroughl before the bar of the House to say something on the question of pumshment, then whether we would be entitled to ask questions in that regard or not. That is a very important point with which the House is concerned. Now my first submission is that the House is not doing its duty in not prescribing the punishment in accordance with the recommendations of the Committee of Privileges.

First, the House has to proceed with prescribing the punishment in this matter because the punishment has been left to the judgment of the House. Now, if the House does not exercise ite judement and asks the accused to come to the Bar of the House, then the House does not agree entirely with the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges. The hon. Leader of the House in his motion has said that the House agrees with the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges. If the House does so, then, it is my submission that respectful House ...

SHRI VASANT SATHE: You are suggesting that this House should act in violation of all the principles of justice and equity. That is what you are recommending.

SHR! SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: So, the implication of the motion of the host chader of the House would be that the House does not agree with the recommendation of the Committee of Privilegge in its entirety if the

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SHRI VASANT SATHE: You are suggesting that this House should act in violation of all the principles of justice and equity. That is what you are recommending.

SHRI SHYAMNU TAN MISHRA: So, the implication of the notion of the hon. Leader of the House would be that the House does not agree with the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges in its entirety if the

[Shri Shyamnandan Mishra]

House does not prescribe the punishment in this regard and asks the ac cused to come before the Bar of the House to say something on the question of punishment

SHRI VASANT SATHE- The Privileges Committee has left it to the House

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA Therefore, the motion contradicts the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges

We want the ruling of the Chair on all these points. Firstly whether the motion would be construed as agreeing entirely with the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges as the non-Leader of the House claims in his motion. Secondly, if the House agrees with that, why does not the House first proceed with presenting the punish ment in this behalf? Thirdly if these persons come before the Bar of the House to make submissions with regard to the question of punishment would it be available to these accused to submit to the House that no punishment is attracted in this matter whereas the Committee of Privileges has already said that punishment is attracted in this matter? If they are within their competence to submit to the House that no punishment be given then they would be challenging the decision of the House as taken on the Report of the Committee of Privi leges Whether they should be allow ed to do so is another thing

Pourthly whether the House would not be entitled to ask questions of these accused when they appear before the Bar of the House

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) It is on my motion that this objection is raised. To say that this motion is uitra vires of rule 3[5(3) would not be correct because the Privileges Committee did not recommend a particular punishment, if left it to the House Therefore, the House has to determine the putnish-

ment it is a generally established practice in courte that in serious cases, before awarding the punishment, they ask the accused if they have to say anything about the quantum of punishment not whether the punishment should not be awarded That is the meaning of it. It is for the House to decide I will not say that the House should not straightway give punishment. We can accept any of the amendments That is a different matter altogether. I am only saying that this is not invalid, to call the people here They are not members of the House and they cannot speak on the punishment. I think, the House is entitled to call anybody and hear him There is no limit to the power of the House in this matter That is all I have to submit

SHRI RAJ NARAIN (Rai T056--

MR SPEAKER. Are you supporting or opposing?

SHRI RAJ NARAIN I am supporting what Shri Shyamnandan hicz zad

MR SPEAKER In the matter point of order, it is not a debate. I have heard enough on the point

SHRI C N STEPHEN (Idukkı) We have given up the lunch hour for the day You will kindly see that all the members are remaining here they are all hungry also

MR SPEAKER Mr Raj please don't raise a debate on this. I have heared Mr Madhu Limaye and Mr Mishra, and they are very competent,

SHRI C M STEPHEN Please give a little time for the Members to go and take their Lunch.

श्री ग्रज नारायन : श्रीमन्....

MR SPEAKER Let me dispose of this matter

श्री रुज्ज नारायल : श्रीमृत्, मृाप स्रीकृर है भौर इस के म नावाभी भाष एउ इम्माइँट समझदार जन रहे हैं में प्राप्त में केवन द्वारा ही आपना नाहगा हूं कि पान तक हमने देवने प्रकृत में कुंद के हैं — दूर मान दों जुर — जीवन प्रकृति के हैं है — दूर मान दों जुर — जीवन प्रकृति के स्थान के ने रहें पूर्ण कि आपको कितनों स्वा दो जाए। में सावकर्ष निकत हूं कि गिराइको भार्ष मिलाइन्डेट रहे पूने हैं निक्षम तुर्ण हुए रहे हैं कि अनती देविता नेहिल मान है जाए। हान दि भूने जन्म हुए तुर्ण मान हुए हुए से प्रकृति में कहा दो आप है जान है साव क्या करके हुम सुर्ण जान कि सहस्त है साव क्या करके हुम सुर्ण जान कि सहस्त है साव क्या करके हुम सुर्ण कर सुर्ण करके हुम सुर्ण कर सुर्ण करके हुम सुर्ण कर सुर

द्वरी वात यह ह कि

MR. SPEAKER: Probably you do not know that the amended Criminal Procedure Code provides for it.

श्री राज नारायणः में यह कहना चाहता हूं कि ऐसा काम न किया जाये जिससे पालियामेंट का मधाक उड़ाया जाए। यही में आपसे निवेदन कर रहा ह ।

SHRI B C. KAMBLE (Bombay-South-Central); I rise on a point of order,

MR. SPEAKER: I will hear your goint of order later.

All points of order raised by Mr. Madhu Llmaye and Mr. Mishra are already covered by my sarlier order. But, to clarify my order a little further, in my judgment, Rule 315 is not exhaustive. To the extent the Rule goes, the Rule has to be obeyed. In mafters not covered by the Rule, the House is govereign; it can evolve its own recedure. I do not see any llegality in the motion moved by the Prime Minister.

Now, the House wants half-an-hour Lunch time. We will meet again at 2.45 p.m. 13.54 hrs.

The Lok Sabha adjourned for Lunch till Forty-five minutes past Fourteen of the Clock.

The Lok Sabha re-assembled after Lunch at Forty-seven minutes past Fourteen of the Clock.

IMR. Speaker in the Chairl.

MOTION RE: THIRD REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF PRIVILEGES— Contd.

MR. SPEAKER: The House will now take up further consideration of the motion moved by Shri Morari. Desai op the 9th December, 1978 and also the motions standing in the name of Shri Jyotirmy Bosu, for which 2 bours and 30 minutes are now available, of course, always, subject to the decision of the House.

The procedure will be that those who have given notices of substantive motions—of course Mr. Jyotirmoy Bosu has already given notice—and those who have given amendments and who want to move them, may send their slips to the Table within 15 minutes.

SHRI NARENDRA P. NATHWANI

Before we resume the discussion of the motion moved by the hon, Prime Minister, I wish to invite your attention to the last paragraph.

"That the House further authorises the Honourable Speaker..."

So it confers a discretion on you, Sir. My point of order is this. It relates to the proper stage at which Shrimat Gandhi is to be called upon or is to be given an opportunity to be heard. Kindly listen. At least you should be able to appreciate the point of view that I am wishing to make.

We must bear in mind that when the complaint was lodged against her and the two others, she was not a Member of this House. When the Privileges Committee inquired through it, she was

Motion re Third [Shri Narendra P Nathwani]

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not a member To day she is a member of this House also and holds a dual capacity. She has been found guilty by the Privileses Committee and she happens to be a member of this House. Now it is the usual practice-I have not found any divergence or departure from this usual practice in the House of Commons-that when any complaint is made or when the report of the Committee is received opportunity is given at the earliest opportunity to a member to be heard in respect of it. It is oven to the Member concern ed to make any statement in explana tion or in exculpation or say anything by way of apology and then withdraw But the earliest opportunity is given to the Member concerned. I am concerned more with the right of a Member She may avail of it or the may not asvil of it That is a different thing But then the discretion is vested in you. Under the last pura graph of this Motion you should invoke that discretion call upon the Member concerned ask her whether she cares to make a statement or she may not do so That apart, but the earliest opportunity invariable is given under the Procedure which prevails in House of Commons both at the time when the complaint is lodged and also when the report is being discuss ed And it accords with a common sense because if to day we have before us her statement in explanation or by way of punishment then the debate can assume a definite form. To day we do not know whether she is going to make any statement or what she is count to say about apology and so on This is all I have to submit

VR SPEAKER This is no point of orcer

S IRI JYOTIRWOY BOSU May 1 מינים של שונים אנת שוכנת

SHRE JAMARDHANA POOJARI (Mangalore) S.r I rise on a point

MR. SPEANER What is the point of aties,

of Prutleges SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY I have given a notice also I am britg ing to your notice the ant dece Fion that is the ruling of this House only So far it has not been brought to your notice I have gone through the nebate also If I am not mistagen so far that has not been brought to sour rotice Why I am submitting this plen is becouse I am questioning the competerce of the House so far as. consideration of this motion is concerned I am reading There is a ruling by former Speaker, Mr Reddy He has given a clear and categorical decision so far as the jurisdiction of this House is concerned.

I may be permutted to read that?

MR. SPEAKER It is dealt with inthe Committee's report

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY II has not been In your wisdom you have also given one ruling. That is why I am submitting It was given on 1-1 77 The precedents of House of Commons on which the Committee of Privileges relied are that of the 16th and 17th century. We have got the latest precedents which is reported in this Lok Sabha Digest I may be permitted to read that also I quote

On the 1st April, 1977, Shri Jyourmoy Bosu a Member, sought to raise a question of privilege agant ShiT V Laul, former Ambassador of Irdia in USA. for certain remarks made by him in television network in July 1940 about detent on of political leaders ;

The former Speaker has clearly stated that Shri Kaul's remarks were made m July, 1975"

SHRI JYOTIRWOY BOSU I am on a point of order

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY Wait

MR SPEAKER Have patience

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY:
"Shri Kaul's remarks were made in
July 1975 when the Fifth Lok Sabha
was in existence."

"The matter cannot be raised as a privilege issue in the Sixth Lok Subha. In the circumstances, no question of privilege is involved in the matter".

So—, Sir, the House abided by this decision in the sense that the House did not dissent from it. For all the purposes the House has accepted this ruling? So, my submission would be: whether the House is competent to go into the matters perhaining to any privileges that occurred during the lifetime of the last disslowed Houses.

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard the point of order raised by Mr. Poojary At this stage, the House is seized of the matter. I have no jurisdiction. The jurisdiction of the Speaker arise only before the House gots seized of the matter. Now all the legal voints as well as the factual points have to be decided by the House and not by the Speaker. Mr. Bosu, you may now move the motion.

MR. JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Sir, I Move:

"After having considered the Third Report of Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on the 21st November, 1978, where in the Committee have recommended that Shrimati Indira Gandhi. former Prime Minister and Leader of the House, among other deserves punishment for the serious breach of privalege and contempt of the House by obstruction, infimidation, causing harassment and institution of falso cases against the concerned officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer and a Note for Supplementaries for Starred Question No. 656 tabled by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu, M.P. (that is, me) and answered in Lok Sabha on the 16th April, 1975 and had observed that two actions on the part of Shrimati Indira Gandhi, viz., her refusal to take ogth/affirmation and depose before the Committee and answer questions by the Committee and secondly casting aspersion on the Committee by her letter dated 16th June, 1878, submitted to the Committee, agravated the original breach of privilege and contents of the Husser.

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This House condemns unequivocally Sammati Indira Gandhi to rigorous imprisonment till the end of the current session of Lok Sabha and expels her from this Lok Sabha in view of the unnrecedented and henous nature of the case and the importance of the issues involved in maintaining the authority, dignity and sovereigney of Lok Sabha and upholding the principles underlying the system of Parliamentary demogracy.

'Sir, I move my amendment for the last para.

"This House condemns unequivocelly Shrimati Indira Gandhi for the breach of privilege that he has committed which is unprecedented and helinous in nature, specially for a person who has enjoyed the office of the Prime Minister of a country for 11 years. She be directed to tender an unconditional apology to the House immediately on canciusion of this debate, falling which are be suspended from the service of the House till the ned of the present Session".

Sir, I move my next motion.

AN IJON MEMBER: Sir, how can a Member move the motion and the amendment at the same time.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Sir, I move the following:--

"After having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) resented to the House on the 21st November, 1978, wherein the Committee have recommended that Sari R. K. Dhawan, former Additional (Shri Jyotirmay Bosu)

Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister and Shri D Sen fromer Director Central Bureau of Intesti gation deserve punishment for the senous breach of privilege and con tempt of the House by causing obstruction intimidation harass ment and institution of false cases against the concerned officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer and a hote for Supplementaries for Starred Ques tion No 636 tabled by Shri Japliz mov Bosu MP and answered m Lok Sabha on the 16th April, 1975 This House condemns unequivocally the said Shri R K. Dhawan and Shri D Sen to regrous imprisonment till the end of the current session of Lak-Sabba

Sr for the last paragraph of my motion I want to move the amon! ment. My amendment reads as follows:

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN (Combatore) Mr Speaker Sir the motion and the amendment cannot be moved simultaneously. How can be do it?

AN HON MEMBER What is before the House? Is it the motion or the amendments? I want to know I reck clarification as to what we are discussing (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER I have already soid f cannot repeat every time. I have said that those who have moved the motion or amendments may kindly acnd the Chief within filtern mrutes.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Sir can I move my amendment to the second motion?

MR SPEAKER II is up to you You should have read the amended motion It is an exercise in futility

SHRI IYOTIRMOY BOSU Ser for the last paragraph of my mol on 1 want to move the amendment. My amendment reads as follows

This House condemns unequivocally Shri R. K. Dhawan and San D Sen for the trea h of privilegethat they have committed and that they be brought before the Bar of the House on such date as may be decided by the Honourable Speaker, and they be asked to tender an unconditional apology to the House failing which they be severely reprimanded.

SHRIC M STEPIEN (Idabka). Mr Speaker Six today we are now passing on to the consideration of the Report before us. I would appeal my und to oil in the port artifications to kindly have sixth me and for premience that we are sitting today in a different capacity than in which we are sit may today is if I may say so a jul had capacity to evaluate the cadonac a to go into the merits of the proviberore as

I would be very—short in my remarks but I would request that I may be suen a patient hearing

Now after having thoroughly gone into the whole of this report, I as an individual have drawn a conclusion and an inference. The charge is that certain officers were proceeded against for the purpose and with the effect of obstructing the collection and the presentation of answers to the quesfions that were listed up how the point is whether this particular action-to which I will come-had this effect and whether it was aimed that way Was the non availability answer because of that? I would just straightway go to the evidence of Mr Ghosh who was the person in charge of putting up answers to questions This is from page 500 Here is what he says -

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Can be go into the merits of the Case?

SOME HON MEMBERS Yes

MR SPEAKER He can go into the question.

SHRI C M. STEPHEN I quote

"Mr. Chairman: On the basis of the information available on your hands you prepared the answer to the question? Shri S. M. Ghosh. The information was being collected and we had not completely collected the information. As a matter of fact I do not think that we did get complete information of the stock and sale of equipment which was made available to Maruti Limited."

-I want to draw the attention of the Chair and of the House to this sentence -

"I went to the Minister's house and I was told by the Minister that no further information need be collected, apart from what we had already collected for answering that question."

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: rising a point of order.

This is under Rule 315, sub-rule (2).

MR. SPEAKER: I told you about that. Evidently you have not heard. Sub-rule (3) has relevance to subrule (1) and sub-rule (2). I have already mentioned that. That is only for the purpose of 'taking into consideration', That point was considerьd.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I wish you remember a little bit more. I had given notice for suspension of that part also. But the consensus was that we do not bring up the evidence and in order to meet the wishes of the House I withdrew that part of my motion. How you are completely forgetting that?

MR. SPEAKER: Sub-rule (3) is independent of sub-rule (2) and subrule (1). There are two parts to Rule 315. First part is sub-rule (1) and (2). That is about 'half an hour' 'merit of the case'. When we come to sub-rule (3) it has no limitation.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSUrule says 'half an hour duration' and

then it says that the "debate shall not refer to the details of the report than is necessary to make out a case for consideration of the report before the House," It does not refer to the details. You are in the Chair and we are no match for you. The House desired me to withraw the motion. In order to meet the wishes of the House I withdrew the motion and today you are conveniently forgetting all that. You are allowing Mr. Stephen to go into the details.

SHRI C. M STEPHEN: Now, therefore, this is what he stated, "I range up to Mr. Krishnaswamy and he told that he had instruction from Mr. Sondhi, the Secretary, that no further information need be collected." What is the point of time at which this took place? The Committee did not put a question and get that point of time. But Mr. Sondhi gives the point of time. I refer to page 467. Mr. Sondhi says "In this particular case I come to know that there was a question like this, when late in the evening of 11th April, Mr. Pai sent for me and he said that it had been reported to him that some of our officers were harassing certain firms ... " He said that some of the officers had been arrested and "that night I rang up to Mr. Krishnaswamy and it appears that he had already instructions that no information need be collected." Therefore, on the 11th the officer was told not to collect futher information. On the 16th all the proceedings were started. On the 10th letters went out asking for information, On the 11th the Minister gave an instruction that no further information need be collected. The Minister Incharge, Mr. Sondhi, Mr. Ghosh, and Mr. Krishnaswamy, all the four of them agreed on definite instruction that nothing need be collected at all. This took place on the 11th. Now, the question is: why was this instruction given? I will come straight to this question. It was on the basis of the Ministerial policy and the Ministerial policy can be weaned out from the draft reply which was prepared

(Shri C M Stephen) on the 11th The procedure 15there is a reply there is a draft reply and draft supplementaries and a Note to prepared and the Aote is available. I would just refer you to page a34, I am emphasising this It was the policy of that Manstry that with respect to this question on information need he given because it was hit by a particular rule in the Rules of Pro edure

This is what they have nut up SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Bagusarai) In that case the offence was more serious

(Interruptions)

SHRI C M. STEPHEN May be. I am saying Mr Pais Ministry That was the Ministry It may be submitt ed that this note was put up on 11th. It is stated ---

In view of these facts, at the time of notice of admission of the present Question the attention of the Lok Sabha was dawn to rule 41 (2) (vii) which cearly lays down that Questions should not be asked on a matter which is not prima rily the concern of the Government of ladia it was envisaged then that it would not be possible to see ure such information and provide it to the Lok Sabha It may be submitted that if such information is given in the case of one question. there will be demands for securing similar information from other firms and it would be difficult to hardle such requests particularly since the information is not furnished by the firms in the course of ordinary filing of returns

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Can they sit on the judgement of the Privileges Commuttee' (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Why are you relling excited? This House can accept or reject the findings. Therefore this House is the final authority SHRI C. M STEPHEN Now Sir

thereto e, when the question was ori-

ginally put up, you will kindly find out the unswer which was given to this question The answer given was that So far as we know, the licence under which the Maruli came into existence was on the condition that the design would be indigenous and no imports will be allowed The Ministry has not been asked for imports, nor have they permitted any smoot If such allegations are made I am unable to vents and give them permission Then every question is being replied that way and the Speaker asys How does this question arise from out of this? What I am submitting is the very moment the question came for examination, Krishnaswamy who was the Director Mr Gupte who was his subordinate Mr Ghosh Mr Sondhi, all sat together and discursed this matter and on the 11th they came to the conclusion that if a reply was to be given to such a nuestion, namely information from the private companies then it would become difficult and therefore the decision was taken. The point is if a, a matter of fact, the Minister rave that instruction which is now borne out by the evidence, no les er person than Mr Gosh swears to that Mr Sondhi swears to that Mr Krishnaswamy suears to that If as a matter of fact, the instruction was given on the 11th, that no information need be collected how was that decision arrived at? I am baring my arguments on this basis not because of extraneous considerations but because of the considerations spelt out in this draft reply which is 'This is a dangerous precedent, we will be brought into difficulties This was the position that the Ministry took.

If that is that how does this quest on of obstruction arise? The Minister's policy is Do not collect information. If that is the instruction given who obstructs whom there are two places for the information to collect from One 1, collecting information from Maruti, the other is collecting information from

the PEC. What happens in PEC. The head in PEC is Mr. Cavale. His instructions are what? I would like to invite your attention to page 221:

"Sales returns are kept with our Finance people. As soon as our machines are sold, we note it down as to whom they are sold. We note at what price it is sold. This is with Finance. We get some commission. In PEC the finance people have all the sales returns."

Then:

"All these are available with PEC....So when you go through the whole exercise at a given point of time, you get all the information, if the sales return are properly compiled. I told him:....

Here 'him' means Mr. Bhatnagar, the other man.

"You will get all the information from Finance; you better check up with Finance."

These are the instructions given by Mr. Cavale. Then, please see page 225. Again the instructions given are:

"I further said: 'I do not know whether you have to collect it or not, whether it is ultimately required for the Parliament Question."

"I said, 'they have told me that this is required in Parliament. think, it is very easy to collect it from our files. Is it not available in Finance? Do not make a fuss. You collect it, or give it to me."

These are the instructions given to Mr. Bhatnagar, Further, please see page 226. Shri Cavale said;

"Then I told Mr. Bhatnagar, 'Look, it is not a question of collecting the information. Whatever information is there, they are avail-, able in the office. The PEC does not collect information. It gets the information when releasing the licence. It must be available in the office.

Therefore, these are the two stages. According to Mr. Cavale, who is the top man and one of the officers involved in this case, he gave instructions: Information is available in the office, you collect it'. According the Minister, nothing more than what is available in the office is necessary. It came to this stage when Shri Samer Guha, Chairman Committee of Privileges, nut this question to Shri Cavale:

"Mr. Chairman; Would it be right or wrong to say that because you had the information, you also asked Mr. Bhatnagar to collect the information which was required: 16th was the date of replying to the question regarding Maruti and, therefore, either of you could get of the files to communicate the information to the Ministers. was the reason why Mr. Bhatnagar was suspended in addition to your transfer order."

Mr. Cavale to this question replied:

"I should think so."

This was the question out by the Chairman to one of the officer: Shri Cavale. One of the officers is suspended and the other is transferred. The reason is: You had the information. I told you to collect the information and you are not collecting the information. Is it not the reason? That is the question that the Chairman puts to him. In these circumstances, I am asking the question: Where does the question of stopping or causing obstruction come? The two elements are; somebody must be doing the work of the Parliament and here the Minister says: 'Do not collect information'.

H anybody attempts to collect the information thereafter, he is not doing the work of Parliament at all. because the Minister is answerable. The Minister, Mr. Sondhi, Mr. Ghosh and Krishnaswamy-all the 4 of them are involved in it. Thereafter if he 339 Motion re Third [Shri C. M Stephen]

does something it is not in the service of Parhament Therefore | ere is no question of obstruction at all.

There is another question. This is the direct evidence with respect to the non sustannability of this case. I am submitting the circumstantial evidence now I would like to ask "Would there be any motive to harass' That has got to be deternunded by the conduct previous The Maruta question was not new The Maruti question has been there and I refer you to page 537 namely Mr Krishnaswamy's evidence He was asaed to state

"Shra B Shankaranand Now you have been handling all questions relating to Maruti for quite some time and you have handled more than one question is that correct?

SHRI R KRISHNASWAMY Yes

SERI B SHANKARANAND YOU have been handling them since 1974?

SHRI R. KRISHNASWMAY Since March or May 1974

SHRI B SHANKARANAND Were you harassed by anybody during that period also?"

SHRI KRISHVASWAMY wers No Sr Many questions were handled in the past Nobody was harassed Answers were coming here. Why the new development? That is what I am saying going by the previous experience, harassment cannot be presumed.

Then, was thus question reality barmful? I would rely on the evi dence of Mr Pau humself I do not ant to read the whole of it I go by columns 136 137 149 and 151 He is very calegorical Pars is the evi dence which the Committee behaves Tre dissenting note friends have disbeleved Mr Pat I process on the bale of the evidence of Mr Pal Mr

Pal says there was a loophole īm. port was not allowed Import was never given No concessions were given But there is the stock If stock-and-sale takes place. and since PEC permits nobody to im-If the machinery is available, anybody can go and buy it There is nothing illegal about it (Interruptions) Now, just one thing I should read for the satisfaction of those friends. This is what Mr Pai says

I was just wondering—that it could not be on this quest on because there is nothing in the quesanybody tion which can upset There was nothing to hide, also, from the House Granting that he had imported some muchines could have claimed perfect legiti ma; for doing this saying thatin the procedure that we had laid down there are loopholes and anybody could have taken advantage of them. This is because some people could have imported this machinery with a licence and some others could buy this machinery without a licence because it was available on stock and sale

This is what he was speaking of A specific que tion was put to him by Mr Nathwant

Therefore, it may be technically not illegal to buy locally for rupees an imported machine but it would be in substance against the spirit of the licence that was given to

Mr Paus reply is this

Now for instance, we say that the Premier or the Hindustan Ambassador has an indigenous content of 9899 per cent but the Point is that very indigenous part has been made with foreign collaboration or it comes to that, whatever is locally available but if a party does not import it himself and if somebody else has imported that part, if a party could use it is it tilegal?

This was not illegal. It is absolutely clear. Even if it was brought out that an imported machine was installed there, on stock and sale basis, there was absolutely nothing illegal; and nothing wrong which anybody wanted to little

Mr. Pai is absolutely emphatic about it. Mr. Krishnaswany on column 33 is equally emphatic—I do not want to go into that—that there was nothing wrong about it. Then in spite of all that, a presumpion is just drawn that for hiding, this is done. Everything has been coming to the Parliament. No harassment previous—by; nothing harmfull is being revealed. How does the ovesumotion arise?

Now the third question is whether Mrs. Gandhi wanted really to prevent the arch witness in this case, Mr. Pai on whom the Commission depends. I would refer to Mr. Pai's evidence once ggain:

"Mr. Nathwain's question: "Did she not convey to you that she did not like this matter of Maruti being pursued by your Department?

Shri Pai: I had answered any number of questions.

Question: Did she not convey that it should not be disclosed that factory was using imported machinery for preparing something which was against the spirit of the agreement.

Shri Pai: I did not get the impression that she wanted me to withhold the information or be careful at the time of answering the question."

Then again Mr. Nathwani asked: "There was this question of showing strong disapproval about the enquiry being pursued by the officers. Did she convey that impression".

This is a very important question.

Mr. Pai's answer was 'no'. There is absolutely no disinclination as far as this is concerned. Then Mr. Pai

"I must say in fairness to her that at no time when I met her had she ever discussed with me the affairs on Maryti"

Now this is the sworn testimony of Mr. Pai.

When this direction was given that they might be proceeded against, he is absolutely clear about this that the charges that she made were not that they were collecting information. She did not make any reference to this question. She only alleged corruption. This is the emphatic statement made by Mr. Pai. At the time of giving this direction, corruption is the only matter she mentioned about. This is the background of the whole thing. Therefore, I do not want to go intriber into the details should be directly and the whole thing.

Now the question is whether by arresting these of officers, attempt was made to obstruct the collection of information. The moment it is proved that on the 11th itself ministerial instructions went round that no further information need be collected and the moment it is proved that in STC direction was given by Mr. Cavale to colect this information from his office, do not make any fuss about it, on the 11th that was stopped, On the 12th the answer was prepared; on the 13th it was put up; on the 14th it was finalished and on the 15th the Minister accepted it and on the 16th the answer was given. This I am not speaking from memorary. Mr. Ghosh spelt out these dates when exactly this happened. The question was completed on the 11th evening, On the 12th final drafting took place. In the meanwhile, where is the question of obstruction coming in? This is what I am simply asking.

Now, some officers were proceeded against. Everybody is solicitor about the officers. I do not want to call them by any name. I do not call them caricature of corruption and all that, But when corruption and come against us, instructions are given. There is a machinery and they go under the direct production of

[Shrt Krishnaswamy]

political patronage, political protection. Here this matter came in very convenient for them Now, without want or to damage these officers I would just noint out the case of one of them. It is made out as if everything went off absolutely well after the angury What happened to "Ir Rajan" Charges are many Ultimately after completion of in vectoration, the Joint Director ordered that minor penalty proceedings in respect of favours shown to Messrs R K. Machine Tools recommending import of raw mater al to a firm contravention of Government condurt rules should by recommended The Central Vigilance Commission not only agreed with the recommendation but also remarked that Commission is rather surprised that only minor penalty proceedings have been recommended against Shri Rajan Probably they have not been able togather adequate evidence to prove active collusion of Shri Rajan. The Commission had only agreed to the institution of minor penalty. This is ore case. Trere are other cases It is not as if after the enquiry everything was let off But then comes the cover of emergency They said because of emergency it happened. Is that an answer? Now, the Vigilance Commission finally fund that there was a case against some of them. Taking that in view does a presumption arise that they were mino ent, that they were harassed and they were obstructed. No obstruction with respect to the collection of material takes place. This is all I have got to say On 11th the instruction has gone no further collection of inforration this is enough. Not because comebod; asked but because the Ministerial policy was taken

MR SPEAKER You have men-

SHRI C M STEPHEN That there will be no need of it and therefore, and collection of information. Therefore as far as the facts are concerned, it is now over

Another question is about the bias and about the oath. Here is a tribunal. A person is charged To that tribunal he submits a statement that statement the accused person sals with respect to some of them I have got a feeling that you are likely to be biased' Every document in the tribunal is confidential Violation of the privilege comes only when a publication is effectuated No publication is effectuated. It is a confidential document confidentially handed over and, therefore, there is no question of violation of the privilege as far as that tribunal is concerned If I am to argue before a court and if I say that I have got doubts about your impartiality I would have a transfer from that court, would you call it a cortempt? On the other hand, It is absolutely confidential. Therefore I am submitting, to say that imputation of bias is breach of privilege is absolutely wrong. On the other hand if she publishes it it would be a breach of privilege. Telling them on their face in a closed do-ument and sealed statement T would her a fear that some of you are likely to be biased' I cannot understand how it can be a breach of privilega

The last point is about the oath business Only one aspect I would like to bring to your notice regarding giving of oath I would not refer to the legal aspect which has been completely covered by the Attorney-Gereral and everybody There just one point I want to mention On a particular day ie 19th, because Mr Shankaranand was in the hospital, he wrote a letter to the Committee saying I understand that you have fixed up the meeting on this particular day, Every party has got to be represented Mr Shankramand is the only person represented in that as far as thus Party is concerned. He writes a letter saying

I have just now received information that the Privileges Committee stands posted to some near

date. I was surprised to receive the information for the reason that so far I have received no notice about any such meeting.

As I had informed you in my letter from Bombay, I had to undergo a major operation in Bombay hosnital recently. From the hospital T had written to you conveying my address in Bombay so that intimation, if any, could be sent to me at that address Notice of any meeting of the Committee, if scheduled, should have been sent to me at the above address. I am yet to receive any such notice. Anv meeting so held will be irregular....'

Therefore, he asked for fixing a later date so that he could attend. Normally, the Committee should have accepted this and postponed it. After 19th, they posted to 24th. On 19th they took up this major question as to whether she is liable to give an oath. It has taken up and disposed of the same on the 19th, in the absence of Shri Shankaranand, in spite of his protest that he also must be heard. So, against this background, in spite of his letter saving "I am here, I have not had any information", to take up this matter and dispose it σíľ....

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Sir. on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: I will allow you.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I am completing ... (Interruptions) There is one rule 283(2). The question whether to a person who is also an accused an oath must be administered is a question of procedure. Here if any doubt arises on any point of procedure or otherwise, the Chairman may, if he thinks fit, refer the point to the Speaker, whose decision shall be final. I say that if he does so, it must be part of the proceedings, whether a reference was made to the Speaker. When there was a hot contest about it, arguments were aired, the

Attorney-General was heard and he said that article 20(3) will apply. then she said she has to be exempted from incriminating questions. The Committee's interpretation is, "if you feel it is an incriminating question. you can tell us: we will decide when ther it is an incriminating question." Thus article 20(3) protection is given away.

I am submitting that on a vital matter, when an important member representing a party ...

MR. SPEAKER: You have mentioned that,

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: ...benind the back, this is being done and no reference is made to the Speaker for elucidation of this. This is the background. Therefore, I would submit, there is absolutely no evidence. ** That is why you have to reject it.

I was really sorry the other day when my friends were saying "apology" and a furore came up from the back benches. I was reminded of a scene shout 2,990 years ago, when certain people also cried like that. My only submission is may be you have got the power to impose crucifixion but the crucifixion will not be the end of it; there will be a resurrection after the crucifixion... (Interruptions) Therefore, remember this. Let justice prevail. Lot no frivo ous attempt be made; let justice prevail ... (Interruptions) I submit that this Report must be rejected and the entire proceedings must be dropped.

MR. SPEAKER: Shri Samar Guba. Daly on this question.

SHRI JYOTEMOY BOSU: A very dangerous precedent you are creating

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: A serious allegation has been made that a most important and crucial decision has

^{**}Expunged as ordered by the Chair.

been taken behind the back of a Mem ber As the Chairman of the Committee, I received a letter from Shri Shankaranand when he was in the hospital. Immediately I but that let ter before the Committee and the whole letter was discussed I enquir ed from the officers whether he had left any address for sending any inti mation or notice of the meeting of the Committee any address other than his home address because all the let ters were sent to his home address. I was told there was no indication of any other address to which any notice is to be sent

Then when this letter was put be fore the Committee it was thoroughly discussed and the Committee unani mously agreed that the meeting should not be postponed unanimous ly agreed by all the members (In terruptions)

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur) Anothe Member 15 sitting here

PROF SAMAR GUHA This is on

MR. SPEAKER Let us go on quietly

PROF SAMAR GUHA This is on record. It is also on record that unanimously all the members observed unanimously all the members observed

MR SPEAKER You have men tioned that

FROY SAMAR GJHA In this content is presented in the proceedings of its mentioned in the proceedings of the Committee of the members—that but the words of the members—that the proceedings of the members—that the proceedings of the members of the proceedings of the members of the proceedings of the members of the proceedings of the Committee of the proceedings of the procee

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Sir I

MR SPEAKER What is your point of order? Your point of order seems to be a point of obstruction.

MR JYOTIRMOY BOSU Today we have assembled here with a limited purpose.

MR SPEAKER You have men-

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU The Privileges Committee is a Committee of the House and on page 122 it has clearly stated two things—the narrative part and the operative part. It said

The Committee recommend

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Mr Bosu 1 have already given a ruling. I don't allow

(Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU You have to proceed with the punishment.

MR SPEAKER I have already decided on that point I am not allowing anybody

(Interruntions)

SHRI V A. SEYID MUHAMMED (Calicut) I had raised three points against disallowing the application of Mr. Shankaranand It was not

(Interruptions)

ипалитоиз

SHRI K. MAYATHEVAR (Dindigul) Sir I am on a point of order My party did not recommend at all.

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER There is no point of order Do not record

(Interruptions) ***

SHRI K. MAYATHEVAR Mr Speaker Str my Party did not recommend at all. My Party opposed everything Therefore there is no unanimity at all.

(Interruptions)

[&]quot;Not recorded.

MR. SPEAKER: Do not record anything Mr. Mayathevar, there is no point of order.

(Interruptions) ***

MR. SPEAKER. The question here is not whether the Anna-DMK opposed the finding or not. You had asked me what happened in a particular meeting.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: There are two persons, Dr. Seyld Muhammed... (Interruptions). Both gave a lie to the statement made by him.**

MR. SPEAKER: That they can do, but he was not a Member.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: On the floor of this House for the first time a Report is submitted by the Chairman and notes appended by the other Members. They are divided on the floor of this House... (Interruptions)...He has misled the House.*

MR SPEAKER: This is not a point of order. Do not record anything,

(Interruptions) ***

MR SPEAKER: That is no point of order. Don't record.**

SHRI VASANT SATHE: He is the Chairman of the Committee.

First, he must apologiese to this House, (Interruptions)

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayin-kil): There are two opinions about the Committee proceedings. The Chairman said one thing, Dr. Seynd Muhammad caid something else. So, please consult the records and expunge. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: This is not a point of debate.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: A breach of privilege has been committed ex-

facie because he has been contradicted by another Member of the Committee. Like contempt in an open court, this has been committed before you. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I shall go through the record.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: You should take action now. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Don't record.***

MR. SPEAKER: All the difficulty is, everybody wants to make a personal explanation, Mr. Shankaranand. (Interruptions)

SHRI HARIKESH BAHADUR (Gorakhpur): Mr. Mallikarjun has used unparliamentary words. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Order, order. Now, I am on my legs Mr. Shankaranand, your personal explanation.

SHRI B SHANKARANAND: Mr. Shankaranand, (Interruptions) I am

MR SPEAKER: I have called Mr. Shankaranand. (Interruptions) I am sorry. Mr. Ugrasen, there is no boint in your getting ugra in this matter. The question is, I have called those who are interested in personal explanation. None of you is ... (Interruptions)

SHRI UGRASEN (Deoria): What is his point of order?

MR. SPEAKER: He has not your raised the point of order.

SHRI UGRASEN: The Leader of the Opposition spoke first. You should have called some one from this side next.

MR. SPEAKER: There is no point of order. The position is, it is a point of explanation that Mr. Guha raised ... (Interruptions) Mr. Shankaranand.

SHEU B SHANKARANAND Mr Speaker. Sir. since reference has been mid to me with record to the siltone of the Privileges Committee. when I was in the besutal. know that I had written a letter to vou and also to the Chairman of the Privileges Committee both and I had intimated to you both that I was undergoing a major operation in the of the Rombay ho putal, and I requibus not area ! bus ambuce ber also the Chairman two redependent letters I had much any hospita, addres I thank you very much I have received a reply from you But it cannot be in the mouth of the Chairman of the Privileges Committee to say that he did not know my hospital eddress The Lok Sabha Secretariat knew my address I had tecessed a letter from the Secretary at my hos pital address. How can he say that he did not know my address ruptions) Mr Speaker Sir, I have not finished Since I am a Member of the Privileges Committee 1 am not talking of the evidence or facts of the case But these procedural muctakes. I have told in the sittings of the Committee also (Interriptions)

MR SPEAKER You must know that when a Member 1, involved he has a night of personal explanation Mr Shankranand please be brief

SHEET B SHANKARANAND Mr Speaker S- I am very som that i cannot shout and I cannot compete with Liember. in the other side (Interruptions)

MR SPEATER You have made Your cont

SHRI B SHANKARANAND Inspin of my leter three sitings were held by the Privileges Comm Hee and very reportant afters were decided m Protes the and during the ent-(onters of one)

MR SPEAKER That does not ange

THE B SHAVKARANANU THEY have held three attinue and decided very important matters and inspite (Interruptions) of my

Mr Chatteriel MR SPEAKER (Interruptions)

MR SPEARER I have called he Chatterjee (Interruptions) You have made your point (litterruptions)

SHRI B SHANKARANAND I am not touching the evidence You have to see whether the proceedings held , befund my back, without my knowledge, without notice to me, whether it can be called legal proceedings. That is what I am asking

SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARY. I am on a point of order There is a breach of rule (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I have called Mr. Chatteriee He is also on a point of order

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE It is a very vital question ruptions) The motion before the Howe as moved by the hon Prime Minister is whether the House agrics with the Budines of the County'tee . (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Now we are on a different neight

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERIEE Whether the House agrees with the findings of the Committee -1 cm quoissy serbatim (Interrupcions) We are discussing a report of a Committee of the Parliament This Cornmittee functions in various aspects . (Interruptions) This Parliament -8 an institution of

MR SPEAKER What is your . point? (Interruptions)

SERI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE This Porhament as an Institution cannot function if the Committees do not function. Whatever may be the findings of the Committee which are now being debated upon (Interredtions) A deliberate attempt is bring made to abuse the Chairman of the Commultee of Privileges, a deliberate attempt is being made to describe the report as a malafide report. The Leader of the Opposition has described it as malafide report .. (Interruptions). He has said that.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I did not (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: He says that he did not. If the word "malafide" is there, it will be deleted.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I know my business. (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Stephen has said that he had not used that word. I have accepted it If it is there, it will go. (Interruptions)

I have called Mr. Chatterjee.

SHRI SOMNATE CHATTERJEE: I want to know from you whether the Chairman of the different Committees of Plarliment can be abused, can be criticsed in a well-planned manner, (Interruptions), whether any sort of reflection can be made on the Members of the Committee or the Chairman of the Committee. Then in future, no Committee of Parliament can.. (Interruptions), My friends today, on a partisan consideration, are setting up a dangerous precedent, on a partisan consideration, they setting up a dangerous precedent. I do hope that it will not ... (Interruptions). I would request you to see that this is never done. (Interruptions).

MR, SPEAKER: I have heard you.

SHRI SOMNATH CHATTERJEE: I am not here on the question of whether a person, a particular individual should be punished or not. I am not on that. I am on the basic question, whether Parliamentary Committees are to be discussed in this manner. You see, in your presence, how the Parliamentary Committees are being treated in the manner in which it is being done. This is a very serious matter, (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: I am on my legs.

MR. Somnath Chatterjee has raised certain important points. To the extent I followed him, Mr. Stephen

merely criticised the conclusions reached. He said, it is not a conclusion -available from the evidence, everybody has a right to say, if he has used the word "mala fide" which I did not hear-I will go through the record-I will not allow it. (Interruptions), Mr. Stephen says he has not used it. Mr. Samar Guha wanted to give a personal explanation, He made a statement of fact. Dr. Sevid Muhammad contradicted that statement. Then, Mr. Shankaranand's name had been dragged in and gave his personal explanation. There has been no question of a mala fide attack on the Report, I will go into the record, I will not allow it.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: On a point

SHRI JANARADHAN POOJARY: On a point of order, Sir,

MR SPEAKER; There is a competition in raising points of order. SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY:

I draw your kind attention to rule 352(iv) which reads-"A member while speaking shall

not-(iv) reflect on any determination of the House '

Now, you are deciding a very serious question. There are three persons involved in this issue....

MR. SPEAKER: Wha has been the breach of the rule?

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: Here is a member who has given a statement of fact which has been contradicted by another member. .f want to bring to your notice that he has committed a breach of truth ... (Interruptions). We are in the midst of determining a serious issue and the House has to determine only the pertinent issue...

MR. SPEAKER: Everybody knows

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: Prof. Samar Guha is a senior member. He is the Chairman of the Privileges Committee. He has openly stated that Mr. Shankaranand had sent a letter but he did not give his address. That is his statement. He said that

[Shri Janardhana Poolary]
Committee came to a unpuimous decision. Dr Sayid Muhammad has con-

tradi ted it

MR SPEAKER I have already
mentioned that,

SURI JANARDHANA POOJARY
We have to come to a conclusion
What action are you going to take
now? We cannot cay whether Prof
Sanare Guha a statement is wrong or
Dr Sayad Muhammada statement is
wrong You have to enighten us by
saying which statement is correct
We have to decide which statement is
correct. He is a senior member and
Chairman of the Privileges Committes and has gone to the extent of
contraducting the statement. Therefore, I require your ruling in the mat-

16 hrs.

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MR SPEAKER There is no point of order

SHRI RAM JETHMALIANI (Bombay North-West) Every Member of the Pravileges Committee who opposite dit agious mention to the pravileges Committee who opposite of a senious reflection by Mr Shankaranand is today the object of a senious reflection by Mr Shankaranand and we are entitled to offer our explanation as to what was done Therefore, you will knodly hear us Each of one of us has a complain to you (Interpotors) This is a frand You have to hear ut Let Mr Shankaranand know what he has done Kindly give us some time MR SPEAKER I have called Mr

Kamath. I will call you in the debale when you can make your point.

SHR RAM JETHMALANI You must know how he has obstructed the proceedings of the Privileges Ourmattee. He has acted as an unpud advocate of Mrs Ganthi and stried to obstruct the proceedings of the compatible. (Hartryspinals) All induces have been sent to him at his address

PROF SAMAR GUHA I am just referring you

Mr Guha I have heard you

PROF SAMAR GUHA You must hear me You have to hear me Page 230 of the report, This is the proceedings of the 30th meeting 1n these proceedings the whole of the letter of Mr Shankaranand, the committee took wate consideration. It is on record and none of those who were present schedule.

Report of Comm

of Privileges

MR SPEAKER I will look into the matter

PROF SAMAR GUHA You appointed me the Chairman of the Committee (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER We now resume

MR. SPEAKER We now resum the debate Mr Kamath.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH (Hoshangabad) I have the honour to move my substitute motion—litem No 14 of List No 1 to the original motion of Shri Jyotimoy Bosti It you will permit me, I will read the notion

"That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely —

This House, having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November 21. agrees with the recommendation made by the Committee that Shrimati Indira Gandhi has committed serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House causing obstruction intimidation, harassment and institution false cases against certain officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a note for supplementaries for a starred question in Sabha the breach of privilege and contempt of the House having been eggravated further by her refusal to take the other/affirmation and depose before the Cimmittee and answer questions by Committee and by easting aspersions on the Committee in a statement submitted by her to the Committee

(2) This House strongly condemns her aforementioned misdemeanours and severely repri"(3) The House further resolves that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be suspended from the service of the House till such time as the tenders an unqualified and unconditional apology for the aforesaid offences commuted by her, . . (Interruptions)

SHRI MALLIKARJUN (Medak): What kind of apology. . (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Mallikarjun, the other side patiently heard Mr. Stephen. Otherwise, I will have to insist on your withdrawing from the House. I fell you; I warn you. (Interruptions) The other side patiently heard Mr. Stephen. Mr. Kamath you may go on.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: My friend wants me to read it again:

"(2) This House strongly condemeanours, and severely reprimands her for her unworthy conduct as well, as deliberate abuse of
power, in pursuit of an evil, deeplaid design to subvert the normaand to undermine the foundations
of Pauliamentary Democracy enshrined in the Constitution.

"(3) The House further resolves that Shrimati Indira, Gandhi be suspended from the service of the House, till such time as she tenders on unqualified and unconditional apology for the aforesaid affences commuted by her, the form and content of the apology being such as is acceptable to, and approved by the House.

"(4) This House is confident that the punishment awarded to the offender, Shrimati Indira Gandhi, will serve as a warning and a deterrent to anyone attempting, at any time in the future, to emulate her vile, authoritarian, anti-democratic example."

Now I would like to know whether you have permitted Mr. Bosu to move the other motion regarding Shri D. Sen and Shri Dhawan.

MR. SPEAKER; Mr. Bosu has already moved it. You need not; if you have given notice, you can speak.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I have already moved.

MR. SPEAKER: He has moved.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: The motion stands in my name. . .(Interruptions)

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise on a point of order. Mr. Kanath, in his wisdom, is making all sorts of insinuations and allegations against some other who is a Member of this House. You have to give your ruling, (Interruptions) Sir, you have to maintain the dignity of the House. I want to know whether he can make an allegation against another Member of the House who is sitting here. You must give a ruling on that.

MR. SPEAKER: He is reading out the text of his Motion.

, SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: Sir, I move that for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:—

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November 21, 1976, agrees with the recommendation made by the Committee that Shri D. Sen, former Director, Central Bureau of Investigation, has committed serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, infimilation, harassment, and institution of false cases against certain officers who were collecting

[Shri Ham Vishmu Kamath]

information for preparing an answer together with a Note for Supplementaries, for a Starred Question in Lok Sabha

- (2) This House is of the opinion that Shir D Sen displayed excessive zeal and service devotion in executing the illegal and improper orders of the then Prime Minister, but considering the extensional fact that he was a mere tool in her hands, this House is of the view that the maximum penalty is not called for "..."
- (3) In the circumstances, therefore, this Hotes strongly condemns his aforementioned misconduct and resolves that the offender he called to appear at the Bar of the House and administered a sever reprimand by the Honourable Speaker?

Sir, I move that for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely —

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November, 21, 1978, agrees with the recommendation made by the Commuttee that Shra B K Dhawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister has commutted serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, intimudation, harassment, and institution of false cases against certain officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a Note for Supplementaries, for a Starred Question in

(3) This House is of the opinion that Stat R K. Dhawan daglayed executive zeal and service devotion in executing the allegal and improper orders the third Prime Mantier, but considering the extension fact that he was a more tool in her hands, thus House is of the view that the maximum penalty is not child for.

(3) In the circumstances, therefore, this House strongly condemns is afore-mentioned misconduct, and resolves that the offender be called to appear at the Bar of the "House and administred a severe reprimand by the Honourable Speaker"

Sir, I move that in the last paragraph, lines 5 and 6, omit the following

"to hear their defence, if any, and"

MR. SPEAKER The motions have come on record Now, you can make a speech otherwise your time will be over I am not allowing anybody more than ten minutes.

SHEI HARI VISHNU KAMATH:) Mr Speaker, Sur, this is hutore occasion, and the first Parliament of the world which has brought a former Prime Minister to trail on the recommendations made by a commuttee of the House Look at the scenario, what it was two years ago and what it is now The present Prime Minister was two years ago, in December 1976 somewhere in prison. Now, he is the Leader of the House and she who was then the Leader of the House is where she is (Internitables).

It has been rightly said by a tinnker that the mills of God grind slowly but they grind exceeding small,

Sir, you are presiding over this historic session, and you are one of those who were superseded.

MR. SPEAKER Please do not refer to that

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: Call it Nume; usited or call it wind you will today you are or call it wind you will today you are winessing such historic scene and all those who are on this sale of the House-most of us-were in pail two years ago and we are now putting her cat trial. The I would like to submit in all humility, but with all estimating her can be a scene which will hardly ness, is a scene which will hardly

occur in world history. Now, there has been a lot of talk about the need-for giving a chance, an opportunity, to the three accused, I may not call them accused, but those who have been indicted by the Committee. It was put before the House that they may be heard in their defence or on the punishment. Here, I would like to refer to what the Committee has mentioned in pages 113, 117, 115 and dinalty, 122. The Committee, on page 113 has said this:

"Besides hearing several times Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen, the Committee examined on oath the following witnesses at great length..."

A long list of witnesses is given there. I don't want to go into that. 23 witnesses are mentioned therein. And then it says:—

"The Committee also persued relevent records, files and documents running into about 4,000 pages... The Committee gave several opportunities to Shrimati Indira Gandhi to appear before the Committee and state the true facts of the case."

But she did not avail herself of these opportunities; but, on the contrary, she cast aspersions on the Committee. The Committee says:

"The Committee are of the view that such remarks east aspersions." on the Committee and would amount to a breach of privilege and contempt of the Committee."

What is the enormity of the crime, of the offence, that the has committed? She ought to have known better, as the then Prime Minister, when she obstructed Parliamentary work. She obstructed Parliamentary proceedings. At that time she was the Prime Minister and Leader of the House.

Fortunately she is not so now

SHRI VASANT SATHE: What is the relevance of all this now?

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: Having read the report of the committele i, in toto, agree with the recommendation of the Committee. (Interruptionso). It is another matter if they don't agree. I need five minutes. How many minutes more!

MR. SPEAKER; Two minutes more.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN: It is an important debate. You cannot fix time like that

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: The House can extend the time I have taken hardly five minutes. I request you to give me five minutes more.

MR. SPEAKER: No. Please take two minutes.

SHRI HARI VISHOU KAMATH.: I will in that case come to the main question. You are not inclined to give more time. The quantum of punishment has been left by the Committee to the wisdom of the House. In my humble indigenent, in my estimate, the punishment should be a reprimand by the House and it should be conveyed or communicated to the offender by you, Sir, as the plenipotentiary of the House.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Spell out the offence....

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: It has been done by the Committee. You may not agree. I agree. The House agrees We all agree.

The reprimand by the House should be communicated to the offender, by you, Sir, as the Speaker, as our Plenipotentiary. The other accomplices should be brought to the Bar of the House and reprimanded by you as the plenipotentiary of the House. The second part of the punishment is sussecond part of the punishment is sussecond to the second part of the punishment is sussecond to the second part of the punishment is sussecond to the second part of the storage of the thouse the second part of the punishment is sussection.

(Shr. Han Vishnu Kamath)
Therefore, Sir, my motion . (interruptions)

भीवरी बसर्बार सिंह (होशिवार पूर) यह माछी मानने पर छोड हते? विकन पाप विए है

SHEI HARI VISSING KAMATH.

Six promotion to the effect that the term and content of the apology that the term and content of the apology and the secreptable is, and approved by the House because I would if to he an unqualited and unconditional apology and one of a real apology I want that you had not been applied to the specific property of a real apology. He read thing because, Sir I know, the House, known that workers of real thing because, and the processing the read that the production of the processing the production of the processing the production of the production of the processing the production of the produ

MR SPEARER You have taken much have

SNEH HARI VISHUU KAMATII
One manute, Sar' (Interruptores)
New, S' shaule for starvation, O' for
Oppression, 'C' for 'Correspton,' T'
Oppression,' C' for 'Correspton,' T'
Stor, Laith' T' for 'Interript', 'S' for
Sangar' and 'M' for 'Maritir' And
ficerefore, Sir, I must that the apology
abouth he buth as is acceptable to and
improved by the House

[Substitute Motions/Amendments to the motion moved by Shri Mareryi Deans]

SHRI NANASAHEB BONDE (Amtavati). I beg to move That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely—

"After home connected the Trust stopped of the Control of Private Supply of the Control of Private Supply of the Control of Private Supply of the Supply of

be given by this House on the Report of the Committee of Privileges The matter thus be slayed and await the decision of the judiciary in the matter and after considering the decision of the judiciary at the finally state, thus matter be reopened afresh, if found necessary "(1)

SRRI K LAKKAPPA (Tumkur): I beg to move.

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely,-

That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Pervileges and taking indiconsideration the national stating indiconsideration the national stating indiconsideration on the political, common and social fronts, in order that the situation may not torther described by the proceedings in the matter to the great and and indicate the proceedings in the matter to the great and and interest."

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY (Mangalote): 1 beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges is of the opinion that no question of privilege is involved in the matter against Shri-, mail India Nehru Gandal, Shri R & Dhawan; and Shri D Sen and that no further edition be taken by the House in the matter

That this House resolves that she has not committed further breach of privilege and contempt of the House by her refusal to take oath/affirmation before the Committee, and

That this House is of the opinion that no further breach of provilege has been committed by alleged aspersions on the Committee by her statement dated 16th June 1978, submitted to the Committee "(7)

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mormugao): I beg to move:-

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:--

"That this House having considered the Third Report of the Commutate of Privileges and taking into consideration:—

- (a) That the very charges mentioned therein are being inquired into by a Court of Law and are sub-judice;
- (b) That in this matter there has been unprecedented lack of unanimity or consensus in the course to be followed; and
- (c) That further proceedings will not enhance the prestige of this House but are likely to undermine the confidence of the people in our Parliamentary institutions:
- This House do decide to drop further proceedings in the matter." (9)

SHRI AJITSINH DABHI (Anand); I beg to move:--

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"After having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges this House concludes that charges against Shrimati Indira Nchru Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen of causing obstruction, intimidation and institution of false cases against the concerned officers, are not proved by the evidence, led before the Committee and therefore, no breach of privilege or contempt of the House was committee by the many decided that no action should be taken on the Report." (13)

SHRI B. C. KAMBLE (Bombay-South Central): I beg to move:—

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"That this Hon'ble House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, and further having noted that the said report does not state the procedure to be followed by the House in giving effect to the recommendations made by the Privileges Committee as per rule 314(2) of the Rules of Procedure, and Conduct of Business in Lok Sabha;

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Agreed with the recommendations as stated in para 182 at page 122 of the said report, with the amendment namely that Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D, Sen be reprimanded by the House of People of India; and to give effect to the said recommendations of the Privileges Committee this House hereby states the procedure that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be directed to remain present in the House and other two persons, be summoned at the Bar of the House by the Hon'ble House as most immediately as is deemed convenient to receive their respective reprimand on the date and time fixed by the Speaker." (18)

SHRI SHANKAR DEV (Bidar): I beg to move:—

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"After having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges on Mrs, Indira Gandhi, ex.P.M. in its full, this 'House reserves' its decision and any suitable action thereon, if any, until the cases are disposed of by the Judiciary where they are under consideration and subjudies." (199)

SHRI B. P. MANDAL (Madhopura): I beg to move:--

In last paragraph for the words "on the question of punishment and to receive such punishment as may be determined by the House."

Substitute the following as a subparagraph:-

"The House further resolves that in case Shrimati Indira Gandhi and others do not offer any unqualified apology they may be reprimended."(3) At the end of paragraps 4 add
"Such conduct would be unworthy

of any member of this House much more so of the leader as she then was."(1)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KKAMATH (Hoshangabad) I beg to move —

That for last paragraph of the motion beginning The House and ending "determined by the House the following be substituted—

'This House strongly condemns har aforementment mandemeanours and swertly reprinted his for her unneathly conduct unworthy of the high offer which she then held, as well as her deithernte abuse of power in purur of an entl deep tand destin to subsert the norms and to under muse the fundations of Paclament tory Democracy enshrined in the Constitution.

The House further resolves that Similar Lodica Gandhi he suspend of from the service of the House till such time as she tenders an unquali field and unconditional apoling for the aforesaid offences committed by her the form and content of the spology being such as is sacceptable to and approved by the House.

This House is of the opinion that have been a considered to the post of the po

ST RE INOTIRED & BOSU Dis to a literate I beg to may For the 1 at parteragh of the Tration substitute-

This House is of the opinion that Shirmati Indira Gandhi be asked to tender an unconditional apology to the House immediately on concusion of this debate—failing which the be suspenied from the Lok Sobha for the present session

This House is also of the opinion that Shir R. K Dhawan and Shift D sen be brought before the Bar of the House on such date as made be deeded by the Honourable Speaker and they be asked to tender an unconditional apology to the House Is ling which they be severely recommended.

DR MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI (Almora) I beg to move

For the last paragraph of the motion si betitute -

"The House therefore resolves that if Mrs Indira Gandhi does not tender an unqualified apology on the adopt on of this Votion she be suspended from the service of the House till she tenders an unqualified apology

The House further resolves that if Shri D Sen and Shri Ji, K. Dha will no not tender an unqualified apology within three days of the adoption of this Motion they be committed to Jail till the prorogation of the House (10)

For the last paragraph of the mo-

The House therefore resolves that if Mrs Indira Gaidah does not tender an unqualified apology within three days of the adoption of this Motion she be expelled from the membership of the House

The House further resolves that it san D Sen and Shri R K Dho is and on the terder an unqualified spelory within three days of the shoot on of this Motion they be committed to Jail ill the prorogation of the House" (11)

For the last paragraph of the mo-

"The House, therefore, resolves that if Mrs. Indira Gandhi does not tender an unqualified apology within 3 days of the adoption of this Motion, she be committed to Jall till the prorogation of the Current Session and suspended from the membership of the House till she tenders an unqualified apology.

The House further resolves that if Shri D, Sen and Shri R. K, Dhawan do not tender an unqualified apology within three days of the adoption of this Motion, they be committed to jail till the prorogation of the House." (12)

SHRI MADHU LIMAYE (Banka): I beg to move:

Delete last paragraph and add-

"The House, therefore, resolves that if Mrs. Gandhi does not tender unqualified apology within seven days of the adoption of this motion, she be expelled from the membership of the House and be committed to jail till its next prorogation;

The House further resolves that if Shri D, Sen and Shri R, K, Dhawan do not tender unqualified applogy within seven days of the adoption of the motion, they be committed to jail till the prorogation of the House." (14)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: I beg to move:

In the last para the following words be omitted:

"to hear them on the question of punishment and" (15)

[Substitute Motions/Amendments to the motions moved by Shri Jyotirmay Bosu]

PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY (Calcuita South): I beg to move: That for the original motion the following be substituted, namely:-

i-That this House having taken into consideration the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, presented on the 21st November, 1973, resolves that the findings be accepted,

Resolves further that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be expelled from the House." (5)

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:--

"That this House having taken into consideration the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, presented on the 21st November, 1978, resolves that the findings be accepted.

This House is of the opinion that Shrimati Indira Gandhi is guilty of violation of the privilege of this House and be asked to tender an unconditional apology to the House immediately on conclusion of this debate, failing which she be expelled from the Lok Sabha." (28)

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT (Jaunpur): I beg to move;

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, presented to the House on the 21st November, 1978, holds Shrimati Indira Gaudhi guilty of breach of privilege and sentences her to imprisonment for the duration of the current seasion and expels her from the Lok Sabha," (6)

SHRI MRITUNJAY PRASAD (Siwan): I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:--

"That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges of the Sixth

[Shri Mrityunjay Prasad]

Lok Sabha resol/es that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be expelled from the House" (7)

SHRI UGRASEN (Deona) I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted, namely —

That this House agrees with the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the Huuse on the 21st November, 1978, and reolves that Shimmai Indira Gandhi be expelled from the House and also be sentenced to impressionment till the proception of the House for having committed a serious treach of privilege and contempt of the House' (8)

SHRI Y P SHASTRI (Rewa) beg to move

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely —

The House while accepting the recommendations contained in the Found Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha), presented to the House on the Zixt November 1978 resolves that Shrimati Indira Gandhi, who has been found guilty of committing a breach of privilege of the House, be expelled from the House." (10)

SERI NARENDRA P NATHWANI (Junagadh) I beg to move

That for the original motion, the

following be substituted, namely —

This House having considered
the Third Report of the Committee
of Privature.

of Privileges agrees with the findirss of the Committee

That Shrunati Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R K Dhammar

the statement and a network of an eld, fished R K Dhawan, former Mellong Pivate Secretary to the then Prime Munuter and Shri D Sen. former Director of CDH committed a thresh of privilege and tocclempt of the House by equating abstraction, internal office, and a secretary of the House by equating abstraction, internal of the secretary of the House by equating abstraction, internal of the secretary of the House by equating abstraction, internal of the secretary o

and institution of false cases against four concerned officers,

That she committed a further breach of privilege and contempt of the House by her refusal to take oath/affirmation before the Committee,

That she also committed a breach of privilege and contempt by casing aspersions on the Committee in her statement dated 16th June, 1978, submitted to the Committee, and that the last two breaches of privileges have aggravated the first mentioned contempt

This House is of the opinion that such conduct on the part of Shrimati Indian Nehru Gandhi is deregatory to the dignity of the House and inconsistent with high standard which Parliament expects from its members and far more so from a member who held the position of the Leader of the House and the high office of the Prime Minister.

The House, therefore, resolves

Sarumati Indra Nehru Gandhi be suspended from service of Lok Sabha till she tenders an unqualified and unconditional apology to the House for her said breaches of privileges and contempt of the House '(12)

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely —

This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges agrees with the findings of the Committee

That Shrimall Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R K. Dhawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister and Shri D Sen, former Director of CBI, committed a breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, infundation, harassment and institution of false cases against four concerned officers

· That she committed a further breach of privilege and contempt by her refusal to take path/affirmation and depose before the Committee:

That she also committed a breach of privilege and contempt by casting aspersions on the Committee in her statement dated 16th June, 1978, submitted to the Committee; and that the last two breaches of privileges have aggravated the first mentioned contempt.

The House is of the opinion that such conduct on the part of Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi is derogatory to the dignity of the House and inconsistent with the high standard which Parliament expects from its members and far more so from a member who held the position of the the Leader of the House and the high office of the Prime Minister and deserves deterrent nunishment

The House further notes that besides constituting a contempt of the House, the facts and circumstances of the present case also disclose prima facie commission of offences in respect of which Delhi Special Police Establishment has registered against her and others on 10-7-1978 a case, being Cr. No. 12 C1/78 SIU (SIBI).

In view of the above facts and circumstances the House resolves that-

Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi be suspended from service of Lok Sabha for the contempt of the House till the said case No. 12C1/78 SIU-(SIBI) is investigated and the criminal case found from such investigation against her and others and any appeal, revision and any other proceedings, if any, arising from or in connection with such criminal case is heared and finally disposed of

The House further strongly urges upon the Government to take or cause to be taken prompt and effective steps for (i) completing investigations in the Cr. No. 12CI/78-SIU-(SIBI) and filing of a criminal case found prima facie to have been committed from such investigations in a proper court, and (ii) expeditious trial and decision of such criminal case and of further proceedings, in any, by way of appeal revision or otherwise arising from or connected therewith." (24)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"This House, having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November 21, 1978, agrees with the recommendation made by the Committee that Shrimati Indira Gandhi has committeed serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, intimidation, harassment and institution of false cases against certain officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a note for supplementaries for a starred question in Lok Sabha, the breach of privilege and contempt of the House having been aggravated further by her refusal to take the oath/affirmation and depose before the Committee and answer questions by the Committee, and by casting aspersions on the Committee in a statement submitted by her to

(2) This House strongly condemns her aforementioned misdemeanours, and severely reprimands her for her unworthy conduct as well as deliberate abuse of power, in pursuit of an evil, deep laid design to subvert the norms and to undermine the foundations of Parliamentary Democracy enshrined in the Constitution.

the Committee

(3) The House further resolves that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be suspended from the service of the House till such time as she tenders an unqualified and unconditional apology for the aforesaid offences committed by her, the form and content of the apology being such as

DECEMBER 12, 1978

[Shra Hari Vashnu Kamath]

is acceptable to, and approved by the House

(4) This House is confident that the punishment awarded to the offender, Shrimati Indira Gandhi, will serve as a warning and a deterrent to anyone attempting at any time in the future, to emulate her vile, authoritarian, anti-democratic example," (14)

SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN (Seoni) I beg to move

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely -

"That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on the 21st November, 1978 resolves that Shrumatı Indira Gandhi be punished by expelling her from the membership of Lok Subha "(15)

DR RAMJI SINGH (Bhegalpur) 1 beg to move

That for the original motion, the following he substituted, namely -

'This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges agrees with the findings of the Conmittee that Shrumati Indura Nehru Gandhi, Shri R K Dhawan and Shri D. Sen have committed a breach of privilege,

(2) That the guilt of Shrimati Gandhi assumes the greatest proportion because sne held the highest post of the country, namely, that of the Prime Minister and Shri R K. Dhawan and Shm D Sen were mere Government servan's acting under her dictates,

(2) That this House considers the conduct of Shrimati Gandhi as unbecoming of a member of this august Rouse and unworthy of a Prime Minuster of this great country, where erstwhile Prime Ministers like Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Shri Lat Bahadur Shastra had at an example worthy of emulation by others, and

(4) That this House resolves that Shramati Gandhi be expelled from the House so as to serve as a warning and deterrent to posterity." (16)

SHRI NANASAHEB BONDE. I beg to more

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely -

That this House, after having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, presented to the House on 21st November, 1978, does not at all acree with the findings and recommendations contained in the Report as they are clearly in contrast with the established Rules of sustace equity and fairness and do further resolve that there is absolutely no breach of privilege in it committed by Shrimati Indira Gandhi and as such no consideration could be given to such a Report by this House and it be disregarded completely" (18)

SHRI VINAYAK PRASAD YADAV (Saharsa) I'be to move

That for t original motion, the following b bstituted, namely --

'Ha ing considered the Third Repart of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on 21st November, 1978, the House expressing concern over the semousness of the matter and acts of interference with the severeignly and working of Lok Sabha recommends that Shramati Indira Gandhi be reprimanded" (19)

SHRI YUVRAJ I beg to move

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely -

"Having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (South Lok Sabha) presented to the House on 21st November,

1978 wherein the Committee have recommended that Shrimati Indira Gandhi, former Prime Minister deserves nunishment for breach of privilege and contempt of the House and had observed that her refusal to take oath/affirmation and depose before the Committee and costing aspersions on the Committee by her statement aggravated the original breach of privilege and contempt of the House:

- (2) This House strongly condemns her for her undemocratic, indecent and unbecoming behaviour and for subverting the constitution and democracy:
- (3) This House believes that the punishment awarded to Shrimati Indira Gaudhi by the House will prove helpful in discouraging antidemocratic forces in future and in preserving the dignity and sanctity of democracy:
- (4) This House takes a liberal view and forgives her with the warning that in future she should desist from indulging in such heinous acts and from degrading the dignity of the parliamentary institutions". (20)

RAM DHARI SHASTRI SHRI (Padrauna): I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November 21, 1978, is of the opinion that Shrimati Indira Gandhi is not only guilty of committing a serious breach of privilege but is also guilty of committing deliberate contempt of the House. This House is of definite opinion that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be suspended from the membership of the House and also sentenced to imprisonment till the end of the current session". (22)

SHRI M. N. GOVINDAN NAIR (Trivandrum): I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted namely:-

"Having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on November 21, 1978. wherein the former Prime Minister. Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister and Shri D. Sen, tormer Director of the Central Bureau of Investigation are found guilty of the breach of privilege and contempt of the House;

This House do express its grave concern and its abhorrence that Shrimati Indira Gandhi occupying the high office of the Prime Minister should have misused her authority and power for causing obstruction, intimidation, harassment and even institution of false cases against some officials who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a Note for Supplementaries to a Starred Question in the Fifth Lok Sabha which amounted to a subversive interference under the normal functioning of the House and indeed of our Parliamen. tary democratic system specially of the accountability of the Executive to the legislature constituting thereby a clear and serious breach of the privilege and contempt of the House the least expected of a person who happend not only to be the head of the Government but also the Leader of the House:

This House deems it necessary to emphasise that the methods and practices resorted to by the former Prime Minister Shrimati Indira Gandhi which are a shame on our administration, and required to be assessed and dealt with a view to purging the administration of such elements:

The House takes note of the andings of the Committee not only with a view to bringing the past offences, to book but, more importantly, to

[Shri M N Govindan Nair] present their recurrence through all necessary and effective measures azainst authoritarianism in any form or from any guarter as well as against nepotism corruption and personal agrandisement in high piaces.

Attaching the greatest importance to the struggle both in Parliament and outside against all authoritarian antidemocratic trends and practices that lend to subvert Parliamentary democracy and denigrate and debase its institutions this House is of the that the democratic slandards, and the dignity of this House would be best served by admonishing Shrımati Gandhi and accordingly the House do admonish her for her musdemeanours and impermissible conduct compounded by certain personal interests which this House strongly condemns (23)

SHRI A. K. ROY (Dhanbad) I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely -

"The House, having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on the 21st hovember, 1978 recommending nunishment to Shrimati Indira Gandhi, the former Prime Minister for breach of privilege and contempt of the House committed by her in connection with the answer to the Starred Question No 658 tabled by Shri lyothrmoy Bosu and answered in Lok Satha on the 16th April 1975 and having egreed with the findit 2s of the Committee takes a serio a view of the offence committed from that highest office and resolves that Shomala Indira Gandha should ke suspended from the House till the application (28)

SHAI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I beg to tioner

Tot the last paragraph, substitute -"Pas blause condemns unequivo tally the man Indica Candhi for the

breach of privilege that she has committed which is unprecedented and heimous in nature, Specially for a person who has enjoyed the office of the Prime Minister of a country for 11 years. She be directed to tender an unconditional apology to the House immediately on conclusion of this debate failing which she be suspended from the service of the House till the end of the present Session (2)

PROF DILIP CHAKRAVARTY I beg to move

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely --

That this House having taken into consideration the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges. presented on the 21st Novemoer, 1978 resolves that the findings be petgooog

Resolves further that Shri R K Dhawan and Shri D Sen be sentence ed to imprisonment till the proroga tion of the House' (1)

SHRI MRITUNJAY PRASAD I bez to move

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely -

That this House having consider ed the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges of the Sixth Lok Sabha resolves that taking a lement view of the misconduct of Shra R K Dhawan and Shri D Sen they boto be committed to imprisonment the prorogation of the House' (2)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely .--

'This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November, 21, 1978, agrees with the recommendation made by the Committee that Shri D Sen former Director Central Bureau of Investigation, has committed serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction. intimidation, harassment, and institution of false cases against certain officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a Note for Supplementaries, for a Starred Question in Lok Sabha.

- (2) This House is of the oninion that Shri D. Sen displayed excessive zeal and servile devotion in executing the illegal and improper order of the then Prime Minister, but considering the extenuating fact that he was a mere tool in her hands, this House is of the view that the maximum penalty is not called for.
- (3) In the circumstances, therefore, this House strongly condemns his aforementioned misconduct and resolves that the offender be called to appear at the Bar of the House and administered a severe reprimand by the Honourable Speaker", (3)

That for the original motion, the following be substituted namely:-

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November, 21, 1978, agrees with the recommendation made by the Committee that Shri R. K. Dhawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister has committed serious breach of the privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, intimidation harassment, and institution of false cases against certain officers who were collecting information for preparing an answer together with a Note for Supplemenatries, for a Starred Question in Lok Sabha.

. (2) This House is of the opinion . that Shri R. K. Dhawan displayed excessive zeal and servile devotion in executing the illegal and improper order of the then Prime Minister but considering the extenuating fact that he was a mere tool in her hands this House is of the view that the maximum penalty is not called for.

(3) In the circumstances, therefore, this House strongly condemns his aforementioned misconduct and resolves that the offender be called to appear at the Bar of the House and administered a severe reprimand by the Honourable Speaker." (4)

SHRI NARENDRA P. NATHWANI: I beg to move :---

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges agrees with the findings of the Committee:

That Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime Minister and Shri D. Sen former Director of CBI committed a breach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction. intimidation, harassment and institution of false cases against four concerned officers.

The House, therefore, resolves that:

- (i) Shri R. K. Dhawan be conmitted to prison for the rest of the present Session provided that such committal will terminate if he tenders an unqualified and unconditional apology to the House for his said breach of privilege and contempt of the House; and
 - (ii) Shri D. Sen be committed to prison for the rest of the present session provided that such committal will terminate if he tenders an unqualified and unconditional apology to the House for his said breach of privilege and contempt of the House." (6)

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:---

"This House having considered the Third Report of the Commit(Shri Narendra P Nathwani) tee of Privileges agrees with the andings of the Committee

That Shrimali Indira Nehru Gandhe Shri R K Dhawan for mer Additional Private Secreta ry to the then Prime Minister and Shri D Sen former Director of CBI committed a preach of privilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction intimidation harassment and in

statution of false cases are not

This House is further of the opinion that such a breach of pri vilege and contempt of the House by Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D Sen deserves deterrent punishment

four concerned officers

This House further notes that besides constituting a breach of privilege and contempt of the House the facts and circumstan ces of the present case also dis close prima fac e commission of offences in respect of which Delhi Special Police Establishment has registered aga nst them and others on 10 7 1978 a case being cr me No 12 C1/78 SIU (SIBI)

In view of the above facts and cir cumstances the House resolves that-

Shri R K Dha van be committed to prison for the rest of the present Session for having committed the sad breach of privilege and contempt of the vouse and

Shri D Sen be committed to pro sion for having committed the said breach of privilege and contempt of son for the rest of the present Seathe House

Thus House further strongly arges upon the Government to take or cause to be taken prompt and effec tive steps for-

(i) completing investigations in the crime No 12CI/78 SIU(SIBI) and alling of a criminal case found to have been committed from such imestigations to a proper court

(ii) expeditious trial and deci sion of such criminal case and of further proceedings if any, by way of appeal revision or other seise arising from or connected with the same " (13)

SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN I bez to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely -

"That this House having consi dered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on the 21st Novem ter 1978 resolves that Shri R. K. Bhawan and Shri D Sen be punished by sentencing them to the tail custody for the entire term of the current session," (7)

SHRI VINAYAK PRASAD YADAV I bee to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely --

Having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Los Sabha) presented to the House on 21st November 1978 the House expressing concern over the seriousness of the matter and acts of interference with the sovereignty and working of Lok Sabha recom mends that Shri R K. Dhawan and Shri D Sen be sentenced to rigo rous imprisonment till the end of the current session (9)

SHEL BAM DHAD, SHASTRI beg to move

That for the original motion the io lowing be substituted namely -

This House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges presented to the House on November 21 1978 is of the opinion that Shri R. K. Dha wan and Shra D Sen have com mitted contempt of the House but considering the Circumstances under which they acted the House takes a lenient view and recommends that they be sentenced to imprisonment til tile explry of the current session (10)

SHRI.M. N. GOVINDAN NAJR: I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely: -

"Having considered the Third Peport of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on November 21, 1978 wherein the former Prime Minister, Shrimail Indira Gandhi, Shri Iz. Chawan, former Additional Private Secretary to the then Frime Minister and Shri D. Sen, former Director of the Central Bureau of Investigation are found guilty of the breach of privilege and contempt of the House;

This House takes very serious node of the behaviour of Shir R. K. Zhawan and Shir D. Sen, who permitted themselves gardenly for their selfish careerist ends to act as despicable and conscious tools in viciation of all norms of integrity and honesty as well as of public confluct for the commission of the anomities and the breach of privilege and contempt of the Fifth Lot Sabba;

This House also deems it necessary to emphasise that the methods and practices resorted to by the two former high placed officials—Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen which are a shame on our administration and required to be assessed and dealt with a view to purging the administration of such elements.

The House takes note of the findings of the Committee not only with
a view to bringing the past offences
to book but a more importantly, to
prevent their recurrence through all
necessary and effective measures
against authoritarianism in any
form or from any quarter as well as
against negolism, corruption abd
personal aggrandisement in high
places;

Attaching the greatest importance to the struggle both in Parliament 'a-' outside against all authoritarian 3612 LS-13. antidemocratic trends, and practices that tend to subvert Parliamentary democracy and denigrate, and debase its institutions, this House is of the opinion that the democratic standards, and the dignity of this House would be best served by admonshing Shri R, K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen and accordingly the House do admonish them for their misdemeanurs and impermissible comeanurs and impermissible conduct compounded by certain personal interest which this House strongly condemns." (11)

SHRI A. K. ROY: I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely: --

"The House, having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on the 21st November, 1978, resolves that Shri R.K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen should be reprimanded for their inrolvement in the above mentioned affair, as held by the Committee." (14)

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I beg to move:

For the last paragraph, substitute:-

"This House condemns unequivocally Sari R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen for the breach of privilege that they have committed and that they be brought before the Bar of the House on such date as may be decided by the Honourable Speaker, and they be asked to tender an unconditional apology to the House, failing which they be severely reprimanded." (1)

SRIT SAMAR-MUKHERJEE (Howrah): I am placing the point of view of my party. We have given serious consideration to the recommendations and the findings of the Privileges Comnitiee and we are fully in agreement with the findings and the recommenddations of the Privilege Committee The misteeds, the crimes committed [Shru Rudolph Rodrigues]

General. The Attorney General himself, at Page 350 of Vol 1 makes at abundantly clear—I quote

I take the view that it is upto the Committee to put a winness on oath or soleun affirmation.— The Committee of Privileges, normally administry south or soleun affirmation so that it can punish the witness for perjusy or refusal to go on oath.

The hon, Mr Stephen had much more to say

For the various crimes alleged to have been committed I would like to say simply this I for one am not in favour of asking for an anchogy. for very good reasons Apart from the fact that such an apology would have no evidentiary value subsequently, I should like to draw your attention to the fact that Mrs Gandha in the same letter says these charges are totally baseless If she offered an apology it would in effect show that her earlier statement was a he I do not wish to put Gandhi in that embarrassing situationt

More than one speaker referred to the fact that elections would come and she would return. I want to assure this House that whatever may have happened at Chickmagalur, we should not suffer from Chickmagalueitis By this I mean that we must stand on our spine. If we do not take any action the effect on the courts of law the effect on beautacrafs and on the dignity of this House will be extremely damaging I am saying we should not ask for an apology, we should not suspend her, we should not put her in prison also, the reason being that if you do so, you have to put many more people in present judging from what has been harpening in this House I should my that for a far lesser offence such es that which is alleged to have been etennated by our archaguahed friend Shirt Swamy the least punishment that

that House saw fit to give was the numshment of expulsion I suggest that at this point of time, for an offence far more serious we can do no less

Defore closing, I should like to say aimply this Nothing has been said about the four officers who suffered so terribly This House, I feel, owes at to shelf and to those people to place on record its appreciation for the way in which those four officers did their duty.

One last thing, in the context of the motions that have been tabled. Distunction has been made between what nunishment should be given to Shrimati Indira Gandhi and the two other accused I suggest that in all fairness, equity and justice demand that we cannot give a greater numishment to the two officers concerned when they acted under the orders of the first accused I would therefore suggest that this House consider not only calling her to her seat in the House and the two other persons to the bar of the House but, before doing so, also take a decision that she should he expelled

SHRI K. P UNNKRISINAN (Badagra) I speak, today more meenly felt angush, then anger Not that there are no reasons or grounds to be Sagry about, because wint is collined in the report, whatever might be the infirmities and extremities of the report, or the infirmities of the many notes that follow, there is a clear outline of a positive attempt to subsert parliamentary processes and procedure.

SHEI VASANT SATHE How?

SHRI K. P UNNIKRISHNAM:
I shall come to that On an occasion like this 1, is better that we around the passion and heat that had been generated and separate the many issues that are involved I should not have thus sause to be mixed up with various ofter issues that are likely to generate heat and passion I would

rather urge upon my friends to approach this report with great objectivity because it is likely to be a land-mark in the years to come and in the interest of parliamentary democracy and institutions; it is necessary that we take this up with a great amount of caution and deliberation and also exercise our right judgement.

The other day, when Mr. Madhu Limaye spoke, I thought that he had an important point that many people who should have been called before the Committee were not called upon to tender evidence. Many, who could have thrown more light on the activities, that surrounded this investigation between particular and specific dates in April and May 7%—should have been called, were unfortunately not called.

Now, there are also certain basic and fundamental postulates volved in this case and, that is, one of those is the question of Parliamentary supremacy. There have been people, many on this side, who swear day in and day out about parliamentary supremacy and those who even sought to restrict the scope of minstery of democracy and I am no particular admirer of this Westminster type of democracy and I am inclined to agree with them on the question of parliamentary supremacy. but that should also be extended to the privileges of this House which enable us to function! It is more for functional perfection of legislatures that we have parliamentary privileges. If Parliament is accepted not merely as a legislative organ: also as a "grand inquest of the na-'tion" as Lord Derman pointed out and also as an instrument to direct social change; then we shall have to accept the fact that Parliament is endowed with certain special privileges.

This question has been debated not only here but also in the courts, and in the highest court—the Supreme Court. As we are well aware, right from the days of "Searchlight" case conwards, this has been a point of dispute-the nature of privileges flowing from Article 105 of the Constitution-whether it overrides the rights under Part III and also its co-relation with the legislation undertaken by the Parliament, Under Article 13 the Committee of Privileges by its composition, is not a court nor is it even a body of prosecution as is being sought to be made out by some people. It is basically an instrument of this House with discretionary powers to commit. It is not a committee of lawvers and judges. Very often we can visualise a Committee where you do not have distinguished jurists like Dr. Sevid Muhammed or Mr. Ram Jethmalani to adorn a committee of this kind. I can perfectly visualise a situation where you have ordinary members who have no background of law of judiciary or those who have not been even judes like Mr. Nathwani. So what do you do? Basically it is a political tribunal of facts. It has to be understood as such. It is a fact finding body and it has a very limited role before it, that is, to find out whether questions placed before it, attract the privilege of Parliament or not. Whatever might be the procedural lapses, you are aware that we have Article 122, of the Constitution. Even if there are procedural lapses, under Article 122(1) we are covered by the protection it gives and I presume that this Committee is also covered by it. My point is that we should be as unemotional and clear as possible.

Regarding the events of this case, I would like to address myself to this task today to uncover as to what happened between the admission of a particular offence, that is, the days between 5th April and 15th April and 16th April and subsequently 10th of May."

On 18th November, 1974, we are aware, a question was asked by Mr. Madhu Limaye. The whole question, I would assume, begins with it. It is a relevant and lightmate question for the Committee of Privileges to inquire into not only the facts of this

[Shra K P Unnakrishnan]

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case but also its background basic question that was raised was on the import of plant machinery and equipment for Maruti Limited which was circumscribed by the terms of licence issued under IDR Act. There were again several other questions-I do not want to go into all of them Finally there was Question No 656 of Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu A question has been raised here whether it is relevant. But I think, as terms of the question-I do not want to read it out-reveal it is closely related to Mr Madhu Limaxes question and reply to it on 12th May The notice of this question which was received on the 5th April, was admitted despite the objection from the Ministry of Industrial Development and put down for answer on the 16th April Specifically the facts are that certain officers who were responsible to the Minister the Minister charge ın turn responsible 1n Parhament acting as duly authorised persons had to collect certain information for Starred Question No 656 to be answered on the 16th April 75 New basically the question comes up regarding the role of questions for information that is the role of the Question Hour You are aware it has evolved over the vears not only here but also ın the House οĒ Commons the parameters of Question Hour and the admissibility of questions has undergone a fundamental change even in this country With the vast regulatory framework, regulating our economic activity the nature and type of information sought by the House has undergone a basic sez change. As long as you have licensing procedures and controls the regulatory framework the outer limits of questions are likely to expand So m this case it is precisely on this question that information was sought and it you accept the doctrine of munisterial responsibility and that of executive accountability I cannot say that they are not bound to ask for information. Let, an astounding proposition has been taken up in one of the dissenting notes. I refer tothe note of Dr V. A. Seyid Muhammed and two others at page 180.

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"It has to be examined whether these officials had any authority or power to go and demand inspection of Messrs Maruti premises and machinery Shr. Krishnasy amy has stated that they had no such authority but he tried to feebly rely on Section 19 of the Industrial Develop. ment Act Section 19 says that any_ body authorised by the Central Government can inspect the factory premises for carrying out the pur pases of the Act In the first place giving information to reply to a question in the Parliament

-it is very important to note this-

is not one of the purposes of the Act Secondly, there is no ovidence that anybody was authorised by the Central Government to inspect even under this section Thirdly Industrial Disputes Act covers the industries notified under the Act There is no evidence that Mys Maratil Lid 1- one of the industries or types of distances the Act.

industries notified under the Act.

Any private individual is entitled to private premises and will be justified to prevent unauthorised persons from inspecting his irremises."

In all humbity I would request these Members to once again go through this Act, and specifically, the First Schedule In the First Schedule, item No 7 is transportation and industry and item No 5 under 7 is automobile industries.

AN HON MEMBER What about authorising?

SHRIK P UNNIKRISHNAN will come to that

The basic question that I pose before you is whether in an economy with a regulatory framework of the kind we have once you decide to admit a question,—the admissibility,

Sir is governed only by the fact of using your discretion. If you in your wisdom decide to admit a question, the Minister is bound not only to answer but if it is a Starred Question he will have to be ready with all the answers for all possible supplementaries that are likely to arise. In that case if you accent this premise that the Minister had to answer-and there are not one but a series of Speaker's Directions and precedents laid down in this House that a complete answer is called for-if you accept that then the question is whether these officers had any legitimacy and whether these officers were legitimately seeking information

SHRI VASANT SATHE: What can they do if the Minister was ... (Interruptions: You have not mentioned that point.

from these bodies. Now, it is also equally important ...

Why don't you hold the Minister responsible... (Interruptions)

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN: I do not want to run away from that (Interruptions)

Now, Sir, consider the second set of facts, i.e. what happened to certain officers who were in pursuit of information during these dates from 5-4-1975 to 15-4-75 and 16-4-75 to 10-5-1975 because the question came up on 16th? Sir. there were these officers, particularly four in number in pursuit of information, who were subjected to harassment and punishment by administrative and investigating agencies and is between these relevant dates.

MR. SPEAKER: You will have only three minutes more.

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN: No, Sir. I will have to explain fully. 15-4-1975, Mr. (Interruptions), On Another Bhatnagar was suspended.

gentleman was transferred. Yet another gentleman was subjected to raids. On 15-4-1975 there is evidence to show...

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Do not record. Only record Mr. Unnikrishnap.

(Interruptions) 300

SHRI K. P. UNNIKRISHNAN: On 15-4-1975 there is evidence to show that the former Prime Minister called two of the then Ministers, Mr. D. P. Chattopadhyaya and Mr. T. A. Pai. Mr. Chaffopadhyaya, who has been described by this own Special Assistant, as 'a picture of Mickey Spillance cartoon' -I do not know what he exactly meant by that (Interruptions)..., had found her to be anary and please remember he was not called to discuss any policy questions! He was called to be told by her, that certain officials of his Ministry were harassing people and there were complaints to the former Prime Minister from M.Ps. and other V.I.Ps. and according to Mr. Chattopadhyaya, she particularly mentioned Mr. Bhatnager's name and also that he be suspended and on the same everning-dates are important and time is important-the Minister gave the formal order for suspending Mr. Bhatmagar, I have nothing to say about the conduct of the Minister, but he said in his order that this was "brought to his notice" on that particular date. Now Sir, the glum and pompous Minister, as he was described by his Special Assistant before the Privileges Committee, what did he do? He called the Officer who put down a note and related it with the specific complaint of the Prime Minister that day that "he coerced them to part with certain information". Sir, I would have liked the Committee of Privileges to further go into this aspect as to what was the specific information that was forcibly taken out or alleged to have taken out.

^{***}Not recorded

MR. SPEAKER You please finish.

SHRI K. P UNNIKRISHNAN I am the original mover So I have to speak. The time given should be reasonable

MR. SPEAKER There are a number of movers

SHRIK P INNIKRISHNAN On the same date, 1e., 15 4-75 the then Additional Private Secretary to the former Prime Minister asked the Director of CBI to 'verify their antece_ dents' and make investigations about these four officers. All these events took place after the process of collect ing information began for a Starred Question. Then Mr Cavale was transferred. And raids began by the CBL Now, was it a coincidence that something happened to these people bet ween these dates? Or is there any other evidence to suggest that the former Prime Minister, along with two others entered into an understanding, if not a conspiracy to present Parliament f om having acress to the information that was sought. That is the question before us. The answer is 'Yes

Mr T A. Pars letter of 5th April, "75 is unfortunately not there, but the reply of the ex Prime Minister of the 7th May, 75 clearly indicates that there was in existence such a letter Also, I would pose a simple question Did the Member for Chackmagalur, who was then the Prime Minister .- forget that she was the Prime Minister,-did she as the Leader of the House, when an honoured colleague of hers who was holding a key Cabinet post complained, find out whether the allegation had any substance,—the allegation that four officers who was seeking informa tion for Paritament, were harassed and whether they were actually involved in collection of information for a parliamentary question? So far, to this date, to this time, we have not been given an answer, and we should presume that the answer was what was contained in the letter of the 7th May (Interruptions)

The question has been raised regarding the competence and judisdiction of
this House The very fact that our
Lok Sabha is called the Sixth Lok
Sabha is suggestive of the continuation and continuity of the Lok Sabha,
and there is also continuity of breach
of privilege whitever might be the
change in complexion that the Lok
Sabha ray undergo after dissolution
This Lok Sabha is certainly entitled to
to into this outstion. (Interruptions)

I will conclude by saying that we are not discussing the question of the threat of authoritarianism in this House, we are not discussing now the role of the ex-Prime Minster, we are not discussing anything of that kind. We are on a very limited question of privilege and contempt of the House, and I would appeal that our approach should not be one of vindictiveness, but one of laying down precedents for the future, so that parliamentary institutions can flourish

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT (Jaunpur) Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise today with a very sorrowful heart because the person involved held once the highest office. Therefore the punishim-at should also be the highest because the punishment must be equal to the office and the crume committed by the office.

Mere talk about mercy, mere talk of this thing or that thing has no meaning Did the ex Prime Minister have any shred of mercy when she harassed and victimised the people of this country? She was the fountainhead of the authoritarian rule of 19 months which was unparallel in history That is why it is not a personal question at all It is not a question of any individual. It is a question of principle The question is, whether democracy which has triumphed in this country can afford to tolerate the fountain head of authoritarianism roaming free in this country and misutilising the freedom granted to the cliuzens of this country?

I was amazed when Mr. Stephen compared the ex-Prime Minister with Jesus, 2000 years back. Jesus was the prince of peace...

MR. C. M. STEPHEN: I compare you with the rabble of the Pilate's court clamouring for blood and crucification (Interruptions)

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT: I am afraid, the Leader of the Opposition has lost balance.

Jesus was the prince of peace and he professed the principle of love and humanity. But the ex-Prime Minister was a princess of authoritarianism who put the people in jail for no reason whatsoever except that they were her opponents. If Jesus were alive, he would have hidden his head in shame if he was compared to a dictator. May I remind the Leader of the Opposition that in the 17th century a Bourbon dictator was beheaded in France and in the 20th century, a ruler of Russia, Czar, was shot down because he was a tyrant, because he was a totalitarian ruler? The crimes committed in this country have been unparallel, May I ask the reasons why the present Prime Minister was put in jail why all the Ministers here and all the members sitting on this side were put in jail?

MR. SPEAKER: We are on a different matter.

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT: I am giving the background. The only fault was that they accused the ex-Prime Minister. Why were these four officers put in prison? Was it not an astounding thing that the question which concerned her own family was being statled, was not allowed to be answered and the correct information was not allowed to be given to this august House?

SHRI VASANT SATHE. At least once you should talk relevant. (Interruptions) SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT: I am dealing with the organ grinder. I will deal with these gentlemen later.

It has been said, let the ex-Prime Minister be convicted in a court of law. I say, this is also a court of the interpretation of the says

SHRI VASANT SATHE; Follow that and be truthful to yourself for a change,

SHRY YADVENDRA DUTT: I draw the attention of this House regarding the period of imprisonment which I have been demanding so far. Some of my friends here and there have been saying that imprisonment can only be for the duration of the session.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: For eternity!

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT; Here is the book, the second edition of Kauland Shakdher's Practice and Procedure of Parliament. I draw your attention to page 223. Please see the frostnote which says:

"The present practice of the House of Commons, U.K., is not to commit offenders for any specified time, but generally or during pleasure; and to keep them in custody until they present petitions expressing proper contrition for their offences and praying for their release, or until, upon motion made in the House, it is resolved that they shall be discharged."

Therefore, there is no question of time. This august House, after convicting a person, can send him to prison for the longest period of time.

(Shri Vadvenora putt)

Now I call upon everyone of those who believe in democratic institutions whether this Janata government is go ng to be driven by softy softy conscience in the face of hard facts Let us not forget our history of a thousand years back Stateen times apo ogy was given by a defeated person and the seventeenth time we he came a slave Let us not forget that A hard situation demands a hard decision and with this in view I ask the House and appeal to the hon Members to yote for the imprisonment of the ex Prime Minister because she was the fountain head of all authoritarianism.

Mr Sathe has been quoting so many Urdu couplets when he was speaking and Mr Sathe is in the habit of inter no ating Let me quote for his benefit a very famous couplet.

सरी खबर र.ा. मगर बातें ऐसी कर र्वनी वेखवर करते रहते हैं।

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH (hend, al) The great Raja who has spoken before me is perhaps smarting under the so called injustice done by our government by abolishing privy purses and princes privileges Our government knew that these feudal elements were the fountainheads of obscuranti m fanaticism and are promoting para military forces in the country

I nave been hearing the speeches made by some of those people on that side And they are going to be con verts of that side I do not find any relevant point has been put. Even though they have quoted some of them have even musquoted, none of them was able to meet the point—the main point made by the Leader of the Opposition, Shra Stephen. His point was whether these officers who were collecting information were actually obstructed and whether any harassmert had been made.

Sir they were not able to answer the point raised namely that a policy decision had been taken not to collect the information. When Mr Pai had failed to produce a letter, I do not know, on what basis they are making these bravado accusations Sir, I may tell my hon, friends that perhaps the only crime we have committed is that we have lost the election. That is the only crime we have committed But, now you are in a brute majority The country will not fail to notice that you want to make a political capital and want to take a vindictive attitude. That will prove counter-productive (Interruptions) The people demonstrated their faith, they have demonstrated their confidence in our policies and programmes under leadership of Shrimati Indira Gandhi. As late as April 1978 two State, had gone to polis The people have unequivocally demonstrated their faith and they have voted us into power in the two States of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka

I may also remand you that by these acts of your omissions and commissions you want to make an alibi, you want to cover up your deficiencies. Every day you are indulging in infighting you are not able to come together Lock at your funny proposals of having two Deputy Prime Ministers. Don't think that the people are not going to watch you and check you I am glad that Mr Subramaniam Swamy in his recent survey says. Let these Ministers stop meddling in mediation, let them allow the party to be in peace, a single piece' Take a lesson from Mr Subramaniam Swamy I may tell you that by all these find ings you want to have a camouflage, you want an alibi (Interruptions) and you want to tell the people (Interrup-This document produced after a great labour, has produced nothing It has produced nothing There are inconsistencies and contradictions that have been made in this Report

Sir, I appeal to all the Members and I endorse what Mr C Subramaniam

has said recently 'Don't suffer from subjectivity. This is a matter which has to be met at political level and there could be a political solution for that'

My only request is that you don't overestimate your strength. The people are there to judge you what you are. They have judged already, the manner in which you are administering this country. It goes to show the hankruptey of your leadership. (Interruptions). Being divided you are going to fall. And that day is not far off. The people will teach you a proper lesson and place you where You are.

(Interruptions)

SHRI CHITTA BASU (Barasat):
Sir, this august House is called upon today to dischage a most historic responsibility in the matter of protecting the rights and privileges of this House. Mr. Speaker, Sir, ours is a parliamentary democracy and the system of parliamentary democracy provides that Parliament has a wital importance and crucial significance. Parliament in this parliamentary democracy should act in a fearless manner so that it can dicharge its responsibility towards the sovereligaty of the people of our country.

Sir, I do not want to take much of the time of the House. The issue before this House is whether the House agrees with the findings and recommendations of the Privileges Committee which is an instrument of the House itself. At the outset, I want to express my full agreement with the findings of the Committee and the recommendations of the Committee, I shall be failing in my duty if I do not place on record the thanks and the gratitude for the labour done by the Committee and the objectivity it has displayed in the matter of analysing the evidence and coming to their conclusion. The

conclusion of the Committee is that Mrs. Indita Gaudhi, the former Prime Minister of this country and now the Member from Chikmagalur and two officers, Mr. Dawan and Mr. D. Sen, have committed breach of privilege of this House and committed contempt of the House. Sir, it is the duty of this House to uphold the traditions and rights of this House. It is this call which we are called upon to respond to.

Sit, so far as the issue is concerned as the Lasder of the House the former Prime Minister was to facilitate the collection of information in the interest of Parliament and parliamentary democracy. Instead of doing that what she did? In this connection I would only like to quote what has been said by Mr. T. A. Pai. It is on page 49 of the Report, I conder

"I thought it was not worthwhile replying to her as I felt she was unreasonably angry. She also called Shri Dhawan and told him to ask Shri Sen to start CBI enquiries against all these officers. Subsequently, I heard Shri Rajars's house was raided by the CBI without permission of DGTD. Shri Rajan complained to me about this. Shri Krishnaswamy also complained that he was being pursued by the CBI."

(Interruptions)

Whereas it was her duty to facilitate the collection of information on the other hand she obstructed, havassed and there was institution of cases against those officers who were entrusted to collect the information.

Now, what does Mr. Pai say? (Interruptions) **

MR SPEAKER: Do not record.

SHRI CHITTA BASU: Therefore, my point is this. Instead of collecting the information, she did institute cases by the CBI against those officers. It is a crime which she has

^{**}Not recorded.

(Shri Chitta Basu]

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committed She has shaken the very hast, of parhamentary democracy Her action has shaken the very hasts of the foundation of parhamentary democracy in this country

Now the question before us is to project the fabric of parliamentary democracy in this country. We are here to defend democracy to enlarge democracy, and to fight against those forces which are against democracy. which have undermined and shaken the very basis of democracy The duty of the Parliament is to keep itself busy in this respect because I am constrained to say this that our expersence has proved to the hut that lack of vigilance on the part of Parliament has really undermined the very basis of parliamentary democrary and robbed the people of their cherished and inalienable rights. It is the duty of Parliament to display the necessary vigil and to protect and defend democracy in this coun trv

I am in agreement with Shri Samar Mikherjee when he says that in view of the fact that the has committed serious offence and contempt of the House from her position of final authority, the punishment should not be withdrawn unless it er gaves unconditional spology and unqualified spology to the House

I again express my gratefulness to the Privileges Committee who have done a signal duty in order to defend democracy of this country and in upholding the supremacy of Parlia ment.

DR SUBRAMANIAM SWAMY (Rombay North East) Sir, we have two volumeous reports of the Pravileges Committee and the Leader of the Opposition making a hopeless defence of he committee and the Leader of the Opposition making a hopeless defence of he carried to the without any bast used number of arguments and come documents which they are though the strength of the which the partial participation of the province of t

cedent has already been created They themselves have created the precedent expelled was Committees report was also not a The argument is majority report. used that cases are there in courts and you cannot be asked to testify against yourself. I may say that here too in the precedent in the Raiya Sabha the same thing I was asked to do So I will not go into those things. I know these are all Shany arguments. But the fundamental question is what? The fundamental question is this The Prime Minister utilises her office not to take action against politicians. We can defend ourselves. We can throw you out in the election We have done that. And certainly during the emergency also we did show in regard to your massive structure what they were capable of doing We did show that But what does this report show? The action taken is not against centor officers, against Mantosh Sordhi, the Secretary and so on The action taken is against the junior officials so that the wold in general would not know, and they would be demoralised That is the heinous part of the action and that 1, what the Report says (Interruptions) They talk much of Chikmagalur and say that they have got the support of the people I challenge is. Let Shrimati Indira Gandh. ame and fight in Bombay, she will lose her deposit here. This runnang away to Chukmagalur has no justification. Let her come to Bombay and fight, I will pay for her deposit, because he has got to lose that. This House cannot take cognizance of such irrelevancies. There is only one place for Shrunatı Indira Gandhi and that is the jail and where she should be sent. She is unfit to be a Member of this House and unless she gives a categorical confession of her crimes and apologies for that she must be expelled from this House That is all I want to say

MR. SPEAKER I am not calling upon any other speaker to speak because the half-an-hour discussion is to be taken up now This debate

will continue tomorrow at 2.00 p.m. and there will be very few speakers on this tomorrow.

17.27 hrs.

HALF-AN-HOUR DISCUSSION

SALE OF PADDY AT LOW PRICE IN ANDERA PRADESII

[SHRI N. K. SHEJWALKAR in the Chair]

K. SURYANARAYANA (Eluru): Mr. Chairman, Sir. I rise to raise a discussion on points arising out of the answer given on the 4th December, 1978 to Unstarred Question No. 2089 regarding the sale of paddy in Andhra Pradesh at low price. The answers given under the question are vague and unsatisfactory

The farmers in the coastal districts of Andhra Pradesh are facing considerable difficulties in disposing of their stocks at the support price fixed by the Government of India. Due to the failure of the Food Corporation of India in purchasing their stocks, they are forced to discose of their paddy at very low prices to the local traders. The Corporation has not opened sufficient number of purchase centres in Andhra Pradesh, in particular in the coastal districts. As no assurance has been given in the answers that the genuine difficulties of these farmers will be looked into and that arrangements will be made for the purchase of their stocks at the fixed support price, the matter needs further consideration of the Government and I demand an assurance from the Government that they will make suitable arrangements for the purchase of paddy in Andhra Pradesh and other States, if necessary,

The Government is aware that the cost of inputs for agricultural production has gone up tremendously in the recent past. The farmers throughout the country, irrespective of their

political affiliations, have been demanding that remunerative should be fixed for agricultural products keeping in view the rise in prices of inputs. The farming community, kisan organizations and political parties have urged for fixation of paddy price at Rs. 100/- per guintal. It is unfortunate that this unanimous demand has been rejected by the Union Government The price of Rs. 85 per quintal fixed by the Government is not at all remunerative price. The hon, Minister is aware of this and it has been raised in the conferences several times. Not only the Andhra Pradesh Government but various rice-producing States also are unanimous in their demand for a hike in the procurement price of rice.

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In the past, when the prices fixed by the Central Government were not remunerative, the State Governments had fixed higher procurement prices on their own. Last year, the Governments of Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Kerala have fixed the procurement price at Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 more than the minimum price fixed by the Central Government, This year, Kerala Government has decided to pay Rs. 120 per quintal. Last year, the Gujarat Government paid a higher price for wheat, than what was

fixed by the Central Government. At a conference held at Vijayawada on 9-12-78, I met thousands of farmers from the rice delta districts of Krishna and Godavari. They have complained that though paddy has been coming to the market for the last one month, the Food Corporation of India has not opened enough procurement centres to buy paddy on a large scale, even at the procurement price. Besides, FCI is not willing to buy Surekha and Hansa varieties of rice, They are also refusing to buy the kharif crop that is, a new highyielding variety, on the ground that there is a black spot. It is not their fault. Every grain has a fault. At some centres, they are buying only one variety of rice, rejecting other

[Shri K Suryanarayana]

varieties Price-cuts are effected, or the rice is completely rejected on the ground of being sub standard. This is causing districts to the farmers That is why I feel it my duty to bring this to the notice of this august House

I learn that FCI has already procured 13 lakh tonnes of foodgrains, which is nearly half of the surplus in Punjab I am surprised that in Andhra Pradesh, they have bought only 30 000 tonnes to far according to my information, and this indicates the discriminatory attitude shown by FCL-Earlier also in fixing sugar prices the States in South India were neglected -As a result of this, the farmers are deprived of even the low procurement price fixed, but in some cases there are distress sales at prices Rs 15 or Rs 30 lower than the floor price per quintal State Government has already been requested that the Civil Supplies Corporation of the State and the Marked should also enter the market to buy rice, in addition to the Food Corporation The Centre should guide the State Government in this respect and help the State Government financially to enable them to buy the surplus rice

To-day I met the Andhra Pradesh Chief Minister He said that not only the Basmati vanety, but other varieties are also being accepted by other courties. There are finer varieties from our areas also They should be allowed to be exported to other countries.

The Union Minister of Food and Irrication has appealed for the State Covernments cooperation in incourant and the state of the State Covernments and the state of the State Governments would be bought by the Cryptics Cryptics the requests which we have the state of the State Governments would be bought by the CI if they are the requests which we will be stated by the FCI and the furnished be stated by the FCI and the furnished with the standard most of the State of the

-I mean the ryots in the delta areas of my State-taken by them from scheduled banks or cooperative banks until the paddy is procured at the support price They should be advised to stop all these collections. received But complaints are being that pressure is being brought farmers, particularly the small farmers, to repay loans, despite their financial difficulties This is so not only in Andhra Pradeh but in the entire country Foodgrains are not being taken by the FCI at proper prices. As a result, a great despair has spread among the farming community, and the Centre should advise State Government not to precipitate matters The realization of loans and taxes should be kept in abevance till the procurement of paddy at the support price is over

As a result of the successive cyclones and other natural disasters during the last 3 to 4 years, loans from ryots have accumulated to great extent Penal interest has been imposed on the arrears. This penal interest should be waived and the loan should be recovered in easy long-term instalments. I would request the Union Government to intervene in the matter and advise the state governments wherever defects are found. I would also urge upon the central and state governments to form all party committees at procurement tenires to prevent injustice and unfair practices perpetrated on the farming community The farmers who responded to the call of the government to grow more food should not be put to difficulties and unless a remunerative price is paid to them there will be a great set back to the food production in the coming years. Recently I visited my native disinct. They have already sown and transplated 45 lakhs of acres in the delta area, without any grumbling; they have mortgaged their entire property I am blaming not only government but I blamed the previous government also that they had taken much interest in the development of agriculturists and safeguarding their interests. The Andhra government tried to export our finer varieties introduced by the small farmers. You should allow the Andhra government to export the finer variety either through central STC or the state STC. We are interested in disposing of our finer varieties. The hon-Minister may please depute a technical man, and I will on with him The FCI have rejected. Two days after our society has had sold our stock to a merchant, immediately they accepted that. That was the experience three or four years ago. I am not blaming this government or that government. I want the government to fulfil its promise to the people, particularly the agricultural community. It is not only the farmers; seventy per cent of our people depend upon agriculture. If they are ignored the country cannot survive; They are making sacrifices for the benefit of the country. I therefore request you to consider the Andhra Government's proposal to allow them to export rice to other countries

MR. CHAIRMAN: Before I call the non. Minister, I have to inform Shri R. K. Dhawan and Rajagonala Najdu that their names could not come before the sitting. I am sorry I told Mr. Dhawan that his name may be called. It can not be called. Only four names, Shri Chitta Basu. Mallanna. Yuvaraj and Venkatasubbiah will be called.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): The hon, Member has referred to many issues; some of which are not directly related to the sale of paddy in Andhra Pradesh at low price, nor is it within my competence to give any assurance on those questions which are not directly related to this. The half an-hour discussion is on

Andhra Pradesh (HAH Dis.) slow procurement in Andhra Pradesh. I shall explain the position: I concede the noing that there has been slow procurement in Andhra Pradesh: it could have been faster. The slow rate of procurement has been due to many misunderstandings. The first and foremost of the misunderstandings has been that the state government have heen under the wrong impression that they have no role to play in the procurement of foodgrains

I would like to say it very categorically, not only for Andhra Pradesh but for all other States, that they should come and supplement efforts of the FCI in procurement of foodgrains, for which the support prices are fixed. The example of Harvana and Punjab has been given. May I remind the hon. Members that in those States the State Governments are actively engaged in helping the FCI? In fact their own agencies are procuring foodgrains, I have been writing letters to the Chief Ministers that they should come and supplement the efforts of the FCI.

Now, for arguments sake suppose the FCI machinery is inefficient, corrunt and all that, then there was all the more reason why the State Government should have come to the rescue of the farmers. There was nothing to stop them from making pur-We have assured them chases. repeatedly that whatever they purchase, they can utilize for their own consumption needs in the State. And if they cannot consume the whole quantity procured, then we will take the surplus quantity from them and pay them the price at which they purchased plush incidentals.

So, there was nothing to stop the Andhra Pradesh Government from entering the market and making purchases for the relief of their farmers. I am very bappy to say that as soon as I came to know that the Andhra Pradesh Chief Minister is in town, I contacted him and went to see him

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[Shn Rhanu Pratan Singh]

day before vesterday and explained the whole situation. He has now agreed and in fact, before me he has directed his subordinates that the State machinery should start puchasing immediately in the State. That is a very welcome decision and I hope it will go a long way in accelerating the pace of procurement

There has been another difficulty on account of a disease in a particular variety of paddy which they call black tip disease. In the case of rice suffering from this disease the black tin remains even after it is cooked. So the consumers are not willing to purchase that So the FCI as a public sector organisation cannot purchase food grains which it cannot sell, we have repeatedly made it very clear that we cannot purchase anything which we cannot sell There is no demand for that kind of rice in any part of the country May be there is some demand in Andhra Pradesh, but there is no demand for that kind of rice outside Andhra Prade h. In fact the State Government should very strongly advise the farmers to give up the cultivation of that one variety in which that disease occurs ruptions)

SHRI K. SURYANARAYANA fact it is the Government of India that supplied those seeds as highyielding varieties So it is the fault of the Government of India.

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH May be it was evolved by our Rice Research institute but the disease developed later on Once a seed has been re-ommended, you cannot say that it will always remain and in that condition in which it was recommended. As we evolve new varieties of sceds new diseases also come up In fact nobody knew about this black tip disease at that time

Even in regard to this variety of rice a way has been found out in my conversation with the Chief Minister and we are working on that. I sug-Kented that the Andhra Pradesh Go-

vernment should purchase this rice and utilize it for the Food for Work scheme in Andhra Pradesh, and whatever price they pay for that according to the grade that is prescribed will subsidize them up to Rs 20 per countal Whatever foodgrains procured for Food for Work, we subsadise them to the extent of Rs. per quintal If the Andhra Pradesh Government accepts that view-and I have gained the impression that Chief Minister has accepted that view -the modalities are being explored, I feel confident that if the Andhra Pradesh Government procures at Food price and uses in for that for Work. then perhaps be solved. problem too would

There has been some difficulty about the other two varieties of paddy It is again a very peculiar phenomenon that the same variety has been kept in a higher category in one district and in a lower category in the neigh bouring district. This can happen, Soil and chimatic conditions do bring about changes in course of time the quality of naddy The farmers are demanding a higher price but it has degenerated into a lower grade I have only today despatched one our smor quality control officers to go there and bring the report. If it is a very minor relaxation that is required we may relax I am at it and I can assure you that as soon as we receive the report, we will take a suitable decision. In fact, I want to give the maximum help and support to the farmers and the slow rate has been samply because of the misunder standing that the State Government has nothing to do with procurement That is not the correct situation. In fact, in most States only the State Government is the purchasing agency

SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN (Burdwan) They are not purchasing through the FCI7

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH I have already said that the FCI enters any State with the permission of the

As far as the black tip is concerned, we have found a way of utilising that also. As far as the other two varieties are concerned. I think we will have to wait for the report of the quality control officer.

on my initiative has already agreed

to enter the market.

SHRI K. SURYANARAYANA; What about export?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: Let it be done in a proper manner. I do not say it will not be allowed, nor can I say that it will be allowed, but the proper course is that the Chief Minister should write to the Government of India, and we will certainly consider it.

SHRI K. MALLANNA (Chitradurga): I have heard the non Member and also the hon, Minister, Though this question refers to Andhra Pradesh only, the priciples involved apply to the whole country. The paddy growers are very unfortunate. They are not only exploited by the hig traders and; the middlemen, but also by the official procurement agency. I am saving this because this agency does not go to the small and marginal farmers. They are the worst suffers in this because they have to sell away their paddy at uneconomic prices which do not even meet their cost of production. The official agencies are not going to the small and marginal farmers.

The hon. Member made out that the prices of agricultural inputs are increasing fevery day. The electricity charges are increasing; the water charges are increasing; there is a surcharge où water, etc. The cost of production has increased. No amount of Government formula is guing to increase the price paddy.

In this context, may I know from the hon. Minister what is the percentage of paddy purchased by the mill-owners and official procurement whether the cost of inputs for produc tion of agricultural products have increased lately. more than those of foodgrains, and, if so, whether the Government is thinking of any process to bring down the prices of agricultural inputs? They are sandwiched between the two agencies. It is only one agency which can help, that is, the State trading. May I know from the hon. Minister whether the Government is going to take the wholesale trade in paddy?

े श्री यवराज कटिहार : सभापति महो-दय ग्रान्ध्र प्रदेश के सम्बन्ध में जो आध घंटेकी चर्चाही रही है. इसके साथ एक श्राम सवाल निहित हैं ग्राज-कल किसानी की मुख्य समस्या उनके कास्ट ग्राफ प्राडक्शन में कमी करने की है। ग्राज खेती की लागत इतनी वढ गई हैं कि जब तक आधुनिक टेक-नालोजी का इस्तेमाल नहीं किया जायेगा, तव तक उत्पादन नहीं वढ़ सकता है । मंत्री महोदय को पता हैं कि खाद, पेस्टीसाइड्स-कटनाञ्चक दवाओं, सिचाई और कृषि के श्चनहक्षणों के मुल्य पहले बहुत श्रधिक वढ़ गये हैं। इसक खलादा लागत में भी वृद्धि हो गई हुँ इसके कारण कृषि की लागत बढ़ रही है। यदपि एग्रीकल्चरल प्राइसिज कमीशन की · सिफारिश है कि मोटे धान का मृत्य निर्धारित

थि। यवराजी

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हो. लंकिन मती महोदय दस बारे में मधिक करने की लापारी बताते है। अब 13नवस्बर को प्रधान मती जी विजाब हा गए थे, तो वडा जाता पर्टी के एम • एस • ए०. थी बी • एस॰ रचन उहें एक मेमोरेंड्रम दिया था जिसमें इन तमाम बाता का उल्लेख किया गया या । मैं मंत्रो महोदय से यह जानना चाहता त कि भाग्य जैसा जो धान प्रजान आ त है जहां कुरका की मुख्य पद बार धान हैं क्या उत्पादन-प्रथ को देखाँ हुए तमाम उपशरणा भौर खाद का बढ़ती हुई कीमत की दछन हुर सरहार वड़ा के मत्य में बृद्धिकरने का विचार स्थाने है

SHRI P VE KATASUBBAIAH M Chairman Sir the hon Minister of State for Agriculture is a practi a agriculturist. The symbol of their party is farmer with plough. But unfortunately the farmers are the worst sufferers under their regime

MR CHAIRMAN I think it is enough introduction. You come to the question

SHRIP VENKATASUBBAIAH I ata asking only a few questions arising out of the answer that he has given,

The black tp variety rice is not edible. The people are refusing to buy it. In this connection the rice re search institutes have been evolving a hybrid type of paddy to increase the per acre production in the country with the result that there has been a green revolution and there has been a spurt in tice production I want to knowwhether there is any sort of coordina t on between the research Institute and the extension programme. When the coeds have been taken by the farmers - he, ha e been supplied by the Seeds Corporation-do they take proper stops with the help of the State Government to take preventive measures, to see that these seeds which have been supplied and which are put into the soil do not suffer from diseases. What preventice s eps do this Government pronose to take a this regard in coordina tion with the State Governments?

at low price in

Andhra Prodesh (HAH Dis)

Secondly with regard to slow procurement in Andhra Pradesh may 1 draw the tention of the hon Minista to the fact that the slow procurement is due to to a main reasons one s the slow pro of the FCI not procuring paddy at t e right time when the far mers can et a remunerative price and the other a which is the main hit h. with regard to the unremunerative price the farmer is getting. The Agricultural ces Commission

MR _HAIRMAN That point has been made by Mr Yuvraj please do not repeat that

SHR P VENKATASUBBAIAH The Agricult ral Prices Commission ha? come for severe criticism by the ic r slucing areas that there has be a discrimination in price-fixation between wheat and rice that there is a powerful wheat lobby that is operating in Delhi and that is the reason that the naddy growers are at a disadvantage I want to know whether this imbalance will be corrected by the Go ernment

Another point is this, I am glad the Minister has said that rice will be allotted for Food for Work Programme But the Central Government is insist ing that wheat must be taken by the Andhra Pradesh Government On some representation, they have said that 30 per cent might be given as rice May I ask the hon Minister to take a deci sion that in Andhra Pradesh for the entire Food for Work Programme paddy will be given let at least the predominant part of it be paddy

My last point is whether this Goverament in order to rescue the farmers from distress sale will in cooperation with the State Governments try to give remunerative price to them

and also, when the request comes from the Chief Minister for export of rice-I want him to give a categorical answer here-whether he will accept the recommendation of the Chief Minister and allow the rice to be exported from Andhra Pradesh.

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: One question has been put, whether the Government is contemplating to take over the wholesale trade in paddy. The reply is 'no', and that is for a very good reason. Today they are complaining about the FCI. If the foodgrain trade had been taken over, then there would have been only one agency. Today, besides the private traders, the others are also operating and can operate. There would be no remedy if there is only one agency and that agency does not perform well,

Secondly, I would like to say about

18 hrs.

the price. The price has already been decided. There can be difference of opinion whether it is remunerative or not. But the decision has been taken and is not likely to be changed till the next season. Whenever our friends on this side complain about price, I am quite willing to listen to them. But when the Members opposite complain about the price, I feel that they have completely forgotten what they were doing to the farmers when they were in power. (Interruptions) There large difference between · what you were doing and what we are doing. In your case there was compulsory procurement from the producers and at a rate which was lower than what we are giving today. Ours is only a support operation. Farmers are free to sell their produce at a higher price is they can. We so to their rescue when they cannot. On the other hand, you used to send opercive forces to their houses to take delivery and at a much lower price. So, while I am prepared to listen about the prices from the members sitting on that side. I am not prepared to take any advice from you because you were so tyrannical in the days when you were in power (Interruptions)

MR. CHAIRMAN: How can anybody force his advicé?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINCH-Thousands and thousands of farmers were taken to court for non-delivery of their levy. Is that not tyranny? You should be ashamed of those days.

SHRI DARUR PULLIAH (Anantapur): Are you not ashamed of the present position?

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAJAH: What about the cane-growers? you not ashamed of that?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINCH: We are talking about paddy but you are going to sugar cape.

Another question has been raised that there should be parity between the price of wheat and the price of paddy. May I know when in the history of this country there was ever any parity between the prices of paddy and wheat?....

SHRI P. VENKATASUBBAIAH: Please don't misquote me. I said 're munerative price'.

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: If you say that you did not ask for parity, I withdraw my remark. But I can tell you that never in the history of this country, paddy was sold at the same rate as wheat

SHRI K. SURYANARAYANA: In Andhra Pradesh the Janata Party MLAs have passed a resolution.

SHRI DARUR PULLIAH: Why not you increase the price of paddy?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: About the disease, I would like to make it clear that a variety which has been evolved today may be found to be susceptible to a new disease 2 years afterwards. In fact there is a race between the scientists who are evolving seeds and the diseases. It is not perhaps relevant but I may inform the House that in Pakistan they have

COSES.

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[Shra Bhanu Pratao Singh]

last their wheat crop and are in difficulties only because they were using old seeds which were destroyed by the rust disease. Now our scientists have been evolving wheat which are rust resistant and therefore we have escaped But the fact that these varieties have escaped last year does not mean that we will escape again Therefore newer and newer varieties are always being evolved It is a con tinuous process. The new varieties after some time become susceptible to some new variety of disease also. There are also different varieties and strains of disease. So you cannot put the blame that because we released that sometime back, therefore we are guilty I have been producing paddy myself for the last 38 years and I have never heard about the black-updisease

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SHRI DARUR PULLIAH How can the roots be held responsible for that? SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH It is part of the game Ryots are not held responsible for many things but they have to suffer So it is one of those

MR. CHAIRMAN Now the House stands adjourned till 11 am tomorrow 18 05 brs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Wednesday. December 13 1978/Agrahayana 22, 1900 (Saka)

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LOK SABHA

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Wednesday, December 13, 1978/Agrahayana 22, 1900 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Losses Suffered by N.T.C. Eastern Subsidiary

*326. SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to lay a statement showing:

- (a) total number of textile mills under the Eastern Subsidiary of N.T.C. along with their location (State-wise);
- (b) whether the Headquarters of the Eastern Subsidiary of N.T.C. is located at Calcutta but the Chairmancum-Managing Director generally remains at Bombay;
- (c) the number of times the Chairman-cum-Managing Director visited the Headquarter at Calcutta, and the number of days for which he stayed there each time since 1-4-1978;
- (d) whether the Eastern Subsidiary suffered heavy losses and in September, 1978 the monthly loss stood at Rs. 72 lakhs;
- (e) the main reasons for this heavy loss; and
- (f) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to improve management, production and marketing?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OP INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITT): (a) The total number of textile mills under the National Textile Corporation (West Bengal, Assam, Bihar and Orissa) Ltd. a subsidiary of the National Textile Corporation Ltd. and their State-wise location is siven below:

Assam 1
Bihar 2
Orissa 1

- (b) and (c). A statement is laid on the Table of the House.
 - (d) Yes, Sir.

West Bengal

- (e) The main reasons for the loss are:—
 - Old and obsolete machinery.
 - (ii) Excessive labour force.
 - (iii) Unscheduled power cuts.
 - (iv) Lower utilisation of installed capacities, higher variable cost and lower sale realisation.
 - (v) Recent floods in West Bengal
- (t) The following steps have been taken/are being taken, to improve the working and better functioning of this Subsidiary:—
 - (i) strengthening of the management of the subsidiary;
 (ii) implementation of the moder-
- (ii) implementation of the modernisation programme;
 - (iii) seeking co-operation of State Government of West Bengal in the implementation of voluntary labour rationalisation programme; and for supply of uninterrupted power.

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(b) and (c) Pending appointment of regular Chairman-cum Managing Director of the Subsidiars Corporation a Director of NTC (South Maharush tra) Limited Bombay has been appoint ed as Chairman-cum Managing Director NTC (West Bengal Assam, Bihar and Orissa) Ltd with effect from 15 5-1978 in addition to his duties as an interim arrangement. He has visit ed Calcutta 19 times since May, 1978 for the work of the subsidiary. The information in respect of number of days for which he stayed at Calcutta each time since May 1978 is as under

1st time		3 days
2nd time .		41 days
3rd time		21 days
4th ume		3 days
5th time		a gain
6th time		2 days
7th time		ı day
Sih time		2 days
9th ume		a days
10th time		2 days
11th time		31 days
tath time		2 days
13th time		2 days
tith time		21 days
15th time		3 days
tith time		1 day
17th ume		, 2 days
18th tune	-	2 days
13th time		2 days
TOTAL		44 days

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL Speaker Sir in view of the answer then by the hon Minister and the statement laid on the Table of the House I would like to know-the Na tional Textile Corporation, the Eastern Subsidiary-why it is headed by a part time Chairman cun Managing Director who are actually having their headquarters in Bombay' The National Textile Corporation has been suffering a colossal loss I would also like to know why only the Director of the South Maharashtra unit of NTC has been appointed a part-time Chairman-cum Managing Director of this Fastern Subsidiars? This haphazard arrangement does not speak well of the Government when it has taken over these sick textile mills NTC. has been suffering a loss of about Rs 20-30 crores every year So the same Director could have as well been appointed as full time Chairman cum Managing Director of the Eastern Subsidiary and shifted to Calcutta at its headquarters. Why was this not done? Secondly, whether it is a fact this Chairman-cum Managing Director who is not able to attend to his duties here his duties as Director, the South Maharashtra Unit are suffer ing because he has to shuttle between Bombay and Calcutta at a colossal cost to the Corneration? I would also like to know whether it is a fact that this ad hoe Chairman-cum Managing Director who has been appointed as comparatively a very junior officer-Shri Sushil Sain-who joined NTC only about 3 years back as a trainee as a Special Officer on duty over the head of many senior capable and ex perienced officers. And this Mr Sain whether he is practically operating or deputising for the Chairman-cum Managing Director in his absence so why?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI It is correct what Mr Bal has said that we have a part time Chairman-cum Mana ging Director in the Eastern Subsidiary of NTC With the expire of the extended tenure of Shri C.R. Guha Majumdar IAS(WB) on 30-3 78 it was decided to appoint Shri Sushil Sam-Director (Technical) in the NTC (South Maharashtra) Bombay as Chairman cum Managing Director NTC, as an

interim arrangement in addition to his duties as Director of NTC (South Maharashtra) Ltd., with effect from 15-5-1978 until appointment of a CMD on regular basis. Accordingly, with the approval of the Board of Directors of the NTC on 10-5-78. Shri Sushil Sain was appointed as CMD of the NTC. Even before the expiry of the term of Shri C.R. Guha Majumdar, the NTC made efforts to get a suitable candidate from the open market, Howover, no suitable candidate could be selected from the open market. In this background, the NTC went in for a Service Officer for the post of CMD. After considering the names of a number of Service Officers, the Selection Committee constituted for this nurpose and comprising of Chairman, NTC, Managing Director, NTC and a nomince of PESB, recommended the name of Shri S.M. Murshed. Subsequently, the Government of West Bengal did not relieve him. Then again another gentleman was selected, but when it came to the Cabinet Committee, it was observed by the Cabinet Committee that a technical person who knows the subject must be appointed. So, we have taken steps so that a technical man, who knows the subject can be appointed and we are hoping that within a month or two we will be able to appoint one whole time Chairman.

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SHH PRADYUMAN BAL: She did not answer the second part of my question fully—why one Mr. Sen, a comparatively junior officer was appointed over the head of more experienced and capable technical officers available in the NT.C.?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI: He is the only available person who wanted to go and head N.T.C. Eostern Subsidiary. We trued many people, but I am sorry to say that no other person acrepted it. We tried to get somebody from the Government of West Bengal also. We selected him because he is a technical person. He has some knowledge about this organisation. I can assure the House since he joined this subsidiary, the position has improved. Previously there was a loss of Rs. I crore per month. The position is now improving.

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL: I will have to preface my question, You have to be a little patient.

MR. SPEAKER: No. no. preface is a lecture always. Please be brief.

SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL: I had raised some time back also in the House this very matter which I am referring to now. N.T.C. is an organisation which only takes over sick textile mills when they become sick, when everything has been taken out by the industrialists, and capitalists, then it is safely handed over to the Government as a sick child. I had drawn the attention of the Minister of Industry in the last part of 1977 Session that there is Orissa Textile Mills Ltd., Choudwar, near Cuttack. They have not been able to pay back more than Rs. 800 crores taken from the Allahabad Bank. It has not been paving dividend to its share holders for the last 50 years. It is showing loss. It has come to a stalemate.

I am drawing the attention of the House to the fact that this mill is going to be sick in a few months. It is already sick. These industrialists are very capable and influential persons. When our Finance Minister visited Orissa, he invited him for lunch and that is why the bankers are not able to do anything with him. In the public interest while the going is good, I would urge upon the Minister to take over this textile mill as it can make profit before everything goes out and it enters into further liabilities. It has already taken Rs. 800 crores as norrowings from the Allahabad Bank and others. Will the Minister give an

assurance that they will take over this will while the going is good and mill can make profit?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAIT! I can assure that we will look into that question.

थी दम चन्द्र क्षष्ठवाय मनी महोदय ने स्वीकार किया है हि एन० टी० छी० की बनाल को निलें घाटे में चल रही हैं। इसी प्रकार से मध्य प्रदेश की एन० टो॰ सी॰ की मिर्चे भी घाटे में चल थन रही है। मध्य प्रदेश की सात एन० टी० सी० को मिरानो नौनरोड का माटा हो रहा है। नाना प्रकार की विशायते हाने के बाद भी सासने की धार से काई एक्सन नहीं तिया गया है । मैंने 23 अनवरी 1978 को उद्याद मुत्री जो को एव पत्र निखा या जिम ना उत्तर मन्नी महोदय ने 31 वनवर्ष 1978 का दिया या और जान करवाने का माखासन भी उस पत्र में दिया था। दमके बाद 9 फरवरी 1978 का इनी के बारे में मैंने पत्र निधा या जिनका काई उत्तर मन्ने नही मिला । उस के बाद 20 फरवरी का मनियमिततामी के बारे में मैने पत्र लिखा जिम का कोई उत्तर नहीं भाषा । 28 करवरी को मैंने किर एक पत्र निश्वा विमक्त कोई उत्तर नहीं बाजा । 6 बर्जन 1978 को किर मैंने पत्र लिखा जिस के उत्तर में छान-बीन करवाने का उन्हाने मुझे बास्तासन दिया । उस के बाद 17 चुलाई को में ने पत्र दिया , उसकी मुझे स्वीष्ट्रित माज ही दी गई । इतनी सिकायतें भाष का मिनती हैं जिनका का को भाष उत्तर देते ही नहीं हैं दा केवले मास्वालन दे देते हैं जिनकी पूर्ति नहीं हाती है । मध्य प्रश्व में बायकी सान निये वित को तोकरोड़ का बाटा हो एहा है जब कि निजी सब को छ जिसे हैं और उन को पहरू करोड़ का मृतासा हा रहा है। स्या माप ने कमी बहु पता वराने की कार्याव की है कि इस बाटे के मूल कारण क्या है? मदो महोदय ने इस बाट के वा कारण बतावे हें केवल बही कारण नहीं हैं। इस के और भी कारन हो एकते हैं। यो लाब बेडे हुए है उन के कारव भी बाटा हो रहा है । क्या इन जोवों के स्वाद पर भाषयाच्य व्यक्तियों को नियुक्त करेंदे भीर दिन कारनां छे बाटा हो रहा है जनकी बाप बाब करवायेंते ? जो प्राञ्चासन धाप ने दिया है उतकी पूर्ण बाद वर करने वाने हैं?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI- The question relates to West Bengal subsidiary It does not relate to Madhya Pradesh subsidiary

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI. When the sub-idianes were formed it was force or lest, understood that in the taxasgement of the West Bengal subsdary the Government of West Bengal would have a voice and say. May I know whether the Government had submitted any panel of names or after Mr Murshed was not released, whether any communication was sent by the West Bencal Government?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI Yes, Sir-They sent some names and we considered them As I have already said, as it is a heavily deficit subadiary, we need some person who is a technical hand and knows commercial things and knows the subject

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDURI: Have these things been communicated to the West Bengal Government?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI. Yes. They know it They are all in service and so, they have no such experience. So, we need some experienced person.

भी समीर मित्रः नित्त वारायों से सियल मित्रस्य हुए रिक्त मेत्र, उसी मार्गन्तर मुद्दार रिका पायों से मित्र मेत्र, उसी मार्गन्तर में वाराधी समित्र में तम है जाते होते पायों मेरि टैनीक्त में हात आपने वाले पायों मित्र टैनीक्त में हात आपने वाले पायों मार्ग टेनी है कि पाया मार्गन्तर मित्र में मार्गा पर जम के बहुत मार्ग्न जमें ने जाता में होता कर मार्गित में मार्गित मार्गित मेरिका मार्गित मार्ग

मोनको सामा साइको. यहठी इतात नही हैं।

Price Rise of Paper

*327 SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it has come to the notice of Government that prices of different varieties of paper have gone up,
 - (b) if so, the reasons thereof, and
- (c) , whether Government have made any efforts to check the price rise and to ask the main paper manufacturers to maintain the price level prevailing at the beginning of 1979?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI): (a) to (c). A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

Statement

(a) Yes, Sir. Although there has been no change in the price of white printing paper which is being supplied to the educational sector, the prices of some other varieties of paper had increased during the year.

(b) The demand for paper has gone with the promotion of adult education and universal literacy programmes. Though production has also been gowing steadily, it has not been able to keep pace with the demand, and it is estimated that there is gap of about 75,000 tonnes between demand and supply. The situation was also marginally aggravated in recent months due to bottlenecks in production caused by power cuts, coal shortages and disruption in transport facilities due to floods in some areas. The paper industry has taken advantage of improved market conditions to put up prices. It is reported that consumers have also been adversely affected by various malpractices prevalent in the distribution system,

(e) Although there is no statutery control on prices. Government have been discouraging the Industry from resorting to unjustified increase of prices. Government have been promoting the growth of the paper industry by various measures, to achieve higher production, and it is also proposed to import paper to meet increased demand. If these measures do not have the desired effect Government would consider further measures to limit the production to common varieties of writing and printing paper and also whether distribution of these papers can be taken over.

SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: What is the percentage of price rise during the last three years? Is it a fact that the price

has gone up by 25 to 40 per cent, of different varieties of paper? Is it also a fact that the wholesale dealers and quota holders have earned crores of rupees in collaboration with the mill magnates and whether the paper distribution is strictly in the hands of mill-owners?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI: The first question is with regard to the price rise. It is correct that in regard to some varieties of paper, there is a price rise. But in regard to white paper, there is no price rise. There is controlled price...

MR. SPEAKER: The question is whether it is because of collusion between mill-owners and the distribu-

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI; There are three things.

One thing is proce rise and I say that in regard to white paper there is no price rise. The industry is supplying at control price and in respect of other varieties of paper definitely there is price rise and we have taken some measures and in recent days there is some decline in prices and we have already said there.

The second thing is about distribution. There is no doubt that there is some collusion between the industry and the distributors and the refailers. All these things are there. So, if they do not check the whole thing, then we are going to not for the public distribution system. So, they cannot do like that,

SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: I would like to know whether it is true that the percentage of price rise is between 25 and 49 per cent in respect of different varieties of paper.

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI: Exactly at this moment I have no other percentage with me, but no doubt the substantial rise in prices varies.

SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: The second question is whether the newsprint allocated to small newspapers is also sold in blackmarket and no proper check is being kept for their proper utilisation and whether there is any proposal under consideration to streamline proper distribution and price control.

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI About distribution I have already stated that if they do not check all these things in the industry then we will opt for the public distribution system and in regard to other matters about the news print to the small magazines and small papers we have to look into the question as to what is their real problem

SHRIO V ALAGESAN Sir it is a very serious matter. The paper mills have been charging premium on their product at the rate of even Rs or Rs. 1 060 per toppe Here it is said that there has been no change in the price of white printing paper which is being supplied to the educational sector But we find in actual practice that the note books that are required for the schools and the textbooks are all very highly priced and they are not even available. Here it is said that Government have been discouraging the industry from resorting to unjusts fled increase of prices How have they been discouraging and what steps they have taken? Perhaps unless we import sufficient quantity of paper the conditions may set improve. Will the Government consider this question and take m re vigo ous steps to bring down the tn e of paper either by import of p per or by clamping control on industry

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI There is about all up tell, ten production and de mand and that is "0000 tennes between demand and supply So it is proposed to import this amount of paper at the moment."

About the educational sector we are disputed by the sector of the educational sector. This year we are giving about 175 lakir tonnes to the educational sector and last year it was only about one lakir tonnes. I timk it is attributed at the moment. भो किएसो कतार यह नवर्शनांद है कि नावड कमूल वहुँ। पन रोगराणी भावजा , सोर मों बाद पर कर पन पह नार प्रस्त ने

SHRIMATI ABHA MATII I have alterdy said about how much we have given to them. From the Government ride we are allocating to the educational sector this year about 173 labh fonnes of white paper and printing paper As I have already stated there is some collusion between the industry and the distributors and this price rise is mainly due to that. For that reason I have already said that we may have to go through Public Distribution System

बन्सम्पर्व भीर '१४' देव की विश्वी

*328. थी शोविन्द मुख्या - वया उद्योग मही यह बताने की क्या पकरवार्क

(क) क्या बहसच हैकि धम्म स्थानीतल पर की बोतक 27 साहद्वध्य ी तुलना में स्र_{वि}त बडी संस्था मं विकाहें।

(ख) स्पित्ता साल्या क्षमा बानु को असी को 77 की बिनी रक्षधिक है अपेकी नाइसस आप्त इसीना क अनस्य है और

(ग) परि हा तो सरशर का विवार उन वपनी क विरूद नाइस्त ाज क्षमता से झाअर वेशमें वयन पर क्या कायबादी करन का है वो धम्म प्रपर 10वव पर की बीतन सरन से काय में नवी है?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SIRIMATI ABHA MAITI) (a) The sale figures by brand hames of soft druks are not maintained by the Government

(b) The pre___ on of all brands of soft drinks including Thums-up by M/s Parle Beverages Ltd., Bombay, who are the owners of Thums-up 41.55 million bottles as against their approved capacity of 30.067 million bottles per annum.

(c). This would require to be dealt with in terms of the provision of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act 1951 and in terms of Government's policy set out in the Statement of Industrial Policy laid before the House of Porliament on 23rd December, 1977.

SHRI GOVINDA MUNDA: I specifically asked the sale of Thums-uplicensed capacity us-0-is produced during the year 1977. But I am sorry to point out that the figures given by the Minister pertain to all the soft drinks including Thums-upwhich is misleading.

If the Minister does not have the figures of Thums-up readily available, the same may be submitted to the House in due course of time.

SHRIMATI ARHA MAI'TT: The bon. member wanted to know about the sale of Thums-up. I have already said in reply to part (a) that the sale figures by brand names of soft drinks are not maintained by the Government, and part (b) that the production of all brands of soft drinks including Thums-up by M/s Parle Beverages Limited, Bombay, who are the owners of Thums-up franchise during year 1977 was 41.55 million bottles as against their approved capacity of 30.067 million bottles per annum. I meant to say that M/s Parle Beverages Limited, Bombay manufacture a number of drinks and produce different types of drinks and Thums-up is one of them. We have no such separate figures about Thums-up.

SHRI GOVINDA MUNDA: Even in the figures given by the Government, the production capacity is more than the licensed capacity. What action is proposed to be taken by the Government against the defaulters?

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI: Already, we have asked the DGTD to take action against this firm.

SHRI VIJAYAKUMAR N. PATIL: It is evident that the demand for 777 is lesser than that for Thums-up and it is a well-known fact that 77? is the creation of the Janata Government, Will this Government up to improve the quality of 770 or subsidise, the rate to make it competitive with other drinks? It should be at lesst re-named 78°.

SIRIMATI ABHA MAITI: The quality of '77' is quite good. But we had some difficulty in manufacturing it in different metropolitan cities because according to our Industrial Policy we cannot start any unit in metropolitan cities. We have to go to some SSI areas. But we are now having it in small areas and it is quite popular, there:

SHRI BEDABRATA BARUA- it is rather a very equivocal answer because what has happened is that particular, firm called M/s, Parle Beverages Limited must exceeded its capacity and gozed out a public sector product. That is exactly the charge, the gravamen of the charge M/s Parle must have exceeded its capacity and gozed out '77' which was done by the technicians of India. It is fairly good, but it may not have been properly advertised. What is the real position? M/s Parle must have exceeded their capacity, I would like to know whether some action has been taken against M/s Parla Beverages Limited?

What is Government doing? It is must saying there is the IDR. Act and all those things. If they have exceeded their capacity, all the IDR Act has to be implemented by the Minister; so, what action have they taken? Why should you not prosecute

the company for exceeding their capa

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI Steps have been taken to process it and an enquiry is also being made

Demands made by Central Secretariat Employees

*320 SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU Will the Minister of HOME AFFAURS be pleased to state

- (a) whether the employees of Central Scoretariat staged a demonstration in front of the residence of the State Minister for Home,
 - (b) what are their demands and
- (c) whether Government have satisfied their demands?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AF FAIRS (SHRI S D PATIL) (a) As per information available the Federation of the Central Secretriat and Allied Offices Employees held a demonstration in front of the house of Minister of in the Ministry of Home Affairs on 26th October, 1978. The Minister was out of station on 26th October, 1978.

- (b) The demonstrators did not present any memorandum of demands In their eather letter dated 21st October, 1978, they have referred to the following demands
 - (i) Modification of the Desk Officer Scheme
 - (u) Merger of Dearness Allowance with pay
 - (hi) Sectionity according to the date of appointment
 - (ii) Three promotions in Service (v) Regularization of daily wage workers.
 - (c) All the demands have been taken up by the Sudi Side under the

JCM either in the National Council or in the Departmental Council of the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms and are atvarious stages of consideration in consultation with the Staff Side

SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU It has been said that they fare being considered but has any particular demand been met?

SHRI S. D. PATIL Three of the matters have been referred to the Consultative machinery and they are under consideration. Later they will be taken to arbitration

SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDH .
When are the reports expected from
these Commutates?

SHRI S. D PATIL. The arbitration machinery has got its own method of working. The matter is before it and it will start its hearing very soon.

SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE I would like to know whether one of the demands is recognition of their Associations and if that demand is linere, whether they are being accordate recognition or not.

SHRI S D PATTL. That is not one of the demands I have already mentioned the five demands which are in the representation.

SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE But has recognition been accorded or not?

SHRI S D PATIL As for the various units which are affiliated to the Federation, recognition is given to them

SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE Have you accepted this particular demand or not?

SHRIS D PATTL Some of the demands are

MR. SPEAKER: He wants to know whether their demand for recognition has been accepted.

SHRI S. D. PATIL: It 'is already under the consideration of the Joint Consultative Machinery: then it will go to arbitration.

Reorganisation of Coir Industry *330. SHRI K. A. RAJAN: Will the

Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to lay a statement showing:

- (a) whether Kerala Government thas submitted a Rs. 38 crore scheme to the Centre for reorganisation of coir industry in the State;
- (b) if so, the details of the scheme and Government's reaction thereto;
- (c) financial assistance extended by the Union Government so far to the State for this scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MATI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

SHRI K. A. RAJAN. I am really surprised at the answer of the Hon, Minister and particularly at the fact that the Minister is not at all aware of what is going on inside Government and about the files being transacted in regard to this particular question. The Government of Kerala has submitted a scheme for Rs. 38 crores (the scheme of the erstwhile Minister Shri E, V. Thomas) for restructuring the coir industry, and Government of India have already sanctioned Rs. 4.51 crores to assist scheme. This has been announced in the House by Mr. George Fernandes when another question was raised on this subject. So, the Government of India is very much involved in the scheme and the latest position is that the Planning Commission has put up a Study Team to go into the working of the scheme, and that Sivaraman Committee has already submitted its report. That is the history. But, in spite of all these things, the Minister has given a negative reply with regard to what is going on inside the Ministry about this. I would like to say that there is such a scheme and I would like to know the nosition new.

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI: Sir. what was the question? The question was whether the Kerala Government has submitted a Rs. 38 crore scheme to the Centre for reorganisation of the coir industry. I have said 'No' and tail scorrect. There is no scheme of Rs. 38 crores from the Kerala Government.

But that does not mean that they have not sent any schemes, 1974 onwards they are sending different schemes amounting from Rs. 15.6 crores to Rs. 86.39 crores. But what I said was that a scheme for Rs. 38.0 crores as mentioned in part (a) of the question was not sent to us by the Kerala Government, (Interruptions) He had asked us specific question giving specific amount. How can I say on this point when there is no such scheme with us for what speci-fic amount. But that does not mean that there is no scheme and no discussion at all and there is no thinking on it in the Ministry.. (Interrup-(anoth

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI. What is the amount allocated for the coir industry? Why do you expose your ignorance? You are here to answer the questions. You must tell us the specific scheme.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: There is no point in getting agitated merely because a particular figure is different from the one given by your Department. The figure mentioned here is wrong.

SHRI K. GOPAL: I do not want to ask the Minister anything. But it only shows how inefficient the Ministry, is. 19

SHRI K. A RAJAN The Planning Commission Study Team has already submitted the report to the Govern ment, that is, Sivaraman Committee (Interruptions) The Gov-Report ernment is committed to the scheme prespective of whether it is Rs 380 crores or Rs 176 crores. But you have nut answered the particular question put by me In the light of the facts. with all my sympathy for the lady I am not pursuing my question

SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI I would request the House to give a full hearing of what I say I have not said that we have not sanctioned anything Interruptions) As recommended by the Planning Commission. a special Central assistance of Rs 431 crores for potential viable coir cooperative societies have already been sanctioned That I have not denied

SHRY VAYALAR RAVI In the light of the negative reply given by the Minister we are not making any supplementaries on this Let it go on record (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Why do you get upsel? I have a'ready said that the Department should have given the correct figure because the figure Rs. 23 crores, is wrong I have been finding it in other such answers also They give a rulicular figure and later on they have said that that figure was wrong I have already said that it is not correct

MR SPEAKER Q No 331

PROF P G MAVALANKAR Sir, the question No 342 standing in my name is identical. Will you kindly ask the Manister to take it up with this

MR. SPYAKER Yes he can answer both

TV Centre in Lerala

- *331 SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS" Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government have taken final decision to set up a TV centre in Kerala State
- (b) if so, when it is likely to be set up and
- (c) the name of the place where the proposed TV centre is likely to he set up?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L K. ADVANI) (a) to (c) It has already been decided in principle to set up TV station at Trivandum It is proposed to have a single studio set up (with provision to have a second studio later) and a 10 KW transmitter with a 150 metre tower. It will take 3 to 4 years for the completion of the project after the necessary sanctions have been issued

Installation of TV Stations at ahmedahad and Major Cities

*342 PROF, P G HAVALANKAR Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state

- (a) when will Ahmedabad and some other major cities in India get a TV Station
- (b) why are the decision and implementation in this regard being delayed and
- (c) steps and measures taken by Government to accelerate the process of starting TV Stations at Ahmedabad and other cities?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L. K. ADVANI) (a) to (c) A fullfledged T V Centre at Jullundur and a TV relay centre at Kanpur already under construction. The 'relay centre at Kanpur is likely to be commissioned shortly. In the Sixth Plan schemes of Doordarshan there is provision for setting up full-fledged TV Stations at three state capitals. namely, Ahmedabad, Bangalore and Trivandrum, and TV relay centres at eight other places. In addition two aproved schemes of the Fifth namely, the setting up of TV relay centres at Asansol and Kasauli, will also be taken up during the Sixth Plan period, It will take about 3 to 4 years for a TV Station to be set up after the necessary sanctions been issud. Pending such formalities preliminary action such as selection of suitable sites etc. is already under way in some of these cases including

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SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS. To put (b) of my question you have answered that it will take 3 to 4 years for the completion of the project, after the encessary sanctions have been issued. I want to know specifically when the necessary sanctions are going to be issued and if you have started any preliminary work; and if so, the details thereof?

Ahmedabad.

SHRI L. K. ADVANI: Sanctions of take some time, It is our endeavour to complete all these projects in the 6th Plan, I have already identified all of them.

SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS: Since SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS: Since and the two other mejor cities of Kerala and the two other mejor cities of Kerala, that is, Cochin and Calleut are far away, will the Government consider putting up the station in such a way as to cover the entire State of Kerola; and what is the range of the 10 km. transmitter with 150 metre tower?

SHRI L. K. ADVANI: It would not be possible to cover the entire State of Kerala with this transmitter in Trivandrum.

' AN. HON MEMBER: What is the range?

SHRI L. K. ADVANI: I would not be able to say off hand may be about 80-85 km.

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: As the House knows, TV was started in India in 1959. To begin with it was in Delhi. There after, it took 13 years, to have a second one in Bombay: and then five more full-fledged TV Centres came consecutively in quick succession. They are in Sringgar Amritsar, Calcutta, Madras and Lucknow, I do not want to give details of other places where relay centres are also functioning. I want to know precisely as to why three major cities-expecting to have the TV Centres in the 6th Plan-namely, Ahmedabad Bengaand Trivandrum-Were out αĒ the consideration initial 20 years or You Mr. Speaker, will be glad to know that Bangalore is also included like Ahmedabad in the 6th Plan, My point is that Ahmedabad is the main city in Gujarat, a border State, and from various points of view it is important to have a T.V, centre started here sooner than elsewhere. Why is it that the previous government and the present Government have delayed the setting up of the T.V. station Ahmedabad; and, all the more because of the fact that Ahmedabad and Gujarat give to the Government a tremendous amount of revenue in terms of radio licence and T.V. licence fees.

SHRI L. K. ADVANI: As a Musisfer incharge of this portfolio I would
like to lawe as many T.V. centres as
possible. And the original thinking
was that during the 6th Plan, it will
be possible for us to have centres in
all the Cepitals, but due to constraint
of resources, the Planning Commission has not agreed to any excepting,
these three in which Ahmedabad isone. 'Ahmedabad Bangalore and Tri-

vardrum are the only State Capitals which have been agreed to, but it is esentially due to constraint of resources that do not make furtres expansion possible,

PROF P G MAVALANKAR The ton. Minister has said in his reply that it will take about 3-4 years for a T.V. station to be set up, and he cays in the meantime, preliminary work is going on like selection of suitable site, etc I wonder, spart frem the fact that financial constraints are there, why such a long period of 3-4 years they should take in merely selecting a site and other details. Is it a fact that the opening of a new TV. centre costs approximately Rs. crores? If Rs. 4 crores is the rost, is at too much in terms of the cost espewhen the benefits are too great?

SHRI L. K. ADVANI- It is true that .a full fledged T V, Centre costs around Rs. 4 crores It is really the experts who determine the total period that is t-ken

We do not go in for turn keyjobs "as many other countries do We try to do as much indigenously as possible Therefore, this period has been indisates.

धो हिरायक प्रमाद थारक: मैं सत्रा महादेव से पद बानता चार्मा हूं कि टी व राव गेंटर जोतने ना स्वा धारतांचा है ? में यह मी निवेदन करना बाहता है कि येव तरेट हीरटन में पन बरह कहाने पनी तक टाठ बाठ मेंटर तही बनाये ि तो जिला देवसाईर वें शेवबीव मेटर बनाने का स्या धीरित्व है ! मैं मंत्री महादय का धन्त्र स्टिश्ट सा तरक धीरना सहता है. प्रथा बोहि बेरिटन है बता गैव बेंव मैटर नहीं िता बता है। यह कि मुक्त्यापुर में दिवा एम है। बिहार के मान करने हैं कि नवा रण जिने में बार का प्रवक्षां किनार हाता है, वहीं date ter fie eine feine ab effe रव पत्ता में नेहर न हाटर मुख्या होतूर में पत्ता में नेहर न हाटर मुख्या होतूर में पत्ता में से में में में में में मानामा करण है कि शक्षीक्षीर क्वांस करते हा ## (den 42)

भी कार कृष्य बन्दरको अन्त नुस्दरमूर ८ को वे संप्रधा १ वे ताल वे प्रत्या तिक करते पात विकासमारका तिल्ल तिक के बहे कर, रह पूर्व ह्या का । बहां पर काफो काम हो चुका था और चीश सा काम होना बाकी था, निसकी इस सरकार ने पुरा करके वहा पर केन्द्र झारम्य कर दिना।

भी राम मूर्ति : मनी जी ने बमी फरमाया कि धन की कभी के कारण वे चाहते हुए भी हर स्टेट की इंपिटल में एक टी व्यो सेंटर बोस नहीं पा बो हैं , में जानना चाहना हू कि बुस्टर क्यो नही समावें जाते हैं , बिस से हमारे संदुल स्पीर शेस्टर मुश्नी क के लोगों का फापदों हो नक ? नैनीताल 6 हजार चिट की हाइट पर है, प्रयरवहां परमस्पी को तरह टीठवीठमेंटर लगाया जाये तो बह तमाम एरिये को स्वर कर सनती है. करने में धन भी ज्यादा नहीं लगगा सामा को इस की सुविधों नित्र वायेशी । क्या मन्नी महादम इस तरफ ध्यान वेंगे ?

थी साल कृष्य प्राप्तवाची इस सदन में टेली-विटन पर जब भी चर्चा हुई है तो प्रनेक मदस्यो ने यह विचार व्यक्त किया है कि टी0 वी0 केवन । मनारजन के निये नहीं होना चाहिये शिक्षण के लिए भी होता चाहिए । धेयर शिक्षण के तिये बनाना है तो उस के निये मावस्यक है कि प्रोतकतन सेंटर, बड़ी पर हो । मैं सदन को बताना बाइटा ह कि एवं स्लिसेटर समाने पर भी । क्रोड 30 लाख रुपये समना है, ऐमा नहीं कि बहुव सस्ता हो ।

SHRI VASANT SATHE, T would like to know from the hon Minister whether a place centrally situated like Nagpur which cover a large area will have to wait till it acquires a 'capital' status to have TV? Your objective is to educate the backward and imbal people in the satellite scheme and to have it in Chattisgarh or round about. Nagpur, on merits deserves to be a TV Centre, What is the criteria?

I would like to bnow, as it costs Rs. 4 crores, if the State Government comes forward to provide Ra, 4 crores, will the Ministry agree to set up T.V. station at Nagpur?

SHRILK. ADVANI The hom Member has referred to the coverage of Nagpur and the Chhatisgarh area by the SITE experiment. It is true and after that experiment was discontinued after a period of one year, other stations were planned to be set up as SITE continuity stations in and

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that. area. the site chosen as SPTE continuity station was Raigur in Chhatisgarh area. It was chosen by the earlier Government as the place where the TV station was to be set up. (Interruption) I am merely pointing out that Raipur was chosen as a place for a TV station as a continuity scheme. It is there and it is running. It is in Chhatisgaria, It has been served by that. But the TV transmitter unlike the Radio Station covers a very limited area and so, it is not possible to cover the entire area. At the moment, Nagpur is not under consideration. But after 1981-82, whenever satellite goes in space, perhaps we could consider.

(Interruption) **

MR. SPEAKER: Do not record.

कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड में पूर्णकालिक वेक्स्मैन और निदेशक के रिक्त पट

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* 332. श्री गंगा भवत सिंह: यो अनार्वेन पुजारी :

भाः अर्थामंत्री यह बदाने की कृपा करेंगे कि

- (क) क्यांसरकार को पता है कि कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड में ग्रनेक उच्च पद काफी समय से रिस्त पढ़े हैं, भीर उन को भरने के लियें सभी तक कोई कार्यवाही नहीं की गई है जिस के कारण कोशने के उत्पादन में मारी बाधाएँ खड़ी हो
- (व) वदि हां, तो पूर्णकालिक चैयरमैन धौर निदेशक (वाचिविधक), निदेशक (कार्मिक) के पद कब से रिक्त पढ़े हैं और इन केन सरें आने के कारण क्या है भीर पूर्वकालिक चेंदरमैन का पद रिक्त रखे जाने का क्या श्रीचित्य है :
- (न) क्या सरकार देख में कोयले की मान को क्षान में रखते हुए ग्रीर प्रशासनिक मावस्वकताओं को पुरा करने के लिए इन पदों को तुरुद करने के लिए कोई कार्यवाही कर रही है ; और यदि हां वो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यौरानमा है ?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (2) to (c). No higher posts is Coal India Ltd, have been lying vacant for a long time. The post of Chairman is

being held by the Secretary, Department of Coal in addition to his own duties from 16-9-1978 when the previous Chairman-cum-Managing Director relinguished his charge after the expiry of his term of office. Action has been taken to fill up the post on a permanent basis. The post of Director (Commercial) is not vacant. There is no post of Director (Personnel) in the Coal India Ltd. Coal production has not been affected.

थी गंगा मन्द्र सिंह : मद्री महोदय ने ग्रपने उत्तर में कहा है कि कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड के ग्रध्यक्ष पद को स्वाधी रूप से मरने के लिए कार्यवाही की गई है। मैं यह जानना चाहता ह कि श्रव तक इस सम्बन्ध में क्या कार्यबाही की गई है । इस पद को भरते के लिए सब कितना और समय लगेगा और इसके चयन की पद्धति क्या है ?

SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN: Action. has been taken and the process is being set in motion. The person will be selected very shortly and will bein position in the next fewweeks.

यो गंबा मस्त सिंह: यदी महोदय ने यह भी बकाया है कि इसे पद के रिक्त रहने की वजह से कीयले के उत्पादन पर कोई प्रभाव नहीं पद्या है । मर्जी महोदय का यह उत्तर ठीक नही है। इस लिए में यह जानना चाहता है कि 1977-78 और 1978-79 में कोयते का प्रतग-प्रसग कितना उत्पदन हमाहै--- वह बढ़ाहै या कम इध्या है ?

SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN: The -coal production has not been affected because the Chairman has not been appointed. Temporarily, the Secretary, in addition to his duties, is the Chairman of the Coal India Ltd. at the moment. With regard to production, in April to November, 1977, the production was 62.01 million tonnes : whereas from April to November, 1978, it was marginally up to 62,35 million tonnes. So, that shows that. the production has not been affected because of this shortfall in vacancies. .

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: Continued vacancies at the top in . coal India has virtually pushed this

he ding company into paralysis You know Sir the coal has disappeared from the market throughout country especially in Delhi That is the report. The people of this country are being forced to pay more be caule of the Mismonagement of the Coal India Ltd and already the company has started suffering losses

Hence as you know Sir in this contex if we go though this namer what is the an wer given by the Miraster to this specific question? I may be permitted to road the ours tion that is nut

"If so the time since when the posts of full time chairman Director (Commercial) and Director (Personnel) have been lying vacant and the rea ons for not illing these posts and the justification for keeping the post of Full Time Chairman sacant

The answer given is that it is not vecant and the Sceretary is function ing as the Chairman, I wonder whether the answer is convincing Further this has created dissatisfection and frustration among 7600 officers in this holding company and further under these circumstances my ques tion is What action the Minister is going to take so as to remove this anomaly and also to remove the bottleneck in the management of this Coal India

SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN about the post of Chairman cum Managing Director of Coal India, .s scon as the vacancy had arisen steps were taken to select a suitable person and as I told you earlier the post will be filled up in the coming few weeks and already the cardidates are being interviewed by the Public Enterprises Selection Board and as soon as the interivew is over and the se ection is made, the person will be seperated in a couple of useks.

About the other posts there s no Dat vacent in the Coal India. In fact, n the Coal India Director (Com-

mercial) is already there and there is no other post at the higher level which is vacant in Coal India, That is why when I say about the Chairman even though the vacancy of Chairman is there for the last counter of morths, the Secretary in such circumstances is holding the additional charge of the post of Chairman and the Chairman will be appointed in a couple of weeks About the question of production the production as I told you has not uffered be ause of this. After all subsidiary compares are in charge of production normally and there the CMDS are very much in position and they are producing enough coal and there is no carcity at the pit heads and if there is scar city in some spots that may be due to a variety of reasons, but definitely coal is available in plenty in the country

चौ॰ हरोराम परकासर धौदारा बाध्यक्ष महादय मबी महारूप यह नह रहे हैं कि कोयस की वमो तही है। लकिन कोयला ठीकदाम पर वहाँ मिल रहा है ? 500 हमये दन तो क्षायना मार्क मा मित रहा है 500 हमये दन वे भाव पर कोयल के स्लित सबसी नहां है जिस का नतीया यह है कि इट मात्र 250 रणपाहचार विक रही है। जिन इतारा में बाद धाई है सा जहा नुस्तिन भाग है बहा के तायों को नसमनन गट पर इट मिलन की बात तो दूर नहा, मही दामा पर भी नहीं मिन रही हैं और ने वही कारना नियमानुसार ठीक दम पर मिल ग्हा है । तो स्था मत्रो महादय इस बारे म धावश्यक नदम उठाऐंने जिस स कीयना यही दाम पर सीयी को मिल सक और यहाबाद बाई है या तुप्रान भाए है बहा, लोगों को इट सही दान पर फिल सक्ते हे

SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN as I explained before in the House, the statutory price of coal is fixed at the producing point.

When it comes to the market, there is no control on its price and it is for ,the State Government to bring in necessary (Interruptions) abo lutels for the State Governments to etep in and control the price of coal in the market When coal is available at the production end it is for the consumers to take it. I had explained a little while ago that the coal is available at the pit-heads and even out of the four coal-producing companies, under the Coal India, in two companies which have been affected By floods, there is a shortfall in production while in the other two companies where the floods 'have not affected. the production has some no by 8 to 9 ner cent when compared to last year.

So, there is no question of production being affected because of lack of an official or Chairman, (Interruptions) I cannot help that. As I told you on the last occasion, the cost of production is going up because of various other reasons. (Interruptions) As I told you, the price is not controlled; the price is fixed only at the pit-heads. This statutory price is fixed by Government whereas, in the distribution centre, it is for the State Governments to step in and, if they want, they can bring in the coal under essential list. (Interruptions).

12.03 hrs

[SMT, PARVATHI KRISHNAN in the Chair?

MR. CHAIRMAN; Kindly listen to "the Minister

Now the Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO

QUESTIONS "Insufficient drainage of National High-

ways "324. DR. SARADIST ROY: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND

- TRANSPORT be pleased to stae: (a) whether any investigation has been undertaken by Government as to insufficient drainage system on national highways specially during the high floods in West Bengal;
- (b) if so, the findings of the investigation;
- (c) if not, when such investigation will be undertaken; and

(d) measures taken for drainage of excess waters on national highways in West Bengal in view of high floods level during the recent floods

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI OHAND RAM): (a) National Highways are generally provided with sufficient Cross Drainage system. However in the context of recent unprecedented floods in West Bengal, investigations have been undertaken to assess damages to National Highways and consider remedial measur-25

- (b) Investigation where completed have indicated need for strengthening and improvement of cross drainage works etc.
 - (c) Does not arise.
- (d) Roads were made trafficable at the earliest. Immediate further remedial measures to restore the flood affected stretches of National Highwave to preflood conditions are in hand. Wherever investigations have been completed, suggested remedial measures such as strengthening and improvement of cross drainage works etc. have been/are being undertaken It has however to be noted that drainage problems of highways are linked with the overall problem of riverine floods and drainage in any area.

Production of Controlled Cloth

*325. SHRI P. S. RAMALINGAM: STRI C. VENUGOPAL:

Will the Minster of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that mills have let down Government in regard to production of controlled cloth expected of them;

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- (b) the quantity which they were expected to produce and the quantity actually produced, and
- (c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to ensure that the mills conform to the policy jaid down in this regard.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI) (a) to (c) Controlled cloth scheme under the new textile policy is being operated on the basis that 100 million square metres of controlled cloth will be produced in the mill sector in a quarter (3 months), of which 50 milhon square metres is to be assigned to the National Textile Corporation and tenders are to be floated for the balance 50 million square metres from private sector mills. National Textile Corporation is to be assigned additional production to the extent of shortfall from the private sector mils

For the quarter October-December, 1978 response from the private sector covered about 25 million square metrics, of which about 16 81 million square metrics was accepted. The about 31 p million square metrics aboen additionally Textule Corporation, Admit production would be known after the end of December, 1978

Firing by Pak Troops across the Line of actual control in Rashmir "333 SHRI KUMARI ANANTHAN: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to at the

- (a) the number of times the Pakis tant troops fired across the line of actual control in the Rajouri Section in Jammu and Kashmir since August, 1973.
- (b) the number of Indian easualties, it any, and
- (c) the action taken to prevent such firms; on the part of Pakislam troops?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE, (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) and (b) During the period from 1st August, 1978 to 3rd December, 1978, Pakustiani forces opened fire on five occasions along the Line of Control in the Rayour sector of Jammu and Kashmir There was no casualty on our side.

(c) Such incidents, which are not, astogether uncommon, are sought to be resolved at local levels through diag meetings between sector Commanders Our security forces are maintaining constant vigilance on the border and have standing orders to take firm action where necessary.

Activaties of Raincesh Ashram

*334 SHRI C K. CHANDRAP-PAN,

SHRI M. KALYANA-SUNDARAM;

- Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state.
- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to reports appearing in some publications in Delhi and Bombay regarding the functioning of Rajneesh Ashram in-Pune, and
- (b) if so, the details and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL) (a) Yes, Sur.

- (b) Appropriate action for violation of specific provisions of law, if any, would be taken.
- Offer to manufacture Leather Goods in India by German Govt
- *235 SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that German Government have offered tomake leather goods in India-

- (b) if so, whether India has accepted the offer:
- (c) if so, what are the conditions; and
- '(d) whether any delegation visited India to settle the deal?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAFTI): (a) No, Sir.
 - (b) and (c). Do not arise.
 - (d) No, Sir.

33

Assistance to West Bengal for Flood Relief

*337. SHRI SAUGATA ROY: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the West Bengal State Government has protested both against the quantum and mode of assistance given to that State for flood relief; and
- (b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto?
- THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) No protest

has been received from the West Bengal Government but Hon. Hembers from West Bengal have unged in Parliament that Central assistance to the State for repairs and restoration of essential works should be treated as grants instead of advance Plan assistance.

(b) Central Government assistance to States affected by natural calamities has been governed so far by the recommendations of the 6th Finance Commission, and the assistance has invariably been in the form of loans to be set off against Central assistance towards the States Five Year Plan. The manner in which the outstanding amounts of advance Plan assistance should be adjusted in relation to the 1978—39 Plan is under Government? consideration. Due care will be taken to see that the State's development efforts on not suffer because of the obligation to repay Central loans in the form of advance Plan assistance in 1978-79.

Production in Badarpur Thermal Plant

*338. SHRI DHARAM VIR. VASISHT:

SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the nature of problems faced by the Badarpur Thermal Plant together with the steps taken to solve them more particularly with reference to the recent spate of subversive activities; and
- (b) present production figures of its total capacity?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) The three operating units of 100 MW each at Badarpur Thermal Power Station have been supplied by BHEL and were commissioned in 1973, 1974 and 1975 respectively. In the initial stages there were many tube failures in the three boilers which reduced the availability of power from the station, Apart from facing certain equipment deficiencies, the units had remained on long outages on different occasions for carrying out repairs of generator transformer, turbine and generator rotors etc. While the National Thermal Power Corporation to whom the management of the power station was transferred from 1st April, 1978 was trying to tackle the technical problems in the operation and maintenance of the plant and exploring the avenues of settlement of various demands of the Badarpur Thermal Power Station staff, it was unfortunate that the labour and supervisory staff went on a strike from 25th October, 1978 to 4th November, 1978 to press for their demands including early finalisation of the

Written Answers

ferms and conditions of the absorption of the supervisory staff in the NTPC Even certain cases of sabotage in the plant area were also reported

- Following steps have been taken by the NTPC management to tackle various problems
 - (i) Project renovation DFOgramme has been launched to identify the equipment deficiencies and to take mea ures for rectifying these defects.
 - (at Regular monitoring of the performance of the station has been undertaken.
 - (iii) Constant dialogue between management and the employees is being held to sort out pending service matters.
 - (iv) Measures to improve industrial relations are being constantly restewed.
 - (v) Securify mea ures have been tightened up in the plant area and the employees have been warned of the serious consequences in case they are found guilty of acts of sabotage
 - (b) The Power station had generated 518 million units on 10th December, 1978, and had touched a peak load of 220 MW on that day

Death Toll in Road Accidents in Delhi

*339 SHRI SHANKARSINHJI

VACHELA SHRI ISEWAR CHAUDHRY

Will the Minuter of HOME AF-FAIRS be presed to state

- (a) whether the death toil in road accidents in Delhi Is on the increase,
- (b) the number of persons killed in road acredents in Delhi per day on on everage and how these figures compare with the figures a decade
 - in toad artificial deaths and the meature taken or proposed to be taken to enture mie road traffic!

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SURI S D PATIL) (a) to (c). 651 persons have been kalled in road accidents in Delhi during the period from 1st January 1978 to 30th November 1978 as against 594 m 1977 and 587 and 510 in the previous two years respectively An analysis of the number of deaths in road accidents every year would show that the number is on the increase. On an average about two persons were killed during the last two years (year 1977,

Among the various causes for the increase in read accidents are the increase in population from around 40 66 lakhs in 1971 to around 54 lakhs in 1973, increase in motor vehicles from around 21,904 in 1957 to about 4,05,101 in 1977, the presence of about 20,000 registered and 30,000 unregistered slow moving vehicles which includes iongas, cycle-nekshaws, bullock carts, and horse carts, existence of parrow and over-crowded streets in the walled city, inadequacy of transport to cope with the abnormal increase in the number of commuters and consequent overloading to public transport vehicles, lack of stringent check of the grant and renewal of driving incence, and inadequacy of traffic police It is seen that over a period of time, there has not been a proportionate strengthening of the regulatory agencies as compared to the increase in the volume of traffic Considering all these aspects on Expert Committee has recommended some merease in traffic control stall and their recommendations are under considerations

Coal Supply to M.P.

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*340. SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether during the last four months, the coal supply to Madhya Pradesh has been reduced to 60 per cent of the actual requirement:

- (b) if so, reasons therefor; and
- (c) the remedial measures under contemplation in this respect?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) No. Sir.

 (b) and (c). Question does not arise.

पुलिस के साधुनिकी करण की पंचववींच योजना

क्361. श्री राज केशर सिहः क्या गृह मंत्री निम्निविवित जानकारी देशनि चाला एक विचरण समायटन पर राजने की क्रमा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा पुतिस के आधु-निकीकरण के लिए एक पंत्र वर्षीय केन्द्रीय योजना तैकार की गई हैं; और
- (ख) यदि हां, तो तत्त्वम्बन्धी व्यौरा क्या हैं?

णूर धंमालपा में राज्य कंशी (श्री धरिक वाल संदा) (क) उल (ज) : पाल सरकार ने संदा) : (क) उल सरकार ने संदा) : (क) उल सरकार ने स्थाने हें पील सर्वे के दीवा है । अहल-70 में स्थाने ने प्रित्त कर में साहित्यों कर ले तिय एक पोजल पहल को भी साहित्यों कर के तिय एक पोजल पहल को भी साहित्यों के प्रति कर के पुरित्त कर मारावी और राज्य पृक्षान प्रकार में में स्थाने के स्थान के स्थान के स्थान के स्थान के साहित्य के प्रति के साहित्य

- (1) अगराध अभिलेखों, स्रांकड़ों बीर लेखाओं के लिए सांकड़ा प्रक्रिया मसीनें । (2) स्वामालक्षिक विशाव प्रयोगसालाओं और
- .जांच पढ़ताल की अन्य वैद्यानिक सहायता के लिए उपकरण।
- (3) अंधुली चिह्न ब्यूरो के लिए उपकरण।

- (4) संदिश्व दस्तावेओं की परीक्षा के लिए केन्द्रों के लिए उपकरण,
- (5) वायरसैस उपकरण, टेलीप्रिटर सेवाओं समेल लाइन संचार व्यवस्था का विस्तार संबंधी पूजीमत व्यव और वायरसैस गरदी वाहन ।
- (६) प्रशिक्षण संस्थाओं के लिए उपकरण ।
- (१) उन्नत गतिशीलताके लिए बाहव ।

बाद में राज्य त्यायालयिक विज्ञान प्रयोगवालाओं के भवनों के निर्माण के लिए केन्द्रीय सहायदा भी दी गई थी।

इस बोरजा में 25 प्रतिकात स्वास्त्रासुमा गीर, 75 प्रतिकात प्रत्या प्रतिकारी स्वास्त्रा निष्ठ निर्माण के स्वास्त्री निर्माण के प्रतिकारी निर्माण के प्रतिकारी प्रतिकारी निर्माण के प्रतिकारी प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकार प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकार प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकार प्रतिकारी के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार विद्यालया के प्रतिकार के प्रतिकारी विद्यालया के प्रतिकार के प

1969-70 से 1978-79 तक की खर्बी में राज्यों को दो जाने वाली कुछ केन्द्रीय सहायता 50.84 करोड रुपये होगी ।

सायुक्ति करम मोशना है मार्वकाण वा पुत-रिताण करने प्रीर मेशना केश्विक कमानी राजा-त्वन के सिए ज्यान सुवाने के देखें कर कमानी राजा-कर के सिए ज्यान सुवाने के देखें कर के स्वयन्त्र दश्चारी के स्वयों रिपोर स्वयन्त्र की प्रीर जन्म सायुक्तिकरण मार्वका के सीध प्रमान के एक्स के प्रमानती परित्यम् सीर 1.5 कर्षक रच्ये क्स कर्मा परित्यम् की रिताशित की है। के स्वयन्ति परित्यम् की रिताशित की है। वह रिपोर्ट क्यो पार्मी और होश्य करिता की है। वह रिपोर्ट क्यो पार्मी और होश्य करिता की हो होश्य कर परित्य है।

केन्द्रीय परकार ने प्रीस्त बनों से वाप्तियों बनाने के निर्देश विधित्य पेत परित से किनीय बीतना देवार पर्दी की है। पुलिब बनों के प्राथमिकरण के अपनेया की आरी एवं में शांत्री प्राथमिकरण के अपनेया की आरी एवं में शांत्री मार्गि मित्रा आरोगी हुए जाने परित सिंगितों की ज्ञान महार्गिता के बाधिकरिकरण के लिए के बत्त कि कि में ज्ञानी की प्रीक्ष करता, पुलिब सेवार, पुलिब सेवार केंद्रिय, यावतासिक स्थान प्रशेत प्रशास क्षत्रीय के इसिंग्यण का मुझालंड प्रशास क्षत्रीय के इसिंग्यण का मुझालंड कर्मा और प्राथमिकिश्यल्य की मीति के किन्द्र के विष्यू क्यामी की निवादील करना पान्द्रीय कृतिय

Durgapur Calcutta National Highway

*343 SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be plea ed to state

- (a) when the planning regarding Durganur Calcutta Naturnal Highway was finalised and when actual execution started
- (b) how for the above roadways have been completed.
- (c) when the necessary funds will be provided instead of leaving the construction as it is and delaying it. and
- (d) when the completion of such a busy link road connecting the busiest industrial town of West Bengal can be expected?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM) (a) The planning for the Duragapur-Calcutta exp essnay was done by the West Bengal Government prior to 1961 and the con truction work was taken up by them in 1961

- (b) The work on the project was su gended by the state in 1965 after incurring an expenditure of Rs 202 crores on part land acquisition, earth work collection of materials cross dra,nage works etc
 - (c) and (d) Calcutta-Palsit section of Burgapur Expressings was declared as a part of NHL 2 m July 1975 It has not been possible to take up work on this section due to constraint; on financial resources as the project is expected to involve heavy investment. Its taking up and completion would depend upon the availability of

Sale of Viggens to India

3184 SHRI A. R BADRI NARAYAN

> SHREAT V CHANDRA. SHUKHARA MIRTHY

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that U.S. had not permitted Sweden to sell vig-Lens aircraft to India.
 - (b) if so how far this is true.
- (c) whether this was brought to the pouce of U S Government and India s displeasure was conveyed to them, and
 - (d) if so, what was their reaction?
- THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) and (b) Yes, Sir, it i, true that the Government of USA has not permitted the manufacturers of the Viggen, Saab Scania of Sweden to transfer to India licence for the manufacture of the engina of American design (Praft and Whitney) fitted to the Viggen
- (c) and (d) The Government did not consider it necessary to take up the matter directly with the Government of USA. The matter was essentially one hetween the Swedish and US Governments

Representations on deteriorating Law and Order situation in Tripura

- 3185 SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state
- (a) whether a number of represen tations received by the Ministry about the deteriorating situation of law and order in the Tripura State particularly from Khoyal where a member of Grant Panehayat had been killed,
- (b) if so the details of the representations received up-to-date datewise, and

(c) the details of the action taken uptodate regarding the representations and the result achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL):
(a) and (b). Two representations one from a Member of Parliament and another from an ex-MLA were received.

(c) The representations were forwarded to the Government of Tripura for necessity action, According to the report received from the State Government two persons have been arrested in connection with "Khoya" Marder case. State Government have also informed that steps have been taken to maintain law and order.

पाकिस्तानी राद्धिकों द्वारा नास्तीय महिला का श्रमहरण

3186 श्रीचतुर्जुजः क्या गृह मंत्री यह क्याने श्रीक्रमाकरेंगे कि:

(क) बचा यह सब है कि चार पाकिस्ताची पिकों ने नक्ष्मर 1970 की एक पात को पाक्स्याच के पुरिसा पाना कियाप में गांक नोजारिया से वेता गांट के घर से उसकी 30 वर्षीय पत्नी नाय का प्रपट्टा कर लिया और एक अंट भी उटा से ये :

(य) यदि हों,,तो इस घटनाका व्यीप क्या हैं; श्रीर

(ग) सरकार ने इस संबंध में क्या कार्रवाई की है ?

पृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री धनिक साल मण्डल): (क्) से (ग): राज्य सरकार से सूचना एकत की जारही है और युवावधि सदन के पदल पर रख से आएगी।

District Industries Centres in Assam

3187. SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that District Industries Centres (DIC) are now being set up all over the country and/ or at Integrated Rural Development Blocks (IRDB);

- (b) how the All India Handicrafts Board is enabling to keep close intermeshing of the board with the DICs and IRDB;
- (c) number of such centres exists and proposed to be set up in the cur rent years/plan period (separately) in Assam and how it is proposed to be intensified further; and
- (d) the reasons why more number of DICs not be provided in Assem and particularly in Goalpara District which is the major jute growing District in the country and whose handicrafts are becoming increasingly popular in western markets?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI); (a) The District Industries Centres are being set up at the district headquarters all over the country in a phased manner. So far 233 District Industries Centre have been approved.

- (b) Institutions like the Directorate of Handicrafts, Directorate of Handicoms and the Khadi and Village Industries Commission have been advised to have close linkages with the District Industries Centres wherever they are involved in grass-root activities;
- (c) and (d). So far request for setting up 5 District Industries Contrees in Assam has been received from the State Government and opproval has been given to the setting up of all the 5 District Industries Centre, including the one at Goolpara. Proposals for setting up more District Industries Centres in Assam will be examined as and when requests in this regard are received from the State Government.

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3158. बा॰ रामनो सिंह - स्वा विज्ञान घोर प्रौद्योगिको मधी यह बताने की कृपा करेंने कि

- (क) भारत धमरीकी भौर परियोजना के सफत होने में ज्या बाजाएं हैं।
- (स) इस दिशा में घव तक क्या सफलता मिनी है। मीर
- (ग) इन परिपारना से भारत का स्वानस्थ साम हास '
- वधान माने (भी मोताराजों देवाई) (क) विधि (व) समुद्रात व्यवस्थात विस्तृतन दिवाद विस्तृतन देवाद विस्तृतन देवाद विस्तृतन देवाद विस्तृत के परिवादन स्थापन स्थापन स्थापनी सह-प्राप्त माने प्रतिकाद परिवादनामां के सिहान के पिता कर प्रतिकाद परिवादनामां के सिहान के निष्कृत के प्रतिकादनामां के सिहान के पिता कर प्रतिकादन के प्रत
 - (1) सोर विश्वन तापीन प्रमालियां, प्रशास बास्टीय प्रमालियां, प्रचीतन प्रमाला तसा गय नापमा उन्हों प्रमालियां के उपसा म प्रामीण क्षेत्रा के लिए एसीइन उसी प्रमारी ।
 - (2) इपि जिलादों का मखाने के लिए सौद कर्वाप्रणालिया सा इष्ट्रपोदस्य । बह तर पाना गया कि 'सब व ऊर्जा सर्वेप्टन' (टाटन एनजों पंतेज) पर परियोजना के लिए भारत की बार से की उर्च **१०एर० प्रदर्भ प्रमिकरण हाया तथा** वयुक्त राज्य अन्तरीका की मोर से बेट प्रापत्यन लेकारेटरी, पानियो प्रकृषी धमिकरण हा**या** । इषि उत्पाद हे सीर मुख्य हे क्षेत्र में पत्रमनाई शिश्तिवानयं ने सपुत्रन राम्य प्रमुपेश के कीनीरेड़ों स्टेट विश्वविद्यालय * वाप एक मह्याया मह परियोजना का प्रस्तात रिया है । समीज विकास सेसम्बद्ध परियोजनाया के निए संयुक्त राज्य मयपेश ने मारत-पनपोडी बहुवी-कायक कार्य में सहयोग देते है निवे 10 नाम्ब राजर का विनिधान दिए है, एवं वे वेन परियोजनायों को

फिर बालू करने में बहुत मधिक मुविधा मिनेनी वा कि सपुक्त राज्य ममरीका की भोर से जो सन के सभाव में पहते रही हो हैंगी।

(ग) यह समझा जाता है कि भीर कर्ता के क्षेत्र में भारत-समरीकी सहयोगारमक परियोदनामा का ककत्ता पूर्वक कार्यानित हो बाने पर इन में मामीच क्षेत्र की कर्दा नवधी धावस्वकृतामा नी मामूनि करने की बाजी धनना होती।

Setting up of Industries based on Technology

3189 SHRI S R. DAMANI- Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state

- (a) the particulars of the industries based on the technology developed by the Department of Science and Technology and its Research Laboratories or Institutes which have been allowed to be set up without obtaining the usual Industrial Licence during the carrient year.
- (b) the various fields covered by them, and
- (c) the number of proposals and their particulars which are at present pending with the Department of Science and Technology?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARII DESAI) (a) and (b). During the current year commencing from 1st April 1978, the Department of Science, and Technology has issued 7 certificates by which Industrial Units have been ellowed to be set up without obbauming an industrial hience. The particulars thereof are given in Statement I.

(c) As on 30th November, 1978, 7 cases are under consideration and particulars thereof are given in

STATEMENT-I

Applications/Proposals for which the Certificate of Delicensing have been issued since 14-1978.

S No.	Industry/Fie	d		Source of Technology	Items for Manufacture
Į.	Electronics				(a) Power Electrionics System. (b) Mass Applications Systems (Microway Ovens).
				(c) IIT's, BARC, IISc & CEL	(r) Analytical & Laser Systems.
					(d) High Technology System.
					(e) Production Equipment.
2.	Printing	-	•	NPL, New Delhi . 3	3-D, Panoramic Display : Picture Car Portraitsis and Translites.
3	Chemicals			RRL, Hyderabod . (a) Gly exal 40% b) Sodium Acetate Anhydrous (Bye Product).
4.	Electronics			Electronics Corpora- tion of India, Ltd., Hyderabad.	Microwave overs for Industrial and Dent- tic Appliacations.
5-	Chemicals			NML, Jamshedpur I	Electrolytic Mangonese Dioxide (Parte Grade).
6.	Electronics			Space Applications Centre, Ahmedabad.	Microwave Communication System for communications satellite station (mobi- and fixed).
7-	Pharmaceutic	als		RRL, Hyderabad . I	RH3 (N-Phenylethylanthrauilic acid) fo mulations based on it.
			_	STATEMENT	r_II
Арр	clications/Propo	ocals c	me	ler consideration for the	issue of a Certificate of Celicosing as o
S. No.	Industry/Fie		_	urce of Technology	Items proposed for Manufacture

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30-11-1978	
S. No.	Industry/Field	Source of Technology	Items proposed for Manufacture
τ.	Electronics .	iects Ltd. Paignat.	Four Wire Group Sciectors and Inter- digital Multiconnecter.
۹.	Chemical .	NCL Pune	Paranitrophenol and Orthonitropheno
3-	Chemical 3	(a) CSMCRI Bhavnagar (b) Industrial Consulting Bureau (obtained from Industrial Processes	(e) Desires
4.	Pesticide	(Maharashtra) Ltd.) NCL Pune	Dimethoate Technical and its formulation
5.	Chemical .	RRL Hyderabad .	Glyoxed 40%
6.		BARO, Bumbay	LED Panel Lamps LED displays for multi- meters/Deak Galoulators/Clocks and var- ious other industrial and test instruments of colour—red green amber and orange
7-	Electronics (T.	Space Application Centre Abmedabad.	Digital Time Base Correcton Low Cest T Studio Equipments, UHF Radio Rela Equipment.

हाय से दने हुए मालोबों का उत्पादन

3190 श्री पृष्ठात , स्वा उद्योष मनी यह बदान सी सम्पा करण कि

- (४) स्या हाथ से इने हुए मानीवों सा उत्पादन बहुत प्रांत पति स हो रहा है ,
- (य) स्वा ६व सानीचो को विदेशों को सप्ताई करने के मामले में पाकिस्तात के साथ कडी प्रतिस्पर्धी है ।
- (ग) स्वाइस देख में बानीना क काम में आये जाने वाले बहिया किस्म के उनी धामे दो दमी है, गौर
- (प) क्या दीठ बीठ एष्ट धार्यं ने सर्वेशन कर के टिप्पणी की कि मानवा को मान पूर्व करते के लिए उनके के दूस ते लादन करक समाने की मुसाइम है धीर बाँद हो, तो हम बारे ने सत्तार का कीन की बीवता कियानित करन का दिवार है और कब तक तमा बादि कोई सा निवार करते वा विचार गर्दी हैंदी, एक्के बना वारण हैं?

उद्योग मञ्जलय में राज्य मती (श्रोमती ग्रामा माइति : (क) भी, हा 1

- (ध) भी हा। पातिस्तान ने गालीका ना निर्वात 100 स 120 कराड रूपये के मत्त्र स्तर का तिना पा नव कि फारत न 75 से 76 कराड रुपये कूस ना निर्यात विभा था।
 - (ग) को हा ।
- (व) अधिन भारतीय हन्त्रीयत्व बोर्ड को टी सी दल्य भाई द्वारा ६व धेन में क्ये गये विसी सर्वेशन के बारे में कोई प्रावकारी नहीं है ।

Second Bridge at Hooghly

3191 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERVA Will the Minister of SHIP-PING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

(a) whether the Calcutta Port Trust
has been acting as Executing Agency
for the total execution of Second
Hoogaly Endage over the Hoogaly river
in Calcutta.

- (b) whether there has been much delay in the completion of the said
 - (c) it so, the defails thereof and rea-
 - (d) effective steps being taken to see that the bridge is completed soon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAMI, (a) Hooghly River Bridge Commissioners, a State Government body, is administering this state project and had entrusted the work of the bridge proper to the Calcutia Port Commissioners as their agent The State Government now decided to change this agency arrangement and the work would be managed by Hooghly River Commissioners themselves directly

(b) and (c) Viaducts and approaches are already in progress. Bridge proper is expected to be taken up shortly after the final detailed design has been upproved by the foreign consultants appointed by the State Government Out slanding issues regarding design have been got settled by the State Government by arranging discussions Letween the consultants and the contrac tors. Delay in the actual start of the work has been due to the time require? for finalisation of the detailed design principles for such an intricate structure and in sorting out some contractual matters by the State Government

(d) Steps are covisaged by the State Government for settling design issues or other matters involved through frequent meetings between the consultants and the contractors and finalising a date bound programme for the construction of the bridge.

Officers on Deputation

3192 SHRI KIRIT BIKRAM DEB BURMAN Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state.

(a) whether under Government rules, these appointed on deputation temporarily to a specific post are required to be received to their original parent cader/Service/department as the case may be, on the completion of the specific period, or on the happengree of contemplated incumatances,

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(c) the reasons for their continuation on deputation and the steps being taken to revert them to the parent endro?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). The information is not available in the Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms.

Military Engineering College Campus

3193, SHRI V. G. HANDE: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that College of Military Engineering Compus Kitkee (Pune) contains various thoroughfaces leading to numerous villages and private traffic passes through the main gate of CMLE, (Pune) which is a zecurity bazard and a menace robbing privacy of the officers with their families in, the Campus; and
- (b) if so, what remedial steps Government propose to take to divert this private thoroughfare away from this protected defence area?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE. (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM); (a) There are no thoroughfares leading to different villages through C.M.E. Campus, except for one Village, Bobbel. This village is surrounded by river Mula towards south and by C.M.E. Campus/Army Camps in other directions and have no other direct outlet to Kirkee/Pune except through C.M.E. Campus/Thus on 'unmailtarian' agrounds the

College authorities have permitted residents of Village Bopkhel as well as private traffic from that village to pass through the Compus by the laid down cottle of approximately 2Kh8 nassing in fram of only 20 Officer's quarters to reach the main road. There is, however, no security hazard involved as adequate measures have been taken by way of fencing, guards and patrol guards for ensuring the privacy of the officers and their families residing in the College Campus.

(b) As Village Bopkhel has no access from the main road except though the CME, Campus, an alternative route will have to be provided for the residents of that village by constructing a bridge over river Mula by the State Government of Maharashtra. Till such an alternative route is provided it will not be proper to deny access, on humanitarian grounds, to the residents of the above village through CME. Campus to reach the main road.

Gain or Loss due to closure of Coca Cola and Fanta

3194. SHRI S. S. DAS: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) what has been the gain or loss to the Government due to the closure of Coca Cola and Fanta in India:
- (b) whether Government consider allowing the import of Coca Cola concentrate under Open General Licence or under a Trade Agreement; and
 - (c) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHIU-MATT ABHA MAITT). (a) After the date of closure there has been to further accrual of profits or other charges for remittances abroad, It has also increased the market for indigenous manufacturers of soft drinks...

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- b) No Sur
- (c) Does not arise.

Lucence to Birla Group for Paper Pulp Piant, Lat. Kuan, Naimtal

3195 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be nleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that a licence has been assued to Birla Brothers for erecting a large paper pulp plant at Lat Kuan in the District of Nainital in UP.
- (b) if so what is the total cost of this project and up to what date it will be established, and
- (c) what will be total output at this Hant when commissioned and operated?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI-MATI ABHA MAITI) (a) Only a letter of intent has been granted to M/s. Century Pulp (a division of Century Spinning & Manufacturing Co Ltd.) for the establishment of a new undertaking at Namital in the State of Uttar Pradesh for the manufacture of the following items -

	Tonnes per annum
\cupust	20,00c

- 2 White Printing Paper 20,000
 - 3 Rayon Grade Pulp

(b) and (c) The iqual cost of the project is estimated, at Rs. 70 crores It is too early to say as to when the troject is likely to be commissioned It may be expected to reach a capa tity will tailor of about 80 per cent. which is normal for the paper industry

Defence Expenditure in India

3196 SHRI DURGA CHAND WILL the Minister of DEFENCE be please. to state-

- (a) whether it is a fact that his attention has been drawn to his statement published in the Times of India of 16th November, 1978 in which he is reported to have stated that the Defence Expenditure is the lowest in India as compared to that in other countries, and
- (b) if so the names of the countries the Defence expenditure of which has been taken into consideration while assessing expenditure of India's defencez

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) and (b) Yes Sir What the Defence Minister stated was that the Defence expendi ture in India was amongst the lowest in the World The country was spending between 3 per cent to 4 per cent of the GNP on Defence whereas most of the countries having relevance to our geo political environment and for which published data is available spend a higher percentage of their GNP For example according to available information Iran spent 7 per cent to 174 per cent of GNP on Defence during the years 1973 to 1976 Pakistan spent 62 per cent to 84 per cent of GNP on Defence in the same years Similarly, China is reportedly spending around 9 per cent of GNP. on Defence

Development of "77"

- 3197 SHRI BIRENDRA PRASAD Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state-
- (a) how much money and time have the Government, Central Food and Technological Research Institute spent on developing the drink "77",
- (b) whether it is a fact that this drink was developed because the bottlers of

tlers of Coca Cola were representing drink was developed because the botif Coca Cola was closed in India: and

(c) whether there is any substantial unemployment in the Coca Cola plants which have not taken the drink "??"?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI-MATI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). The drink '77' was not developed by the Government. However, at the instance of the Government the Ceatral Food Technology Research Institute undertook a project in 1974 inter-alia to develop an indigenous substitute for the Cola beverage being made from imported raw materials by a foreign company. Major work in this regard was completed by the end of 1976 and efforts for commercial utilisation were initiated in July, 1977 with market trials at different places. Commercial marketing commenced in November, 1977. As this project covered development of not only cola beverage concentrate but also other popular flavours, separate costing on the development of the drink '77' has not been done by Central Food Technological Research Institute.

(c) Government is not aware of any substantial unemployment in the Coca Cola plants which have not taken up franchise of the drink '77'.

Representation Regarding Energy from Indu Industries, Pune

3198. SHRI R. K. MHALGI: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNO-LOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Department of Science and Technology have received a representation regarding Energy from Indu Industries, Pune in the month of March-April, 1978;
- (b) if, so, the action taken by Government thereon;
- (c) if no action has been taken so far, the reasons for delay; and

- (d) whether the concerned have been intimated of the action taken by Government?
- THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI); (a) The Department of Science & Technology has not received any 'representation' from Indu Industries Pune, However, the Department had received from Shri D. V. Joshi of Indu Industries Pone a naper entitled 'the atmospheric air and water can be used, a non-exhausting all pervading and non-polluting bonaza for energy'. In this, the author has suggested the design of a machanical system utilizing atmospheric pressure combined with a suction device for raising the level of water and thereby obtaining potential energy of stored water which could then be used for generating nower.
- (b) The paper was considered in consultation with experts. It is found that the system would consume more energy than it can generate and would therefore not be feasible or viable.
 - (c) Does not arise.
 - (d) Yes. Sir.

Orders for supply of Transformers to Lucknow Firm by D.E.S.U.

- 3199. SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISII-NAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether DESU has given ordersfor the supply of 25 transformers to a Lucknow firm despite the General Manager's recommendation against it;
- (b) if so, the name of the company and reasons for giving orders to this particular firm despite G.M.'s objection:
- (c) whether the earlier transformers were auctioned away after using them only for seven days; and
- (d) if so, whether any probe has been conducted into these deals?

THE MINISTER OF EVERGY (SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN) and (b) Based on the tender to quiries floated through the Press three proposals for the purchase of transform is of different specifications nere formally submitted by General Manager DESU in May 1978 to the Delhi Electric Supply Cort mittee for their decision The DESU who were competent to take final dec con for placement of orders for 2a nos of transformers on M/s Graduate Engineers Lucknow who were found lowest with respect to the quoted price but not recommended by the General Manager manly be cause of the delay caused by the firm in execution of an earlier order and also the technical capability of the firm

(c) No Su

(d) Does not ar se

Broadcast in Tribal Lauguages Songs and Musics on ALR., Jeppere Orissa

3200 SHRI GIRIDHAR GOVIANGO
Will the Minister of INFORMATION
AND BOADCASTING be pleased to
state

- (a) the tribal languages songs and mus cs and themes introduced and broadcast so far from All India Radio Station Jeypore Onssa
- (b) total number of tribals particl paled in this programme and
- (c) programmes pending and pro posed for the future programmes from AIR. Jeypore of different tribal langusets of Korabut district and time duration provided to broadcast the tame.

variety of tribal languages in its junisdiction it broadcasts compositprogramme of various fribal languages which include Bhatra Godaba, Gord Saura Porja Gumura Salwa Koya and Donda

So far nearly 13,200 tribule lives participated in these tribul programmes. There is no proposal of present for the expansion of the tribal programmes However the permanent studies are commissioned and the Station begins to function as a fulfieldged Shation the possibilities of nerease in the duration of the tribal programmes will be taken note of.

Dock Class Fare

3201 SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARULE-KAR Will the Minister of SHIPPING-AND TRANSPORT be pleased to refer to the reply given to part (d) of tinstarted Question No 7349 dated the 19th April 1978 regarding Kongan Passengers Service and state

- (a) whether Government have accepted the recommendation or propose to accept the recommendation of the study group to reduce the deck class form.
- (b) the grounds on which the study group made thus recommendation to reduce the deck fare and
- (c) if the recommendation has not feen accepted the reasons for the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHIII CHAND RAM) (a) Yes, Sir the recommendation to reduce the deck Jass fare between Bombay and Panaji hab been accepted by Government

- (b) The fare has been reduced in order to make it compatitive with bus fare.
 - (c) Does not arise.

to the provisions of conduct *ules

- (i) strictly abide by any law relating to inforceating drinks or drugs in force in any area in which he may happen to be for the time being
- (ii) not be under the influence of any inforcating drink or drug 'ur' rig the course of his dufy and snall also take due care that the perfora an e of his duties at any time prot affected in any way by the influe of of such drink or drug.
- (ui) refrain from consuming any in outsating drank or drug in a public place
- (iv) not appear in a public place in a state of intoracation
- (v) not use any intoxicating until o drug to excess.

Instructions have also been issued to eeting the disciplinary author test to take a serious view of violation of the aforesaid conduct rule and to jute the severest punishment to those Governm it employees who are I found guilfy of violating that rule

Peplatement of Cement concrete by Asphalt on highway \ 0 17

3205 SHRI ANVASAHEB GO1 KHINDE Will the Minister of SHIPP I'VG AND TRA'SPORT be pleased to stote

- (a) whether the proposal to replace the baily-cracked cement concrete porlion by feerble asphalt surface between Kashod; and Sangamashwar in Rainagari district on National Highhay to 12 is pending with Govern ment since last year,
 - (b) whether he has assured the early sanction of the same and
 - (c) if to, what sters are being later to make the necessary funds existed for this work during the

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN-CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM) (a) to (c) The Gav ertment of Maharashira are modifying the proposals and those are execute, shortly The most affected lengths are she'ly to be sanctioned in the current year and alcotted the required funds in the meantime every endeasure is being made to maintain a fair riding surface on the road

Rassian Offer of Heavy Water

3'06 SHRI SARAT KAR Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY Le pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that recently the Soviet Ambassador in India has made indication that Hussia is anxious to assist India to tide over its heavy water scarcity for running the nuclear power stations, and
- (b) if so the detail regarding the progress of negotiations held in this regard between Russia and Ind a?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRAMORARJI DESAI) (a) No Sir

(b) Does not arise

हिटो प्रविकारियों क सेवारास में वृद्धि

- 3207 ओटी इस नियी क्या गृह मनी यह कतान की इस करण कि
- (क) नवा नरहारी भाषा विभाग द्वारा एमें हिन्नी प्रीकारियों के सवा काल में युद्धि नगन के विव पीरफा नांधी विचा गया है जो तरक सामाध्य रहा पाय कर यह हमीर स्वा उसन परिस्त में यह भी नहां गया है कि उन करते को दिसम्बर 1978 तक नांगी रखन क निरु मद सोक मेबा मामोन मनु संवि रणा भीर
- (व) मंदिहा तो क्यासरकार शाविचार देव 1979 में भी उदीसरहेका एक परिषद्र प्रारी करन का है ?
- गृह भवावय में धान्य सती (थी धानक सात मार्च (क) भीर (थ) सरवार द्वारा विभन्न मेवावरी विभागी भीर उन काम्यव वादिनां है मेन्द्रानमें धीर डिन्से बीचार्यारमें मार्दिक पर्योक्त कर्मानमें धीर डिन्से बीचार्यारमें मार्दिक पर्योक्त कर्म पुरूष करीव तस्त्री बनाव प्राप्त प्रमुष्ट पित्रम निवा नवा है 3 इस की प्रमान मार्ग्य हैंगू 20

जुलाई, 1978 को एक परिपत जारी किया गया था जिसकी प्रतिलिपि समापटल पर रखदी गई है । [प्रत्यालय में रखों सबी । देखिए संट्या एल०टी०— 3036/78] 1

श्रादेश में उल्लिखित श्रवधि को ३१ दिमम्बर. 1074 में और बाते बताये जाने पर यसग से विचार किया जा रहा है।

Supply of Aluminium for Manufacture of Conductors by S.E.B.

· 3208 SHRI SUKHENDRA SINGH: SHRI SUBHASH AHUJA:

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is alround shortage of E.C. Grade Aluminium required by the State Electricity Boards for manufacturing ACSR/AAC conductors for their transmission and distribution programmes; and
- (b) if so, what steps Government are taking to meet this shortage?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b). In view of the shortfall in indigenous production of Aluminium, import of Electrical Grade Aluminium has also been arranged to the extend found necessary.

Lathi Charge and Firing to Control Mob Protesting against Forcible Sterilisation

3209, SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRA-DHAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of villages or places where Government stooped to lathi charge and firing to control the mob that protested the forcible sterilisation of men during the Emergency under the 5 point plan of Shri Sanjay Gandhi and also under the then Government at the Centre; and
- (b) the number of persons who either succumbed to injuries or died or were arrested or kept in prison in that connection?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Refrenchement of Workmen from Pong Dam

3210. SHRI U. S. PATIL: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to etate:

- (a) whether it is a fact that in June 1978 (volume 30, No. 2) issue of Journal of Institution, Military Engineers, in the article Beas Project written by Major General T. V. Jeganathan, General Manager, Beas Project has stated that as many as 10840 workmen have been retrenched from unit II (Pong Dam Project) out of 16000 employed workmen there; and
- (b) if so, what compensation has been paid to these workmen and how many out of them have been absorbed or given alternate employment?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN); (a) About 10640 workers were retrenched in a phased manner from the Beas Project Unit II (Pong Dam) out of the total number of 16000 rendered surplus.

(b) The workers due for retrenchment were given retrenchment compensation as admissible under the industrial Disputes Act 1947. In addition, under a settlement arrived at with the Trade Unions on 28-6-1977, workers retrenched after 28-6-1977 who were not entitled to retrenchment compensation, not being covered under the definition of 'workmen' were given ex-gratia equal to retrenchment compensation. Further workers who were not entitled to gratuity under the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972, were given ex-gratia equal to half of the gratuity admissible had they been employed in factory establishment.

About 5550 workers were assisted in securing alternate employment upto October, 1978.

विष्टदे राज्यों के लिये नियवन

3211 भी पोदिन्द राम मिसी क्या योजना मक्षी पट्ट बनान की कृपा करन कि

- (क) याजना प्राथाय क्षाय, बुल राष्ट्रीय विजयन की तुलना में विभिन्न राज्यों के लिये निर्धा रित प्रस्मावित वियवन की प्रतिवदना क्या है, भीर
- (व) क्या अपक्षाहत विकतिन गान्या के निव विकरण की तुलना म विकासकान/सिटड राज्या के क्षि क्षणाविक निवतन प्रतिकार विज से वह विकतिन राज्यों के क्याबद लाया या को कीरविद्याल, वीक्षण करना करण है?

प्रधान मजी (भी मोसरको देवाई) (ह) भीर (व) 1978-83 दे रिए राज्या नी दव वर्षीय शांतराथा भीर रुप्त हो प्रधान के के भीव में विश्व वात वात्रपत्राक दूश भावन्य को मनी निरंग दिया जाता है।

Holding of Triple Charge by Secretary Electronics Commission

3212. SHRI BHAGAT RAM Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECH-NOLOGY be pleased to state

- (a) whether Secretary. Electronics Commission of India has also been appointed a Secretary, Department of Science and Technology and Director-General, CSIR in addition to his preent defies.
- (b) whether in the past three Scientusis used to hold the e posts separately.
- (c) whether all the three departments have been inerged, and
- (d) with what aims and objects, these decision, here been taken and whether one person will be in a position to run three vart departments of hearthy?

THE PERIE MINISTER (SHRI MORARII DESA!) (a) I bel very brut letiod (from fury 16'8 to 1.12-15'8), Secretary duringment of Science and Technolo Director

General CSIR held the posts of Secretary, Department of Electronics and Chairman Electronics Commission, as a purely interim measure of administrative convenience.

- (b) Yes, Sir
- (e) No. Sir

(d) Secretary, Department of Science and Technology does not hold the post of Secretary, Department of Electronics any longer but holds the post of Director-General, CSIR Government consider that this is conducive to administrative convenience and efficiency.

Payment of Power Tax by N.D.M.C.

3213 SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN-DLA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that New Delhi Municipal Committee has stopped payment of power tax to Delhi Municipal Corporation for the power supplied to it and have sought legal opinion in the matter,
- (b) if so, Government's reaction therein, and
- (c) steps proposed to be taken by Government to find out a solution to this dispute between the civic bodies?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHR S D PATIL) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) and (c) The matter is under consideration of Delhi Administration.

Post of Handa Officer

2214 SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether a post of Hindi Officer has been filled up recently in the Ministry of Defence,
- (b) whether the post was filled trothe inviting fresh applications,

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(d) if the above facts are correct, what action is proposed to be taken against the erring officers and to remove the grievance of the affected departmental candidates?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGIUVAN RAM); (a) to (d). A post of Hindi Officer was filled on 11.8-78 by operating a sanel drawn up on 11.5-77 by a duly constituted Selection Committee for this purpose. The panel had been prepared after inviting applications from eligible officers of all Ministries/Departments of Government of India including the Ministry of Defence. All the applicants were subjected to a written test followed by an interview of the candidates who qualified in the written test, by the Selection Committee.

हिन्दी कर्मचारियों के लिए संवर्ग

3215 थी रणजीत सिहः क्या गृह मंत्री यह यताने की छुपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) ज्या यह गच है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार के मंत्रास्त्री / विमानों स्थादि में राजभावर हिन्दी से संबं विस्त पर्दों का संवर्ग बनाने के निष्ट सरकार हारा कई वर्ष पहुले निर्मय से लिये जाने के वावजूद, असी तक ऐसा कोई संवर्ग नहीं बनाया गया है; ओर
- (ख) यदि हां, तो इस के क्या कारण है बौर इस दारे में मरकार का क्या कार्यदाही करने का मस्साय है ?

मुद्र संस्तान से राज्य संत्री (भी शहिक ताला करेका) : (%) और (%) केलीय सकतार से किया है। अपने सार कर के विभिन्न संस्त्रामी (मिनान), आदि की हिन्दी संत्री संत्रा कर से ताल कर से

Uniforms for Class IV Staff

\$216. SHRI RAMA CHANDRA MALLICK;

SHRI ISMAIL HOSSAIN KHAN:

Will the Minister of HOME AF-FAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) why the cloth of uniforms of Class IV employees in Central Government is of course quality while those of Staff Car Drivers is of good quality;
- (b) whether Government are thinking of replacing the uniforms' cloth of Class IV employees; and
 - (c) if so, when it will be replaced?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL) : (a) There is no difference in the quality of cloth used for summer uniforms of Staff Car Drivers and Class IV employees. However, the cloth used for winter uniforms of Staff Car Drivers viz., blue serge is mill made and therefore different from the Khadi woollen used for winter uniforms of Class IV employees. The Khadi Village Industries Commission, which is the sole supplier of Khadi cloth, cotton and woollen, for Government, has not been in a position to supply the requirements of blue serge woollen cloth for Staff Car Drivers.

- (b) No. Sir.
- (c) Does not arise, in view of (b) above.

राजीय राभ मार्थ संहवा 12

- 3217. भी राध्य को : बना मीवहन और परिवहन मंत्री यह बताने की जपा करेंगे कि :
- (क) राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग नंश 12 (नदा प्रदेश) का विज्ञान विमाण हो कुल है नवा दिलना प्रभी होना है सथा यह बच तक पूरा हो जागेगा ;
- (य) इस के जिसीय कार्य को सीझे पूरा करने के निये स्था कार्यवाही की जा ग्ही है; फोर
- (न) उन राष्ट्रीय राज्याचे पर रिश्व श्रीवेट्ट्ले-वेज बाम की सुद्रक, कवियों बादि का विस्तिः

कव बारमम शिवा जावेगा ।

नोवहन स्रोट शरिबहुत मजावय में प्रभारी राज्य (क) राष्ट्रीय राज-भक्ती (श्री चार राम) मान सठ 12 क्ल 426 कि नामाहर लम्बा है । इस में से 336 में तामीटर तह सरक दनी हुई है और वाको देवशी चे बेक्र हेनछंडा तह 90 रिजा-भीटर कमाद में बार्ड भी गएक नही है। इस भाग में निर्माण काम जिल्हियरणा में पूरा हा रहा है। पाता है यह पार का, 1980 तक वृत्त ही धारमा ।

(ख) इस के तिर्भाव तस्य का स्वाङ्गति भीर दम र निग देवशी को दम करन पर दिवस प्यान दिया भारता है और इसके निए भारत्यक धन राधि ना भी प्रवास दिया ना रहा है। इसके निर्माण काय की प्रमान के बार में निरन महिव परबैठको में विचार विसम किया बाता है और क्रीकेपर जा बर धननर निरीपम शिये जाने हैं।

(य) १म र 281वें किलामाहर के विन्द्रशासक गाद) पाग को भौडा करने, उन पर तारकान बिटाने धीर नातिया तथा पुरुषामा वा निर्माण वरन के बार में प्रशस्त, 1978 में साम्य के मदा इसी-निवर न एक प्रस्ताव प्राप्त हमा या। इन सदछ में राज्य के स्वीतित परिशास्त्रि से श्यक्टीटरण कतौर पर बाह्र स्मीरे माने बाह है। ये कीरे बभी नक प्राप्त नेहा हुए हैं भीर उनता इतबार किया आरखा ≵ा

Bus Service from Shalimar Hagh

3218 SHRI RAM KANWAR BER-WA1 Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT he pleased to state

(a) whether there is no bus service for the resident, of newly developed colony of Shalimar Bagh Block-B as a result of which residents of the colony a, well as the labourers Engaged in construction work have to cover long distance to catch a bus, and

(b) if so, the time by which all convenient routes to and for Shalimer Bazh will be provided?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHEE CHAND RALS) . (a) D.D.A Colony Shahirar Bath is bring developed along the Ring Road opposite Wazir-Re Industrial Area The residents Can conveniently avail of a large numher of services operating on Ring Road.

(b) No such proposal 13 under consideration of the Delhi Transport Cornoration at present

> 'एच० एम० टो०' वाचेज इस्पोटॅड' सीर्थंड के धलांत स्थानार

3219. थी मीतोमाई सार० चौग्ररो : स्था उद्योग वर्धा यह बताने नी हमा करते कि ।

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान दिवाक 26 नवम्बर. 1878 के 'हिन्दस्तान टारम्म' में 'एच० एन० दीव बाबेब इम्पादेंड (एन एम दी थी पडिया भाषात को बाती हैं) शोषक के मन्त्रीत प्रकाशित समावार श्री मोर दिलांदा गया है:

(छ) नदा उन्हासमाचार में यह बनाल ध्या है दिल्य एन टी नी पहिचा है पर गापक दक्षिण कारियाँ पादि से नाईवान, हायकाम, श्रमात हिए जाते हैं,

(य) क्या एव० एम० टो० वी विजय कीर काहितर बहिया सुदुर पुत्र के देशों संग्रागत की जाती है बीर स्ता मदाँसे में उतका सायन बीमा भागी मुल्य रचत्र १८६२वे है बब हिये पश्चिम सही केर मूल पर वेथी नाही है, और

(य) बाँद नहीं, तो इस कारे में उध्य क्या है ?

🚰 उद्योद मनात्रव में राज्य नवी (धीमती धामा सरकार ने

¹⁸⁷ (ग) घोर (घ) उत्पादन सुन्तः को मिला क^{र्} विवित स्वातान वर्ग का हा कह एव। एम। सा नी विकास दिशाहितर पहिलों का विकी मूल कमह 216 14 ६० छोरे 226 44६० है। दम निविध वरित बसम्बती सहायक एवडी में नाटी पड़े घड़ियों के महदा में भारत, बीमा, स्टैप्स धीर बारस, क्रमादन तथा मानात मुल्क विपन्न व्यव सीटि पर एवं 0 एमं 0 टी व वा बो ध्यत करवी पड़ना है उसे स्थान में स्थते हुए एवं 0 एमं 0 टी 0 को इन मुख्यो पर धेवल ८ अप्रतिगत से अप्रतिगत तक वा लाभ मिलवा है। पूर्व रव से बाडी ए विद्या के सब्ध में एवं एए एए ही व का मुस्तिन में कोई लाग होना है। घोटवा की क्वालिटी बीर दिको पश्चाम् तेथा को स्थान में स्थते हुए दे मूल्य च्यवृहत्त समझे जाते है ।

Scholarshins for Doordarshan Staff

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3220. SHRI AHMAD M. PATEL: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

- (a) number of scholarships and names of the countries who offered various types of scholarships for Doordarshan staff during the last three years;
- (b) the list of scholarships which could not be utilized by Doordarshan authorities; and

(c) the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L. K. ADVAND: (a) to (c). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

Recruitment of Technical Assistants in Joint Cypher Bureau

3222. SHRI UGRASEN: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether the employees of various categories of Joint Cypher Bureau had represented to the authorrities against the Recruitment Rules for the post of Technical Assistant (GD) requesting the authorities to abolish written departmental test and to raise the departmental promotion quota from 10 per cent to 70 per cent; and
- (b) if so, the action taken by Government thereon so far?
- THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM): (a) Yes, Sir. Representation for abolition of written departmental examination and raising of the departmental promotion quota from 10 per cent to 50 per cent has been received.
- (b) The matter is under examination in consultation with concerned authorities.

Demonstration by C.I.T.U. before Headquarters of C.I.L.

3223. SHRI A. K. ROY: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there has been demonsatration by the CFTU before the Headquarters of all the subsidiary companies of the Coal India Ltd. on 20th October 1978:
 - (b) if so, facts in detail;

(c) whether the copy of the memorandum submitted on behalf of the Bihar Celliery Kamgar Union to the B.C.C.L. on the same day has been received by Government; and

(d) if so, action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY: (SHIR P. RAMACHANDRAN); (a) and (b). A number of workers belonging to the union affiliated to CLITU. demonstrated in front of the Headquarter offices of BCCL and CCL on 20th October, 1978 and a charter of demands was submitted. Most of the demands related to the revision of wages, fringe benefits and other service conditions.

(e) Yes. Sir.

(d) Most of the demands come under the purview of the Joint Bipartite Wage Negotiating Committee which has already started functioning.

Allecation of Funds for Rural Roads for Tamil Nadu

- 3234. SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government have received any proposal for enhancement of the funds for development of rural roads from the Tamil Nadu Government:
- (b) if so, allocation of funds for development of rural roads to each State: and

7 I (c) Government's reaction there-

on? THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) No such proposal has been received in the Plan-

ning Commission. (b) A Statement is annexed in respect of allocations in 1978-79

(c) The progress of rural roads construction in the States will be reviewed during the forthcoming discussions on States' Annual Plans for 1979-80, and appropriate provision of funds will be made.

Statement

Allocations in 1973-79-Rural Roads under Minimum Needs Programme (MNP)

	(Rs lakha)
1 Andhra Pradesh	50
2 Assam	535
3 Bihar	598
4. Gujarat	637
5 Haryana	72
6 Hunachal Pradesh	522
7 Jammu and Kashmur	162
8 Karnataka	500
9 Kerala	177
10 Madhya Pradesh	615
11. Maharashira	2260
12. Manapur	130
13 Meghalaya	55
14. Nagaland	95
15 Orissa	600
16 Punjab	1380
17 Rajasthan	800
18 Sikkim	45
19 Tamul Nadu	475
20 Tripura	130
21 Uttar Pradesh	1825
22. West Bragal	200
Total -All State	11900+

¹¹⁹⁰⁰⁻"In addition to the above, the outlays for roads and bridges provided in the State Plans include rural road other than MNP, outlays for which

ई0 सी0 एल0 की न्यू सतप्रम कोलियरी के क्रमं चारियों का बढ़ांस्त किया जाना

3225 थी राज नारायन : न्या अर्जा मती यह यताने की क्रपा करेंगे कि

- (क) क्या यह सच है कि न्यू सतकाम कोलियरी, सत्याम क्षत्र, ईस्ट्रन कोलपीस्टस लिमिटेट के २१० स्थाने कमचारिको को वर्ष 1973-74 में इस बाधार पर तीन किस्तो में सेवा से बर्खास्त कर दिया गया या कि उन्हें राष्ट्रीयनरण के बाद नियक्त किया गया या .
- (य) क्या यह भी सच है कि हिन्द मजदूर सभासे सम्बद्ध सघ ने प्रबन्धकों के इस तिर्णय को चनौती दी थी और उन श्रमिको को नौकरी पर बहाल इस्ने के लिये धनरोध किया था ग्रोर यह योजना सिद्धान्त रूप में स्वीकार कर सी गई थी.
- (ग) क्या यह भी सब है कि यप 1978 के गत फरवरी मान में कर्जा मती और तत्कालीन स्थास्प्य मत्री के बीच बातचीत हुई थी, जिस में दोना मतियो ने यह बाइवासन दिया या कि सभी बर्खास्त कम-चारियों को शीध्र ही नौकरी पर वापस न लिया जायगा, ग्रीर
- (घ) बदिहा, तो इस बारे में ब्रव तक कोई कार्यवाही की गई है और यदि नहीं, तो इसके बबाकोरण है?
- कर्जा मधी (थो पी॰ शमधन्त्रन) : (क) राष्ट्रीयकरण के बाद ईस्टन कोलफील्डस लिए की म्य सतबाय कोरियरी केरेशाट की कम्पनी ने जब जॉर्च नी तो पनाचता कि वहा 220 ध्यक्तिस**ा** के नाम राष्ट्रीयकरण के ममय गलत बन से लिख लिए नए दें। घत उन व्यक्तियों को नौजरी से हटा दियागया या ।
- (ख) हिन्द मजदूर सभा से सम्बद्ध पृत्रियन में उपर्वेदेश 220 व्यक्तियो में मे 116 अविसयो का काम न देन के तक्य को चुनौती देते हुए वसकता उच्च न्यायालय में तीन स्टियाविकाए बाधिस मी हैं। इस प्रशार वे भामले त्यायालय के विशासधीन ìί
 - (ग) और (ष) इस मामन पर परवरी, 1978 में उर्जा मुला स्रोर तत्कासीन स्वास्थ्य मबी भी ने बातचीत की भी । दिस्त ऐसा की ई मारवासन नहीं दिया गया था कि वर्धान वसचारियों को बादम सैसिधा जाएगा । अँमाकि उत्पर कहा जा चुहा है, यह मामना इलकता उच्च ·बाबासय में विचाराधीत है ।

पाकिस्तान द्वारा कव्ना की गई सीमा चीनि या

3226. श्री रामधारी ज्ञास्त्री: स्वा रक्षा मंत्री शह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) नारत पाक सीमा पर स्थित उन चौकियों के नाम क्या हैं जिन पर जनवरी से 31 अनत्वर 1978 केंग्रीण पाकिस्तान ने कब्डा करने की कोशियों कीं;
- (स) पाकिस्तान द्वारा वस्तुतः कितनी चौकियों पर शब्जा किया गया ; और
- (ग) इन पीकियों में से फितनी चौकिमां इस बीन खाली की जा चुकी हैं ब्रीर कितनी खनी भी उनके कब्बे में हैं ब्रीर उन को बापस पाने के लिये नया कार्यवाई की जा रही है ?
 - रक्षा मंत्री (श्री व्यक्तीवन राम): (क) उल्लिबित अवधि के दौरान पाकिस्तान ने इस फ़कार का शोई प्रवास नहीं किया है ।
 - (ख) ग्रीर (ग). प्रश्न नहीं उठते ।

Burn Standard Company

3227, SHRI K. RAMAMURTHY: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Ministry has received a proposal with a project report from the Burn Standard Companw (a Government of India Undertaking) for its Salem works expansion;
- (b) whether it is a fact that with the investment of Rs. 4 crores, there will be rural employment opportunity for at least 4 thousand men and women; and
- (c) if the Ministry has received the proposal, what is the progress and whether the Ministry will approve the project with a view to generate to rural employment in and around Salem, Tamil Nadu?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI): (a) Yes, Sir.
- (b) and (c). M/s. Burn Standard Co. Ltd. have submitted a scheme for

rehabilitation and modernisation of their Salem Refractory Unit involving an investment of Rs 98 lakka. This investment is expected primarily to improve the mining operation of the unit and does not envisage increase in employment of the order mentioned. The proposals are under examination by Government.

Searcity of Metallurgical Coal

3228. SHRI CHITTA BASU; Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

- (a) whether there is scarcity of metallurgical coal in the country; and
- (b) if so, the steps taken to meet the situation arising therefrom?
- THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) There has been a marginal shortfall in the production of metallurgical call this year so far as compared to the production in the corresponding period of the last year. This was mainly due to heavy rains, followed by floods in the Bengal/Bihar area which produces this variety of conditions of the produces the variety of conditions.
- (b) The drowned mines are being recovered quickly to bring the production back to normal. The coal companies are also making all out efforts to increase production of the metallurgical roal.

स्थापार गृहों के विरुद्ध जांच

3229. श्रो हुश्च देव नारायण यादर : ल्या यह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा भरेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या केन्द्रीय आंच ध्यूरो अयवा किसी सन्य केन्द्रीय धुक्तिया विभाग द्वारा विकृता घरों के विरुद्ध जोग का प्रतिवेदन विभाग में विभवत है; यदि हां, तो दल के कमा कारण हैं सीर यह कब से लिखत है ; सीर
- (य) किन किन व्यापार यूहों के बिरुद्ध केन्द्रीय कांच व्यूरोड़ारा गत शीन वर्षी के दौरान जांच की गई और किन किन को दोषी पाया गया सुवा किन के बिरुद्ध मुक्टमें चलाये गये ?

मूह प्रकालय में राज्य मत्रो : (ध्री एस० डी॰ पारित) : (क) दी नहीं, श्रीमान ।

(छ) उन व्यापार धरावो प्रवश प्रवशे के नामा को प्रकट करना सोवहित में कवित नही होना जिनके किन्द्र समिते नाचाप्रीत है। उद ध्यापार परानो के मामनो में (पर्मी तथा व्यक्तियों की छोड़ करो. उत्तरी दिवार 1-12-1875 में 30-11-1978तक का 3 वर्ष की प्रवधि के दौरान नेन्द्रीय क्षत्रेपम व्यक्ते द्वारा प्राप नी गई भी चौर जिल पर न्याचालीया में विचारण (दायन) लियन है. निम्नलियित इन्स्टब्स् हैं →

हायुद्ध १

2-मैममे बार्शन हैक्नोक्य मॉबनेज (प्रा०) सिमिटंड नहें दिली ।

_र्दश्च काशान सदी द्राटाय र र

Modernisation of Textile Mills of MTC

লিপিছত ১

2036 SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SAR-

KAR SHRUM A. HANNAN ATHAJ

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

(a) whether the Textile Mills under the National Textile Corporation are running at a loss.

(b) 11 so, the details of the profit or loss made by the Textile Mills under National Textile Corporation unifwise:

- (b) the details of the modernisation programme of these units, and
- (c) the action taken up to date necording to the said programme unit-

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN and (h) Out of 103 mills run under the National Textule Corporation, 57 tails have shown profits, while 52

have shown loss during the period April to September 1978 A Unit-wise proht/loss statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(c) and (d) As on 30-9-1978, NTC has sanctioned/approved modernisation programmes involving an outlay of Rs 11464 crores in respect of 102 units, and implemented modernisation schemes to the extent of Rs 7562 crores A statement showing unit-wise amount sanctioned and spent is laid on the Table of the House

(Placed in Library, See No LT-3037/78]

र्माक्रेंट का लगान हैय से खितरण

323: और मृत्युजय मसाद . क्या उद्योग नवी यह बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि .

(र) यश देश भर में सोमेंट के दिनरण उमा बिसे नी प्रणाली - एक जैसी है पियना नया कुछ स्थाना पर तो इसकी विश्वी सने बाजार में ही पढ़ी है तथा पन्त्र श्वाती पर इनकी वित्री सक्षम मधि-रास्त्रि दारा जारी विधे गये परमिट दिखाने पर की जाती है.

(य) सत्सम्बन्धी बास्तविक रिचति हवा है धोर सीईट को उरे क्या है:

(ग) क्या कुछ स्थाना पर सीमेंट की 50. विसो की बोरी में सामान्यत 5 से 10 किस्रो सीमेंट इस होतो है और मदि हा, सी ऐसे कदावारों को रोक्ते के लिए क्या कदम उठाये गये हैं।

(घ) बचा शीमेट के परमिट जारी करने के मामने में कार्ने धोखावदी हो रही है धीर इष्ट व्यक्तियो को दो उनदी भावश्यवता से अधिक अथवा विना रिसी धावध्यन्ता कें ही सीमेंट मिल जाता है मीच वे इसे बाले बाजार में दुवते बामा पर देश देले

(३) वरिहा, तो क्या सरकार का विचार शीमेंट ना कुछ कोटा स्थय भपने लिये भारतित रक्ष रहे संघ को दिशा किसी पर्रिमट ध्रुणेबाकार कें वेबने भी बनुसति देने का है; सीर

(च) यदि नहीं, की इसके क्या कारण है ?

बेद्योग सबासय में राज्य मन्नी (श्रीयती श्रामा माइति) है [क] धोर (छ) देश में शीमेंट की मृत्य धोक दिवस्य स्थीग (विवास तथा विनिध्मन) अधिनियम, 1951 की 186 मीर 25 के प्रधीन जारी किए गए शीमेंट निमयण धारेन 1967 के अपकारों के धनुसार 1-1-1968 से

विनियमित किया गया है । 1-10-1975 से सीमेंट का सार्वजनिक वितरण 11 राज्यों सोर 2 संघ प्रासित क्षेत्रों में लान किया गया है। 1-1-1979 से सीमेंट का सार्वेजनिक वितरण 5 धीर राज्यों में लाग किए जाने की ग्राजा है। ग्रन्थ राज्य स मामले पर विचार कर रहे हैं। सीमेंट के सार्थ-जनिक वितरण में ग्रपनाई गई प्रवासी हर राज्य में उनकी स्वानीय परिस्थितियों और जरूरतों से प्रनक्तार अलग धलग है। फिर भी, प्रधिकांच योजनाम्रों की विद्यमान ग्रावश्यक वार्ते में है:---सीमेट स्टाकिस्टों को कामुनी एप से खाइसेस देवा. राज्य सरकार ग्रयवा इनेकी एमेंन्सियां द्वारा कछ स्टाकिस्टो को गीधे नियुक्त करना, उपयोजनायी की सीमेट की वित्री के लिए पर्रापट प्रणानी लाग करना, नार्वअनिक विनरण है बारे में मनाह देने हेत् तथा योजना को स्वयसेवी एडेस्सियों को सहन करता तथा कदाचार को गोयले निम प्रजाननिक-तेल को सुबढ़ बनाना।

कुछ एत्यों में नीनेट पूर्णन: पर्याट पर बेचा जाता है तथा अन्य राज्यों में वह दिना परिनट के वेचा जाता है।

मंगेंट मिशंना प्राप्ति है बचीन है जीव परना द्वार उर्लग्जा है किए सवार वेश्वर स्थान तक रेन आड़ा पूथा मूख निर्वादित क्या त्या है। वर्गक प्रदेश के प्राप्त । है जे त्या उपना में स्थान राग द तकरार, बीरा हो-वार्गक की जार में पाने पाने वाले तो हैं के प्राप्त की जार में पाने पाने वाले की जार पूर्व की वीर्ष का परेमान जंगन स्थान कह देनाड़ा पूर्व की वीर्ष का परेमान जंगन स्थान कह देनाड़ा प्रस्त मुख्य मुख्य प्रदेश हो। वीरोट का पुरश्य प्रमुख्य अर्थक रामा के तिका बात हो। कर स्थानिय कर तथा कुम्म प्राप्त हों की बिटो कर स्थानिय कर तथा कुम्म प्राप्त प्रमार अस्ति

(ग) बेंकि पार्रिपरित वैकिन काला समाज प्रयांत्र जट की बोरिया करना गाँधी नहीं होती शार्विष इसके उठाने प्रोर स्थाने में बोरियां से सीमेंट निकस नार्य से हालि की संस्थानत प्रतां है। प्रारंतीय बीमेंट प्रमाश्चान नेवाला सीमेंट के छन पार्ती की स्थान हो होने याची हानि से सबसे निस्त प्रयोगित की स्थान हो होने साम की हानि से सबसे निस्त प्रयोगित कर किया सामान के विकास की श्रीतित कर पूर्व है।

(व) मीमेंट के प्रतिकृत जारी करते हैं में अपनार की हर्यकरों की कोई हिनाजत प्राप्त करीं हुई है। क्यायास्त्रक ने सुर्वे की की हिनाजत प्राप्त करीं हुई है। क्यायास्त्रक नात्र वीधिकत हुई हो। क्यायास्त्रक नात्र वीधिकत हुई हो। क्यायास्त्रक नात्र है। हिनाजत हुई हो। क्यायास्त्र की नात्री की काली की हिना प्राप्त करतारों की काली की काली हुई है। पाठ्य राज्यारों ने मी हुई मामानी में मीसेट की नात्र करते की है। नात्र प्राप्त करते की नात्र करते की है। नात्र प्राप्तिकों की सहस्त्र करते हुई नात्र की हिनाजत की नात्र करते की है। नात्र प्राप्त निर्माण नीत्र की नात्र की हो। नात्र प्राप्त निर्माण नीत्र की नात्र की नात्र है। निर्माण नात्र नीत्र काली नात्र की नात्र की नात्र है। निर्माण नात्र नीत्र काली नात्र की नात्र है। निर्माण नात्र नीत्र काली नात्र की नात्य की नात्र की न

(४) तथा (४), जनता को वेचने लिए ध्यापारियों एवं स्टारिक्टों को प्रत्येक तिमाही में सीमेंट बारों करने की मान्य का निर्णय तीमेंट की उपलब्धता और सम्बध्धित सेव की प्रावस्थका के साधार पर राज्य सरकारों द्वारा किया वालेगा।

Proposed Jute Factory at Sulur, Andbra Pradesh

3232. SHRI V. KISHORE CHANDRA S. DEO: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the letter of intent issued to the proposed Jule Factory at Salur, in Srikakulam District of Andhra Pradesh for which the foundation stone was to have been laid by the Ex-Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh was cancelled under instructions from the Central Government;

- (b) if not, the reasons for its cancellation; and
- (c) the details when this factory will start functioning?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI-MATI ABHA MATI): (a) to (c). A letter of intent was issued in favour of Srikakulam District Girlian Jute Cooperative Processing Society Ltd. on 28-11-1972 for the establishment of a jute mill at Salur, Srikakulam District in the Cooperative Sector, In 1975, the Government of Andhra Praciesh intimated their decision to to implement the project the joint sector. The Government requested that the letter of intent, issued in favour of the Srikakulam Distrte Girijan Jute Cooperative Processing Society Ltd., may be transferred to a joint sector project of the Andhra Pradesh Industrial Development Corporation. APIDC have entered into a joint sector project under the name and style of Andhra Pradesh Fibres Ltd. Accordingly, when the letter of intent issued to the aforesaid Cooperative Society lapsed, a fresh letter of intent was issued to Andhra Pradesh Fibres Ltd. on 31-5-76, This letter of intent has been recently converted into an Industrial Licence, According to the

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latest report received from the Andhra Pradesh Fibres Ltd., the mill is likely to start production in June. 1980

राज्यात में मीग्रेंग की सभी

3233 भी मीठा लाल पटेल . ह्या उद्योग मधी यह बकान की बचा करेंगे कि

- (क) बता प्रशिक्षात राज्या में, विशेष कर राजस्यान में सोमट की भारी कमी है.
 - (व) यदि हा, ता इसके क्या कारण है.
- (म) स्मा राजस्थान में सोमेंट को कमी को दूर करने के लिए कुछ पविसम्बनीय कायबाही करने को दिवार है, और

(ध) मदि हो, तो उत्सम्बंधी न्यीय क्या है भीर पदि नहीं, दो उसके क्या कारण है ?

उद्योग मतालय में राज्य मती (श्रीमती श्रामा (क) ग्रीर (छ) राजस्थान में सीमेंट नी बमा, कृपि, मकान निर्माण, उद्योग सिचाई तथा विजनी मादि के क्षेत्र की गनिविधिया को बढीनरी के परिणाम स्वरूप सीमेंट की मान में मजी से बद्धि के नारण माई देशव्यानी कमी का एक भागे है।

(ग) भीर (घ) राजस्थान को निमाही में बाद राहन कार्य केलिए 1,41,000 मी॰ टन के सामान्य धावटन के ब्रह्मावा 10,000 मी॰ टन सीमेंट की बर्तिएकन माता का प्रावटन किया जा चहा है। राजस्थान के साथ-भाष प्रन्य गंभी राज्यों के सीमेंट पावटन में देव में सीमेंट के उत्पादन को बढ़ा कर या यधिक माता में सीमेंट बायात करके अतिरिक्त सीमेंट प्राप्त होने पर प्रमुमी रूप से बढोनरी की बाएती। सीमेंट उद्योग में अतिरिक्त धमता स्वापित करने के लिए भी कदम उठाए जा रहे है । राजस्थान में सीमेंट का उत्पादन करने के लिए स्वीकृत योजनाम्रो की एक सूची मनुबन्ध में दी मई है।

विवरप

राजस्थान में सोमेंट सपत्रों के लिए ग्रीद्योगिक स्वीकृतियां

मम सह	पार्टीको नाम	स्थापना स्थल	समता साख मी० टनो में	्र टिप्पणी
1	2	3	4	5
	1 बड़े सीमेंट सयव (प) बीजोपिकसाइसेंस मै॰ ए॰ सी॰ सी॰ नि0 बस्बई	संबेरी		£
3	नपपुर उद्योग न्तिः वरो	संबंधि माधोपुर ब्यापर ,	3 66 10 00 6 00	उत्पादनरत —वही शाहचेंस प्रति चहचकर
5	मै॰ दि हिन्दुस्तान शूबर मिल्च विक मै॰ विरक्ता सोमेंट वहम	निम्बाहे डा उदयपुर	3 00 2 00	ज्ञपादनस्त वही
7	7 में भ्रमम सामेंट लि । 8 में पे वे का मिमेनिटनस लि ।	चित्रीयम् मोकक निम्बेदेश	4 00 3 00 4 20	— वही— वायं प्रारम्भ हो गया है
(4	ो) धारापरत । भी पी॰ के॰ कर्नाहिसा	(सरस्थान)	च्य	र्ष्याच्च विस्तार चल रहा है।
;-	1 de france com c	वन्त्रस जिला चिरोही जनार जिला उदय	2 00 रू 3.00(एन oi	मागमपत्र व्ययमतः हो समा है। (०) — मही—

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C. S. Aid to India for Rural Projects

3234, SHRI VASANT SATHE: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether attention of Government has been drawn to the news report appearing in the Times of India dated 12th November, 1978 under the caption "\$ million US aid to India for

⁽b) if so, the facts of the proposal regarding foreign aid proposal for integrated rural development in India, details of the project areas, nature of projects proposed and terms of financing; and

(c) how soon the project is likely to be finalised and the arrangements made for execution of the project?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) Yes Sir

(b) and (c) The US Government has made available an amount of \$2 million to support projects programmes approved by the INDO US Joint Commission which are identified as having the notential for improving the life of rural populations in India The grant will be u ed to finance US dollar costs of the approved projects and may include iters such as equip. ment and materials (including pro o tyte handware) professional services and consultancie exchange and study tours of personnel, con

duct of Workshops and other approved project costs At the meetings of the Joint Indo-US Sub Commission. on Science and Technology held in New Delhi on 9th and 10th November, areas for collaborative have been identified (as per Statement attached) Scientific projects in these areas have now to be formulated. All projects, which conform to the condition, laid down in the Grant Document and relate to the application for Science and Technology for raral development will qualify to: this 2 million dollarsupport from grant An interministerial Committee has been set up to look after the management and execution of specific projects It is expected that projects involving a substantial part of the grant will be embarked upon during the calendar year 1979

Statement

Areas identified by Indo-US Sub-Commission on Science and Technology

- 2 Medical Science
- 3 Energy
- 4 Electromes, Mater als and Metiology
- 5 Earth Sciences
- 6 Information Scentes

नमध को कीयन

3235 श्रीयमुना प्रदाह सामजी - च्या उद्योग च्या यह दतान को कृषा करेंग कि

(इ) क्या रम मनव राज्या में नवस 60 हे 80 रेम मीत हिमाराह के काम पर दिक रहा है मोर मीह हो, ठा नवह को कीमत में रस वृद्धि के 87 काम हैं और

(व) हारार हागहम बात को मुलिनिवर्ते भाग व भित्र क्या करब उठाए जाने हैं कि मोर्ग को तमक कम 6 बम के दिनों बाद प्रति करवा की

- Photo-synthesis biological nitrogen fisation and wildlife consertation
- Health services operational research on primary health care, ichabilitation research and fertility centrol, indigenous, system of medicines—herbyl medicines.
- Rural energy systems decentralised rural energy systems fluidised bed combustions low grade coal gasification
- Earthquake engineering, saidhite ceranography, sedimentation of occans ozone layer depletion and environmental impact of pollution with pecual reference to CO^o
 - Cooperation in R & D state the exchange of information scientists and possible cooperation in on line systems and data retrieval.

उद्योग प्रधानय में राज्य मधी (शीमती श्रामा स्पर्दित) ' (न) जैना सम्बद्धित राज्य भरनारी ने बताया है जिब्द जिब्द राज्यों में जुनाई से प्रसृत्य है 1978 नी सप्ति में चन रहा नमन का मार्मिक स्विद्धतन पुरुषर मूल्य इस प्रकार रहा है ——

दिल्ला पञाब, हरियाणा तथा उत्तर प्रदेश में प्रति विलोधाम में 40 पैसे

विद्वार, पश्चिम बगाउ, भेदानय, नावालेड वर्षा विद्युरा में प्रति विश्लोदाम 50 से 60 पैसे, माहाम - प्रति विश्लोदाम 25 पैसे

1977 की चुलना में, 1978 के दौरान ऊंची उत्पादन सागत (संधति मजदरी, सामग्री तथा प्रयोग के उपकरणों के मल्य) बुलाई तथा परिवहन लावत में बृद्धि तथा मत्य स्तरमें हुई सामान्य बड़ीलची ने कारण नमक के मत्य में कुछ बढ़ि हुई है।

(ख) नमक की उत्पादन लागत तथा धंतेग्रस्त गाडी माडा प्रभारों पर विचार करते हुए इस समय उपभोक्ताओं को एक स्पए में 8 किलोग्राम की दर से नमक का संगरण करना संभव नहीं है।

Rural Electrification in Orissa

3236. SHRI GANANATH PRA-DHAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of proposals received by Government from the Governelectrification ment of Orissa for under the Rural Electrification programme; and
- (b) the details thereof and the number of proposals approved by Government?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b). Since its inception in 1969 the Rural Electrification Corporation hás received 181 schemeelectrification in Orissa.

124 schemes for a total loan assistance of Rs. 49.43 crores have been approved by the Corporation. These schemes on completion envisage electrification of 11,841 new villages and, energisation of 52,058 irrigation numnsets

57 schemes for a total loan assistance of Rs. 20.05 crores are being processed by the Corporation.

Liberalisation of Rules of Censorship of Films

3237. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI: DR. VASANT KIIMAR PANDIT:

Will the Minister of INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering any proposal to liberalise the Censorship of films; and

(b) whether Government have seen reports in the press in which the President of the Film Federation of India has spoken of the authoritarian functions of the official agencies operating in the cinema world?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L. K. ADVANI) (a) The certification of films is done by the Censor Board under the Cinematograph Act and the guidelines issued thereunder, No changes in this are contemplated.

(b) Yes. Sir. Some reports have come to the notice of Government.

The policy of the Government however is to involve the industry in consideration of all major issues involving identification and solution of the problems facing the industry.

Beterioration in D.T.C. Service

3238. SHRI. R. V. SWAMINATHAN; SHRI P. M. SAYEED; SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI:

Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the working of the D.T.C. is deteriorating day by day;
- (b) if so, whether it is a fact that new Chairman had brought changes in the Administration and they have not been liked by the management;
- (c) if so, whether this has resulted in confrontation and both are busy trading charges of corruption and inefficiency and even sabotage; and
- (d) if so, what steps are being taken to set the Corporation in order?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM): (a) No, Sir

(b) D.T.C. suffers from poor Management. The Chairman has brought about some changes to remedy the situation in consulation with Government and the Board wherever necessary This no doubt created dissatisfaction amongst a few affected officers It is however, not correct to say that these have not been liked by the Management as a whole

Written Answers

- (c) Some of the affected officers have attempted to levy charges against the Chairman through the press. Chairman has also criticized some of the officers on ground of mefficiency and corruption It is however, rot correct that there is a situation of confrontation between the Chairman and the officers of the Corporation.
- (d) Does not arise in view of replies to (a) (b) and (c) above Stens are, however being taken constantly to improve the working of the Corperation

Paradin Port

3239 SHRI K PRACHANI Will the Munister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

(a) whether Government's attention has been invited to the news item appearing in the Hindustan Times dated the 9th October, 1978 that two union leaders in the troubled Paradip Port have accused the State Government and the Centre for the mess created at the port from where several ships have been diverted to other ports,

(b) whether it is a fact that the State Government are interfering in the day to day affairs of the port, , instead of leaving it to the Port Trust,

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIFPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM) (a) There does not appear to be any news item in the Handurton Times (city edition), New Deibl. dated 5th October, 1978 as referred to in the question.

- (b) It is not a fact that the State Government are interfering in the day to day affairs of the Port
- (c) In view of the above, this does not aruse.

Extension of Ecctricity Generation in Guiarat

PROF R K. AMIN the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) how many schemes for extension of electricity generation in Guarat State are lying with Central Electricity Authority.

(b) when the Central Electricity Authority is likely to take decision in this regard, and

(c) the guidelines followed by Central Electricity Authority for sanctioning such projects?

THE MINISTER OF EMERGY (SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN) and (b) The following project proposals for expansion of power generation in Gujarat are pending with the Central Electricity Authority

- 1 Lignite based Thermal MW Power Station in Kutch 2×55
- 2 Rep'acement the mal prosect for old and maller units
- at Shahpur, Sikka and Kand'a 3×60 3 Replacement thermal project for old and smaller units at
- Utran IX 120 4 Gandhisagar Thermal Power
 - Station Extra (3rd Unit) IX 210

These projects are being technoeconomically appraised in the Central Electricity Authority Clarifications/ confirmations have been sought regarding several techno-economic aspects. As soon as these are received, the CEA would be in a position to complete their techno-economic appraisal

(c) The Central Electricity Authority are broadly guided by the provisions of the Electricity (Supply) Act. 1948 in according their concurrence to the power schemes submitted by a State-Electricity Board or a Generating Company. In so far as thermal power generation schemes are concerned, they have to make sure that the location of the generating station is best quited to the region, taking into account the optimum utilisation of fuel resources. the distance of the load centre. transportation facilities, water avail-· ability and environmental considerstions.

Preservation of Food Stuff though

3221. SHRF RUDOLPH RODRI-GUES: Will the Minister of ATO-MIC ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any scheme from the Bhabha Institute for long term preservation of food stuff through the use of atomic radiation; and

(b) if so, its reactions thereto and follow-up action taken on the same?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The matter is under consideration from the health safety angle.

Capacity and Sale of Britannia Biscuit Co.

3242. PROF. DILIP CHAKRA-VARTY: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Britannia Biscuit Cowhich comes under Industries Developmen; and Regulation Act 1951 circumvent the Act by meantfacturing their products in the factories of others in excess of their registered/ licenced capacity;

(b) what is the Registered/licenced capacity of Britannia Biscuits in its

various plants and on what production basis it was allocated; and

(c) whether the sales figure is higher than registered/licenced capacity and how it has been achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI): (a) Government has no information in this regard.

(b) and (c). The registered/licenced capacity of Britannia Biscuts in its various plants is given below:—

Bombay Unit: 8,100 metric tonnes

Calcutta Unit: 15,100 metric ton-

Madras Unit: 3,600 metric tonnes per annum

These capacities have been determind in accordance with the provisions of the amended Industries Development and Regulation Act,

As production is in excess of the libensed/registered capacity, the Company has been asked to reduce its production gradually within a period of 3 years.

Dishanding of N.C.C. Troops

3243, SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: SHRI K. LAKKAPPA:

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

- (a) who has the authority to disband the N.C.C. troops;
- (b) whether it is a fact that N.C.C. troops are not disbanded during midsession;

(c) whether the Air Wing of the NGC troops in the Government Coeducational Higher Secondary School, Sardar Patel Marg has been disbanded during mid-session, without assigning any reason; (d) if so why this departure from

the well established practice in this case, and

(e) the steps Government propose to take to remedy the wrong done to this troop?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) The Central Government is the competent authority to disband NCC units troops However taus in formally done in consultation with the State Government/fluon Territory Administration concerned

(b) and (c) There is no bar lo NCC units being disbanded during mid set oin However it is not a fact that the Air Wing of the NCC of the school in question has been disbanded yet though there is a complaint of lack of adequate response it is to be hoped that the response will improve making disbandmentunnecessary.

(d) and (e) Do not stise

Re instatement of Defence Personnel removed from Service during Emergency

3244 SHRI SHARAD YAD V Will the Minister of DEFENCE be Dlessed to state

(a) whether defence personnel re moved from service during emergency have not been reinstated so (ar and

(b) if so full details in this re-

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SIRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) and (b) The information is being collect ed and will be laid on the Table of the House. कृषि धनिका एवं कारवाना मजदूरी को निष्ठक वर्गों में सम्मिलित करना

3245. थी राम सात राही क्या पृह पती यह बदाने का हपा करण कि

(र) का मस्तार का विकार विद्या वर्गों को मूची म नवन उन जातिया का माम्पितित करने का है दिन जातियों क 60-70 अतिकार प्रतिक प्राप्ति प्राप्त को स्वार्थ के प्रत्य स्वोर करण्याना में काम करते हैं सीर प्रदेव परितास को जीविका क्यांत हैं सीर

(ख) मदि हो तो क्या मूर्वी को उपरोक्त भाषार पर किर स बैसर करन का विवार है?

ग्रह मजानय में राज्य सबी (थी प्रतिक साल प्रकार) (क) एना नार्दे प्रस्ताव नहीं है।

(छ) সংশ नहा उठता ।

विद्यासियों में जाति प्रतिद्वारता

3246 धी झनत राम जायसवास नरा गृह महा यह बनाने को इपा नरग कि

(क) क्या एक उपस्तनस्य सरकारी युजनी ने सारत, 1978न सदवा हमके मंगपन सारता सरकार को श्वानना में यो कि शिचारिया में विस्तान जाति प्रतिद्वालना म उत्पन्न दीर्थकी राजनीतिक सनस्य बढ बनाने पर लागा को जाति सगढा का विकार बतायाँ

(ड) दि हा तो क्या उन्तरनगर गरकारी एकेन्द्री क प्रतिबदन को सभा परन पर ग्या आएगा

(ग) क्या भरतार ने इस एउन्हीं की बताबनी पर बाद काउनहों को है और

(ध) निरंत्रहा हो द्वाक क्या कारण है सीर सिंद हा ता उत्तरा स्वीस क्या ह ?

बह महात्वय में राज्य मधी (श्री धर्मिक सात मण्डल) (क) धरनार द्वारा व्यस्त 1978 में बा इसके तपमण एसी नाई रिपाट बान्त नहीं हुई है।

(ख)स (घ) प्रस्त नही चठता।

·Lean to Cothin Port Administration for House Building

3247. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state;

- (a) whether the Cochin Port Administration took loan from Government for House Building Scheme and the rate of interest;
- (b) whether the Cochin Port Administration recently enhanced the present rate of interest on House Building advance to Port Employees which will accumulate to equal or more than the advance amount:
- (c) if so, what are the reasons to enhance the rate of interest;
- (d) whether the rate of interest is higher than the interest charged by the Government and its other organisation; and
- (e) whether Government will reconsider the decision to enhance the rate of interest as it is a welfare meature of the employees?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRIC CHAND RAM): (a) Cochin Port has not taken loan from Government for the purpose of House Building to its employees.

(b) to (d). The Board of Trustees for Cochin Port has approved a proposal to enhance the rate of interest levied on House Building Advance to the employees from the existing rate of 5 and half per cent annum fixed on a provisional basis House in the Building Advance Regulations of the Port to the rate of interest equivalent to the rate levied by the Central Government on the loans granted to the Port Trust from time to time plus half per cent for meeting incidental expenses. The above

approval of the Board constitutes as unsendment to the Constitutes as unsendment to the Constitutes as unsendment to be the Contions. The assendment has been of the form of the Constitute of the Revals, Gazette for notification. After the generalment has been published in the Gazette to Cochin Postvell consider the objections; in you that may be received in pursuance to the Gazette notification and they so mit a proposal to the Central Government for consideration.

(e) The proposal when received. will be examined by the Government.

Inquiry into Police Clash with Akalis

3248, SHRI OM PRAKASH TYAGI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

- (a) whether there has been a clash between the police and a Sikh procession on the 4th November, 1978 as a result of which some persons were killed and several others injured;
- (b) whether an inquiry has been conducted by Government into the above incidents;
 - (c) if so, the details of the inquiry report; and
 - (d) if not, the reasons therefor?
 - OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF HOME MINISTRY AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a). THE place between Some clashes took some Akali demonstrators and the police in Delhi on 5th and 6th November, 1978 and not on 4th November, 1978. As a result, 3 persons including one police constable lost their lives while another person died following cardiac arrest. 83 persons including 56 police personnel received
 - (b) to (d). We enquiry has so far been conducted into the above ineidents. A final view in the matter is yet to be taken.

Cost Production is Mines under BCCL & ECL

3249 SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SAR-KAR

SERY SACHINDRALAL SINGHA

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the coal production in the mine, under Bharat Coking Coal Ltd and Eastern Coalfields Ltd during the last ax month, monthmrsen?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN) The production of coal in mines under BCCL and ECL for the last six months is given below -

Prepare in Lakh (ennes)

Gialfields C	harat okung oal Ltd.
17 +8	15 15
18 33	16 %
17 87	15 14
16 63	14 E2
13 (5	13 07
ı6 ₉	15 17
	Galfields C Lol C 17 •8 18 33 17 87 16 63

Contract by Shipping Corporation of India with Greek Firm

3250 DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the Shipping Corporation of India has entered into a fresh contract with M/s Motor Oil, a Greek Company, if so, for what purpose and on what terms and conditions

(b) whether it is a fact that the time company had defaulted carlier

owing the SCI more than 45 million. dellars and putting the SCI to a losa. of over ten million dollars,

(c) whether the financial position of SCI is now showing losses of over 200 crores, and

(d) what was the intention and purpose into coloring a fresh contract. with a firm, which had already defaulted to its contract with the SCI?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRE CHAND RAM) (a), (b) and (d) 1973 the Shipping Corporation of In-Ltd., chartered its vestels "Mob Lai Nehru" and, subsequently a dispute arose between the two par ties. As per the contract the case was taken in arbitration in London The-SCI was advised by their solicitors that a commercial settlement will be preferable as the enforcement even of a layourable award in Greece take several years In view of this, a commescial settlement reached in 1978 on the disputes in respect Charler Agreement of 'Moti Lai hehru" between Shipping Corporation of India and M/s Motor Oil Hellas Corinth Refinences for payment of compensation of US \$ 45 million to Shaping Corporation of India in full settlement of claims and counter claim of both the Parties provides for the following -

(1) Motor Oil would charter two VLCCs of Shapping Corporation of India for four consecutive voyages with oution of further four constculive voyages at agreed charter rates based on the prevalent mari et rates at the time of agreement Simultaneously with payment of freight for each toyage under this charter Motor On Company will pay to Shipping Corporation of Indra US \$ 189 000 This will of w de a total payment of US S 3 024 million for eight voyages for each VLCC to Shipping Corporation of India

(2) Shipping Corporation of . India would charter one medium range tanker from Motor Oil Company for two years at a certain agreed charter rate, which will also be the prevalent market rate. Out of the charter hire payable to Motor Oil, Shipping Corporation of India would retain US \$ one per DWT per month. This will bring in a payment of US \$ 0.836 million to Shipoing Corporation of India.

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(3) The balance of US \$ 0.64 million will be paid by Motor Oil to Shipping Corporation of India by continuing the payment of US \$ 189.000 until the balance amount of US \$ 0.84 million is paid.

The present arrangment is a modification of the earlier contract. It is a compromise solution of the dispute which had arisen as a result of the earlier contract and the SCI has protected its interests to the maximum possible extent.

(c). In 1977-78, the Shipping Corporation of India has incurred a loss of Rs. 14.74 crores and not Rs. 200 crores.

Production of Motor Cycle Royal Enfleld

3251. SHRI R. KOLANTHAIVELU: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether 3.5 H.P. Motor Cycle Royal Enfield is manufactured at Ma-
- dras;
 (b) the list of firms which have been allowed to produce this motor
- cycle; (c) the list of firms which have the capacity and konw-how to produce this motor cycle; and
- (d) the reasons for not giving permission to such firms to produce this motor cycle?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) M/s. Enfield India Ltd., Madras.
- (c) and (d). There is no pending application for licence from any party for manufacture of a 350 cc Royal Enfield Motor Cycle.

मध्य प्रदेश के लिये छठी योजना 3252 jan लक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेय :

थी सुमाय झाहूजाः

क्या क्षेत्रका मन्नी यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या योजना प्रायोग ने अस्य रज्यों के

- सार्व-सार्व मध्य प्रदेख की छठी पान धर्मीय योजना (1978~83) के प्रस्तावित आकार को अन्तिम रूप देदिया है ;
- (ख) परिव्यय के बारे में निर्णय करने के लिए क्या मानदश्ट अपनामा गया;
- (ह) योजना आयोग द्वारा निर्धारित विभिन्न राष्ट्रीय तक्यो की प्राप्ति में मध्य प्रदेश से क्या ज्यलिंध की सम्मानना ह ;
- ्र (म) नया मूल्प बृद्धि को व्यान में रखते हुए प्रस्ताधित निवतन से मध्य प्रदेश द्वारा प्रस्ताधित लक्ष्या को प्राप्त करने की सम्भावना है : ग्रीर
- (इ) वसा राज्योत छठी पंच्यपीय योजप (1978-83) वा ब्राज्ञार भावती पत्र वसीय योजप से बाकार से 1,75 मुना वसा 1978-79 की वार्षिक योजना के बाकार से 5,95 मुना है और नमा मृष्य, प्रदेश की इसी अनुसात से धनपायि नियत से मंडि हैं।

प्रधान मंत्री (श्री मोरारजी देसाई): (क) से (च), मध्य प्रदेश और अन्य राज्यों की 1978-83 को योजनायां को सभी बन्तिन रूप दिया जाना है।

(इ) प्रद्रिय सेवाना के ग्राप्त (1978-83) नगा करित वाची निव वाची न

किया जाएना । Take Over of India Ophthalamic Glass Ltd., Durgapur

3253. SHRI GADADHAR SAHA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) is it a fact that India Ophthalmic Glass Lamited at Durgapur in

3556 LS-

Written Anguere West Bengal is an industrial unit taken over by Government of India,

- (b) whether it is also a fact that it was running at a loss because of lack of modernisation.
- (c) if so, what action is being taken or proposed to be taken for modernising this industry and restoring its right to import and distribution of ephthalmic glass.
- (d) whether it is a fact that it is the only this ophthalmic glass manu facturing factory in India and is there any proposal under consideration of the Government to shift it from Durgapur, and
- (e) if not, what is the reaction of Government to the proposal and recommendation of the Minister, Government of West Bengal as regards modernisation of this Industry and restoration of its right to import and distribution of ophthalmic glass?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI ABHA MAITI) (2) No Sir Bharat Ophthalmic Glass Ltd. Durgapur (and not India Onhthalmic Glass Ltd , Durgapur) is a public sector undertaking set up by Government of India.

- (b) The company is incurring losses mainly because of the out moded batch process technology still followed by it for the manufacture of ophthalmic glass
- (c) Proposal to introduce the Continuous Process Technology for the manufacture of ophthalmic glass is under consideration. It has also been decided to set up an expert group to examine and report on the ways to improve the operational, and technical efficiencies of the existing plant,

A committee which was set up to to into various aspects of import ex port policies and procedures recommended that a manufacturing concern should not be appointed as a canalising agency in respect of liems produ

- eed by it As the recommendations of this Committee have been accepted by the Government, BOGL does not present canalise the import and distributton of ophthalmic class blanks
- (d) This is the only unit manufac turing ophthalmic glass blanks in the country There is no proposal to shift it from Durgapur
- (e) The introduction of the modern and sophisticated Continuous Process Technology is under consideration As regards the import and canalisation of onhtholmic blanks, a decision has already, been taken that a manufacturing unit will not be allowed to act as a canalising agency of the items produced by it

Declaration of National Highway

3254 SHRIF P GALKWAD, WILL the Munister of SHIPPING TRANSPORT be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government of Guiarat has made a proposal to declare any State/Coastal Highway as National Highway.
- (b) if so, how many and which of them have been declared as National Highways, and
- (c) what are the basis for the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM). (a) Yos, Sir,

(b) and (c) One road, viz, Chiloda-Gandh-nagar-Sarkhel road has been declared as a National Highway the ground that this road connects the Capital of States which is one of the criteria for declaration of roads National Highways.

सध्य प्रदेश, राजस्थान ग्रीर गुजरात में विजली की अमी

3255. श्री हक्म चन्द्र कष्टवाय: स्या ऊर्जा भंती यह बताने की क्रमा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या केरल, तमिलनाडु, ग्रांध्र प्रदेश और कर्नाटक के दक्षिणी राज्यों की तुलना में मध्य प्रदेश राजस्थान और गुजरात राज्यों में विश्वली की कमी है ; श्रीर

(ख) यदि हां, तो उपरोक्त (क) के राज्यों को विजली की प्रावश्यकताओं को पूर्व करने के लिए नया कार्यवाही की गड़े है ?

कर्जा मंत्री (औ पी० रामचन्द्रन); (क) मध्य अदेश, यजरात और कर्नाटक राज्यों में विभिन्न भोगी के उपभोक्ताओं पर कुछ मांग तया/अथवा कर्णा सम्बन्धी कटौतियां तथा यन्य प्रतिबन्ध लाग हैं। राजस्थान, केरल, ब्रान्ध्र प्रदेश ग्रौर तमिलनाड राज्यों में विदात की कोई कमी नहीं है।

(ख) राज्यों में विद्युत की वहुदी हुई मांच को पूरा करने की दृष्टि से, 1978—83 को अवधि में मध्य प्रदेश, राजस्थान ग्रीर गजरात राज्यों मे लगभग 2500 मेगाबाट तथा इसी प्रविध में दक्षिणी क्षेत्र में लगभग 3300 मेगाबाट स्रतिस्थित क्षमता वडाने के लिए कदम उठाए जा रहे है । इसके यविरिक्त, वर्तमान प्रतिष्ठापित क्षमता से विद्यत का श्रधिकतम उत्पादन करने तथा पड़ीसी अणालियाँ से श्रिधिशेष विख्त से लेने के लिए प्रयत्न किए गए हैं/किये जा रहे है।

Steps to ensure Control on Power Generation Equipments

3256. SHRI SUBHASH AHUJA; Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state the steps are being taken by Government to ensure quality control of power generation equipment specially the important ancillaries being manufactured by the public sector and private undertakings in the country; unless quality control is applied, reliability of power generation from new units is uncertain?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): nufacturers both in the public and private sectors are in constant interaction with the customers and are conscious of their responsibilities to ensure quality control and improvement

where necessary. BHEL, as the largest producer of boilers and the only producer of large turbines and generators has already introduced the newer and improved generation of boilers in collaboration with one of the most reputed manufacturers abroad. It has also entered into a collaboration with another reputed company for thermal turbo-sets covering a range of 200 to 1000 MW and these sets will have improved performance and quality parameters. All other necessary sures required on the shop floor for vendor items, packing erection commissioning are being taken.

BHEL's sub-suppliers for equipments and components for power plents and auxiliaries are selected after careful screening by a committee consisting of experts from various disciplines. Wherever required, technological help is also given to such suppliers to enable them to supply these components and materials to the quality requirements of BHEL.

The private sector units have also access to foreign technical assistance where required.

सीमेंट में मिलावट

3257. थी रामजी लाल सुमन : श्री राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्मा :

क्या उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की छूपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उन्हें गत वर्ष समाचार पक्षों में प्रकाशित इस बाध्य के समाचारों का पता है कि सीमेंट में मिलावट की जा रही है। बीर

(स) बढ़ि हां, हो सीमेंट में मिलावट करने वालों के विरुद्ध गरकार द्वारा क्या कार्यवाही की बारही है ?

बद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (कुमारी श्राभा माइति): (क) ग्रीट (य)- धावत्र्यक वस्तु अधिनियम, 1955 के अन्तर्गत सीमेंट को पायरपर वस्तु घोषित दिया गया है तथा राज्य नरहारों के भाग बनैतिक कारों में लगे व्यक्तियों के विरुद्ध कार्रचाई करने हे लिए पर्याप्त अवितयां उपलब्ध है । सावण्यक चस्तु प्रधिनियम, 1955 के ही बनायैन ब्राप्त किए गए सीमेंट (फिल्म नियंत्रण) प्रादेश

1982 के मनुबार निर्धारित मातक के बनुष्य सीवेंट का उत्पादन अपा/बचना दिनी न होने पर दक्किया नारंपाड़ी की जाती है । राज्य मरकारा इत्या विगेष (बनावतो नी जाव नी नाती है मीट काननी नार्पवाही को वाती है।

Written Answers

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बाटोमोवाईत उद्योग का राष्ट्रीवकरण

3258- श्री हरपोदिन्द वर्मा क्या उद्योग मती यह बताते भी कृपा करने कि

- (क) क्या सरकार ने झाटोमोबाइल उद्योग के राष्ट्रीयकरण का निर्णय किया है ,
 - (ख) यदि हो, तो इसना राष्ट्रीयकरण नव तक कर दिया जाएगा , धौर
 - (प) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या बारण है ?

द्योग मतालय में राज्य मतो (कुमारो प्रामा माइति) '(न) से (ग) सपूर्ण मोटरवाडी क्षेत्र की जबत करने के लिए विभन्न उपाय किए वा रहे हैं। मोटरवाडी उद्योग के राष्ट्रीयकरण का कोई निगर गही है ?

जगड़ के मूल्य म वृद्धि

3259- भी राबेन्द्र कुमार शर्मा क्या उद्योग मत्री यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि

(क) क्या गरनार नो मानूम है कि चमबा स्थापारियों ने बूते तथा पप्पल बनाने के उपबाप में बाने बाने बनार के मून्य इतने बाग विए है कि पमगा अभिकों ने लिए सकट पैदा हो गया है,

(क) यदि हा, तो मानार ने उन चमडा व्या-चारिया के पिरुद्ध क्या काववाही नी है जिहाने प्रथमी मनी वे चमडे के मूल्य बहाये हैं , बॉर

(ग) धमिकों को सहत देने के निण सरकार में क्या कम उटावें हैं।

बधीन मजालय में राज्य मजी (कुबारी प्राप्त सर्वात) जलो व एप्पतों के बनाने में प्रयोव में पाने वाले तैयार समझे के मूख में वृद्धि होने के बारे में मनकार नो बोई विशेष शिकांवत प्राप्त महा हुई है।

(प) भीर (ग) प्रश्न ही नहीं उटते ।

भारत कोहिन कोन तिनिटेड द्वारा प्राष्ट्रतिक सापट कोमले का पता समाना जाना

1160. श्री प्रर्युव सिंह प्रदेशिया - स्था अर्जा मधी मह याने की इपा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या भारत कोरिय काल भितिनटेड वे दिन्त ऐसे मार्गिक सत्तर कालले का का लगाया है या करेडू घरत व तिए बहुत उपसादी है , (a) त्या इस कायते का मूल्य मन्य प्रकार के कायत से फिप्त होया , भीर

(व) यदि हो, तो तत्मम्बन्धी व्योग्धः स्या है रै

LOI

कर्नामको (भी पी० रामचन्द्रन) - (क) मी नहीं, मच्छे विस्म के कोयले की मनेक सीमें नगर्भ निर्माण बान में घपने स्थान पर ही पिछली प्रकारतित चट्टानो के दवाब स पहले ही जन गर्र थी थीर इन्हें "प्राकृतिक कारु या शामा" वहा जाता है। जल जाने के कारण इस कोवले के कीकार गुण कम हो गए भौर साम ही उसका नाष्प्रशील यंत भी कम हा गया । इस प्रकार की एक सीमा भागा बाध में धोदी गई है भीर उस 18 स 20 प्रतिशत राख भीर 6 प्रतिशत वाष्प्रशील हथा है। इसकी तुरना में भारत कोशिय कोल विभिटेड में बनाए जाने बाले मापट को ह में 35 से 40 प्रतिषठ राध होती है भीर वाणशील द्रव्य का भी कापी थन रहता है। यह प्राकृतिक क्रिक ऐसे कामा के लिए उपनुत्त है जहां मन्यधिक और देर तक रहते वाली जाम की मावस्पकता पहली है।

(य) "शामा" वो शीमत मभी निर्धारित नहीं को गई है निन्तु इसकी उत्पादन सामन घणेशाहत प्रधिक होती है क्यांक इसका स्तर प्रधिक नवत होता है और इसके निए प्रधिक विल्मोदक पदार्थ नो यहरन पद्मी है।

(य) इनवा उत्तर उत्युक्त (क) घोर (ख) में डेरिया गया है।

Lignite Base Power Station at Kutch

3261. SHRI ANANT DAVE. SHRI F. P. GAEKWAD.

Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state

(a) whether the scheme for Lignite Base Fower Station at Kutch (Gujarat) is under consideration; and

(b) at what stage this power station lies at present?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHIRI P RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b) Pris Gujarat Electricity Roard had proposed a scheme for installation of two thermal generating units of 55 MV each at Kutch in Gujarat The scheme was examined in the Central Electricity Authority and on techno-economic considerations

the Gujerat Blectricity Board was advised to examine the feasibility of installing the proposed power station at Kandla instead of Kutch. The Board charge agreed to reconsider their proposal. The revised proposal from the Board is awaited.

Report of Baweja Inquiry Commission on Lathi Charge in Tihar Jail

- 3262. SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMA'TH: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
 - (a) whether Government have considered the findings, conclusions and recommendations recorded by the Baweia Inquiry Commission which inquired into the Latth-charge inside Thar Jail, Delhi on Gendhi Jayenti, October 2, 1975 during the dark days of tyranny and terror of the emergency;
 - (b) if so, with what result; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATILJ: (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). The Baweja Commission in its findings has drawn attention to certain lacunae in the Tihar Jail such as over-crowding, unhygenic and insanitary conditions and inadequate medical and drinking water facilities etc. It has also commented upon the negligence and inefficiency on the part of some officials incharge of the Jail Administration. The Delhi Administration, after examination of the report, appointed a senior officer to make a comprehensive study of the deficiencies in regard to facilities in the Jail and to suggest remedial measures. Suggestions made by the officer in this regard are being implemented. The Delhi Administration have also initiated action against the officials who appeared responsible on the basis of the findings of the Commission.

3263, PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

- (a) whether scarcity of electricity is still continuing in West Bengal and the people of Calcutta and other industrial areas are suffering load shedding daily;
 - (b) if so, facts thereabout:
- (c) the effect of load shedding on the industry of West Bengal:
- (d) whether the Cantral Government have enquired into the contimued causes of shortage of production and supply of electricity in West Bengal and whether they have offered any assistance to the West Bengal Government for meeting the obortage of electricity in the State; if so, facts thereabout;
- (e) whother West Bengal has received supply of electricity from the neighbouring States and if so, the facts thereabout; and
- (f) whether the problem of shortage of electricity is expected to be resolved in the State?
- THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) There is a shortage of power in West Bengal and load shedding is resorted to whenever the availability of power is less than the system demand.
- (b) A statement-I showing month-wise minimum and maximum quantum of load shedding and the number of days in the month on which load shedding was resorted to in West Bengal State Electricity Board System and CESG system, supplying power to Calcutta City, for the period April, 1978 to October, 1978 is given.

- (c) Load shedding does affect the industrial production. However it is not possible to assess the loss in production due to load shedding alone, as there are other factors such as labour situation, availability of raw materials etc which also affect production
- (d) The Government is aware of the difficult power situation in West Bengal Apart from the meetings that take place from time to time between the representatives of the Central Government and the State Government of West Bengal the Central Electricity Authority keeps constant touch with the State Electricity Board to identify the problems of power shortage in the State and take suitable measures Some of the steps taken to improve the power supply situation in West Bengal are
 - 1 Better and effective coordination of the four power supply agencies in West Bengal namely CESC WRSEB DPL and DVC to ensure integrated operation
 - 2 Senior Officers of the Ministry of Energy and the Central Electra city Authority have been neputed from time to time for high level discuss one with the State Authorities and various power system authorities for finding out ways and means of improving the performance of the thermal power stations
 - 3 Units No 1 & 2 of 120 MW each at Sandaldih thermal station have been covered under the project renovation programme. The problems being faced by these units have been identified and action is being taken to rectify the same
 - 4. The State Government have been advised to take necessary steps to shift the working hours of some of the industries from day to night hours so that the night load in Calcutta area gets mereased giving relict to the day peak

- 5 The Central Government has also permitted DPL and Bandal thermal power stations to freely import necessary spare parts for their coal mills and other plants
- 6 New thermal generating units are being installed at Santaldih. Bandal, DPL and Kolagnat West Bengal. Thermal generating units are also under construction at Titagarh.
- 7 The Government has also recently sanctioned a scheme for installation of 5 gas turbine units of 20 MW each in West Bengal
- (e) DPL system renders assistance to the West Bengal State Electricity Board System in meeting its power demand A statement-II showing the peak power and energy assistance received by WBSEB from DPL System for the period April, 1978 to October 1978 is given CESC power system also receives assistance from DVC and West Bengal State Electracity Board Systems Details of this assistance for the period April 1978 to October 1978 are also given in Annevure II Central Government has arranged assistance to be made available from Orissa also North Bengal has been receiving assistance from Bihar whenever generation in their thermal plant at Baraum is tatisfactory Assam has not been able to help as they themselves are short of power
 - (f) In order to meet the growing demand a number of thermal and hydel projects are under construction in West Bengal, About 1470 MW of new capacity would be commissioned during the period 1979-84 As per the latest assessment of demand and availability of power in West Bengal, it is expected that the peaking shortage would be gradually reduced during next few years In the State is expected to overcome the shortages

Statement-I

Details of month-wise load shedding in West Bengal State Electricity Board and CESC. Systems.

Month		West Bengal State Electricity Board System				CES	C System	
Alonin			Minimum (MW)	Maximum (MW)	n No. of days in the month on which load by shedding was done	(717h)	(MIN)	No. of days in the month on which foad shedding was done.
April '785" .		٠.	27	76	26	6	165	28
May '78 .			2	87	26	16	200	26
June '78 .			5	58	8	4	147	25
July '78 '			ã	76	tg.	15	120	92
August '78 .			13	92	30	5	185	29
Sept. '78 .			2	121	27	6	210	29
October '78			7	84	25	15	130	25

Statement-II

Details of Assistance given to West Bengal Power Systems from other Fower Systems.

Month			Assistance from DPL system to West Bengai		Assistance	given 1	e CFEC	System.
			State Elec Board Sys	tricity	From DVC System		From WESTI Sono	
			7111.	MU	YUV.	MU	MW	М
April '18	.~	 	124	46-59	98	45.0	223	100.0
May '78			115	36-62	98	±6∙o	237	115.0
Tune '76			101	25.13	98	40.0	237	131.0
July "78"			Son	26.47	115.5	45'0	277	159.0
August '78			107	24.20	97	47.0	513	150.3
September *	-8		136	27:35	99.6	49.0	230	96.0
October '78	•		78	15.72	68.0	47.0	gc 6	100.0

Supply of coal to Punjah

3264. SHRI BALWANT SINGH RAMOOWALIA. Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state

- (a) whether the coal chortage has poised a serious danger to the industries of Punjab, and
- (b) how much coal was allotted to the Punjab State for menths of August, September October and November 1970 and how much was actually supplied there?
- THE MINISTER OF EXERCY (SHRI P RAMCHANDRAN) (a) White there have been occasional discussed in the same states calls from some midstral units in Punjab for rushine coal supplies to avoid loss of production, there is no information to indicate that the shortfall in recept of coal has possed a serious danger to the industries of that state
- (b) Informat on 1s being collected and will be laid on the table of the House

राष्ट्रीय राज्यस सस्या (30

3265 श्री चटरेच दर्मा । स्था नौबहुत और परिवहन मन्नी यह बतान की हुपा करने कि

- (क) क्या प्रस्तावित राजक्य सद्या 30 को यो रेतव लाइन क दक्षिण की तरक में निस्तवी है बिहार के निकट में रेलवे लाइन के उत्तर को तरफ ने निकालन को योजना है
- (घ) क्या इस योजना क परिणामस्यस्य छोटे एव शीमान निवानों की उपनाऊ मूल्यवान तथा निवानी जमीन को जबरुस्ता मधिप्रहण करना पहेचा
- (प) स्ता यह मच है कि उसरोक्त निश्चत दूर ही कॉर्सनों बीन इस स्वत्यय को न्यत सताहुर वे रिन्दे आईस को उसर में मोह निया जान कर्ताह पढ़ों पर नवह को कला तथा कर 60 कट पोसी बहुद बताई या पूरी है सीर
 - (ष) सिंद हो तो उपयोधिता तथा स्वय व वित्रस्थित को त्यान हुए राजापुर से वरे उत्तर को बरक एवं एम सबक को मोरने में क्यां त्यानत हुं

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नीवतन भीर परिवहन मंत्रालय में प्रमारी राज्य (क) से (घ) स्त्री (थी पांत राम): राष्ट्रीय राजमाय 30 का दानापुर-विहतर-भाराह अर प्रतिकालन साहियों का उक्टरा सस्ता है (बाहन मार्ग 3 5 मो 0-12 फीट घोर कच्ची पटरी) धीर बाताबात वे लिए नवभग प्रपर्याप्त है। घीर इसे गाडियों के बोडरे रास्ते के रूप में चौड़ा बर विकसित करने के लिए पर्याप्त जमीन उपन्य न होने भौर उसके दोना सोर पटिस्स भौडी हाने में **रारण बौर इन भाग क** स्तर के तीचा होत के कारण बहा प्रधिकांत्रत भागा में यवा धौर सोन नदी का पाना भर जाने के कारण जगह धस जाती है इसका विकास करना कठिन है। इसके पहल चरण में रेल लाइन क दक्षिण म पटना से बिहता के नए सरेखन की बाद की जाउदी है।

चिक्त वहाँ कोई ऊची चौडी (धर्माध्य प्रांति वा यूनाम बीहाई 25 माठ-150 मीट हागी) प्रोत्त प्रांति कीची प्रीत वनान एव विनायों के रोहन पूमि नहां है पन रेनक लाइन के उत्तर स बानापुर ने होचर नवा सरेप्रन तना सभन न्हा।

विसी भी राष्ट्रीय राजमान स्नर के मरेशन ने निए बाहे वह रेलवे लाइन के दक्षिण में ही भयवा उसर म कृषि भूमि क म्राधिबहन की मान्हननता पहनी।

Dearness allowance paid to Defence Services Personnel

3266 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

- (a) what is the rate of dearness allowance pand to Defence Services Personnel is it 40 per cent more, maximum,
- (b) what is the rate of dearness allowance given to other Central Government employees and
- (c) if there is difference in rates, what is the reason for this discrimination?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JACJIVAN RAM) (a) to (c) Dearness Allowance are admissible to Defence Services Personnel at the same rates and under the same conditions as are applicable to Central

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Government civilian employees. A statement showing the current rates

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of Dearness Allowance and Additional Dearness Allowance is attacked.

Statement

Dearness Allowance		Additional Dearness Allowance
Pay Range	Rate p.m.	Rate p.m.
(i) Upto Rs. 300/-	36% of Pay	21% of Pay subject to a minimum of Rs. 42/- and

Maximum of Rs. 60/.

(in) Yabowe Rs. 300/- and upto 27% of pay subject to a mi
Rs. 2250/
Rs. 2250/
Zimum of Rs. 60/- and maximum of

Rs. 245/
Zimum of Rs. 245/
Zimum of Rs. 245/
Rs. 126/
Rs. 126/-

*Subject to marginal adjustments in all cases including at higher pay ranges so that the pay plus Dearness Allowance and Additional Dearness Allowance does not exceed Rs. 2400/-.

Indian scientists abread

3267. SHRI S. S. SOMANI: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a large number of Indian scientists are settled permanently in foreign countries; and
- (b) if so, the total number of such scientists registered upto the end of August, 1973 in the Indians abroad section in the National Register?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARII DESAI): (a) and (b). Government hisve no information as to indian Scientists who have settled permanently abroad. The number of persons voluntarily registered in the Indians Abroad Section of the National Register upto the end of August, 1978 was 21,108; out of this 10,234 have returned to India.

Setting up of Mini Cement Plants

3268. SHRI VIJAYKUMAR N. PATIL: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to get up series of mini-coment plants in the country during the Sixth

- (b) if so, details such as number of such mini-plants proposed to be established state-wise with names of cities local finalise capacity and offer of investment year-wise phasing and phasing of production etc;
- (c) total production capacity of cement plants in the country yearwise for the last three years vis-a-vis actual production reported; and
- (d) whether it is a fact that searcity of cement is likely to affect the various works programmes the quantities and value of cement being imported during the current year and distribution arrangements made priority-wise along with administrative and monitoring arrangements?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN
THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY
(RUMARI ABHA MATT): (a) and
(b). Government are presently
examining the recommendations of
the two Working Groups on the Technology for mini cement plants and the
ficell incentives necessary to encourage the setting up of a number of
such plants.

(c) The capacity and actual production of the cement industry during the last three years has been as under-

Year	Capacity	Produc- tion	%Utili sation	
1973 /6	21 16	17 29	82	
1976 ,7	21 46	18 65	63	
:9,7,8	21 87	19 38	88	

(d) While there has been a spurt in the demand for cement far exceeding the availability as a result of increased activities in the field of agriculture, arrigation, industry housing and construction activities etc. priority works programme will, however, not be affected for want of cement A quantity of about 1760 lakh tonnes will be imported during the year at an average rate of Rs 640 per tonne. The imported cement is taken in the pool along with indigenous cement for purposes of distribution and then allocated to the States as well as Central Government Departments and to private bulk consumers. Government has taken a decision to make prior reserva ion for the quantities of cement required for irrigation and power projects and have accordingly proposed an allocation of 12,80 lakh tonnes for irrigation and power projects for the period January-March, 1979 From out of the balance, bulk quantities are allotted to each State. It is eft to the discretion of the State Government concerned to determine the quantity of cement to be allotted to various categories of consumers

Deployment of CRP in States

2259 SHRI RASHEED MASOOD Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be Peased to state the names of places in different States in which the Central Restree Police was deployed during the period ist Movember, 1971 to 31st October, 1978 to deal with communal notes.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SIRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL) Deployment is done by the States when the forces are made available to the States. Information is therefore being collected from State Governments and would be laid on the table of the House when received.

Construction of Power Station at Muzzffarpur, Bihar

3270 SHRI D N TIWARY Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state

- (a) whether the schedule of con struction of power station at Muzaffarpur in Bihar has been extended,
- (b) if so, the reasons for this change in the schedule, and
- (c) what is the new time schedule for completion of construction?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN) (2) No Sir

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) The two units are targetted for commissioning in July, 1982 and January, 1983

Loss of Rs. 8 crores to NTC

3271 SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK

SHRI G M. BANATWALLA.

- Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be
- (a) whether Government have seen the press reports in the Blitz dated the 18th November, 1978 wherein it has been stated that National Textile Corporation have suffered a loss of Rs. 8 crores,
- (b) if so, whether Government have since inquired into the working of this corporation, and
- (c) whether any steps have been taken by Government to uplift the working and for smooth functioning of this corporation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA NAITI); (a) and (b) Yes Sir. No specific investigation as such has been instituted. A close watch is being kept on the working of NTC (WBAN&O) Ltd., and its performance is periodically reviewed.

- (c) The following steps have been taken/are being taken, to improve the working and better functioning of this subsidiary
 - 1. Strengthening of the management of the subsidiary:
 - 2. Implementation of the modernisation programme;
 - 3. Seeking cooperation of the State Government of West Bengal in the implementation of voluntary labour rationalisation programme: and for supply of uninterrupted nower

Documentary on activities of Emergency

3272. SHRT C. R. MAHATA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government propose to screen a Documentary on the emergency activities;
- (b) whether Government have also permitted the State Governments to screen a documentary on the emergency activities; and
- (c) if so, details thereof and the response of the State Governments?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L. K. ADVANI): (a) and (b). No, Sir. Before any documentary film is released on the theatrical circuit it is required to be certified by the Censors . and approved by the Film Advisory Board.

(c) Does not arise.

Reducing Retirement Age of Employees

- 3273 SHRI MANORANJAN BHAK-TA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government propose to reduce the present retirement age from 58 to 55 years as a measure to generate more employment opportunities: if so facts; and
- (b) whether it is also proposed to change the present administrative set up of services in Ministries and Government offices to make Government service more attractive and promotion-oriented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a) and (b). No such proposals are under consideration at present.

केन्द्रीय ग्रर्ड सैनिक सेगठनों में भर्ती

3274. श्री महीलाल :

थो राज केशर सिंह:

- क्या यह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे Fr .
- (क) सीठ घार० मीठ, ब्राईंट टीट बीठ मीठ एक, बीठ एसट एक और सीठ घार० पीठ एफ 0 जैसे अर्द्ध सैनिक संगठनों में भर्सी करने के लिए भर्ती नियम क्या है तथा क्या समाचार पत्नों में विज्ञापन दिए बिना अधिकारियों से निकट संबंधियों को विभिन्न नौकरियां दी जाती हैं और खिलाडियों को भी कोई रिवायत नहीं थी जाती है :
- (ख) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार का विचार उन्त संगठनों में पुरानी सामन्ती मर्ती व्ययस्था को समाप्त करने ब्रॉट ब्राम बनता की सूचनाय समाचारपतों में पदों का विहापन देने का सीकतंत्री वरीका अपनाने का हे; श्रीर
- (ग) यदि हो, तो सरकार का विचार इस संबंध में शावस्थक हिरावतें क्य तक जारी करने का है ?

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गह मतालय में राज्य मती (भी धनिक क्षाम मगरल) + (क) से (ग) अ दीय रिजन पुलिस बन गौर भारत किन्द्र सीमा पुलिस म भर्ती केंद्रीय रिजव पुलिस बन मधिनियम / नियमा क उपबाधा भीर संबंधित पढ़ा के लिय भवी नियमा क ग्रनशर की बाता है । रिक्तिया समाचार पत्रो में विश्वाप्ति का जाती है और रोजवार कार्यात्व ो भी मधिमस्तित का बाती है । भर्ती निरमावली क रपत्राधी के प्रनक्षार क्ल के मनस्य जा दिवलाग हैं प्रसमयता के कारण सेवा स हटा निय वर्षे हैं भोदा में रहते मार गय हा नर गय हैं के पत्री ो वरीयता दी आती है धनत व संस्था पर क लिये उपयुक्त हों । खिलाडिया के लिय कोई प्रचग सवर्गेनहीं है।

ा दिल उक्क्ट खिलादियों के मामल में जो निप्रारित जारारिक धीर मध्यमिक योग्यनाए नहीं रखन नियम के प्रनमार छट दी जाता है।

2. बहातक शीमा सरद्या बन का मक्ब है राजपतित परा पर भवीं विभिन्न थांगयों के निय निर्धारित नायकारी बनन्त्रों के बननार की बादी है। अराजप्रजित पदा पर नहीं सामा सुरक्षा बन क नियमों क चनगर की जाती है। सीमा नरना बस स परा का प्रमान विकासित किया जाता है प्रीर अन्य प्रवार माध्यमा द्वारा उनका दिस्तन प्रचार विचा जाता है। सीमा मुख्या बल के कामिको के बाधिता का प्रती क लिखे बबोचित व्यान रखा जाता है। फिर भी ग्रन्स बाता के ममान होत पर निम्बलिखा बणिया क मामलो वो प्रायमिवना दी जाती है --

- (।) सोमा मुस्सा दा क भारित विधवा इयादि ।
- ,(u) सीमा मुरना वद क भावत हुए वासिको क मानित ।
- (111) यदा मध्य संकातियन हान वाल मोमा मुख्या दन क इराजपवित राविकों क पुत्र ।

मामा नुरशा दर स धिताहिया की घर्ती क भागने म उनुष्ट यांग्यना क खिलाडियो को विभिन्न प्रपंत्रित प्रत्नामी की कमिया के दिये छट दी जातो है।

Procurement of Communications Satellites from USA

32,5 SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTHY Will the Minister of SPACE be pleased to state

(a) how many communications satellites have been procured by Irda from the U.S.A. so far and

(b) what are the specific reasons for giving our India's options to these satellites from the U.S.A.?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) The only spacecraft which are in the process of being pocured from the USA are the two multi-purpose first generation Indian National Satellite System (INSAT I) spacecraft for telecommunications meteorology and TV, which are scheduled to be delivered during the calendar years 1980 and 1981

For procurement of the (b) INSAT-I spacecraft and allied equipment and services the Department of Space had issued on a world wide bosis a Request for Proposals (RFP)/ Global tender In response to this, the Department of Space received two proposal, both from established manufacturers in USA spacecraft After detailed evaluations of both proposals the Contract was awarded to the bidder with the lowest cost and which met all the essential requirements stipulated in the RFP

वरोजपारी को दूर किया जाना

3276 थी बजबयम तिवारी ध्ये दलपत सिंह परस्ते थी राम रुवर बेरवा

क्या बोजना मत्रो यह बतान की हुपा करेंने

(क) वय 1977-78 में बरोजनार रोमों नी महर्वाबद्धकर इसाहो गई यी

- (व) प्रत्न 1977 प्रोर ग्रस्पूबर 1978 में देव में बरोजगार लोगो नो मूल सहना क्या
- (ग) इस प्रवधि में किनने लोगो को राजगार प्रदान किया गया ग्रीप
- (घ) देश में बरोजगारी समाप्त करने के लिए घर तक क्या कायवाही की गई है ?

प्रवान मंत्री (औ पोतारली देखाई): (इ) भीर (थ), 1977-75 थे, विष्टू-देखेकारों से संजीत मुलना पत कर जाकता अही है। तथाई रोखेलार रखतों के रिक्त रोबेस्टरों में हा वेदक रोखों में संजीत जरकता मुख्या में घट दिखाई चित्र है कि मार्च, 1977 के यन्त में उनकी संख्या 1978 के पत्र में तह स्कृत मार्च, 1978 के भारत में 113.5 जान हो गई पीर जिस्मार, 1978 के पत्र में मीर्च, भीर जिस्मार, 1978 के पत्र में मीर्च, भीर किस्मार, 1978 के पत्र में मीर्च, भीर किस्मार, में स्वर्थ में स्वर्थ के प्रतिक्र मार्च के प्रतिक्रमार्थ के स्वर्थ में रोकेस स्वर्थ में होने मार्च व्यक्तिया स्वर्थ में में केस स्वर्थ में स्वर्थ में स्वर्थ में स्वर्थ में

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(ग) रोजगार के संबंध में चाजू सूचना मी आपक साधार पर उपलब्ध नहीं, है। रोजगार क्यार के ग्रांकड़ों से यह मानूम होगा है कि प्रकार 1977 से ऐक्स सिरम्बर, 1978 उस की प्रवर्ध में रोजगार तलाभ करने वाले 6.9 लाख लोगों को रोजगार दिवास करने वाले 6.9 लाख लोगों को रोजगार दिवास करने वाले

गैसी कुछ सीमाएं होती है ।

् संगठित कृषि से इसर क्षेत्र में रोजनार है संग्रीयत प्रद्यतन उपस्तद्य प्राव्हें। है, को अस मेरी रोजनार महादय द्वारा एक्ट किए गए हैं, यह मन्द्र होता है कि 31 मार्च, 1977 को उनकी संख्या 207.4 लाख थी, वह बड़कर 30 निसन्बर, 1977 को 208.4, बाला हो गई।

(म) योजना के प्रारूप (1978—83) में रोजगार के कुछ तक्ष्मों को प्राप्त करने के लिए प्रस्तावित विकास कार्यनीति वनाई गई है। इस कार्यनीति में ये जामिल हैं:—

- (1) रोजपार-प्रधान क्षेत्रीय आयोजना की अपनाना ;
- (2) रोजगार के संरक्षण और वृद्धि के लिए जिल्म वैक्षानिक परिवर्तन का विनियमन; और
- (3) पूर्ण रोजगार के लिए क्षेत्र मायोजना का संवर्धन ।

एकीकृत ग्रामीण विकास कार्यक्रम के सर्वर्जय पान् योजना में महन विकास के निष्ट 2000 परशे को निष्प नमा है। दश्के बताबा मूर्य रोजनार के लिए शेंद्र प्रायोजना के लिए हर करें 300 पान्य और लिए जा पार्ट हैं। इन कार्यकर्मों के में ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कार्फी प्रशिक रोजनार के मेंबदर चलक होंगे।

ऐसी प्राचा हूं कि निवेश और उत्पादन के योजनायद स्वरंग के कार्यक्ष्म में परिशव ही जाने से 1975—33 की योजना की स्वर्धि में रीजनार के समारम 193 सार प्रतिरिक्त श्रमन्त्रों उत्पन्न होने जिससी इन सोजना की श्यक्ति में श्रीनको की संख्या में हुई वृद्धि को ग्रीर साय है ही पहले से कसी बा रही वेरोजवारी के पर्याप्त भाग को काम मिल जाएगा।

Production of Inter Continental: Ballistic Missiles

3277. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government propose to produce Inter-Continental Ballistic Missiles;
- (b) whether Government have their own system/know-how to produce these; and
- (c) whether Government have any foreign collaboration in this respect?

THIS MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAK); (a) to (c). There is no proposal to produce inter-Continental Ballistic Missiles. However, the development and production of other Missiles of shorter range, carrying conventional warheads, is part of our normal Defence plans and programmes.

Congestion in Major Ports

3278. SHRI K. T. KOSALRAM: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that the main reason for congestion in all the major ports is due to the inadequacy of handling equipments for loading, and unloading;
- (b) what measures Government propose to take for tackling the problem of port congestion; and

(c) total number of shipdays lost due to port congestion at major ports in the past three years and the latest figures available for the current year? 123

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM) (a) It is not correct to say that the man reason for congestion in the mapor point is the imadequacy of handling equipments for loading and unloading Congestion is due to several reasons.

- (b) The measures brien to tackle congestion are acquisition of more hadding equipments wherever necessary, increase of labour productivity, diversion of vissels etc. A Standing Committee has been set up in the Ministry of Shipping and Transport to have rationalised distribution of imports and exports among the various major ports.
- (c) According to the available information, the total No of shipdays lost at the various Magnr Ports during the years 1975-76, 1977-77, 1977-78 are approximately 9063 days, 9356 days, 12464 days respectively and for 1978-79 (upto November 1978), are about 10225 days

Scheme for Regional Land Armies

3279 SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state

- (a) whether his attention has been drawn to a news item of 12th November, 1978 in the Hindustan Those stating that the Planning Commission has drawn up a scheme for Regional Land Armies,
- (b) if so, the brief outline of the plan,
- (a) the amount of money involved:
- (d) the expected number of unem ployed who will be given employment under this scheme?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) to (d) The Government has seen the news remote postability of organisms. Surplus surplus

rural labour for employment in sectors in which labour scarcity is experienced or is likely to develop is being examined.

Written Answers

Progress made by the District Industries Centres in Karnataka

3200 SHRI RAJSHEZHAR KOLUR Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state the progress made by District Industries Centre, in Karnaatka from the date of issue of the Industrial Policy declaration in general, and particularly, from September to November, 1978?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI) Government have so far approved the setting up of seven District Industries, Centres in Karnataka and all of them have started functioning All the 7 General Managers have been recruited of whom 15 have been recruited of whom 15 have been trained. Credit Managers for all the 7 District Industries, Centres have been deputed by the lead banks

The State Government have delegated most of the powers of the Director of Industries to the General Managers of the District Industries Centres Industrial Potential Survey Reports are available in respect of all the austrict except Dharwar State Government have taken necessary steps to acquire land for locating the permanent office of the District Industries Centre The Director, Small Industries Service Institute, Bangalore has been requested to prepare an action plan for Simoga District Industries Centre for implementation during 1978-79

Funds ambrung to 26 00 lakhs comprising of Rs 15 50 lakhs as grant and Rs 10 50 as Joan have so far been released to the Government of Karnataka under the District Industries Centre Pogramme

दर तक मार करने वाले विद्यानों के निर्माण के लिये जानकारी प्राप्त करना

3281 भी रामसेवक हजारो : क्या रक्षा मंत्री यह बतानें की क्रमा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या हिन्दुस्तान एयरोनाटिक्स लिमिटेड ने दूर तक मार करने वाले लड़ाक विमानों के निर्माण के लिये जानकारी प्राप्त की है :
- (थ) यदि हां तो इस मामते में कहां तक सफलता प्राप्त हुई है : ब्रीर
- (ग) इस कारवाने द्वारा विमानों का निर्माण यत तक प्रारम्भ कर दिया जाग्रेगा ?

रक्षा मंत्रासव में राज्य मंत्री (ब्रो॰ शेर सिंह): (क) ग्रीर (ख). बिगत वर्षी में हिन्दुस्तान एवरोनाटिक्स लिमिटेड ने श्रति-धाधनिक उपकरण युक्त मिलिटरी वायवानों के निर्माण की क्षमता का विकास का लिया है। जगमार तथा इसकी प्रणातियों के लाइसेंस के मन्तर्गत निर्माण के बारे में संबंधित सहयोगियों से भ्रषेक्षित विभिष्ट जानकारी प्राप्त करते के लिए पहले की कार्रवार्ड की ला रही है।

 (ग) हिन्दुस्तान एयरोनाटिक्स लिम्टिंड डास विनिम्ति इस प्रकार का पहला विमान संभवतः 1982-83 तक सेना को साँप दिया जाएगा ।

Merger of Shipping Corporation of India and the Moghul Lines Limited

3282. SHRI AMAR ROY PRA-DHAN; Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state-

- (a) whether the proposal of merger between Shipping Corporation of India and the Moghul Lines Limited has been postponed; and
 - (b) if so, the reason therefor?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM); (a) The proposal is still under consideration.
 - (b) Does not arise.

Export of Machine made Coir Mais

3283 SHRI A MITRUGESAN-SHRI P. KANNAN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have received the recommendations of the high level Study Team on Coir Industry headed by Mr. Sivaraman; and
- (b) if so, the action taken or proposed to be taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): Yes Sir.

(b) Recommendations of the High Level Study Team are under consideration of the Government.

Foreign Ais received by Krishi Anusandhan Kendra, Tilouia, District Aimer (Rajasthan)

3284. SHRI P. K. KODIYAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Krishi Anusandhan Kendra, Tilonia in Aimer District of Rajasthan has received lakhs of rupees as aid from foreign sources;
 - (b) if so, what are the facts thereof;
- (c) whether it is a fact that a strong demand was made recently to order a proper audit and enquiry into the financial dealings of this Kendra and also to scrutinize its foreign connections and the money it receives from abroad; and
- (d) if 30, the details and action taken, if any thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): (a) and (b). The correct name of this organisation is Social Work and Research Centre, Tilonia, Ajmer District.

The details of foreign contribution received by this organisation during the period November, 1976 to May 1978 are as follows

(c) Oviam (U.h.) 398 0 9 60 (1) I Fo odet a U.S.) 198 68 62 (1) Real for the World (W. (Germa.)) 100 000 00

(c) and (d) A question had been all and (d) A question had been askernily about the affary of the Institute and the State Government Is seried of the matter So far foreign contribution is concerned intimation of the receipt of foreign contribution has been furnatised by the organisation to the Certical Government under Foreign Contribution Act 1978 The question of taking any action therefore, does not arise

Memorandum from BBJ Staff Union for take over of Company

3280 SHRI SOMNATH CHATTER-JEE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

(a) whether any resolution/repretendation has been received from BEJ STAR Diracy about the mismanagement of 'BEJ construction Company Limited. Calcutta and demanding nationalusation of the Undertaking or its merger with Braith waite Company Ltd.

(b) if so, what is Government's reaction thereto and the steps taken for the proper management of the Company?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF INDUSTRY (RUMAN; ABHA MAPIN) (a) and (a) A representation for the uniforal nation of merger with an

existing Government Company has been received from the employees union of BBJ. The representation is under consideration of the Government

Hindi Typewriters

3286 SHRI MOHAN LAL PIPIL Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that there is a shortage of Hindi typewriters in the Ministry, its attached and Subordinate offices and field formations,
- (b) if not, the total number of English and Hindi typewriters separately in each office, and
- (c) whether according to the annual programme drawn up by Ministry of Hioms Affairs for the year 1978-79, 50 per cent of the lotal requirement of typewriters in a Central Government office located in Hindi speaking area is required to be net by purchasing Hindi typewriters, if so the lotal number of English and Hindi typewriters purchased by his Ministry during the current financial year?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) and (b) The required information is not readily available. It is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House

(c) The total number of English and Hindi typewriters purchased during period 1-4.78 to 30-11.78 is --

> English 95 Hindi 53

Direct Route to Sarojini Nagar from Teen Murii etc

3287 SHRI P KANNAN Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANS... PORT be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that there is no direct DTC route for Sarojini Nagar Market or INA Market from Teen Murti, South Avenue, Moti Bagh-I, South Moti Bagh and Nanakpura:

- (b) if so, whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to start any trips on this route; and
- (c) if so, by when and if not, the
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM): (a) LINA. Market is linked to Molt Bagh—J South Moil Bagh and Nanakpura on Ring Road by the direct services of route 611. There is no direct service between Sarojini Nagar Market or INA. Market and Teen Murti/South Avenue.
 - (b) No, Sir.

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(c) The Delhi Transport Corporation is operating direction oriented services. Under this system it is not feasible to link all the localities of the city by direct services when convenient change over facilities are available.

Persons killed by D.T.C. Buses during April to November, 1978

- 3288. SHRI DALPAT SINGH PARASTE: Will the Minister of SHIP-PING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state:
- (a) the total number of persons killed or injured due to accidents involving D.T.C. buses or private buses operating under DTC in Delhi during the period from 1st April. 1978 to 30th November, 1973 and the numher of accidents;
- (b) the reasons for such a large number of accidents; and
- (c) the steps taken or proposed to be taken to ensure safe traffic?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM): (a) A statement 3556 LS-5 showing the accidents figures involving DTC buses and private buses including private buses under DTC operation from 14-78 to 30-11-78 is given below:—

Type of vehicle	Total accı- dents	Persons injur- red	Persons killed ed
DTC buses	234	311	57
Other buses in- cluding buses under DTC operation	496	530	119

- (b) Heavy volume of mised traffic on the roads and non-observance of traffic rules by the road users. In certain cases negligence on the part of drivers is also attributable to the accidents.
- (c) The following steps are taken to ensure safety:—
- (i) Driving Test is separately conducted by 2 Motor Vehicle Inspectors by dividing the test into two parts, namely practical driving and theoretical knowledge of the road signs and regulations.
 - (ii) Rendum re-test of 10 per cent of the applicant declared eligible for grant of licences by a Technical Officer of Gazetted Status is ensured.
- (iii) Compulsory display of learned licence both at the rear and front side of the vehicle by a learner dritor.
- (iv) Proceedings are initiated for suspension/cancellation of driving licence of those involved in serious casual accidents.
- (v) D.T.C. has made it a rule to suspend from service immediately a driver involved in a fatal accident.
- (vi) A practice of securing verification of character and antecidents of a professional driver given up during the emergency through the Police Department is being revived.

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(vn) STA, has suspended route permits of a number of Stage carriages/contact carriage/HTVs involved in accidents/over-speeding and overtaking

(tin) Fitment of governors in DTC Buses

Use of Science & Technology for Betterment of Village Life

3289 SHRI SHAMBHU NATH CHATURVEDI Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state

- (a) what specific steps have been taken further to use science and technology for the improvement and betterment of village life, environment and economy,
- (b) whether any directives have been given to the Research Centres to give a rural bias and orientation to their research, and
- (c) if so, the results achieved so far?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) and (b). The specific steps that have been taken relate to (a) setting up of instibuttonal frameworks for identifying, planning and implementing programmes for the application of Science and Technology for rural development (eg), betterment of village life, environment and economy, (b) giving a clear direction to various laboratories and institutions to ensure that this objective be kept in mind in working out these programmes and wherever possible to orient their work so that tural development constitutes a major thrust area (c) supporting schemes and projects put forward by Governmental as well as voluntary organisations which have the potential for beiching the rural populations main activities so far relate to agricultural sciences; medical research, by high and transportation recycling of step apronyenthous success son.

ces, environmental sanitation and nollution control etc A Sub-Committee in the Department of Science and Technology on rural environment has identified a number of research-cumfield action programmes to improve the rural environment These projects aim at dissemination of information regarding sicentific and technological aspects of water supply, sanitation, health care, housing, waste disposal and recycling etc. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research, has proposed to set up a centre for speedy development and transfer of rural technology. specially for tribal population. The Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) has a plan of action for rural technology delivery system for which specific Plan allocations exist, under this, projects in the areas of: agro and forestry wastes; fish culture; animal husbandry rural building materials bro-gas technology-soil reclamation medicinal plants cultivation and utilisation; etc have been identified. Studies on pollution control in water bodies, use of agricultural pesticides, location of industries, development and testing of technological innovations etc. are programmes specifically oriented to improve environmental conditions in villages. In addition to these there are very good programmes of many Governmental as well as private agencies at Central and State Levels with increasing understanding of the great and relevant possiblities for the application of science and technology for enhacing the quality of life for rural population

(c) Some of the achievements relate to use of this green algae in rice sledies to migrove productivity, popularisation of Bio-gas technology, solar grain dryers pottery making, lime industry, collection and processing of edible and bone-cible oil social processing of edible and bone-cible oil social processing of Kirish Vigiya, oliventa, lower than the continuation of Kirish Vigiya, oliventa, lower than the continuation of Kirish Vigiya, the continuation of Kirish Vigiya, the continuation of Kirish Vigiya, the continuation of Kirish Vigiya (New John Carlotte and Processing Continuation of Kirish Vigiya (New John Carlotte) and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of perturbation and storage of the continuation
Compensation to Class IV Employees or Ministry Injured in Road Accidents

3290. SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be ileased to state:

- (a) number of class IV employees of Ministry of Home Affairs who were impred in road accidents on duty in the year 1977-78 upto September, 1978.
- (b) number out of them who have been given compensation for injuries on duty; and
- (c) number out of those who have not been paid compensation and when it is likely to be paid?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): (a) to (c). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

आक्षासकाणी के स्टाक प्राटिस्टों को अतिरिक्त भूगतान

3291, श्रो नक्क सिंह वीहान: क्या सुबना भीर प्रसारण मंत्री यह सताने की कृषा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या आकाषवाणी के स्टाफ आटिस्टों को जनके द्वारा किये गये श्रातिस्त्त काम के दिये गातिक मेतन से प्रतिस्तित सत्तव से भी भुगतान किया साता है;
- (व) इस प्रकार का नुस्तात किये वाने के भारण क्या है और क्या किसी अन्य संबर्ग के कर्मचारिक्ट को भी नियमित साधार पर इस प्रकार का भुगतान किया जाता है;
- '(ग) क्या न्यून रोडते को समाचार पड़ने के मतिरिक्त प्रन्य कार्यक्रम पड़ने के लिये कोर्ड मतिरिक्त भूगतान किया जाता है :

- (श) क्या एनोंसर्ख को भी यह प्रतिरिक्त सबतान किया जाता है : धीर
- (ङ) वहा इस को समान्त करने का दिनार है क्योंकि इसेंसे पक्षपांत को बढ़ावा मिनता है ?

सूचना ग्रीर प्रसारम मंत्री (श्री साल कृष्य बाइनाची) : (क) ची, हो ।

- (ख) अर्दिरिक्त पारिश्रमिक निम्नतिदित क्राग्यरों पर दिवा जाता है :─
 - (1) स्टाफ धार्टिस्टों (विनकों मूज पुरूष 756.00 क्या प्रतिपास ते प्रोक्त न हो, फिलु उनकी फोड़कर विनका गुरुवमाद 656-1200 फल, और 'स्ति ग्रीफ हों) से सम्पोपित के के तम में पूर्वि उनके सिए उन्हें शीव गए कार्यों को उनके सामान्य काम के बेटों के स्तावा करना आवास्त्रक हो (शीमा 25 महिन्दर तक)।
 - (2) वह झावत में जब कियों स्टान फार्टिस् की ऐसे अपी, मिलाने करने हैं तिया, स्टान फार्टिस में सोखा नहीं की होती, तिनंदस्य कांग्रेज के दिला में विश्वमित या कंपतार धाधार पर स्लाह में रूप से रूप यो अपर की नार्य, प्रतिस्थित मुक्त के रूप में वी उनकी पालिक धाम के 25 प्रतिकृत से पालिक मंत्रों में
 - (3) इसी प्रकार के कार्य के जिए स्किंग साइयी ध्यतित को दिए जाने पार्ट कुल के 50 प्रतिकृत की दर दर प्रतिक्रिक परिवृत्तिक के रूप में यहि स्त्रितिक परिवृत्तिक के रूप में यहि स्त्रित को प्रतिक्र के स्त्रित करें प्रति वार्य की उच्छते स्त्रीत कर निर्दायत प्रति आर्थ की उच्छते स्त्रीत कर निर्दायत प्रति अराधिक कार्यों में व प्रति में ।
 - (4) व्यक्ति हिम्मित सत्कारी कर्मबारियों की सन्वेपरि गत्ते के इताना बाद नहीं मृत्यात नहीं किया वा तकता, उत्तरों क्यांकित की किया वा तकता, उत्तरों क्यांकित की की जिए पारियोगित के स्वां मृत्यों की जिए पारियोगित के स्व में मानदेश दिना या तकता है।
 - (ग) और (ग). सी, हो ।
 - (ङ) इत प्रकार का शोई_, प्रस्ताय नहीं है।

Separate Police Force for Election Purposes

3291 SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE SHRI S. S. SOVIANI SHRI SARAT KAR

Will the Minister of HOME APPAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government are considering a proposal for a separate police force under the Election Commission for handling law and order during elections, and

(b) if so the details thereof?

THE VINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOVE AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL) (2) No. Sir

(b) Boes not utice

Development of Handloom Industry in the Country

3293. SHRI AMARSIVH V RATHA WA Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

 (a) what is the number of handlooms working in India, State-wise,

(b) the measures taken by Government to protect and develop this industry in the country and particularly in backward areas?

THE RIPUSTER OF STATE IN THE MUDISTRY OF PRODUCTRY (KUMARK MUDISTRY OF PRODUCTRY (KUMARK MUDISTRY OF ACT OF

(b) The following measures have been taken by the Central Government for protection and development of has been industry:—

(i) Handsom jamata cloth scheme

- (u) Intensive and Export Hand loom Development Projects for the benefit of weavers outside the concernive fold
- (iii) Share capital assistance for primary handloom cooperative societies
 - (iv) Share capital assistance for Aper Body of handloom wea-
- (v) Assistance for creation of preloom and post loom processing facilities
- (vi) Share capital assistance to State Handloom Development Corporations
- (vil) Grant of special rebate on sale of handloom cloth.
- (viii) Nation wide—publicity—programmes and exhibitions and fairs—for—popularising and bosting sale of handloom products

Central Government is also assisting State Governments for their plan schemes in the handloom sector by providing financial assistance in the shape of block loans and grain's for State Plan Schemes.

Statement

Statement thou ag number of Handlooms State-trees

States	No of Lorm (m takts)
Andhra Pradesk	5 97
Attain	5 5º
Bihar	2 01
Cuparan	n ng
Haryana	0.57
Himachal Pradesh	0 63
James & Ladiner	N.A.
hamataka	: 37

States			No.	of looms
			(i	n lakha)
Kerala .				0.71
Madhya Pra	desh			0.23
Maharashtra	٠.		. '	1.85
Manipur .				2.00
Meghalaya		٠,		0.20
Mizoram .				-
Nagaland				2,20
Punjab .				0.18
Rajasthan.				1-42
Orissa .				0.87
Taruil Nadu				5.20
Tripura .				1.53
Uttar Prade	sh .			5109
West Benga	1.			1.08
Delhi .				0.03
Con .				Nıl
Dada Naga	r Have	li		Nii
Pondicherry				0.07
Sikkim .				_
	Total :		. *	38.07

Reduction in cost of C. I. L.

3294. SHRI KACHARULAL HEM: PAIL JAIN. Will the Minister of ENER-GY be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 420 on the 14th December, 1977 regarding 18duction in cost of coal India Ltd., and state:

- (a) the steps taken so far in the direction and results achieved; and
- (b) what further steps are proposed to be taken?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) and (b). Coal India Limited has taken and continues to take a number of measures for effecting economy in its expenditure particularly on the non-productive items. These include the measures suggested by the committee under the

Chairmanship of Birector General.

- Bureau of Public Enterprises which went into this question such as-(i) control on manpower and improvement in productivity:
 - (ii) improvement in utilisation of equipment:
 - (iii) economy in use of stores and pôwer:
 - (iv) control on inventory and other elements of working capital- and
 - (v) control on administration manpower as well as administrative expenses

In view of the fall in production on account of floods, power interruptions shortage of explosives and absenteeism of workers as well as due to increase in dearness allowance and cost of inputs there has not been an actual reduction of cost.

दिस्ती विद्यत प्रदाय संस्थान के पास ग्रानितमन ्र गातियां

3295, भी सासजी नाई : नेवा ऊर्जा गंती बह बताने की ऋषा करेंगे कि :

- (क) बवा यह सच है कि दिल्ली मिद्रत प्रदाव संस्थान के फायर विभेड़ के पान वर्ष 1965 में फेबल एक हो प्रस्ति-जनत गाड़ी भी और श्रय 13 वर्ष से भी ग्राधिक नभय परचात दो प्राप्ति-ज्ञमन गृहिया है और वे भी भागः छराव रहती "
- (च) नया ये गाहिया इन्द्रशस्य विजनी केन्द्र के दायलर मध्या ४ में आन तगते के समय उपतब्ध नहीं हदें थी, और
- -{म} मदिहा, तो बबा सरकार का विमार इन मामलें की जान उनने का है !

•33

जनां मधी (धो हो- राम्पपन) [क) दिस्की विद्युत प्रदाय सम्मात ने 1966 म एक पासर टक्स (मिम स्थान गारी) जिला मा । 1975 में एक प्रान्तर बीद सो गई यो ।

(ख) की हो।

(व) फिल्मी स्वित प्रधान संस्थान न स्वकी जांच को यी प्रीर होंथी व्यक्ति के खिलाफ प्राथमक कायबाही की या रही है।

Purchase of Goods by Central Government Employees Consumer Cooper ative Society

3296 SHRI SHIV SAMPATI RAM Will the Min ster of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) the terms on which goods have been taken from (i) Art Textile Mills and (ii) Vimal Mills for sale at the various branches of the Central Government Employees Consumer Cooperative Society Lid New Delby
- (b) whether the deal with these two mils has been approved by the Purchase Committee and if so when and if not, the officer responsible for making a deal with these mills overriding the functions of the purchase committee.
- (c) the payment so far made to each of these mills and the total value of goods of these mills so far has been sold at various branches of the Store and
- (d) the measures Government propose to ensure that any deal is first approved by the Purchase Committee before finalization?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STATE AND A STATE OF

These fabrics are available for falls at only one branch store of the Society viz. the P Block Raisina Road New Delbi. The goods are received for self-and payment is made only after the goods are sold for the quantity that is sold after deducting the profit due to the branch store. The goods are not purchased on each basis but are received on consignment basis.

- (b) The deal with the firm viz. the Arates Textlles wholesale Cloth Merchants, Delti, had been approved not only by the Purchase Committee but also duly setted and ratified by the Board of Administration of the Sonety in their meeting held on 22nd July 1973. In view of this the question of holding any officer responsible for the deal does not arise.
- (c) A statement understing the total value of the goods received from M/s Active Textiles Wischsale Cloth Merchants Delhi together with the value of goods sold and the payment mode therefor to them by the Society as on 29th November 1973 is given below—

Total value of goods received	Value of goods sold	Payment made to the fum
Rs.	Rs,	Rs.
τ 15687 15	53 too 39	28 SCD 53

(d) According to existing procedure all transactions of this type have to be approved by the Purchase Committee and/or the Board of Administration of the Society and their approval is invariable obtained the deal is implemented. By further measures are, therefore, considered necessary

Electrification of Villages

5297 SHRI RAMANAND TIWARY Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state the number of villages State wise not electrified so far?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): A statement regarding electrification of villages in

different States is indicated in the aunevure.

Statement

Sl. No.			tates				 Total No. of Villages	Villages electrified as on 30 \$-1978	Villages rot electrified as on 30-9-1978
1.	Andhra Prade	esh	٠.		٠.		27,221	14,910(*)	12,311
2.	Assara .						21,995	2,312	19,683
3.	Bihar .						67,566	18,811(*)	48,755
4.	Gujarat .						18,975	8,550	9,715
5-	Haryana .						6,731	6,731	
6.	Himachal Pra	desh					16,916	7,942	8,974
7.	Jammu and I	Kashr	nic				6,503	4,064(b)	2,439
8.	Kamataka						26,826	15,325	11,501
9.	Kerala .						1,268	1,225	43
10.	Madhya Prade	ch.				,	70,883	16,500	52,383
īτ,	Maharashtra						35,778	22,00033	13,745
12.	Manipur .						1,949	235(4)	1,714
13.	Meghalaya						4,583	431	4,152
14.	Nagaland						960	252	708
13.	Orina .			٠.			46,902	14,252	324740
16.	Punjab .						12,188	12 126(†)	62
17.	Rajasthan						33,305	10,077(*)	23,228
ıß.	Sikkim .						215	48	167
19.	Tamii Nadu						15,735	15,524	211
20.	Tripura .				,		4,727	465	4,262
ar.	Uttar Pradesh						1,12,561	35,317	77,244
22.	West Bengal						38,074	11,887	26, 187
	Total (St	ate)	,				5,71,251	2,21,027	3,50,224
	Total (U	. T ₂ .)				4,685	1,205	3,480
	Torse (A)	ll-Ind	ia)				5,75,936	g 2,22,232]	3,53,704

^(*) Figure provisional.

^{(†) 62} yillagas have been declared uninhabited. (q) As on 31-3-1978. (f) As on 30-8-1978.

Licences Issued to Public Undertakings

2298 SHRI B P MANDAL Wall the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) whether 43 licences and 34 letters of intent were issued during September, 1978
- (b) whether changes have been effected in the ownership of 5 undertakings and 19 licentes were revoked or cancelled, and
 - (c) a brief outline the justification of the above actions?
 - THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI) (a) and (b) Yes SSr
 - (c) Letters of intent and industrial bleenees are required within the framework of Concernment's industrial policy presented to Parlament in December 1977. Requests for grant of change of ownership of undertakings and revocation of industrial benness are considered in accordance with the provisions of the Registration and Licens on of Industrial Under takings. Rules 1959 and Industrial Under takings. Rules 1959 and Industrial Under takings.

Delld Gurgaon Service by DTC

3299 SHRI AGHAN SINGH THA AUR Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

- (a) whether DTC started bus service between Delbi and Gurgaon some time back,
 - (b) if so the reason for its with-
 - (c) what action has been taken on the request of several Members of Parliament to re-start this service?

THE 'HINISIER OF STATE IN CHARGE OF THE MINISIRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHEL CHAND RAM) (a) Yes Sir

- (b) Delhi Gurgaon being an Inter-State route the DTC was operating its services on the basis of temporary permits assued by the State Transpora-Authorn's Delhi The service had to be descentinged we'll 19th December 197a in comphance of the decision of the High Court on a writ printion flad by a private but operator retarning the STA Delhi to grant temporary permits to the DTC or any one else will the final disposal of the appl cations already mysted by the STA for trant of stage currange permits.
 - (c) The services can only be restarted in case the permits are issued to the STA in favour of DTC Delh Administration has indicated that it would be possible to consider request of DTC for issue of the permit only after reciprocal agreement of the permit
Dredging of River Brahmaputra

3300 SHRI PURNA NARAYAN SINHA Will the Minister of SHIP PING AND TRANSPORT be pleused to state

- (a) whether major scale dredging of the river Brahmaputra will be taken up for the purposes of creating a permanent channel for navigation in the river DEVBRI up stream so that conventional cargo and passenger boats of the Assam Sundabass services may be plied
 - (b) if so whether the dredging operations will be made over to the Brahmsputra Flood Control Commission or the Dredging Corporation of India and

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN-CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM); (a) This Ministry is not aware of any river known as DEVBRI. Presumably. the information is required regarding major scale dredging of river Brahmaputra upstream of Dhubri. If so there is no such proposal under consideration.

(h) Does not arise

(c) There is no such proposal under consideration.

दिल्ली के पुलिस वानों में हिन्दी की टाईप मधीनें देना

3301. भी मनोहर साल : क्या गह मंत्री यह यताने की लगा करेंचे कि :

- (क) वया यह मच है कि दिल्ली पुतिस मुख्यानय तथा उनकी बन्य शासाची में रिवोर्ड निधने का तथा ग्रन्य कार्य दुई तथा हिन्दी में किया जाता है :
- (थ) क्या नरकार का विचार सभी मादाओं में हिन्दी में कान करने के दिए दिन्दों की टाईप मणीन देने का है:
 - (म) बदि ता नो कब बढ़ : सौद
- (प) वर्ष नहीं, सी उसरे क्या गारण है?

बुह नंतालय में राज्य मंत्री (की एस० डी० पाटिल) : (क) चे (प). दिल्ली पुलित में कार्य हिन्दी बार पंप्रेजी दोनों में किया जाता है। बहुन कार अपना पान में लावन जाता है। यानों / पुलिस जीतियों में बुद्ध कार्य उर्दू में भी किया जा रहा है। दिल्ली पुलिस के पान 226 टाइंस नशीनों में ते 104 हिंदी की टाइंस मशीन हैं और 122 अंग्रेजी की टाईप मगीने हैं। उदे की कोई टाईम मशीनें नहीं हैं। धीरे-धीरे प्रधिक हिन्दी की टाईप मशोने देने से प्रयत्न दिए जा रहे

Fly over at Delhi Cantt, Nangal Rai Station

3302, SHRI NATVERLAL B. PAR-MAR: Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 6729 on the 12th April, 1978 and state.

- (a) the progress registered so far in getting clearance from the Defence Authorities for the construction of the fly-over at Delhi Cantt. Nangal-Rai Railway crossing:
- (b) whether it is a fact that the inordinate delay in the construction of the said fly-over is causing immense hardship to thousands of commuters who have to use this crossing daily: and
- (c) the steps that Government propose to take to expedite the processing and implementation of the said project at the said site or at any other alternative site nearby?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN-CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM); (a) to (c). Efforts are still continuing by the Municipal Corporation to not the necessary clearance from the Defence authorities. The matter has also been recently discussed at an inter-departmental meeting he d on the 20th November, 1976 Pinal by using will depend upon the ready, of further discussions which are expected to be held shortly.

Written Answers Enartiya praturaksha Mardoor Sangh

3303. SHRI BALDEV SING'I JAS Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Bhartiya Pratiraksha Mazdoor Sangh, an All India Ferderation of Defence employees has applied for recognition,
- (b) if so, according to the Federation how many trade unions of Defence employees are affiliated to the Federation and what is their total membership.
- (c) in case the Federation which is functioning for more than last ten years fulfills all the pre-requisite conditions for recognition then what is the delay in according recognition. fine
- (d) in case it is not possible to accord formal recognition is it possible to accord recognition on ad-hoc basas?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI JAGJIVAN RAM) (a) Y-S. Sir

- (b) The Federation has informed that 60 Unions with a membership of about 66 000 employees are affiliated to it.
- (e) The federation applied for recog nation only in March, 1978. In order to yearly the affiliation of the Unions to the federation it has been requested to furnish copies of resolutions passed in the General Body Meetings of the copterned Unions expressing their desire tor affiliation, The same is still Exalted No.
 - (d) There is no provision to the Rules for grant of recognition on adhoe batte

हिन्दी सताहकार

2305 भी रामनरेस दुशवाह मती यह बताने शी हपा करेंगे कि

- (क) क्या भारत सरकार में बनमान हिन्दी सताहरारा हो देवा निवत्ति के दारे में 21 मई स 24 जून, 1978 के 'पानजन्य', 12 जनवरी, 1975 क 'दिनमान', 17 मान, 1978 के 'रन', त इतात. १९११ के 'इतस्टटेड बीटमा" भीर 2 फरवरो, 1978 के "इध्यित एक्सप्रैम" में प्रकापित बमाचारो की कार सरकार का द्वान गया है . सोर
- (ख) बढ़िहा, हाइन बारे में धरकार की क्या प्रविक्तिया है और उन्हें कब तर समा निकृषि क्र दिया जायेल ?

यत मतालय में राज्य सती (भी छनिक साल मण्डलो (क) ग्रीर (छ) बस्तत , भारत गरहार के एक ही हिंदी सनाहकार है जो राजभाध विधाग है मधिव भी हैं। इनका बतबान करवजान ३६ दिसम्बर १९७८ वर है।

Chairmen of Public Undertakings Under Department of Atomic Energy

3306 SHRI L L KAPOOR Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state the names of Chairmen of the Public Underlakings under the Department of Atomic Energy with these dates of appointment qualifications and previous assignments before taking up the present post?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARII DESAD The name, of Chairmen of the Public Undertakings under the Department of Atomic Enerey, dates of their appointment, qualifi estions and their previous assignments before taking up the present post, are given in the enclosed statement.

					49
Name of Under taking un- der Deptt, of Atomic Energy		Date of appointment	Qualifications I	Previous assignment be- fore taking up the present post	Writte
i. Elementones Geopore, Hydralad. Linited, Hydralad.	Dr. H.N. Sealva., Chair. A Charlishom & Ser. Charlishom & Ser. mic Eliengy.	(furtine) 976.	B.S. (1949); B.S. (Teol) (Inon.) (1944); D. F. K. E. P. K. M. M. F. M.	Director, Ilbabba Avo- mic Recard, Catto, Bornbay, Marther, Re- card R. Develor- man, A.C.	m Answers AGRAHAYANA 22, 1900 (SAK
 Indian Rave Earths Shri M.A. Hadi; I.id , Bombay. 	Shri M.A. Padi.	March 10, 1978. (Chalumar-cum-Mn- naging Director;) (Full time)	M.A. Was a member of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service prior to life absorption in DAE,	Additional Secretary, Department of Atto-	A) Writt
3. Uranium Corporation of India Let. (Jadu- cuda, (Bihar).	Dr. Brahm Prakasi October 4, 1967. Menber, Space Cons. (Part-time) mission and Director Sarahini Space Contre Ifi- vandrum.	October 4, 1967. Part-time)	M.Sr. (Hom), Ph. D., Sc. D.M. II;	Director, Metallurgy Group, Bhabha Ato- mic Research Cente, Rombay.	en Answers
					1

Written Answers Representation by Assam Citizens about Police Harassment

3307 SHRI G M BANATWALLA Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS he pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have received complaints and representations that people of Assam are being harrassed by the Police and other authorities as being infiltrators and
- (b) if so what steps have been taken to end such harassment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL) (a) and (b) Information is being collected from the Government of Assam and will be laid on the Table of the Ho, se as soon as it is received from the State Go-ernment

Request for Fund for a Coastal Road from Tada to Ichapuram by Andhra Pradesh

3208 SHRI G MALLIKARJUNA RAO Will the Vimister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPROT te pleasen to state

- (a) whether the Government Andhra Pradesh proposed to form a Coastal road from Tada in Nellore District to Ichapuram in Srikakulam district and requested the Government of indus for the bnancial assistance, and
- (b) if so, the proposed cost of the road estimated and action taken there. cn?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI SHIPPING AND TANSPORT (SHR) CHAND RAM) (a) and (b) Yes Sir It is however a State mod and the State Government are therefore concerned with this project. The proposal involves a total cost of Rs. 197.336 crops and the State Government wanted that the World Bank may also he approached for assistance. As it is a State road the State Government have been advised to relook into the proposal carefully and to approach if dosired the appropriate authorities ucal ing with World Bank ald road projects.

Officers belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

3309 SHRI S. R REDDY Will the Minister of HOVE AFFAIRS be pleas ed to otala

- (a) the number of officers belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Military Engineering Services, the Indian Statistical Service (Grade I to IV) and the Central Engineering Service (Civil) Class I, and
- (b) what is the population of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes State-wise in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S D PATIL), (a) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

(b) A Statement II is laid on the Table of the House

Statement I

Statement showing the number of officers belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Statement stooting the number of emeers notenging to the concurrent castles and statement of the Military Engineering Services, the Contral Engineering Service (Ovid) Class I and the Indian Statement Service (Grades I to IV)

		,
hame of the Service	o of officers belonging to	lo of effects
Wil may Engineering Services	Scheduled Castes	Schodu ed Tribes
2 Central Engineering Service (Circl) Class 1	90	10
(cora) Class I	50	M

I							2 ,	3	4	5
3. Indian Štatisti	cal S	iervice	 ::		-					
Grade I							ı		Nil	
Grade II							2		Nil	
Grade III							5		Nil	
Grade IV						·	. ,		1	
Population of the nated figures in p duled Tribes O	e Sel	eclule ance (Am	endra	stes a	nd Se tion (herlu	led Tribes Section	according to 5 of the S	o the 1971 cheduled Ca	cter s
India/States/U	nion	Terri	tory.				Population as per 19 (in la)	71 census	Estimated p as at 1971 pursuant t 5(3) of Ac 1976 (in J	o Section t 108 o
•					•		Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes	Scheduled Castes	School Tribes
	I						2	3	4	5
							799-96	380-15		
INDÍA .							57-74	16-58	58-16	22+26
INDIA . Andhra Pradesh			•	•						
							9*13	16.07	9,13	15-07
Andhra Pradesh							9°13	_	83.86 8.13	
Andhra Pradesh Assam								16.07		49*3
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar							79*51	16·07 49*33	83-86	49*3
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat ,							79°51 18°25	16·07 49°33 37°34	83+86 18-90	49°3: 37°57
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat . Haryana .							79°51 18°25 18°96	16·07 49°33 37°34	18-96 18-96	49°33
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat . Haryana . Himachal Prades							79°51 18°25 18°96 7°70	16·07 49°33 37°34 	83.86 18.90 18.90 83.88	49°33 37°57 1°42
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat Haryaua Himachal Prades Jammu and Kas	hwir						79·51 18·25 18·96 7·70 3·81	16·07 49°33 37·34 1′42	83+86 18-90 18-96 8-08	49°33 37°57 1°42 1°93 98°15
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat . Haryana . Himachal Prades Jammu and Kas Kerala .	hwir						79'51 18-25 18-96 7-70 3-81 17-72	15·07 49·33 37·34 1/42 	83-86 18-90 18-96 8-08 	49°33 37°57 1°42 1°93 98°15
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat . Haryana . Himachal Prades Jammu and Kas Kerala . Madhya Pradesh	hwir						79·51 18·25 18·96 7·70 3·81 17·72 54·54	16·07 49°33 37°34 1′42 2°69 83°87	83-86 18-90 18-96 8-08 20-02 57-52 31-77 0-15	1.42 38.41 38.15
Andhra Pradesh Assam Bibar Gujarat . Haryana . Himachal Prades Jammu and Kas Kerala . Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra	hwir						79·51 18·25 18·96 7·70 3·81 17·72 54·54 30·26	15·07 49·33 37·34 1/42 2·69 83·87 29·54	83-86 18-90 18-96 8-68 20-02 57*52 31*77	49°33°37°57°

4.28

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Nagaland

55 Wniten Answers DEC	EMBE	JE 13	, 1918	Witten .	reits were	
1			2	3	4	5
Onsa ,			33, 11	50 72	33 07	50 75
Punjab			33 48		33 48	
Rajanhan			40.76	31-25	42.16	31,32
Tamil Nadu •			73.16	3 12	73.38	4 50
Tnpura			1-93	4 51	1 93	4.21
Uttar Pradesh			185 49	1 99	190 95	Nil
West Bengal -			88+:6	25 33	89.00	26 03
Andaman and Nicobar Island				o 18		c+18
Arunachal Pradesh				3 69		
Chandigarh .			0 29			
Dadra and Nagar Havels .			9 91	o 64		
Delhi .			6 36			
Gue Daman and Diu .			0*16	0.03		
L. V. & V. Islands (Eakshadweep)				0 30		-
Mizoram .				3 13		
Pondicherry			0.73			

Note -(1) Population of Scheduled Caste in Sikkim declared as such under the representation of Sikkun subjects Regulation (1956) stood at o or takh as per 1971 Cennus. This figure is not included in the statement

(u) Under the provisions of Clause (1) of articles 341 and 342 of the Constitution of India, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes specified under the Presidential Order, namely, the Constitution (Sikkum) Schoduled Castes Order 1978 (CO, 110) and the Constitution (Sikkim) Scheduled Tubes Order 1978 (C. O III) respectively issued on the 22nd June, 1978 the following castes and tribes are deemed to have been scheduled in relation to Sikkim state.

Seleduled Coster

t. Damas

(Nepah)

2 Lepoha,

The population figures of the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes according to the above order have not been estimated

Report on Appropriate Import Policy for Synthetic Fibres and related (SSUPE

3310 SHRI K. MALLANNA

SHRI SARAT KAR:

SHRI D. D. DESAI:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the report of the Committee of Secretaries charged with making recommendations regarding an appropriate import policy for synthetic fibres and polyes-

a. Lami

³ Mashi . Suli

Lohar (Vegals)

Scheduled Inbes .-

¹ Bhutia (including Chumbips, Do-

Mhape, Dukpa Kagatey, Sherpa, Tibeha. Tromous, Yelomo)

itten Auswers 158

Foreign exchange

ter filament yarn and related issues has since been submitted to Government.

(b) if so, whether Government have examined its recommendations; and

(c) if so the details regarding the recommendations which have been accepted by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) Yes, Sir,

(b) and (c). Government has yet to take a decision on the recommendations made in the report.

Import of Textile Mill Machinery by N.T.C

3311, SHRI SHYAM SUNDER GUPTA:

> SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether National Textile Corporation have imported textile mills machinery during the last three years:
- (b) if so, the countries from which the machinery has been imported and foreign exchange involved as a result thereof; and
- (c) whether indigenous machinery was not available; and if so, what are the reasons for which the machinery was imported from foreign countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MARTI): (a) and (b). Names of the countries from where machinery/spares have been imported during the last three years and the

foreign exchange involved are given below:—

		involved
1. G.D.R.		Rupee payment
2, U.K		94, 671
3. U.S.A.		56, 277

4. Czechoslovakia . Rupee payment

(c) Yes. Sir.

Name of the country

Guidelines for functioning of Intelligence Organisations

3312. SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that our intelligence agencies and particularly the LB were liberally used in the recent part and continue to be used by the Government of the day to indiscriminately spy on their opponents and even on Ministers and Members of the Ruling Party and do such other patently not permissible things.
- (b) if 50, whether Government will frame a well defined code of conduct with guidelines for the functioning of our Intelligence Organizations and to maintain a balance between secrecy required in an intelligence system and safeguard against abuses; and
- (c) whether our Intelligence Agencies will be brought under Parliamentary accountability on the principles followed in the running of the Defence system?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): (a) No, Sir.
- (b) and (c). As the House was informed carlier in answer to Unstarred Question No. 1460 on 29th November,

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1978, a Committee has beenconstituted to review the working of the Intel ligence Bureau and the CBL in the

light of the observations contained in the first two interim reports of the Shah Commission The Government is awaiting its report

विदेशी कमें द्वारा नवी निवत

3313. भी भारत सिंह चौहान क्या उद्योग मसी बहुदबाने की ग्रापा केश्य कि

- (क) स्वा हुड विदेशो सैर-सरकारी दश्रों ने भारत क मौद्यागित क्षत्र में पूर्वी लगाने में ध्यानी कवि व्यक्त की है ,
- (स्र) पर्मिही तो उनके नाम क्या है. धौर
- (ग) उन्होन पौदागिर शक्ष में मारत में पूरी नवाने के लिये क्या वर्ते रखी है भीर सरहार हारी इस सम्बन्ध में को आ रही कार्यवाही का क्यांस स्मा है ?

उद्योग मवालय में साज्य सबी श्री मती माभा साहति) (क) विरेशी शहबेट पूर्वे भारत के उद्यानों में निनियोजन करने हेत् सीधे ही सरकार के पाम नहीं पहुचतो है। भारतीय कपनिया विदेशी पार्टियों के साथ बार्तालाए करन के उपयन्त प्रस्तावित सहयोग के निये भरतार की स्वीवृति प्राप्त करने हेतु प्रावशनमञ्ज प्रस्तुत इस्ती

(च) गरकार क्षारा स्वीहन महवान के सभा मलावो का व्यास देते हुए दिरेमी इंक्टिंग सह-मामिना महित मुनिया दिनाही बाधार पर जारी भी जाती है। सन्य बाता के नाथ साथ इन मुक्सिया में भारतीय कपनी का बाब, विदेशी गहुबीकी का नाम, बनाई बाने नाली नला, क्या प्रस्ताव में विदेशी इनिन्दी सहसारिता प्रत्यस्त है सादि दिया होता है । इन पूर्वियो भी प्रतिया तत्वद पुस्तवानय में जीतना है।

(ग) विदेशो हिस्सी सहफानिता महित विदेशों बहुबीन के प्रस्ताओं की गुणावगुर्थों के साधार पर सावधानीपूर्वक काच की बाटों है और नदि वे सोहित में हाते हैं तो उन पर स्थीहित पदान कर दो राज्ये हैं। इत सम्बद्ध में सरवाधि मीति बयना का तथा राष्ट्राय प्राथनिकतार्था के धनुक्रव है। इस विषय में बरकरने नीति 23 दिनांबर, 1977 को समृद् के समझ प्रस्तुत प्रोधीमिक नीति विवरत के देख 24, 25 तथा 26 में बनायी

भीताल में नेदियों महिताना

1314 थी जवशेतंत्रसार सावर :

धो एस १ एस १ सोमानी "

क्या परमाण क्रमा मन्नो यह बताने की श्रा rid fe

- (क) क्या बोखरन में परमाण विस्पोट किने वाने के बाद पर्यादस्य पर प्रभावों र निए पोपरन क्षेत्र का मरकार विकास बाधावन कर रही है ..
- (ख) नवा सायो पर प्रतिकृत प्रभाव शानने वाले कुछ कारणा का पता चना है और मरि हा, त्रों उस्ते कार्य किस प्रकार के हैं .
- (य) क्या गत दा वधी ६ शेरान राजायान में बरगाबारण वर्ष का कारण पात्रस्य का परमाम विस्तार है . घोर
- (य) क्या मीयम विभाग के मान्यम से इन बारेमें गरतार ने बाई बाद की है ?
- प्रधान मंत्री (भी मोरात्यो देशाई) : (६) गे. हो ।
 - (स्व) जी. नहीं ।
 - (ग) भी, भही ।
 - (प) यह प्रस्त नहीं उध्या ।

Grace time for payment of bills by Jute Mills

3315 SHREO V. ALAGESAN Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state,

(a) whether it is a fact that the Jute Corporation of India permitted 120 days grace for payment of bills by the jute mills without charging any penal interest, instead of 60 days as per agreement with mills and whatever penal interest realised was, sitared between the milis paying in time and the Jute Corporation in the ratio of 90 ; 10; and

(b) if so, the reasons for showing out of way concessions to the Jute Mill to the detriment of the Corporation's interest?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MAINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (MUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). The suggestion of the Indian Jule Ablis Association that penal interest at the rate of 2 per cent should be levied after 120 days instead of 60 days was accepted as an incentive for prompt

payment of the amount due.

The Committee on Public Undertakings in its 12th report on Jute Corporation of India has stated that the grant of this concession to the industry was something very unusual and as such teeds to be probed further with a view to fixing responsibility. The report of the Committee on Public Undertakings is under consideration of the Gevernrent.

Report on Development of Coir Industry

3316. SHRI GEORGE MATHEW. Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Sivraman Committee has submitted its report regarding the development of the Coir Industry:
- (b) if so, will Kerala Government be allowed to study the report and make necessary comments before a decision is taken by the Central Government since Kerala is producing 85 per cent of the cole manufactured items: and
- (c) whether State Government Scheme for the development of the Coir industry during the Sixth Plan amounts to Rs. 24—24 crores and if so, whether Central Government will allow the State Government to adjust these schemes after seeing the Sixtaman Committee report.

(c) Draft Five Year Plan 1978--83 proposals from the State Government of Kerala have not been received.

Inadequate Police arrangements for Akali Demonstration

3317. SHRI BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that Delhi Administration made inadequate police arrangements to meet the apprehended trouble by Akali demonstration against the Nirankarl Samamam held recently in New Delhi; and
- (b) if so, whether any enquiry has been instituted in this behalf and what action has Government taken against the officers responsible for the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL); (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Design for improvement of Bullock Cart

3318. SHRI D. D. DESAI: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNO-LOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether a final design for improvement of bullock cart has at last been selected;

(b) if so, the steps taken to popularise this design; and

(c) if not, the reasons for delay?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) No Str.

(b) and (c). Because of varying agro-climatic conditions, one design, will not be suitable for all norts of the country. Therefore, averal, groups are working independently and with the help of Government on designs to suit the different route conditions, animal size and draught capability, intersity of use, load levels etc., encountered.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAILI): (a) Yes Sir.

⁽b) Yes, Sir.

in both rural and urban areas Prototipes are being tested under neld cond tions An inter departmental Steering Committee constituted by the "haistry of Shipping and Transport, under the Chairmanship of the Director General Road Development, to take Jock of different aspects of bullock cart develonment and improvement has not vel made any final recommendation in relation to specific designs

Appointment of Sr. and ST Liaison Officere

3319 SHRI B C KAMBLE Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleas ed to state

(a) how many Liamon Officers are appointed in each of the departments in his Ministry, relating to represen tation in services for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as per Government Brochure, Chapter 15, and since when each of them anpointed and the status of each of them

(b) what are the reports of each of these Liaison Officers under Para 51-A of the said Brochure during the just three years submitted to the Secretary/Additional Secretary what action was directed by satter and whether said action as directed was taken and with what result, and

(c) whether Government will lay on the Table of the House the copies of the said reports, directions and the action taken as per (b) above, if not why not?

THE PRIME MINISTER MORARJI DESAI) (a) The Ministry of Planning consists of 2 Departments viz. (1) the Planning Commission and (11) the Department of Statistics One Officer in the Planning Commission and 7 in the Dipartment of Statistics function as, Liaison Officers for matters 1 lating to representation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes The dates of their apnominants and designations are given below -

(i Duector (Admiristration) Planning Compagion	1 10-77								
Deptt. of Statistic (including its Allied Offices)	2 Deputy Secretary Department of Statistics									
	3 Joint Director, Computer Centre	1-8-77								
	4 Deputy Director (Admin) Central Statistical Organization (1r- dustrial Statistics Wing), Calcutta	8-8-,8								
	5 Deputy Director (Admin), Survey Design & Research Division & Data Processing Division, National Sample Survey Organisation, Calculta	£ 1 '£								
· ·	6 Assistant Director Data Processing Centre, Data Frocessing Division Guidth	13 9-76								
į	7 Assistant Director, Field Operation Diving Related angle Survey Organisation, New Delhi	29-8 77								
	Accounts-cum-idminutrative Officer, Data Processing Centre, Data Processing Divin , National Sample Survey Organisation, New Delhi									

Liason Officers of equivalent, or other ranks were in position in these offices, prior to the appointment of the present incumbents, whose dates of appointment are given above

(b) Under the Para quoted, inspec tions are required to be conducted by the Liaison Officers of the Recruitment Hosters which have revealed no negligence or lapse to need directions at the level of Secretary, Additional Secretary

(c) Does not arise in view of the answer to part (b) of the Question

Supply of coal to Thermal Power Stations in Maharashter

3320, SHRI SANTOSHRAO GO DE: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Koradi Thermal Power
 Station in Maharashtra had to be closed for want of sufficient coal supply;
- (b) whether Government are aware that all the Thermal Power Stations in Maharsahira are having inadequate supply of coal thereby hampering the generation of electricity in these Thermal Power Stations; and
 - (c) the steps taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) No. Sir.

- (b) Government is keeping a close watch on the coal stock position all the power stations in the country, including Maharashtra State. As per the present information, all the power stations in Maharashtra, except Parls are maintaining reasonable coal stocks. The generation of electricity in the thermal stations in Maharashtra has not been hampered on account of inadequate coal supplies, except of Koradj to some extent.
- (c) The following steps have been taken to augment coal supplies to the various power stations:
- (i) Ad-hoc coal linkages were arranged for the power stations with low coal stocks from additional sources of coal.
 - (ii) Rallways/C.E.L. were requested to step up supplies of wagon/coal for moving additional quantities of coal to these power stations on priority basis.
 - (iii) The coal stock position at the power stations is closely monitored by an inter-Ministerial Group and suitable action is taken to augment the coal supplies whenever required.

- (iv) High level Inter-ministerial meetings were arranged to remove constraints in movement of coal to the power stations
- (v) The State Electricity Boards were advised to move coal by road, in case of power stations within 80 KMs from the collieries, to supplement the efforts of railways to supply coal to these power stations.

Subsidies to industries in backward

3321, SHRI VIJAY KUMAR MAL-HOTRA: Will the Minister of PLAN-NING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the policy of subsidiesto industries in the backward areasare under review; and
- (b) whether Government have set up a committee to revise the criteria for determining the backwardness of different areas?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MO-RARJI DESAI): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir. A National Committee on Backward Areas has been constituted with the following terms of reference:—

- Examine the validity of the various concepts of backwardness underlying the definitions in use for present policy purposes and recommend the criteria by which backward areas should be identified:
 - 2. Review the working of:
 - (a) existing plans for dealing with the general development problems of backward areas like Tribal sub-Plans, Plans for Hill Areas, etc., and
- (b) existing schemes for stimulating industrial development in backward arees such as the schemes for concessional finance, investment subsidy, transport subsidy, Sales tax concessions, etc., similar schemes in the agricultural and allied fields like

DPAP, and general measures for tacking the problems of poverty and unemployment with a view to find out their efficacy in the removal of backwardness and

3 Recommend an appropriate strategy or strategies for effectively tackling the problem of backward areas, classified, if necessary, according to areas causes or prescribed remedies

Import of Salt

3322 SHRI C N VISVANATHAN Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that once it was stated by him that salt will also be imported
- (b) if so, the quantity decided to be imported this year and the coun tries from which it will be imported
 - (c) the reasons for import, and
- (d) whether any plan has been made to allow unincensed salt manu facturers to contribute to salt supply?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI) (a) Yes Sir

- (b) The import of rock salt from Pehatian has been permitted wef. 24th May 1978 by placing import of rock salt on Open General Lucence by all persons, in modification of the Import Policy for 1978 '19 which originally permitted the import of rock salt on an actual user basis to the manufacturers of Ayun-techs and Unani medicines. The quantity of rock salt to be imported in 1978-79 would be in the rezion of 1 labst hones.
 - (c) This decision is guided by the need to provide greater balance to the bilateral trade between India and Pakistan
 - (d) Unhecesed salt manufacturers already contribute about 15 to 20 per cent of the total production of salt in the country

Production of Cement by Private Sector

3323 SHRI A C GEORGE Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government propose to entrust to private sector the production of 1178 million tons of cement the share of larger industrial houses therein being 75 million tons,
- (b) if so, details of this scheme, and
- (e) what led Government to take this decision?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN IAE
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI
ABHA MAITI a) to (c) There
is no proposal for allocation of
specific capacities for production of
cement in the private sector or by the
large houses,

Banning of Import and Production of Horror Films

3324 DR. KARAN SINGH, Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND EROADCASTING be pleased to state

- (a) whether views have been expressed regarding the undesirability of allowing the import and production of horror films, and
- (b) if so, the attitude of Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L K ADVANI) (a) and (b) Some complaints have been received regarding depiction of horror in films, and also import and exhibition of films with such themes Under the Cinematograph Act and the guidelines issued thereunder, the Central Board of Film Censors while xamining films for certification will have to ensure that they remain responsible to the values and standards of our society and that anti-social activities such as violence are not justified,

Losses in Government Undertakings

- 3325. SHRI DHIRENDRA NATH BASU: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state;
- (a) whether it is a fact that Heavy Engineering Corporation, National Jute Mill, Jessop & Co. etc. are running at a huge loss:
- (b) if so, what steps have been taken by the Ministry of Industry to stop recurrence of such loss;
- (c) whether it is a fact that due to continued loss in Government undertakings as mentioned above, Government' are considering to review the matter of nationalisation of certain industries proposals of which are now in hand; and
- (d) whether such nationalisation of Industries without expert advice will lead to serious condition resulting in huge loss of finance to Government?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NDUSTRY KUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) Both-Heavy Engineering Corporation (HEC), Ranchi, and Jessop & Co. Calcutta, have incurred losses in 1977-8. The National Co. Ltd. Calcutta which have been running at a loss, has just turned the comer.

- (b) In HEC, steps are being taken to improve production through a series of measures, such as proper production planning and control, proper maintenance of plant and machinery including preventive maintenance and improvement in industrial relations. M/s, Jessop & Co. are taking steps to obtain adequate orders from the Railways and other sources with a view to ensuring fuller utilization of existing capacity and also through installation of captive power plants so as to ensure uninterrupted power supply for carrying on the manufacturing activities.
- (c) and (d). Government consider proposals for nationalisation of specific industrial units on the merits of each case on the bads of expert opinion and examination of all relevant aspects including future profitability, need for securing continued employment of the workers and the role of the industrial unit in the economy. While Government are taking steps to reduce and climinate lossey wherever occurring in the public sector, this has not occasioned a review of the policy of nationalisation of individual undertakings.

Combined Lists of LDCs, UDCs and Assistants for Promotions

3326. SHRI R. L. KUREEL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state.

- (a) whether it is a fact that Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms maintains the combined lists of LDCs, UDCs and Assistants (category-wise) working in the Central Secretariat and prepare the select lists for premotions to higher categories; and
- (b) whether there is reservations for SC/ST communities in promotions in respect of the above categories?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AF-FAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a) No, Sir. As the Central Secretariat Ser-

vices were decentralised in 1962, the responsibility for maintaining the scmorely lists of the officers belonging to these categories rests with the resnective cadres authorities However a Common Semonty List of cligible LDCs, UDCs and Assistants to prepared by this Department with the limiten object of fixing the zones (i.e. range of seniority) for the purpose of making additions to the Select List against the vacancies reserved for se mority quota, but it does not include the names of all the LDCs, UDCs and Assistants working in the Central Secretariat Select Lists for promotions to the higher grades are prepared by the respective cadre authorities from out those included in the zones

(b) Yes Sir

Sale of 77'

3327 SHRI BIRENDRA PRASAD Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) what are the sale of the drink 77° in the various centres of India and
- (b) where has it suffered the most and the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTRY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI) (2) The sale of the drank 77 in the vartous centres of India during the puriod January, 1978 to October 1978 was of the order of 13,55 029 cases of 24 bottles each

(b) 77 has still not been marketed in all the centres in India and therefore, there is no question of sales suffering in a particular place.

Monitoring and Evaluation of Central Sector Schemes

3328 SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N PA-TIL Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state

(a) whether Planning Commission during its meeting with the Officere

concerned with the programme implementation of special schemes in the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in the last week of November, 1978 have discussed the problems regarding the approach and uniformity in concept of monitoring to be done in respect of various special Central Sector Schemes being implemented in various parts of the country

- (b) if so, details regarding the existing arrangement scheme was alongwith the stoffing pattern at Central, State and project level and whether any modifications or reforms are being proposed to ensure better monitoring of these projects,
- (c) whether Government are considering to set up a common monitoring and project evaluation unit for all these Central Sector Schemes in the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
- (d) if not, the other steps being taken to strengthen the monitoring and concurrent evaluation of the Central Sector Schemes?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) Yes, Sai A Semaar on the Monitoring System related to Agriculture and Rural Development was organised by Planniag Commission jointly with the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development on 21st and 22nd November, 1978

(b) The existing arrangements for monitoring of Central Seeder Schemes in the Department of Rural Development provide for reviewing the proparation of the properties of the programment from time to time at the programment from time to time at the Central Misry/Department level by Sanctioning Committees at the State fevel by Committees and review committees and at the local levels by Dutrick the properties of the properties of local institution and non-officials. The staffing pattern at various levels varies depending upon the nature and coverage of the schemes. In the Department of Agriculture, periodical reviews of financial and physical progress are carried out by Divisions concerned in the Department and coordinated by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics,

While reviewing the existing arrangements, the Seminar made a number of recommendations to atrongthen the monitoring systems, particularly at the Block and District levels, including preparation of project plans to facilitate better monitoring, improvements in timely reporting and simplification of existing formats etc.

(c) Yes, Sir. The setting up of a common monitoring and project evaluation unit for Central Sector Schemes in Department of Rural Development is being actively considered. A decision has been taken to amalgamate different units, engaged in the monitoring and evaluation of various schemes. In the Department of Agriculture, also, the proposal to set up a common monitoring and evalluation unit is under consideration.

(d) Does not arise.

Joint Research by USA, China & Japan for Nuclear Fusion

3329. SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN-DIA: Will the Minister of ATOMIC ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether he is aware about the reported US-China-Japan proposal for joint research and development in the field of nuclear fusion by those countries; and

(b) if so, his reaction thereof?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHR! MORARJI DESAI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Strike by Colliery Workers' Union

3330, SHRI Y. P. SHASTRI; Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

- (a) whether certain colliery workers' unions have given a notice to strike during the month of Novemher. 1978:
- (b) if so, their demands and the steps taken so far by Government to meet their demands:
- (c) whether a period of four years has since elapsed when the wages of the colliery workers were fixed last time:

(d) if so, the date from which their wages will be revised; and

(e) whether the Central Government have negotiated with the unions of the colliery workers in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF EMERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRARN): (a) and (b). Notices of strike during November 1978 by some colliery workers unions were given in connection with demands mainly related to wages and affied matters. Certain other notices or strike in individual collieries relate to demands yd local nature.

(c) to (c) The present wage agreement which was signed for four years will expire on 31-12-1078. A joint Wage Negotiating Committee has already been formed to discuss modifications and revision of National Coal Wage Agreement and allied issues and this Committee has already started functioning. The date from which the wages will be revised would be negotiated by this Committee.

समाग ५८४ के लिए किसानों की मांग के समयन में सगत सिंह के जन्म दिवस पर धरना

333) श्री शाज नारायण . वया गृह मसी बार बताने की कपा करेंगे कि

(क) बया समान मूल्य की विशानों की सांग के समर्थन में प्रहीय बयत निह के तन्म विवस पर ग्रामीण बवा समझन की गप्ट्रीन वार्थनारियों ने हरता देने की घोषणा की ते : और

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(स) पदि हो ता इस बारे में नरवार दासा स्या कार्यवाही की गई है ?

गृह मदालय में राज्य नदो (श्री धनिक लाल भक्तते) (क) सरकार क पास एसी कोई सचता नही है।

(वा) प्रश्न नहीं उदना ।

Reservation of Jobs for 'Sons of the Soul

3332 SHRI K MALLANNA 10511 the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS he pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have examined the position and decided to reserve jobs carrying monthly salary to certain amounts for some of the totl and
- (b) if so, the details regarding the decision of Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DANIK LAL MANDAL) (a) and (b) The National Integration Council recommended in 1963 that in order that adequate employment opportunities are available to local people and they do not suffer from any sense of injustice, where qualified local persons are available from amongst the people from the State they should be given major share of the employment and employers should be requested to give effect to this objective as a matter of policy The recommendation was forwarded to all the State Governments all public sector undertakings and all-India organisations of employers Accordingly instructions were assued that vacancies in Public Sector Undertakings in grades carrying a basic salary of less than Rs. 500 pm may be filled through the Employment Exchanges and that such vacancies may be notified to local Employment Exchanges so that they can sponsor suitable candidates out of those registered with such Exchanges. In view of the revision in salaries/scales in Public Enterprises, sub-equent to 1968 it has been decided that the earher limit of basic salary of Rs. 500 pm should be substituted by the limit of Rs 800 p.m

Karnataka Industrial Cooperative Rank

3333 DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI SHRI SHYAM SUNDER GUPTA

SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK.

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) Whether Government have seen the press reports in the Bhtz dated the 16th September, 1978 wherein it has been stated that Karnataka Industrial Co-operative Bank has been cockpitted and has gone into huge losses since it was established.
- (b) if 30, what are the causes of its loss.
- (c) whether any inquiry has since been conducted, and
- (d) whether any role has been played by the Reserve Bank of India and if so with what result?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITD (a) and (b) Yes Sir The Bank has not incurred loss

(c) The Registrar of Cooperative Societies has ordered an inquiry under the Karnataka Cooperative Society Act The inquiry is in progress

(d) On receipt of certain individual complaints, the local office of the Reserve Bank of India, after preliminary inquiry, has referred certain issues to the Registrar of Cooperative Societies for remedial action.

Price rise of paper and supply of cheap white printing paper

3334. SHRI CHATURBHUJ. Will the Minister of INDUSTRY he pleased to state:

- (a) whether the spurt in printing paper prices has hard hit the publishers, and the prices of general books and text books are likely to rise;
- (b) whether publishers are not bringing out books and intend to switch over to other trade; and
- (c) whether it is also a fact that cheap white printing paper is not heing supplied at controlled prices to the text book publishers by the paper mills?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KIMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). Government had received complaints from publishers about rise in paper prices. There has however been no indication about rise in prices of books or that publishers would stop bringing out books and switch to other trade.

(c) White printing paper is being supplied at a concessional rate to the educational sector and part of it is being allotted to publishers of text books

LC.S. Officers

3335. SHRI S. R. DAMANI; Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the names of ICS Officers who are still in service both at the Centre and in the States; and
- (b) the date when the last officer of this service is due to retire?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SERI S. D. PATIL); (a) Two. One officer is due to retire from service on 31st December 1978.

(b) 31st March 1980.

Export of surplus products of ordnance factories

3336. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

- (a) what steps have been taken so far to explore the markets in the friendly countries for the export of surplus products of Ordnance Factories including military hardware;
- (b) the broad items and the countries to which exported; and
- (c) the amount of foreign exchange earned as a result thereof during the last 3 years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE, IN-THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (PROF. SHER SINGH). (e) and (b). Surplus products of Ordnance factories including military hardware are being exported to certain friendly countries on very selective and commercial basis.

It will not be in the public interest to disclose information in regard to the efforts made to explore the market potential in the friendly countries, the items so exported and the countries involved.

(c) The foreign exchange earned during the last 3 years is as under:-

. Rs. 37'42 crores 1975-76 .

. Rs. 15',44 crores 1976-77 .

. Rs. 4.59 crores 1977-78 .

Refusal by Ex Coca Cola Bottlers to Bottle '77"

3337 SHRI BIRENDRA PRASAD Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) names of Ex-Coca Cola bottlers who have refused to bottle the drink '77',
- (b) whether it is true that the success of the drink 'IT' ha, suffered a great deal because one group of Ex Coca Co'a bottlers did not take the franchise for 'TT', and
 - (c) whether it is also true that the same group was most vocal about the unemployment which will result from closure of Coza Cola?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF INDUSTRY LAUMANN ABHA MAITI) (a) A Statement showing Ex-Coca Cola Bottlers who have not signed the franchise agreements with Modern Bakeries India Limited for bottling the drink Tr is attached.

(b) Since "ome of the erstwhile bottlers of Coca Cola have not signed the franchise agreements for bottling '77 with Modern Bakenes India Limited, the latter will have to find new bottlers for bottling and marketing the beverage '77'

(c) The group of companies who have not agreed the franching for bottling 'T' were also members of Ceca Cols Bottlers Association of India and the Government of India had received representation from this Association about the unemployment which may result from the closure of Cocr Cols.

Statement

NAME OF EX-COCA COLA BOTT-LERS WHO REFUSED TO BOTTLE "DOUBLE SEVEN"

1. M/z. Pure Drinks (P) Ltd., Industrial Area, Shivaji Marg, New Delhi-15

- 2 M/s Pure Drinks Limited, 13-C. Isher Road Worli Naka, Bombay-73
- 3 M/s Pure Drinks Limited, Karnani Estate, 203, Acharya JC, Bose Road, Calculia
- 4 M/s Southern Bottlers (P) Ltd., 25, Mount Road, Madras-32.
- 5 M/s Punjah Beverages, 160, Industrial Area, Chandigarh.
- 6 M/s Kanpur Bottling Limited, GT Road, Kanpur
- 7 M/s Soft Beverages (P) Ltd, PB No 194, Madural.
- 3 M/s Beverages Food Products, Narangi, Gauhati.
- 9 M/s Poora Beverages (P) Ltd., Plot No E-25 MIDC, Poora.
- 10 M/s Krishna Bottlers (P) Ltd., Tank Bund Road, Secundarabad.
- 11 M/s Pure Beverages (P) Ltd., 71-74, GIDC, Industrial Estate, Naroda,
- 12 M/s. Jai Drinks (P) Ltd, Nehru Marg, Jaipur.
- 13 M/s Sanghi Beverages (P) Ltd, Bombay-Agra Road, Indore
 - 14 M/s, Fahril Gazoza, Goa

Ahmedabad

प्सास्टिक उद्योग का दिस्तार

3338 थी युवराज: स्पा उद्योग मन्नी वह बताने ही हुपा करेंगे कि .

- (क) क्या इषि धौर सिवाई सबधी पावस्तक-तामा वो पूर्य करने के तिथे व्यास्टिक उद्योग का विस्तार किये बादे वो मावस्थवता है .
- (ख) क्या इन उठोग से धामीम मर्बक्यदस्या को सबब्त करने में सहायता मिलने की समावना है,
- (ग) क्या प्लास्टिक से बनी वस्तुझो के मृत्य बढ़ गबे हैं ,
- (व) शवा कच्चे माल के लिये लाइसँड प्राप्त करने में तथा बढ़े उद्योगो द्वारा उत्पादित देख में कच्चा माल प्राप्त करने में सम् उद्योगों को स्क्रियाँ हो परी है दिसके कारण कई एकक बन्द हो गये हैं.

(क) गया प्लास्टिक से बनी वस्तुकों के निपति में बृद्धि हुई है ; ग्रीर

(च) यदि हां, तो प्लास्टिक प्रयोग के विस्तार में भागामी 10 वर्ष में कितने व्यक्तियो को रोजवार मिलने की संभावना है तथा इस प्रकार विस्तार योजना को कब कियान्वित किया जायेगा तथा तत्संबंधी ब्यौद्य क्या है '? . . .

उद्योग संवालय में राज्य मंत्री (कुमारी म्राना माइति): (क) चुंकि मी०भी०मी० माइसी पोलियिलोन फिल्म, प्लास्टिक के बने कैसे, प्तास्टिक पाडक तथा द्युव जैसे उत्पादों का प्रयोग निरुपय ही परधरायत यस्तुओं की अपेक्षा इपि तमा विपाई, की शकरतों की पूरा करने के तिये समातार बढ़ता जा रहा है और यह कहा ही जा सकता है कि प्लास्टिक उद्योग का विस्तार किये नाने की भावश्यकता है।

(ब) वी, हो । युँकि कृपकों को प्यास्टिक में बेहतर सिचाई तथा मंदारण की सुविधाएं मिलने की संभावना है, भतः व्यास्टिक उद्योग से आयोग प्रयंध्यवस्या को सुदढ़ करने में निश्चित रूप से सहायता मिलेगी ।

(ग) गी, हां । किन्तु ज्वास्टिक के विभिन्न उत्पादों के मत्त्वों में अधिक वृद्धि नहीं हुई है।

(थ) कुछ महीने पहले लघ् प्लास्टिक परिकरण एककों को कच्चे माल की अपनी सारी वरुरते पूरी करने में कुछ कठिनाइयों का सामना करना पड़ा था। योलिस्ट्रीनीन के मामले में ऐसा इतस्विये हमा या कि इतमें से एक किस्म का कच्छा माल वैयार करने याने दो वहें एकक बंद हो गये थे। इत एककों में खब पुन: उत्पादन प्रारम्भ हो नवा है । देश में ही उपलब्ध माल की माला में कृति करने में निये वास्तविक उपयोगकर्नाओं को विभिन्न प्रकार के प्लास्टिक के कब्बे माल का पांगात करने की अनुमति भी दे दी नची है। माथ ही ऐसे तथ एक्क वो स्वयं शायात नहीं करता पाहते उनके लाग के लिये स्टेट केमिकस एण्ड फारमस्यिद्धिकल कारपोरेयन बाक इंडिया इस प्रकार के कब्से माल का भी बायाद कर स्टा है। इस प्रकार श्रविकाश तथु प्लास्टिक परिपक्ररणी एकको को उनकी जगरतो के अनुसार कच्चा माल मिल रहा है और किसी भी समृ एकक के बंद हों जाने के बारे में कोई सूचना नहीं मिनी है।

` (ङ) ची, हों। 1977 की प्रविधि से 37 करोड स्पए मूल्य के प्लास्टिक उत्पादी का नियात किया गया मी, जबकि बर्नमान वर्ष में निर्मात के पे यांकडे 30 करोड़ रेपए तक पहुंच नामें की संभावनह है ह

(च) चूंकि झागामो बयों में प्लाटिस्क के करने मान की उपलब्धि वड जाने की संभावना है अतः उसी अनुपात में परिष्करण एकको की सट्या के बढ़ जाने की संभावना है और उत्तमें कुशन तथा अकुशन दोनों ही प्रकार के कामगारी को रोजबार दिये जाने को गंजायस भी यह वायेची । पेट्रो रमायन सबंधी कार्यकारी दक्ष द्वारा सगाये वये अवसान को अनसार पोलीसर परिफारण उद्योग में 1983 तक दूस मिला कर 8,55,000 तथा 1988 तक 21,57,000 नोगों को (प्रत्यक्ष तथा अप्रत्यक्ष हम से) रोजवार विवने की संभावना

Losses in Public Undertakings

3339. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA:

SHRI AHMED M. PATIL:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether large number of public undertakings under his Ministry have incurred losses during the last year:

(b) if so, the details thereof and reasons therefor:

(c) the steps taken by Government to improve their position; and

(d) how many industries have been included during the years 1977 and 1978 by way of taking over the management/or merged with the existing Government Companies under his Ministry with details?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) to (d). The information is being collect. ed and will be laid on the Table of the House.

News item captioned 'N.I.D.C, faces Bankruptcy

3340. SHRI KIRIT BIKRAM DEB BURMAN: Will the Minister of IN-DUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news item

Drawals

Written Answers in the Tinancial Express of Sep tember 23 1918 captioned "NIDC force Rankruptey f.

(h) what was the Bank balance at the credit of this Corporation at the end of each of the months since April 1978.

- (c) the amount of overdrafts any, made by the Corporation from the Corporation's bankers during this period and
- (d) what is the Governments reaction to this state of affairs in the VIDO

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ARHA MAITI) (a) Yes Sir

Month

(b) and (c) A statement of bank balances and drawals against overdraft account by NIDC since April 1978 is attached

(d) The NLDC, has been experiencing some financial difficulties on account of the outstandings against chents amounting to Rs 73 21 lakhs as on 31st October, 1978 The matter regarding outstandings was considered by the Board of Directors of NIDC on 18 11 78 and the Corporation is following up the matter with its clients for the expeditious recovery of the outstanding dues. The proposal to undertake an independent assessment of the financial affairs of the company has been taken up with the Corporation

Statement

Statement of Bank balances and drawals against the centraryl account

In India		Bank bala end of the per Books	ovedraft account with State. Bank of India at	
April, 1978 124 0 26 Nay, 1978 2 2 04 Nay, 1978 1 14 0 26 Nay, 1978 0 95 0 36 August, 1978 2 40 0 36 September, 1978 2 66 0 36 October 1978 2 94 0 26 November, 1978 2 94 0 26 November, 1978 1 46 0 001		In India	Abroad (Tripoli)	the end of the month
Jack, 1938	April, 1978	(Rs m)	lakhs)	(Rs- in lakhs)
Jaly, 1938 0.95 0.36 August, 1938 2.40 0.56 September, 1938 2.66 0.36 October 1938 2.94 0.26 Normalur, 1930 1.46 0.001	Lay, 1978	5 ² 5	2 04	11 92
August, 1938 2 40 0 36 September, 1938 2 66 0 36 October 1938 2 94 0 36 Normalur, 1932 1 46 0 001	June, 1938	1 14	o 36	9 51
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\отпадет 1938 1 46 0 001	October 1978	2 94	-	12 40
1 01 0 001	Jones 1938			10 24
	nm of Re	t on	0 001	10, 54

and same of Sa. 2. 75 labbe had been extraorded against ownerdraft account for Guarantees sauced by the Bank on behalf of the Corporation

Allocation to States for 1978-79

3341. SHRI KIRIT BIKRAM DEB BURMAN: Will the Minister of PLAN. NING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the State Governments of Tripura, Meghalaya, Mizeram, Manipur, Arunachai Prades and Nagaland have submitted the annual plans for the respective States for the vera 1978-79;
- (b) if so, the details thereof, indicating the outlays sought for different sectors of economy and for different social and educational services and the contemplated targets/growth rates to be achieved:
- (c) whether these annual plans have been cleared by the Planning Commission/Union Government, if so, with what modifications if any; and
- (d) the central aid sought and that to be given for implementation thereof?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): (a) 'Yes, Sir.

- (b) and (c). Outlays sought for under different sectors of economy, along with the approved outlays by the Planning Commission are given in Statement 1 laid on the Table of the Hotement 2. I laid on the Table of the LT-3088/78]. Contemplated targetsty growth takes likely to be achieved are given in Statement II laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in Lib-vary. See No. LT-3084/78].
- (d) Central assistance given to the States/Union Territories under reference is given in Statement III alon on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3033/78].

Age of retirement

3342. SHRI KIRIT BIKRAM DEB BURMAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the age of retirement of Heads of Departments which had been earlier raised to 60 years was later reduced to 58 years, the normal age of super annuation of Central Government employees:

- (b) whether certain Government departments adopted the rule relating to raising the age of superannuation of Departmental Heads, but later did not adopt the rule relating to reduction of the age to the normal retirement age; if so, the names of such departments and independent offices which have not yet adopted the new rule and the reasons assigned therefor; and
- (c) the steps being taken to ensure uniformity in the retirement of the Departmental Heads, to bring it at par with the All India and other Central Secretariat services?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL); (a) to (c). The age of retirement of Central Government employees was raised from 55 years to 58 years in 1962, on the basis of the recommendation of the Second Pay Commission. In accordance with the provisions of F.R. 56(a), every Government servant shall retire on the day he attains the age of 58 years. Exception has been made in the case of a workman, a ministerial Government servant who entered Government service on or before 31.3.1938 and the Government servant in Group D service or post for whom the age of retirement is fixed at 60 years. A different retirement age has not been fixed for Departmental Heads. As such questions raised at (a) to (c) not arise.

Residential accommodation to Army Officers on training in Military Engineering College, Kirkee

3343. SHRI V. G. HANDE: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have not provided appropriate type of family residential accommodation to the various Army Officers who are undergoing training in various cogineering courses in College of Military Engineering Kirkee (Pune) and the reasons which force these officers to like in unfurm hed JCOs accommodaling.

- (b) whether it is also a fact that JCO accommodation is not properly maintained by the EVE and there is wide-resulted wild vegetation
- (c) whether it is also a fact that no security guard is provided to these army residential areas and it has re balled into various cases of thefts and burgiaries and
- (d) if so what are the reasons there for and what steps Government pro pose to take to provide well protected residential accommodations to these army officers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (PROF SHER SINCH) (a) There are on an average 500 married officers undergo ing courses at the College of Military Engineering Kirkes (Pune) at any one time Only 200 permanent mar ried quarters were construct, to scale m the year 1965 In order to ease the problem, efforts have been made to reappropriate 186 other quarters as married quarters. The deficiency of the appropriate type of accompdation will be made up when additional construction is taken up as a general measure to wipe out the deficiency of married accomodation in a phased manner

(b) The JCO accommodation is being properly maintained by the Bulliary Engineer Services to the extended of the property of the proliferation of a rathability of funds and periodical services are rendered once a year as per the approved maintenance programme. Growth of with grass around some quarters is inexappable during the monsoon considering ine local black cotton soil However the stress are being maintained regularity by cutting the grass and turning the butter.

(c) and (d) All accommodation in the CVE campus is looked after by

the gate guards patrol guards and crowkidats authorised on the establishment and no reports of thefts and burglaries in the campus have been received

Concentration of Economic Power

- 3344 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state
- (a) what is the over all policy of Government to cuch the concentration of economic power presently in a hand in the country and
- (b) what is the Government's latest Pailosophy to issue more licences to large industrial houses to the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE WINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITIN and (a) In the Industrial Policy Statement presented to Parliament on 23rd December 1917 Government have clearly enunciated its approach towards Large Houses This is being implemented in terms of licensing policy and through the strict application of the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act Government have further considered the wider and complex ques tion of the concentration of economic power in the hands of a few and proposals for effectively curbing such concentration are presnetly being exa mined

Auto Tractors Ltd., Partapgarh

- 3345 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state
- (a) the present position of Auto Particles Limited Partapparh in Uttar Prodesh in respect of construction and when the Project is expected to be commissioned
- (b) whether the collaboration terms with Messrs British Leyland Company have been finalised for this project if 'o what are the major terms of collaboration and

(c) whether the tractors to be manufactured in this factory will be used indigenously or exported also?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITD: (a) Necessary land has been acquired and site development, boundary wall and field hostel have been completed. According to the present programme, tractor production is expected to start in 1981.

- (b) Approval has been granted to M/z Auti, Tractors Lid to enter into a collaboration agreement with M/s. British Leyland Motor Corporation Ltd., of UK on the basis of payment of lumpsum know-hop fee of £ 437,500 (subject to taxes). The agreement has not yet been submitted to the Government.
- (c) The tractors produced by Auto Tractors Ltd. would be mainly for the domestic market.

Rural and Educational Programmes on A.I.R. and T.V.

3346. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether he made a statement at Fifteenth General Assembly of the Asia-Pacific Broadcasting Union at New Delhi on 27th October, 1978;
- (b) if so, details of the future programmes to provide more rural, educational programmes on Radio in the near future:
- (c) the frame work of such programmes and will these programmes be put on (elevision also; and
 - (d) total expenditure on such new grammes?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMA-TION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI L. K. ADVANI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). During the Sixth-Five-Year Plan, it has been proposed to extend Form and Home Units dealing with rural broadcasting to 19 more stations and also support by appropriate programmes the schemes of Universalisation of Primary Education and also the National Adult Education, Project Jaunched by the Union and the State Governments.

The radio support to Primary Education and Adult Education, will be from 45 stations phased over the Sixth. Plan period. The Adult Education Programmes will be designed in relation to the working and living conditions of the learners and their needs. They will be planned in consultation with the State Resource Centres and other experts in the field of Adult Education.

- There is no proposal to put these Programmes on Television since Television Stations are already regularly telecasting rural and educational programmes.
- (d) Total expenditure on these new programmes during the Sixth Plan period would be nearly two crores of Rupees.

Pong Dam Project

- 3347. SHRI V. G. HANDE. Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 352 on 9th August 1978 regarding Pong Dam Project and state:
- (a) the circumstances which encouraged 228 illegal occupants to retain the already constructed structures and what are reasons for the Pong Dam Project authority for not demolishing the unauthorised structures or acquiring the land and cultivate crop on the unauthorised-land for which compensation has been paid to them:
- (b) the time by which Government propose to get these unauthorized structures demolished/warsted and progress so far achieved by the Committee headed by the Deputy Commissioner, as referred to in the answer; and

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(c) the number of representations Government have received from Mem ters of Parliament on the connivance of project officials and action taken thereon?

Wriften Answers

OF PNEDCA THE MUSTER (SHRL P RAMACHANDRAN) (8) For the construction of the Beas Dam Project, against the full reservoir level of PL 1400, land and properties including structures were acquired through Hanachal Pradess Government upto a level of RL 1410, to avoid hardship to residents in the event of high floods. It is the responsibility of the Land Acquisition Officer of Himachal Pradesh to hand over vacant possession. In the case of these 228 oustees, the possession of the acquired structures on the periphery of the reservoir has not been handed over by the Land Acquisition Officer to the Project Authorities, and therefore, these ouslees continue to retain these structura

- (b) The Government of Humachal Prodesh has already been requested to take suitable action in the matter The Report of the Committee under Deputy Commissioner P&R is stud awaited.
- (c) A question was answered in the Lok Sabha on 22nd February 1978 and a letter received from a Member of Parliament on the continued occupation of the land acquired for the Project by the oustees.

inquiry against purchase officer of Engineering Projects Incle in Kuwant

3348. SHRI K. A. RAJAN Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to

(a) whether it is a fact that an irquity has been initiated against the parchase officer of Engineering Projects india in Kuwait for various irregulari-

(b) if so, what are the details and the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ARHA MAITIY (a) and (b) During a check conducted by the internal Audit Team of the Engineering Projects (India) Ltd., certain procedural precularities on the part of the Purchase Officer of the Company purchases of material were noticed. The Purchase Officer has since been brought back to India and investigation into the irregularities is being conducted The concerned Officer has tendered his resignation but the same has not been accepted by the Company and the Officer has not been relieved of his dulies Suitable action will be taken on completion of investigation

Compensation to Cameramen of BBC.

- 3319 SHRI UGRASEN Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state
- (a) whether the British Broadcast tog Corporation (BBC) and Visnews nave demanded compensation for injury and distress caused to their cameramen while filming a report on by-election campaign in Karnataka,
 - (b) if so, the details thereof, and
- (c) the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDALA (a) to (c) Government have received a copy of the letter addressed to the Chief Minister of Karnatska in which the BBC and VISNEWS have demanded compensation for the Karnataka Government to take appropriate action on this demand.

सहाख सीया पर चीन की अतिविधिया

3350- थी चतुर्भुतः स्वा रक्षा नदी बह बनाने की कवा करेंगे कि

(क) क्या नदाय सीमा पर चीम की यतिविधिया वढ वई , मीर

- रक्षा मंद्रो (श्री जगजीवन राम): (क) सद्दाज सीमा पर चीन की गतिविधियों में हाल में कोई महत्त्वपूर्ण बद्धि नहीं हुई है।
 - (ख) प्रका नहीं चठता।

Inemployed Engineering degree

'3351, SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN; Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state the total number of unemployed persons State-wise in India in the following categories:

(i) Registered and unregistered Éngineering Degree holders; (ii) Diploma holder Engineers; (iii) Other Technical persons; and (iv) skilled and unskilled persons?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARIT DESAID: The total number of persons on the Live Registers of the various Employment Exchanges in the States/Union Territories as on 31st December, 1977 is about 1.09 crores as per details given in Statement I laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3039/78]. Out of this, engineering graduates and Diploma holders and other technical persons comprise of 94,979 and their details are given in Statement II laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3039/78]. No separate figures of the unregistered and unemployed engineering graduates are available.

Industrial Projects in Nepal

3352. SHRI SAUGATA ROY: SHRI V. G. HANDE.

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India has signed a memorandum of under-3556 LS—7 standing with the Government of Nepal under which more than Rs. 180 crores are going to be invested by the two countries in industrial projects in Nepal: and

(b) what would be the share of Government of India in this proposed investment?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMA-RI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). The India-Nepal Memorandum of Understanding concluded recently at Kathmandu on 26th September, 1978 refers to new projects and programmes of economic and industrial co-cention between the two countries.

A polytechnic and a regional training institute would be set up by India in Nepal. India would assist in the setting up of a diesel pump sets project and the development of smallscale and cottage industries. Feasibility studies would be undertaken by the Government of India for a paper project and railway infrastructure. Grants-in-aid of about Rs. 9 crores would be provided by the Government of India for the above projects. The government-to-government credit of Rs. 3.5 crores would also be provided for financing the purchase of capital goods from India required for the development of small scale industries in Nepal. It has also been agreed that the two countries would set up a joint enterprise for establishing a cement plant in Nepal.

Expenditure on Mr. Lal Denga's stay in Delhi

3353, SHRI R. K. MHALGI: Wib the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS b pleased to state:

(a) what is the total amount of money the Union Government have expended on the stay of Mr. Lal Denga, the rebel Miro leader in Delhi during the period of last two years with the break up on main items; and

(b) for how long the Union Government has decided to shoulder the responsibility?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME APPAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL) (a) and (b) It would not be in the public interest to disclose the information

Study of sick Industries by 14th AIEI

3354 SHRI SAKTI KUMAR

SHR: SACHINDRALAL SINGHA

SHRI M. A HANNAN ALHAT

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) whether any study has been made about the sick Industries by 14th ATE:
- (b) if so, the details of the study and the names of the Members of the study team.
- (c) whether any action has been taken up-to-date on the basis of the study, and
 - (d) if not the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KU-MARI ABHA MAITI) (a) The Association of Indian Engineering Industry has informed the Government that they have not made any study about the sick industries in the recent past

(b) to (d) Do not arise.

Loss in Mahalaumi Cotton Mill

3355 SHRI SACHINDRALAL SING. HA Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

(a) whether the news stem published in "Dainik Basumati" dated the 12th November 78 regarding National Textile Corporation brought to the notice of Government.

- (b) if so, whether it is a fact that Mahalaxmi Cotton Mill was running at a loss at the time to the time of Rs. fifty lakhs.
- (c) if so, the details of the loss during the last three years, year-wise,
- (d) the name of the board of Directors.
- (e) whether any enquiry was made to enquire about the loss up-to-date, has
 - (f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KU-MARI ABHA MAITI): (a) Yes, Sir

(b) and (c) Year-wise losses incurred by the Mahalaxmi Cotton Mills of NTC (WBABO) Lamited are as follows

Year	L ses (Reinlaths				
1975-76 .		100	(Audited)		
1976-77		43	(Prospectal & excludit g Bonus)		
1927 -8		75	Do		
1938 ,9		31	Do		
(April Sept 1978))				
_					

- (d) Names of the Directors on the Board of NTC (West Bengal, Assam, Bihar & Orissa Limited, Calcutta are as follows -
 - 1 Shri Sushil Sain
 - 2 Shri S K. Banerjee
 - 3 Shri Hirishikesh Banerjee
 - 4 Shri Saral Deb
 - 5 Shri T Gosh

(e) and (f). No enquiry has been made. The main reasons of losses are, however, as follows:—

- (i) Old and Obsolete Machinery
- (ii) Low productivity

9. Shri R Sahni

10. Shri N. N. P. Sinha

- (iii) Excessive labour force
- (iv) Unscheduled power cuts
- (v) Lower utilisation of plant capacity due to power cuts/power tripplings.

3356. SHRI SACHINDRALAL INCHA: Will the Minister of INDUS-RY be pleased to state the details of

SINGHA: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state the details of the location and production of the jute mills in the country, including the Jute Mill in Tripura, during last three years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF INDUSTRY (KU-MARI ABHA MAITI): Location and production of jute mills, including jute twins units, in the country during the last three years, year-wise has been as under:—

Location of Jute (including twine	Mili	3 i)					Production 1976	2 (in thous 1977	and tonnes) 1978 – (upto Oct., 78)
 West Bengal Districts of Hooghly, Howra cutta) and West Dinajpur. 	h, 24	Parg	anas	(inch	ding	Cal	1028-1	1928-0	815-3
2. Andhra Pradesh Visakhapamam, Eluru, Gun	tur aı	ıd Sri	ikaku!	am.			93.3	85.6	78 · 1
3. Assam Nowgong and Goalpara							4'3	3.3	2. 3
4. Bihar Darbhanga, Purnea & Pats	13						24.7	17.5	11.3
 Haryana (Twine Unit) . Faridabad 							4.6	4.8	4.1
 Madhya Pradesh Raigarh and Raipur 							8-1	10.0	g•6
 Meghalaya (Twine Unit). Baraihat 							Information l	eing collec	ted
8. Orissa (Twine Unit) Balasore, Dhankanal & Ker	aput						2-7	3.2	3.2
9. Rajasthan (Twine Unit) Naraina				-			Information b	eing collec	tod.
10. Tripura Agartala							Production no	t yet comm	senced,
11. Uttar Pradesh Kanpur, Gorakhpur & Gazi	abad						27-4	30.2	24.7

am.

Import of high grade raw Jule fibre

337 SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Indian Jute Industry has urged the Centre to import some high grade raw Jute fibre in view of the damages caused by the recent floods; and

(b) if so, Government's reaction on that request?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (RU-LIARI ABHA MATTI) (a) Yes, Sir The Indian Jute Mula Association have proposed import of some high grade raw Jute

(b) Government is awaiting millwise commitment of their require ments for the imported fibre.

फिर्ट्स रेड एक स्तुहर हिमरेडों के मून्यों में बृद्धि

ं 3358- स्रोधोकिना मुख्या क्या उद्योग मन्नो यह न्याने की हुपा करेंगे कि

(क) त्या संबर्ध शोटके पिलिया प्रदिया तिक, यस्त्रे 190033 में महत्त्वक, 1978 स्त्र रुपाइक फिटके देव एक त्याद्वर निवरीट का सूच्य 10 तिरोठ प्रति पेकेट एक स्पर्ध से बहुक्तर एक प्रति प्रति पेकेट कर स्था है ,

(छ) वया उपरोक्त बाद के दिस्टर मीर छादे छिनोटा के मस्य में प्रति पैकेट 15 पैछे का प्रत्य है भीर मांद हो, छा हछके क्या वारण है; भीर

(ग) क्या करनार के विश्वाद में यह अस्तर जीवत है ?

बडींग नदालय में राज्य करते (मुमारी साका मार्गत) . (क) जी नहीं ।

(घ) प्रोर (२) यह छन है कि रेड एम्ड ब्यादर के के फिटर व प्लेन सिमोटर के पैकेट वे मुखा में 15 रेस प्रति तैनेट का प्रदर है।

बाना का है हि चिट्ठा निगंद की प्रशान समझ पंतर निगंद को प्रशान सामझ से प्रशान होती है। प्रशान काए है कि की 1973 से देख प्रशान की निगंदर निगंदी का मूल 10 निगंदर के लिए एक पान है पता कहा का हार सिंगी पहुंचान में साम में एवंदे हैं? बच्ची ने निगंदर 1978 में मुख्य में साम में दिखा मा । इन बन्दु पर नाई मूल निगंदरण मों है।

नैनर्न शोरके विनिधा इंडियर लिमिटेड, बधाई द्वारा सिमरेट के मूल्य में बृद्धि

2359. श्रीमोक्सिंग मुख्यः क्या प्रद्योग मती वह वताने की कृषा करेंगे कि

(इ) का यह मन है जि देमने गायके. चिमित्र हरिया पि॰ वस्त्रहैं ने एकाएक घनने देह एक ब्हाहर हरि की हिमोटेट का मूल्य बड़ा दिया था।

(ध) बीर हा, वो उसके मुख्य कारण करा है और क्या बची निवाद कमिनियों ने अपने सिरोटा के मुख्य करावे हैं बचना केवल उस कपनी ते ऐसा किया है ; और

(ग) यदि हा, वा रेचन भेगई बोटके फिलिया प्रीहमा नि॰ बनाई प्राच किसेटी का मुख्य कहाने वार्त के पूरत कारण का है बबीर प्राच क्यनियां ने ऐसा नहीं किया है ?

उद्योग महातव में राज्य भन्नो (कुमारो माना साहति) (क) चरणात के पाम उपस्था मूनना के मनुवार नेपन्ने गोहके जित्तव दृश्यित निर्माटक क्यार्स को देख पहुंच्य स्थार हात्रा निर्माटक इसमें को देख पहुंच्य स्थार हात्रा निर्माटक कहाम नहीं गर्म कु

(स) प्रोर (ग) उपयुष्ट (क) के सन्दर्भ में प्रस्त हो नहीं उठना ।

राज्यमान में मारिवासी क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए दिशेष योजना

3360 थीं मेंध्र सात घटेल: न्या गृह प्रती यह बताने की इया करेंने कि

(क) क्या सरकार ने मनुष्ट्रीयर जनवाति विकास पत्रों से छोटे निशिष्ट पत्र बना न्या एकस्पन में पनुष्टीयर वनवाति शेवा के जीनव विकास के किन्द्र मेक्स करोई पिरोप योदना वनार्य है मिंग होता के लिए मेक्स करोई पिरोप योदना वनार्य है मिंग हुए, दो सरकार्या स्थोग क्या है; स्थोग

(य) यह योजना नव तक सभी छड़ा में भारत्य कर तो जायेगी भीर यदि नहीं, तो इसके स्था कारण है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री धनिक लाल अण्डल): (क) ग्रीर (ख). राजस्थान में विद्यमान जनजातीय विकास खंडों तथा ग्रनसचित क्षेत्रो समेत 50 प्रतियत से प्रधिक जनजातीय बावादी वाले सभी क्षेत्र सीमांकित कर दिये बये है और द्वर क्षेत्रों के लिये जनसारीय अवन्योजना नैकार

एकीकृत जनजातीय

संख्या * विकास परियोजना

कर ली गई है। राजस्थान में जनजातीय लपयोजना पांच एकीकत विकास परियोजनाओं में बांटा गया है जिनके व्यीरे संसम्न विवरण में दिये गुपे हैं । जनजातीय जप-योजना यहले ही प्रगति पर है।

धावादी

विवरण

. राजस्थान में एकीकत जनजातीय विकास परियोजनाओं के ध्योरों का विधरण

,	्रभा, नाम	साम्मासत क्षत्र		कुल	चनुसूचित जनजातिया
1	2		3	4	5
1.	वांसवाड़ा	पूरा जिला	5032 वर्षकि०मो०	621382	474872
2.	इं नरपु र	पूरा जिला	3370 वर्ग फि॰ मी॰	362020	193829
3.	त्रताप गढ्	विसीढ़ दिले में प्रतापगढ तहसीन	2172 वर्गकि० मी०	167652	79701
4	उदवपुर [े]	उदपपुर जिले में फलिसपा, खेरवाड़ कॉटरा, सारदा सातुम्बार और मासादिया तहसीलें		709718	439533
5-	श्राबुरोड सिरोही	मिरोही जिले में आबु रोड़े तहसील का आबु रोड़े खब्ड		48953	32469
			19203 यर्ग कि॰ मी॰	1809717	1220454

Decline in Wool Imports

3361, SHRI CHATURBHUJ: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that due to high import duty, wool imports have declined resulting in high cost of woollens including blankets; and
- (b) if so, the measures adopted by Government to reduce the price?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KU-MARI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). Wool imports have registered a decline during the period April, 1975 to

March, 1978. On the other hand, import of woollen rags and acrylic fibre which are used as raw material by the wollen industry have registered an increase during the same period.

The increase in import duty on raw wool effected in 1977-78 was a measure of rationalisation because the excise duty on woollen yarn was simultaneously abolished and the excise duty on wool tops was reduced. While the decline in imports could be partially due to the prevailing rates of import duty, other significant contributory factors are larger use of acrylic and shoddy as well as the general increase in prices of raw wool in the international market from 1975-76.

(b) their main demands and the nature of agreement reached with.

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3362 SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL

thom. (c) the loss suffered to the country

SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA

as a result of the strike, (d) the major ports which were-

Will the Minister of SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

badly affected due to this strike, and (e) the period for which the pre-

(a) the period for which the nort and dock workers in the country remained on strike during November, 1978, the total number of workers on strike

Name of the Port

Parad p

Kandla

sent agreement is valid?

IN THE MINISTER OF STATE CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHIRI CHAND RAMD

No of workers went on strike

(a)

Bombay	on on his on 17:11% to About 20,500 workers of Fort 10 on the control of the 11:10% Trust and 6255 workers of the (The supersury and clerical Dock Labour Board staff of stevedors those yer struck work from 19 30 hours of 15:11:1950)
Calcutta	60 on hrs on 17 11 78 to end About 3900 workers mainly in shift of 29-11 1978 the marine department of the Port Trust
Madras	of 28-11 78 to at shift About 5877 Port Trust v orkers and about 1638 v orkers of the Dock Labour Board
Vasthapataan	00 00 hrs on 17 11 78 to 24 00 About 1250 workers of Port hrs on 27 11 78 Trust
Cochua	18 oo hrs on 18-11 8 to 13 oo About 8 o Port Trust werkers hrs on 25 it ,8 and 950 Dock Labour Board workers
Morningaox	3rd shift of 16-11 8 to 2nd About 50 6 Port Trust and shift of 27 11 8 DLB 1 orkers

06 co hrs on 20-11 B

00 00 hrs of 17 11 78 to forc

Period of strake

- (b) Apart from local demands relating to re-pective Port Trusts/Dock Labour Boards the following main demand ac e railed -
 - (1) Revision of Piece rate/Pay ment by Results Schemes and ex
 - tension thereof to new categories. (*) Rectification of anomalies and discrepancies arising out of imple-
- mentation of the Wage Revision Committee's Report. (3) Parity of grades between skilled and ministerial categories

About 1500 Fort Trest workers

and 2180 registered and listed dock workers

00 00 hrs of 17 11 8 to About 356 werkers of the Port

Trust

- (4) Liberalisation of the rate of annual incremente
- (5) Revision of special pay and allowances

- (6) Re-groupment of some scales of pay.
 - (7) Liberalisation fo pension.
 - (8) Liberalisation of gratuity,
 - Liberalisation of leave travel concession.
- (10) Introduction of a scheme for encashment of leave.
- (11) Payment of ex-gratia in lieu of bonus to port and dock workers at 20 per cent of annual earnings.

The above demands were discussed at a meeting held from 24th November to 29th November, 1978 with the representatives of Indian National Port and Dock Workers' Federation: Port, Dock and Waterfront Workers' Federation of India; Water Transport Workers' Federation of India; and B.P.T. Employees Union Discussions were also held, after its affiliate unione had called off the strike at the major Ports, with the representatives of All-India Port and Dock Workers' Federation and its associates from 30-11-1978 to 5-12-1978. As a result of these discussions, conclusions have been arrived at relating to some of the major pending demands of the Federations identified by them in the meetings. There has not been any formal agreement as such. Port Trusts and Dock Labour Boards have been advised to enter into settlements/agreements with the unions concerned wherever necessary, in the light of the conclusions reached in the discussions.

- (c) It is not possible to evaluate the loss.
- (d) The strike position in different Major Ports was as follows:—

Bombay: Conventional carge handling operations were completely puralysed as also clearance of import cargo and receipt of export cargo and receipt of export cargo. There was no inward and eutward movement of traffic on Port Railway except that a few trains which were loaded before commencement of strike were, despatched, The Oil Terminals

at Butcher Island and Pir Pau, however, functioned normally throughout the strike period.

Calcutta: The strike did not have much impact on the attendance of the cargo handling shore and dock workers as also other Port Trust and Dock Labour Board staff whose attendance ranged between 90 to 100 per cent. However, attendance among the marine categories of staff was poor both at Calcutta and Haldia and movement of ships as well as dredging, river survey and other river maintenance works were, therefore, afected. Conventional cargo handling operations were continuing normally. The Oil Terminal at Haldia was functioning almost normally, Railway operations both at Calcutta and Haldia were also normal.

Cochin: Cargo handling operations came to a complete standstill as mazdoors and gang workers remained absent and sufficient gangs could not be formed for carrying on the operations, Discharge of POL was normal.

Kindla: In initial stages cargo handling operations could not be carried out because of very poor attendance among dock workers. Gradually, with better attendance of dock workers, a fartilizer ship could be handled manually to some extent Unloading of fertilizers through mechanical marine, unloaders as also discharge of POI, were normal.

Madrus: Cargo handling operations were affected in the initial sloges of the stilke due to markedly poor attendance of shore workers. Attendance among cargo handling dock workers was also not appreciable. However, the position improved as days passed and more and more Dock Labour Board workers were utilised in cargo handling operations.

Mechanical unloading of ore, movement of ships and mechanical discharge of POL and disembarkation of a passenger vessel continued un207

affected during the strike period Railway operations were also farily normal

Mormuquo Although in the initial stages leading of iron ore through transhippers was in progress all operations in the Port came to a com plete standstill subsequently as the attendance of the cargo handling staff was almost nil

Parad p From the beginning atten dance among the workers and staff was about 80 to 85 per cent and as such the operations remained un affected.

Visakhapainam. The operations in the Port were carried on normally from the beginning till the end of the strike except that vorking of one vessel was affected from 211178 to 27 11 78 due to strike by FCI Godown labour Mechanical Ore Handling Complex as well as rails ay operations functioned normally

(e) Does not arise in view of reply to (b) above

Increase in strength of RAW

3363 SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL SHRI C K. CHANDRAPPAN

SHRI SHANKER SINIJI VAGHELA SHRI CHITTA BASII

SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT SHRI SHIV SAMPATI RAM

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state

(a) whether Government taken a decision to increase the strength of Research and Analysis Wing and

(b) if so the details and the rea sons therefory

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) (a) No Sr (b) Does not an e

. .

दिल्लो परिषद्धन नियम को हुआ पाटा

३३६४. धो प्रहम्म बस ध्रो इन ररान जायसवास

क्या जीवहन भीर परिवहन मबी यह बताने को उपाकार्यकि

(क) स्वा उनका व्यान दिनांक 8 मस्तदर 1978 के टाइम्स झाफ इंडिया म प्रकाशित इस प्रावद के समाचार की धोर दिलाया गया है कि एक वर्ष में बाह्मिया को से जान की शमता और बसा के बड़े के उपयोग म तजी सं मुधार होते क बावजुद भी दिहती परिवहत निगम मधने बजी स दबत हुए याटे को रोक नहा सका है . धीर

(ध) बीट हा हो इसके मण कारण है ्., ... ६. ४० २०० २०० १०३६० है सौर इस स्थिति में सुधार बरने के लिए क्या सन्न उद्याए गए हैं ?

नोबहुत धीर वरिवहन महालय में प्रभारी राज्य मदी (भी चांद राम) (क) जी हो।

(छ) कम भाडे का होना मध्य कारण है विश्वमें कि विभिन्न परिधालन सामर्थे भी बद्दस नहीं हो पाती । भाडे के पनरीपण पर सरकार विशार कर उसी है।

'यम्स प्रय से प्रधिक साम प्रतित करता'

केंदल 22 वसे सागत प्रादी है

3365. थी गोविन्द मध्या क्या उद्योग मन्त्री यह बताने की छपा करगे कि

(क) क्या थम्स घप में प्रयोग की जाने दाली कन्दी सामग्री पर निर्माताची की प्रति बोतन

(ख) क्या इसकी वित्री बोतस भरते वालीं का बहुत धविक दर पर की जाती है

(ग) क्या इसके परिणासस्य रूप प्राप्त होने वाता बाधक लाग नियमानुसार यायोषित है?

उद्योग मतालय में सभ्य मती (कुमारी स्नामा भारति) (क) से (ग) मदु पेयो पर कीई मूल्य निवतम नहीं हैं । उन्हें मल्यायश्यक बस्तु नहीं समझा जाता है। निसी विश्वष बाद के मृदु पेय वेताव में इस्तमाल किए जाने वाले साहण का भूत्य पश्चिकार प्राप्त मालिको तथा बोतल भरने वार्तों के बीच निजी बातबीत क द्वारा निर्धारित किया जाता है।

पालें पम्स ग्रंप का उत्पादन

3366. स्त्री गोविन्द मुख्दा : क्या उद्योग मंत्री यह बदाने को कपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) देश में पालें बस्स अन का कुस कियान। उत्पादन दोता है :
- (य) यया "बन्स ग्रप" का उत्पादन पालें कंपनी की लाइसेंस बाप्त क्षमता से सर्थिक है ; कोर
- (ग) यदि हां, 'तो साइतेंस प्रास्त प्रयस्त समता उत्पादन करने के नया मुख्य कारण हैं और इसके लिए सरकार का अपनी के विश्व महिष्ण में नमा कार्यवाही करने का प्रस्ताव है ?

उद्योग मंत्रात्य में राज्य मंत्रो (कृमारी बासा माइति): (क) मृदु पंथों के ब्रान्डवार उत्पादन के ब्रांकड़े सरकार के पास नहीं रखे वाली हैं।

- (घं) शैंगा कि सरकार को दक्षण भया है 1977 की भवींच में में सर्व नार्व दिवरित्य विंग, नवर्ष को यमा थर प्राफ्तार प्राफ्त (भेरनाइच) स्थामी है, के द्वारा सभी क्षांत्र के मृतु वैयो का उत्पादन 41.55 मितिकन बोहन यो जबकि उनकी यापिक स्वीहित प्राप्त क्षमता 30.067 निविचन बोहनों की ही थीं।
- (ग) जरकार को मैससे पार्क विश्तेशेव हिन्दः) मनबई द्वारा फरती स्पोकृति प्राप्त धरता के चाँघक उत्सादन करने हे मुद्देश शारचों जा च्या नहीं है। इसके 23 विसम्बर, 1977 को नोयन के मनसा को यह धोमीहिक सीहि विस्ताप में बनाई पर्दे चरुरारी मीति के छन्तार क्या कोग (निकास नया विस्तेशक्त) आधिनियम, 1951 के उपकार्त की सारी के धारीन, देशा सार्वमा ।

Cases againstpurchase officers of Mazagaon Docks

SS67. SHRI K. A. RAJAN: DR. RAMJI SINGH:

- Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the CBI has registered three cases against Purchase Officers in the Mazageon Docks for allegedly obliging a spare parts dealer to the tune of nearly Rs. 2 lakhs; and
 - (b) if so, the particulars thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF DEFENDENCE (PROF. SHER SINGH): (a) and (b). Cli has registered three cases against Pruchase Officers and others in the Mazagaon Dock Ltd, Bombay, for callegedly violating the prescribed procedure and causing undue gains to the supplier from in the purchase of spare parts worth over Rs. 2 lakins.

Investigation has been completed in one case. In the other two cases, FLRs have been filed in the Court and investigation is in progress.

· 'Vice-den in Laxmi Nagar, Delhi

3368, SHRI K. A. RAJAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government and Police Commissioner of Delhi had received communication regarding Vice den operating in Laxmi Nagar (Trans Jammuna) Delhi; and
- (b) if so, the steps taken to arrest the culprits?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a) and (b). A complaint was received regarding vice-den being run in Laxin Nagar. Delhi. Enquiries by the Anti-Vice Squad of the Crime Brench of the Delhi Police revealed that one Vijay Malhotta had hived a house in Laxin Nagar on 23-8-1378 which he vacated on 21-9-1378. His whereshoots are not known and efforts are continuing to frace him. Necessary action under the law will be taken against him as soon as he is funce.

Grievances of Backward Christian Community in Kerala

3369. SHHI SKARIAH THOMAS: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to long stan-

21 T ding grievances of the backward Christian Community in Kerala,

- (b) if so, the facts thereof, and
- (c) the steps proposed to be taken in this regard?

THE VINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL VANDAL) (a) to (e) Information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House

Short supply of Trucks

3370 SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are aware of the short supply of trucks, and
- (b) if so, the reasons, and the steps taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY KUMARI ABHA MAITI) (a) and (b) There is an increase in demand for chases of trucks and buses specially in respect of preferred makes relating to TELCO and ASHOK LEY-LAND Steps have been taken to increase the availability of commercial vehicles. With the progressive angmentation of production it is expected that the situation of short supply will ease appreciably in the near future

> बीजना बायोग में यनुसंधान कमवानियों की निर्धापत किया करता

- ⁷ 332 भी गया पत्त्र सिंह दश सोजना महा यह बतान की हवा करेंग कि
- (क) क्या यानता ग्रामीय म बहुत से प्रमुक्तान क्रमेनाचे वर्षात राजपवित क्रम्यात परिवासियों को सनक दही य निक्षित नहां किया यमा है बर्मीक व 10 से 15 क्यों कार्रेस दूरी कर २० हैं और मनी भी तदब ब्राधार पर बल
- (च) बाँद हा तो एन सबर्पावन बनुस्थान प'प्रशास्त्री की मध्या निराणी है जि हान पांच वहाँ -वे भेजक की तेश पूरों करनी है भीर मणी भी रिलंक्ट नहां किये बस हैं भीर क्या शहराहर के

विवासधीन एसी कोई योचना है निषके मनुसार जिल्हे प्रविध्ये में इन प्रधिकारियों का निश्चित किया जान वाला है भीर यदि हो, हा इसके लिये स्या विधि नियंत है . मीर

(ग) स्था सरकार का विचार परीप्रति के कोई अन बदसर बनाने का है और बदि हो, को व्यवस्थी स्थीत स्था है ?

प्रधान मनो (थी मोरास्त्रो देशाई) - (क) हे (व). वह वर है कि मोबना प्रामीम में कई मनग्राम प्रविकारिया की मभी तक प्रपत पक्षी में निर्मापत नहीं किया गया है. भीर वे तरप माधार पर बत रहे हैं । ऐसे 33 मधिकारियों ने 5 वर्ष से प्रतिक की सवा पूरी करती है इनमें हैं 17 क्रीवड़ारिया ने 10 नय से मौबह की सेंबा करती है। भीर 2 मधिकारियों न 15 वर्ष ने प्रशिष्क की नेवा करती है।

इत प्रविकारिया को नियमित करने का प्रका तदम नियुक्तियों को भारतीय मापिक सेवा/मारती साध्यिकीय देवा के घेड 4 में तियमित करने का सामा स समस्या का एक पान है। इस प्रकृ पर शरकार संक्रिय कर स दिनार कर रही है। क्षतिम निषय सथ लोक सेवा सामी के परामर्क ने करता होगा।

Action on Report of Jaganmohan Reddy Commission on Nagarwala

3372 SHRI GANGA BHAKT SINGH

Shri rajkeshar singh

Will the Minister of HOVE AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) wiether Covernment have since completed examination of the recommendations of the Jaganmohan Reddy Commission which inquired into Nagarwala case,
- (b) if so the names of persors and institutions held guilty by the commarsion or the persons held responsible for different types of charges and
- (c) Abether Government have completed examination of the above recommendations, if so, when the cases are likely to be filed in courts against the persons found guilty and the reasons for delay in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): (a) No Sir.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

Scheme from Kerala Government for Enforcement of Protection of Civil Rights Act

3373. SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Kerala State Government has submitted a scheme for setting up of a machinery for the enforcement of the Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1985, for the Union Government's approval; and
- (b) if so, what are the details of the scheme and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL):

(a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government of Kerala has submitted proposal for strengthening the existing muchinery for the enforcement of Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1955 in the State costing Rs, 2.50 lakhg during 1978/12. This includes setting up of a Special Police Squad huaded by a Dy. S. P. and other aumorphing staff in Palghat Distt, and four Extension Officer; two for Kasargod area (one each for Kasargod area (one each for Kasargod area (one each for Chittur area (Chittur and Palghat Taluks). The proposal is being processed.

Commission on Jail Reforms

3375. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI.

SHRI R V. SWAMINATHAN:
SHRI A. R. BADRI NARAYAN:
Will the Minister of HOME
AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that the Union Government have appointed a

Commission on Jail reforms to bring about quick improvement in Jail conditions;

- (b) if so, who are its members,
- (c) what are its main aims and objects; and
- (d) whether State Governments were consulted and have agreed for the setting up of this Commission?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D. PATIL): (a) No. Sir.

(b) to (d). Does not arise.

Issue of Letter of Intent for Manufacturing of T.V. Glass Shells

3376. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI:

> SHRI P. M. SAYEED; SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN;

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be

- will the Minister of INDUSTRE be pleased to state: (a) whether Government have
- issued a letter of intent to the B.E.L.
 to manufacture television glass shells:

 (b) if so, whether this case was
 under the consideration of the Govern-
- ment since long;

 (c) If so, whether the B.R.L. was given this letter of intent on the basis of the report of high-level working
- group set in the Industry Ministry; (d) if so, what were the points discussed by the High-level group; and
- (e) when the BEL is likely to start its production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KU-MARI ABHA MARTI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d). Several applications were received for the grant of industriel licence for the manufacture of T.V Glass Shells. The application from B.E.L. was received in 1974.

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Since there was scope for licensing only one unit keeping in view the demand for TV Glass Shells in the Country, Government set tup a Workone Group to examine all the applicatrong and make suitable recommendations The Working Group considered the technological locational and econome aspects of the manufacture of TV Glass Shells in the country and recommended the grant of letter of intent to BEL

(e) BEL has stated that it is likely to start production of TV Glass Shelle m 1982

द्यामीच क्षेत्रों में दूरदशन सेवा का प्रसाद करने को योजना

3377 थी धमदीर विहाट स्या सचना मीर प्रसारम सबी यह बतान का हुमा करकें fæ

(क) क्या वाजना धायोग हे मुसाव पर उनके मबालम ने इरवसन सेवर का झामीय दीवों मे प्रसार करने हे लिये दूरदर्भव योजना का पुनशीशक दिया है, प्रीर

, (व) बदि हा, तो तत्त्वची स्वीरा क्या

सूचना चौर प्रशास्त्र मुख्ये (ची साल इत्य भारतायों) (क) सीर (ख) देश के कर्तनात इरदबन द्रासमीटरों झारा या जनसङ्गा नवर हो बाक्षी है उसमें मार्थ से प्रश्चिक प्रामीण बततक्ता है। हुई प्यवसीय योजना अवसि है दौरान को नए दूरदमन दासमीटर स्वावित करने का प्रस्ताव है, उनके द्वारा जो प्रानीय जनसक्ता कदर बिए अने की उम्मीद है, उदसे प्रामीय अनवंदन भी प्रतिदेवता भीर बहु बावती ।

ष्टरी पदनपीय योजना के लिए वैसाह 🗐 नई स्वलीय विकास योजनायों के बनावा, दूरदर्शन ने भी देश में हुरदशन बुदिशाया के दिस्तार के निष् नास्तार राष्ट्रीय उपवह के उपनीय की एक भावता तथार को वी । धोवता मानोद ने जुलाव दिश या कि किसी पर परिमान के बारे में प्रतिम विषय मने से बहुने, एक समिति इन योजना की बहुता वे रव न । तस्तुमार एक प्रविति सामते

Arrests made in Kanjhawala Villare Agitation

2378 SHRI DHARMA VIR VA-SISHT Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) the number of Kisan Satyagrabis arrested in Delhi in connection with the Kanihawala village agitation,

(b) the nature of demands prescuted by the Satvagrable to the authorities together with positive attempt made by the Government to reach a regotiated settlement, if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MUNISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S D PATIL) (a) and (b). 18773 persons were arrested upto 39-11-1978 in connection with the Kanjhawala village agitation Their main demand is for cancellation of allotment of land made at village Kanjhawala to the landless in 1970 and its conversion into common grazing land Efforts have been made from time to time at various levels, for reaching an amucable solution but without any success so far The matter is now pending in the Delhi High Court on a writ petition filed by the Prodhan of the Kanjhawala Gaon Sabha against the allotment of land.

Extension of DTC. Service to Ballabhrath

3379 SHRI DHARMA VIR VA-SISHT Will the Minister of SHIP-PING AND TRANSPORT be pleased to state

(a) whether It is a fact that the Haryana Government had given clearance to the extension of DTC, service Delhi Fandabad upto Ballabhgarh via Sector-7, and

(b) It so, the hitch in implementing the extension?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN-CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF SHIPPING AND TRANSPORT (SHRI CHAND RAM) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) Delhi-Farldabad route is jointly operated by the D.T.C. and Haryana Roadways. Since Haryana Roadways has not extended its services to Ballabhgarh, the DTC feels that extension of its operation to Ballabhgarh will affect its earnings on this route, However, the DTC has taken steps to run two of its services to Ballabhgarh on experimental basis and for that purpose STA Delhi has been requested to grant two temporary stage carriage nermits.

Setting up a National Laboratory in Madhya Pradesh

3380. SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN;

> SHRI SUBHASH AHUJA: SHRI GOVIND RAM MIRI:

Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND-TECHNOLOGY by pleased to refer to the reply given to Unsturred Question No. 3343 on the 9th 'August, 1978 regarding setting up a National Laboratory in Madhya Pradesh by CSIR and state the time by which the proposal in question will be given effect to?

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): After discussion with the Planning Commission, the objectives and structure of an appropriate research laboratory to be set up by Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR) in Madhya Pradesh have been settled; the details are presently being worked out. The proposal will be given effect to as soon as the preliminaries are finalised.

Limestone and Bauxite Deposits in Madbya Pradesh

- 3381. SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to state:
- (a) whether large areas bearing limestone and bauxite have been reserved by Central Government to be exploited in the Public Sector in the State of Machina Pradesh;

- (b) whether there is any scheme under consideration of Government for exploiting these deposits in the near future; and
- (c) if not, why these areas should not be released for working in the Private Sector?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) and (b). Certain areas bearing limestone and bausit, have been reserved in different States, including Madhay Pradesh, keeping in veiw the current and inture requirements of the public sector steel and aluminium plants respectively, such reservations of areas are, however, reviewed periodically,

(e) Does not arise.

Number of Sick Industries taken over

3382 SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN: Will the Minister of INDUS-TRY be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 9855 on the 19th May, 1978 regarding number of sick industries taken over and state;

(a) whether M/s, Pigments and Chemicals Products had in advance sent a complaint to Government about the mismanagement of the company M/s. Inchek Tyres Limited attaching therewith all pinclestat and original letters etc.:

(b) when this complaint was received and whether any action has been taken on the same; if so, the nature of the action taken.

(e) whether it is also a fact that drive inches Twee were devlared as relief undertaking under the West Bengal Act, they and gromined to pay the old outstandings of P.&C. Products in four quarterly instalments of Rg. 80. 000 each and these instalments were not subsequently poid while payment of other big units was made; and

(d) if so, the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI): (a) and No. S.r

(b) to (d). Do not arise in view of the above.

Seiting up of Trade Centres in M.P.

3322. SHBr NIRUAL CHANDRA

JAIN

DR LAXMINARAYAN PAN-DEYA

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be p eased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a scheme for trade centres from Government of Madhya Pradesh was received in time by Government of India

(b) whether it is, also a fact that some other States have been allotted trade centres though their schemes were received later than Madhya Pradesh.

(c) if so, what is the basis of such alletment, and

(d) when will the justified claims of Mashya Pradesh be acceded to?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF EMBUSTRY (KUMARI ABHA MAITI) (a) and Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) So for Trade Centres have been sanctioned for

Daht (Union Territory)

Ludhiana (Punjah)

Bingalore (Karrataka).

Patna (B.har)

Japur (Rajadhan),

Karpur (U.P.).

.th--edobad (Gujarat)

S LIGHT (JAK).

Chandigarh (Union Territory).

Bounceshwar (Orrssa)

Hyderabad (Andhra Pradesh).

The selection of Trade Centres is bases on the cave coment of small industries in the State, concentration of export oriented small units, stratesie importance of the place in interregional and international trade, and the difficulties faced by the landlocked States in marketing their goods. It is not necessary that allotment is based on State Governments Who sent their proposals earlier than others

(d) The scheme of establishment of a Trade Centre at Madhya Pradesh is titider examination and a decision is likely to be taken shortly

12.00 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

REVIEW & ANNUAL REPORT OF INDIAN RASE EASTES LIMITED, BOMBAY FOR 1977-78

MR. CHAIRMAN. Now, Papers laid on the Table. Shri Morarn Desail

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. D PATIL): Su, on behalf of Shri Moraji Desai, I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers (Hinds and English versions) under sub-section(1) of section 619A of the Companes Act, 1956 -

- (1) Review by the Government on the working of the Indian Rare Earths Limited, Bombay for the year 1977-78
- (2) Annual Report of the Indian Rare Earths Limited, Bombay, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audi'ed Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon

[Placed in Library, See No Lit-3022/73]

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour); Madam, Chairman, I would like to know about the privilege motion against Shri Stephen.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes. The Speaker is looking into it.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: It is amply clear that this is a very serious matter

MR. CHAIRMAN: Please don't go into the subject matter of the privilege motion

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: According to Direction, the Privilege motion gets a precedence. You will kindly read the Direction.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The Speaker is looking into it. I have read the Direction. Now, Mr. Morarji Desai,

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI : DESAI): It has already been done.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Now, Mr. George Rechandes

JUTE (LICENSING AND CONTROL) FOURTH AMENDMENT OPDER, 1978 AND REVIEW & ANNUAL REPORT OF NATIONAL NEWS-PRINT AND PAPER MILLS LIMITED. NEPANAGAR, FOR 1977-78

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE . MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI-MATT ARHA MATTI): Sir. on behalf of Shri George Fernandes, I beg to lay on the Table:

(1) A copy of the Jute (Licensing and Control) Fourth Amendment Order, 1978 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No. S.O. 680 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 23rd November, 1978, under subsection (6) of section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3023/78].

(2) A copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions)

under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956:-

- (i) Review by the Government on the working of the National Newsprint and Paper Mills Limited Nepanagar, for the year 1977-78
- (ii) Annual Report of the National Newsprint and Paper Mills Limited, Nepanagar, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audit. ed Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon, [Placed in Library, See No. LT-3024/78].

ANNUAL REPORT OF SHIPPING DEVELOP-MENT FUND COMMUTTEE FOR 1976-77

THE MNISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PAR-LIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LARANG SAI): Sir, on behalf of Shri Chand Ram, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Shipping Development Fund Committee for the year 1976-77 along with the Audited Accounts, under subsection (6) of section 16 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958 [Placed in Library. See No. LT-8025/781.

STATEMENT TO, WITHDRAMAL OF ADVANUCE FROM CONTINGENCY FUND OF INDIA

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MATI ABHA MAITI): I beg to lay on the Table a statement (Hindi and English versions) regarding withdrawal of an advance from the Contingency Fund of India for payment of Government of India share of the equity capital of Electrical Construction Company Limited, Tripoli, [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3026/78]

ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REPORT TO. USE OF HINDI FOR OFFICIAL PURPOSES

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI DHANIK LAL MANDAL): I Library Se, vo LT-3027/18]
Notifications under All India
Services Act, 1941

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MUNISTRY OF HOME AFFARMS (SURI S D PATIL) I beg to by on the fable a copy cach of the follow my Notification, (H and and English ver one) under sub se ton (2) of section 3 of the All India Serie es Act, 1951 —

- (I) The Indian Police Service (Appuntment his Promotion) (Prund Amendment) Regulations, 1973 published in Notification Ao GSR 551(E) in Gazette of India dated the 13th November 1973
- (2) The All India Services (Dissipune and Arpeal) Second Amendant Rules 1978, published in Novikieshon No GSR 1415 in Gazette of India dated the 2nd December 1978 [Placed in Library See vo LT 3025 [78]

REMEN & ANNUAL REPORT OF RURAL ELECTRIFICATION CORPORATION FOR 19:7:3

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI) PAZLUR RAHMAN) I beg to lay on the Toble a copy each of the following papers (H nd. and English versions, under subsection (I) of section 519A of the Compan et Art, 1836—

- (1) Review by the Government on the norking of the Rural Electrafication Corporation New Delhi, for the year 19+7 78
- (?) Annual Report of the Rural Letinfostion Corporation, New Deby 'o the year 1977'2 along whithe Aug 1 d Accounts and the

comment, of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library See No. LT-3029/78]

Annual Reports of Mishes Death Night Ltd Hydreabad and Bearat Electropics Ltd Bangalore for

1977-78 AND TWO STATEMENTS

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE
MINISTER OF DESERVE (PROF

MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (PROF SHER SINGH) I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following supers (Hundi and English versions) under sub-sect on (1) of section 613A of the Companies Act 1856—

- (a) (1) Annual Report of the Mishra Dhatu Nigam Limited, Hyderabad, for the year 1971-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon.
- (2) A statement explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review on the working of the company is being laid [Placed in Library See No LT 3030/83]
 - (b) (1) Annual Report of the Bharst Electronics Limited, Bangalore, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon.
 - (2) A statement explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review on the working of the company is being laid, [Placed in Library See No LIT-2031/76]

MR. CHAIRMAN Now we take up Calling Attention Shri N ~ Chandra Jain

को प्रशास (क्षिटहार) संभागित गृहें पैदास्क्र सारश्टर तथा। अनवार में 172 सारबी बहरेगी स्पन्न से भर एक मेर 400 के त्यसमा विदेश सरवाना में दरे दृष्ट हैं। प्रशास के प्रार के के एतन दूरी निया पता है सिक्त चारश्य में भागियां के नियास होता हो है MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, that is being looked into. Please look at the Order Paper of to-day. Shrip Nirmal Chandra Jain's Call Attention and the Minister's Statement are there. You please discuss this with the Speaker in his Chamber. You know the procedure.

SHRI YUVRAJ: **

MR, CHAIRMAN: I have not called you. Don't record. (Interruptions)**
You have not been recorded. You can discuss with the Speaker. Another Calling Attention has been admitted to-day. Not more than one at a day is allowed. Shri Nirmal Chandra Jain.

श्री हुकमदेव भारायण यादव (मधुननी) : हमारा एक विशेषाधिकार का धस्ताव था

MR. CHAIRMAN: You can discuss with the Speaker. Kindly see today's order paper. Shri Nirmael Chandra-Jain's Calling Attention is there. You can discuss it with the Speaker in his Chamber. You know the procedure. Now, Mr. Jain.

12.05 hrs.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

REPORTED FALL IN FOREIGN TRADE

SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN (Seoni): Sir, I cell the attention of the Minister of Commerce and Civil Supplies and Cooperation to the following matter of urgent public importance and request that he make a statement thereon:

"The reported fall in foreign trade".

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHEI MOHAN DHARLA): Madam Chairman, this statement is of nearly ten pages. I have submitted the copies to both the members. I can

read according to the rules but if you allow me....

SOME HON. MEMBERS: No need to read it out.

MR. CHAIRMAN: You may please lay it on the Table of the House and Members will ask the questions.

Statement

I. According to provisional figures. India's overall exports during April-October 1978, amounted to Rs. 2970.7 crores as compared to corresponding figures of Rs. 3009 crores during April-October, 1977, showing a marginal decline of 1.2 per cent. For corresponding periods, provisional data for imports show that in April-October 1978, imports were of the order of Rs. 3612 crores as compared to Rs. 3155.86 crores during the corresponding period of last year. The marginal decline in exports has been due to the developments both in international and domestic economy. The main reasons are (i) Recessionary conditions prevailing in the developed countries and the protectionist measures adopted by them; (ii) considerable fall in international prices of important export commodities like tea, coffee, cashew; (iii) fall in runte value of the dollar thus showing smaller export realisation in rupee terms; and (iv) reduction in exportable surpluses which has been caused by various factors like:---

- (a) Increase in domestic demand in the case of iron and steel, textiles, rement. etc.
 - (b) Shortage of power.
- (c) Transport bottlenecks and congestions at ports.
- (d) Industrial unrest and lockouts and strikes.
- (e) Unprecedented floods in many States like UP, Bihar, West Bengal, etc.

^{.**}Not recorded.

[Mr Chairman]

(f) Reduced availability of imported raw cashewnuts

Rep Fall m

- (g) Difficulties faced by exports due to certain local policies like pricing of raw cashewnuts. restriction on movements of cashwnuts and husk (coir) and heavy sales tax on exportable commodities like pepper
 - (h) Acquisition of new science and technology and new capabilities which have certain difficulties in having more exports to rupee trade as imports from such countries countries have come down.
 - (v) deliberate policy of Government to restrict/control export certain commodities to enable suffiment domestic availability at reason able prices and to thus reduce the social cost of exports
 - 2 In-spite of these difficulties during current year, exports in our dynamic sectors have improved their performance and have shown buoyancy and increased growth For instance according to available esti mates exports of gems and jewellery finished leather, garments, and processed foods have shown growth rates higher than 20 per cent during the first few months of this year compared to the corresponding period in 1977 The rate of growth in exports in important sectors such engineering goods, jute manufactures, marine products and handicrafts are also high and encouraging
 - II. Government have kept constant watch on the trend of our exports and have already taken a number of decisions and initiated action on series of others with a view to bringing about basic structural changes in our foreign trade so as to lay the foundations for a stable and grow in exports. While devising any such measures, emphasis on making available the articles of essential tunsumption to the domestic consummers at reasonable prices has not been allowed to be relaxed.

Some of the important measures taken to step up exports are as follows ---

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(1) ROLE OF EXPORT ORGANI-SATIONS

The role of export organisations like STC, WATC, HHEC, ECGC, TDA have been re-defined and TFA make them not unly more actionopented but also instruments for the growth of export sectors of the economy particularly in the small scale and cottage industries sectors They have been entrusted with the nonsibility of facilitating the ability of essential inputs, providing market intelligence and marketing support including credit cover these sectors

(2) ROLE OF EXPORT PROMO-TION COUNCILS AND COM-MODITY BOARDS

The Export Promotion Councils and Commodity Boards are also being energised to play a more dynamic role in servicing the exporting com-Their procedures also are being simplified with a view to providing them greater flexibility ın operations

(3) CCI&E - CHANGE IN ROLE

The organisation of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports is being recamped and assigned a promotional role in the export sector

(4) TASK FORCES

Task Forces have been constituted to lock into the problems of dynamic export sectors like -

- (i) Leather & Leather products,
- (n) Gem and Jewellery,
- (m) Handierafts. (1v) Electronics,
- (v) Project exports,
- (v1) Furnitures.

(viii) Export Services;

and (ix) Exports from small scale sector.

Reports in respect of 4 of these sectors viz., leather and leather products, gem and jewellery, electronics and project exports have already been received and action initiated.

(5) VALUE ADDED ITEMS

Emphasis is being laid on the export of items in value-added from rather than in primary form. This will lead to increase in employment as also increase in export earnings.

(6) INPUTS AVAILABILITY

For strengthening the export production base, it is necessary to provide for availability of essential inputs at reasonable price. This is intended to be ensured through a stable importexport policy over a period of time.

(7) IMPORT POLICY LIBERALI-SATION

The import policy has been liberalised to facilitate availability of imported inputs at international prices. Import licensing procedures have also been considerably simplified and in a number of cases completely done away with 50 as to reduce the time taken in acquiring essential inputs.

(8) COMPENSATORY SUPPORT

With a view to provide stability and in order to maintain compellityeness of our exports in the international matet, a policy of giving cash compensatory support to selected items for a period of three years has already been amounced. The whole pattern of determining cash compensatory support and selection of items is being redesigned taking into account the general principles recommended by the Alexander Committee.

(9) STRENGTHENING OF PRO-DUCTION BASE

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Exportable surpluses will be generated by strengthening and expanding the production base for selected items both in the industrial and agricultural sectors. Obstacles coming in the way of export production are being removed. Export oriented units specially the ones being established for 100 per cent exports are being encouraged.

(10) LONG-TERM MEASURES

As a long-term measure the priorities for allocating funds for the selected export sectors are being considered by the Planning Commission for inclusion in the next Annual/Five Year Plan. In the agricultural sector, emphasis will be laid on increasing the production of plantation crossing the production of plantation cross, educa, coffee, nubber, cardamorn), fresh fruits and vegetables, onions, potations, #### (11) INVOLVMENT OF STATE GOVERNMENTS

It has been decided to encourage and secure greater involvement of the State Governments in the export effort. Detailed discussions will be held with them individually and collectively. Meetings will soon be held with the Chief Ministers and other concerned Ministers.

(12) DIVERSIFICATION

A study of country-wise potential for exports has been undertaken and emphasis is being laid on diversification of markets as well as commodities.

(13) RATIONALISATION OF OFFICES ABROAD

Foreign offices of Export Promotion Organisations and Commodity Boards are, to the extent possible, be-

[Mir Chairman]

ing brought under one roof for achieving better coordination in their acti tives. This has already been implemented at New York and Paris.

(14) ROLE OF COMMERCIAL RE-PRESENTATIVES

The offices of our Commercial Representatives abroad are also being geared up to play a more dynamic role in providing market intelligence support to exporters, follow-up action and feed-back etc

(15) The manual regulating the working of the Comercial Representatives abroad is also being completely revised so that they can provide better and more responsive support to the export effort

(16) QUALITY CONTROL

Quality control regulations pre-shipment inspection procedures are being revised and the relevent Act and Rules amended

(1) to make the procedures less combersome and to provide flexibility taking into account the change in commodities and the requirements of our export markets

(a) to gear up the system regarding monitoring of quality control arrangements and enquiry into complaints and

 (iii) to provide for deterrent punishment to erring exporters who shipped sub standard products

(17) JOINT VENTURES

Revised guidelines have been issued governing establishment of Indian iont ventures abroad. Proposals will now be considered fore stablishment of not only industrial joint ventures but also others relating to consultancy, trading, wholesale and retail marketing exploration of minerals and service ventures like hotels, resTHRE

Efforts are also being made to improve the transportation infra-structure available to the exporting com-Air Cargo Complexes heing established at locations nearer the places of production This will also relieve some pressure on existing exit points For sea cargo, efforts are being made to procedures, introduce containerisation, enlarge the frequency of shipping services and to keep freight rates reasonable stable and Councils are also being strengthened so as to improve the bargaining capahilities

(19) Institutional fora have been designed by constituting committees called SCOPE-SHIPPING. AIR and SCOPE-RAIL for enabling discussion and better appreciation of the concerned transportation lems

(20) FREE TRADE ZONE

Procedures regarding Santa Cruzand Kandla Free Trade Zones have been simplified so that all proposals receive expeditous consideration Import of capital goods, raw materials Components etc for units in the Free Trade Zones have been placed on the Open General Licence list A committee was constituted to examine the problems and policies which hindered the growth and development of these Free Trade Zones Action has already been initiated on the interim report received.

(21 EFFORTS IN MULTILATE-RAL FORA

Our efforts in various multilateral fora such as UNCTAD and GATT continue unabated for securing better trading environment for developing countries

At the hilateral level, efforts are being made to increase trade in both directions to mutual benefit. This is being arranged through meatings both at the official levels as well as at the ministerial level.

Country-wise strategy is being planned both for imports and exports.

It is somewhat encouraging to note that the provisional export figures for the latest month for which figures are available viz. Oct. 78, shows an export of Rs. 348.8 crores as against the corresponding provisional export figure of Rs. 329.8 crores for October

III. IMPORTS

Precise item-wise information rcgarding imports made during 1978-79 is not yet available. The large value items of import are mainly Pol, Fertilizers. Edible oils, Capital equipment etc. Constant vigilance is kept in consultation with the GDGTD and other concerned Ministries to ensure that import of only such items are permitted as are not adequately or effectively available indigenously Efforts are also being made for increasing dor estic production of items which are currently being imported meeting essential consumer or industria; requirements. To some extent, import costs have also increased on account of inflationary trends foreign countries.

As already indicated carlier, while Government has liberalised imports selectively, it is also keen on regulating the growth in imports, in keeping with its objective of self-reliance. It is in the light of these considerations that we have recently decided place under capalisation the importation of edible oils. In addition, have already started discussions with the Ministry of Agriculture and the Planning Commission on measures to accelerate implementation of programmes aimed at increasing oilseeds production.

Given the inherent potential of our country, stability in our policies, simplified procedures and a constructive and promotional attitude the Government are confident that it shall be possible for the country to overcome" the present situation and attain a saktained growth in exports to meet not only our import requirements but also our needs for develop-

श्री निर्मत चन्द्र जैन : महोदया, मैने माननीय मंत्री जी के बनतव्य को बड़े ध्यान से पढ़ा है। विगत वर्षों में हुनारे विदेश व्यापार का स्थिति विता-चनक हो गई है। जहा एक ग्रीर आयात दश है वहा नियोंन के दर में कमी ग्राई है। 1976-77 में हुनारा निर्यात 5145.78 फरोड था जो 1977-78 से 5376.19 करोड़ हुमा । 1978-79 के क्रमेख से नितम्बर तक पहले के मुकाबले 2979.7 करोड़ से 1.2 अतिगत कम 2497 करोड़ नियति रहा। देंसे तो मंत्रालय के बांकड़ों के बाधार पर, 16 बत्त्वमों के निर्यात में कुछ बढ़ीतरी हुई है परना 11 वस्तुयों के निर्वात में वहत यधिक कमी बाई है। 11 वस्तुये ऐसी हैं जिनपर हम नियात के लिए बहुत प्रक्रिक निर्बार करते हैं। इन वर्ष हमारे वियोति का प्रारंभिक अनुमान 3750 करोड़ या परन्तु अब रागता है कि हम 5250 करोड़ सक ही पहुंच पार्वेचे ।

वत वर्षे हमने अपने व्यापार में 27 प्रतिजन की वृद्धिकी वी परन्तु इस वर्षकी वद्गीनरी दर निर्फ 5. 4 प्रतिसत्त की प्रतुसामित है। इस वर्ष 5250 करोड़ के बदले 6000 करोड़ के प्रायात की सम्भादना है विश्वित ही यह मसला चौकाने वाला है। ग्रगर सिर्फ इतना ही होता तो ठीन था कि कभी कभी हमारे विदेश व्यापार में निरावट ब्राती है और फिर बढ़ जाती परन्त, मामला इतना सरल नही है। विरावट बहुत अधिक साई है । छठी पचवर्गीय योजना के श्राल्य में भी हमारे विदेश व्यापार की वडीनरी की दर सिर्फ 7 परसेंट ही स्रोकी गई है अविक पानवीं योजना को प्रतिम चार वर्षों में यह दर 10 परसेट थी । छडी पंचवर्षीय योजाना के प्रारम में हमारा निर्योत 1976-77 में 5146 करोड से 1982-83 में 7750 करोड़ रुपया धनमा-नित्र है और यामात 5076 करोड़ ने 10500 करोड़ संभावित है। स्थायह सम है ?

MR. CHAIRMAN, Pleased put your questions no.v.

थी विमेल धरद्र जैन : महामहिन राष्ट्रपति महोदय चे भी एक घवसर पर कड़ा है :

"I recognise the exports as an important vehicle to achieve the goal of self-raliance and economic stability."

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[धी निर्मत ^चरद्र चैन]

[आ त्राप के पहि देशा जाने को हरिनन दूसतीर्हें गुरू दुरिन्दे है पहि देशा जाने को हरिनन दूसतीर्हें गुरू तरिने के हमल भी भारिता को का भारत इस माता को हुए नहीं करता है को नहामहित कर परित जी ने क्यात को है। नह भागत कोई नई दिशा भी नहीं देता है। ग्राहित की ने हिन्द हुएता कहा है कि नई नीर्हें का निर्माण ही खा है।

MR CHAIRMAN Please office to the question (Interruptions)

यो सिम्म ब्याव वर सारी पीर वे रियोद हातो और पाताच पहले ना में हिम्मिट ज्याम मनी नहीं हो था है। ब्यावेंटर नार्यें में रियोद पीर स्थापकी है। बरावा रियोद के से मा समस्य भी विचारकी है। बरीव पाप ब्याव ही भारतीय निवार की पहुचे विचार देवा में पारण पर हुन्दर-पी है। इस वह से बीर में ब्याव्योव चरी भी बरा बीजवा बता पूर्व हैं। में सा मोना में निवार आहे हैं।

ा बायात निर्यात वैंक की घोछ स्थापना की जाए।

2 प्रतेगेंडर कमेटी नीति सम्बन्धी रिपार्ट तुरल तामु की जाए ।

 तिर्यात को जाने वाली वस्तुकों पर रेल क्रियम की वरों का पुत्रनिर्घारिय हो ।

MR. CHAIRMAN Mr. Jain, please conclude now.

भी निमंत चन्द्र संत . निर्दात बीना की नीति को बन दिया जाए । की ट्रैंड फोस्त बढ़ार्से बार्से 1

इपि क्षोर उद्यान को घो ऐसी बस्तुमा का पता बनाया जाने जाकि निर्मात की वा तक सीर एन बात के निष् ग्रान्य सरकारों को बहाबता सी जाए।

हेभीम भाज-पांचम् पं एक ऐसी उनवांनति वने किश्ते कर्मा, उद्यास चीर यम पत्नी भी वामित ही क्ष्मीक हुन वरायत्व के बाने पर हो चीरित उद्य पत्नी है भीर उत्पादन का बहुता कर्म, विश्वी वर्षेयह के सम्बन्धित है। प्राप्त ही शांच मौतांनिक प्रचाति वे भी क्षमार पत्नी है।

ह भाग मनी महोदय इन बाता पर मीर एकर र्रायत भोधा निर्धाल करेने भीर कब तक यह नीति रिर्धाल की बाहरी ?

ध्यो मोहन धारिया: नमापति जो, जैसे निवेदन मैंने किया है, जो गिरावट प्राई है उसके क्या कारण हैं और कीन से उपाय हम कर रहे हैं, उसका पुरा न्यौरा हमने दिशा है । मैं दोबारा उसको दोहराना नहीं चाहता । जैसा में ने बनाया है, सोमेंट भौर स्टीत का एक्सपोर्ट हम कर नहीं सकते हैं न्योंकि हमारे बहा उसनी ज्यादा जरूरत है । एक साल में स्टील ना कजम्मन सर्मन 14 प्रतिशत वह गमा है। इसके बाध साथ दाफी औष्य. चाय ऐसे जो हमारे भच्छे श्वसपोर्ट के प्राइटम ये उनकी इन्टरनेनशन प्राडम में भी ना भी निरावट बाई है। यह सब नारण मैंने उममें बतावें हैं । इन सब बातों के बावजद हमने ठीस स्दम उटाए हैं । मतेग्जेंडर नमेटी मैं ने नास्टीटपट की थी भीर उत्तेशी रिपार्टके माधार पर भी जो गढन बठाने हैं वह बदम भी हमने बटाए हैं। हमने टास्फ कोर्स एप्वाइट हिया था और उसकी रिपोर्ट के बाधार पर भी हमने बदम उठाए हैं। मैं यह बहता चाहता ह कि हम एक नया माइटिफिक बेस दे रहे हैं जिनमें इंबल एक्नपार्ट को बढ़ाने के लिए नहीं बर्टिक यहां जो प्राहमेंस हैं उनका स्वाल करके एक्सपोर्ट की बहाने की बात है ।

माननेन सरम्य ने हुए धीर पराश को गुरू हैं छड़े ज्यान में ने सिंह है। पुलागेट एमोर्ट से भी को बात है बहु विजयाओं है। पारानेंग दिनिक्टर के साम जियार दिसंग कर छाई। है। इस मानते हैं कि बिज मेरित है हमारे रही एमगोर्ट स्मार्ट स् एग है जड़े लिए दिसी बात मानीन्यों में असस्या करना करते है। इसके लिए एमगोर्ट स्मार्ट स्व या है क में कोई सबस से उनकी स्वस्था में अब्द सा है क में कोई सबस से उनकी स्वस्था में अब्द स पर नियार दिसा जा पह है

हृषि के बारे में में महता जाहता हूं कि बाद प्रतिष की रिपोर टीयार है पोर पात हो तह हमारे पात पा बापणी । उनके प्राधार पर हमारे होंगे की से पेदाबार है, जो प्रोसेटड कुट है या जो दूसरी प्रोसेटड पार्टिक्स हैं उनकी मेंटन के लिए हम ज्यारा वे ज्याद कीतिय के रेंगे ताकि हमारे हिम्मा की मण्डा पंडा तिल और मान ही मण्डा प्रदोन रहस्तेन भी तिल सके !

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour): Madam Charperson, unfortunately, even atter thrity-two years of independence, we are following exactly what the Britishers did, that is colonial pattern of trade and commerce with foreign countries. When we sell our goods, we operate in buyers' market and when we buy, we buy in the sellers' market Export of raw material and unport of finished goods is the formula that we are following even after thirty-two years of independence and the total economy of this country, specially in the foreign

trade, is absolutely controlled by foreign multi-nationals and capitalist countries.

12.14 hrs. 4.3 [MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER in the Chair]

Sir, many raw materials are exported under different names showing them as finished or semi-finished goodsitems like leather, engineering goods etc. I know, a sewing machine that is exported without any paint and without any brand name lands in London for five pounds and the same sewing machine is sold there through the show room after putting a brand name and a coat of paint for +wentyfive pounds. This is the foreign trade practice we are following. The heavy export incentive given ran into no less than Rs. 1000 crores. I have got the details; you can see how it is increasing every year; in 1974-75 it was Rs. 67.18 crores: 1975-76 Rs. 133.22 erores; 1976-77 Rs. 226.62 crores; 1977-78 Rs. 311.28 crores and 1978-79 Rs. 233 crores.

Now look at the items; engineering goods, Rs. 81.63 crores; Foods Rs. 10 crores; textile ready-made garments. hosiery and knit-wears Rs. 61.89 crores; jute manufactures Rs. 13.01 crores, etc. But the most important point is that while our textile exports are going down, the cash compensatory support is increasing. Will the Minister explain this for 1974-75 it was 0.1099.99 lakhs; 1975-76 Rs. 3401 lakhs; and 1976-77 Rs. 8483.43 lakhs.

The Public Accounts Committee in 1973-74-I do not know about the position afterwards because we were State guests from 1975-wanted to make a deep probe into the export incentive scheme payments. One of the biggest beneficiaries of this is Raunaq Singh of Maruti Ltd. There are so many others. The export incentive scheme is nothing but a fraud on the Exchequer. It is a hidden loss on the Exchaquer, The trade deficit for six months now, comes to Rs. 588 crores;

but that is not all. You have also to add Rs. 233 crores, which is the budget provision for export incentives This is one of the black deeds of the Government since 1974-75 feathering the nests of the big export houses and import houses in GATT countries The import bill of 6 months rose by 25 per cent and the volume is enormous.

How is it that we claim self-sufficiency? Between April and November 1977 7 give the value in lakhs, of our imports-Wheat Rs. 56.87 lakhs: sovabean oil-why is it that this country should be required to import edible oils after 30 years of independence? It is not required-Rs. 15.418 lakhs: mustard oil including rape-seed oil Rs. 14.331 lakhs: palm oil Rs. 15.426 lakhs: other distillates Rs. 3114 lakhs: medicinal and pharmaceutical products Rs. 4485 lakhs; iron and steel Rs. 15,968 lakhs-after 32 years of independence: raw cotton Rs. 15.044 lakhs: and non-ferrous metals Rs. 12.226 lakhs. (Interruption) I am trying to make out a point. We are talking about self-sufficiency, and this is the picture. For the whole year 1977-78 the trade deficit is about Rs. 690 crores or about Rs. 700 crores, because we are all the time, while selling, operating in the buyers' market; and while buying, operating in the sellers' market.

By the end of September 1978, the convertible reserves stood at Rs. 4605 crores, which is Rs. 105 crores less than the figure for 1977-78. This is because of the export of human labour and brain drain. It is a shameful thing for any country. These human labour and natural resources, put together, would have generated a considerable amount of national wealth. The economy has started sliding back since the last few years; and this Government has not been able to put any check on this. Government has miserably failed as revealed in the Public Undertakings Committee, Invoice manipulations had reached at least a thousand crores of rupees a year and

[Shri Jyohrmoy Bosu]

the director and the deputy director who was caught red handed by the Committee, Shri Kaul, still remains at large manupulating papers sitting in the office Invoice manipulation is one of the worst evils that the country is facing: that is a big grain on our exchequer, one main reason of our adverse trade balance is invo ce manipulation. During the Emergency Mrs. Indira Gandhi gave out a circular ask ing the customs and the enforcement directorate not to Drosecute the large husmese houses of they were raught doing invoice manipulation. Government have stated that there is a const devable fall in the international price of stems like top coffee, etc. Mr. Mohan Dharia who devotes a lot of time at his cest could take the trouble of looking into the documents. I drew up a chart of 14 tea consuming countries. It was established in the docu ment based on Raures collected from different emphassies in various parts of the world that we do not get even one-fourth of the end price of our tea products T# 13 sold in Calculta at Rs 12 a lo. that tea is sold at Rs 70 in Denmark and at Rs. 80 a kg in America. We have visited shoe making factories. There is the STC A show which is costing Rs 120 a pair is exported from India. the western capitalist countries are selling it to the consumer at Rs. 600 a pair This is your foreign trade. Rindly tell us what ro, propose to do to sell finished goods at the end price and get our price munus the marketing cost in the respective countries and what action you propose to take against invoice manipulations, especially the enforcement directorate officials who have been seriously indicted, Mr S P Jam and Mr T i Kaul

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA The declive in experts has been a matter of contern to the country. It has been taid by Mr Born that the o'd colonial pattern of our export impact trade till combines I would group Mr

Hosu that ever since I have taken over, we have taken several decimons to recreent the old trade pattern and we would very much like to see that export-import trade is natterned according to the interest of the country With a view to have diversification of markets and diversification of various items are felt that we should have a dialogue with Larsons countries and also diversification of markets of several products. It is in this context that we have identified dynamic areas for exports.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU- 7 am sorry to interrupt you, you know very well this year the tobacco growers have lost not less than Rs. 60 crores and all the benefit had been reaped ht multinationals

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER You have had your full say, please resume your seat

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA- At the same time hon. Member will appreciate that many times. I have taken his advice in correcting policies. it not true?

SHRY JYOTIRMOY BOSU It is true (Interruptions)

SERT MOHAN DHARIA There are some qualities in Mr Bosu and it will take a long time for you to appreciate them We have bilateral trade with the countries in some areas and probably there is direct linkage between our exports and their imports whereby middlemen are stooped and multinationals who have established their own cartels there are brought to the minimum We have taken some steps and various task farces been appointed by the ministry We hate initiatea action these areas Without tablishing proper production base in the country and having proper exportable surplus to be exported, it shall not be possible for us to be competitive and to have our entry into various markets Simultaneously with a view to break down those monopolies, we have taken up these issuesat the multinational or bilateral levels and the House will be happy to know that India is one of the countries leading the developing world today in attacking these protectionist trends and telling the developed countries bountly that because of their protectionist measures, they are doing great harm to the economy of the developing countries. We have also brought to their notice that by raising the standard of living in the developing countries, they will be getting a better market for their science and technology and that by adopting these protectionist measures they are harming the developing countries and they are also harming themselves. Some of the countries have taken note of these arguments and because of that we could get many of our quotas increased and in many areas, the matters are still under consideration.

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A point has been made by the hon. member about cash compensatory support. I do agree with the hon. member that whenever this support is to be given, it should be on the basis of some specific criteria and it should be for supporting that particular commodity or article in getting entry into the foreign market. It cannot be given to those who are well established in their exports. Unfortunately it had happened so in the past, but now we have adopted new criteria. Cash compensatory support is necessary whereever the present taxation structure in the country or whenever the cost of inputs in the country do not make our exporters necessarily competitive. To that extent, care will be taken and it is being done on a selectiv basis. I can assure the House that wherever our exports of particular articles have been established, we would not like to give any cash compensatory support whatsoever. It is to give the strength in the beginning in the initial period that this support will be given and not otherwise.

So far as over invoicing and underinvoicing is concerned, it is indeed a very hard task. Here even though we are trying to make all possible efforts, the House is well aware of the linkages and it makes this whole task very difficult. Even then it is our desire that those infulging in this undermotining and over-involcing should be brought to book and necessary steps are being taken in that direction also. Wherever they are caught they are being prosecuted,

SHRI JYOTIPMOV BOSU: S. D. Jain and T.N. Kaul have been cought sheltering, shellding, siding and abetting under-invoicing by Singhanias to the tune of Rs. 439 lakth in one case. They are still at large and no action has been taken. This is a very shameful matter. They should have been handcuffed and put behind the bars

SHRI DHIRENDRANATH BASU (Katwa): Singhanias and Kanorias have snatched away amounts to the tune of over Rs. 2 crores, I say this from the report of the Committee on Public Undertakings.

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA: My triends will blease appreciate that these are the commissions of the past. Now it is for us to rectify them and we shall try to rectify them. (Interruptions).

चौबरी बत्बीर सिंह (हीविवारपुर) । पाल पैदा करते वाले हो भ र गये वर्षीक उन्हें क्षणी केंग्रेट प्रांत्र न हो मित्र फी है । इतिबंद प्राप प्रांत्र का एससपोर्ट नेव क्रीजिए) 25,000 टन की बजान कम से कम 5,00,000 टन एसपोर्ट होना चाहिए। " (ध्यवधार)

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER. Mr. Balbir Singh, please take your seat. I am not soing to allow aurhout to interrupt now. Mr. Minister, you are not obliged to reply to aurhoudy who stands up without my permission. If there is one member who is trying to interrupt, 5 or 6 members act up in multaneously and interrupt. If some-

[Mr Deputy Speaker] thing like that happens nothing will

go on record Mr Dhama may continue.

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA as the import policy is concerned has been mentioned by the hon. Member that we should allow the import of such things which are widely needed in the country or to have new cience and technology umported into the country I entirely share the feel ings of the hon. Minister

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU The Astroulture Munister in sitting behind We are importing palm oil Everything we are importing

SHRI MOHAN DHARIA In this connection as the House may be aware, we have taken a decision to canalise the import of edible oil. We would like to give remunerative prices to the farmers so that within the next three or four years within the country itself we will produce enough so that there will he no necessity whatsoever to have import of oil. That is why we are giving a support price of Rs 135 for groundhut, soyabean and sun flower We would like to have increased production here and bring down the ports That is why Government have taken a decision to canalise the imports. If there are any cases of unnuces ary imports if such eases are brought to my notice, I shall immediately take steps to see that such imports are not allowed.

We agree with the view of the hon. Member that our foreign exchange should not be fittered away

Regarding dynamie exports in various areas I have in my note given all possible steps that were taken. A point was raised regarding tobacco and polata. Government have taken a decision to allow in the initial stage the export of potato to the extent of 25 000 lonnes Only resterday 1 had a discussion with Shri Barnala and I have told him that I have no objection to exporting any quantity of pohan, if care is taken of the domestic arme of potato in fact, I would be hanny to encourage the export potato and I have announced it (Interruptions)

In the case of onion, the House would be happy to know that we have taken a decision and we shall export at least 73,000 tonnes, and perhaps more if we could take care of the domestic price in the country

So far as agricultural production is converned, for the first time the Commerce Ministry has constituted group under the Chairmanship of the Secretary, Ministry of Food and Agri culture, to find out the areas where we can make exports On the bas-s of that report, we would first like to expand the base of production, which wall lead to increased exports I have taken up the matter with the Plan sing Commission, and I shall take care to see that whatever could be exported out of what is being produced in the country in a pinned manner is exported, while at the same tune ensuring the fulfilment of the domestic needs There is also a Droposal under discussion that augureane should be directly converted into alcohol and exported to foreign cruntries That is also being discussed. All possible steps would be taken. To some extent there is some marginal shortfall in our foreign exchange earnings from our exports. All steps have been taken on a scientific basis We shall have substantial exports every year so that we can provide employment to a large number of people while giving a remunerative price to our farmers.

12 35 hrs.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMUTTEE

NINETY-FOURTH AND HUNDRED AND SECOND REPORTS

SHRIP V NARASIMHA RAO (Hanamkonda) I beg to present the following Reports (English and Hindi

245 Indian Standards AGRAHA!
Institution (Cert. Marks.) Bill
versions) of the Public Accounts

versions) of the Public Accounts Committee:

- (1) Ninety-fourth Report on action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in the Forty-sixth Report on "Delhi Milk Scheme" relating to Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation (Department of Agriculture).
- (2) Hundred and second Report on action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in the Seventeenth Report on "Export of Bicycles and Bicycle Components during 1970's" relating to Ministry of Commerce.

12,35 hrs.

INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION (CERTIFICATION MARKS) EX-TENSION TO KOHIMA, WOKHA, ZUNHEBOTO, MOKOKCHUNG AND PHEK DISTRICTS BILL

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVI SUPPLIES AND OPERATION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL): On behalf of Shri Mohan Dharia, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to extend Standards Institution Indian (Certification Marks) Act, 1952, the Kohima, Wokha, Zunheboto, Mokokchung and Phek District in the State of Nagaland.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: The question is:

"That leave be granted to introduce a Bill to extend the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952, to the Kohima, Wokha, Zumheboto, Mokokchung and Phek Districts in the State of Nagaland."

The motion was adopted.

SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL: I introduce the Bill. 12.36 hrs.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

(i) Examination of suggestion for mixing alcohol with petrol.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER; We take up matters under rule 377. Shri Surendra Bikram.

SHRI MOHD. SHAFI QURESHI (Anantnag): I have written to the Speaker in regard to 377. I have not received any reply.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: That is between you and the Speaker. Please don't ask me. The letters that you write to the Speaker will not be replied to in the House.

SURENDRA BIKRAM SHRI (Shahiahanpur): Our country being predominantly an agricultural country, it has been supplying sugarcane in abundance to sugar factories which supply molasses to the alcohol-producing distilleries. The production of alcohol has been increasing year after year with very limited usage in the industry and other areas. The position is that the nation is facing the problem of excess and surplus alcohol which at the moment the State Truding Corporation is exporting. To solve it. I suggest that the Government must immediately consider and permit alcohol mixing with petrol in the proportion of 25:75 which will give efficient service to the petrol-based automobiles. Alcohol being cheaper, the Government must levy more tax on this commodity to bring it on par with the price of petrol, If such decision is taken, it will ease petrol shortage and solve the excessive alcohol production in the country. We anticipate that alcohol production will continue to increase with the modernisation of distillerles availability of more and more molasses. If necessary, vehicles can allowed to use alcohol as fuel with a little change in their engines. The alcohol to be released for this purpose

(Shri Surendra Bikram)

2.17

may be denatured so that it is not fit for human consumption Instead of exporting at lower cost, it should supplement petrol consumption in the country

(II) REPORTED NOTICE BY EMPLOYEES OF BANKS TO GO ON STRIKE

भी समीत (वर्षाचा) ज्याप्यस स्थापन है तिस्स 375 क्यांच न कर 5 मार्च के राम्यारियों न, बा तिसे धीर पार्ट्रीयक रहेत में राम रास्ट्र है सहस्त मार्ट्या के मार्ट्या दिसा है कि प्रकार में 20 और 29 जिलानर भी नेम्ब कर में समूख हरेतार परंथ । जिली जा है कि तरह सम्बंधी भी दर है जिला राम प्या नाए। बीना एक्ट 1935 वर रेर्स कर्म क्या नाए। बीना एक्ट 1935 वर रेस्ट मार्ट्या स्था दार्था । व्यक्त मार्था मार्था तम ताम प्या नाए। बीना एक्ट है तस बीर नार्या कर सम्याधित नार्या है तस बीर नार्या कर सम्बंधित कर स्था स्था स्था राम्या भी व्यक्त है मार्ट्य धीन स्था है।

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER Dr Vasant Kuma- Pandit

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkil) I have given notice under 377

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER These have been selected and allowed

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI I want

(111) PROBLEMS OF TORACCO GROWERS

DR VASANT KUMAR PANDIT (Rajgarh) Sir I male the following statement under rule 217

The tobaccy growers in the country particularly in particularly in particularly in particularly in through and for passing through a period of several particular in the passing a period of several particular p

throwaway prices There is also another factor which shows high production and fall in demand. Due to high prices in previous two years, a large number of growers diverted more land for production of tobacco from foodgrains Further, the hybrid seed of tobacco have not given massive production. This has brought about a cruss for the farmers growing tobacco The aggreeved tobacco growers have represented this case to the Government In view of this, the Government has to review its policy regarding levy of excise duty to give remunerative prices to tobacco gron.erc

The prices of bids have reached high and unless the excise dutes are reduced, remunerative prices cannot be given to the tobacce growers. The hebbing capanity of tobacco growers. Duting lower, a severe financial cruss has set in The Government therefore is required to reconsider the entire situation urgently.

(il) Worling of Indian Agricultural Research Institute

SHRI VINKUMAR N PATIL (Dhulm) Mr Deputy-Speaker, Str under rule 377, I would like to draw the attention of the House to the following urgent matter of public importance regarding the function of IARP.

There are reports in a section of news-spapers today that two senur bio-chemists at the Indian Agrandiaral Research Institute who have Questioned this research claims of their senurs their period of the provided with no retearch facilities. A PTI contraction of the period of the pe

Reports also have appeard in the Indian Express, New Delhi dated 25th Votember 1978 regarding the Scient tief Demands* for a judicial probe into the unsatisfactory working of IARI due to abuse of authority and mal-practices by the authorities and sarious discontentment among the lower staff. It is reported that nearly half of the farm areas in the Agricultural Institute has not been sown with any crop during the rabi sesson of 1977-78. The research students and the staff were denied minimal field facilities for their consideration. The matter is serious enough to call for a thorough probe into the working of the IARI

The Minister of Agriculture may please do the needful.

(v) REPORTED SCARCITY OF COAL, KEROSENE AND FIREWOOD IN DELHI

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour): Sir, it is almost a regular feature during this part of the year in Delhi that acute shortage of poorman's fuel-coal, kerosene and firewood-is created by the influential traders, of course, in connivance with certain quarters in official hierarchy. Otherwise, there is no reason why this phenomenon should occur every year during winter season. Although officials are claiming that there is no shortage of kerosene in the city but long queues of consumers waiting from morning till late in the evening for a small quantity of kerosene would belie this claim. The supply of kerosene oil is very eratic.

The price of firewood and coke has gone up and is being sold in black market. This artificial scarcity is created only to make more by the interested traders. The Government has to come with a heavy hand upon such unsocial elements and ensure that commodities. like, trul are made available to the people not only in Delhi but elsewhere too without any difficulty.

I would like the Minister to make a statement in this regard.

(vi) DISPOSAL OF ACCUMULATED STOCK OF SOLID WOOLEN AND COTTON CLOTH AND READY MADE CAUMENTS BY KHADN AND VILLAGE ENDUSTRIES COMMISSION

औहतमदेव वारायण यादव (मधवती) : उपा-ष्यक्ष महोदय, खाडी ग्रामोकोन कमोणन द्वारा संपातित खादी भवन, कनाट सर्वस, में लाखों रुपए का रेडी-मेंड सदी और अनी कपड़ा सह कर बर्बाद ही रहा है। कपडे के गोदास में तैयार रूपडे से ध्वना की बा लग गया है कि लाखों ध्या के कपते बेकार हो रहे हैं। उहां हर साल इतनी बर्बारी हो रही है, वहां उन वेकार कथडों को समय पर वैचने की व्यवस्था नहीं की जाती है। खरीद करने की व्यवस्था में भी गडबड़ी है। एक ही व्यक्ति को करोड़ों रुपए का माल खरीदने का सधिकार है। धनर थोडा वर्बाद कपछा समय पर दान में समेवित कटौती कर के वेच दिया आये. सो लाखों रूपवों का लाभ हीपा और कम दाम में गरीवों को कपड़ा भी मिल जायेगा। खास तीर पर बेशार कपटे भी बिश्री के लिए एक काउंटर खोला जाए । सरकार चनदान देती दे. परस्त उसका सदपबोर नहीं हो पाता है। सारे देश में इसी तरह की दर्व्यवस्था है 1

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkil): On a point of order regarding 377. Many Members from this side as well as from the other side may give notices under rule 377, maybe, on the same subject, and it is the Speaker who, in his wisdom, decides which is to be allowed. I do not know what procedure is adopted. I had given a notice under rule 377 regarding the bankmen's strike notice last week, The same subject has been allowed to he raised now by another Member. We do not receive any information. We would like to be enlightened by you or by the Speaker on this.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I have heard what you said. You had given a notice last week. That is what you said. The procedure has been that we keep these things pending for the whole week and on Friday they lapse. If you give fresh notice, it will be taken up again. Perhaps you did not give fresh notice. That is what must have happened, and somebody size must have given notice on the same subject this week.

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SHRI MOHD SHAFI QURESHI (Anantag). I have recented a letter from the Lok Sabha Secretarnat stating that it is a State subject and that it cannot be permitted to taken up under rule 377 But the same subject has been allowed to be taken up by another Member

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER It must have been put in a different form to involve the Centre also. You must be very careful while writing the statement.

SHRI MOHD SHAFI QURESHI The only difference was that the man was killed

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh

भीरामिक्तास पासवान (हाजोपूर) स्मी सन्दाय में एक व्यवस्था ना प्रश्न है। 77 हम लाग पहा पहत है हम दा महो सहोदय की तरफ से जवाब नहीं दिशा जाना है। उस पर हिसी तरफ की नार्थवाही की जाती है या नहां?

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER I am not entertaining any more point of order I have called hir Bhanu Pratap Singh to move his motion.

12.47 hrs

SUGAR UNDERTAKINGS (TAKING OVER OF MANAGEMENT) BULL

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) Sir, I beg to

That the Bill to provide for the temporary taking over in the public interest, of the management of certain sugar undertakings in certain circumstances, be taken into consideration.

With a view to ensure the timely commonwement of crushing operations for the current sugar year 1978-79, which began on October, 1, 1978, and to ensure the clearance of the accumulated cane arrears, in Ordinance was promulgated on November 9, 1978, empowering the Central Government to take over, for a specified period, in the public interest, management of defaulting sugar undertakings Th EM before the House us to replace the Ordinance and 1 move that the Bull be taken up for consistency

deration by the House Hon Members may recall making of a policy statement by my colleague, Shri Barnala, on August 10, 1378, announcing the Government's decision removing controls on prices, distributon and movement of sugar effect from August 16, 1978 Government had taken these measures primarily in view of the large sugar availability in the system, record production of about 65 lakh tonnes of sugar in 1977-78 season and the need to step up the consumption of sugar further The House will be happy to know that domestic consumption sugar in the sugar year that ended on September 30, 1978, amounted to 449 lakh tonnes registering an increase of nearly 20 per cent over This is a record the previous year not only for sugar but perhaps for any other commodity in respect sharpest increase in domestic consumption in a single year. The sugar prices have also been ruling at very subdued levels since the decontrol of sugar As against the range of Rs. 310 to Rs 355 per quintal for free sale sugar immediately prior to the announcement of decontrol of sugar, they have come down to a level of Rs 216 to Rs 246 per quintal as on November 25, 1978 Domestic consumption of sugar is also slated rise significantly further and an indication of this is already available from the situation that has obtained since decontrol In the first two full menths after decontrol, namely September and October, 1978, domestic consumption was of the order of

[.] Mored with the recommendation of the Frendent.

9.7 lakh tonnes as against 7.2 lakh tonnes in the corresponding period last year.

Alongside these favourable factors, there was also a disquieting trend of mounting morease in the arrears of cane prices despite the efforts of the Government to liberalise the availability and terms of bank credit. The arrears of came price for sugar season, as at the begining of the 1978-79 sugar season on October. 1, 1978, amounted to over Rs. 53 crores. This constituted 6.7 per cent of the price due for the cane purchased in the last sugar season and as against the level of 25 per cent due in the corresponding period in the previous vear. As at the heginning of November, 1978, the arrears have come down somewhat to Rs. 46,56 crores, but still the Government consider them to be very high necessitating early clearnace.

Follow up action under the Ordinance has already been initiated. The Rules thereunder have been issued on November 13, 1978 and also laid on the Table of the House. Notices have already been issued to 100 sugar undertakings to show cause as to why their management should not be taken over by the Central Government under the Ordinance. Of these 120 have been covered by notices under the criterion of delayed sixt and 8 in respect of come arrears while 34 undertakings are covered by both the criteria.

From what I have stated, it will be seen that the Bill seeks to protect the interests of the consuming public, as also the sugarcane growers and to maintain production and availability of sugar, which is no essential commodity. As such I commend the Bill for the consideration of the House and its early passing.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Motion moved:

"That the Bill to provide for the temporary taking over, in the public interest, of the management of certain sugar undertakings in certain circumstances, be taken into consideration."

SHRI VINAYAK PRASAD YA-DAV (Saharsa); I beg to move:

"That the Bill be circulated for the purpose of eliciting opinion thereon by the 31st December, 1978." (1)

SHRI A. R. BADRI NARAYAN (Shimoga): A situation has arisen this country which necessitates the hon. Minister for Agriculture to bring this Bill before this House. There has been excessive sugar cane production in the country, thanks to the various schemes adopted for improving production in the sphere of agriculture by the then government and now a situation has arisen where about 65 lakhs tonnes of sugar cane are now grown in this country. Nearly about a third of this excessive production has been more than the capacity of the country to consume. I personally think this situation should have been anticipated by the government, When there is an excess production and the cost of production has gone up so high and when the excise duties are also high and the cost to the consumer has gone very high, the government should have anticipated what we should do with this surplus sugar that is grown in the country. I think the government should have anticipated this excess and should have thought well in time to see that the is exported to countries outside. Now there is a terrible glut in the sugar market and the sugar cane growers as well as the sugar mills have been put to a very very difficult situation. The solution for the situation should have been that the government should have thought about it well in advance and they should have exported sugar in sufficient quantities. I may tell even now that the sugar that has got to be exported has not been done so be-

(Shri A R. Badri Nara) anl cause the S T C has been very very tardy in sending the sugar outside our country

This is the situation now What have we got to do under such curcumstances? There is a missuse and that disease has got to he remedied Does the Government think that this preventive measure of taking over the mills will solve the difficulties? So this remedy which the Government has thought of, that is to take over the mills and to run them, is a remedy worse than the disease Sup-Luse when the millowners are faced with a situation like this, you compel them and ack them to work. What happens? What is the disease? How chould we set it right? You should have thought about it well in advance Instead of thinking like that why should you coerce them to a particular course of action? Also what the Government has got to consider is whether they could do anything either to reduce the excise duty and devise ways and means of reducing the cost of production There are other remedies that Government should think of rather than to take over these mills Suppose you take over the mills What happens? How to pay back the arrears accumulated which run to the exent of Rs 53 ero res? You have also got to pay off the losses which every year you are going to incur and how would you rehabilitate the sick mills? You have to pay for the labour After all, 100 do that. What is going to happen How would you solve this problem? By taking over the Mills or by forcing them to act in a particular manner how would you remove the hurdles or, the difficulties or handscaps that the sugarcane growers or the sugar mills face So, I would suggest that the remedy is not to take over the mulls but to find out the causes for this state of affairs. We are all very happy that our farmers have taken to progressive methods of sericultural production, they should art sufficient price for their sugar-

cames The cost of manure has gone un, the cost of cultivation has also cone high Such being the case, you must thing of reducing the excise duty If such ameliorative measures are taken, perhaps it would be possible to face competition So, I would suggest that you think of how best to reduce the cost of production so that the consumers also are not put to difficulties You think of exporting this outside this country. This is a matter which has got to be thought of very seriously and not summarily disposed of by Saying that you are taking over the mills and you are trying to clear the arrears and all that. It is a commitment which is too much for the exchequer of this country You have thought of a Bill and no doubt you want to get over this situation which the country is facing But, as I told you just now, thus is not a remedy The remedy hes elsewhere You have to find it out and it is for a body of experts to go into this queston and see how best to reduce the cost of producton and how best to decrease the cost of markitablity of sugar and also to see that we do not take over the sick mills and place ourselves in a condition much worse than the sugar millers who have been pushed to the corner on account of this serious situation So, I commend that if this Bill is passed, you would make use of it as a rod to threaten the mill owners that if they misbehave you will take over; but taking over itself is not a remedy

13 0 hrs.

So, Mr Deputy Speaker, Sir, this Bul which has been brought has not been well-conceived. It should have been thought of in a more detailed manner and proper remedies should have been thought of

धीबजम्बन तिवासे (धनीनाबाद) उपाध्यक्ष महोदव में इस विधेयक का स्वाधत करता है । एक मार्क में सरबार ने इस दिल को ला कर केन-मोमर्स कें हित में घीर जो बीनी उद्योग है उस के हित में एक महत्वाम करम उठामा है, स्पोकि, मान्यवर, प्रभी जो वर्षा बनी कि माने देश में और शास कर उत्तर प्रवेश कोर के इसाके में गन्ना दिवानों की धान वडी दमतीय स्थिति है। यभी भी 40-45 करोड़ रूपए के करीय गन्ना किसानों का बन्ने के दाम का बकावा है. जिस में 34 करोड़ रूपना कुल बकाया रह गया है धीर उस में जो केन्द्र भरकार में 20 करोड़ क्वारा राज्यों की दिया, ताकि जो को-आपरेटिव के ब्राधार पर फैबिटमां चलती है या जो फैबिटमां मरकार के कन्ते में हैं. इन की तरफ जो किसातों के गत्ने का वकाया है. उस का भगतान करायें और यह सिलसिसा बरावर चलता रहा तो किसानों के उपर दोहरों भार रही~एक तरफ तो गन्ने का जो दाम सब होता है, उस में भी अन्याय और दसरी तरफ जो दाम तय हो गया ग्रीर पन्ना किसातों ने गिलों को दिया, उस के बाद भी उस दाम का भगतान महीं हो पाया है। इस के लिए सरकार को कोई बबावदेही नहीं है-यह वहा विश्वित नियम है कि जितना कर्जा वैक दें या सरकार की तरफ जो टैक्स हो. ये मिस-माजिक सब का भगतान कर देतें हैं, ब्रपना प्राफिट निकाल लेते हैं शीर उस के बाद यदि गंजाइश होती है या इन को बन्दीनियेन्ट होता है, तब तो गर्स के दाम का किसाबों को भगतान हो जाता है, बरना वह रोफ सिया जाता है । मह स्पिति ज्यादा दिन तक कैसे चलेगी और बास सौर से जो हमारे उत्तर प्रदेश के पूर्वी इलाके और विहार के इलाफें हैं-यहां की मिलों की हालव तो और भी ज्यादा 'दमनीय है। ये मिलें 100 वर्ष से ऊवर की हैं, इन का श्रीउनशन नगातार घटता गया है, इन की मशीने बहत पुरानी हो गई है, खंजह हो गई है-इस के कई कारण हैं एक तरफ इन की प्रोडक्शन विरन्ते का कारण इन की पूरानी और पिसी हुई मशीनरी है, दूसरी तरफ जो पिछली सरकार की थीं. जनता पार्टी के बाने से पहले जो सरकार थी. वह नीति के मामले में साक नहीं थी. कई महीं से बोला करती थी। कभी कहा गया कि हम इन मिलों का राप्टीयकरण करेंगे. कमी कहा गया कि इन मिलों का समाजीकरण करेंगे, कभी मिल मालिकों से चनावों में चन्दे के रूप में रूपया लिया गया। इस तरह से इन को लट करने की पूरी छुट दे दी गयी। जब नीति में दिनिधा हो, संकल्प में दिनिधा हो तो उस का ग्रसर वहत से मिल मालिकों पर भी हमा। इस दर से मिल मालिकों ने धीर सरकार द्वारा जो तमाम प्रकार की उन्हें छट दी गयी. उस के बस पर उन्हों ने उस पैसे का इस्तेमाल बजाय मिलों के बाधनिकीकरण में करते. चन्हों ने दूसरे धंधों ग्रीर रोजगार में किया । इस तरह से चीनी मिलें बटारा होती रही। बहुत सी मिलों से थे भशीनें भी निकाल कर ले गये।

ग्रव मान्यवर, सवाल यह उठता है कि बगर यह स्थिति चलती रही तो इस का परिणाम नया होगा। इस का सब से पहले प्रसर किसानों पर पहला है। इसरा ग्रसर यह होता है कि सरकार इन को स्वयं गांडरेनाइज - करे या इन मिलों को गरने दें। धगर वे मिलें मर जाबी .हैं तो इस का ग्रसर भी बहां के किसानों पर बड़ता है. गांव की अर्थ व्यवस्था यर पड़ताहुँहै। एक यही कैंश काप है जिस के वल पर वहां का किसान ग्रपनी व्यक्ति हासत को मधार सकता है।

मान्यवर, नम्ना एक वेरिनोबल कमोडिटी है । ध्रगर समय पर नम्ने को पेरा नहीं जाता हे तो यह वर्षीय . हो जाता है। विरुत्ते साल लाखों स्पए का गरा। जेला विया गया नवोकि गन्ना निलें पेर नहीं सकी। रूपास की 3636 LS-9

तो एक जगह से इसरी जगह से जाया जा सकता है वा पहुंचाया जा सकता है मनर गक्षा एक जगह से दसरी जगह पहुंचाना कठिन होता है। मान सीजिए पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश में मिलें खरम हो जाती हैं तो वहां का गञ्जा हम दूसरी जगह नहीं पहुंचा सकते हैं। ग्रगर बहां की मिलें खत्म हो जाएं, मर आएं तो इस का ग्रसर वहां के किसानों पर पहेगा ।

भाग्यवर. 1985 में एक सेव मनर इंक्वायरी कमीशन विठाया गया था उस ने भी हमारे इसाके की मिलों के बारे में कहा है। उस ने जो कहा है वह मैं कोट करता हं---

"The Sen Sugar Enquiry Commission. 1965 has clearly said that it is a paradox that the Southern industry owes its growth and development to the favourable pricing other governmental policy and measures. The growth of the Southern industry had been at the cost of the Northern Sugar factories, It was given many advantages and the Government had held it in many ways for realisation of better sugar prices than the Northern Sugar industry.

It is true that sugar factories in North are situated very closely to each other and because of the lack of development work on cane, road, drainage and irrigation, the availability of cane to each factory could not be increased. The lower utilisalion of their capacity was the main cause for their financial assistance."

वह सारी स्थिति उस ने बतायी है । हमारे यहां बन्ने का उत्पादन वहुत ग्रन्छा होता है । मैं बाप को पाद दिसाना चाहंगा कि उत्तर प्रदेश में भेरा जिला बस्ती नम्बर एक पर है जहां कि कहे का सब से बच्छा उत्पादन होता है। विहार में हिल्लगर भी नम्बर एक पर प्राक्त हैं। बहां भी सब से भ्रेज्हा गन्ने का उत्पादन होता है। हम इतना गुन्ने पैदा कर के नवा करेंगे अवर उस की खपत के लिए, उस की पिराई के लिए, व्यवस्था नहीं होती ।

मान्यवर, बाप को जांग कर बाज्यमें होया कि बिद्यार और उत्तर प्रदेश में एक भी नभी भिन नहीं खली है। जो भी सुविधार्वे इन वर्षों में दो जानी चाहियें चौं वे नहीं दी वर्षी। इसलिए यह प्रायम्पक है कि मिलों को भारने के बजाय इसको पुनर्जीवित करने का ऊपाव खोजा जाना चाहिएँ। यहाँ आप को सार्थिक सहायता देवी चाहिये लेकिन पुराने तरीके पर नहीं । इस कमिटमेंट के साथ ग्राप सहायता वें कि मिर्चों को मोडरेनाश्व करना होगा । अगर मिल मासिक इस को करने में अक्षम होते हैं को विर्मग हो कर इव मितों के मैनेजमेंट को आग को क्रपचे कब्बे में से लेना चाहिये। एक और बात भी है।

थि बजमपण विवासी।

जिन मिलों का सरकार ने निया है या जो मिलें रिमीवर-क्रिय में हैं वे भी सरकार के ऊपर एक बोझ बन गई हैं। उत्मों ने बचा कर के धाप वो बड़ी दिया है। केंबल प्राई-बेट मिलो पर ही हिसानों ना गर्धे हा बकाया नहीं है बल्क भद्रवारी भिना मरवारी भिनों पर भी दिमानी के गढ़ी के दाम बकावा है। पार्ट सरकारी मिलें हो वा सहकारी मिलं हो या प्राइबेट मिलें हा एक नीनि प्राप को साफ बीर पर बनाजी हागी कि इन मिनो को किस तरह से माडरैनाइब हिया वा सबता है इन मिलों से रिन खरह से पूरानी भक्षीनों की बगड़ नई भधीनें लवाई जा सबती हैं और इस के बबा उपाय हा सकते हैं , यह झार को तब करना पारिये ।

रिस्वरों हा बवाल भी पैदा होता है। रिस्वरी को देश करती गन्ने के दाम भी तब कियें जाते हैं। हम सब से मन्द्रा गन्ता बोवें, यन्ते का भन्द्रा बीच बोए, भन्द्रा पानी उस को दें अच्छी छाद हैं. अच्छी दिवानी प्राटि सब ना १ठवाम करे लेकिन बनर मिलो को महोने धटिया होंगी, विश्वी हुई हाथी, दो वे उत्तवी रिकारी नहीं दे सरती हैं। प्रव इस पीज का नक्सान किसान की सहना पड़ता है। इस के लिए कौन विम्मेदार है। मपर उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार ने नाई बारड श्वम गत्रे वा दान वय किया है। इस को से कर बहुत से मिल मालिक हाई कोर्ट में पते गए और स्टे ने बाए । बाज तिसान द्वना समादित नहीं है, द्वना साधन सम्पन नहीं है, बनों इस पर भी वह मुख्यमा कर मजता या सीर कह मकता या कि उम का बसूर क्या है, उस के बसे का बगर राग है। यह जो प्रत्याय उस पर हर नरीके से भीर हर स्तर पर होता है यह बन्द होता चाहिये। सरकार को इस के बारे में कोई ठोस कदम उटाने चाहियें।

षाप ने डिकट्राल की नीति ष्रपनाई । इस नीति का एक पक्ष तो मण्टा है कि चीनी की खपत बढ़ मई है नेसे माप के माकड़ा से एना चनता है। तेनिन उंच के साय साथ इस ना बुछ धनर हमारी मिनी पर और गमा रिमान पर भी पड़ा है। प्रगर चीनी को बिस्कुल बला छाड़ दिया नाए, स्वतन्त्र छाउ दिया जाए तो उन का परिलाम होसा कि उस की की नर्ने बहुत कब हो बादेंसी। जो प्राइम बाप ने स्टीपुसेट को मी, को बीमन बाप ने निश्चित की थी 2 रपदे 75 पैसे उम से बाज की मर्ते बहुत भीचे चली गई है 2 रुखे रचात् पैसे, 45 पैसे 40 पर पोर 35 पैसे तक या गई है। 2 स्वये 75 देने में एक्षाइब दुवरी, रनदणन धादि सद टैक्न आमित में। सब विशेषान बन्त बोदे सा गए हैं इस वास्ते मिन्नों भी चित्तीय स्थिति नी विमही है । महाराष्ट्र भी मिना, दक्षिण कार अविना दर सायद इसे का उनना धतर न पडा हा लक्षिन विद्वार और उत्तर प्रदेन की मिलों पर इस का बहुत ब्यादा प्रतिकृत क्षमर पढ़ा है। पन था तात वात बात कर समते हैं। पहली बात यह है कि बार रेज्बेटिड रिलॉनिड कर छक्ते हैं। ऐसा नही होता चाहिब कि एक ही बार में पूरी मानिट को पनड कर दिया जाए। सब तक ऐसा ही हुमा है। जिस का पियाम वह हमा है कि दाम निरं पर है। इस बास्ते पार पोनी को रिपोबिट को रेमनेट करें और इन तरह वे बार रामा को बेह कर एकते हैं।

वाधिक, टाकर, टी इंटल्डीक में बाज एस्वाहब हर्ति बाहि बड़ी दौर छोटी इहाई के बाबार पर

निर्धास्ति बस्ते हैं, बढ़ी इकाई में भीर छोटी इकाई बाद एक्साइज इयुटी में फुके करते हैं। मैं चाहता ह कि उसी प्रवार से बाप को इन मिलो में भी फर्क करनी चाहिये। इसी प्रवार से और भी भाप स्विधार्ये उनको दें सेकिन सुविधाओं के साथ गर्त यह होनी शाहिये कि वे मुविधार मौत्र मस्त्री के लिए नहीं, दूसरी पीनो में खुवाने के तिए नहीं दो जाती पाहियें बेल्कि मिलो नी महीनरी को मार्डनाइज करने के लिए ही उन मुनिधामा का उपयोग हो । मिलें इतके बारे में प्रदरशैकिय दें धौर धाप भी इस की जान करते रहें कि इन सविधामी का इस्तेमाल महीनरी को मार्डनाइड करने के लिए हो रहा है या नहीं। किसान ग्रीर मिलो का जित. देश और सरकार ना हिंठ सब एक दूसरे से गये हुए हैं। इस दृष्टि से इस पर बाप को नए तरीके से. अन्तिकारी तरीकों से सोचने की पादभ्यवता है। इस का कारण यह है कि हमारे ग्राम्य जीवन का, उस की इकोनोमी का यही गुन्ना एक प्राचार है। इस उद्योग की प्राप की मरने नही देना चाहिये। इस से बाप को पुनर्जीवित करना चाहिये, इस को नई जिन्दबी प्रदान करनी चाहिये, इस को प्राधुनिक दनाने का प्रयास करना चाहिये।

(Takına Over

of Manco) Bill

इन शब्दों के साथ में इस विश्वेषक का स्वारत और समयंत करता ह ।

SURYANARAYANA SHRI ĸ (Eluru). Sir, the main object, of this Bill is to ensure that sugar mills start crushing cane without delay, so that the interests of the cane growers are protected As understand it. for the last several years, the sugar-cane growers, particularly cooperative sugar factories represented to the previous Government and this Government They have not been given due consideration. They have huge There are nearly 86 mills, including those in UP and Bihar which are leading in this regard. The reason for this position is that the sugar cane growers are not capable of paying the cane price fixed by the State Governments. The Andhra Pradesh Government has the factories to give Rs 120 irrespective of the rates fixed by Government, viz., ranging from Rs 350 When we raise it here, we are told that it is the look-out of the State Government When we raise it there, they say it is the responsibility the Central Government,

The sugar factories, particularly the cooperative sugar factories have

no voice in this country. It is industry which is simply producing and cumplying to the Government of India. In my opinion, it is only the Government of India which has been benefited. It is taking away excise duty without providing anv service to the people and to growers, or providing inputs. The cost of production in the factory has also gone up because of the recommendations of wage board etc. This is my experience. The sugar industry is at present in a bad shape. That is why the Government has come into the picture after many years. Last year, at the beginning of the cane crushing season, viz., 1st October 1977, the sugar mills were having a carry-over stock of 15.75 lakh tonnes of Sugar from the previous crop. The year 1977-78, upto 30th Sertember, produced a record erop of about 182 million tonnes of sugarcane. The production of sugar also broke all previous records and was 64.72 lakh tonnes against 48.40 lakh tonnes produced during the previous year. The releases of sugar from he sugar mills during the crop year, 1977-78 were 44.76 lakh tonnes of sugar for internal consumption and 2.53 lakh tonnes for export, or a total of 47.29 lakh tonnes, Thus, at the end of the crop year i.e. 20-9-78 the mills were left with a staggering stock of 33.18 lakh tonnes. This is an unprecedented stock of sugar with the mills, and this has created numerous problems for them. Their godowns are full to the brim and they are incurring huge interest etc. charges on the stocks held by them.

Just now, the Minister said that the open market price was Rs. 220. Taxes and excise duty come to Rs. 39 or Rs. 40. Thus it comes to one-fourth. Before we replace this Ordinance by this Act, Government should consider how to get rid of the taxes.

The open market prices of sugar fallen steeply. The new sugarcane

crop is also reported to be almost as big as that of 1977-79. The Government is rightly applying pressure to the sugar mills to start crushing of cane early, to safeguard the interests of the cane growers. The sugar mills are in a really difficult position According to my information, they have been given notice that they will be taken over if they do not start crushing by 30th November. In some areas the season has not yet started. Without noticing the variations in local conditions, they have given notice and come out with an ordinance. That is why it has come in the Press that 165 factories are to be taken Without knowing the facts. without caring for the local conditions, they pass an order. We the farmers do not hold any brief for the mills because the mills are not looking after the interest of the growers Sugar industry has come down to a halt because all these years, they were having the old, rotten, out-moded machinery in U.P. and Bihar: they are 50 or 60 years old. They cannot crush more than a very limited capacity. They have not been modernised though in the plden days they reaped heavy profits. Now they have come with this proposal. Why three years only? Why do they not natonalise them straightaway? Do they want to modernise the mills and remove the old machinery and put the old management? Do you want to spend public money for this and then give them back to them? I am prepared to ask for their nationalisation and even in 1969 the entire Congress, when the Congress was one, we passed a resolution for nationalising the sugar industry But neither the previous government nor this government had considered all those things. We have been encouraged to start cooperatives. Several times I wrote to the previous government and to this government also. They want to eliminate middlemen so that the canegrowers could get a remunerative price for their consumers could erop and

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IShn K. Mayathevaryana) reasonable spear at get prices. The farmers have now become bonded labour bonded shareholders Even though they have paid their sh a capital that has already been demicted every year they are told that they must pay Rs 5 extra for all these things Rs. 5 per fonne This is additional share capital, when the share capital has already been exceeded There is the bylaw and other things but people do not know ordinary men do not know only some people officials know the exact position. We passed that bylaw and now it has come to my neck in the society because every time they are asking In 1958-69 the number of cooperative factories were 69 and private factories were 136 together there were 205 factories in 1977 78 cooperatives are 129 and private 158, together they are 287 All the 129 factories are modernised they are running Some factories are there, local conditions vary The Government of India's policy has ruined the sugar mdustry in South India. In Anchra in 1974 when we started cooperative factories the price was 149. the entire arreed DISCE IN country All of a sudden you appoint a committee ICS Officer is anpointed he does some calculation or miscalculation On what hasis have they calculated and arrived at 117° I asked that question then. In UP and Bihar it was fixed at a particular level to satisfy some officers some people there to satisfy a Vinister in the then Cabinet. Now this Government also is doing the same thing. They can nationalise the whole thing. This is the only industry which has been organised on cooperative lines to get benefits to farmers

This industry has been ruined so far as farmers in South India are corcern ed Yesterday I raised the question of the price of wheat and the price of rce There is no differentiation between the earlier Government and this Coremment so far as agriculture is concerned. When I raised the issue four or eve years ago, they said that in UP and Bihar the per-acre yield of

of Manag) Bill sugarcane is less than in South India. Suppose I grow something for which the local climatic conditions are not suitable, suppose I grow apple and I do not get even one apple, will you gue compensation to me. In that way if you want to help the farmers in northern India please give money from the exchequer You should not help them at the cost of the farmers in South India because you have deonly recently veloped these crops Andhra has produced sugarcane as early as 1847 in the Godavari area One Mr Cotton surveyed the Godavari area and has given the figures in this book entitled "The Engineering Works of the Godavari Delta-A descriptive and instorical account" published by the Madras Government in 1896 Here Mr Cotton says 'I should not omit in this paper

(Taking Over

to mention that the prosperity of Rajahmundry has now as sound a foundation as possible in a foreign trade of the safest kind. It has now six staple articles of commerce, viz., (i) Sugar to England. (2) Rice Bourbon England and France, (3) Gram to Bourbon. (4) Tobacco various places, (5) Hemp to England and (6) Oilsceds to England France."

He has also given a statement showing the value of goods exported by sea from the District of Rajahmundry from 1843-44 to 1850-51 Articles worth lakhs of rupees have been exported every year That is the tradition of Anchra That shows how they were advanced even in those days and how they were the of irrespective sacraficing got they meome price ΩĒ industry now Andhra sugar The has been ruined One factory in Andhra - The Bhimadole Cooperative sugar factoro I which I am the Founder Chairman has no capacity to pay one instalment to the Industrial Finence Corporation, even though it has crushed came or five full seasons The Government of India and the State Government are standing surely for our loans, but they are not collecting the money from them

They want to attach only the shareholders' property. I have paid Rs. 10,000 towards share capital after borrowing from the banks and by way of interest alone I have paid Rs. 8,000 in the last six years.

Instead of appointing several commissions against politicians, I request the Government to appoint a commission against some of the sugar factories who have spent more than our factory I demand this from Barnalaii. The Finance Ministry, the Home Ministry and the Agriculture Ministry promised several times to order an enquiry but they have not acted. I want to give a list of 2 sugar factories which were commissioned in 1974-75. I have spent only Rs. 3.3 crores only on my factory, out of which Rs 1.47 crores were spent on machinery, whereas some factories have spent Rs. 4 to 6 crores out of which Rs. 2 to 3 crores were spent on machinery, I want the Government to enquire into this matter.

I have been representing many times "Please allow us free sale" and they did not agree. But now that the farmers in northern India are suffering, they have come out with the introduction of deentrol.

So. I would request Shri Barnala to enquire how they lost in 1975. Though our Co-operation Minister has also sent a team and the have examined the position, they have not given any report.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Unless he concludes, I will call the next speaker.

SHRI K. SURVANARAYANA: It hope the Government will give due consideration to all my suggestions, particularly enquire how those who have spent more have benefited and how those who have spent less have lost. This is my only request,

श्री यम्मा प्रसाद शास्ती: (रीवां): उपाध्यस महोदय, जिस विधेयक पर हम सीमा चर्ची कर रहे हैं यह एक नहीं दिखा में करम तो है लेकिन वस्तुत: यह कोई स्थाबी इलाज नहीं है 1 हमारे देश में इन चीनी मिलों ने घसीम धनराति कमायी हे और इस कमाई के जिए उन्होंने न केवल बना उत्पादकों को लटा है विक उपनोक्तायों के साथ भी चन्होंने वहते वड़ा ब्रन्थाय और शोपण फिया है। इतना हो नहीं, इस सरकार को भी उन्हों ने घोखा दिया है। हम देखते हैं कि गरी को जब कभी कोमत तय की जाती है तो कभी भी उत्पादकों के साम न्याय नहीं किया जाता , इस बात पर विचार नहीं किया जाता कि वस्तुत: उत्पादन का खर्च कितना है। गन्ना उत्पादन के लिए किसान की की भी धर्च करना पडता है कभी भी वह परी राशि तब ही नहीं की जाती है और फिर जो तब भी शोती है वह भी उने को मिखती नहीं है । ग्रभी पिछले साल हमे लोगों ने देखा कि बर्खाप राज्ये सरकारों ने बारद मात्रे बारत रुपये प्रति स्विटल गन्ने का भाव तम विद्या लेकिन जिसानों को यह जिसत मिल नहीं सकी क्योंकि उस की विवश कर दिया गया हि थे कम शाब पर ग्रपता गश्रा वैचें। पश्चिमी उत्तर प्रदेश में तो स्थित यह है कि गन्ने का ग्रह्मिकांत भाग तो खांडसररी वगैस्तके लिये वैचा जाता है जिसमें तो उन को लट होती है. परा पैसा उन को वहाँ मिलता ही नहीं ग्रीर जो गना वह चीनी मिलों को भी देते हैं उस में भी जो बहब बड़े बड़े फिसान हैं बहतो सरकार द्वारा निर्धारित की हुई कीमत पा जाते हैं लेकिन जो छोटे किसान होते हैं उन को सो मिल गेट से परिचयां मिलती नहीं हैं, उन का गन्ना वहीं बड़े किमान खरीदते हैं। वह चार खपरा, पांच रुपया भ्रौर पिछले साल तो साढ़े तीन रुपया प्रति वियटल के बाव से भी छोटे किसानों से गना खरीदा गया। इस तरह किरानों की सट हुई। किसान बरबाद हो गया। उत् की साथिक स्थिति सम्ल रूट हो गई रवी कि कितना हो उसे पर्न करना पड़ी घीर बार शप्या साई चार स्थवा प्रति विवटन उसे शोमत मिली । इसना ही नहीं,जैसा कि पूर्व पनताओं ने कहा और इस के पहले नी इस पर बहुत हो चकी है, कुछ गना तो लोगों की जला देवा पड़ा क्योंकि उनकी धारीदने वाला कोई नहीं या । विषय हो गए, लाधार हो कर उन की यह हानि उठाभी पड़ी। यही नहीं, जो कुछ नी यह छोटी मोटी एकम है, एक तो इतनी कम यह एकम होती है, वह भी समय पर उन को मिलती नहीं है। ये भीनी निस मालिक गन्ना खरीद तेते हैं, सैकिन उन को पैसा देते नहीं हैं। बाभी माननीय मेंबी जी ने कता कि पिछले साले की 53 करोड़ रूपया यकाया है भीर सन 52 से देखें तो सी करोड रुपये से भी ज्यादा रुप्या मिल मालिकों के द्वपर बकाया है। गन्ना उत्पादकों को बह नहीं मिल ।।

िकवान किन करहे से गरी का उत्पादन करता हैं कर में तेवा है, किन तर है व्याद देता है, किन तरह के में अंदिनकाल प्रताद देता है, पति नंती है, किनती की उस की मिनती है, जीवन किन तरह में सी पति है, किनती अंदिन पार्थ है मिनत तरह में कह पति हो, हैन कर बातों पर विधार कर हो। बाता हो। हैन कर बातों पर विधार कर हो। बाता है। हैन कर बातों पर विधार कर हो। बाता है। किन कर की बाता है। है हर तरह में कर की मार है। एक वरक करो किनता है! हर तरह में कर की मार है। एक वरक हो। बोर, विशार हो की वर्ष में में प्रताद की है। में में हों कि हर की की मार बी में पह ही मह जम की

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[श्री यमना प्रसाद सास्त्री]

उस को भी प्रधिक कीमत पर खरीदना पड़े, हर वस्ह स उस को घाटा ही घाटा उठाना पड़े. हर तरह से उस को गार ही गार पढ़े यह सो बटी बात हो गई कि-

ग्रह गरीत पनि बात वज्ञ ता पर बीधी मार।

ताहि पिद्राक्ष्ये बारुणी बहह काह उपचार ॥

हर करह से उस की प्रार्थिक स्थिति को नध्ट करने ना यह नाम चला हुवा है। यह सरकार उन्हें धरछान नहीं दें पाती है भीर यह सरकर मिल मालिक को खैर. उन को लुटने पर तुले हुए ही हैं और इन का मनाष्ट्र देखिये को बहुत सीधी सी बात है, दस प्रतिवृत से कम वो स्मिन्सी सायद ही कही होती हो, यह एवरेज है । वही ज्यादा है वहाँ क्रुछ कम हो सकता है धीर साढे बार्ट्स रूपमा प्रति विवटल देखें तो १ रूपमा १६ धैमे होना है, उस पर रग मसाला मजदरी वर्गरह लगा वीजिए तो 1 स्पना 60 पैसे किलों से प्रधिक कीमत होनी ही नहीं चाहिये । सेविन पिछले दिनहे जब दोहरी मूल्य प्रणाली चल रही थी तद वे चार ६पये किसी भीर माई बार रुपये दिलो चीनी बेबते रहे जिस पर नोई रोक नहीं थी। वो बेवी की बीती उन से ली दाती थी उस का 2रपंचे 35पैसे या उस से कुछ कम का मान दिया जाताया ग्रीर नहां यया कि वें पाटा सह रहे हैं। उन्हाने घाटा कभी नहीं महा है। पिछले साल प्रस्माहक में भी काफी राहत दी गई जिन के कारण उन को प्ररही स्पर्कान नाका हुया। एक तरफ एक्साइज में भी राहत मौर उधर नोमत भी ज्यादा, इम तरह से खुले बाजार में वेचने पर उन्हों ने घोर भी ज्यादा मुनाना कमाया 1 इब प्रसार से किसाना को सुटा गर्यो । इस के बाद भी स्विति यह होती है कि वे किसानों का गन्ना ममय पर पेरेंगे नहीं ताकि लोपार हो कर किसानों को अधिक नुकसान वटाना पड़े । अगर किमान का गता जल्दी परीद लिया जाये तो वह उस भूमि में स्वी की कोई दूसरी पसन को ले। इस प्रकार से उन मूमि ना एक दूसरी फनत के लिए भी उपयोग हो बाये । सेकिन जान बूस कर किमान को विक्शा किया जाता है ताकि वह उँस में दूसरी फनल न दो सके।

हमारी नरहार ने एक भाहिनेंस निहाला है कि बगर जीनी मिलें मध्य पर वेराई मुझ न करें तो भरेनार उन को दीव साम के लिए भपने हाय में ले नेवी भाग ने यह ठीक किया कि सरनार मिला को भपने हाय में ले लेगी ताकि किनान ममय पर अपना बधा बेच सकें मोर निर्धारित पाव उन को मिल सके -इतनी बाद तो टीक है। सेनिन तीन वर्ष के निए ही नवों ? उस के बाद पर प्राप मिल नौटा देंने । इतनी बढी हपा स्पो ? फिर एक मने भी बान यह है कि उन की बाए मुखाबना भी देवे और शांव वर्ष के बाद मिल भी लौटा देंगे। इन विशेषक के मनुपार भाष ठीन वर्ष से महिक मिल धनने पाल शेक नहीं तहेंगे । मगर पान सी टन में कम वैगई की धनता होगी ता पांच भी क्यार और अगर इस में प्रविक की राजना होगी को नाड़े 12 सी इसए वह का मुपाबका दिया बाबेगा । उन को गणीन भी नई रा नाय, ति का मुद्धारमा भी मिलता रहे और कीन कर दे बार किर अपनी जित पा जाव-यह में समस्ता

ह बहत ही सपर्याप्त कदम है। यह कोई मही कदम नहीं है। यह हो। उन के फायदे के लिए है। राष्ट्रीय माधिक नीति के धनुक्त भी यह कदम नहीं है।

बदि बाप विकानों का पायदा देना चाउते हैं वी उस का एक ही वरीका है। प्राप गेह धीर बावे र के लिए समर्पन नत्य तय करते हैं। पिछले सास गेह के सिये 112 50 ६0 का भाव या। यदि कि सार्व का इस से कम दाम मिलें तो शरकार उस को खरीद लेती है वेकिन नम्ने के लिए क्या है ? गम्ने का भाव भाष ने 10 क्षमा निवटन तम किया है। मगर इस से कम मन्य पर गम्रा दिनता है तो उम के लिए माप के पास क्या उपाय है। जिस से किसान को यस स्पर्ना भाव मिल बाब है ऐसी कोई ब्यदस्या नहीं है कि उस गये को माप सरीद र्वेषे क्यांकि प्राप उने को धरीद कर करेंगें क्या ? प्राप के पास कोई मिल नहीं है ! इसलिए इस का एक ही सनामान है कि चीनी मिसी का राष्ट्रीयकरण किया बार । बढ़ा पर सहकारिता के माधार पर बीनी रिसे चनाई जा रही है वहा पर किसानों के दिवों का सरक्षण होता है तथा मजदूरों के हिलों का भी सरेशण होता है। बिहार सरकार ने चीनी मिलों को भूपने हाथ में सने का भच्छा निर्णय किया है। प्रधान मली जी ने भी श्य की पोषणा की थी लेकिन दूसरे प्रदेशों ने जहां पर सरकार ने मिलों को प्रथने हाय में नहीं लिया है, जहां पर मिलों का समाजीकरण नहीं किया गया है वहां पर इस विधेयक के हारा आप किसानों के हितों का सरकाण नहीं कर सक्ये । इम ना एक ही उपाय है कि माप गन्ना उत्पादको, निको में काम करने वार्वे मजदूरी तथा उपभोगतायों का एक सगठन बनायें, सहवारी समितियों ना निर्माण करें घोर उन मिलो का प्रबन्ध हमेशा हमेखा के लिए उन के हाथ में देदें। इम के प्रतिरिक्त कोई इसरा चारा नहीं है। प्रत्यथा किसानों के हितो का सरक्षण दिसी तरह से भी भाप नहीं कर सकेंगे।

इन सच्दो के नाय में इस विधेयक का समर्थन हो बरता हू लेकिन साथ साथ मानवीय मन्नी जी से निवेदन करता है कि हमारे बरनाला जी भीर भानु प्रताप सिंह जी भी दोनो ही किसान है किसानो के हिवों के प्रति जागरूक प्टें, हमारी सरकार भी मपने को प्रामीण हिता तथा बामीय विकास के प्रति कृतस्वरूप मानती है जिसके लिए हम ने वचन भी दिवा है ऐसी स्थिति में इस प्रकार का माधे मन से किया गया उपाय न तो विसानों की विनेष लाभ दे सकेंगा और न ही चीनी उद्योग को कोई नाभ पटुचा सकेगा । हम व्यवस्थित देग से चीनी उदांग का विकास भी नहीं कर सकेंगे । भाज हमारे नास 65 नाख टन चीनी है, हम उस की विदेशों में भी नहीं भेज सकते हैं क्योंकि वहां पर कीमत कम है। केवल साड़े 6 लाख टन चोनी का सौदा हो पाना है फिर बाकी चीनी का क्या होता ? साई 44 लाख टन चीनी की खपत हमारे देश में होगी लेकिन बाकी भीनी ना स्था होगा ? पिछते साल का बीनी का मध्दार मलग हैं तो एक भव्यवस्थित देश में हमारे देश में यह काम चला हुआ है। इचको व्यवस्थित दय से करता है तो इमका एक ही उपाय है कि इस पर समाज का पूर्ण नियन्त्रण सा राष्ट्रीयकरण हो, तभी हम भवने उद्देश्य की, जो इनमें थोषित किए गये है, पूर्ति कर सक्तें।

इन बब्दों के साथ में इस विधेयक का समर्थन करता हू।

SHRI K. MAYATHEVAR (Dingigul): Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir. I welcome this Bill subject to the condition that it is brought with bona fide intention and with the object of safeguarding the interest of the farmers who are undergoing unfold hardships and difficulties in South, especially in Tamil Nadu this year.

I need not mention repeatedly that this Government is discriminating in the fixation of price for paddy grown in the South compared that fixed for wheat, which is nearly three or four times the price fixed for rice. It is done with the object of supporting wheat and not to support rice grown in the South. Even in the language issue. you are discriminating. Therefore, I request that the Government should not discriminate in the price fixation. I would request the Government to consider very sympathetically the payment of a higher price to the farmers in Tamil Nada

Specifically speaking, this year, the price has fallen in Tamil Nadu due to various reasons which are well known to the hon. Minister of State in the Ministry of Agriculture, Mr. Barnata and the hon. Prime Minister.

A few weeks back, Mr. Kolanthaivelu, the hon. Minister of Agriculture in Tamil Nadu, and Mr. Ponnaiae, the hon. Minister of Transport, called on the Prime Minister and the Mudster of Agriculture. I come to understand that they pleaded with them for enhancing the price fixed for cane and also for subsidy. I am told by them specifically that neither the Prime Minister nor the Agriculture Minister were sympathetically considering their request. This is a very peculiar situation. I am told that the Prime Minister was not even hearing the bardships and the difficulties of the farmers in Tamil Nadu. I strongly condemn such an attitude of the Prime Minister and the hop, Minister of Agriculture.

I request the Government to pay bonus to the employees of the various

mills in sugar industry. Speaking from my personal experience, though I am not an employee of any sugar mill, I have got some practical experience which I had from my constituency, from Tamil Nadu and from various States in the South, 1 would say that the employees working in mills in the sugar industry are not being protected as compared to those in mills in other industries

Regarding the payment of bonus, Tamil Nadu Government could pay a certain amount this year. The State Government could pay fifty per cent of bonus for Deepavali and fifty per cent for Pongal. For that also the State Government represented and pleaded strongly for Central assistance so that they could pay the full amount for Deepavali. But this also seems to have been denied by the Central Government. If you are going to deny all the requests and all reasonable bona fide recommendations of the Tamil Nadu Government I do not think that you are having any interest in safeguarding the interest of the farmers of Tamil Nadu, much less of the South. I want to emphasise this point repeatedly. I may not be wrong and failing in my duty by saying so.

In every mill, as we all know, the farmers are contributing a certain amount to the mills as their deposits. The mills are taking Rs. 5 or Rs. 10 for every supply of cane in course of their supplies to the mills for crushing. There is, therefore, a lot of money accumulated with the various mills in every farmer's name. I am told by the farmers that even the interest accrued in favour of their contributions is not being paid to them. In Tamil Nadu, the State Government was paying the interest accrued in favour of the contributions made by the farmers by way of bonus to the farmers who were members of those mills by supplying cane grown by them to those mills. I request the Central Government to consider this point favourably and give a considerable aid and finan-

(Shra Buos Mondal)

been made that tupee one per torre he given to the mill owner. But where there is lass why should Covernment pay to the mill-owners this amount? I do not know why the Government has taken this sien to nay them. So in this context I suggest that a national sugar podey should be declared by the Government and it required sugar in dustry should be nationalized so that

1101 hrs

IMR. SPEARER on the Chartle

MR SPEAKER You will continue later after the provilege matter is over

14 02 hrs

MOTION RE THIRD REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF PRIVILEGES -Contd

MR SPEAKER Now we take un further consideration of the pro lege matter

SHRI JYOT'? OY BOSU (Dia mond Harbour) I gave notice of a privilege motion against Mr Stephen. You were not in the Chair

MR. SPEAKER I have called for his comments Mr Govindan Nair

SHRI SHYAMVANDAN VISHRA (Begusaras) I am on a point of on er That is with regard to this motion

I think we are departing from the practice that has been in togue in the House of Commons and even in this liouse to a certain extent. Therefore I am drawing your kind attention to it. After the consideration mot on is adopted the first thing or the House to do is to hear the alleged offender or contemper and then alone the House can to hato the substance of the musiler That is not being done. The Chair's duty is to c. I upon the alitard con temper or the offender to first make the submission and in the light of the submission the House can go into a meaningful discussion of the substance of the matter

Then again Mr Speaker. practice that is in vogue in the House of Commons and which has been followed in this House in the case of Mr Mudgal is that after the motion was made and the adened offender had made the submission. the alleged offender was asked to withdraw from the House so that in the absence of the person affected a proper discussion could take place Therefore it would be my submission to you that you should call upon Mrs Gandhi to make her submission in this regard

AN HON MEMBER Why not the other two?

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA Yes, and the other two also. Now she happens to be in the House. I came to learn that she would be making her submission at 3 O clock and therefore, I wanted to draw attention to the practice in this regard. So you should tail upon her to make the submiss ou and also the others I think their attendance should also be ordered. Then the affected persons should be asked to withdraw from the House when the House goes into a full consideration of this Then in the light of those submustions the House can proceed to discus; the matter That is my submission. You should follow the practice. If you want I can refer to the procedure in the Lok Sabha in 1951 as it was tollowed then in the Mudgal's case. The same practice should be adopted

MR. SPEAKER: We have followed a particular procedure uptill now. We have heard many members. Therefore, I propose to hear some of the leaders of the Parties...

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SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: But this is the practice followed. MR. SPEAKER: Quite right, But

we have followed another procedure till now.

SHRI SHYAMANANDAN MISHRA

When?

MR. SPEAKER: The whole of ves-

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Why cannot you call them even at this stage?

terday we had.

MR. SPEAKER: I do not propose to do it.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: This I am not able to understand why the Chair should make a departure. May I submit that the departure can only be to this extent that in this House there are a number of motions

In the House of Commons, there is only one motion; there are no other motions, so, the Chair has a duty to call upon the hon. Members to move their motions. That of course can be done. But, after the motions are made then the first duty of the Chair is to call upon the alleged contemper to make the submission. What you did yesterday was only to this extent that you made a departure, that you called upon the hon. Members who had given notice of their motions. That has been done. But, before we go into them, you should call upon the persons concerned....

MR. SPEAKER: We have adopted the procedure yesterday.

चीवरी पतवीर मिह् (होणिनान्पुर) : बब्बस सहोदय, मेरर पार्टर आफ वार्टर हैं । MR. SPEAKER: I am answering one point of order. What is the point of order that you are raising? First of all I am dealing with this point of order.

चींधरी बसबीर तिहु: भेरा पायंट आरू झाईर यह है कि सगर धापने शोसीजर ते कोई डिगार्चर किया है, और सबर वह सामको पायंट साइट कर दिया जाये. तो और उसको एमंड कर सकते हैं।

MR. SPEAKER: I am not amending the procedure. I have already adopted the procedure yesterday.

So far as Mudgal's cass is converned, it is not a case of privilege at all. It was not under the privilege provisions at all. (Interruptions). Why don't you hear me with patence? Ultimately, the House is the master of its procedure. If you had raised this objection yesterday before we started it, I could have considered it. Now we have started. It is not proper for me to shut out only some of them, having allowed others. Mr. Govindan Nair.

SHRI M. N. GOVINDAN NAIR (Trivandrum): Mr. Speaker, Sin.....

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA:
In Mudgal's case the procedure was
this. In that case, the procedure to
deal with a breach of privilege was
adopted It is not that Mr. Mudgal's
case happenes to be on all-fours a
case of breach of privilege. In that
case, the procedure for breach of
privilege was adopted. So it becomes
a different thing altogether. You are
trying to interpret it to the disadvantage of the House.

Mr. Speaker, the House would not be in a position to consider the matter in the presence of the person who has been affected.

MR. SPEAKER: That is a different matter.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: How do you propose to look into this

Motion re (Shri Shyanmandan Mishra)

The House is entitled to know about this Otherwise the ciscussion is prejudiced.

M SPRANER Yesterday we have already started

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA We have made the motions Is it not the duty of the Chair to be fully con versant with the position in this matter? If the Chair is ignorant of the rules, nobody can help

SHRI SURATH BAHADUR SHAH (Khen) Sir I may be permitted

MR SPEAKER I have called Mr \air

SHRI M W GOVINDAN NATE (Travandrum) Vir Speaker Sir I am formally moving my substitute mot on as follows --

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely -

Having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on November 21 1978 wheren the former Prime Minister Shri mati Indira Gandhi Shri R K Dhan an former Additional Private Secretary to the then Prime M nister and Shre D Sen former Director of the Central Bureau of Investigat on are found guilty of the breach of privilege and contempt of the Ho ise

This House do express its grave concern and its abhorrence that Shrimati Indira Gandhi oc pyring the high office of the Prime Minister should have musused her authority and power for causing obstruction inlimidation, harassment and even institution of talse cates against some officials who were collecting information for preparing an abuser together with a Note for Supple mentanes to a Statred Question in the Fish Lok Sabba which amount ed to a subversive interference under the normal functioning of the House and indeed of our Parliamentary

democratic system specially of the accountability of the Executive to the legislature constituting thereny a clear and serious breach of the privilege and contempt of the House the least expected of a person who happened not only to be the head of the Government but also the Leader of the House

"This House deems it necessary to amphasise that the methods and practices resorted to by the former Prime Minister Shrimati Gandhi which are a shame on our administration and required to be assessed and dealt with a view to purging the administration of such elements

The House takes note of the fird ings of the Committee not only with a view to bringing the past offences to book but more importantly to prevent their recurrence through all necessary and effective measures authoritarianism against in any form or from any quarter as well as against nepotiem corruption and personal aggrandisement in high places

Attaching the greatest importance to the struggle both in Porlia ment and outside against all author. tarian ant democratic trends and practices that tend to anhvert Parliamentary democracy and deni grate and debase its institutions, this flouse is of the opinion that the democratic standards and the digui ty of this House would be best served by admonishing Shimeti Indira Gandhi and accordingly the House do admonish her for her misdemeaneurs and impermissible con duct compounded by certain personal interests which this House strongly condemns

Sir we are discussing a very serious question of a judicial nature. I believe that the judge in you will asser and see that you don't ring the bell

Now we have set at rest the con troversy whether this House has a I heard the Leeder of the Opposition yesterday. It is unfortunate hat be could not courine anybody. On the question that a number of officers were harassed, I don't think, that even the Leader of the Opposition will object. It is an accepted tact Secondly, these officers were trying to gather information about Maruti Ltd. to answer a question raised in Partiament. That also cannot be disputed. If you go into the evidence that has been presented before the Privileges Committee. ... (Interruptions)

So, this interruption should not be counted in my time because I do not want to repeat all that has been already said. For example, take the evidence of Krishnaswamy. He says that he was bound to enquire into these matters of Maruti to supply the answer to the Ministry. That is all said. So, I do not want to go ... ata all those defails. You may dis-believe the evidence of Mr. Pai but how can you disbelieve the evidence of Mr. Chattopadhya. He is even now a follower of Shrimati Indira Gandhi. He says that he has never seen her so angry, so pret and so furious. We also know the connection between Maruti and Shrimati Indira Gandhi.

Now, suppose, Sir. you want to start some enterprise. (Interruptions) 'I am quoting only as an example. I do not know whether he has a sor. or not.

MR. SPEAKER: You are not making any mistake in doing that.

SHRI M. N. GOVINDAN NAIR: And supposing on the basis of some question asked in Parliament the officers are regularly going and harassing will you not feel irritated over it. Will you not sometimes get augry over it! That is exactly what has happened in this case.

AN HON. MEMBER: What about the present Prime Minister!

SHI M. M. GOVINDAN NAIR:
It may be the present Prime Minister
or Jyotirmoy Bost. Whoseever he
may be as a human heing, as a mother,
when he or she felt that his son was
harassed naturally one will get angry,
furious and upset. What is wrong
with it?

But unfortunately, Sir, she happened to be not only the Prime Minister but also the Leader of the House. I tink the words Leader of the House have deeper and wider meaning than being the Chief of the Executive. It was her responsibility at that time to protect the interests and rights of this flower and get any information we needed. And there, unfortunately, of the moment of time she forgot to protect the rights of this House. That is a very serious mittake that she committed. She surrendered the rights of this House to the feeling for her son.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYA (Serampore): Motherly feelings.

SHRI M. N. GOVINDAN NAIR: These feelings dominated over her position as Leader of the House. That is what has happened. It will go down in the history that a person who by her own right rose to the highest rung of power in this country surrendered everything to the material and political ambitions of her son. I have no shadow of doubt in my mind that she committed breach of privilege and contempt of the House, I do not want to go into the atmosphere at that time; all that is well known. It should have been better for her to cooperate with the Privileges Committee, but unfortunately that also she did not do. Therefore, she was not fair to the Privileges Committee also. iShri M. N. Govindan Nair)

Now, we have to come to the olner point that if she has committed breach of privilege, it is up to this House to punish her for that There is no power in this country to question the decision we take and that is exactly the reason why we should be very magnammous in our decision She was the Prime Minister and had a brutal majority at that time you not going to learn from this? This is the question that I want to ask the Prime Minister

DR SUBRAMANIAM SWAMY (Bombay North East) We want to teach, not learn

SHI M N GOVINDAN NAIR That future will show

Therefore, when it comes to fise question of numshment, because there is nobody else to question us to our decision, we should be very magnamimous, very sobre and very generous. There should be no ques tion of vendatta. Many of you suffered under her hands. Here is Dr Suoramaniam Swamy, he is yiolept with anger and be is feeling that have is an opportunity, that should not be sour end So also, I would say, to our hon Prime Minister Bolis of them may claim to be Gandhians

SHRI SHYAMMANDAN MISHRA But your Party has supported the terminatio: . .

SHI M N GOVINDAN NAIR All right we have done that

SHRI SHYAZINANDAN MISHRA

What

SHRI 'L N GOVINDAN is that the question for discussion? NAIR

Let the "peaker arrange some time and we can discuss it. We are now discussing the motion moved by the from Minister, and I am speaking on my rection. Moreover, since there is

an authority to question our decision. we should be very sober and magnanimous. This is my first point. The second point is that we have hauled her up here on the question of mivilege On the same question, on the cruminality of the whole case, there is another case which has to come before a court, and the Supreme Court has nermitted the formation of a special court to try her This will also come before that court.

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SOME HON MEMBERS, No.

SHRI M. N GOVINDAN NAIR: Even in my earlier speech, I demarcated the question of privilege. We are discussing the question of privilege Before the court will come another case about the criminality of the whole affair Is she to be punished on the same facts? We have to take note of that factor also, and see that our punishment is the minimum

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: The opinion of the Supreme Court is not hinding on the House

SHI M N GOVINDAN It is the lawyers who create all the problems, (Interruption) There is the third ad most important point which I want to impress on you on a question of privilege, whether it is the Privileges Committee that has to make the decision, or it is this House which has to decide finally on the punishment, we should try as far as possible io arrive at an unanimous decision If that is not possible-I know that is not possible-we should try at nearunanimity

AN HON MEMBER, Were all this fried in Dr Swami's case?

SHI M N GOVINDAN This is your mentality. This is what exactly I do not want On a question of privilege, when we consider the punishment, just as in the Privileges Committee they tried to arrive at near-unanimity or maximum support. 285

here also we should try to have it. So many motions have been moved. Some people want to expel her, some people want her to be sent to prison. (Interruptions). It is my right, Otherwise I will move a motion of privilege. It is my right to argue my point, Many motions have come. Some people wanted to expel some people wanted to imprison her. and some others wanted both to imprison and expel her. As far as I am concerned, and our party is concerned. I think reason will dawn finally on all of you and you will accept the suggestion that I am going to make, viz. that we should nunish her by reprimanding her. To-day you will not realize it. But you can take my words for it. Tomorrow you will realise it because you are creating a clear precedent of taking of the privilege of the previous House by this House, Your Prime Minister can be the next person to he brought before the House, So, you remember all these things. Then what will happen in the public? Therefore. I want you to calmly and cooly think over this and come to a decision which will be acceptable to all.

श्री नाथ सिंह (दौसा) : ग्रध्यक्ष महोदय, मेरा प्लाएंट बाफ बाइंट हैं। मैने सब से पहले श्रपना बाम दिया या इस मोकन पर बोलने के लिए. लेकिन प्राप ने मुझे नही बुलावा।

MR. SPEAKER: That is not a point of order.

की बाध मिंद्र : ग्रापको मन्ने वोलने का मौका देना पेहेगा जब मैंने सपना नाम दिया हे 1

CHAUDHURI SHRI TRIDIE (Berhampore); We all know that we are in the midst of taking an historical decision. What we decide today will go a long way to set the course polities in this country. I would like every one of you to ponder over the consequences of the decision that we are going to take. In order to avoid all causes of misunderstanding I want to make it clear at the very outset that I am in full agreement with the findings of the Committee of Privileges and its recommendations, And I have no manner of doubt in my mind that Shrimati Indira Gandhi, the former Prime Minister, had committed a serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House as well. And while considering this aspect, we have also to take into account the fact that the Committee of Privileges, in their wisdom could not make any recommendation as to the nunishment that has to be meted out to her. Here we have to think seriously what we are going

I would only like the House to consider that, while sitting as a high court of the Parliament over the privilege issue, we are not deciding the criminality of the things that were done at the time of emergency in the name of emergency. Thre is no manner of doubt in my mind and in the minds of our people that enormous crimes were committed at the time of emergency and thousands and thousands of people had suffered.

I feel that this Government did take a wise decision on that score at the very outset when they came to power. They declared: Yes, we want to proceed against criminal things that were done during the emergency but we shall proceed according to law and the legal processes were set in motion, A commission to investigate into the excesses of emergency was constituted and that has given its report and on the basis of that the government has already taken a decision to institute eases and we also know that the Supreme Court has also cleared the way to constitute special courts so that the legal processes may not be held up in undue delay. That is why I say that we should only consider the privilege and contempt aspect of the matter and leave to the course of law, to the processes of law to consider and decide on what other enormous crimes were committed and to give their judgment on that. The law shall take its own course. That was, I undersland, the decision of the government and the Janata Party initially,

[Shr: Tribid Chaudhuri]

In that background I would like all hon Members here to consider whe ther we should our elves try to take the law into our hands-Law means the law of triminality considering the criminality of things that were committed-whether we should seek vengence Then people will misunderstand the decision of Parliament 1 do not want to prolong my speech would end by supporting the motion that was made the proposal that was made by my hon friend Shri Samar Mukherjee that Mrs. Gandhi and the two other contemnors should be asked to tender an apology unconditionally If they refuse then the membership of Mrs Indira Gandhi should be sus pended for the duration of this session If that is done the majesty of Parlia ment would be upheld and at the some time it will be a sober and just decision. Then there were other evil things that were committed sufferings that were inflicted on minocent people during the Emergency there s no doubt about that and T have no manner of language to condemn them I have no strong enough language to condemn the things that were done at that time even on the floor of this House I condemned those things I again condemn those things Let those things be decided as the Prime Minister declared as the former Horre Minister declared here by the processes of law and not by this House. Let this House consider only the privilege aspect. The ends of justice would be satisfied if an un conditional apology is demanded from her and in case of refusal her mem bership should be suspended for the duration of the section

> THRI & WAYATHEVAR (Dunck rul) I thank the hon Speaker for celling my name

Thurd Report of Committee of Privileges

Regarding the recommendation of the Privileges Committee it was told by some hon members the other day that my party was indulgent and sunportung the recommendation made by nine members who are representing I disagree only the Janata Party with that kind of comment which is contrary to the truth and real ments of the recommendation My party was represented by Shri Ragavalu Mohanarangam He was a Member of the Privileges Committee In Pages 168 to 189-note submitted in printed book by the Committee reveals and indicates elearly and unambiguously that my party is not at all a party to this recommendation by the Privi leges Committee. We have given a dissenting note.

(Interruptions)

MR, SPEAKER Please allow

SHRI K MAYATHEVAR There fore nobody could say that the recommendation is unanious. The recommendation is not at all unanimous We differ from the recommendation, Some of the hon members

(Interruptions)

SHRI OM PRAKASH TYAGI (Babraich) I have a point of order

MR SPEAKER What is the Point of order ? He said that his party did not agree

SHRI OM PRAKASH TYAGI Said so called Privileges Committee

धो हुस्य घर कछनाम इसनो रहाड से निकास अस्ति ।

MR SPEAKER Please allow hum to make hie submission.

P G MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar) I am on a point of

^{**}Expansed as ordered by the Chair,

MR. SPEAKER: What is the point of order?

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR. My point of order is very simple. My friênd just now while criticisms the report said 'the so called Privileges Committee'. I do not think that is right.

(Interruptions) .

SHRI K. MAYATHEVAR: I know the English language. I have worked in Madras High Court, Nobody can teach me.

(Interruptions)

SHRI K. MAYATHEVAR: It is an hon, Committee? It is only called the Privileges Committee.

(Interruptions)

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR A (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA); Can a Committee of this House be called a so called Privileges Committee?

MR. SPEAKER: No. no. It is impossible.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: Then

it should be expunged.

MR. SPEAKER: Yes.

Remove the word 'so called'.

(Interruptions)

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER: No, ng. Mr. Mayathevar, that is not proper. The Pravileges Committee is constituted by the Speaker. You address yourself to

the fact. Why are you going.....
(Interruptions)

SHRI K, MAYATHEVAR: It is pointed out that the former Prime Minister, Shrimati Indira Gandhi, did not appear before the Committee, did not defend herself, although a reasonable opportunity was provided to her to plead her case before the Priyileges Committee.

I know a little bit of law as a lawver. (Interruptions)

You do not know law. That is why you are crying like that. Sir. please teach them law. (Interruptions). Under section 342(2) of the Cr. P. C. nobody can force anybody to give evidence against oneself. It is a right enshrined by section 342(2) of the Cr. P. C. in favour of the accused. Sir, you know this better than anybody else because you have been a Judge of the Supreme Court. It is left to the discretion of the delinquent party to move a petition before the court or committee to be examined as a witness. So, it is left open to her. If she did not exercise that discretion, that is not an offence at all under the Cr. P. C. section 342(2),

Moreover, under article 20(3) of Chapler III of the Indian Constitution, nobody can compet her to gave incriminating evidence against hereit. According to you, she is supposed to be a delinquent or accused. Therefore, under article 20(3) nobody can compet any person to give evidence against himself or hereal. Therefore, the decision of the Committee is to-turbly unconstitutional and against the fundamental right guaranteed under raticle 20(3) of the Constitution.

We have got great respect for the han Prime Minister of India, He is one of the senior-most leaders in the

fShri K. Mayathevarl

country With great respect, I submit that yesterday the hon. Prime Minister made a very short speech In that speech he told the House that this House is the supreme body and nobody can question it. This House is democra tically speaking a sovereign body No body is disputing it Neither the Supreme Court nor the High Court nor any other court nor you nor I is denying it. But the supreme sovereign ty hea rests with the people of India and not with this House it rests with the people of India outside this House not here Sovereignty is in the hands of the people Therefore, I request the Government to consider the feeling and reaction of the people outside the House and not do something because you are having a brutal majority at present It is purely temporary Therefore, don't have total faith in your temporary majority Don't proceed further with the charges and nunish the former Prime Minister The 65 crores of the people of Irdia think now there is a fight between the present Prime Minister and the former Prime Minister They think it is a politically molivated fight bet ween the two which would not be welcomed by the people of India outside the House. Therefore in your interest in the interest of the Jana's Government in the interest of the Janata Party and in the interest of the people of India I request the Govern ment to withdraw it and drop line further proceedings against the former Prime Minister

> SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI (Chikmagulur) Mr Spea ker Sir and hon. Members, I am grateful for this opportunity of par i cipating in the debate

The Committee of Privileges et bmitted their report to the House on Nevember 21 1978 The report was taken up for consideration on December 7 1978. I had thought that the ulti-

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of Committee of Privileges mate decision about the correctness of the findings of the Privileges Committee rested with this hon House and that until this hon House had fully considered the report dispassionately-each member giving his opm on in the context of the views expressed by fellow members-no mem ber with a sense of fair play and justice would finally conclude that I was guilty

Third Report

My hopes were belied when I read the report in the newspapers of the proceedings of the Janata Parliamentary Party's meeting where the only point of debate was reported to be U a quantum of punishment which should be inflicted upon me

The Janata Party with its absolute majority, had adjudged me guilty even before the House commenced its debate on the report Would it be unfair to conclude that the Party in power is trying to convert this House into a medieval Star Chamber question raising (Interruptions) the of Privilege in what is essentially a question of Party politics? This hardly conductive to a calm judicial and impartial consideration of the ments of the case

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Order order I beg of the hon Members to patiently hear the Member After all she is in the position of an accused. She is making a statement. Please hear her patiently

(Interruptions)

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI (Bombay North West) Is she making a statement in the position of an acmised?

SHRI VASANT SATHE They are confirming the statement about Star Chamber

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU. is reading the statement. Only Ministers can read written statements.

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MR, SPEAKER: There is no such rule that only Ministers can read. Ministers can read a policy statement and not others. This is an important debate. The Prime Minister has also read his speech. Kindly hear her nationally. (Interruptions)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Sir, I rise on a point of order. is casting reflections on the proceedings of the House in the sense that she says that the majority that we command is trying to convert House into a Star Chamber, That is a serious reflection on the proceedings of the House. (Interruptions). Speaker, it should be the cern of the Chair to take objection to the House being characterised as a Star Chamber. Therefore, it falls upon us to do so, if the Chair does not protect the dignity and majesty of the House. The Member also has to perform his own duties. Sir. she can say, anything about the majority, but she cannot say that the majori'7 is trying to convert the House in a Star Chamber. In fact, Mr. Speaker (Interruptions) it was Mrs. Gandhi's Party, which converted it into a Star Chamber during course of the Emergency.... (Interruptions) by imposing the Emergency to run the country . . . (Interruptions). Would you persuade vourself to accept such a characterization of the House?

MR. SPEAKER: I have not seen anything out of order.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : How do you say it is not out of order? Would you say that the House is a Star Chamber?

MR. SPEAKER: No, she did not say that.

of Committee of Prinileges SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA :

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What did she say?

MR. SPEAKER: She said the Janata Party is trying to convert the House into (Interruptions)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA . Is it a court of the Janata Party? . . . (Interruptions). It is enough that the Privileges Committee did not take note of it when Mrs. Gandhi went to the Privileges Committee and stated there that the Janata Party was trying to bring in all kinds of considerations. At that time, the Privileges Committee should have taken objection to that kind of remarks against the Janata Party. And you also did not direct the Privileges Committee.

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA : What have you heard? It is a lapse on the part of the Chair.

MR. SPEAKER. That cannot he helped. You cannot help it. You cannot give me intelligence.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA . She had been casting aspersions and reflections on the Janata Party the forum of the Privileges Committee and to cast asperations ... (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: No, no. Please go on.

SHRI M. SATYANARAYANA RAO (Karemnagar): Sir. I rise on a point of order ... (Interruptions), The Member spoke without your permission. Whatever he spoke should not form part of the proceedings.

MR. SPEAKER: Please go on.

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI. If the ensuing deliberations by the entire House were considered by the Janata Parliamentary Party as an empty formality, my plea of in-

(Shomati Indura Nebru Gandhi) nocence no doubt would be fulle so far as the hon Members of Janata Party are concerned...

But this cannot dissuade me from oppossing the action which the Janata Party with 153 overwhelming majority in this hon. House is proposing against me As the former Prime Minister as well I owe an explanation to the people and to poste rity-the future generations of men and women who will follow us and pender over the traditions of this House (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE Unless you control the House, it will be impossi ble (Interruptions)

SHRT BHAUSAHEB THORAT (Pondharpur) Sir I rise on a point of order 1 am a member of this House and I have to decide whether one of the hon Members has committed a breach of this House or not So I am entitled to hear the hon, Member peacefully Any Member who does not allow me to hear whatever evidence or statement the hon Member is making is committing a contempt of the House because that Member is not allowing me to hear the statement of the hon, Member (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER There is no point of Older

SHRIMATI INDIRA VEHRU GANDHI the future generations of men and women who will follow us and ponder over the traditions of this Rouse when the passions of the present times will have died May I therefore reiterate emphatically and categorically that in point of fact .

(Interpuptions)

AN ROW MEMBER Sir what is this running commentary?

MR. SPEAKER What about yester Cast.

(Interruptions)

of Committee of Privileges ' NEERU SHRIMATI INDIRA GANDHI May I, therefore relterate emphatically and categorically, that in point of fact. I have not committed . any breach of privilege of the House

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU She never speaks the truth

(Interruptions)

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI and that the charges levelled against me in this regard are totally untenable

It is alleged that I was guilty harassment of certain officers because they were collecting information connection with a parliamentary question It has been alleged that I intiated the action against them by calling Shri R K. Dhawan in presence of Shri T A. Pai and directing him that Shri D Sen the Director of the CBI should be called and the houses of those officers be rauged

(Interruptions)

SHRIC M STEPHEN (Idukki) May Lask of the Leader of the House Is it the policy decision that Mrs. Indura Gandhi should not be heard? Is it your policy decision? If that is so (Interruptions) It is an elementary courtesy that has got to be given

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) May I say

SHRIC M. STEPHEN I have not finished. I have got the floor of the House I have not finished Let me complete my question to you

I have put the question. What I am saying is it is an elementary courtesy that a person against whom certain charges have been levelled, when she is a Member of this House when she has made some attempt to put up her defence the House must sive her a patient hearing whatever be the observations coming Therefore I am asking whether, finding the

atmosphere in those benches, that behaviour has got the sanction of the Party and the Leader of the House, whether he has allowed it or 'not. Otherwise, he must condone it.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: May I say that if my hon, friend had set agood example, all this would not have, happened. I do not, therefore, in any. way, agree to any noise being made. Let my friends have some prudence. It is no use imitating a wrong thing and we must hear Shrimati Gandhi patiently and quitely. There is no question about it, Whatever may be the provocation, one should not be provoked by it. This is deliberately done to provoke people. Why are you getting provoked? I would appeal to my hon, friends not to get provoked by anything that they say and bear it in dignity and silence.

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI: Sir, I have a bad cold and? it seems that even clearing my throat is a provocation to the House.

15.00hrs.

The sole testimony in this regard is that of Shri T. A. Pai, Did I play any role in the formulation of the reply, to be given in the House? It is not the case of Shri Pai or any other person that I did. Shri Pai admits, "at no time when I met her and she ever discussed with me the affairs of Maruti." He also admitted "I did not get the impression (when he met me on the 15th April) that she wanted me to withhold the information or be careful at the time of answering the question."

A very large number of questions involving the collection of information on many matters, including Maruti, were constantly being asked in the House and were answered by various officers of different ministries particular before and after this question. There was never any allegation about obstruction or harassment on this score.

Besides, even a cursory examination of the evidence will clearly reveal that not all the officers who were collecting information for the Parliamentary question were proceeded against by the CBL Government records show that no action was initiated against those officers who were actually denuted to collect information from Maruti. It is clear from this that the CBI cases and nothing whatever to do with the collection of information for the Parliamentary question and that they only came in handy to the Janata Party Government to implicate me in this proceeding.

What is even worse, the sanctity of this House is being used to prejudge the criminal trial that I am facing in a Court outside this House. The Janata Party Government has by that criminal case gagged me and made it impossible for me to put forth my defence in the present case. Can this he described as a reasonable opportunity of defence? I have been cribbed and confined in my defencebefore the House and later I shall be facing the criminal trial with an overbearing shadow of this House looming large over those proceedings. Here is a sample of the rule of law by which the Janata Party and its leaders profese to abide,

Sir I shall not go into the minute details of the evidence placed before the Committee on Privileges, which my colleagues Shri C. M. Stephen and Venkatasubbiah have already covered. I only urge emphatically that even on the one-sided record, there is not a shred of evidence to hold me guilty of breach of privilege. The findings of the Committee, I submit are totally unjustified and un--sistainable.

The facts leave no manner of doubt that the motive which is actuating the Janata Party and its Government is not their respect for the privileges of the House but their personal vendetta against me.

Mohon re (Shrumati Indura Nehru Gandhi)

The entire procedure followed by the Privileges Committee suffered from constitutional infirmatics. also sought to compel me to become a witness against myself in total violation of my fundamental rights under the Constitution. My refu al to take the oath in these circumstances is now being alleged to be another breach of privilege I humbly submit that this is not so I meant no disrespect whatsoever to tac hon Mentbers of the Privileges Committee Had it been consistent with my defence in the Court cases I would not have hesitated to depose before the Committee in greater artail.

I also maintain that the conclusion drawn by the Privileges Committee from the text of my statement sub mitted to them on June 16 1978 is not warranted In that statement I particularly mentioned my great respect and high regard for the hon Members of the Privileges Committee Thereafter I pointed out the well known fact of the Janata Party's disposition towards me a disposition which has been demonstrated by thought word and deed, times without number Finally I gave expresion to a reasonable apprehension about the influence of the Janata Party on its members I respectfully submit that the difference between the expression of a reasonable apprehension on the one hand and nouttive allegation of bias or prejudice on the other has not been appreciated Incidentally the fact that different political parties que poutical parties are now considering this matter and formulating their respective stands even before this non. House has taken a decision, this fact I rubmit, only confirms my views. This is how political parties functioned and therefore my observations in the said statements cannot be construed as impulations of bear

> SHRI SHYAMMANDAY MISHRA Only your party is unnocent of such deliberations

NEHRII INDIRA SHEIMATI GANDHI To the Shah Commission I had said, Corruption in some areas of Governmental functioning especially involving commercial dealings with the public, has always been a matter of serious concern. As Prime Minister, I received many complaints in writing or orally alleging corrupt practices on the part of various Offi Government These ! the cers of used to forward to the concerned authorities or department; and occasionally to my staff for appropriate action.

"I received complaints from some persons, including MPs about these officers amongest others I told Mr Dhawan to pass on the complaints to the authorities concerned in orner to verify whether there was any thruth in the allegations. There was nothing special or unique about this such complaints wert repeated or convered verbally to me, I sometimes directed similar action through a member of my staff I repudiate the allogation that I ever ordered searches or raid against these officers

My alleged involvement in the alleged harossement of these officers was used by the Government and the Shah Commission for public demica tion and character assas-mation It is being used by the Janata Party to punish me for breach of privilege of this House and it is further going to be used by the Government to prosecute me in the court of law and seek my conviction What else is political persecution? But if the Janata Party thinks that acts of persecution and victimisation can destroy the idea.s for which I stand it is cherishing false Areams.

seri shyamnandan mishra Ideals of Emergency

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GAN DHI It is my proud privilege and the privilege of the Party which I have

the honour to lead, to fight for the ideals of secularism and socialism for which Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru and we all have been struggling for more than half a century

Never before in the history of any democratic country has a single individual, who leads the principal political opposition, been subjected to so much calumny, character assistantion and political vendetts of the ruling party. (Interruptions)

SHRI RAM DHAN (Lalganj): What about us?

SHRI B. SHANKRANAND (Chikkodi): By going to jail, one cannot become a leader.

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GAN-DHI: I give below a fcw instances of the views expressed publicly by leaders of the Janata Party who are or have been also leaders of the Government

- (a) When I was released by the learned Magistrate in Delhi on 4-10-1977, Shri Morarji Desaj publicly declared that the Magistrate had committed impropriety in releasing me.
- (b) In a letter to Prime Minister, the former Home Minister stated that members of the Cabinet of the Janata Party were being looked upon as a band of impotent men for not having already put me behind bars.
- (c) In the Chikmagalur constituency, one hon. Minister declared that my place was in jail. Another bemoaned that the Janata Party had lost the electoin because the people were angry for not having punished me.

The Parties and groups which have combined to form the Janata Party had been conducting a campaign of villification first against my father and for more than decade against me. When I decided to esponse more strongly the cause of secularism and

democratic socialism, when I nationslised the banks and took other nessures to offer opportunity and help to the poor and weaker sections there was a tremendous popular unsurge. This disturbed the privileged and vested interests and the communal obscurantist elements, which the Janata Party today represents, and they felt it impossible to fight me and my party on an ideological plane. Therefore, they changed their strategy and furned their fury against me personally. (Interruptions) In the historic phase of India's development. one would have expected a fierce ideological debate, but nothing of the sort happened. On the contrary, political and ideological issues were delinerately side-tracked by these elements. They accused me of having flouted political morality by causing a split in the Congress. Those who nad been bitter political enemies before the

mutual kinship in their common hostility towards me. (Interruptions).

Some people have suffered during Emergency. At no time was it my intention to harrss or harm anyone.

split and had professed strong

ideological differences with one an-

other suddenly discovered a new

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER; Please don't

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI: Sir, are you guiding the House or is it being guided from some other place?

For hardship caused, I am deoply sorry. I have already expressed my regret in many public forums and do so again. Not all actions came to my notice since it is just not pussible for the Head of the Government or even others to keep in touch, as the present administration well known (Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: No interruptions please. You are unnecessarily taking away the time of the House. 303 MR. SPEAKER Whom am (to INDIRA NEHRU TTAMINGE reply to? GANDHI It was I who decided to go to the people again and hold elections

in 1977 This act of my Government re asserts my abiding faith in democracy and totally disproves the accusa tion of authoritarianism made by the Janata Party and its allies. continue to chant slogans of dictatorship versus democarey in order to hide the sinister character of the political forces which dominate them

Molam Te

I may be aunihilated in the course of my struggle for the ideals of socialism and secularism but those ideals will live on and the time is not tar off when they will overcome the forces of communatism casterism regionalism obscurantism and camial ism which the Janata Party and its Government have unleashed (Interruptions) in a period of less than two years of their muscule

It is obvious that the motivation of the ruling Party is to divert rublic attention from their mability to implement (Interruptions) their high sounding but hollow promises of February-March 1977 (Interruptions)

SHRI JYOTIMOY BOSU Is that all rthevante

SHRIMATI INDIBA NEHRU GANDHI I charge the ruling party of failure to check divising forces thus endangering our with of machine in the face of mounting lawlessness and disorder and of callously neglecting the interests of Harmans (Interruptions) and Adivasis Muslims Sikhs Christians and weaker sections (Interruptions)

It is not an accident that the Prome Minister does not feel uncomfortable to survive and be sustained in power by those who were full of hote for Mahaima Gandhi. (Interruptions)

बीयरी सन्तीर सिंह (हाशियारपुर) जिनलेज क्वेदों को रिपोर्ट के मनीका भीर कुछ वहीं याते कड़क्तं चाहिता ।

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA I would very respectfully submit to you to tell the House whether you would have permitted any other Hon Member to go into extraneous things as the Hon Member Mrs Gandhi 13 doing Please consult your own conscience This is an occasion when the Chair must be asked to consult his own conscience as to whether, on suca

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the House to be exploited by bringing MR SPEAKER Please! I have heard you

occas ons, you would have permitted

in extraneous considerations

SHRI SHYAMNANADA MISHRA How is the Government

MH SPEAKER Mr Mishra

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA. No Sir The most important thing for you to consider is that a debate in the House must not become preferant, that is, no Member is allowed to bring in things which have no relavance to the matter But here the Hon. Member is trying to bring in extraneous things and the Chair must not allow it to be done

eesheler Kellage di June speeches may be referred to You n.e pouticking

MR. SPEAKER Many comments were made about the Emergency excesses Jesterday As you know, many Members made comments about the Emergency In a debate of this character one cannot possibly hold oneself they went out of the subject and made speeches about Emergency yesterday (Interruptions)

shri shyamnandan mishra Pages after bages she has been rea ding (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Particularly, when a person is standing in the position of an accused, she has more liberty than other Members have got.

SHRI RAM DHAN (Lalganj); On a point of order,

MR. SPEAKER: What is your point of order? (Interruptions)

AN HON. MEMBER: She is not yielding.

थी रांम बनः प्रायक्ष गृहीत्य, मेरा ज्यास्य प्राप्त प्रारंत यह है कि इस समय हम जिसके करेटों के विषय पर विचार कर रहे हैं और मिसेड जाओं को देश समय अपने जिल्हेल न अपने देने के करूरत है। यह इस्तेशिक सोच बहा रह, संबद्ध रोग जान कर हमें प्राप्त कर साम की स्वार्थ ऐसा नासुप नहीं होता चाहिए। (व्यवधान).

MR, SPEAKER: Mr. Ram Dhan, it is not a point of order, (Interruptions)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: This is not an election meeting. This is the Parliament of India,

(Interruptions)

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): Will you please hear me? Let me make it very clear that the whole thing is entirly irrelatable is an accused person, and I do not mind an accused person sayning whatever she wants to. I do not mind.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: There must be complete silence on this side please. (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER: Order, order. Such of them who are feeling so excited may kindly go to the lobby and come later. (Interruptions)

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GANDHI : Mr. Speaker, as you have rightly pointed out, all kinds of remarks were permitted in the previous days during this debate, and nobody then considered that they were irrelevant. We had listened to them very carefully.

AN HON, MEMBER; And patiently,

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHP.

GANDHI; Boweve, I must configure

aise those members and leaders

of the ruling Party whose gives were

opened by the Aligarh holts and, who

had the courage to tell the truth and

dentify the danger. High personages

have warned the Prime Minister that

the Government raight not last for the

Government's failure to hear the dan
ger signals and to find answers to the

crying robolems of our needle.

This Government has created conditions of civil war in Bilar and unprecedented organised communal violence in Aligath, Lucknow, Kanpur, Amroha, Varenasi and in so many other places.

If Harijans are burnt alive, if Innocean Mushams, here wome and children, fall victim to the daggers of assessme and if all accepted nation; at policies which kept this countrygether for the last fairty years after independence are being systematically reversed, the Prime Minister has reasons to forget bis life-long association with my illustrious father, Jawasharial Nohru.

By the foil and sweat of agricultural labour and the sustaining effort of cur farmers, we have been liberated from dependence on foreign aid, but neither minimum wages nor remmenter prices for produce are being ensured. Industrial workers had contributed to increased production in our factors especially in the public sector, oil nave the Government's altitude towards, and policies for them are threatening their fundamental rights and the editation of their organisations. (Interruptions).

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MR, SPEAKER: Just now the Prime Minister said

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: You are not there to regulate the debate? You have no duty in the matier?

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GAN-DHI I charge the present government of weakening the foundations laid by Gandhin and built upon by my father, of surrendering the sovereign right of India to use nuclear techno logy for our vital interests, or diluting the policy of non-alignment, of weakening the public sector, of denigrating our indigenous science and technology and of inviting multinationals, surrevtitously though in a big way, to con trol the commanding heights of our economy

I accuse the present government of famishing our image at home and of lowering India's prestice in the world

The failures of this Government are leading to its isolation from people everywhere The ineptitude of this government has destroyed the cohesiveness of the administration and created a situation of uncertainty and insecurity Cynicism is growing If this situation is not reversed it will provide a tertile soil for the growth of fascism.

I say all this rot in singer but in deep sorrow, set say it I must in the interests of our country and our peo ple who are the ultimate sovereign.

It is my firm, conviction that the fight between the forces of fascism and socialism in India and in the world is now reaching a decisive stage and if I may quote the Prime Minister of Zambia, "the dring house kicks harder". Only at our peril can we afford to lose sight of these trends.

. Mr Speaker, Sir, and distinguished members of this august House, I should like to submit with the utmost sincerity that I would cheerfully sacrifice even my lite, .

AN HON MEMBER. After taking so many lives.

SHRIMATI INDIRA NEHRU GAN-.. let alone the membership of this House, if by so doing I could promole the cause of our country. As a British poet has written "All else must he sacrificed to this great cause. I fear no hardships. I have counted the cost," The Janata Party knows and the Prime Minister knows-indeed every man, women and child in India know that if the drama of a kind of impeachment of a former Prime Miris. ter is enacted, its sole purpose is not to solve any national problem but to silence a soice which they find incouvenient.

If the government believes that by sending me to prison or banishing me from this House the voice of protest against their wrong policies will be silenced they are noefully mistaken, Their erroneous policies have created problem of such dimensions that no longer can the bogey of Indira Gandhi keep the government in nower or these party united. We must find principled answers to the problems confronting our country. This government has landed this country into a deep crisis which it is in no position to resulte.

I am not guilty of the crimes of which I am being charged by this government Nor do I believe that this government is concerned about such crimes. How can it be? Never in the 36 years of Independence has there been such shameless corruption, such blatant misuse of power ... (Interruptions) the forced retirement of some of the best amongst our civil servants, the deliberate and persistent harassment not only of political workers but of the defenceless average citizen No. these are not what the Janaia Party considers cumes But they dare not publicly admit to what they do consider my real guilt and the guilt of my party

My father said "We are sentenced to hard labour." And so we are. But that hard labour is a privilege for it means the service of the people. And it brought with it not the reward of riches but of something much more valuable and much more rare—the trust and affection of the people.

What have been the crimes of my party and myself in the eyes of the Janata Party?

- (1) That we were able to weave the strands of our diversity into a strong national fabric, by respecting all religions, by giving full play to the personalities of the different regions, by enriching all our languages and by encouraging local pride and initiative. This was secular nationalism.
- . (2) That we strengthened the economy, harming none yet making every attempt to redress the inbalance of centuries by special help to the weaker and neglected sections, the minorities, the smaller men in any group. This was democratic socialism.
- (3) That we held our head high in international affeirs. Not imitating, not boasting, not cringing. Just heing, ourselves—Indians, belonging to a very special civilisation. Self-reliant, self confident. This was non-alignment.

The page, of history are strewn with the names of innocent people who have been hounded to casth or otherwise victimized for their convictions. Some of the greatest men and women have been subjected to persecution. Many many have one before me, but I did have the honour of personally knowing a few.

I am a small person but I have stood for certain values and objectives. Every insult hurled at me will rebound. Every punishment inflicted on me will be a source of strength to me,

My voice will not be hushed for it is not a lone voice. It speaks not for myself, freil woman, and unimportant person. It speaks not for a so-called 'total revolution' involving smugglers, dacoits and other such but for the deep and significant changes in society which alone can be the basis of true democracy and a fuller freedom, which alone can ensure justice, and help to create a better man.

The atmosphere in this House has been reminiscent of the scence in Alice in Wonderland, when all the cards rise up in the air and shout, "Off with her head"! My head is yours, My hox has been packed these several months we had only to put in the winter thines.

I have stated some of the points in my case. There are others equally relevant and telling. I am now in the hands of the Hon'ble members

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mermugao): Sir, I am on a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: What is your point of order?

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: The point of order is this. These are matters of breach of privileges. They should be tried on a judicial basis. They should not be decided on a party basis.

MR. SPEAKER: This is not a point of order.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Everyone must be given a chance to speak. But you are making this a real Star Chamber.

MR. SPEAKER: Mrs. Gore.

SHRIMATI MRINAL GORE rose."

Motion re

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PROF P G MAVALANKAR Mr Speaker, Sir. 1 am on a point of order I want you part cularly to lislen to the submissions that I am making on this point of order I have nothing to say in regard to what Shrimai, Indura Gandhi has just now said nor am I participating in this debate because you don't want Members of the Committee of Privileges to parts capate even at this stage Although I would have thought that the convention is that Members of the Committee of Privileges do not take part stands valid only when a matter is being referred to the Committee and not at this stage when a report is discussed. But we respect your puling in this matter which you gave me in the Chamber I do not want to violate that Therefore I am not make ing any comments whatsoever on the merits of the case

MR SPEAKER Please come to the point of order

PROF P G MAVALANKAR I must make this point very clear that I am not making any comments on the merits of the case, nor am I saying anything on the decision of the House which is yet to take place much less on the punishment Sir, I have definite views and they may not be in consonance with the views on this or that sale

Now, having said that my point of order is that you may please look of Rule 313 on page 150 which says

"At the commencement of the House or from time to time as the case may be the Speaker shall nominote a Committee of Privileges con sisting of not more than fifteen mem bers "

Now Su, what has happened just now is this. You will recall last week when the Leader of the Opposition used the word malafides about the Committee members and proceedings you at once stated if that is said you will strike it off from the proceedings.

.. Not recorded.

A little while ago my friend from All India Anna D.M.K. whom I love and whose English also I respect said many things about the Report of the Committee He has every right to say about that He can even say that the Report of the Committee is wrong /Interruntions)

of Committee of Prunleges

Sir when I objected on an earlier point of order this afternoon that the phrase so-cailed Privileges Committee is wrong you were obliged to say-and very rightly-if that is so that will also be off the record Because of that I want to raise my point of order You will see from this Rule that the Committee of Privileges is not like any other parliamentary committee

MR SPEAKER What is your point of order?

PROF P G MAVALANKAR This is my point of order I am coming

MR SPEAKER All the time you are saying Coming Coming "

PROF P G MAVALANKAR I must formulate it The Committee of Privi leges is not like any other parliamen

SHRI VASANT SATHE II I say so called Professor, what is unparliamentary about it?

tary committee

(Interruptions) * *

MR SPEAKER Please, do not 1ecord

PROF P G MAVALANKAR This Committee of Privileges under Rule 313 is not like other Committees elected by the House This is a special committee nominated by the Speaker and nominated not on the basis of party considerations but on the con sideration of parliamentary procedures and practices My point of order is that, has any member of the House belonging to any side a right tosay even by implication that the Commit ice of Privileges nominated by the

hon'his Speaker irrespective of party of the Bouse consideration, is to de what the majority of the Bouse wants it to do? That should not be allowed. It is a reflection not only on the Committee of Privileges but it is a reflection on you also. Therefore, I object to it. Your nomination has been challenged. I want a ruling on this.

(Interruptions) **

SHRI RAMACHANDRA RATH (Aska): Sir, I rise on a point of order. My, point of order is that when any Member gets up to draw your vind attention on any matter then you must give apstlent hearing. Further, you should not be loking at few members and go on giving them opportunity to sreak.

MR. SPEAKER: I cannot see all the 540 members at the same time.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Mr. Speaker, Sir we want to be assured that you have not in your chamber by ruling ex-parte shout out the right of any Member.

MR. SPEAKER: I have not given any ruling. In my Chamber no ruling will be given. I have only advised Mr. Mavalankar.....

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Sir, if it is a question of advice, you kindly allow us to treat it with the respect that it deserves. But we are no siving up our right to speak on this occasion.

MR, SPEAKER: Mrs. Mrinal Gore.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Sir, is she on a point of order?

MR. SPEAKER: No. But I have called her.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: I am on a point of order. It arises directly from the smade by the hon. Member, Shrunati Gandhi. Sir, there is the rule 356. Now, is it your pleasure that this rule should go out of existence? (Interruptious). Sir, I am drawing the attention of the House to the rule 356 which save:

"356. The Speaker, after having called the attention of the House to the conduct of a Member who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition either of his own arguments or of the arguments used by o'her members in debate, may direct him

MR. SPEAKER: I have done nothing of the sort.

to discontinue his sneech."

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: There you did not exercise the powers that the House has given you under Rule 356 to regulate the debate. Now. we want to know whether this day should go down as a day of great trrelegancies: that is what was permitted by the henish Chair. Now, it would not be possible for the Chair (Interruptions) It seems to us that we were at the bustings; we were attending an election meeting. We would respectfully submit to the Chair that the House should not be allowed to be converted into an election meeting. If the Chair does so, the Chair would not he in a position to regulate the proceedings of the house in future, in a proper way. Therefore my submission is that you should give a clear ruling whether Rule 356 is in existence or not. You have to clear this. (Inter-

MR. SPEAKER: Rule 356 is in operation and it is left to my discretion. Now, Mrs. Gore.

ruptions).

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Why is it left to your discretion?

MR. SPEAKER: Please

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: You have to give a ruling. I have drawn your attention to the Rule 350.

MR SPEAKER Rule 356 has not been breached, I have not warned anyhody Please

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA I asked youto warn. But you did not warn. That is my grievance

MR SPEAKER It is not done at somebody's instance

SHRI SHYAMANDAN MISHRA No I had therefore risen on a point of order at the appropriate time (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER This is the tent's time you have

SHRI SHYANNANDAY MISHRA I from the appropriate context to fraw your attention to the irrelevan cent that were being committed by the hon Member Yan did not everms your power and thereby you subjected us to forture of these repetitions of the irrelevances. So Sir I am asking you after the had finished bet speech whether you would like the rule 328 for continue to exist or the rule 328 for continue to exist or

MR SPEAKER Rule 356 is a rule adopted by the House It continues It has not been breached Now Mrs Gore

SHRI M SATYANAHAYAY RAO Sir please see Rule 349 sub rule (ix) I will read out

349 A member shall not obstruct proceedings his or interrupt and shall avoid making running commentantes when speeches are being made in the House

how in spite of this Hule Shri Shyammandan Mishra who is a sentor Member of this House is always inter ruping the proceedings and he is tak ruping a lot of time, of the House Unde-Rule 373 of Committee of Privileges
MR SPEAKER Now, It is over

SHRI M SATYANARAYAN RAO Under rule 373 you can ask him, if he always interrupts, to withdraw from this House You name him and ask him to withdraw from the House so that the House can proceed.

धायती मृत्याल गोर्ट (बन्बई उत्तर) बाध्यध महोदय, मधी रेस सदन में का भाषण गुरा । प्रध्यक्ष महोदय (म्यवधान)

SHRI C M STEPHEN On a poin of order 1 sm not concerned. But I want to have a ruling as to whether the word master hypornic with reference to a Member of this House is parliamentary (Interruptions) I have raised this point of order (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT BATHE Will this be expunsed?

SERIC M STEPHEY On former occasions the word chammha used was expunged Sycophants used, was expunged Here is a word mas tet-Hypotrile used with reference to a Member of the House I will be happy to get a ruling that it is valid because I can use if with respect to certifun other people Flyrace give me a ruling (daterrustions).

MR SPEAKER Order order Ishall examine the previous precedents 1 shall go into the matter and see if on earher occasions a similar word has been held to be unparliamentary. No debates We cannot have debates on this matter I will examine Now Mrs Gore

(Interruptions)

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI Will you decide without knowing our views?

MR SPEAKER Both side, can use the compliments I will go into it Now Mrs Gore

(Interruptions)

^{..} Expringed as ordered by the chair

MR. SPEAKER: Don't record.

. (Interruptions) ***

. श्रीमती मगाल गोरेः ग्रापका भाषन अगर , गोयबेल्स ने नर्क में सुना होगा दो उन को भी लगा होगा कि हम से भी बढ़ कर कोई है। (ध्यवधान) अध्यक्ष महोदय, आज इस सदन में जो चर्चों चल रही है (व्यवधान).. हम ने इन का भाषण बहुत थोति से सुना । अये हमें जो कहना है वह भी वे शांति से सुन लें। शायद ग्राप समझती है कि थहां हम लोग श्रीमती जीका 'सिर' जाहते हैं। वैसी कोई वाल नहीं ह । (व्यवधान) !

SHRI MALLIKARJUN rose-(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you. The same point you have raised. Do not record.

(Interruptions) **

श्रीमती मुणाल गोरें: लेकिन साथ साथ यह भीं हम भले मेही है कि एमरवेंसी के काल में स्नेह सता रेही जैसे हमारी साथी को हीतात्म्य भी प्राप्त हुआ है। यह भी हम मूलना नहीं चाहेंगे। यह सब कुछ हमने भोगा है। जो सदन में सवाल किया गया था उसको देखने और उसको समझने की कोशिश की जानी चाहिए थी। प्रियलेंच कमेटी के सामने सदन के विशेषाधिकार धंग का यह सवाल गयायाः हमें वाहिए कि इसके बारे में इमोरानल न बनते हुए हम विचार करें। चेकिन ऐसा करने में श्रीनती जो को बाधा महसूस हुई है। अगर जनका इस प्रकारका मापण न होता तो। अच्छा रहता । उनका भाषण को ऐसा था जैसे चनाव के मैदान में वह भाषण कर रही हो कि जैनता पार्टी ऐसी है, हमारी पार्टी ने यह किया, मैंने यह किया था । अगर उनकी तरफ से इस तरह की बातें कहने की कोशिश नहीं होती हो सदय में बो चर्चा सल रही है यह धीर प्रन्ती तरह से चल सकती थी।

ग्राधिर कौन सा सवाल है जिन के ऊपर इसें चर्चा करती है ? सवाल बिल्कुल सीधा है । जो देश परकीय सत्ता के प्रन्दर रहे धीर गरकीय सत्ता से उन्होंने स्वतन्त्रता पाई, उन में से भारत देश सब में बड़ा देश है जहां यह संसदीय लोकशाही का प्रयोग चल रहा है और यह संसदीय लोकशाही का प्रयोग जो भाज देस हमारे महान देत में चल रहा ते तो अम सब यह चाहते हैं कि यह प्रदोग यसस्वी हो, इसको पश्चनी किया जाए । में जानती ह कि यहां बैठे हुए, विरोधी दल ने बैठे हुए कई सोग नहीं चाहते हैं कि यह तरीका, यह संसदीय प्रणाली सफल हो। वे इस संसदीव प्रणाली से यह छंस्था चलाना नहीं चाहते हैं और उनकी नेता

रही है श्रीमती इंदिश बांधी जिन की तरफ से संसदीय सोकबाही को सत्म करने की कोशिश हुई थी। 1975 साल में यह कोशिश गरी तरह से हुई। लेकिन इस देश की जनता जानरक रही बौर स्तीका यह नदीजा है कि 1977 के चुनाव में फिर एक बार इस पालियामेंट को, इस संस्था को सही रूप से लोकतांत्रिक रूप प्रदान करने का फैसला हो सका। मैं समझती हं कि सही रूप से इस लोकबाही को चलाने का अधिकार इस पालियामेंट को है संसद को ई तो उसको जो विशेषाधिकार श्राप्ते हैं उन की रक्षा करना भी हम सभी का कत्तंत्र्य हो जाता है। जिस प्रकार से विशेषाधिकार र्गमिति के सामने बात भाई जसको देखते हुए यह विल्कुल स्पष्ट हो जाता है कि संसद को ठीक दंग से, तीकतंत्र के तरीके से पंतने देना उनका उद्देश्य नहीं था, इस में इंटरफीयर करके संसद में जो सवाल पूछे गए ये जनके बारे में मालमात सामने साने की कोश्विस यो अधिकारी कर रहे थे उनके कार्य में बाबा जालना या और यह बाबा डालने का काम श्रीमती इंदिरा गांधी ने किया । यह विल्कुल स्पष्ट बात है, सूर्य के प्रकाश को तरह से स्पष्ट बाद है। उनके पूरे मापण को मैंने सुना है। मैंने यह युनाह नहीं किया है, यह कहने के लिए श्रीमती जी क्या कहती है एक ही बाक्य में कि इस के पहले भी एम पीज की कम्प्लेंटस बाते पर हमारे श्रीवकारियों के कपर इस प्रकार की कुछ कारेंगाई होती रही है और वह करती रही है। पतल में इस रिपोर्ट में जिस प्रकार से बातें सामने माई हैं उन से विस्कृत साफ हो जाता है कि मार्गत लिमिटेड के बारे में जब सवाल इन मना प्रवन में बाए तो एक सवाल के अपर जब बाधिनारी मालमात इकटनी कर रहे थे तो उनको तंग किया गया । यह विल्कुल साफ है कि उनके कारण से ही उनका ईरासमेंट भी हुया, किसी तरीके से वह मालुमात इकट्ठी न की जासकें, इसकी कोशिय की गेर्द् सवाल विल्कुल साफ है। इस प्रकार से हम चाहते है . . . (व्यवाधान)

MR, SPEAKER: Do not answer them.

श्रीमतो मुणाल गोरे: साठे तो हमें पूरापता है। प्रापकी बेसी हमारी धादत नहीं है कि बीच में टोका जाए। यनर सही रूप से इंस संसद् का कार्यवालाना है, तो हम मह चाहेरे कि जिस बरह श्रीमती इन्दिरा गांधी ने संसद के अधिकारों का हन्त किया देसा प्रवास प्राप्ते चले करकोई न करें। किसी भी पार्टी का कोई भी नेता हो, इस प्रकार से संबद के प्रधिकार की भंग करते की कोशित न करें। इसीनिए बाज यह परूरी है कि पूरा सदन इस के अपर विचार कर ने इस बात की कोशिश करे कि गाये अस कर कोई भी उस प्रकार से लोकतंत्र की प्रणाली को चरम, करने की कोशिश न करे । इसलिए जिन्होनें यह गुनाह किया है उनको पूरी सना मिलनी चाहिए । में उनका भायम सून रही दी, सगर भपने भावण में श्रीमती

[श्रीमती म माल गीरे]

इरिट्य बादी गढ कहती कि सबद् के प्रति मुझसे यह घपराय हो गया जो कि मध नहीं करना चाहिए या तां हो मकता या कि यह पूरों सदन कहता कि इस बारे में सहानमहित्रवक विचार किया जान । सदिन इमन देखा है और सूना है कि अपने पूरे भाषम में श्रीयती इदिया दाशी न कहों पर भी समद बा पनाह किया है इस के बारे में अना क निए एक बन्द इन्हें पान नहीं है । प्रीर में जानवी ड कि एवं बकार को प्रविकारकाही से पूरी सत्ता मपने हाय में लेकर उसी के प्राधार पर, अपना ही नहीं बर्तिक प्रपने कुटम्ब के अधिनार नो भी कायन न एत की उन्होंने कोतिया की है। एमें व्यक्ति के मुद्द से इस प्रकार की क्षमा बाचना ग्राना म स्किल है। यह में मली प्रशास प्रानती है।

बहुत बही बही बार्ते यहा कही गयीं चौर माज भी टोटल रिकोल्युधन का नाम से कर ऐसे व्यक्ति वाजिनको कि पूर्त देन बहुत ही मानता है मेस मतदव मानतीय द्यप्रकात नारोदण जी वे है उनका संबंधि बल्लाख तो नहा किया, लकिन पुना किएकर यह समानस ना टोटर रिजील्युशन है, यह कड़ा। हो। इसवे एक ही बात साबित हो नाती है कि प्राच भी भागतों वी नोस्तव को दसाना नहीं चाहती है। ब्राज भी यही चाहती है कि मेपर किर मीना मिल तो किर एक बार हाए में सता नकर समद हे प्रविहार को भग करें भीर हमया के निए तोक्वत को मय करते का नाम इस प्रकार हो बाद वा । इसविष् में बहुती कि हमें ग्रही स्प स यह दखना है दि मोकमाही को प्रवर हुयें रायम रखना है, समद के प्रधिकार को कायन रखना है तो किर बान यह भागन्त जनती है कि मुनाद करने वाने अपराधी को कड़ी से कड़ी सना होनी बाहिये। (ध्यवधान) घोर इसीनिए में इतना हो नहुशो कि बाज वह मदन के प्रामने बित्तुत साथ हो गया है कि जो कुछ इन से

MR SPERKER You have taken a lot of time.

पतावी हुई है उस क बारे में इन के मन में कोई भी

मक्तान या मामीचत की भादना नहीं है ।

भौजतो सुवाल बारे इस कमत में एको शादना भी नहीं है कि नहीं इस ने पुनाह निया है तो उस के जिए क्षमा माचना करें । इससिए दक्ष की अनता के प्रति हमारो यह ब्लाम हो बाडा है कि दहां बैडे हुए सभी ओक प्रति निधियों का करान्य है कि निस जनता ने हमें बहा चून कर मेता है समयू में ...

MR. SPEAKER You wanted two minutes you have taken five minutes

चीनती नृताम शहे : उस के स्टिकारों का रखन हबात गरब बराम्ब है और ध्वत्य करने वादे की वरी वे क्री क्या हवे हैं। यही यूछे कहता है।

16 00 hrs.

SHRI K TAKKAPPA (Tumkur). Today we are discussing a very important issue The entire House is going to deliberate and take a decision on that. The whole country is watching whether the decision of this House would reflect the democratic values of this country

After hearing Madam Indira Gandhi's speech. I have no doubt in my mind that the pre emptive decision of the Janata Party and the Parliamentary party is not only a slur on the func tioning of this house, but they have got a pre-meditated mind to fidict an individual by parting with all cannos of common laws and the rules of law

Some time back, the hon Minister who is anoctogenarian leader and he is a Gandhian told us in this House when I put a question-are you going to run this? Government either by alies or of appologies or by political vandictive ness, he told me in unequivocal words that there will not be any political vitidictiveness

During the last one and a half years we have been observing that the Janata Party is not functioning in a manner responsive to the needs of the people, but only talking of their grievances against an individual, to indict her They have adopted all methods which are not respected by any means and no civilised Government is going to do that. You are going to decide on the basis of what? I am not going to east any aspersion against any member of the Privileges Committee Let us take and analyse the decision of the Privi leges Committee The two respectable member-Shrl Hintendra Desai and Dr V. A Seyid Muhammed are the Members of the Privileges committee Shra Hantendra Desai is an ex-Ch ef Minister He was a Minister He has no partisan view to take a decision. Dr V A. Seyid Muhammed was a Law Minister and a practising advocate He has analysed carefully all the aspects, all the pros and cons of the deliberstions of the meetings which were conducted and the minutes recorded. The supremacy of the Parliament cannot be questioned by any means. But when the Parliament sits as a Supreme Court to decide, then things should be decided very judiclously. The judicl ous action of the Parliament should be reflected.

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Shri Ram Jethmalani has spoken on various occasions. He has spoken here also. He has resigned from the Committee, He has reflected enmity against an individual and had made all sorte of speeches in this house and outside. He is a man who has snonsored a Bill. That is also pending. I shall be coming to that point tomorrow because my privilege motion is nending. Therefore, there must be some facts. You are adoring the highest place in the country. Will you kindly come to the case which is in conflict with the law and has all improbable conjectures and is not corroborated by any evidence? Can you secure any kind of conviction? If this House is going to act as a Supreme Court and give judgment on the analysis of evidence, are you going to secure such injudicious action against an individual through the brute bull-dozer majority of the Janata Party? It is not a nuestion of an individual being indicated in this procedure. That is why I do not agree with what my two colleagues Shri Unnikrishnan and Shri Saugata Roy said during the consideration motion. It is not the question of a member belonging to any political party that we are discussing. We are discussing the privileges of this House, the decency and decorum of this House and the privileges attached to this House should be discussed in an impartial manner. This should not be discussed in a partisan manner. There are legal and constitutional problems. She ls facing criminal cases in various courts. She is put on par with other officers and the position and privileges of a Member of this House are not considered. The vague manner in which a judicious body like the Privileges

Committee hg dealt with the officials should be considered by this House and very judiciously discussed. They have stated certain facts which are one-sided. Mr. Hittenhar Desai has rightly stated that "No man should be punished twice". That is the rule of law. She has to face the charges outside and she has to face charges here also for the same offence. I would like to draw the attention of the House to that Shr Hittenhar Desai has said.

"Rule 1222 dealing with privileges states: 'A member may, with the consent of the Speaker, raise a question involving a breach of privilege, either of a member or of the House or of a Committee thereof.' The Attorney General has rightly said that the Tulimohan Ram case cannot be quoted as a precedent in the current case arasins Mrs. Gandhi."

Mr. Hitendra Desai has also referred to the point of breach of privilege rased against Shri T. N. Kaul, former Foreign Secretary and former Indian Ambassador in the United States and the ruling given by the Speaker at that time, namely,

"Mr. Kaul's remarks were made in July 1975, when the Fifth Lok Sabha was in existence. The matter cannot be raised as a privilege issue in the Siyth Lok Sabha."

The point involved is that the previous Lok Sabha was dissolved and with that all the rights and privileges of that Lok Sabha came to an end.

NR. SPEAKER: Mr. Stephen had made out that point.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: If the Lok Sabha was only proprogued, then I can understand their tagsing on this question but where is the question of privilege when the Lok Sabha has been disloyed? If they have got respect for democrecy, what is the unanimous resolution in Rajya Sabha?

MR SPEAKER Let us not go to Raiva Sabha. We do not refer o t at all. We do not get into that con troversy

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA People base not respect for democracy A demo cratic institution has passed a resolu f.on

MR SPEAKER Don't refer to Raiva Sabha. If you can praise them you can condemn them also

SHRI K LAKKAPPA I would like to draw the attention of the House to Basus commentary on the Constitu tion of Indian Volume II page 628 01 the effect of prorogation and dissolu tion of proceedings for contempt. If you take that into consideration no action can be taken under the constitu tional provis on also

MR. SPEAKER You came to me and said 'Give me only five minules' Now you have taken 10 minutes.

SHEI K. LAKKAPPA You are a very good man. Why do you lose your temper?

MR. SPEAKER. There is no unlimited right.

SHRI K LAKKAPPA. to action can be taken against her If action is taken it will be counter productive and the people wal punish them. They will not tolerate that. They will revolt against that and they will lose respect for democracy

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamon4) Harbour) We have just now heard Shrimati Indira Gandhi waxing eloquent hollow high sounding words. She professes that she believes in the judicial process. I will quote one pronouncement about her which has come out in the papers. Shri Balraj Trikha. Chairman, Emergency Excesses Injuity Authority has stated

She cannot be allowed to treat the proceedings before the Autho ity as a hills that she can go on delay ing the proceedings asking for adnournment after adjournment.

The Chairman said that Mrs. Gandh: perhaps thought that Ly using such dilatory tactics through seeking adjournment for 45 days each time she could delay the Droceedings at her pleasure.

I am saying what sort of faith she has in the judicial process! This is a serious stricture that could have come on a politician in this country that he is hoodwinking the Emergency Exces ses Inquiry Authority (Interrupfions) **

He further says

Being the former Prime Minister Mrs. Gandhi should have shown a little more grace in surrendering l'er self to the jur sciction of the Authority which has been appointed under the Commissions of Inquiry Act 1932 to give her statement so that the country may know as to bow far she was justified or otherwise in imposing the Emergency "

The House is going to deliver its judgment in a minute or two I want to remand the House of certain para graphs of the report of the Committee On page 112 the Committee said

Never before a Leader of the Housing having enjoyed the office of the Prime Minister of a country for If years has been charged with causing obstruction, intimidation and harassment of Government officials who are assisting in the performance of the functions of the Parliament, Such conduct is bound to affect ad versly the functioning of a Parlia mentary democracy

[&]quot;Not recorded

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If you come to evidence part, what Shri Pai says? This is very important. On page 135 Mr. Pai says:

"She called me to her residence No. I. Safdarjang Road. She was completely upset and furious. She accused my officers of being corrupt while they were talking of political corruption.... I thought it was not worthwhile replying to her as I felt she was unreasonably narre-

This is a person we have here as an accused today.

I quote from Shrì Dhirendra Sharma's book which has been widely circulated throughout the country, to show how fascism came in this country because she talks a lot about democracy.

The Book says:

"Let us examine the consoiracy theory. It is a Fascist way of capturing power. It operates in two ways.

And it is precisely how Hitler captured power in Germany.

Dual operation to fascism

Firstly, the power must be captured by a method which should have the pretence of legality. Our 'Article 32 of the Constitution is similar to a provision of the 1919 German (Wisman) Constitution. Hiller took adventage of this provision of the German Constitution and, like Smit. Gandhi, propounded a conspiracy theory which a sick German Nation swallowed true to the day when they allowed themselves to be duped."

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Don't record.

...

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Sir, i will quote one recent example: The trial of ex-President Celai Bayar, Mr. Aduan Menderes (the former Prime Minister) and nearly 600 members and leading supporters of the former Democratic Party regimé opened on October 14, 1960, on the island of Yassiada."

Then it says, and I would not like to read the whole thing ...

MR. SPEAKER: Please conclude.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: Then it goes on:

"The most serious of the 18 charges was that of violation of the Constitution..." borelby curtailing the freedom of movement of Opposition leaders and forcible repression of the student demonstrations in April 1990. In edition.....charged with misuse of public money and other offences...

The most important of the series of trials, that of Mr. Bayar, Mr. Menderes and 396 former Ministers and deouties on charges of violating the Constitution and attempting to set up a diclatorial regime, opened on May 11, 1961.....

The court announced the sentences on Sep. 15. Mr. Bayar, Mr. Minderes, Mr. Zorlu and Mr. Polatkan were condemned to death by a unanimous vote of the judges."

This trial shows that those who subverted democracy and wanted to establish a dictatorial rule were sentenced to death. This House has to take note of this judgment. Let us not lose sight of the gravity of the offence that a Member of this House has committed.

[&]quot;A. TURKEY-The Yassiada Trials-Execution of Mr. Menderes, Mr. Zorla and Mr. Polatkan-Ex-President Bayar sentenced to Life Imprisonment

Mil Si EAKER I have got the name of Shri Ram Jethmalam here Personally I would rather advise you not to speak. We must develop some consortion.

SHRI B SHANKARANAND SIR, are you allowing a member of the Privilege: Committee to speak?

MR SPEAKER If I allow one, I will have to allow others also

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI This point was reach on Finday and the Diput's posler, ruled that there is no rule that no member of the Privalence Comin the can participate in the distinsion.

MR SPFAKER If I have under stood the Deputy Speaker correctly, he only said that you have resigned and frecefore you are speaking. That information given to the Deputy-Speaker is not correct.

SHRI RAM IETHMALANI According to you there is no procedent. We want to set up new precedents

198 SPEAKER That is why I do not want the precedent of the members of the Privileges Committee span u g vere The members of the Privileges Committee are quasi judicial members.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI When allerations are made against the Committee what should we do? Can we brief somebody?

MR ST_ARER If there are some Perezel explorations

SHILL HAM JETHMALANI Unless to unit to s ut it out, I do not mant to s ut it out, I do not mant to s united in the state of the state o

"In Charle I am ruling that the fact to grant be provided to spain be that the fact of the process to the process to the fact

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Sir, I am rising on a point of order (Interruptions) Sir, you have been pleased to say that the convention must be maintained that no Member of a Committee of the House which has gone into this matter should be permuted to participate in the debate on the Report of that Committee. That is indeed a health; convention. But when does it prevail? It prevails when the Chair protects the dignity of that Committee And then there is another parameter, and that is that in no democracy of the world the Commiliten is castigated in the manner in wh, h it has been sought to be done in this House (Interruptions) So, Sir unless the two conditions exist, viz no Member is allowed to cast a reflection on the Committee and secondly unless the Speaker burself comes to the defence of that Committee every "lember will have a right to

Therefore your ruling is not tenable at all in the circumstances which you have allowed to prevail in the House. We can not stand by that kind of ruling. It is not a healthy ruling because on lave at no point pailed up the kembers of the House when they were exsigning the Committee, casting all kinds of aspersions and reflections on the Committee, Now, if you don't allow the Members to come eat in their edf-defence, it is not a preper thing to do.

exercise his ight of self-defence

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Mr Prime Minister,

(Interruptions)

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI My
written resignation is with you already Accept it here and now I

MR SPEAKER I didn't follow you,

want to speal

SHRI RAN JETHMALANI My written resignation from the Privilence Commuttee is in your possession for the lass few days. I request you to

accept it here and now. I want to sneek.

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MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Jethmalani. excepting any personal explanation, if any aspersion is cast on any Member, perfectly you are right, I have allowed that. Beyond that there is nothīng.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: he is saying is that the proceedings of the entire Privileges Committee are unconstitutional, illegal and unfair.

'MR' SPEAKER: That is not the point you have to raise. That is a matter to be judged by the House.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: No. Sir. But the House does not know what has happened. The House should be tola by us.

MR. SPEAKER: The Report will show that.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: It is very difficult to find out these two points. How you can say that they have read them?

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have called the Prime Minister.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: Sir, I am on a point of order.

(Interruptions)

PROF. DILIP CHAKRAVARTY: Mr. Speaker, Sir. from the 7th onwards, I have submitted my name to the Parliamentary Affairs Minister as also to you. You have not thought it fit to call me and you have called the Prime Minister. I do not like to stand between you and the Prime Minister, but as a protest against your discrimination, I stage a walk-out.

Prof. Dilip Chakravarty then left the House.

SHR: VAYALAR RAVI: Sir, I am

on a point of order.

(Interruptions)

SHRURAM JETHMALANI: If you are trying to save time and keep your time schedule, I will accept your ruling that I should not speak. But please don't put me off on the ground that I am barred because I am a Member of the Committee of Privileges. The Member alone can defend himself against the charges of the kind that have been made. But I do wish to say that every charge which has been made is baseless, is a calumny, is a lie. is motivated and has been inspired by Mrs Gandhi

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: You have had enough debate. I am not allowing any further debate.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Are you clear in your mind. . . (Interruptions)

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mormugae): You have denied me the right

to speak against the nunishment ** MR. SPEAKER: Don't record.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: May I make a submission before you call the Prime Minister? In the nature of the motion hefore the House, it is necessary that different sections of the House are given a hearing.

MR. SPEAKER: All sections have been heard, all parties have been heard.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: After all, not much will be lost by giving a few more people a chance to address the House.

MR. SPEAKER: No, we have spent nearly nine hours. There is no point, The Prime Minister. (Interruptions)

33 L SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkil) This will go on record, this country should know what happend. This is a matter which is going to be the history of Parliament It is a matter most important for democracy I have to give my opinion. This opinion should so on record because we are political beings and people to norrow should know what we spoke on this occasion. It is a matter of a few more minutes The day the Prime Minister moved the motion I moved three or four amendments because I hoped that at least I would get a chance My party is not one now, and there are three or four opinions. You must have the wisdom to allow some more Members to speak. The debate so far has gone into personalities, not the ments of the case. The right of a Member

There are many easualties today MR. SPEAKER I have given enough time to every party, every section, and even for differential opinions within parties. (Interruptions)

to speak is also becoming a casualty.

SHRI VASANT SATHE. When 304 are sitting in a court, do you say that every Judge will not have the right to give his opinion? Every one must have the right. Let them have the right. Why do you stop them? (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Let there not te a fee ng left behind that the persons who wented to make observators did not have an opportunity to place the r views before the House

MR SPEAKER Flore are 50 persors mae that.

SHERI C VL STEPPEN THE PREamption is that thus is not a party issue D'erert Members will have their oun point of view and time is filther and of he matter at all Mornors are s.t. 3 not as a Heuse De tog a Bill the, 2 e sitting as 2) - well body so a se burnel of and wron Therefore, I they want to per area and est point of sier, it with a cortra crion of natural

of Committee of Privileges justice if those voice are barred Left to myself, I want to even plead that the Members of the Prauleyes Committee be permitted to speak. I have nothing against it I am submitting that it should not be that the debate is hustled through.

Third Report

MR SPEAKER Hustled?

SHRIC M. STEPHEN I am not making any accusation against you. You have tried to distribute the time as well as possible But that is not enough. If any Member feels that he has a point of view to put across, then he must be permitted to put across his view Speaking for the people on this side, we are naturally the affected party because our leader is the person who is arraigned. Now, I speke, Mr Venkatasubbian spoke Is it enough? One or two more people want to speak. We must be heard. We on this side must be fully heard, I must upon that. This House must not take up this resolution without hearing us in full. This, I am insisting upon. Give some time to some Members and that will satisfy That is what I am urging upon. (Interrup-(tons)

MR. SPEAKER 1 am sorry

SHRI MORARJI DESAL II my bon. friends want more time, I do not know how long they want How long can it go on? iı

MIR SPEAKER There wai be no

SHRI MORARJI DESAI II all the Members are to 'peak, then we will have to sit for 15 days It cannot .c (Interruptions) All the Members cannot speak I do not know roa much (Interruptions) why are they shouting like this? I cannot understand this Is this the way? (Interruptions) My hon friends opposite ob, ected, the Leader of the Opposition appealed to rie that when Shrimati Indira Gandhi was speaking, the should be heard. But when I speak. must they not hear me? If this is the way they behave ... (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I appeal to the Members to kindly hear the Leader of the House in silence. (Interruntions)

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: I cannot understand this kind of procedure. If one or two more hours are to be given, I will not object. But there must be an end to it. It cannot go on indefinitely, (Interruptions) I do not understand this. They shout and when others shout, they object. Is this the way to do it? How are we going to carry on the work of this House-I do not understand. (Interruptions) I will have no objection if two more hours are to be given for it to be finished. But then it has to be understood that nobody will ask for more. I can understand it. We had fixed six hours and we have taken how many hours.

MR. SPEAKER: More than hours.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI; We have taken more than ten hours. For how long this will continue? I do consider that it is an important matter. it is an unprecedented matter. Therefore, I do not want to say that no more time need be given. We can adjourn it and take it up tomorrow. But we have to finish it tomorrow within two hours. If that is agreed, I have no objection.

SHR! C. M. STEPHEN: We are willing to cooperate if it is ... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Two hours tomorrow-that is what he said,

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: And today upto 5.30. (Interruptions)

that this was to be finished by MR. SPEAKER: 5.30 p.m.

5 O'elock today.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: It is not going to be finished and we have a guest, the Prime Minister of Singa, pore. I changed all his timings hecause of this and then fixed time with him at 5 O'clock. Therefore, this can be adjourned and let it be continued for two hours tomorrow and we can finish this.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: May I say

MR. SPEAKER: I take it that both sides are agreed that we are going to have 2 hours more tomorrow and finish

SOME HON, MEMBERS: Ves

MR. SPEAKER: So, that is agreed to

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: May I ask a question? The Prime Minister has fixed up his appointment. He had to cancel it because he had to reply to the debate here. What is wrong in allowing other members to speak? Nothing stands in the way. He need not be present all through; he is not present all through. Let other members speak.

MR. SPEAKER: He has to reply.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: But the notes are being taken. He is not present all through.

MR. SPEAKER: It will continue tomorrow from 2 to 4 O'Clock

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: The Business Advisory Committee should be wound up because you take a decision there and you flout it here.

MR. SPEAKER: We will continue with the Bill that was going on.

(Taking Over of Manag) Bill

335 13 12 hrs.

> ISHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN in the Chairl

> SUGAR UNDERTAKINGS (TAKING OVER OF MANAGEMENT'S BILL-Contd

MR. CHATRMAN The House will now continue discussion on the Sugar Undertakings (Taking over of Management) Bill.

Dr. Buoy Mondal to continue his speech, he is not here Shri Yuvrajhe is also not here Dr Ramii Singh

हा॰ रामजो सिंह (भावलपुर) समापति महोदय भीनी मिलों का प्रधिपहण करने के लिए जो कदम नढावा गया है उस के विषय में यहां चर्चा हो रही है। हम लागी ने यह तो रेखा है कि चीनी उद्याग सकट के बाद सकट से गजरता जा रहा है, भीर मधी जो स्थिति माननीय मधी भी ने बतायी उसमें एक तरह में बरदान भी है भार प्रमित्ताप भी है। कभी देव में इतनी चीनी हो गई है कि विशे का भी एक वहत बढा प्रस्त है । इसीनिए यह कहा बाता है कि कभी-कभी सक्ट प्रमान से होता है. संकिन बतमान समय में जो चोनी ना सकट है वह श्रमाव के बारण नहीं बल्कि बहुतता के कारण है। प्रोन्तेम पाष प्लेन्टी है। इसीलिए हमारे सामने यह कठिनाई है। बास कर विदेशों में भी हुए उस का वियात करने में सकूबाते हैं, कारण कि बहां बीनी की दर कम होती है। इसीविए मरकार को पाटा उठाना परता है।

इस समय हम चीनी की मौति से सर्वाधत बात कर रहे हैं। अब बोनी की कोई नीति हमारे सामने चावी है को हमें दीन बादों पर ध्यान रखना पडता है। एक तो जो चौनी की नीवि हम बना रहे हैं, उस में प्राईस पर कितना प्रसर परता है। पहले बीनी का मूल्य पब तक डोक्ट्रोल नहीं हुया था, 3 रूपमें 25 पैसे से सेकर इस्पने तक या बौर लेवी की भोनी का मूल्य 2 रुपये 30 परे तक था। वानी एवरेंज जो जोडा ग्री है वह 2 रुपये 63 वैसे या । संकिन झद चीनी की दर स्वा है ? पनर बीनी की दर 2 श्रवे 63 वह से हम है वो हम को मानना चाहिमें कि सरकार की चीनी की नीति सही है भौर धवर बीनी का मन्य 2 रूपने 63 पैसे प्रति हिस्तो से ज्यादा है तो मानना चाहिये कि चीनी को नीवि विकत हुई है। मभी भीनी का मृत्य इत से कम है, इस्तिए हम मानते हैं कि चीनी उद्योग की नीटि इस क्वोदी के बाबार पर गही है।

दुवसे कमौटी चीनी उदाव की उत्सादन मृत्य पर निरंत्रेष है।

दीवरी है कि दिसान भीर मिन के सादी का चन्की क्षेत्रव विननी बाहिये या नहीं ?

यह दोनों कसीटी हमारी चीनी की नीति के खिलाफ बाती हैं। प्राव न तो किसान यूपी है भीर न मिल-गालिक । मिल-मालिक भी रोते हैं भीर किसान यह को जनाते हैं। इसलिए चीनी की हम तीन नीतियों को सेते हैं-मूल्य पर, उत्पादन मूख घोर नियतम पर मौर किसान व मिल के लोगों को मच्छी कीमत देने पर । इस वरह से दीसरे में हम विपल होते हैं। इसीसिए जब चौनी को नई नीति की घोषणा को पर्द, चौर खास तौर से इस प्रगतिशील बिल का क्रिय-मारिको को स्वासत करना चाहिये. सेकिन हमारे वास अखबारों की दर्जनों कतालें हैं जिसमें शहर बैरन्स ने, जो बड़े-बड़े चीनी मिलो के मालिक हैं. उन्होंने बढ़ा हाहाबार मचाया भीर कहा कि यह बतत है। मगर बैरन्स ने कहा कि सरकार की नीति गसत है। वस्तुत वह चाहते ये कि सरकार पैसा देती रहे भीर बह चीनों के बिलों को उसी तरह से जारी रखें। सेकिन जैसा माननीय मुद्री जी ने प्रभी बताया कि भीती मिल-मालिकों ने किसानी को उन का रूपया भी नहीं दिया है, ऐसी स्थित में इस को यहा लाने के प्रसादा भीर कोई इसरा बिक्स्प नहीं है। सेकिन में एक बात यहां बहना चाहमा कि यह तो हाफ-हार्डेड मेबर है। यह बहुत है कि 3 बरस के लिये लावे हैं, यह तो नाहरर हों शोर शी है। यह राष्ट्रीयकरण भी पूरा नहीं है और राष्ट्रीयकरण भी नहीं है। इस सिए प्राप खुद प्रहतास नरें कि यह मिल-मासिक जो करोडों-करोड रूपमा सरकार से सन्दिश का लेते हैं और किसानों को नहीं देते. हैं, यह कहा तक ठीक है । इसिनए या वो उनके मिली की माप रोप्टीयकरण कीजिए, नहीं तो यह कुछ नहीं है। यह जो 3 बरस के लिये साबे हैं, यह हाफ-वे है।

इवलिए नेस बनरोध है कि घगर हमारे मही महोदय शावते हैं कि मिल मालिक किसानों का गोपण करते हैं. बन्ना उत्पादको का शोषण करते हैं, तो वह मिलो का राष्ट्रीयकरण करें। भ्रमी भाष करोड़ो रुपया लगायेंगे भीर योर्ड दिन, 3 बरस के बाद उन्हीं को दे देंगे हो यह खराब है। इसीसिए यह जो सुगर महरटेकिंग्ज (टेकिंग मोबर माभ मैनैजमेंट) दिले हैं, इस का हम स्वावत करते हैं, सेकित यह एक हाफ हाटिड मेबर है, यह परा समाजवादी भैचड नहीं है। इस में सरकार जो भी पैसा देवी, वह सब जहसूम में चला जावेगा। फिर यन्ना उत्पादक मुसीबत में पढ जायेंचे ।

MR. CHAIRMAN: Now I am calling the next speaker. Please conclude.

ब्र॰ रामको सिंह: सिर्फ दो मिनट ग्रीर।

MR. CHAIRMAN: I rang the bell long back. Mr. Rajagopal Naidu, have got a large number of speakers. It is an important subject.

Mr. Rajagopal Naidu.

SHRI P. RAJAGOPAL NAIDU (Chittoor): Madam Chairman, I congratulate the hon. Minister on bringing forward this Bill. But I want to know from him how far it is justified to allow them to get the money from the Government to clear the debts and to modernise their mills and then allow them to go scotfree without giving back that money. It is quite necessary to take over the mills. But when they take over, I want them to be either taken over by the Government permanently or nationalised. Otherwise, we just spend crores of rupees on these things and then give those mills away. If they are going to pay us

back what the Government is going

to pay to clear the dues of the sugar-

cane growers and what all we have to

pay to modernise the mills, then it is

justified. Therefore, I request the

hon. Minister to review the position

in that regard.

Now, with regard to foodgrains, we hundreds of mills, especially kendeari factories, are not taking sugareane. Many of the kendeari sugar factories are giving Ra. 4 to Rs. 5 per tonne and, therefore, the peasants are put to much hardship. I do not know what is the procedure adopted by the Government, whether they have to give notice, and then take over or when it is complained that the sugarcane has not been taken, then immediately they can take over. We want to know that.

Now, they may say that they are having sugar stocks with them and, therefore, they are not able to pay the arreors. The arrears do not belong to this year, but they belong to the previous years. Therefore, they must be paid immediately.

It is said that the loans of the Government and the other things are added as a the first charge and, therefore, they are not able to clear off the dues. As the Minister has brought this Bill. I request the Minister to see that the private sugar mills pay their arrears as the first charge. Then it is very easy for the Government to see that

the dues are cleared. The Minister knows that more than Rs. 60 crores are to be paid. Therefore, we want to know how he is going to see that these dues are cleared.

The opening stock of sugar is 35 lakh tonnes. Only 6-1/2 lakh tonnes of sugar are going to be exported. What about the other part of the sugar? Now the crushing season has come and more than 60 lakhs of sugar are going to be with us. Therefore I want to know what the Government is going to do with sugar. Are they going to export sugar or not? If they want to export sugar are they going to explore the possibility of doing it? Previously the Government had, by selling sugar in foreign countries, earned nearly Rs. 400 to Rs. 500 crores. We had then agitated to have a reserve fund with that profit so that it may be utilised when the sugar prices come down. Now the sugar price has come down. Therefore, keeping that experience in mind, I request the Minister to see that a revolving fund is constituted so that the profit may go into it; if loss comes, then disbursement can be made to the cane-growers from out of that,

Now. with regard to foodgrains, we have created a buffer stock. That means, we are withdrawing some quantity of foodgrains from the market. Therefore, we are stabilising the prices of foodgrains. Likewise, I request the Minister to see that at teast I million tonnes of sugar is purchased by the government and kept in reserve so that if at any time, the crop fails, then it is quite easy for the government to distribute it to the people.

I hear that the market is rising in foreign countries. Now is the time for us to export sugar and, therefore, I request the government to see to the possibilities of exporting sugar.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Ugrasen-he is not here,

Shri Harikesh Bahadur,

थी हरिस्स बहारर (गोरखपुर) मभापति महोदया म प्राप को प्रत्यदाद दना चाहना ह कि धाप ने मुझ बोरने का प्रवसर दिया । भाज नहीं कुछ दिनो से जब कभी भी इस सदन म इस बात की चर्चा हुई है कि ग्राज वा मनद हमार चीनी उद्योग म व्याप्त है उस के शिए क्या दिया आयं तो मन बराबर अपनी यह राय जाहिर को है कि बीती मिला वा राष्ट्रीयकरण किया बार । अब तक चीनी मिला का राष्ट्रीयकरण नहीं किया जाता तब तब बीनी मिन मासिक बराबर ही किसाना भौर मबदुरा का सायण करते रहये । इस सब्द्रम बद कमी हम न सबाद उठाया माननीय मती जी की तरफ स गढ़ी जवाब भागा कि सरकार ना इरादा राष्ट्रीयकरण का नहीं है । जिस्त मुझे झाब इत बात की खड़ी है कि कम सक्स गरकार न इस दिका में बुछ सीव विचार विया और राष्ट्रीयकरण के सबस म ग्रपदी एक नीति बनापी ।

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मध्य सरकार क इस विषयक का समयन करना है , और भैं इसीलिये खडा हुआ हु पकित म उस म कुछ कमी दछताह। कमी यह है कि यह टेक सोवर जा हो रहा है यह क्षिफ तीन वर्ष के निए हो रहा है। धनर यह सिर्फ तीन वह के लिए हो खा है तो इस का मदलब यह है कि सरकार प्रथने खनाने से पनीपतियों और मिल मालिको को कछ भागना परकाना चाहती है। घगर यह इरादा है ता म इम का विधेध करता है। तकित मैं मानता ह कि इभारी नरकार का यह इरोदा नहीं है। धगर गरेकार का यह इसदा नहीं है जसा कि मैं मानता ह तो मैं वह उम्मीद भी रहेगा कि मानतीय मबी जी इस बात को स्पेय्ट रूप से सदन संबतायने छीर सदन को ब्रवयत करायग कि यह इरादा सरकार का नहा है। निन्त सरनार का इसको न भी हो तो भी बर्टि भश्चित्रहण नवस तीन वध के निम क्या जाएगा सो उस से मिल मारिका को ही लाम होगा क्योंकि बाद उस कारखान को बनान के लिए जो कुछ भी पसा खर्च करण ग्रह में उस का लाभ उन्हां चीती मित मानिकों को मिलमा जो कि बाज मजदूरा और निसानी वा शोषण कर रह हैं। इमरिय म माननीय मुखी जी से इन दात का बनुरोध करूना कि वर निर्फ तीन वय के निर् ही इस का क्रांध्यहण न कर विलक्ष इन चीनी मिला का मधिप्रहण हमेशा के दिए कर और कदल दूछ मिला वा श नहीं बेल्कि सभी चीनो मिला का प्रविप्रटण कर । मान तौर भ उत्तरप्रवासीर विहार के संदर चीती मितानी ओरिपिए है वहा के किसानों धीर नजदूर की जो स्थिति है जेंग्र संगद्धी जी भ्रण्ठी उस्हें क घरणतः दोदे। तमाम रिसामा का लाखो रूपमा साब भी मिन गानिका पर बनाया है। एव-एक मिन पर कई-कई लाख रवदा बहाया है भीर प्रवर मन मिल दिशा जाए दो पता तहा जिल्ला करों गा दनाया है।

> तो हमें इन बीना यिना का सन्य क निष् व्यविष्ठण कर नना चाहिये । प्रक्रियहण करन से बार दन का माध्यमंद्रद्रमण का वरना चाहिये घोर दे हु हमसा के निये मरनारी नियमण में रेख कर इन्ते चलाने भी काश्रिक करून প্রারিয়ে

ग्राने वान दिनों म कभी भी उपभोश्नामा निसाना धौर उन मिलों में नाम करने बाने मजबरों का नुकसान न हा उन्ह भन्नपदा पहुचे उन नाओं कुछ भी पैसा रहता है उसे समय पर दिया जा सके भी उन के हिंतों का सरक्षण किया जा सके। में समझता ह कि ये चीनी मिल मालिक जो हिं किसानों मजदरों भीर उपभोक्तामी सबका भीषण कर रहे हैं जैन से उन्हें मुक्त करने की दिशा म माननीय महा जी मरनार को तरफ से यह वक्तव्य दमें कि इन बोनी मिला का राष्ट्रीयकरण हमेला के लिए हो रहा है न कि केवल तीन वय के लिए। इसी के नाय में पून इस विधवत ना समर्थन करता ह मीर धन्दबाद देता ह ।

SHRI G NARSIMHA REDDY (Adi labad) Madam, Chairman, on going through the objects and reasons of the Bill, I am really not able to understand as to whether this Bill is going to solve the problem of sugarcane growers or even the problem of sugar production to-day in this country? Here he says that because the sugar production has increased to 65 lakhs tonnes and about Rs. 53 crores have to be paid by the sugar factories to the sugarcane growers therefore they want to bring forward this Bill and they threaten the sugar factories that either they run them or they will take over the mills. If this is the object of the Government then I am totally opposing this Bill. But if the object of the Government is that they have got the full confidence and so they want to take over the sugar factories/ mills in the country and run them, well that is a very good idea. But here it is very clear from what the previous speakers and my other colleagues had mentioned that hey are doing this half heartedly I would like to draw the attention of the hon Mm ster that the problem is not this the solution is not absolutely this. The main problem as I understand it is the cost of production of which has increased in this country Madam Chairman we all know that the sugar in the market is being old at Rs 220 230 or 250 at the maxi mum This is the lowest price in the last thirty years I would like to bring to the notice of the hon. Minis t ter one thing Does he think that this lowest price can be maintained in this country at the same level? Of course, not. When you think that by nationalising the mills you are going to sulve the problems of the sugarcane growers, you are absolutely wrong, It is a fraud. You are against the agriculturists. You are not going to favour or support the sugarcane growers because you want to keep the price of sugar at Rs, 2.25 or 2.50. How is it possible for you to see that the sugar mills keep the price of sugar at this level? Do you want to reduce the sugarcane price or increase the consumer's price? I would say that when 70 to 80 per cent of the people constitute agriculturists in this country. there is nothing wrong in raising the price of sugarcane or maintaining the sugarcane price? Therefore, I appeal to the hon. Minister not to crush the sugarcane growers for the purpose of this 20 to 25 per cent of the people who stay in the city whose salary, D.A. and other allowances as also business income go on increasing and for whose sake you want to supply the sugar at the lower price? This is not a solution. My solution is, if the Government is interested in taking over the sugar factories completely, then it is very good. There is a glut in the market. We all know that it is because of the heavy production. And the F.C.I. should come forward to purchase the sugar; the result should be to maintain the falling price at minimum Rs. 3 a kilo and supply the same to the consumers and this gap of Rs. 0.50 per k.g. let the margin of profit go to the sugarcane growers. That is because they have to purchase the other commodities like steel and cement from the oven market to meet their requirements. You have to provide for their existence also. If you do not do that. I do not think the problem is going to be solved by you by simply taking over of the mills. I may assure you that you are further creating a problem because it will result in crores of rupees of loss to the Government exchequer. You can neither satisfy the agriculturists nor the consumers.

Therefore, one again I appeal to him to think over this problem and try to keep this as his first objective, namely, to save sugarcane growers by not supplying the sugar to the consumers at the lowest price as they constitute only 20 to 25 per cent of the population of this country.

17.00 hrs.

थी सक्ती नारायण नायक (खजुराहो): सभापति) महोदया,

श्री उप्रसेम(देवरिया) : सभापात महोदया, मेरा नाम भी था

MR. CHAIRMAN: I am sorry when I called your name you were not present in the House. Those are sitting in the House will get the opportunity first.

श्री सक्यो नारायण मासक: उपपारि गृहीययः ।
पार्यक्रीय स्वी प्रेसी कर ने प्रोणी करका (अस्य प्रदा्ध) शिक्षेष्ठ, 1978 प्रस्तुत्त किया है इस के अध्ये कर क्षेत्र में स्वी प्रीणी करका है इस के अध्या में में किर्तेष कराज सहाद हिए इस का आधार केश्व इक्त छो है कि शो भीता के अध्यान कर पूर्व हुए है या कर होने भी किस्ति में हु, मस्त्रा एक की अपने हुए में से हो भी परि इस के इस दायु है जा सुन के शाह कर में अपने हुए में मार्यक्र काम करते हुँ है करकारण काम करते गुँ भी मार्यक्र हुए है विकारण काम करते हुँ में मार्यक्र हुए है विकारण काम करते हुँ में मार्यक्र हुए है विकारण सक्त स्वार क्षेत्र में स्वार प्रदेश है में स्वर स्वार के स्वार का काम करते हुँ में मार्यक्र हुं में स्वर के स्वार के स्व

मै माननीय मझी जी मे जानना चाहता है---क्याइस का यह प्रभाव नहीं पडेगा कि देने में जो चीनी के कारवाने बलाते हैं, वे इस मानुन के पास होने के बाद उन कारखानों को इस तरह से चलामेंने कि जो उस की बामदनी होगी, उस को ने अपने हित में सर्च करेंगे बीर कारवाने को विधियत न चला कर रूप करने की स्थिति में लादेंगे, उस से नालायज फायदा उठायेंगे और सोचेंगे कि भारत की सरकार तो वडी जोकप्रिय है, वह इस की प्रपने हाथ में ले लेगी प्रोट ठीक बना देगी और उस के बाद फिर यह हमारे हाम म बा बाएगा। इस कामून हे जो गलत मनोवृत्ति के लाग है, उन को प्रथम मिलेगा। इस लिए मसी जी को इस वृद्धि से इस पर विचार करना चाहिए कि गही इम फ़ायून से कोई नाजायण फायदा तो नही उठा वेवा ?

[थी सबमी नारायन नायक]

मैं इस धवसर पर भाग से नेवन इतना निवेदन करना पाहता हुकि मशी वितने रल-कारखाने है. उन के पताने की जा प्रक्रिया है, वह दूपिन हैं। जितने मिल-मालिक है, वे यही नाहते हैं कि इस से हमारा निजी फायदा ज्यादा हो. सेकिन होना यह चाहिए कि उन को पायदा तो हो सेकिन वो उपमोक्ता है, उस में काम करने वाल सबहर है, उन का भी उससे कायदा होना बाहिए. केवन मिल-माविक ना निजी स्वार्व ही उस से पूरा नहीं होना पाहिए। भाग शारवानो को स्पिति विगडने ना मृत कारण यही है कि मिल-मालिका में उन भारधीनों को सही वरीक से नहीं चुलाया, उन ना अपने हित में दूरपयोग निया, उन से नाजायन फाबदा उठाया-वित्र से यह स्थिति पैश्च हुई हि याज मरकार द्वारा उन को प्रपते हाथ में सेने की बात हो रही है।

मेरा द्रगय निवेदन यह है कि मात हम को ू इस बार को बड़ी बारीकी से देखना चाहिए कि ओ [भोनो पैदा करते हैं, वे चाहते हैं कि हमारी चीनो बहुगी विके और जो उपभाकता है, वे चाइते है. कि इम को घोती सस्ती मिल । किमान बाहता है कि हमें गर्थे भी कीपत ज्यादा मिले धीर मिल मानिक भाहता है कि हमें उस की कम कीमत देती पड़े, ताकि हवें भीनी सस्ती बेचने में मदद मिले । यह बाउ विसद्भल यही है कि माज विसाद को गते को वात्रिय कीमत नहीं निल रही है। मैं माप से महनहीं वह रहाह कि उन को उस की ज्यादा कीमत दी जाए, क्लोकि ऐसा करने से उन्ह का टुमरे सोगा पर भी घसर पढ़ना, बल्कि मैं यह चाहता हु कि विचान के तन्ना उत्पादन में की उपकरण समते हैं, निचाई की जो दर है, बीज और वाद-ये सब उस का सस्ते मितने बाहिए । यदि ये वस्तुर्वे उस को सस्ते दामों में उपलब्ध हो, डो क्तित कभी देश बाद को नहीं कहना कि हमें गरी को ब्यादा क्षेत्रत मिले । इस तिस् में बाहुता हू कि मात्त्र इत फोर प्र्यान दें। यह बाद भी सब है कि बच्चे के उत्पादन में कितान का ब्यादा समय लमडी है। दूसरी क्यांसे विकास साह में डीन बार पैटा कर लेटा है, लेकिन मन्ने को प्रतत में उस का बाल-बर भग जाता है, उस को ज्यादा से भ्याचा पानी देना पहुंता है स्थादा परिश्रम करता वहता है उनकी स्वकानी करनी पहुती है भीर रर गद बार्ज के लिए उसे ज्यारा कीयत बुकानी व्यक्ती है। इत नितृ में चाहता हू कि ऐसी दिवनि बनाई बाब, दिव से दिनान को ज्यादा से ज्यादा

एक बात में इस मवसर पर यह निवेदन करना चाहता ह-मरहार ने चीनी की "खलासी" बरके एक बहुत प्रविधा नदम उद्यापा है। वरना इसनी बार में हर प्रदेश में. हर बिले में. हरे गाव में. नाजायज पायदा उदावा जाता था। बिन को कोटे की चीनी मिलती वी -बिद उनको 10 बोरी मिसी, तो केवल दो बोरी वे दुसरे लोगो को बेचते थे, बाकी सब माल ब्लेक में बाता था । पहले जनता को बंदी परेशानी होती थी । लविन चीनी की खलासा कर के भाषने ग्रन्छ। काम हिया है। मैं भाषचे बहुता ह कि इस से जनवा में बढ़ा सकाय है और यह पहती हैं कि जनता पार्टी ने चीनी का बनासा करक बहुत धन्छ। राम किया है। अनुता चाहती है कि ऐसे बहुत सारे काम गाम करते रहें।

बाज बाप चीनो सारवानो को बपने हाथ में ले रहे हैं। सनिव भावको देखना होगा कि इन का दुरपयोग न हो, काई नारधाने वाला नाजावन सायदा न उठाये ।

इन शब्दा के साम में इम दिल का गुमधन करता

SHRI DHIRENDRANATH BASU Madam Chairman, I sup-(Katwa) port the Bill. In supporting the Bill, I would like to tell the hon Minister that after nationalisation of the sugar factories he should see that these are not again handed over to the same management It has been found out from records that they have already exhausted all the resources and they are not fulfilling the objectives at any rate. The production should be continued and to keep the continuity of production, the management should be overhauled Now, when the factories are taken over. you should modernise them. But after modernisation, if you again hand over them to the same management, then all the money spent by the Government for modernisation will go in vain. It will become a waste So, for continued production and for running the factories regularly, the management should be reshuffled and you should see that all the sugar factories are running well and the cane growers get benefit regularly You should also see that they get remunerative price for their produce. It has been found from the records that a large payments are outstanding for the last one

year or so, as a result of which cane growers are suffering very badly and constantly. So, it is the duty the Government to see that things do not recur. I would request the Government to nationalise these factories immediately. It has been our experience that these factories. management of which has been taken over, are not running properly. They are getting sick day by day, ratner they are dying slowly. So, there should he a guarantee that these factories would be run well and efficiently and all the efforts for running them efficiently should be made right earnest. Madam Chairman, I would like to appeal to the hon. Minister through you, to nationalise all the sugar factories immediately and see that the interests of the people, interests of the can growers are fully safeguarded. With these words, I conclude,

श्री युवराज (कटिहार) : सभापति, महोदया, इस सदन में जो विल माननीय मंत्री जी ने पेश किया है उस के समर्थन में म खंडा हुआ। हैं । ग्रष्यादेश जिस महामहिम राष्ट्रपति औँ ने 9 नवम्बर को जारी किया यो कि सरकार विजेष परिस्थितियों में इन मिलों के ग्रहण को अपने प्रवन्ध में लेती है, यह इस-लिए किया गया था कि जो चीनी मिलों से मालिक हैं ग्रपनी मिलों को बन्द रखते हैं ग्रीर किसानों के जो करोड़ों रूपए उनके पास वकाया है जिसका भुगतान उन्हें करना है, वह नहीं करते हैं । पिछले वर्षेत्रीर इस वर्षेभी कोफी े मन्ना खेत में पड़ा रहंगबाधोर धव तक पैराई का काम पूरा शुरू नहीं हुआ है। इस विल का मुख्य उद्देश्य वहाँ है कि गन्ने की पैराई समय पर हो बीर किसान को उस बन्ने का मूल्य मिलों जो वह मिल को देता है । प्रगर कोई मिल मालिक ठीक से मिल का प्रवन्ध नहीं कर सके तो उस ग्रवस्था में सरकार को वह हक हासिल होगा कि वह उस मिल का प्रबन्ध प्रहण चर से इंडस्ट्रियन डिवेंसेपमेट रेग्यसेशन एक्ट के तहत । चेकिन प्रापको सुन कर ताज्जुब होगा कि बिहार की सरकार ने 25 मिलों को टेर्ज बोबर किया या। इस देक ग्रोधर के ग्रिलाफ मिला मालिक कलकत्ता हाई कोर्ट में चले पए और वहां से अन्तरिम विषेधाला से आए । अगर यह काम पहेले हो गया होता को फिर ऐसी परिस्पिति पैदा म हुई होती। यह सुन कर भी ग्रापको धारकर्वहोगा कि हमारे वहां को वे 25 मिले जो ली गई है बन्दे पड़ी हैं बौर अर्व तक कोर्ट गा फैसला नहीं हो जोता है जब तक ये मिल किसान से गंधा लें कर उनकी पैराई भी नहीं कर सकती है।

देश में 288 मिले हैं। इन मैं से लगमग आधी ने पराई का काम सूर्य किया है सीर वाकियों ने नहीं किया है। 20वीं सदी के प्रारम्भ में कीकी उद्योग हमारे यहां प्रारम्भ हवा था । 1931 में उत्तर प्रदेश में कूल 29 मिलें थी। उनका इतना विकास हथा और किसान ने गन्ने की इसनी खेती की कि वह संख्या बढ़ कर प्राज 85 हो गई है। करीब 13-14 लाख हैक्टर में उत्तर प्रदेश में गन्ने की खेती होती है। विहार में तगमगदी लाख हेक्टर में होती है। महाराष्ट्र में 2 साख 32 हजार में होती है। दक्षिण भारत में शगर इंडस्टी कोग्रोप्र-टिय सैक्टर में ज्यादातर है । वहां अच्छी रिकवरी होती हे बीर प्रोडकशन भी अच्छा होता हैं। वहां की मधीनें जो है, यंद्र जो है वे काफी ग्राधनिक है, बच्छे साधनों का वे प्रयोग करती है। उत्तर भारत में वहां पहले से ये मिलें चसी ग्रा रही हैं काफी पुरानो हो चकी है और इसका नतीजा यह है कि उत्पादन सागत भी ज्यादा आती है और रिकवरी भी कम होती है।

अप किन मिलो को लेंगे ? धाप ऐसी मिलों को भेना चाहते हैं जो बन्द है, जिन के पान किसानी का करोड़ों स्पया वकाया है, जिन के शस सरकार के टैक्सों का बकाया है, जिन के पास बैको का बकाया है, जो काफी पुरानी पढ चनी हैं। उनका प्रयन्त भी आप तीत बरस के लिए ही बहुण करेंगे ।

17.11 hrs.

[SHRI DHIRENDRANATH BASU in the Chairl.

खबर छाप विल लाना चाहते थे तो छाप भगी ऐसा बिल नहीं लाये जिस में उनको नैशनलाइक करने को व्यवस्था होती। चीनी देश की कैंग्र ऋप है, ऐसा पदार्थ है जिससे किसान की मदद होती है। इसको बाहर भेज कर हम विदेशी मद्रा भी धर्जित करते हैं। हम ने तय कर रखा है कि यहां गिक्ट इकोनोमी घरोगी । अगर मिक्टड इकोनोमी वले हो दो ऐसी मिले जो मिल मालिक कर्जले के कर बलाते हैं और जिन को धाप माडनाइज करते हैं उनको क्यों नहीं लेते हैं। जो मिले बन्द पड़ी रहती हैं क्यों नहीं ब्रगर जरुरी हो को इंटस्ट्रियल ध्रियेलेपमेट रेग्युसेशन एक्ट में संबोधन करके भी, बुनियादी संघोधन करके भी उनको नैशनलाइज करने की स्वयस्था की जाती है ?

ग्राज बिहार की सरकार ने 25 मिले ली हैं ग्रीर उनको लगभग 47 करोड स्पंपा कप्पॅसैशन के तीर पर देने की व्यवस्था करती है। उनको नेश्वनलाइज तो करना ही चाहिए लेकिन साथ शाय हम को यह ब्रावधान भी करना चाहिए कि ग्रगर शितपृति करनी हो हे तो वह सांकेतिक ही होगी , यह नहीं कि बहुत बड़ी राशि हम उनको देंगे ...

कुछ माननीय सदस्यः कोई क्षतिपूर्ति नही ।

थो मचराजः मैने सांगेतिक कहा है। कांग्रेस सरकार ने भागंव कमिशन का गटन किया और राष्ट्रीयकरण करने की पृष्टि से ही उसका भटन किया बना था । उस कमिशन की रिपोर्ट आई [धो ध्वराज]

उठ रिपोद वा रोजनी संबंधनस्ट को काने का रास्त्रा सर्व करना चाहिए । जनदर्ग के सीर दन के दित में भीर रिसान के हित में जो खन्दा हो वही हमनो प्रविश्वार राजा चाहिए । प्रान विद्वार म 25 मिल तो गई है धौर दीन मिले विद्वार की जिटिहा इदिया कारणारेमन की - अरहोरा, चनपटिया सीर शाराचिक्या है जिनमें 49 प्रतिक्रत सवर सरकार का है और एक निल पबरबी वाली से बन्द ह ! मुख्यत तान, चार प्रात्ता में चीवी की पिल चलती है जैन उत्तर प्रदान बिहार, महाराष्ट्र मीर यान्त्र प्रदेश में, ब्रीर मन्त्र प्रीन्तों में बोड़ा बहुत बीची हा उत्पादन होता है । हमकी बीची मिला व बार में एक नरीयर नट पालिकी प्रदाप्ट करली होगी कि मालिका का दिल दखना है या किलाना शार मजदरो का दिव देवना है। प्रवीपीत दो चाहन है कि भूगीकर में उनको छूट ही, वह बाही है कि बम ब्याब पर उनका खेप मिले, बढ बाहत हैं कि मीदना ईवशन क लिए उनको उद्यार मिले । या इमें यह सायना है कि जो मिल माजिक पराने हिचारटर है जिन पर मजदुरों का और विश्वानों का कराहा एपया बाकी है, जो मजदूरी को विकिटमाइज करते हैं ऐसी समाम भिक मिली की वैशनसाइज इसी की बदात है जितन दह क विचाना घीड उनता को नई दिशा मिले ।

SHRI P VENKATASIIBRAIAH (Nandyal), Mr Chairman, Sir, 1 welcome this Bill with certain reservations. This Ordinance has been replaced by this Bill to take over certain sick sugar mills and provide remunerative prices to the cane prowers. fair price to the consumer, or has been stated in the statement of objects and Yessons

Shri Mani Ram Bagri is the Scere tary of the Kishan Samelan. Under the leadership of Shri Charan Singh, they are going to hold big rally on 23rd December, 1978, to highlight problems of the Kisans. And the Mines fer who is piloting the Bill is a close associate and admirer of Chaudhuri Sahab

I am reminded of the biblical sayme, the parable of the produgal son The factories are modernised duce are cleared. The sugar factories are but in a perfect working conditions and given back to those explorters who have been exploiting at the cost of the sugar cane growers in

But I do not suggest. this country at the same time, that nationalisation is a remedy or an answer for all these evils. There are instances where the nationalisation did not work mula has to be evolved by the Minister because this industry is an agrebased industry. It gives employment to a large number of people and also livelihood to the case growers who have been there for ages to come. You have to give the kisan the farmer his due who is doing his national He is doing national duty to the people. He should not be neglected. If he is neglected, then it is only at the peril of the Government and the country.

(Takıng Over

of Manag) Bill

Another factor which I would like to bring to the notice of the Minister is with regard to cooperative sugar factories which are under construc-There are several cooperative sugar factories in the country which are being beensed. Some incentives were given to them so that they might become viable. The cost of construction has gone up from Rs. 60-70 lakhs to Rs. 65 crores, for a capacity of 1250 tonnes A Committee was constituted under the chairmanship Mr Sampath and it suggested certain meentives One of the main incentives was to allow the new cooperatives to sell sugar in the free market Since sugar has been decontrolled, that has become urelevant Kisans have invested large amounts of money as share camital in the factories. It is not a private owner's factory; it is the kesans' factory They will have to underga terrible loss if government withdraws the incentives. Now after decontrol of sugar, financial institutions are not coming forward to give financial assistance to new cooperative factories. I plead with the hon Minister that kisans should not be penalised in this manner, for the simple reason that they have contributed their hard earned money for the share capital to the cooncrative sugar factories. Other exemptions are there, like exemption from excise

duty. These things are to be formulated; fresh incentives consistent with the present policy of the government must be made available 'to the cooperative sugar factories under construction. The hon, Minister has stated in his Bill that nearly 65 lakh tonnes of sugar is getting accumulated. What is he going to do to remedy the situa. tion and give help to the farmers who are not getting remunerative price for the cane? Are you going to ask them to stock growing cane and divert land to other agricultural produce which is impossible after having grown cane for ages? Or are you going to provide a reasonable price for the prowers. They have been at the mercy of sugar barons all these years; the sugar barons have exploited the government: they have exploited the growers. It looks as though the remedy seems to be worse than disease. You have to see that grower gets the benefit. I endorse the suggestion made by Shri Narasimha Reddy that even if you increase the price of sugar, the sugar distribution is defective. It is catering to the needs of orban population at the cost of the rural population. If it comes to that, you have to increase the price of sugar so that the cane grower can get the benefit.

Government should not hesitate to export such quantity of sugar as is possible. It should not limit it to 6.3 lakh tonnes, even if there is loss in international market. In the interest of kisans government should not hesitate to export more. There are several items where the government is incurring loss. They should not hesitate to subsidies sugar export because this industry is agro-bosed in dustry covering millions of kisans.

One word about the khandsari factories. I do not know what is bappening in other parties of the country. In some places they have gone into the hands of unserruptious elements and they are exploiting people in the name of khandsari factories. That also should be watched. With these few observations and with some reservations, in the present circumstances; I thank the Minister for having come out with this Bill. At least in a half way he is meeting the demands of the kisan-

भी जयमेन (श्विरिया): वभागति महोदय, मंत्री महोदय ने को विधोयक घटन के तमाश्र खाद में ज्यान स्वानत दो कर दहा हूँ, विश्वन में वमाला हुँ कि मंत्री महोदय में यह विशेषक धादों नियो-दियान हुँ कि मंत्री महोदय में यह विशेषक धादों नियो-दियान के पादा है। पें दर निया के द्वान्य-मध्यिक्षण के पादा में नहीं हूँ, विशा कि इस विधोयक में दिवा प्राप्त है इक्तर करिया चाडार होना माहिए। में त्री मध्यक्ष हुँ कि इन मित्रों के त्यांनित्व का प्रथिक्षण होंगा चाहिए।

बरकार की थोर से यह प्रध्यदेश निकास गया
या कि तकि निकां पर किया निकास के सान मिले पर निवास के सिका निकास के सान मिले पर निवास के सिका निकास निकास के सिका निकास नि

जत्तर श्रदेश में बार तरह की चीनी मिसे हैं । जार प्रदेश रोड़ेश्व में वी तरह के देखकर हैं एक डिटा कंकर सी हुमार बड़ा अंकरण्टरे और योगी डिक्ट कारते हैं । इसी तरह कर वें योगी डिक्ट कारते हैं । इसी तरह कर वें राज्य के प्रवाद हैं एक डोटा डाइन्टर भीर दुशर बड़ा डाइतर । बड़ी तक चीनी मिसों का सम्पन्त है, एक तो रितीवर्धीयन हो मिसे हैं । इनेक्टर तीग बात कारते हैं । यनप्यक्रीमी की तर्थ करने बात कारते हैं । यनप्यक्रीमी की तर्थ करने बात कारते हैं । यनप्यक्रीमी की तर्थ करने बाते की साम चीनी मिस की स्वातने के बार में या बाता हैं हैं देशीरा जिसे में योगा निक्ष, प्रमानीम प्यास बाता कुरा के बहसा है ।

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तीमरी कोमापरीटन मिलें हैं 1 उनमें से प्रत्येक पर निसाना का पानीन, प्रवास साख स्परा बकाया है। बौबी प्राइवेट मिनें हैं। वे सोग वहते हैं सजनी हमह राजनुभार--जन पर को किसाना ना बनाया है ही । वे सब स्थेप मिलें हैं । सरकार उन्हें ने हर न्या करेगी ? एक मैनजरन मुझे टेलीफान पर नहा कि हम चाहते हैं कि हमारी एक मिल ले ली खाए. वीन बरस के बाद जब वह ठीक हो जाएबी, तो हम फिर वे सेंगें। भिल मानिक सिपारिक करते है कि हमारी मिल का ले लिया जाए। भी रामधारी गास्त्री के क्षत्र में डिवोनी भिल, खड़हा मिल शीर धैतान मिल पर पडले चालीस, पदाम साध इपए बनाया था, लनिन सरकार द्वारा धविष्टहम के बाद वह बकाया बढ कर प्रत्मी प्रवासी लाख स्पर् हो

मैं मत्रो महादय को याद दिलाना चाहता ह !कि में ने इस बारे में टेन-पायट प्रोबाम रखा या । मैन मुझाब दिया या कि चीनों को शेनदोन दिया जाए ! वह सरनार ने कर दिया । बहुत सच्छा काम विया । मैन यह भी कहा या हिंसात लाखटन चीनी विदेश नो मेजी जाए। सरकार ने ऐसा नही किया । बहुत भी चीनी पोर्ट में पड़ी स्ट्री । एक स्प्राय यह भी या विचार पाच साख टन दीनी का बफर स्टाक दनाया जाए । इसके खसावा मैने यह भी मुताब दिया था कि गृह को एक्सपोट किया आए भौर खड़ताने की धृट दी जाए ।

चो स्टैब्टरी प्रास्त पित्तत को नई है, उत्तर प्रदेश भीर विहार की सरकार उससे तम दे रही हैं। हन 15 रपण मान रहे हैं यगर मालिकान कहने हैं कि हम नहा दना है--चाह बोन स्पए सवा ला, मनर हम मिफ सान स्पष्ट देंगा यूक चीक में 13 लाख हैक्ट्रेयर मं श्रीर बिहार में 4,5 लाख डक्ट्रेयर में गर्मा बोबा जाता है। हम एक दूसरे के पडीमी है, इयदव क साथा है।

मती तो नो में चनावनी देना चाहना हू क्यांकि हम स बहे हिसान है मती जी, गर्छ के, हम से ज्यादा धेन हैं इन के पान, ज्यादा ग्राम बोते हैं, में कहना चाहता हुकि प्रगर बाप हम नात्वा सोगा दी जिन्दमी ने माथ चिलवाड महा करना चाहते हैं, हे प्राप पुरावत व रहते ताल है, पूरव की घरती ने आप को पैदा किया है, इनने बढे पद घर है माप नारी चीनी मिलों के मार स्वामित्व को से सीविए और उस के निए ऐसी स्वत्या शीजिए जिस से हिसाना वा प्रतिनिधि रिप्रेष्ठ, वास्तुमन का रिस्ट धौर मनदूरा का प्रतिनिधि रिखए । यह अपनरनाही, राष्ट्रीयकरण और मरकारीकरण वे मेब पारत बात है, इन को स्ट्रिंग् । यह अबटा विधियन बापत से कर हा कथ धतन है, इसकी व्यापकता का ग्रीट स्थापक बना कर एक झन्छा मा विदेशक नावण लाकि भारी विचाक माजिन वायणन स्टम्हे, गदा स्मिता को रोट दान मिल धौर उनका जो बकाया है उसका भी पेमेंट उनको मिले, साथ ही भीनी कन्ज्यूमर्स की सस्ती मिले । इन्हीं गब्दा के साथ में भवनी बात समाप्त रस्ति है।

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भी रामनरेश कुछवाहा (सलेमपुर) . इस पर कल कितनी देर घोर बहेम होगी?

MR. CHAIRMAN: On the next day when this discussion is resumed, you will get your chance. Your name 15. there (seesse). .

17.32 hrs.

HALF-AN-HOUR DISCUSSION

SUGARCANE DUES IN U.P. AND BRIAR

MR CHAIRMAN: The House will now take up the half-an hour discussion Shri Rasheed Mascod,

थी रशीद मगुद (सहारनपुर) महोदय, हम पार भी करते हैं दो हा जाते हैं बदेनाम, बहु बदले भी करते है तो घर्चा नहीं होता ।

हिन्युस्तान के निमानी ना, गणा पदा करने ' वासा वा मी करोड़ के करीड़ रुपया इस वयत मिल मालिका के ऊपर यात्रिक है, उस के लिए तो दिसी को कोई तक्लीफ नहीं हो रही है, विसी को कोई उस नी किय नहीं है कि निमाना क बास बोदने के लिए लिहाफ नहीं है, उन के बच्चों के लिए कोई स्वेटर नहीं है, उन के पाम नोई मोट नहीं है तो जल्दी से जल्दी उस का पेमेंट क्या दें लेहिन अवर किमान अपने हक मापने के लिए 23 दिसम्बर की ग्रावाभ स्टाता है कि हम 23 दिमम्बर को इस्टेड हाये. क्सान-रैंकी करने ता उस के लिए बहुत और होर से हरामा विदा जाता है, उस का नावाम धरने की नोशिय की जाती है। प्रयर चौधरी चरण तिह किसाना नो केंग्र को से पर खड हो जाते हैं तो चौद्ररी चरण सिंह के खिलाफ एक महाज तैयार हो जाता है। भे पूछना चाहता हू इन महाज इस्टब करो बानो से कि निसाना का सी कराड रपया जो रह गया है जिस के वाजिब होने की वब्ह से किसानों के बंध्या को भाज सिहाफ नहीं मिल गहा है, जिस के वालिय होने भी वजह से विगानों के बच्चे भाव नहीं में नडप तडप कर शिवव परे हैं और एक एक लिहाफ के घटर साव-सात ब्राठ बाट बादमी मो रहे हैं उन को जन

का पैसा दिलाने की कोणिश क्यों नहीं की जाती

है ? एक यूपी के अंदर ही 3370.11 लाख रुपक्ष मिलों को तरफ बाजिय हे जिस को ग्राज

क्क नहीं दिया जा रहा है । पिछले सालों से

कुछ योडा बोडा वाजिब रहता है सेकिन पिछले

साल सो इनके वाजिब होने की इन्तहा हो गई

धीर वह किसानों को नहीं दिया जा रहा है।

बिहार में 87.62 लाख स्पया वाजिव है. उन

को दिलाने की कोई कोब्रिज नहीं की जाती है ।

यही नहीं कि किसानों का पैसा नही दिलाया जाता है, बड़े ताज्जब की बात है कि किसानों का जब

पैसा वाजिब होता है मिल की तरफ तो न उस

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को दिलाने की कोई कोशिश होती है और न उस के सपर कोई गुद मिलता है उन को, लेकिन जो किसान कर्ज लेता है गवनेमेंट से उसके क्रान्ट इंटरेस्ट लिया जाता है। जब कभी फ्लूड या जाता है या दूसरी मुसीवत या जाती है और उस रिकवरी को सस्पेंड कर दिया जाता है तो यह नहीं होता है कि जिस अरसे के लिए रिकवरी को सर्सेड किया गया उस का सूद न लिया जाय वल्कि अव उस को वसूल किया जाता है तो जिस अरसे के लिए रिक्वरी सस्पेंड की गई वी उस का सूद भी लिया जाता है। यानी फिसान का जी सी करोड़ स्पदा पड़ा हुआ है मिलों के ऊपर उस के अपर कोई सूद नहीं मिलता लेकिन उस के अपर भी रुपका पाणिक है गवर्नमेंट का उस के अपर वह सुद दे भीर उस भरते के लिए को सुद दे जिस में रिकवरी को सस्पेंड किया गया था। पहले मसलन पल्ड था गया वा, पस्ड में कुछ जगहों पर रिक्तवरी सस्पेंड कर दी गई सेकिन जब दोवारा रिकवर किया गता तो उस गरसे का सुद भी लेलिया गया। यह कक्षांका इंसाफ है। यही नहीं, घव की हमें इस का तजुर्वा हुया कि जब किसानों ने यह बात कही कि हमारे ऊपर जो कर्ज है हम उस का सुद नहीं देना चाहते, हम यह चाहते हैं कि हमारे पास मिल की परेकी है, इसकी उसे के अगेंस्ट सेट प्राफ कर दिया जाय तो उसकी बात किसी ने नहीं सुनी । शनी यह क्या ज्यादती है कि किसान का पैसा, किसान के पास पर्ची, किसान पर उसी क्वर्नमेंट का विल, उसी गवर्नमेंट का कर्ज, उस पर उस से सूद लि । जाय ग्रीर उसे सेट भ्राफ न किया जाय उस पर्ची से ? क्षेकिन किसान को जो दिया जायेगा उस पर सूद भी लिया जायेगा ! जो लोन की रिकवरी सस्पेड - की गई उसका भी सुद लिया जायेगा । इसलिए में कहना चाहता है कि प्राप किसानों के साथ ज्यादती न करें। जिस मुल्क के किसान गरीब रहेंने बहु सारा मुल्क कमी तरक्की नहीं कर सकता है । ब्राज वेस्टर्न पू पी, इंस्टर्न यू पी, सेन्ट्रज पूर्ण और बिहार के बनिये मन्त्री नार रहे हैं वर्षोंकि कोई खरीदने वाला ही नहीं है । किसानों

के पास पैसा ही नहीं है। जिस किछान के पास अपनी जिन्दगी गुजारने के लिए पैसा नहीं है वह

सामाच कहां से प्रशिवेगा ? इस तरह से सारे

मुक्त की एकोनामी पर घसर पड़ता है प्रवर्षे निसानों की एकोनामी जैटर होती है । सेन्टर ने य पी को 20 करोड़ रुपमा दिया है, उससे जेल्दी से जल्दी किसानों का पेमेन्ट होना चाहिए । यता नहीं वह स्थया अभी गया भी है या नहीं। बगर श्रमी नहीं क्या है तो जबको जल्दी से जल्दी भेजा आये ताकि किसानों का पेमेन्ट जल्दी से जल्दी हो सके । वेहतर यह होगा कि इधर किसान ट्रक या ट्रेक्टर पर गता लेकर जाये उसके अगते दिन ही उसका पेप्रेस्ट कर दिया जाये। अभी शांसत यह है कि दो दो साल से पेमेन्ट नहीं हो रहे हैं। और उस पर किसानों को कोई इंटरेस्ट नी नहीं मिल रहा है। इसरी तरफ किसानों पर जो कर्ज है उस पर उनसे इन्टरेस्ट लिया जा रहा है। इसिलिए या दो किसानों का जो बकाया रहता है उस पर भी उनको इन्टरेस्ट मिलना चाहिए और अगर ऐसा नहीं होता है वो उनके पैसे को करें के धर्मेस्ट सेट-ग्राफ कीशिए । इस बात पर ग्रापको गौर करना चाहिए वरना इस देश की एकोनामी शैटर हो बायेगी। जब सक इस देश का किसान क्रमर नहीं उठेगा तब तक यह देश भी ऊपर नहीं उठ सकता है । यही मेरी अस्पने दरस्वास्त है ।

شوی رشید مصود (سهاری یور): سبهاید مهودی -

هم آلا بور بورتے هيں تو هو جا<u>تے</u> هين بخالم

و^{و قر}ل بھی کرتے ھیں ['] تو چرچا نیدی عوتا

مندرستان کے کسائوں گا - گلت بیدا کرنے والوں گا سو کورو کے تربیب روبید اس وقت مل مالکوں کے اوپر واقب ہے - اس کے لئے تو کسی کر گرئی تعلیقا نہیں ہو وعی ہے - کسی کو کوئی اس کی تکر نہیں ہے کہ کسائوں کے پاس اورعالے کے لئے ٹوجات نہیں ہے - ان کے انچوں کے لئے کوئی سویٹر نہیوں ہے۔ ان کے پاس گرئی کوٹ نہیوں ہے۔ تو جادی سے خادی اس کا پنینانٹ [شري رشود مصود]

كروا دين - ليكن اكر كسان ايد حق مانگلے کے لئے ۱۳ دسیو کو آواز أَتَّهَانَا هِي كُناهُم ١٢ فيستو كو اكهتِّي هوائلے - كسان ويلى كرينكے - تو إس کے لئے بہت زیر شہر سے مشاما کیا جاتا ہے۔ اس کو ماکم کرنے کی کرشش کی جاتے ہے۔ اگر چودھری چرن سلگو کسانیں کے کیس کو لے کر کہوے ہو جاتے میں تو چونش چوں سائل کے خلاف ایک مهار ئيار هو جاتا هے - مير_د بيجينا جامتا عین ان مهار اکیتا کرنے والوں بے کہ کسانوں کا جوا کروز رویدہ جو رہ گیا ہے جس کا واھب مولے کی بحد سے کسانوں کے بچوں کو آم لتعاب لهين مل رها في - جو کے واجب ہونے کی وحد سے کسانوں کے سچے آم سردی میں تڑ*پ ت*ڑپ او ناکم رہے میں اور لیک لیک لحاف کے اندر مات مات أثم أثم آدسی سو رفی هیں۔ ان کو ان کا یہے دانے کی کوشش کیراں ٹہیں کی حانی ہے۔ ایک یہ پی کے اعدر هي ٢٣٨٠٠١١ الله وربوء مارن كي طرف راجب ہے۔ جس کو أم نگ ئېيى دىا خا رها يې - پېچىلى^ت سالون ے کچے نیزا تیزا راجب رمتا ہے لیکن پچھلے حال تو ان کے واحب هونے کی ابتہا ہو گئی۔ اور را کساتوں کو تبین دیا جارعا ہے۔ بهار میں ۱۹۰۶ء داء روجه راجب ہے۔ اُن کو دالنے کی کیائی کوشش نہیں کی جاتی ہے۔ یہی نہیں كة كسابول كا ييسة لهين داليا جاتا ھے دے تعجب کی بات مے ک كساتون كا جب ييسه واجب هوتا فے مال کی طرف تو ٹھ <u>اس</u> ک دالی کی کوئی کوشش موتی ہے اور ند اس کے اوپر کوئی جود ملتا ہے . أن كو ليكن جو تونس ل ليتا ه گورنبلت سے اس کے اوپر سود لیا جاتا ہے۔ جب کبھی فاڈ أ جاتا ھے یا کوئی دوسری مصیبت آجاتی ه ارز اس ریکیری کو سسیند کیا جان ہے تو یہ بہیں عبتا ہے که جس عرمے کے لئے ریکین کو سسیبلڈ كيا كيا إس لا سود ثه ليا حائيـ بلته جب اس کو وصول کیا جاتا فے تو اس ہے جس عومے کے لئے ریکوری کو مسپیلڈ کیا گیا لیے کا سواد نه ليا حائے - بلکه جب أس ک رمول کیا جاتا ہے تو اسے جس عرصے کے لئے ریکوری سمپیاڈ کی گئی تہے اس کا سرد بہی لیا ساتا ہے۔ یعلی کسان کا حو سر کررز روبیہ ہوا ہوا ہے ملوں کے لوپر اس کے اوپر کوئی سود نہیں ملتا لیکن اس کے اربر جو روبیت راجب ہے گورنملت کا آس کے اوپر وہ سود دے ا اور اس عرصے کے لگے نہی سود دے ىتىن مەن رىكورى ئو سىپياڭ كي^ا كَمَا تَهَا - سِنْدُ فَلَدُ أَ كُيَا تَهَا - فَلَدُ

357 Sugarcane Dues AGRAHAYANA 22, 1900 (SAKA) in U.P. & Bihar 358 والاهی نہیں ہے۔ کسانوں کے پاس میں کچھ جگہوں پر ریکوری سسپیلڈ پیسه هی نهیں هے۔ جس کسان کر دی گلُی تهی - لیکن جب دردارا کے پاس اہلی زندگی گزارنے کے لگے ریکور کیا گیا تو اِس عرصے کا پیسه نہیں ہے وہ سامان کہاں سے سود ہی لے لیا گیا۔ یہ کہاں کا

خریدے گا۔ اِس طرح سے سارے ملک کی آگاناسی پر اثر پوتا ہے۔ الصاف مـ اگرچه کسانوں کی اکنامی شیتر هوتی یہی نہیں اب میں اس کا

ھے۔ سپلٹر نے یوپی کو ۲۰ کروڑ تجریه هوا که جب کسالوں نے روپیه دیا ہے۔ اسی لئے جلدی سے یه بات کهی که همارے اربر جو قرض ہے هم اس کا سود نہیں دی**ں**

جلدی کسانوں کا پیمذے ہونا چاہئے۔ چلفتے - هم يه چاهتے هيں كه ممارے پته نهیں وہ روبیه آیهی گیا بھی پاس مل کی پرچی ہے اس کو هے یا نہیں۔ اگر ا_نہی نہیں گیا

اس کے ائینست سیت آف کر دیا هے۔ تو اس کو جلدی سے جلدی پہیجا جائے- تو اس کی بات کسی نے جائے تاکہ کسانوں کا پیماٹ جلدی ئېيں ماني - يعني وة كيا زيادتي سے جلدی ہو سکے نہتر تو یہ هے گه کسانوں کا پیسه - کسانوں هو گا که ادهر کسان ترک یا تریکتر کے پاس پوچی- کسانوں پر اسی گورنىلت كا بل - إسى گورنىلىت كا ا قرض- اس پر اس سے سود لیا جائے اور اس کو سیت آپ نه کیا جائے اس پرچی ہے۔ لیکن کسان کو جو دنیا جائے گا اس پر سود بھی لیا جائے گا۔ جو لون کی ریکوری سسپینڈ کی گئی اس کا بھی سود ليا جائے گا۔ اس لئے میں کہنا چاھتا ھوں کہ آپ کسانوں کے ساتھ زیادتی ته کریں۔جس ملک کے

پر گذہ لیکر جائے اس کے اگلے دی هی اس کا پیملت کر دیا جائے۔ أبهى حالت ية هي كه دو دو سالوں سے پیملت نہیں ہو رہی ہے۔ اور اس پر کسانوں کو کوئی انتویست بهی نهیں مل رها ہے۔ دوسوی طرف کسائوں پر جو قرضہ ہے اِس بر أن سے انترست ليا جا رہا ہے۔ أس لئے یا نو ئسانوں کا جو بقایا رهتا ہے۔ اس پر بھی ان کو انتوست ملنا چاھئے۔ اور اگر أيسا نہيں كسان غويب وهينگے وہ سارا ملك ھوتا ہے تو اُن کے پیسے کو قوض کبھی توقی نہیں کر سکتا ہے۔ آ_ج کے اکینسٹ سیٹ اپ کیجئے۔ اس ويستنون يو دي - ايسترن يوپي-.. بات پر آپ کو غور کونا چاھئے۔ سیلٹرل پوپی نے بلیٹے مکھی مار رزنه اس دیس کی الانامی شیتر رهے هيں۔ كيونك كوئي خويدنے

[شری رشید مصود]

هو جائیگی - جب تک اس درهن کا کسان اوپر بہیں اسے کا بب بک دع درد میں اس سے آئے کیا

ية ديش دبى أوبر بهيان أنَّه سكتا

ھے۔ یہی میری اب نے دردراست

[**-** .

हर्ष योर हिलाई सजावय से प्रथम मुक्ती (बंदी मुक्ता बिहु) थे अंगन, मानतीय बरस्त में मानतीय वरस्त में सा सादसमें अन्य को हूं उद्दार में साद रखा हूं मोर नियस ने सादस में स्वार को हूं उद्दार में साद ने सीता न नियस में साद में सीता न रिकेट में साद में सीता न रिकेट में साद में सीता न रिकेट में सीता में सी

भी रशोर मनूद 34 करोड़ को उत्तर प्रदेश भीर विहार में ही बानी है।

भो मान प्रताप सिंह • सकिन ग्रीर जबह बाको नहीं है, यही निवदन में करना चाहुता हूं। धारे मुल्क में पहुना नवस्वर को सिर्फ 46 कराड धनवा बरावा था । बारको इस बात पर सती होनी पाहिए कि एक महीने के सदर बाधे से न्यादा **बकापा साफ हो चुका है । भा**पने जैसा विक विचा कि 20 कराई स्वेदा उत्तर प्रदेश मरकार को दिवा गया है तो वह रखना वहां पहुच पवा है धोर दा दफा नमेंने बहा के मती को टेनीकोन किया है। यगर उमक्को वितरण नहीं हो रहा है ता धव में उसके निए जिम्मेदार नहीं B । समिन यह शाबा निर्दारत हो बाबैगा-इतना पान दिल्लान रविष् । इसके प्रतिरिक्त को मित्रें ले सी गई हैं उनका बढ़ाया भी सत्म रते ना इनकाम निरो का रहा है (ध्यवधान) में भारत वह धर करता बाहता हू कि जो मुक्तिल भूग्त यो उनना हर कल की काबित हमें कर रहें और कासी तजी में यह हत हुमा है। जो 46 हराइ का बहाया या वह प्रव घट कर भाषा रहत्या है भोर दाशे के लिए भी भाव विरशम परिए बस्दी न बन्नी मान करने की कानिय राचारही है। यह वादिन पभी बहा पर पत्र मा अनुका भी काई दूसरा इरादा ही बहा पा निश्च देशके कि दिनाना का बकाया दिनावा बारे घोर उनके माने को विना हा मके । (क्यबधान)

भी परीचात (विकार) उत्तर प्रदेश में किन्ता क्लामा है ?

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धी मानु प्रताप चित्र - प्यती तबसर को
34 कराड बाको या विसानें व 20 करीड़ तो
इसर विकास बचा । सभी थी फेरटीय जो तो
वा चुको हैं उतरा तहां करण हाता है। सोर उतरीं,
समस्यारी भी साहत सरकार हाता है। सरहें सम्वित्य करा हाता है वह
तरा सा 13 दिकतमर है बीच में मूं हुए प्रतिय करा कम हुए होंगे। इस तरह ते सार समान्य हम तक्त हरें कम हुए होंगे। सह तरह ते सार समान्य हम तक्त हरें कर में सावर 10 करोई के तमान्य बचाना नहीं होगा। ऐसा नया प्रमुगत है केंकिन में सावने विस्त एकतरिक सोमां करवा प्राप्त है साव करा हम हमलीक सोमान्य करवा प्रमुगत है है साव करा हम सावस्थित सेमान्य स्थाप हो है

थी सईद मृतंत्रा (मृतपक्तानगर) : मही जी, माप इतना बतला शीजरे कि माप ने यू०पी० पदनंतर नो स्पन्न कन दिया है ?

भी बानु प्रताप तिह. करीन एक हुएता है। एता है, उन नो स्थाप दिया जा पूका है। घरन क प्रवर नोई स्थित-प्रेन्दारी का नयान में हस उद्ध ने नहीं दे सकता हूं। स्थ्या दिया जा पूका है, घर उन के बाटने में बुद्ध देर तम करवी है.

भी चन्दन तिह (कैंग्डन) धनमा पहुंचे गमा होगा, कोमले की कीमत में बला गमा होगा, बीमल की दिक्कत है उस में चला गमा होगा।

श्री धानु प्रताप सिंह में बकाये की बान कर रहा हु—सार मेरी बात को मुनना नहीं चाहते हैं तो बैठ-जाता हा।

धौ चन्दन सिंहः भुनना चाहते हैं।

को भागुप्रतापसिंह । भागुप्रान्ति से मेरे जनाव रो तुन लोजिये ।

भी भन्दन ^हृह यह तो बड़िना कर दिना है।

श्री भाग प्रताप सिंहः मैंने बारम्बार कहा है कि किसानों के हितों की रक्षा के लिये ही यहां खड़ा हूं और जितने भी ठोस सुक्षाव माप भी तरफ से बायेंगे, उन पर गौर करने के लिये त्रीयार हं । ग्राज हम एक संबद की स्विति से गुजर रहे हैं । संकट की स्थिति में कोई ग्रन्तिम फैसला नहीं होता है । लेकिन इस बात पर आप जरा गौर करें कि ग्राज सारे हिन्दस्तान में चीनो जिस भाग पर बिक रही है, बाद से डेड्सास पहले जो भाव या, उस के बाधे पर विक रही है। आप इस पर भी गौर करें कि सन्ने का जो वकाया है, वह आधे से ज्यादा कम हो गया है। मैं यह दायां नहीं करता हूं कि आज जो चीनी नीति है या जो सार्टिनेन्स आया है यह बन्तिम है, बहुत परफेक्ट है । इस में भी ज्यों-ज्यों कठिनाइया सामने प्रायंगी, उन के प्रवसार संशोधन करना पड़ेगा । लेकिन बाप यह व सोचें कि इतना हो साफी है-पभी कल वहस होयी, बास्तव में यह प्रश्न भी उस विल से सम्बन्धित है, जिस पर ग्रभी थोड़ी देर पहले बहस हो रही थी-- प्राज इतना में ने बतलाया है, जब उस विज पर जनाव दंगा तव मैं शेष बार्वे बतलाऊंगा । में सदेव आप सोगों के सुझावों को ग्रहण करने के लिये तैयार हूं। लेकिन सुझाव ऐसे होने चाहियें जो व्यापतारिक हों। आज मगर कोई कहें कि गड़ खरीदो, सो संशाल यह पैदा होता है कि उस गुँड का क्या करें? पिछले साल जो खरीदा गना यों वह भी सारे-का-सारा नही विक सका । अगर बाप ऐसी कोई चीज खरीदने को कहें, जैसे चावल

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है, मेंहूं है, जिस को रक्षा जा सकता है..... श्री रामनरेत कुराबक्का (मतेमपुर) : जावल नहीं चरीद रहे हैं । आप ने कहा है कि सरीता जा सकता है, मने खुद लिख कर मेंबा या, उस की कोई नहीं चरीद रहा हैं

'बोक्सी बतवार सिंह (होनिकारपुर): पुड़ से अवकोहल बवाइये। सार ने बड़ा होगा— केट्रो बतानी चुड़ किया कर उस से गाड़ियों को बतानी चुड़ किया पढ़ा है। पुड़ से बतकोहल बताने से साम का मससा हुन हो जाएगा और पुल्ह में वो क्यून की शार्टन है, बढ़ कम हो जाएगी।

यो नम्म प्रकार सिंहः ' सामी में जॉन-प्रकार हैं ' रही हैं सिंग हम में स्व में इसारों देशों पड़ती हैं। मात्र गुरू वा स्वें है सहरहोहत स्वार तो सहन हम जो जो मोसीन मेतत सात्री हैं, यह हिंदू रूप जो जो मोसीन मेति स्वर हैं। देश वहलें मोसा देशों हैं हम मुस्तों का वो स्वत्द है सीद हम हों हैं हम मुस्तों का वो स्वत्द है सीद हम हम का ने सिए हम एमेनेस्टरों से नाई में रूप उन हो सिए हम एमेनेस्टरों से नाई में रूप उन हो सिए सम्बंदरों से नाई मार्ग प्रवित्त की या जानार उन हो सिए सम्बंदरों से नाई मार्ग प्रवित्त की या जानार हम हो नेहन सात्र नह नित्त में वा नामार्ग हम हो सिए सम्बंदर हम प्रवित्त की या नामार्ग हम हो मेहन सात्र नह नाई हम त्यारी की या मिता है। प्रयर कोई तरीका होगा मी सो उस का कारखाना लगाने में शाल-दो-साल तक तव हो जाएंगे। कोई ऐसी चीज नही है कि दटन दक्षण और हो नयी।

थो युवराज: (कटिहार): सभापति जी, प्राध घंटेकी चर्चासभी चलेरही है। में ग्राप हे माध्यम से एक सवाल शुक्रना चाहूंगा । पुनि दो प्रदेशों उत्तर प्रदेश और विहार की वर्षा येंडा पर हुई कि वहां की चीनी मिलों पर गर्छ के मल्यां का बकाया है। अभी हमारे मिन्न ने बकाया राजि का हवाला देते हुए वसाया कि इतनी इसनी राशि उन मिलो पर बकाया है । मैं बताना नाहता ह कि उत्तर प्रदेश में मिलो पर 31~10~78 की गन्ने के मत्य की 3370.11 साध रूपये भीर विहार में 87.62 लाख रूपये की राजि वकाया है। अगर प्राप पिछले वर्ष की तरफ चले जाइये बानी 76-77 के वर्ष में तो बाप देखेंगे कि मिल मासिकों के पास उत्तर प्रदेश में 89.96 साध ब्रीर विहार में 2.16 लाख रुपये गन्ने के मृत्य के बकाबर रहे ! इसी तरह से 1975-76 में 353.77 लाख रूपये उत्तर प्रदेश में और 122.98 आख रुपये विहार में बकाबा थे । इसलिए में कृषि राज्य मही जी से पूछना बाहता है कि कांग्रेस के रिजीम में जिन मिसे मालिको के पास गर्से का इस प्रतिशत से ज्यादा मृत्य वाकी होता था तो उन को नोटिस विद्या जाती था, क्यों ग्रापने भी कोई बोटिस इव मिल-मालिको को दिया ? न्या आपने इस बकाया के मुगतान के लिए कीई कार्यवाही की ? मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि ऐसे मिल-मालिकों के पास बाज भी 46 करीड़ रुपये ते प्रधिक बढ़ाया है और वो उसका सगतान नहीं कर रहे हैं भीर कह रहे हैं कि हमें घाटा हो रहा है, हम को एक्साइज कर देना पढ़ रहा है. इमारी मिर्चे मोडरेनाइज नहीं है, हमारे पास नावारी है, वो ऐसे मिल-मोलिकों के चिनाफ आप कोई कार्यवाही करेंगे ? बाप जानते हैं क्रियान बदालत में जा कर कार्यवाही नहीं कर सकता है।

दूसरे में यह जानना भाइता हूं कि हातों भी नाई प्रेरेक्ट कर फेता है, जिस में तीर में महर्तवार ही पट्टें कि एस की नीई है सम्मेश्न तथा हराइक सरमाहत तथाना जा सकता है, मिर कर को तमाने में निर्मित भी दिक्ता हो पहुं है, इस के सामन्य में सामने मोई एम उठाया है, इस के सामन्य में सामने मोई एम उठाया कर की नीई के सह तब कराते हैं। प्राप्त नाते ही एसने दिलों के भी मार्टेसाएं करवे थीर दूसरे देशों में मारूल देश्मीशान करने थीर पूसरे देशों में मारूल देश्मीशान करी पार्टी महासा हो पार्टें के अप मार्टेंसा कर दूर स्थान महासा हो पार्टें किया है अकता स्वस्ताम नहीं करी नहीं करते ? इस है जिसामों की मीर पार्ट्स की मूं, सामरको बहेंने । इस तह हो तीन भी मीर्टिंग मिर्टेंसा के गार्ट का एसतान मों समस पर कर

[भी यवराज]

भै जानना चाहुता हु कि जिन चीनी मिल-मातिको के पास 46 करोड रुपये से ज्यादा बहावा है, और जिनही सरहार टेंक-थोदर करने जा रही है. क्या सरकार इस बात का माखासन देगी कि इडस्ट्रियल इवल्पमेंट एस्ट के मताबिक दन मिला का भेरेजमेंट बाप तीन वर्ष तक प्रपते पास रख कर, जब कियाना की बनावा राजि ना भगतान करने में माप समर्थ हो आयेंगे तर इन मिलो को नेगनेलाइब करेंगे ? मै प्रपोज करता ह कि ऐसी तमाम मिली का बिन पर 46 करोड रुपये बनाया है, उनसे किसानी का बब तह परा भुवतान नहीं किया जाए तब तक जननो वे मिलें बापस न की आए क्योंकि वे किमान नोई कानुनी कार्यवाही नहीं कर सकते हैं। ऐसी तमान मिलों को बाप नैशनलाइन कर बोरे मिल मालिका को जो कम्परेशन देना हो दें सबिन पहले दिसान की बनाया राजि दे दें और उसके बाद ही धगर कम्पेंक्षेत्रन देना हो हो मिल मालिको को

DR. BIJOY MONDAL (Bankura) This year we find there has maximum production of 65 lakh ton nes of sugar in our country country can consume nearly 50 lakh tonnes, and in the coming years is presumed that it will go up to 90 lakh tonnes It is found that sugar mills are gradually having loss year after year and the result is that they have not been able to pay the dues to the cane growers So, after taking over the management of these mills, will the Government be in a position to take over more and more the hability of arrears of the mills which are not able to pay the dues to the cane growers?

SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU (Chittoor); I am not going to accept the position that in Northern India the factories have incurred losses because of sugar sales. They have made very good profits,

With regard to Andhra Pradesh, with your perman I may tell him that there are arrent, especially in Chellapali. Sugars Lakhs and lakhs have to be green to the agrentiturists. So, may I show whether the Government is 1 know up to bring forward a comprehensive Bill making arrears of sugaram dues the first charget?

I am very glad that the hon. Minater wanted 15 per cent to be paid as interest but if the time exceeds three months, is the Government going to ask the mills to pay 24 per cent to the cane growers? If they are not geing to pay, is Government going to apply the Land Revenue Recovery Act to collect the dues?

Factories are taking advantage of loans from Government, but diverting them to other things. So, may I know whether Government 19 going to put on agent in the factories and see that the money given as loan by the Government is distributed to the farmers to clear their diucs?

श्री भागू महाव सिंह : प्रतिम प्रश्न का जार में बहुत देना चाहना हूं। एरियर है हो भी है प्रग्न रच परसेंट हा ज्यार है से परनार उस फेन्ट्री को मह प्रश्न को मह पुरा को बनने माना है उसे प्रमाण के सिंह्रा में हो, उसर सिंह्रा में हो, जिहार, जार प्रदेख मार्थ कहीं भी हो। एक समार्थ करी भी हो। एक समार्थ करा प्रदेश पर की मार्थ करी भी हो। एक समार्थ क्यार प्रदेश पर होंगा

जिन पेन्द्री को तिया जाएगा उसका बनाया को कुछ भी है उसनी सारी देनदारी सरहार ले नेगी और योडे समय के मन्दर विद्यान का बनाया भूरता कर दिया जाएगा।

बहा वह नमा एक्ट बनातें हो बात है कि पहुं बार्न करे ना ही स्थित व मिलता हो, स्था हमन इसने कोई मायसराज नहीं है स्वाहित मानून पहुंचे भी पित्रकों ना राष्ट्री मन्द्रता है और उन बन को मान्द्र हो है पात बाद हो बहु वो भाग्ने सान्द्र हो है पात हो थीते करने साथ सब्दा मन्द्रता है, हम बी पहला मन्द्रता है कि पहले हैं, हम बी पहला मन्द्रता है के सिंद देवाई है भी पहला मन्द्रता हम ही है सिंद है सार्व की पहला मन्द्रता हम है है महत्त नहीं सब सम्बाह्य है मिलहे होया में है मूल नी बदामती ऐसारी

 रिकवरी थी । लेकिन प्राज कम हो वर्ष । इकका गतलब है कि मिनें पुराकी हो गयी, श्रीर हमारा पैसा जन पर वकाया पड़ा है। तो इसकी सर्वा भी श्राप हमको हो देंगे ?

तीमरी थीज में यह जानना चाहता हूं कि स्तामाशिकों ने मिल्स की थिसाई के राम पर सर्वी पूंजी निकास सी है, तो वह मुख्यत घव समें दिखाई या पत्नी है ? सीमें सीथे विना मुम्रावया दिये चनकों से सीचिये, सींबतान भी ग्रंब नहीं आपको रोकता है।

श्री मानुप्रताम सिहः पहला और तीसरा प्राप्त को माननीय सदस्य ने किया उसका उत्तर पदि विल पर बहुस होगी तो पूरे इंग से दूंबा। इस समय तो यही प्राप्तासत देवा हूं कि मिला गानिकों के ताथ कोई रियायत नहीं होगी।

जहां तक दसरा प्रधन है कि अगर मिलें परानी हैं, कमजोर हैं, मैनेजमेंट इनऐफीशिवेंट है तो किसान को उसकी सजा नहीं होनी चाहिये। इससे में सहमत हूं और मैं ने अभी जीच पड़तास के लिये विशेषकों को लगाया है। वैकिन उस पर असल इस सीजन में सम्भव नहीं है । जांच पडताल से अगर कोई व्यावतारिक तरीका निकला तो मैं जरूर इस बात का प्रयत्न करूंना कि किसानों को उनके गन्ने की किस्म के मतादिक कीमत मिलवी चाहिये, न कि स्किवरी के घाघार पर । स्किवरी गर्ने की किस्म पर भी विभेट है सीर फैस्टी की हालत पर भी । सगर फैस्ट्री को इन्छेफीक्षियेंट मैनेजमेंट बोर्ड है सो उसकी सना किसान को नहीं मिलनी चाहिये, इसकी सिद्धान्त रूप में में स्वीकार करता है। लेकिन इसको प्रमुख में लाने के लिये बीटा समय चाहिये । जांच पडराल हो रही है, सगर कोई व्यावहारिक तरीका चिकला हो उस पर काम होगा ।....

श्री उपसेन (देवरिया) : रामपुर चीनी मिल पर 88 लाख २० वकाया हैं, उन को अभी तक नहीं विया गया, ऐसा क्वों ?.... (व्यवधान) MR. CHAIRMAN: The Minister has replied to all the questions.

SHRI P. RAJAGOPAL NAIDU: No. no. About Land Revenue Recovery Act—its application for collecting dues....

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH:
Land Revenue Recovery Act can
oven now be resorted to to realise the
dues. There is nothing to stop the
State Governments from taking resort
to that Act, In fact it has been used
many a time in Uttar Pradesh. I
am not aware of what has happened
in Andhra Pradesh. But the law must
be the same. I am submitting that a
more powerful instrument is now in
the hands of the Government and the
hon. Members should not be worried
about arrears in court.

(Interruptions)

MR. CHAIRMAN: No more questions. The House stands adjourned till 11 A M. tomorrow.

17,59 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Thursday, December 14, 1978/Agrahayana 23, 1900 (Saka).

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LOK SABHA

Thursday, December 14, 1978/Agrahayana 23, 1900 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

OBITUARY REFERENCE

MR. SPEAKER: I have to inform the House of the sad demise of Shri Surya Nerain Singh who passed away this morning at Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, New Delhi, at the young age of 44 years.

Shri Surya Narain Singh was ejected to this House from Sidhi constituency of Madhya Pradesh. He was a leading lawyer. He devoted himself to social welfare work and was specially interested in education of children.

He suffered detention under MISA during the Emergency.

He attended the House very regularly and was present in the House yesterday also.

He was taken ill early this morning and passed away soon after he was removed to the hospital.

We deeply mourn the loss of this friend and I am sure the House will join me in conveying our condolences to the bereaved family.

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): It is a very tragic occasion that a colleague who was only 44 years old passed away this morning as a result of a massive heart-attack at Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital. He was a flourishing advocate and had joined public life five years ago. He was detained under MISA and he had also fasted for 21 days in protest. He was a very enlightened person in many ways and he was doing great service in his constituency and also in this House. But life is uncertain: one never knows what will happen. That is the only moral one can draw from this:

We deeply mourn this tragic loss and I would request you, on behalf of myself and the whole House, to convey our condolences to the bereaved family.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN (Idukch). Mr. Speaker, Sir, it has once again become my painful duty to rise for mourning the passing away of a colleague in this House I have got many friends on the other side with whom I have had intimate relationship and nodding acquaintance. This colleague was a person with whom I had nodding acquaintance and I have memories about his competence and the way he had been behaving in this House.

When we look at the House as a large stream representing the people, launched upon the great task of serving the nation, any event of any one of us giving way or falling is a pain, and a pain in the heart.

I am beholden to say that myself and my Party and all the Members on this side associate ourselves with the sentiments expressed by you and by the Leader of the House. Moments like this remind us of the impermanence of life and the transience of life

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and that all the passions and all the bitterness at times settle down, reminding us that we are all a part of the great stream that goes ion continuously. To that extent may 71 convert my thoughts to that thought and layte the House to think of that?

I would once again associate myself with the scutiments expressed by you and would request you to convey our reart felt condolences to the bereavej family

SHRI YESHWANTRAO CHAVAY (Satara) Sir, it is a very sad occasion when we have, as Members of this House to do our duty Shri Surva Narain Singh was one of the important Members from Madhya Pradesh in this hon ble House He expired after a massive heart trouble and as the Prime Minister said he was a very fourishing lawser. He was active in public life for quite some time and naturally his death would be a loss to his constituency, to his State, to his Party and to the country as a whole. The sea very sad occasion, particularly for his family and I think it is very right that we should associate ourceives with the sorrows of the members of the family of the deceased I associate myself with the feelings of errow expressed by the Prime Llinis. ter and he has moved that the condo-'ences of this House be conveyed to I e members of his family On behalf of myself and on behalf of my party I as ociate myself with this motion

SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE (Howrah) Sir, I fully associate myted with the sentiments expressed by you, the leader of the House, the Lorder of the Opposition and Mr Chavan No doubt it is a great tragedy that such a young and enthusiastic "cuber of the Parliament lost his 'de suddenly I was told that he was s'to present yesterday in this House. Then the news had reached us, I was tr / shocked. This is a very tragge ta. Forting over which we have no L. d or ec-trol. Sir, I request you to convey our sympathies and condolences to the bereaved family

SHRI RAGAVALU MOHANARAN-GAM (Chengalpattu) Mr Speaker. Sir, I am really very sorry to know the sudden demise of the hon Member, Shri Surya Narain Singh at the age of 44 The hon. Prime Minister has informed the House that his death was due to massive heart attack. Even though he belonged to a different party I had occasions to be with him during the past 14 years or so of his members'up of this House When I had occasions to stay with him for some days, he used to speak very softly and I never expected that a person like him would be detained under MISA during 1976-77 He used to speak very gently whereas I used to speak to him very loudly. For the past two years he was a Member of the Janata Party and prior to that he was a Member of Jana Sangh He was holding so many posts in Jana Sangh and in Congress (O) He was a flou rishing young lawyer Apart from his political life, he used to teach child-On behalf of my party and on behalf of my own I associate myself with the sentiments expressed by the hon'ble Speaker by the Leader of the House and the Leader of the Opposttion

SHH M N GOVINDAN NAIR (Thivandrum) Mr Speaker, Sir, I on behalf of myself and my party, share the shock and greef expressed in this House at the sudden denue of Shird Surya Naram Singh. He was a 20 ml man of 44 devoted very much to his work. Even yesterday, he had collected all the papers from the office saying that he wanted to make a thorough study of these things and this morning we hear the sad news that he is no more.

I, once again, express our grief and shock at this news and request the Leader of the House to convey our condolences to the bereated family

र्थी केशबराव घोंडमे : (नांदेड) : सन्यक्ष मधोज्य, स्राज के इस गमगीन मौके पर भावनीय प्राइम मिनिस्टर साहव और प्रपोजीशन के लीडर साहव ने जिन स्थालात का इजहार किया है उन के साथ में सहमति स्थवत करता हूं प्रीर हमारे जो साथी चल वसे हैं उन्न के लिए श्रद्धांजलि यदिन करता है ।

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: (Gandhinagar): Mr Speaker Sir, misfortune has descended upon us suddenly and I do not know how to express our feelings. You and the hon-Prime Minister and other esteemed colleagues have already given expression to our shock and anguish. Sir, in this House as well as outside, we fight our battles on principles and issues, but when we come to fight the battle of death, we seem to be all helpless and we all get stunned. What now we want you to do is to express our sorrow and convey our condolences to the members of the bereaved family. I know how youthful and active the late Shri Surva Narain Singh was: apart from being active in this House. in a sense, but more active in his constituency and in the country for the ideals and principles which he held dear. We, therefore, mourn the passing away of our dear colleague and I hope this expression of our feelings will give some comfort to the members of the bereaved family.

SHRI CHITTA BASU (Barasat): I join you and the Leader of the House and the Leader of the Opposition and other hon. Members in expressing my deep sense of sorrow and request you to convey our condolences to the bereaved family.

SHRI BALWNAT SINGH RAMOOMALIA (Faridatot): On behalt of
the Akali Dal and on my own behalt I
convey my condolences to the bereaved family of the departed Member,
Shri Surya Narain Singh. He was a
distinguished Member of this AugustHouse. He served his people and this
country in his own way. I express
my sympathy and, Sir, I request you
to kindly convey our condolences to
the breaved family.

SHRI GEORGE MATHEW (Musttupusha): Sir, on behalf of my party and on my own behalf, I join the House in conveying our condolences to the bereaved family of the departed Member. It is really sad that such a young man had left us. I hope that the whole House will join me in expressing our grief to the bereaved family.

MR. SPEAKER: The House may now stand in silence for a short while as a mark of respect to the departed soul.

The Members then stood in silence for a short while.

MR. SPEAKER: As a mark of respect to the deceased, the House stands adjourned to meet again at 11 A.M. tomorrow.

11.14 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Friday, December 15, 1978/Agrahayana 24, 1900 (Saka).

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LOK SABHA DEBATES

LOK SABHA

Friday, December 15, 1978/Agrahayana 24, 1900 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Investigation into Charges against M/s, Auto Pins (I) Read.

*364. SHRI MANOHAR LAL: SHRI K. LAKKAPPA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 387 on 11th August, 1878 regarding M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. and state:

- (a) whether the speed of investigations into various charges against M/s. Auto Pins (f) Regd and its allied concerns, after transfer of officials has been satisfactory and by what time the investigations are likely to be completed;
- (b) whether any lapses have been found in the discharge of duties by the previous officers before transfer and whether the total income assessed at Rs. 27 lakhs for assessment year 1975-70 against the declared income of Rs. 3.95 lakhs has been further gone into and further lapses found after appointment of the new officers; if so, detail, thereof; and

3625 L.S .-- I

(c) what penal action has been taken/proposed to be taken for such wide variation of declaration and assessed income?

MINISTER OF FINANCE THE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) The cases of M/s. Auto Pins (I) Read, and some others connected with it have been assigned to a senior officer of the rank of Assistant Commissioner. It is exnected that the necessary investigations will be made by him expeditiously. Limitation will expire on 31-3-79, in respect of assessments relating to the year 1976-77, which will according ly have to be completed by that date. Efforts are being made by the assessing officer to finalise his enquiries and scrutiny of accounts in respect of the following year also. Completion of investigation untodate may take about a year's time.

(b) The assessment for 1975-76 was made on 23-0-1978 on an income of Rs. 24,82,895 as against income of Rs. 885,210 declared by M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. So far as this assessment is concerned, no lapse has come to notice till now.

(c) Proceedings have been initiated under sections 271(1)(c) and 273(a) of the Income Tax Act for levy of penalty with reference to the above assessment.

भी ज्योहर प्राप्तः अस्टी वित एक पूर्वा चार् हैं हिम्मदे दोने पारिवार्गिट ने स्टार्ज पीर प्राप्तरार्थ कर्त्र नाम पार्य हैं। यह फर्में त्याम पार्य ही विकित्त कर्त्ती है। फिर्फेन विकित्त के बाव भी त्याम पार्य हो। यह फर्में त्याम पार्य हो। में से मुश्लिम हैं। में भी प्राप्ति हो। स्वाप्ति हो। स्वाप्ति क्षेत्रसेट हैपर 19377 के प्राप्ते नाम क्षाम के प्राप्ति से हिम्मदे हैं। प्राप्ति क्षाम क्षाम क्षाम के प्राप्ति हो। हिम्मदे क्षाम क्षाम क्षाम के प्राप्ति हो। हिम्मदे हैं में स्वाप्ति कर्मन क्षाम के हुलार है। विवार्मित में महार्थ स्वयान कर हुलार है। विवार्मित हुले सी। 11 व्यवस्त, 1978 भी नीमें मुश्लिम हैं। सी। 11 व्यवस्त, 1978 भी नीमें मुश्लिम हैं। सी।

तमाम जरत क स्त्य को योग, इनहम देख एस्ट, हत्म देवत बर्वरह क नियमा को ताजा है। यह एक एसी क्म देवो स्राह्म सब्बे ४ दन्त र र बनी है। 11 प्रगत्त, 1978 को सहाजी ने मानावन दिशाया कि इनक शिनाक अस्ती स बत्ती सारवाई की जाएगा। भात मता वा रहे रह है कि बल्पर को ट्रामफर कर दिया ग्या है और इन्हें बाद यह उपनीद है कि बहुत बह्दी मानेना फाइन र कर दिया जाएगा और रंगरदी इम्पोत्र कर वी बाएगी। इस नव्ह के प्रारंशासन शहत में बई बार दिए जो बुक है। इस प्रकार के कई स्वापन इस सदन में दिए बार है सहित बाज ठक इस का है विवाद न दिसी प्रकार की कोई अरखाई हर है धोर न विशेष मिनिस्टी में बो उमका विजनेत पनता है वह बल हमा है और करोड़ा हपए का जो रह दर्ज ने बेंक्स संपेदित से रखा है उम के बारे में रुद्ध हुआ है । पहला दिसस्बर को भरे धनस्थात क्वेल्वन के अवाद में मधी महोदय में रहा था कि तमाम तरह की इरेंब्यूब्रियोन गार्र गर्र हे मीर उतके विनाय कार्रवाई का बाल्या । में बातका चीहता है कि मान स्पष्ट बताएँ कि इस शह भीर किनने दिन के बन्दर माथ जसक विनाम का देशासाई कल वा ए है।

When the SHOT H M PATEL 1975 76 has assessment for pecti raised from Rs. 895 lakhs, which was declared by the company to Rs. 2482 takhs are would have thought that if is quite firm and clear that the depart ment intends to deal with the mater as firmly as possible and expeditions ly also. As I have said efforts are being made by the assessing officer to finalise the enquiry and scrutiny of accounts in respect of the following Sears Le. 1978-77 and 1977-78 I cannot tay exactly when it will be done, but I can only gie him an assurance that it will be done as expeditiously as possible

> धी वताहर मान बादाय पहारव, हिन्दुमतान में ाव अवता बरकार के सरद में ही अही, पहले की ऐसा हाता ग्रा है कि जो वर्धद मीय हैं सामनार हैं इन्हें विनाय बनुनी श्रीरन हा जाती है बादे वह ही की करन की हा या कार हजार करण की हो नॉक्ट जा स्कृति मान्त है, मा बरे को उद्योदन्ति है, चनहे धिक द रिज्ञा नावार हो प्रदेशों दस्ती हा उहा वी बंध्य प्रदे थीन्य प्रत्या दलकार कार्रवाई करने वे भा कर भी है-वह बंधे मलढ़ में नहीं धाना है। म्द्रवास्थान वसारी । स्तर्वाहण धीर पृष्टा वि पर करते व विकास कर तक बार्ववादी हुन्यों की हमता स रत्य दिस बान है कि बार्व हो से मा भी है देशहर दरक देव क्षेत्रभर का देद वा प्रधार देवर कर दिल स्ता अर्थन प्रयो के देवनार्थ व राज का हुई हा का बड़ा में स्मिताह के बहुत (14) & mitt allelle la bid at feat. भी बर में या या है है जह बता तब क्षावर्षत है

हत का फैनला प्रध्यक्ष महोदय, धाप स्वयं करें ⁷ जैसा कि मती जी न बताया है कि इनक्स देक्त एक्ट की दक्त 272 के बन्तगत प्रोसीटिंग्ड चल रही हैं ती यह कब तर बतावी व्हेंबी ? इस फर्म ने डिक्टेंस मिनिस्ट्री ब करोडो का विजिनस किया है। घोर करत करीशनार में हो नहीं दश के हर राज्य बिहार, मू भी , (दिल्ली में बह विजनस कर रही है परन्तु किसी प्रकार की कोई बायबाही नहीं की वा रही है। इनकम टैस्स की भी पे हो रही है और हर बनार से घोचा दिया जा रहा है। देन । दिसम्बर को धनस्टात नदेश्यन किया या जिसके बराब में बहा बबा है कि विश्वन हो हत्स की वीम यमा है वो में आनना चाहता है कि मदी हो बचा एकतन नवें शास्त्र वें

As I have SHRI H M PATEL already said, we are taking all action that is possible. But we have to take it according to the rules, a certain time I think the hon. has to be given Member may realise and I would like him to take into account the fact that the larger the organisation, the larger the business the more complicated it tends to become and so it will take time to investigate properly have admitted that it could have been settled and dealt with somewhat more expeditiously and therefore, we have transferred an officer also and another one, a more senior man la that the matter could be dealt with So far as un more expeditiously work is concerned, contracts with Defen! defence and so on, the Ministry is well aware of this position and they will only make use of it is the purpose of the material ne natif and if he is the only supplier, the they will have to rely upon him. His whatever the orders are placed upon hum, the income tax department will certainly follow up and see that be pays his proper dues

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA The Munister is withholding not only information but also action, which amounts to breach of privilege I will move & separate motion for breach of privilege My friend has stated that the Janata Government has not taken action know that the Janata Government and the Janua Ministers are not angers I have been pursuing this. I think the Hon. Speaker knows the number of questions asked The Hon. Minister has, in the last reply, admitted the violation of Income-tax Act. Sales-tax Act. Gold Control Act and FERRA. All possible criminal offences were committed by them.

There are four to five points to be answered by the Hon, Minister, Firstly these Acts have been violated and it has been admitted by the Hon, Finance Minister that there has been Incometax- Act violation. Sales-tax Act violation, Gold Control Act violation and FERRA violation amounting to crores of rupees and when raids were made by the Income-tax authorities, a large number of incriminating articles have been found. All regulations have seen violated and there have been criminal operations, but Government is not even investigating them, For the last 20 years this has been going on. They are more powerful than the Finance Minister and the Defence Minister of the country today! In 1976-77 final assessment was made and tax penalty was imposed on the main persons, allies and associates concerned as a result of the raids conducted, but 110

Therefore, I would like to pose this question which arises out of this, as to why, in spite of all these violations, action has not been taken against them. Not even a single action against them has been taken. He has only given the evasive reply that they are proposing to take action. Even the nationalised banks were financing them, without any screening. In spite of all these things, why has no action been taken? Orders placed on this company are being continued. Why should you not black-list them before finatisation of criminal action against them?

action was taken against them also.

I want a categorical answer from the Minister.

SHRI H. M. PATEL: First of all, I would like to say that the Hon, Member is not quite right that any information is being withheld.

Similarly, action is also being taken expeditiously. For instance, gold has been found as a result of the parches made and action has been take they have been penalised.

Similarly, under FERRA actio been completed and penalty has imposed.

So far as the Defence orders à concerned, whatever my Hon, friend may say, I would like him to tell me the law under which we can act, Since orders have already been placed, I will have to see that the orders are somplied with. We must act under the law and so we are continuing to act under the law. Whatever action is called for is being taken and taken as expeditiously as possible.

श्री बाददेन्द्र दत्तः यह बता दीजिए कि इनका पाप किश्रमा है ?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: As I have said the assessment for 1975-76 has already been finalised; for 1976.77, it will be done before 31st March 1979, because there is a time limitation and the next year's will be finalised fairly soon thereafter.

What more action can I take?

श्री बान कुमार शास्त्री : श्रष्ट्यक्ष महोदय, कई वार प्रकृत लाने के बाद भी, में वित्त मंत्री जी से यह जानना बाहुगा कि इस श्राटो पिन्स कम्पनी ने वहत सी इरेग्युसिरिटीज वायसेशन माफ स्त्य भीर लाज किया, गोल्ड करोल एक्ट का वायलेशन किया, सेल्स टैक्स का लाखी रुपया विहार का धीर धन्य प्रान्तो का खाया है, इन के यहाँ रेडस भी पडी । लेकिन यह सब कुछ करने के बाद भी वया वित्त मती जी इस प्रकार की व्यवस्था करेंगे कि मारे के लिये इस फर्म की कोई लाइसेंस नहीं दिये जायेंगे, धीर जो सुविधार्वे नैंशनलाइव्ड वैक्स से प्राप्त है वह उसको व मिल, इस बारे में, भाष व्यवस्था करेंगे भीर साथ हो साथ ऐसे काट्रेक्टर्स जो भारत सरकार के साय इस तरह का व्यवहार करके साखों, करोड़ी इसमें की बोरी का काम करते हैं और रेवेन्य की बोरी करते हैं उसको ब्लैंक लिस्ट करके हमेशा के लिए इसकी कोई ठेका न दिया जाय ऐसी व्यवस्था करेंगे ?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: If it is established that they have really (Interruptions)

SHRI K, LAKKAPPA; It has been established.

MR. SPEAKER: He is answering the auestion.

grid H. M. PATEL Let me answer th question. If it is established then gantiely certainly action will be sen in regard to discontinuance of applies. It is not yet established So many enquires are still pending So far as the Defence contracts are concerned they are supplying certain important parts to defence establish mends and therefore, orders that have been placed certainly, they must go through and see that they are supplied.

ध्ये तालको मार्रे में इस नात में नहीं जाना धारता हूं नि प्रदालत म जो मुक्तने चतारे हैं जन में बहुत श्वन पत्र नाता है प्रतिन ने मुझी महोदान हैं धारता भारता हूं नि नात स्थित मा इस की धारत जय आदों निज्य (आई) प्रतिस्टक के धारता स्थासता पत्र हो, देन में नात्मा इस कोई हमन की झाला निर्धाल करन ना जो है या नहीं ने पाँद नहीं, तो

SHRI H. M PATEL When I sav that we shall do it as expeditiously as possible it does not mean that officers are being allowed any amount of time

भी तालबो माई प्रध्यक्ष महोज्य, यस प्रश्न यह है कि समय विद्यासित करने भी नोई व्यवस्था सरवार करत जा रही है या नहीं यदि नहीं हो रू भारण है ?

SHRI H. M. PATEL It is not possible to say exactly within what time the matter will be completed because there are

(Interruptions)

It I say any definite time then you would say if there is a little excess, would say if there is a little excess, over this that I have exceeded that limit. So far as exton one of him and the excess wherever we can take action for him and the excess wherever we can take action for him and the excess wherever we can take network that is made and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excess where except and the excep

Request for Financial Assistance from the State of West Beneal

*365 SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have received any request from the State Government of West Bengal to the effect that the financial assistance to the given by the Central Government to West Bengal for flood relief this year should be in the form of an outright grant and not as a 'plan advance, and

(b) what has been the decision of the Central Government on this request from the Government of West Bengal?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The Central assistance for meet ing the expenditure in connection with relief operations in the event of a natural calamity is continued to be given in the current year in the form of advance Plan assistance in accord ance with the existing arrangements and policies adopted by the Union Gov ernment on the recommendations of the Sixth Finance Commission, In the circumstances the request for treating the Central assistance as an outright grant will go against the existing arrangements and policies and cannot therefore he acceded to in the case of any one State In this matter Union Government is following a uni form policy for all the States

Following the recommendations of the Severith Finance Commission they Union Government have now taken a decision to follow the revised arrangements and policies as suggested by them from the next financial year

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Sir. the Sixth Finance Commission. recommended that assistance for the purpose of meeting a natural calamity would be given as 70 per cent loan and 30 per cent grant, Now. may I know whether this entire assistance, cent per cent will be treated as loan or plan assistance this 30 per cent could be deducted? Whatever is the quantum of loan, what is the mode of renzyment, the rate of interest and the number of instalments by which the loan has to be repaid? Has there been talk with the State Government in this regard?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: Whatever the position is, uptodate it is under the Sixth Finance Commission's recommendation that assistance is being given and that assistance is being given as advance plan assistance.

MR. SPEAKER: He says about 70 per cent loan and 30 per cent grant.

SHRI H. M. PATEL: Now with the Seventh Finance Commission's recommendation, that will come alone:

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Is that the recommendation?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: The advance plan assistance is given in the form of 30 per cent as grant and 70 per cent as loan. The loan component carries the some terms and conditions as the normal Central assistance for the plan, that is, it is repayable in 15 years with an interest or 5-1/2 per cent per annum. The loss component has been taken into account by the Seventh Finance Commission in assessing the States' indebtedness to the Centre at the end 1978-79 and in recommending relief in relation to repayment of Central loans to the States. So that is how it will be taken into account. In the case West Bengal the debt relief recommended by the Seventh Finance

Commission for the Five Years 1979 ——1984 is estimated to be Rs \$2.0 ——1984 is estimated to be Rs \$2.0 misser that Jave assured the West Bengal Chief his hister that adequate care would be taken to see that as a result of advance plan assistance, an adverse effect will be allowed to take place on the economic development of this State

SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI: Sir, after the publication of the recommendations of the Seventh Finance Commission, has there been any further discussion with the West Bengal Government in this regard?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: On the recommendation of the Seventh Finance Commission, there will be no discussion.

SHRI CHITTA BASU: May I know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that the Government of West Bengal has complained that out of the total demand or request to the Centre of Rs. 350 crores to meet the situation, only an amount of Rs. 88 crores has so far been sanctioned and out of that sanction amount, only Rs. 18 erores have so far been made available to the State Government? The complaint of the State Government is that if the payment either in the form of loan or grant is in driblet the situation cannot met properly. Whether that is a fact? If it is a fact, what steps the Government of India proposes to take in order to meet the situation?

SHRI H. M. PATEL. Sir, it is quite correct that the State Government might have assessed their requirements for assistance of Rs. 300 coros and cdd. Whatever it may be, on the basis of report of the central team which had visited the State, the Central Government recommended certain amount and that amount has been sanctoned. It is like Rs. 88 croks or so, as he mentioned. But the point about this is that this amount

of Rs 88 crores is released as the expenditure is actually incurred and what my hon, friend says is that it is only a smaller amount that has been released I think nearly Rs. 50 crores have already been released, This amount has been released as they required out of Rs 88 erores sanctioned. We have also given assurance to the State Chief Minister that whatever assistance the State will require will be provided. But it will be done se it becomes necessary. The actual expenditure must be incurred

SHRI V ARUNACHALAM the Minister is aware of the fact that due to evelone and flood, there was a devastation in Tamil Nadu last year

MR SPEAKER That does not anse here.

SHRI V ARUNACHALAM Now. the Seventh Finance Commission has recommended revision of the policy of the Government Will this Government come forward to give retrospective effect to the recommendation of the Seventh Finance Commission so that the Tanul Nadu Government may get the benefit of getting the grant?

SHRI H M. PATEL Certainly not

Increase in Smuggling after Gold Aurtions

*367 SHRI VAYALAR RAVI SHRI N SREEKANTAN NAIR

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that smuggling has increased considerably after the Government introduced gold auctions.
- (b) whether there is any provision to verify that the auctioned gold is converted into ornaments and prevent the introduction of smuggled gold,

Oral Auswers (c) if so, the steps taken to verify it.

(d) the finding after the verification?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) No. Sur There is no increase in the smuggling of gold after introduction of the gold auctions On the other hand smuggling continues to be well under control.

(b) to (d) Under the Gold (Con trol) Act, 1968 all transactions by way of sale, purchase or transfer of gold for conversion into ornaments are to be recorded in the statutory ·accounts as and when the transactions take place Every gold transaction should be covered by a voucher in the prescribed from wherein the identity of the gold acquired and/or disposed of and the identity of the persons making the transactions are to be shown

Further by issue of an Order dated 2 6-1978 inter-dealer transactions in the gold sold in R. B. L. auctions were banned. Such gold is required to be sold to a goldsmith not exceeding 100 grammes at a time for conversion into ornaments or the licensed doalers themselves may convert such gold into ornaments for sale.

The accounts and stocks of all licensed dealers who purchased gold in the R. B I auctions are scrutinised/checked to ensure that the cold purchased in R. B. L. auctions are properly accounted for and their disposal is in accordance with the rules

They are also checked to see that no sumggled gold finds its way into the accounts under the guise of standard gold bought in the auction.

Verification of the accounts and checks have not revealed any malpractices on a large scale

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Mr Speaker, Sir, as you and the hon. Minister know the policy of gold auctions has completely failed and it has an adverse effect on the Indian economy

As you know, 10 per cent of the gold stock has already been auctioned and it went against the statement of the hon. Winister on the floor of the House and outside that bringing down the price will help to check smuggling. This is what the hon. Minister said all the time. Unfortunately, it has gone up exactly 100 per cent which enabled the black money to be pumped into the market in a big way. What the hop. Minister has said in answer to my questions (b), (c) and (d) is a regular routine answer quoting a rule regarding the sale of gold which is coming into the market, not the smuggled gold. On smuggled gold this rule is not applicable because it comes under black money. The hon. Minister said that it is under control. But because the price of gold has gone up so high in India, five Gujarati families cornered more than 70 per cent of the auctioned gold and made enough of black money of Rs. 100 crores. That is the present situation. Under this background, may I know from the hon. Minister what concrete steps he has taken to check smuggling because of the higher price in India today?

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SHRI H. M. PATEL: The bon. Member is not aware of the fact that smuggling taken place when the gap between the international price and the price in the domestic market goes on widening. It is only up to a certain point the smuggling remains well checked. Once again for a very siort while during October-November, I think the prices went up. The difference was higher, but the pre-

ventive measures were of course very much in force. But subsequent to gold auction, actually the price differential fell, fell quite substantially, and it was only towards the end of September when the international price shot up for reasons, which had nothing to do with this country, at that time in sympathy with that here also there was a very spectacular rise. When the gap began to be wider, we decided that we must suspend the auctions and review the entire situation and that review is under progress.

So far as the smuggling is concerned, it is under good check because from the information that we have, intelligence information regarding sales which lead to the....

SHRI VASANT SATHE: How is it relevant to the question?

(Interruptions) .

SHRI H. M. PATEL: Mr. Sathe has decided that he should know how to answer the question,

SHRI VASANT SATHE: The question was how much the five families took advantage. That was the question specifically asked.

SHRI H. M. PATEL: I do not know why he should interfere.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Cross firing is not necessary.

SHRI H. M. PATEL; Our preventive machinery is very much in evidence today and as a result of that, from all information that 'we have, smuggling of gold is quite under adequate control.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI I repeat one part of my question-cornering of gold by five families and converting black money into white Is it a fact? The second part of the question is very clear The report is this I can once again say They exhibit the auctioned gold But there is unaccounted sale of smuggled sold which they are holding. Whenever the inspectors go, they say we have with the auctioned gold and we are not selling any other gold. Under the pretext of auctioned gold sale on a large scale of smuggled gold has been transacted in the black money They are converting black money into white money This is the process going on. In the last paragraph of the answer it has been said-verification of the accounts and checks have not revealed any malpractices on a large scale, He admits that it is there on a small scale even today. In the last but one paragraph he says-they are also checked to see that no smuggled gold finds its way into the accounts under the guise of standard gold bought in the auction

The report is that these five families are comerning gold and they have made a lot of black moting Whether there are any rules? I do not know what steps are you taking to check smugding and how is that gold sold? You say that it is being sold to gold a mails Dealer kinself on also convert. The dealer who converts insued is governed the black money into while money. This has created a service problem for the Iodian cottomy on the one side and on the other sade converting smugdled gold and black ancery into whate money.

This is a serious problem Will you kindly let me know in the national interest what steps are you taking to see that this malpractice is checked?

SHRI H M. PATEL I do nocknow answer my hon, friend desires The answer to first question—whether it had been cornered by a certain group of families—that is totally incorrect

SHRI VASANT SATHE Why?

SHRI H M PATEL You tell me, how do you know this? You make entirely wild allegations, and then you expect me.

(Interruptions)

It is like my asking you-when will you stop beating your wife? ,

You make vidiculous allegation. You just say that there is cornering of the gold I say there is no cornering of the gold and we have satisfied ourselves because we have carried out searches into the premises Accounts books of these dealers have been checked There have to be remiler dealers. We have found (that there is no such cornering of any gold. You have made a statement that there is 'muggling and malpractice on a large scale. It is quite right that certain mainractice may be taking place, just as I cannot deny that there is smuggling of gold All I can deny is that there is no increase in smuggling of gold. Smuggling of old is under control as a result of the continuous searches and seizures that have taken place as a result of checking these peoples accounts and so on It is quite evident that there is no malpractice on a large scale

श्री हक्तम देव नारायण बादव : ग्रंध्यक्ष महोदय, मली-महोदय ने कहा है कि सोने की वीलामी के बाद से तस्करी रुकी है। उन्होंने श्री रवी के प्रथम के उत्तर में यह भी धरालाबा कि पाच परि-बारों ने जमानशी किया है। मैं सरकार से यह र्गानना चाहता हं कि जो बड़े लोग हैं, जिन के पास काला धन है, या किसी तरह से ज्यादा पैसा है, वे ही सोना खरीद कर पर में रखते हैं, जो नरीव ग्रादमी हैं, जिस को खाने के लिए गेहें भी नहीं मिलता है. वह सीना कहां से खरीदेगा । जी बड़े सोग है, जिन के पास काला धन है, उन्होंने सोना नीकाम होने के बाद उस पैसे से शरीद किया और फिर जस की बवादा दास पर बेचा नथा प्रपते कालेशन को सफेट धन में परिवर्तित किया। मैं सरकार से पूछना चाहता हं-वह इस बात से सहमत है या नहीं ? मदि सहमत नहीं है, सब तो फिर इसरी बात हो सकती है-जो काला धन सोना वारीदने में लगा. वह सफेद धन में परिवर्तित हो गया और फिर जब उस को श्रधिक दामो पर बेचा गया तो उन्होंने एक स्पर्व से कई स्पर्ध कमाये। ऐसे ये पांच परिवार हो नही है, हवार भी नहीं, विक्त पाच हजार परिवार इस देश में ऐसे हैं की ज्यादा पैसे बाले हैं और उन्होंने सोना खरीद कर ग्रपने घर में रखा है। इसलिए, अध्यक्ष महोदय, जब तक सम्पर्ण सोने का राज्योयकरण कर के सरकार प्रतिबन्ध नहीं सगायेगी, कि होना सिकं सरकार ही रखेगी, तब तक ग्राप इस को रोके नहीं सकेंगे।

SHRI H. M. PATEL: This auctioned gold was purchased and paid for by cheques. So, there is no question of any black money coming into it. Secondly gold is purchased only by those who are authorised as gold deaders. The ordinary man however rich he may be, was not entitled buy this gold. What he may buy ornaments and keeps, that is a different matter

SHRI N. SREEKANTAN NAIR: Has it come to the notice of the Government that thousands of goldsmiths with their families have been committing suicides during the last several years because they have no work and food? If it has come to the notice of the Government, will the Government try to see that the gold sold out really converted into ornaments that they could get work?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: So far as goldsmiths are concerned, I do not think there has been any instance of suicide in the recent past. In fact, the scheme which we have introduced of importing gold and making it available to goldsmiths for conversion into ornaments for the purpose of export, is designed to provide employment to goldsmiths. As this scheme gathers momentum, gets known and people begin to use it, I think many roldsmiths will get jobs.

Utilization of Seating Canacity in Airhuses

*368, SHRI RUDOLPH RODRIGUES Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) what plans, if any, Government have for greater utilisation of seating capacity in our airbuses which seldom carry their full passenger load;
- (b) if so, the details of the same: ລກຕັ
 - (c) if not, why not?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) The seating capacity on the Airbus fleet of Indian Airlines is well utilised. The average seat factor for the Airbus routes during May, 1978 to October, 1978, was 72 per cent.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

SHRI . RUDOLPH RODRIGUES Only my sense of humour prevents me from exploding with such an answer The question I had tabled was about greater utilisation of seating capacity but the answer was about good utilisation 72 per cent represents about 200 seats in a 278 seat plane. It is true that the airbus has a very low financial break-even point at 120 odd seats, but still more than 78 seats remain utilised on an average on each of these planes Is it not a fact that because of the under-utilisation of existing five airbuses there is already a scheme for additional lease of airhuses to Air India for some of flights to the Middle-East? Because of the under-utilisation of these airhuses

by Air India, is it also not a fact that there is a scheme for the integrated use of these airbuses by Air India and IAC?

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK So far as additional use of arrhuses is concerned, it is entirely a different question The question whether on the existing routes where airbuses are operating, there is traffic potential and for that the answer is that at present we are operating six routes in India and also to Gulf coun tries and there the utilisation is 72 ner cent It can be said to be good Sometimes on several routes, it is 100 per cent some day, it can be 60 per cent on some other day the average utilisation is 72 per cent? so far As my friend has said, we are planning to operate on many routes. nut that depends on the availability of the airbus Regarding the airbus, presently that is fully utilized so far as the route operation is concerned. As I said, this 72 per cent is the seat utilisation on the existing routes where we are operating our airbuses.

THIRL BILLYOU DH BUDBICHES The hon Minister still does not admit that there are schemes afoot for the greater utilisation of the unused 28 per cent. However, I should have thought that any Minister would be concerned with greater utilisation of the unutaised capacity My second question, therefore, is that in the South we already have an Indian Autlines scheme for excursion fares to make use of utilised capacity I would ask the Minister to consider giving offseasonal IAC excursion fares to students and other types of group dele galions to make use of this unut lised capacity

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM "KAUSHIK It is a suggestion for consideration.

SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN: Sir, the passengers of the airbus are very much dashisfied with the food serious to the airbus. Therefore, I want to know from the bon Minister whether they have taken any measures to making the statement of the statement

prove the quality of food. Not only that the passengers are not taking that food and so, it is nothing but wastage. The quality of food is gradually determined by a food it gradually determined by a food it was to know from the host. Minuster what measures they have taken to improve the quality of food

MR SPEAKER It does not srise.

SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN It is

MR SPEAKER. It is very imposttant I agree But it does not arise

SHRI B RACHAIAH I acould like to know it the Minister is aware that between Delin and Bangalore there is a large number of people availing for these several day, especially when there are foreign delegations going to Bangalore aide and many people are disappointed in not getting the seats I would also like to know from the how Minister whether he will consider putting an airbus between Delin and Bangalore.

SHRI PUROSHOTTAM KAUSHIK I just wanted to answer that the narbus uthinspinon is maximum. This is
what I wanted to say and my lowfrond has justified it. Looking to the
traffic growth, we are considering that
but we cannot say anything now Affer
all it all depends on the availability
of accraft, and that will be taken into
consideration as soon as we get now
autoral?

SHRI ASOKE KRISHNA DUTT Mr Speeker, Sir, the bon Minister in his answer said his the ultisation in the nativases is about 72 per cent. This could have been over 90 per cent. But is the Minister aware that there is a skeafy deferroration in the quality of food in the atribuses and that is the reason why the utilisation is going down?

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK Firstly, there is a constant improvement so far as the food served on the airbuses are concerned, and I do not dony that there is scope for improvement. But I deny that because there is some deficiency in the quality of food this utilisation capacity is going down.

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Loans on Lower Rate of Interest to Jute Growers

*369, SHRI K, PRADHANI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that loans at a lower rate of interest are made available to jute magnates for capital investment for modernisation, diversification and expansion of jute industry but no credit facilities are available to the poor jute growers:
- (b) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and
- (c) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to extend credit facilities at a lower rate of interest to the jute growers?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). Financial institutions provide need based credit to all industries, including jute mills, and to jute growers at rates of interest prevalent from time to time.

(c) Banks are already providing credit at concessional rates of interest for agriculture, which includes jute growers as they form part of the neglected sector.

SHRI K, PRADHANI: What is the rate of interest charged to the jute growers and the jute industrialists?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: The jute growers would certainly be getting at a lower rate of interest. If the jute grower is a small man and if he is entitled to differential rate of interest, it would be 4 per cent; otherwise, if he borrows upto Rs. 2,500, it will be at 11 per cent, whereas the industrialists would be paying much higher than that.

SHRI K. PRADHANI: He has not given a specific answer to my question. What is the actual percentage of interest?

- है। इस तरह के जबाद देने की त्या आप इसकार है। इस तरह के जबाद देने की त्या आप इस्तावत देते हैं? निर्माल्डर सहस्व के इस है कि उनको ज्यादा इंटरेस्ट समझा है और इसको कम । यह सीधा जबाद नहीं है। उनका समझ उन्होंनेट था। किता बुट इंटरिस्ट्रस्टर से आप दिया जाता है और दिल्ला जुट श्रीधर्ज से निया जाता है।
- MR. SPEAKER: There is no point of order in Question Hour. Mr. Pradhani is asking, what is the rate of interest for the jute growers and the jute industrialists.

SHRI H. M. PATEL. I have already sald that so far as the jutte growers are concerned, if he is a small farmer, and entitled to differential rate of interest, he will have to pay 4 per cent; if he is not and if he borrows to Rs. 2,600; if will be 11 per cent, in any case, it would be considerably lower than the rate which the industrialists pay. The industrialists pay. The industrialists pay the top the paying 11 per cent and over.

SHRI K. PRADHANI: May I know from the hon. Minister in view of the large-scale production of jute in Dandakaranya Project area, whether the Govrnment can finance the jute industry if it is set up on a comperative basis?

SHRI H. M. PATEL: The question does not arise. If there is any jute mill set up by cooperative interest we would consider and give every assistance. Today, it is in the interest of the jute growers that the jute mills flourish and they must also be provided with finance.

PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the hon. Minister kindly give the break-up of the loans given to the jute industrialists; the jute growers and the middlemen who procure jute from the jute

growers? He should give the figure at least for the last year

SHRI H M. PATEL I am sorry. I cannot give you that now because that is not what was asked for previously II you want I can collect it and provide the information

PROF SAMAR GUHA I want to draw your attention to the fact that this is a most important matter because the poor jute growers do not know how to get the loans The should give us some Minister explanation as to what is the policy of the Government The noor nute growers do not get any advantage The middlemen take full advantage and a lion's share goes to the jute in dustrialists. The fute growers are in an shealutely misearble position. They are selling their jute at a price which does not give them even the cost of production

SHRI M M PATEL. The hom Member question was, how much has been advanced to jude industry to the indeelenen and to the jude growers That question was not saked. What I was asked was about the rate of interest If the hom Member wants that information, I will certainly collect jt and make it evaluable to him.

PROF SAMAR GUHA Let him give some indication at least about the policy

SIRIH M PATEL The policy as to see that the utle industry is also assuted for running efficiently. Therefore the finance required for it will be nor vised. The Jule growers also will be rowe full assistance as the rate of interests, which are lower than those forjula mutually Beyond that, forjula mutually Beyond that, onsee what other general indication I can't

SHRI DHIRENDRANATH BASU May I know from the hon. Minister whether it is a fact that advances to the tune of Rs 32 crores have been paid to different jute industries and jute manufacturers associations for the purchase of the jute and whether, after purchasing the jute, all the jute has been disposed of by the jute manufacturers associations and, if sor what steps have been taken by the bon. Minister to realise the amount?

SHRI H M PATEL The jule industry is not given advances for the purchase of jule The jule industry is given boars but each jule mill, etc will have its own credit limitation which it may use for the purpose of running the mill editently Whater advances are given these are recovered in accordance with the date; that are fixed for them within which they must repay If they do not do it, the consequential siens are taken i

Consignment of Watches booked through Indian Airlines, Bombay, Bangalore

*370 DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

(a) whether there have been complaints regarding non-delivery of the number of consignments of watches booked through Indian Airlines Bombay, Bangalore and elsewhere by the watch manufacturers,

(b) whether watches booked for delivery through Indian Airlines worth 5 lakes have been reported missing by the authorities concerned and the delivery has not been effected.

(c) whether a complaint has been lodged with the Palam Police by the Offices of the Regional Director (Cargo) of Airlines about the missing consignient, and

(d) have Government investigated into the above charges, if so, what are the results of the enquiry by the Department and action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PU-RUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK) (a) Yes, Sir 1

(b) to (d) There have been some cases of missing consignments of

watches and the matter is under investigation by the Delhi Police.

DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT: Sir, may I draw your attention to a, very brief and package-deal answer given by the hon. Minister to paris (b), (c) and (d) of the question? I had asked for a lot information from the hon. Minister as to what is the quantum of watches lost, how many complaints have been lodged and when the first complaint was lodged. All that information has not been given. I have to use one of my supplementaries to get that information

Will the hon. Minister please let us know how many complaints have been lodged, and when was the first complaint lodged and what is the total value of loss suffered by the consigners, the watch manufacturers who booked the consignments through the Indian Atlines.

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK: The hon Member himself has given the figure of Rs. 5 lakhs...

or wrong.

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK: The matter has been reported by the consigners....

MR, SPEAKER: When was the first complaint lodged?

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK: That has not been specifically asked in the main Question as to when the first complaint was lodged. The matter was reported and the police is investigating it. I have no information when it was first lodged.

DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT: I have not got the answer. What is the estimated loss?

MR. SPEAKER: You have already mentioned Rs. 5 lakhs,

DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT: He should have given the information as to what is the estimated loss, May I

know whether it is not a fact that the first complaint was lodged in December, 1978 by the HMT and subsequenthe be other watch manufacturers and that the total loss was of over Rs. 5 lakhs worth of watch consignments? Will the hon. Minister tell us why a complaint to the police was lodged after the lapse of 8 or 9 menths, after the first complaint was made by the consigner? Is it not a fact that the officiating Regional Director (Cargo) himself has said that there is an organised gang operating within the Airlines with outsiders and, if so, why was the complaint to the police was given so late and why was it lodged only under section 409 of the Criminal Procedure Code and why not under criminal conspiracy and fraud on the

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK:
The matter was reported to the CBL.
But the CBJ at that stage expressed its
inability to go in to the matter. That is
why the whole matter was reported to
the police. The matter has been reported and it is for the police to take necessary action under appropriate. Section. That is the whole thine.

Airlines?

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Agreement with U.S.S.R. for Steel

Piaut at Vishakhapatnam

344. SHRIMATI, PARVATHI KRISHNAN:

SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED

Will the Minister of STEEL AND

MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether any agreement has been made between India and U.S.S.R. for setting up of Vishakhapatham

(b) if so, the salient features thereof:

- (c) whether any agreement has been made with any other foreign country regarding the other two proposed steel Plants: and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

Steel Plant:

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI BILU PATNAIK): (a) While Governments of India and U S S R, have been continuing negotiations for setting up a steel plant at Vishakhapathaam, no formal agreement has been signed

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) No, Sir
- (d) Does not arise

साय प्रदेश में टीमक्ष्यद्र स्रोत एतरपुर में धनियों के लिए सर्वेडाच

- ⁸343. घो लक्ष्मो नारायन नारक क्या स्थात भीर यान मजो तिम्त्रतिधिन जानकारी रर्षान याता एक दिवस्य समा पटल पर स्थन की क्या करणे कि
- (क) मध्य प्रदेश के टीइमनड़ भीर इनस्पुर जिलों में कीनकीन से बिनतों के सबस में सबस्य दिया मा रहा हैंगिर कीनकीन से धनियों के मान्यस में मुद्देशन नाम पुरा दिया वा पुना है भीर इनके नवा परिवान रहा
- (छ) क्या टीक्समड़ दिने के सूटकुर पार में तावें के प्रमाप में क्या या रहा चवसन कार्य दूरा हो पता है भीर बीट हो, हो इसके क्या परिसाम रह भीर दिन दिन सर्वों में तावें का पता चरा ,

(ग) टीकमणड जिले में वितती और दिनत-वित कानों से सपद गत्यर निशाला बर्गहा है ,

- (य) क्या सरकारी लेख में शिकाने यथे सकेद यन्यर का शीचे हा नियांत्र किया जा रहा है पौर इसका यहां पर हो जलाद कनाते के निष् उपयोग किया जा सकता है तारि इमक परिवासस्वरूप नोकों को रोजनार मिन सके, भीर
- (म) स्वा स्वतार इस प्रवीजनार्थ यहां पर कारधानों की स्थापना करेबो ?

इशात मेरे खान मही (थी बोजू परनायक)
(१) मारावण मुर्देशहरू बर्धमा करदार्ज्य निले के बुख मार्वी में सम्मेशाहरू के निल् क्षेत्र कर रहा है। माम प्रश्न सरकार कात मोर पूरा न निरासनय देक्सफ, निल में प्राधार खातु के निल् समन्त्रे भी दिनाय का कम कर रहा है।

श्रम निष्यानम् को प्राप्तिक खाउँ टोक्स-प्रकृतिन में पार्धीकिताहर, बावस्थान्, नेराहट टक्स क्षात्र प्रमान के निष्यू दोर इनस्युत्ति कि ने बाबीनाहर, पार्धीकितार, नेराहर, नोह स्थान चौर प्राथान्य पार्द्ध प्रमान के लिए की। इन बार्स के स्थानक्ष्म छ्वरपुर किने वें दरागांव, सूद्यपुर, वाबना सौर पेंडुगा के निकट रोशोमार, सर्हाग, सर्वाता सौर बारा के निकट पारिनियार के प्रकर क्रियो राख्य सहदेवा, दराज सौर बारना के निरट जी हमाने के छोटे नियोंगे के स्वता ने पता जना । रामें असर, टीक्सम किन सामाने, पार्थीएं-जार और बेरास्ट के पुताई बोम्ब निर्मण पार्थ गए हैं।

- (ब) राज्य निदेशांतर द्वारा मूरवपुर गांव में ताबा दवा मन्त्र पाशार धातु खितबों के लिए ड्रिलिंग को जा रही है। काम प्रभी भी चल रहा है।
- (ग) इस ना धावन प्रमध्तमा पाइरोपिजायर ते हैं यो द्वील नदेव प्रतिन्त है। टीक्समाइ निर्वे में पाइरोपिजाइट नो कारी, कनानो धीर पितायर-धेदा स्थित धाने काम प्रदक्त राज्य धेनन निपम (ग्राम प्रतार के एक प्रतिच्यान) द्वारा धीर धेरा, न्यानयन, मुतीमिजा, बारी तथा तहवादी स्थित धाने गैर-सदारी क्षेत्र हारा चलाई बारी है।
- (६) राज्य नरकार क खतन निषम द्वारा निकास गए पाइरोफिराइट ग्रीर दायस्पोर का निर्मात नहीं क्या जाता भ्रास्तु निषम द्वारा उनकी राज्य के भोतर भ्रीर बाहर विसी को जाती है।
- (ङ) एना कोई प्रस्ताव विचाराधीन नहीं है ।

Supply of Raw Manganese to Ferro Plants

*346 SHRI KACHARULAL HEMRAJ JAIN: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to lay a statement showing

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Manganese Ore India Limited has struck a deal for the supply of raw manganese to 9 Ferro Plants.
- (b) when the agreement was made, the rate at which the raw manganese is to be supplied and the period for which the said agreement shall remain valid,
- (c) the reasons for which the agreement has been entered into for supply of raw mangonese in advance,
- (d) the total annual production of each of the 8 ferro plants and the quantity of raw manganese required for producing one tonne of ferro manganese, and

quantity exported annually?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SRIRI BLIV). (a) and (b). In the normal course of their business, and in continuation of their earlier contracts which ended on 31st March 1978. Manganese Ore India Limited entered into fresh contracts with the following six forro-manganese producers for supply of high grade manganese ore at a price of Rs. 280% per tonne for. during the period 1+78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1+78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1+78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360. The rate, of contracts of the period 1-78 to 31-360.

period 1-4-78 to 31-3-80. The supply of raw manganese to the 6 plants are indicated be	each of
	Rate per month (in tonnes)
I. Khandelwal Ferro Alloys Ltd., Kuthan	5,000
2. Universal Ferro and Allied Chemicals Ltd., Turnsar	6,000
3. Ferro Alloys Cor. Ltd., Gari-	
vidi	5,000
4. Jeypore Sugar Co, Ltd., Raya-	
gada	2,000
5. Maharashtra Electrosmelt Ltd.,	6,000
Chandrapur	0,000
6 Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., Joda	2,000

- (c) All the supply contracts were formally entered into only after April, 1978. This was necessary to ensure the continuity of supply. It has always been the practice in the Company to enter into contract for such supplies for a period of two to three years of a time and these contracts are no iffferent from the earlier contracts.
- (d) The average consumption per tome of ferro-manganese produced during 1977 was about two and half

tonnes of manganese ore. The total production of ferro-manganese in the aforesaid plants in the year 1977 was as under:

(Quantity in tonnes)

Plants	Produc- tion		
s. Khandelwal Ferro-Alloys Ltd.	38,85		
2. Universal Ferro and Allied Chemicals Ltd	38,01		
3. Ferro Alloys Cor. Ltd	39,27		
4. Jeypore Sugar Co. Ltd	12,64		
5. Maharushtra Electrosmeh Ltd	33,70		
6. Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd.	26,73		

(c) The internal consumption of ferro-manganese during 1977 was about 125,000 tonnes as against an exnort of about 19,000 tonnes.

Expansion of Telephone Services

*347. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to lay a statement showing:

- (a) whether any long-range plan has been formulated to expand the Telephone services especially in the metro politan cities, where there is a great demand:
- (b) if so, the broad outlines thereof and the capital outlay involved;
- (c) whether a beginning has been made or is likely to be made by setting up Electronics Exchanges and if so, their capacity and the places at which these have been and/or being installed; and
- (d) whether any target date has been fixed by which time the entire waiting list shall be wiped out?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

(SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH DEO SAI) (a) to (d) A statement i placed on the table of the House

Statement

i Plans formulated to expand Telephone faculties

A five-ear Plan for the year 1978 38 has been drann up to said about 11 J lakh leipplone, connect ong to the 17 25 lakh connections working in the country on 31 3 78 Of the 115 lakh lines about 35 lakhs lines may be installed in the 4 Metropoltan cities The Plan together with the plans for development of trunk feelites ties fractilities etc is expected to cost fix 1846 crores at the 1976 77 voice level

2. Target for suping out the westing lists

It is proposed that by the end of the Plan period it should be possible to provide telephone connections in the smaller cities towns and villages with in a few months of demand being emstered.

As far as the metropolitan cities are concerned it is proposed to meet all the evisiting demand_a and expand the network suitably to reduce congestion and over loading in exchanges in the cities

3 Introduction of Electronic exchan-

At present the telephone exchanges an amuel and stronger and crossbar automatic switching as stems. Additional maintacturing capacities are being set up for production of stronger and crossbar switching systems for meeting the short term requirements.

Electronic switching has been dete loped recently in various developed countries abroad an indigenous lesign has also been socked by the P&T Telecommunications Research Centre A 1000 lines indigenously-designed electronic switching is under installation for trail at Rajouri Garden, New Delhi

It is proposed to introduce electronic switching and take up its production in the country gradually during the next 10 years A proposal for installation of three imported electronic exchanges of 10 000 lines each at Bombay Calculta and Delhi is under consideration as part of this programme.

Setting up of distribution centres for Steel

*348 PANDIT D N TIWARY Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have since taken any decision in regard to the setting up of distribution centres in the country so as to reach steel direct by to consumers
- (b) whether the opening of these control have been finalised and
 - (c) if so their locations ?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI BJU PATRAIK) (a) to (c) The main producer, have been asked to extend their distribution are work by opening new distribution ace tree in addition Salit, has also been intracted to examine the possibility of opening relial out-lets at the Block level. The desired are being worked out Similarly the Small Scale Indu Strait Development Corporations have plan for extend the net work of their Depot's to service the requirements of the Small Scale Utils.

Provision of group dialting system in Kerala

*349 SHRI GEORGE MATHEW Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state

(a) considering the density of Population in Revala and that of the telephone system there whether Covernment propose to provide group diolling systems to all the taluk headquarters in Kerala:

33

- (h) the pending proposals for group dialling systems in Kerala: and
- (c) will the Central Government distribute the Group dialling equipment manufacture in India according to the density of telephones in the country and also on an equitable basis to all the States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRT NARHARI PRASAD SUKH-DEO SAI); (a) to (c). A statement is placed on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT

- 1. Group dialling system is a special subscriber trunk dialling (STD) facility which permits more than two exchanges to be connected for inter-dialling. Due to limited financial and material resources STD facilities are heing extended gradually in a phases manner in accordance with the following priorities: -
 - (i) Connection of State Capitals to Delhi:
 - (ii) Connection of District Headquarters to respective State Capitals:
 - (iii) Connection of all District Headquarters within 300 Kms. Delhi and 200 Kms. of Bombay, Calcutta and Madras to their respective metropolitan Centres;
 - (iv) Other routes justified by traffic i.e. 100 calls each way per day.
- 2. Provision of Group Dialling from Taluk Headquarters is also being considered and planned under category (iv) above, 3625 LS-2

- 3. At present no proposale are needing for providing group dialling in Kerala fulfilling the above criteria.
- 4. The proposals for STO including group dialling are being examined and taken up equitably in all the States in accordance with above policy.

Representation made by Embassy Workers' Welfare Association. New Delhi

*350 SHRI VASANT SATHE:

SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N. PATIT.

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government received complaints regarding victimisation of Indian Employees working in different embassies in India
- (b) if so, details thereof and action taken on the representation made by Embassy Workers' Welfare Association (Regd.) Nehru Park, Chanakyanuri. New Delhi:
- (c) whether it is a fact that in spite of the categorical assurances given by the Minister in reply to Unstarred Question No. 7650 on the 20th April, 1978 regarding model contract for Indians working in Foreign Embassies and similar Unstarred Question No. 3591 on the 10th August, 1978 no positive steps have been taken to mitigate the grievances of the emplayers affected by non-implementation of the privisions of the model contract governing Indian workers in foreign embassies; and
- (d) details of action taken/proposed in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI ATAL VAJPAYEE): (a) and (b). Government have received complaints from Embassy Workers' Welfare Association about non-payment of terminal benefits in some cases, There are eight such specific cases brought to our notice since April, 1978 i.e. after the reply to Parliament Question to 7650 of 20th April in the Lok Sabha.

On recent of these complaints the Vinistry of External Affairs took up cases with the concerned foreign missions and sought an amusable settlement recommending giving the Indian employees a fair deal in keep ing with the provisions of the Model Contract Form circulated to all foreign missions in 1971.

(c) and (d) The terms and condu bons of service of local employees are nezotiated and settled directly between missions and Indian employees. This Ministry is not a party to such agreements or contracts. Therefore while this Ministry has made efforts to secure the adherence of foreign missions to the terms embodied in the Model Contract Form these terms and conditions cannot be imposed on Diplomatic Missions which have differ ing terms and conditions which are understood to be sometimes than those embodied in the Model Contract Form. The Model Contract Form which was recommendatory in nature to foreign missions was drawn up in consultation with the Ministry of Labour and Ministry of Law in order to provide a framework for fair treatment to Indian nationals working in foreign missions Accordingly when ever disputes between Indian employees and foreign missions are brought to the notice of this Minister this Ministry will continue to look into them and seek to secure an amicable settlement bearing in mind the facts of each case and the need for fair freatment. It may be noted inst with a nearly 100 resident Diplomatic Missions and offices of International and other organisations in Delhi em ploying a few thousand Indian emplayees the number of complaints are relatively few.

Provision of public call offices in

*351, SHRI RAMCHANDRAN KADHNNAPPALLI

SHRI A. R. BADRINARAYAN

Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-

- (a) whether Ministry plans to provide 15000 public call offices in the villages in the next five years.
- (b) if so, whether backward and b.ii areas u.ill get priority;
- (c) whether the vislages have been earmarked for the purpose,
 - (d) if so, the details thereof, and
 - (e) the total expenditure involved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHEI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH-DEO SAI): (a) Yes, Sir

- (b) Yes, Sir For this purpose more liberal enterts have been adopt ed for provinon of PCOs, in the backward and hilly areas
- (c) Villages are being identified in accordance with the criteria adopted, PCOs are to be opened progressively during the 5 years in these village,
- (d) A statement is placed on the table of the House

(e) Rs. 9D crores approximately Statement

For purposes of provision of PCOs, & COs, the policy adopted by the Department is given at statement T Besides provision of PCOs in places of administrative importance wit District headquarters, Sub-Dhissional headquarters, teshis headquarters, subtehsis headquarters and Block headquarters, PCOs are to be provided at a subsidired basis at places with a populations of 5000 or more in ordinary areas, 2,500 or more in backward or hilly areas and population of 2,500 or more in a group of villages within the radius of 10 Kms. from a central village in tribal areas. The table below gives the number of villages in each of these categories with the number provided with the facility and number yet to be provided with the same:--

175

2818

3420

9454

being identified

2763

20899

38

61

215

1052

11279

795 13582

Catego	ry o	f Stat	ion			Total Nos.	No. provi- ded with telephone facility	No. yet to be provi- ded with the facility
(a) District Hqrs.						395	392	3
(b) Sub Divl. Hqrs.		•				635	592	43
(c) Tehsil Hqrs.				,		1280	1246	34

(c) Tehsil Hqrs. 1280 (d) Sub Tehsil Hors. . 296 (c) Block Hors. 3153 (f) Places with a population exceeding: ...

(i) 5.000 in ordinary areas . (ii) 2,500 in hilly & backward areas (iii) 2,300 and above, in a group of villages within 10 Kms. radius of a central village .

covered junder the earlier categories.

(g) Police stations under the charge of Sub-Inspector of 3558 34472 Nort: In the above table the figures shown against the particular category excludes the stations

4472

20733

All the places not yet provided with within the 15,000 P.C.Os, to be opened telephone facilities in the above during 1978-83. categories are expected to be covered

Statement 'I'

POLICY FOR PROVISION OF PCOS AND COS ON LOSS Categories of Stations

(1) District Headquarters

Police or above .

- (2) Sub Divisional Headquarters
- (3) Tehsil Headquarters
- (a) Sub Tehsil Headquarters
- (5) Block Headquarters . .
- (6) Places with a population of 5000 or more in ordinary areas

(2.500 or more in backward or hilly areas)

Candations for provision of Public Call Offices	Conditions for provision of C mainta Courts
Carterions for fearment	

Will be provided progressively irrespective of loss and will be provided progressively irrespective of loss and without conditions of minimum revenue revenue.

(1) Places with Police Stations under the charge of an Officer of the rank of a Sub Inspector of Police or above

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices Condition for provision of Combined Offices

The ant cipat d revenue should be at least 25%, of ARE. Annual Recurring Expenditure) in ordinary areas, and 15% of ARE in backward areas and 10% of VRE in billy areas.

The anucipated revenue should by at least 15% of the ARE (\u00e4nnual Recurring Expenditure) in ordinary areas, and 15% of ARE in baceward areas and 10%, of ARE in hilly areas

(8) Out of the way places

Guadations for provision of Public Call Offices Conditions for provision of Combined offices

(a) Should be beyond 40 Kms (radial distance) from (a) Should be beyond 20 kms. (radial distance) from an existing Telegraph office

(b) The anticipated revenue should be a least 25% of IRE in ordinary areas 15% of IRE in backward areas, and 10% of IRE in ally areas

(b) The anticipated revenue should be at least 25°, of ARE in ordinary areas, 15°, of ARE in backsard areas, and 10°, of ARE in hilly areas

(c) The anticipated loss should not exceed Rs 2 000 pa in ordinary areas and Rs 5 000 pa in backward/fish) areas

(9) Tourist/pilgramage centres/agracultural/urisgation/power projects sites townships

Conditions for provision of Public Call Offices

Conditions for provision of Comb red Offices

(a) The ant cipated revenut should be at least 25% of ARE in ordinary areas 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE in hilly areas

(a) The anticipated revenue should be at least 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10%

(b) The anticipated loss should not exceed Rs 2 coo pa in ordinary areas and Rs 5 coo p.a in backward and hilly areas

of ARE in fully areas

(10) All other stations

Condition for prevision of Public Cal. Offices. Condition for provision of Combined Offices

On the basis of financial viability or on rent and On the basis of financial viability or on rent guarantee in case of loss.

Note:-

41

- 1. For considering the population figures, the population of the term or village alone should take into account and not that of a group of villages or towns except in tribal areas where a group of villages within a radius of to Kon from a Central village can be considered.
- No telegraph office should be opened on less if another telegraph office is already working within B Kms. of the proposed office.

Reservation for S.C. and S.T. in Post Graduate courses in Medical Sciences

*352. SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Health Ministry has suggested to the Medical Council of India to reserve a certain percentage of seats in Post Graduate Courses in Medical Sciences for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes candidates; and

(b) if so, the reaction of the Medical Council of India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDA-MBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Council is not agreeable to reservation of seats in favour of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes candidates for admission to post-graduate course in medical sciences.

रोजगार ग्रीर प्रशिक्षण निवेशालय के ब्रेन्तर्गत समितियां

*353. श्री टी॰ एस॰ नेंगी: न्या संसदीय कार्य तथा श्रम मंत्री ग्रह दतानें की कृपा करेंगे कि:]

(क) धम मंत्रालय के प्रत्तगैत रोजवार और प्रशिक्षण निर्देशालय में कितनी समितियां काम कर रही हैं:

- (ख) क्या इन समितियों को अन्नेनी और हिन्दी दोनों में ही प्रतिबेदन प्रस्तुत करने के निर्देश दिए गए हैं: और
 - (ग) यदि नहीं, तो इस के क्या कारण है ?

संबंधीय कार्य तथा सम्म संबंध (की क्योध्य सम्म) ;

(क) से (१९) अस्म आवाज के प्रांधीय तिकार द्वारित ,
प्रीक्षकर अहारित्येशालय में से सीमित्या कर्य कर कुते ।
वार्ष को इन में है एक सीमीत प्रीत्याय के व्याप्त को है कर की ।
विकार सीमित्र की सीमित्र आर्थिय के विकार की तिकार की तिकार की सीमित्र कर की किए तथा है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र के सीमित्र आर्थ साथ की सीमित्र के स्वार की साथ कर की का इस साथ की साथ की है ।
वार्ष की ! इस देशों सीमित्र में क्याने करण की जाय से साथित की ! इस देशों सीमित्र में क्याने करण की जाय से साथित की ! इस देशों सीमित्र में क्याने करण की जाय से साथित है ।
वार्ष की ! इस देशों सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो कर सी है । उस देशों सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो कर सी है । उस देशों सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो कर सी लिया है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो साथ सीमित्र के साथ सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो साथ सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र में करणी करणीहमूं हो साथ सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र में साथ सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र सीमित्र सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र सीमित्र सीमित्र सीमित्र है ।
वार्ष की सीमित्र

Improvement in working of hospitals in the country

*354. SHRI S. S. SOMANI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recently Government have launched a campaign to improve the working of the inopitals in the Capital in particular and the country in general; and

(b) if so, the details of the steps taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDA-MBI PRASAD PADAV): (8) and (b).

A Committee under the Chairmanship of Dr M. M S Siddu MP has peen set up to examine the working of hospitals in the Capital and to suggest ways for improving their working An expert study group has also been set un to update the AP Jain Committee Report for hospital in the country

A statement listing the improvements made in the major hospitals in Delhi is placed on the Table of the Sabha

Cintomant

Dr Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital

Saldarrang Hospital

Lok Nayak Jasprakash Naravan Hospital

- constructed where Y ray Dentt Blood Bank, Medical Examina tion Medical Board and CSS Deptt have been located
- (2) A new Laundary & Incinera for Block building is coming up which is likely to be commission ed within this year
- (3) \ new Operation Theatre
 Block will also be commissioned by the end of this year on the second floor of the G.S D Block
- (a) Additional 2 floors over OPD are nearing completion
- (5) In the emergency Depti construction of an annexe, consist ing of is beds and a doctor s rest room has already been started
- (6) 6 more bed for Parsintrue emergency ward have been add
- (7) A Wasting Room for the atten dants has been provided in the Emergency Deptt
- (8) Additional 8 posts of Medical Officers have been sunctroped for the Emergency Deptt
- (9) Departmental Canteen facels. ties round the clock have been provided for the relatives, attend ing on the patients in the Emergency Depti
- (10) E.N.T., Eye Dental and Or thopsedie Out patient Depti. has started functioning on all the sax days, for facility of patients

- for Accident & Emergency Services Block constructed in July 1973 has been in occupation of the Univer sity College of Medical Sctences it has not been not sable to bring about any ma terial improvement in this Deptt A new small casualty block has been constructed with a provision of 8 obser vation beds
- (2) A proposal for provision of tir-conditioned and water coolers, for various Deouts including Emergency & Ga sualty is in a advanced stage of consideration
 - (3) Administrative approval & expenditure sanction for the construction of Nurses Hostel, at an estimated cost of Rs 1 48 45 000, has been 155mod
 - (4) To improve communica tion facilities in the various Depits of the hospital, san ction for installation of ar additional 100-line PABY has been given
 - (5) In order to reheve the congestion in Out Patient Department a scheme for the
 - construction of OPD phase II at an estimated cost of Rs 31,12,500 has been same-

- (1) A new services Block has been (1) Since the new building (1) Senior doctors have been posted on duty in the Emergency Ward of the Hospital and surprise checks are conducted from time to fime
 - (2) A counter has been open ed near the entrance gate of the Casualty where infor-mation about the patients admitted and treated in the canualty as kept
 - (a) The relatives and friends of the patients are given suformation about the condition of the patients
 - (4) Senior Doctors incharge of the various units have been sustructed to be available on call as and when an eventuality arises
 - (5) A Medico Social Worker has been asked to sit near the Casualty Deptt to help the public
 - (6) Volunteer Social Workers have been requested to be present near the casualty-Deptt when they visit the hospital

Poetal facility in Pural areas

*355. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state.

- (a) whether Government have made any survey for setting up Postal facility centres within a radius of 10 kms. in the rural areas; and
- (b) if so, the number of Post Offices likely to be set up under the scheme and the time by which the new Post Offices will start functioning?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN 1HE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Participation of Indian High Commission in the receptions of Smt. Gandhi

356, PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: SHRI PIUS TIRKEY:

Wid the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Indian High Commission in London, and the-Indian High Commissioner there in particular, took any direct or indirect part in one or more programmes and functions in which Mrs. Indira Gandhi, former Prime Minister, was a guest speaker or a guest;
 - (b) if so, full facts thereof;
- (c) reasons for such official recognition of and participation in the said programmes; and
- (d) whether Indians in India and/or in Britain lodged any protest at such official involvement by the Indian High Commission and if so, Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) The Indian High Commissioner received an invitation to be a speaker at the Indo-British Association dinner on November 18th, 1978, in honour of Shri Jawahartal Nehru and Prince Charles, which he accepted. The High Commissioner spoke on Shri Nehru's contribution to India and his unfailing belief in "Independence with freedom" and also made some reference to the present health and visour of Indian democracy "after its temporary cellipso".
- (c) The High Commissioner attended the dinner as it was organised in honour of Shri Jawaharlal Nehru and Prince Charles.
- (d) It is reported by our Misson that lonly one critical letter was received regarding the High Commissioner's participation. Government support our High Commissioner's decision since the meeting was in honour of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Prince Charles.

े सत्युरिक एसिड सस्ती दरों पर वेचा जाना

*357. श्री भान कुमार सास्त्रों . नया इस्पात मीर खान मंत्री यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या हिन्दुस्तान जिंक तिसिटेड, उदयपुर के प्रवेत्यको ने जनवरी, से ध्रमेस, 1976 तक की स्वर्धि में सल्पारिक एपिड बिना टेंडर मेंगाये 641.00 रुपर प्रव को दर से देवा था यद्यपि उस का बाकार मूट्य 1000 रुप से 1200 रुप प्रति टम के बीच था ; और
- (ध) यदि हा, तो प्रवन्धको द्वारा उपरोस्त अपनी को इस प्रकार कितनी हानि पहुँचाई गई ?

 47 उपयक्त मस्य हिन्दस्तान विक ति । को गारंदी-शदा खरीद के बाबार पर सीमित दहर पर प्रस्तावित

स्वत्यं मन्द्रया।

Written Answert

हिन्दस्तान जिस जिल का सल्स्कृरिक एसिक विती मृत्य इत थव में तरनारी और वैर-सरकारी सैक्टर के मृत्य एतित उत्पादकों क मृत्य के बराबर है।

थि । भरान नहीं प्रदेश ।

Quenlag of P C Os in Sholapur Taluka and Mangalore in Karnataka

*358 SHRI RAJSHEKHAR KOLUR Will the Minister of COMMUNICA TIONS be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government has rece .ed representations for the opening of PCOs at Kannehally in Sholanar Taluka and Mangalore (in Karnataka):
- (b) whether Government is consider ing the above representations for opening PCOs at Kannehally and Mangalore, in view of the recent discovery of gold deposits in nearby areas and the pressing demands for estate ing tele phone links from the ___zes, and
 - (c) if not, the presons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) and (c) A PCO has been opened at Mangalore in Raichu-District of Karnataka on 31st March, 78

Proposal for Kannehali has been found to be unremunerative and at

the same tune not covered by the policy for opening of PCO on a subsidized basis

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Resolutions for HN Assembly session

*359 SHRI P. M SAYEED SHRIR U SWAMINATHAN

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that India had tabled two Resolutions for the UN Assembly session during the current Session.
- (b) if so, the details of the two Rew lutions moved in the Assembly.
- (c) how many countries supported the Resolutions, and
- (d) what was the fale of those two Resolutions?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHR! ATAL. BIHADI VAJPAYEE) (a) to (d) During the current session of the UN 5 General Assembly, India tabled and cosponsored several resolutions. Since the question does not specify which resolutions the Honourable Members have in mind, it is not possible to give the details requested. However, I lay on the Table of the House a statement giving the resolutions which India has tabled or co sponsored so far during the current session.

Statemen t

List of resolutions tabled and co-sponsored by India during the 33rd Session of the U.N. General Assembly (As on 13-12-1078)

(1) *denotes Indian initiative.

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	Title of the Resolution	Status	Remarks
	Tibe di tiic Resolution	biatida	remarks
I. Picnary	*(1) 30 years of the Universal Declaration of Human Ri- ghts-National Institutions for the promotion and pro- tection of human rights.		10 Co-sponsors
	(2) Palestine		
	(a) Political aspects of the Palestine Problem	Adopted {97/19/25}	
	(b) Committee on the inalie- nable rights of the Pales- tine People	Adopted (103/14/24)	
	(c) Special Unit for the Pa- lestinians in the Secre- tariat—strengthening of	Adopted (98/17/26)	
	(3)_Cyprus	Adopted (110/4/22)	
	(4) Question of the Middle	Adopted (100/3/33)	
armament & Interna-	*(t) Non-use of nuclear wea- pons	Adopted (84/16/18)	Go-sponsored with 15 other countries.
tional Security)	*(2) Urgent aced for cessa- tion of further testing of nu- clear weapons.	Adopted (89/2/9)	Co-sponsored with 27 other countries.
	(3) Review conference on convention of bacteriolo- gical (biological) weapons	Adopted by con- sensus	
	(4) Study of nuclear weapons	Adopted (89/o/19)	
	(5) U.N. Conference on ex- cessively injurious weapons	Adopted by con- scnsus	
	(6) Proposal on chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons.	Adopted by con- sensus	
	 Effective measures to im- plement the purposes and objectives of the Disarma- ment Decade. 	Adopted	

51 Written Ausw	DECEMBER 15, 1	978 Writt	en Answers 52
Title	of the Resolution	Status	Remarks
	(5) Relationship between dis- armament and develop- ment	Adopted	
	(9) Resolution on so-called inhuman weapons	Adopted	
	(10) U N Fellowship on Dis- arm ment	Adopted	
	(11) Non interference in the internal affairs of States	Adopted (110/0/13)	
	(12) Implementation of the Declaration on the streng thening of International Se- curity	Adopted (96/2/20)	
III Special Political Co- mentitee (Other politi- cal questions)	(1) Working group on financing of UN relief and worksAgency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East	Adopted by con- sensus	14 other co-sponsors
	(2) Palestine refugees in the	Adopted (10Q(1/2)	7 other co-sponsors
	(3) Three resolutions to in- vestigate Israeli practices affecting the human rights of the population of the Occupied Territories	Adopted	
	(4) Two Resolutions on Information	Adopted	Introduced by Tuni- sia on behalf of Group of 77
	(5) Peaceful uses of the outer space	Adopted)
	(6) Comportion of the relevant organs of the U N	Adopted	27 other cc-sponsors.
IV S cond Committee (Economic & Finan ctal questions)	Third General Conference of UNIDO	Adopted by consensus	Co-sponsored by all members of Group of 77
	2 Industrial Development Geoperation	Do	$\mathbf{D_0}$
	*3 Conversion of UNIDO unite 2 specialised agency	•	Do
	4 U \ University		Do
	5 Several other resolutions , tabled by the Group of 77		
V. Third Committee (Social & Humani- tarian Issues)	r Procedural resolution	•	
	2 Policies of programmes re- lating to youth	Adopted by	

	Title of the Resolution	Status .	Remarks
	 Draft convention on the elimination of discrimina- tion against women. 	Adopted by consensus	
	 Adverse consequences for the enjoyment of human rights by political, military, economic and other forms of assistance given to colo- nial and racist regimes in southern Africa. 	-	18 other co-sponsors
	 Procedural resolution on draft convention on the el- min tion of discrimination against women. 	Do.	
	 National experience in achieving far-reaching so- cial and economic changes. 	Do.	Group of 77 reso- lutions
	 Equitable distribution of national income for eco- nomic and social develop- ment. 	Do.	Do.
	Preservation and further development of cultural values	Adapted (116/0/14)	
	 Elimination of all forms of racial discrimination. 		
	10. Torture and other cruel, inhuman and other degrading treatment.		
	 Preparation for the world conference for the Decade for Women. 	Do.	28 other co-sponsors
	*12. Alternative approaches and ways & means within the U.N. system for im- proving the effective en- joyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms.	Do.	30 other co-sponsors
VI. Fourth Committee (Issues relating to de- colonisation)	t. Implementation of the Declaration of the Granting of Independence to colonial countries and peoples by the specialised agencies and the international institutions associated with the U.N.	Adopted	45 other co-spontors
	2. United Nations educa- tional and training po- gramme for southern Africa.	dopted by consensus [54 other co-sponsors.
	 Information from non-self f governing territories trans- mitted under Art. 73 of the U.N. Charter 	Adopted	17 other co-spansors

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55 Written Ansu	pers DECEMBER 15, 1	978 1971	tien Answert 30
	Title of the Resolution	Status	Remarks
	4 Offers by member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of non-self governing territories	Adopted by consensus	24 other co-sponsors
	5 Question of the new he- brides	Do	13 other co-spensors
	6 Question of Bermuda, Eritish Virgin Islands, Mon- teerrat Turks and Carcos Islands and C ayman Is- lands	Do t	8 other co-sponsors.
	7 Question of Belitze	Adopted	43 other co-sponsors
/II Fifth Committee (Administance & Bu dgelary issues)	*1 Mechum term plan for the period 1980-83		
dgetary assues)	2 U N Salary system—Report of the International Civil Service Commission	i	
	3 Question of personnel		
	4 Draft Resolution on UN Centre in Vienna		
	5 Text of financing of UNEF and UNDOF		
VIII Suxth Committee (Legal Issues)	I UN Conference on Con tract for international sale of goods	Adopted by consensus	,
	2 Report of the Special Com- mattee on the Charter of the U N	Da.	
	3 Drafting of an inferna- tional convention against the taking of hostages	Do.	
ग्रीश्रोगिक सन्य छ वि	वेवह हे विस्तु प्रदयन	(ग) इस बारे व	स्तकार की प्रतिकिया नया
*****		?	

*360. श्री चनन्त राम बायसदान s भी पगा मस्त सिंह

रुवा सत्तदीय कार्ष तथा यम सबी यह बताने की क्याकरपे कि

(क) क्या वन्तें भीदोविक सका विभेक्त के विरुद्ध सभी के द्रीव कामिक सभी घोर प्रश्चिल भारतीय थमिक भीर रमचारी सर्व हे एक साख से भविक धमिको हाध 20 नवानर, 1978 को बाबोजित किये वये भाषक प्रदेशन की जानकारी है.

(ख) वदि हां, तो उपरोक्त विधेयक के किन बहाँ के विरुद्ध प्रदर्श किया गया था, भीर

ससरीय कार्य तथा धम मळी (धी रवीग्द्र वर्मा) (क) से (म) यह मुचित किया गया है कि के डीय ट्रेड यूनियन सगठना के तत्वाघान में एक रैसी 20 नवस्थर, 1978 को मायोजित की वई थी। यह रैसी 30 मगस्त, 1978 को लोक सभा में वेस किए गए भौद्योगिक सदध विधेयक, 1978 को वापिस सेने की मांग कर रही थी। लोक समा ने उनत विधेयक को ससद सबेनों की संयुक्त समिति के पास भेजने प्रीर राज्य सभी को संयुक्त समिति में भाग तेने की विफारिश के प्रस्ताव पर पहले ही सहमति है दी है। जैसा कि बार बार स्पष्ट विया जा घठा है, सरकार विधेयकों के विभिन्न उपबाधों के सबधा में दिए गए मुझावीं पर उचितं विचार करेगी।

/ 11.10.016.12.00

Establishment of a Steel Plant in Maharashtra

*861. SHRI SANTOSHRAO GODE:

DR. BAPU KALDATE:

Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government will consider to establish a Steel Plant in Chandrapur District of Maharashtra considering the availability of raw material there;
- (b) whether any survey in this regard was conducted in the area of Vidarbha: and
 - (e) if so, the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI BIJU PATNAIK): (a) to (c). Based on a study carried out in 1975 by Metallurgical and Engineering Consultants (India) Ltd., it, has been found that establishment of a steel plant at Surjagarh in Chandrapur is not economically feasible.

Number of passports issued

- 3362. SHRI MOHD. SHAFI QU-RESHI: Will the Minister of EXTERN-AL AFFAIRS be pleased to lay a statement showing:
- (a) the number of passports issued during 1977-78 to Indian citizens;
- (b) the number of applications pending disposal till March, 1978
- (c) whether any application for passport has been refused; and
 - (d) the reasons for such refusal?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI ATAL BHAAT VAJFAYEB: (a) During the period April 1977 to March 1978, a total of 10,69,498 passports had been issued by Passport Offices.

- (b) As on 31-3-1978, the gross arrear position of pending applications was 4,18,714.
- Of this 79,187 applications were pending due to non-compliance of passa-port requirements by the applicants. Non-compliance of requirements mapsa absence of financial guarantee, required number of photographs, remittence of full revised passport fee of R. 50%—and certain essential data for inclusion in the passport like date of birth or height of the anolisent etc.
- (c) Applications for passport were refused in case of 20 persons by the Passport Issuing Authorities in India. This excludes Government of Goa, Daman and Diu from whom the information has not yet been received.
- (d) Passport facilities are refused for various reasons such as pendency of a criminal case and issue of warrant or summons against the applicant etc. as prescribed in Sub-Section (2) of Section 6 of the Passports Act, 1967.

Requirement and production of refractories

- *363. SHRI O. V. ALAGESAN: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state;
- (a) the total requirements of refractories, both in tonnes and in value, needed by the steel plants in the public sector;
- (b) how much of it is produced in India and how much is imported;
- (e) how many refractory plants are under the public sector management;
- (d) whether their production and profitability on increasing or decreasing; and
- (e) if decreasing, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI BIJU PATNAIK): (a) The total estimated requirement of refractories during the current year as 1978-79 in the Public Sector Steel Plants meluding Alloy Steel Producers in the Public Sector is of the order of Rs 432 lakh tonnes valued at about Rs 70 erores.

- (b) Of the total tonnage required during the current year, about 945 per cent is produced in the country and the balance is imported
- (c) There are four retractory-making units in the Bharat Refractories Ltd under the Ministry of Steel and Mines and five units in the Burn Standard Co Ltd. under the Ministry of Heavy Industry
- (d) and (e) There has been an overall increase in the production of refractories from 42253 tonnes in 1976-77 to 52348 tonnes in 1977-78, in the units now under Bharat Refractories Ltd. Despite increased production, the profitability of the plants has decreased due to the following main reasons ~
 - (1) Price increase in raw materials higher ware bills including the payment of ex gratia and statutory bonus to the employees.
 - (u) Prices of the manufactured products remained almost constant.
 - (un) Prequent failures and interruption in power supply upsetting the tungel klip temperature count ing in production losies as well as higher percentage of rejections and
 - (1v) The plant and machinery installed are quite old thereby causing frequent break-downs and higher maintenance cost of the plant and machinery which are quite old

Representation from Kerala Regarding Loss of Revenue due to Amendment in the Central Sales Tax Act.

*386 SHRI P K. RODLYAN WILL the Minuster of FINANCE be pleased

(a) whether the Government have received any communication from Kerala State Government recarding serious loss of resenue caused by on arging the meaning of sales in the course of exports' through the amendment to the Central Sales-tax Act passed by the Union Government, and

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(b) if so the details and Government's reacting theretof

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) and (b) When the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 was amended in 1976 to treat the last sale or purchase of goods preceding export in certain circumstances as baing in the course of export for the purpose of exemption from sales tax under Article 286(1) of the Constitution, the Government of Kerala had represented that the amendment would result in severe loss of revenue to the State After discussions with the officals of the State Government, it was concluded that the figures of actual loss on account of sales tax on exports and imports would be in the range of Rs 14 50 crores or so, it was explained on behalf of the Central Government that it could not accept the principle of compensation and that whatever the dos in suestax revenue auridutable to the amendment to the Central Sales Tax Act, it had to be seen as a part of the larger problem of gap in resources for financing a Plan of the approved size It was also agreed that whenever the Central Government considered the question of gap in States resources, the estimated loss of Rs 1450 crores or so would be taken into account in the case of Kerala and sustable ways and means found to deal with the problem. This uss done while releasing gap assistance to Kerala last year, in conformuty with the approach adopted towards other States which faced a simulas problem of gap in resources

Import of Woollen Rags

'871." SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT:

SHRI RAJSHEKHAR KOLUR;

Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a high-level Committee of Secretaries appointed by Government of India has suggested import of woollen rags on a restricted basis through a caralising agency; and
- (b) if so, (i) the name of that canalising agency; (ii) the amount and nature of woollen rags which are recommended to be imported; and (iii) a brief outline of the recommendations of the Committee?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN

THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPE-RATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) and (b). A Committee of Secretaries constituted under the Chairmanship of Secretary (Industrial Development) to make recommendations in regard to the policy for import of textile fibres/varns and related matters, has submitted its Report to Government. In its Report, the Committee has among other matters, dealt with the import policy for woollen rags, Government are considering the recommendations of the Committee. import of woollen rags is presently canalised through the State Trading Corporation.

Export of Frozen Shrimps to United States

372. SHRI K. RAMAMURTHY:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether export of frozen shrimps to United States from Vichakapatnam has come to balt during the last six months resulting in the accumulation of 100 tonnes of processed shrimps with the exporters;
- (b) if so, the reasons for the same;and
- (c) the steps proposed to be taken to revive the export of shrimps?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) to (c). There has been a general shortfall in the export of frozen shrimps from most ports, including Vishakapatnam, to the U.S.A. on account of diversion to Japan, which has occurred because of price advantage during the first six months of the current financial year. Also, the catch during this period has been much lower than that during the corresponding period last year. The details of the shipment figures from Vishakapatnam for export of frezen shrimps to U.S.A. and Japan for the period April-October, 1977, and 1978 are given below:-

					U.S	А.	V	due in I	r in MT Rs. lakhs apan		
				Q	1978 V	Q 19	77 V	Q 197	7 ⁸ V	Q 19	77 V
April		_	<u> </u>	Nil		47	15.63	168	62.05	236	95. 55
May .				Nil		34	14.01	Nil		Ni	
June .			,	23	5*71	55	23.77	419	:85.9	255	92°B2
July .				Nil		Nil		178,	81.02	318	136- 18
August				Nil		Nil		268	131-95	150	74*55
Sept. ,	٠.,			Nil		Nil		NE		199	94.30
Oct.				Nil		Nil		287	205*25	302	164.88
	TOTAL		٠.	23	5.71	136	53'41	1344	656-17	1460	658+25

2. No cargo meant for U.S.A. is reported to have accumulated at Vinhakapainam during the period April— October, 1978

Agitation by Employees of New India Assurance Company Ltd.

*373 SHRI DILIP CHAKRAVAR-TY Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is true that the employees of the New India Assurance Company Limited have been on agitation in various parts of the country for ventilating their grievances,
- (b) if so what steps the management of the New India Assurance Company Limited has taken to redress the grievances
- (c) is it true that the entire Managing Committee of the New India Assurance Company Limited Southern Region Employees Association at the been suspended from service and
- (d) what are the expenses including the legal expenses the management of the New India Assurance Company Limited has incurred, area-wise?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL) (a) to (c) A section of the employees of the he India Assurance Co Ltd. had c an againtion especially in the located in the Southern > press their demands relat 3 ~ toration of rate of provident funa con inbution, sick leave on full Day, bonus to all employees, absorption of temporary employees against declared permanent vacancies, etc. Some of these demands relate to the entire general insurance industry and not to New India alone During the course of the agutation, some of the employees had indulged in grave and serious acts of indiscipline and misconduct in the premises of the Company They ghemood the Semor Area Manager and others at Madras on 27-9-1978 and 4-11-1978 The management was, therefore, compelled to suspend the members of the Managing Committee of the Southern Region Employees' Association and a few other employees

Following the discussions which the Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) had with the representatives of the management and the union in Bombay, a settlement was reached on 912-1978. The applation, has since been called off and further action on the outstanding demands, will be taken in accordance with the terms of the settlement.

(d) Legal expenses incurred by 'hea India' in respect of the present agitation area-wise are as under:—

Bombay Area. Advance of Rs. 15 000/ Actual expenses incurred including Court cases so far are Rs. 3 000/

Madras, By way of Court fees Rs

Share of Income-lax Revenue Payable to various States

*374 SHRI R. K. MHALGI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to lay a statement showing

- (a) whether it is a fact that the various State Governments are to receive a part of their share of Income-tax revenue from 1972-73 onwards.
- (b) if so, the amount State-wise and year wise.
- (c) whether it is a fact that the State Governments especially government of Maharashtra have urged upon the Union Government to settle the said payments.
- (d) what are the reasons for delay in softling these payments
- (e) whether the Union Government are contemplating at least to make ad-hoc payments to State Governments till the final accounts are settled, if so, when, and

(f) how soon the whole matter will be decided finally?

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THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) to (f). In accordance with the provisions of article 279(1) of the Constitution, the net proceeds of income-tax distributable hetween the Union and the States are to be ascertained and certified by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, whose certificate shall be final. Pending receipt of such certified figures, the shares due to the various States are released to them in instalments during each financial year on the basis of Budget Estimates and Revised Estimates, subject to such adjustments of short or excess payments as may be necessary with reference to certified figures when received. Payments to all the States, including Maharashtra, have thus been made on a provisional basis for the years 1972-73 and onwards pending receipt of certified figures from Comptroller and Auditor General of India, which are awaited. The Comptroller and Auditor General had brought it to the notice of the Governemnt that it had not been possible for him to certify the net proceeds because of large scale misclassificatioin between the figures of Income-tax and Central Surcharge and non-reconciliation of these figures. The matter is under correspondence with the Comptroller and Auditor General with a view to finding a way out early. On receipt of certified figures, the amount of arrears, if any, payable to various States (including Maharashtra who have urged the Central Government to settle this matter) will be computed and released to them. In view of the misclassification referred to, it is not possible to make ad hoc payments to the States in addition to the provisional payments already made from year to year.

Renovation and Expansion Work at Ahmedabad Airport

*375. SHRI AMARSINH V. RATH-WA: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the renovation and expansion work at the Ahmedabad airport is going on;
 - (b) when it will be completed;
- (c) the details of the capacity inereased; and
- (d) whether arrangements for international flights will also be made at the airport?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) By the middle of 1979.
- (c) The capacity of the new Terminal Building will approximately be twice the capacity of the existing one. The new terminal building will provide an arrival building to accommodating 150 passengers and 75 visitors, a departure concourse to accommodate 200 passengers and 160 visitors along with a separate departure holding area for security cleared passengers to accommodate approximately. 200 passengers
- (d) Ahmedabad Airport will continue to be the designated alternate for Bombay for international flights.

लाख का सुरक्षित मध्हार

- *376. श्री हुकम र चन्द कछवाय : स्या वाजिक्य तथा नागरिक पूर्ति श्रीर सहकारिता मंत्री यह बताने की प्रभा करेंगे कि :
- (क) सरकार नें किस मुख्य प्रयोजन से लाख का सुरक्षित मंडार बनाया है और क्या इस समय उन प्रयोजन की प्राप्ति हो रही है;
- (ख) क्या राज्य व्यापार निवम साथ की सरीद
 के तिए बिहार, दवस्त और अन्य राज्यों की धन देता
 है; और
- (ग) नवा साख उत्पादको को इस संबंध में निर्मारित किया गया मृत्य नहीं मिसता है क्योंकि उस का बड़ा भाग विश्वीतियों ने लेते हैं; और
- (प) क्या सरकार का विचार इन तय्यों की जाय करते तथा यह मुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि, उत्पादकंश को पूरा मृत्य मिले, कोई जाय करने का है;

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- (ह) क्या सुर्यापत भड़ार बनाद जाने के फल स्वरूप लाख के निर्यात में भारों कमी हुई है घोर
- (च) यदि हां हो नया सरकार का दिवार मुर्राक्षत्र प्रशार बनान की नीति को समाज करने वा है ताकि दिश्यों मुद्रा भारी माद्रा में प्रवित्त की वा सके ?

सांतन्त्र तथा नागरिक द्वित और सहस्राधित स्वार्म के दिए ना है दिश ताब के बतायोंक रचन प्रश्निक को है दिश ताब के बतायोंक रचन प्रश्निक को है ति सांतर्भ के प्रश्निक को है ति सांतर्भ के प्रश्निक को है ति सांतर्भ के प्रश्निक को है ते हैं तो है तो है तो है तो है ते सांतर्भ के प्रश्निक को है ते हैं तो है तो है तो है तो है ते सांतर्भ के प्रश्निक को है तो
- (य) शीनत वनपत सत्यों कारकां के प्रत्येत प्रत्येत स्थान कर प्रत्येत सामार नियद द्वार विहार, प्रत्येत स्थान वरण उद्योग एमन करकारों के नामन बहुराये क्षित्रकां के नामन सनी नाती है। एवं वे लिए, एसन सामार नियम सामा हन दिन स्थिते बहुरायों के हिस्स जन प्रतिकारण हाएं की गई स्थानों के प्राथमितनान करने वसम सम्बद्धित कर दिना बात है।
- (म) वेषा (च) चृह में बुख गिडमार्ज निती चों हि राख उत्तारकों को सरकार हाथ पत्ता निवास स्वत्यह मेंजन बुत्त निती । राष्ट्र मार्गमां पत्ती निरोक्षण में गुजर तान के निय करन उठ्या कुत चे भीर धरियों के चान के निय करन उठ्या कुत करों के मार्ग्य कर के ही की जाती है। कि उठ्जाल उठक करों की गिर्ज आप कर रहु है व कराल कोरों की प्राप्ता नहीं मीयक है। वैद्याली घीर गार्थिक करन वोधव में टिक्क राख की उपहिंद की नेटें 2 25 १० वीड कि का काक्री और जैसे हैं।
- (इ) सर्रात्यः स्थानायन स्तुयो व प्रतिकारिका होत के कारण साथ क निर्मात में विश्वरण माई थी । तथावि 1978-79 के रोपन एमा मनमान है कि निर्मात 2000 में एन कहरू बाल स्तार की नुलता में 18,000 में टन कसप्तु तक प्रतुष नामने।
 - (व) प्रस्त नहीं उठता।

Request for Import of Tobacco by Iraq

*37 SHRI BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL

Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION & pleased to state

- (a) whether he has received any request from the Government of Iraq for importing tohacoo from India.
- (b) If so what is the quantity and price thereof for which order has been received, and
- (c) whether the export of tobacco will be through the STC only or open to private agencies?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPE-RATION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) No. S.r

(b) and (c) Do not arise

Contraband Goods Recovered by Customs Authorities in Border Areas of North Bihar

*378 SHRI ISHWAR CHAWDHA RY Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the

Customs authorities recovered contraband goods mostly textiles and calculators, valued at several lakks of rupees during a massive anti-smiggiing drive launched in the border areas of North Bihar in the month of September, 1978 and

(b) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) and (b) Reports received by Government show that during the month of September 1978 the Customs authorities seized contraband goods totally valued at Rs 677 hachs consisting of synthetic textiles calculators and other stems in the North Bihar region of Indo Nepal border

साजस्थान में प्रयटन विकास क लिए धनरासि

- *379. भी चतुमुख क्या प्रयटक ग्रीर कामर दिमानन मंत्री यह बतान की हुना करने कि
- (क) क्या सबस्यान सरकार न छठो योजना में पबटन के विकास क विश्व मधिक धनस्मीय नियद करने का मन्सेख किया है

- (U) यदि हा. तो क्या राज्य सरकार *के केळील* सरकार से इस राज्य में पर्यटन के विकास के लिए योजना में कुछ परियोजनायें सम्बितित करने की सिफारिश की है: बीर
- (ग) यदि हा, तो योजना में साम्मिति करने के लिए परियोजनाओं के नाम क्या है और तन्त्रकरी च्योरा प्या है ?

पर्यटन और नागर विनातन मही (श्री प्रयोत्तन कोशिक): (क) से (ग) जी हा। हाल न हुए, सभी राज्यों/सब शासित प्रदेशी के पर्यटन महियों के सम्मेलन में केन्द्रीय सैक्टर के बन्तर्गत विकास के लिए प्रत्येक राज्य में दो पर्पटक केन्द्रों के चयन की सिफारिक की गई। राजस्थान सरकार द्वारा ऐसे विचार के लिए प्रस्ता-पित केन्द्रीये हैं : ग्रम्बेर, जैंगतमेर, हल्दीवाटी. और महाराणा प्रताप के जीवन से संबंधित 4 प्रत्य

योजनाओं के व्योरे और उन्हें कार्यान्वित करने सें दी जाने वाली सापेक्ष प्राथमिकताओं को राज्य रास्कार से परामर्श करते हुए निश्चित किया जाएगा 1

Excise Duty on Aerated Waters

*380. SHRI RAMJILAL SUMAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) the reason why the Ministry has levied a higher rate, of excise for aerated water with cola as compared to aerated water without cola:
- (b) was this introduced to discourage Coca Cola;
- (c) now that Coca Cola has gone, do the Ministry plan to have an excise rate of 25 per 'cent for all aera'ed; waters other than Soda; and . . .

(d) if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). The Government has fixed a lower rate of duty on aerated waters not containing extracts of Cola nuts after considering a number of representations received from small manufacturers of acrated waters who requested for relies in excise duty in view of the competition they were facing from bigger manufacturers. The concessional rate of duty is applicable only on the first clearances not exceeding 50 lakh bottles in a financial years; for

clearances in excess of 50 lakh bottles. the standard rate of 55 per cent ad valorem is applicable. There was thus no specific intention to discourage Coca Cola as such.

(c) and (d). The situation obtaining at present as a result of discontinuance of the manufacture of Coca Cola is receiving the attention of the Covernment

Credit by Commercial Banks for Housing

*381. SHRI R.V. SWAMINATHAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE pleased to state:

- (a) whether an , expert panel appointed by the Reserve Bank of India has suggested that commercial banks should mark a minimum additional Rs. 100 crore credit annually. as an effective long term measure to deal with the colossal housing problems facing the country:
- (b), if so whether this expert working group has pointed out that a tragic aspect of the housing situation is that even if funds are made available, the needy cannot afford the credit facility on present terms; and
- (c) if so whether they have suggested any measure in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI 'H. M. PATEL): (a) 'The Working Group on Finance for Housing Schemes appointed by the Reserve Bank has in its Report suggested that an additional amount of about Rs. 100 crores per annum may be advanced by the Banking system as a whole for the housing sector. This amount will include-(1) banks' housing loans, mainly to their own employees; and (11) banks' subscription to guaranteed bonds/ debentures of HUDCO and Housing Boards.

(b) and (c). The Working Group observed that even if the bank finance for housing is extended at the bare minimum cost of 11.5 per cent per annum it would be beyond the reach of majority of the porrowers belonging to economically weaker sections or low income group The Working Group has therefore suggested that (1) the commercial banks should extend at least 70 per cept of the proposed housing finances at a rate of interest lower than 11.5 per cent by subscribing to the special bonds/debentures or by giving term loans or providing refina nce to the housing boards, HUDCO apex cooperative housing finance societies eld which caler to the housing needs of economically weaker sections of society. The balance may be lent by the banks directly to the horrowers at a higher interest rate so that banks average return on housing finance remains 115 per cent per annum (2) within the onantum earmarked for direct finance. banks may give loans to the deserving borrowers at a concessional rate of interest of 11 per cent provided that such credit does not exceed 10 per cent of the total funds earmarked for housing and the amount of loan given to an individual does not exceed Rs 2500/-(3) in cases of direct bank credit for housing to persons belonging to economically weaker sections or lower in come groups, government may have to step in with capital subsidy or with interest subsidy or with subsidy in some other form

Export of Animals and Birds

*332 SHRI HARI VISENU KA-MATH Will the Minister of COM-MERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a large manner of ammals and birds are exported from India, packed or eaged under most painful conditions to foreign counters for the purpose of foreign counters for the purpose of persuments on them, during which they are subjected to unimaginably cruel totures.

(b) if so, the species of birds and animals so exported, the quantum of exports annually and the names of countries to which they are exported,

(c) whether Government propose to ban such exports under the aforesaid conditions and for the aforementioned purposes, and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CONVERGE AND COPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) No.
SIY Only Rheus; monkeys were being exported for bu-medical research
uproses. The export of those ammals has already been banned to all
countries.

(b) to (d) Do not arise

Resumption of U.S. Financial Assis tance to India

*383 SHRI A R BADRINARA-YAN SHRI PM SAYEED

Will the Minister of FINANCE be

(a) whether it is a fact that U.S.A. has decided to resume the financial assistance to India suspended since the Banrladesh war in 1971.

(b) if so whether any agreement has been signed by India with USA up till now.

(c) if so the details thereof, and

(d) the total aid given/to be given by U.S.A to India during the current year and near future and how much has been utilised by India so far?

THEY MINISTER OF FIMANCE SIGHRI HM PATELI (a) to (d) Yes Sir The US has resumed development assistance to India Three agreements for a told development assistance of \$6 omlition have been signed with the US AID on 28th August, 1878. The details of the agreements are given in the Statement laid on the Table of the House

Statement

Details of development assistance agreement signed with the US AID on 26-8-1978

The following three development assistance agreements have been signed with the US AID on 26-8-1978;

- (1) Gujarat Medium Irrigution Project (GMIP): The US has allocated a locat of \$5 00 million for the construction of new Irrigation projects and modernization of existing medium Irrigation projects in Gujarat. (This loan with be in additing to a loan of \$8 5 million which is being provided by the DDA). The entire expenditure will be incurred as local costs in India and will be reimbursed by AID in dollars.
- (2) Malaria Control Project (MCP): The US has allocated a loan of \$ 28 apillion. The loan funds will be used primarily to import Malathion (8300 MT), DDT (7246 MT) and Larvacide abate (16,000 Litres), which are required for the Malaria Control Project.

A small portion of the loan (\$0.075 million) will also be used to finance the import of equipment, viz. ULV sprayers.

- (3) Application of Science and Technology in rural development: The US has allocated a grant of 3 2 million for the application of science and technology to mrail development. The grant will be used to finance foreign exchange costs of sub-projects that may be developed, which will have their focus on the application of science and technology to jural development. The sub-projects will be within the general parameters and priority areas identified by the Indo-US John Coamission and its sub-comission coamission and its sub-comission.
 - 4. The loan will be repayable in 40 years, including a grace period of 10 years. The rape of interest on the loan is 2 per cent for the first 10 years, and 3 per cent for the; subsequent 30 years.
 - These loans will be utilised as the projects get implemented and actual

expenditure is incurred on them. No other aid has been received from USA in the current financial year

Indian Systems of Medicines

- 3384. SHRI MAHI LAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the doctors of Indian Systems of medicines i.e. Ayurvedic, Unani, and Homeopathic systems of medicines working in the Central Government Health Scheme paye been included in C.H.S. (Central Health Scheme);
- (b) if not, the reasons therefor when their duties and responsibilities etc., are the same as those of their counterparts of Allopathic system of medicines; and
- (c) when it is proposed to include them in C.H.S. (Central Health Scheme)?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND PAMILY WELFRE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) No, Sir.

- (b) the Central Health Service has been constituted exclusively for dotors qualified in the allopathle system of medicine. The physicians of the Homeopathic and the Indian Systems of Medicine are not eligible for inclusion in the Service, as per its constitution.
 - (c) Does not arise.

अक्षपरों में रजिल्ट्ड ए० औ० पत्नों का रिकार्ड न रखा ,जाना

3385. ध्री मनोहर सात : क्या संचार मंत्री यह बताने की क्रमा करेंचे कि :

(क) क्या डाकामरों में दिवस्टट ए॰ डी॰ पर्यो का कोई दिकाट नहीं प्ला कांग्र है; और (ख) यदि हां, तो इस के मृत्य कारण क्या हैं
 शोर ऐसे पत्ने के बारे में डाकपरा में रिकार्ड मीर वार्बन कापी रखने के बारे में डाकपरा में रिकार्ड मीर

सचार मशासव में राज्य मती (भी नरहरि प्रसार मुख्येत साथ). (क) जी नहीं ! पावरी सहित रिवाही पत्नी को दी गई सकता ना रिवाह डाल्यर में रवा नवात है।

(स) विभाग को यह नोति है कि पर्याप्त रिलार्ड रखे बावें ताकि रचिस्ट्री पहा के निपटान का पना जनावा , जा सके .!

> पी॰ ओ॰ पेपर मिल्स द्वारा जमा कराई गई प्रविच्या निश्चि को गांग

3380- थी हुकम चन कछनाय : नया ससरीय कार्य तथा थम मत्री 9 प्रगल, 1978 के प्रतायकित प्रश्त छच्या 3510 के सत्तर के सन्त्र में यह नताने थी क्या करेंगे कि

(क) गत दोनपाँचे दोरान पी०ची०पेपर निस्त 'क्रमी माइवेट लिमिटेब, 20 नेतानी मुभाप थेड, 'क्रमकता द्वारा कर्मचारी मुक्तिय निश्चि धोर राज्य शैना भोनना के रूप में स्तिती यात्र जमा कराई गई है:

(ध) स्था यह खब है कि यह चेपर मिल्स यत 'धीन नवीं से प्रमिक करवाप कानूनो ना उस्तवन कर रही हैं। परि हों, वो इस बारे में मब तक कितनो विकासने मिली हैं,

(न) इन प्रविध के शैयन बहुई थेनी, तृतीय श्रेणी मार दिवाय बेणी के निवने किवने कर्मशारियां की छटनी की गई है,

(प) दैनिक मनूरी पोर ठॅके के घाषार पर कितने कितने अभिक नियुक्त किसे सुवे हैं,

(४) क्या बहुत से प्रमिकों को उन की मनुष्टे का भगतान नहीं किया जा रहा है वैशा कि नियम के सन्तर्गेत प्रवेशित है; धीर

(व) क्या सरकार का विचार इस बारे में कोई कार्यवाई करने का है ?

स्थ तया सत्तरीय कार्य सजातव में राज्य मती (बार एक कुणान जिल्हें) (क) उन्त प्रतिस्थान द्वारा नवनमर, 1976 से क्ष्ट्रम्, 1978 तक नमा कराई बई प्रतिस्थ (बीर प्रवर्तनों की सांव 25,238 00 स्पर्दे हैं।

े कर्मवारी राज्य दोमा दिवन ने मृतिक किया है कि उच्च प्रतिस्थान हारा पत्र दो दशों के दौरान कर्मवारी चाज्य श्रीमा सवदानों की मोहर 40,638 52 रुपये की चांति का मुगतान दिया गया है। (1) यह को मुगतान दिया गया के क्षेताधिकार

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में बांबा है भीर केशीय सरकार के पास कोई मूचना नहीं है। १६ मा १९ स्पान स्टेंडिंग १६ मा १९ स्पान स्टेंडिंग ११० स्टेंडिंग स्टेंडिंग

Road Build by Chinese in occupied

3337. SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARULE

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) the lotal length of the roads built by China in the Indian Territory in Kashmir under Pak-occupation and villages connected by these roads,

(b) whether Chinese security personner (coldiers) and the red guards under the nome of mantenance crews are stationed permanently by China on these roads or any of these roads.

(c) it so, whether Government would allow China to station these forces on the roads, and

(d) if not, the 'action'Government propose to take?

THE MINISTER! OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJ-PAYEE). (a) 'According to reports, China has helped Pakistan in the construction of the Karakoram Highway. This new road link, traversing the Pak-occupied portion of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, was declared operational jointly by Pakistan and China on the 18th June, 1978 Out of the total length of about 800 kms of the Highway, a stretch of approximately 480 kms runs in the Northern areas of Pakistan-occupied Kashmir. Important places in Pakistan-occupied Kashmir connected by this Highway are Chilas, Gilgit and Hunza.

(b) and (c). While the Chinese personnel were involved in the construction of the Karakoram Highway, it remains to be seen whether their presence in the area will continue.

(d) Government's view that India cannot acquiesce in the legal implications of the construction of the road has been made clear both to China and Pakistan. As the House has already been informed, the matter would be raised with the Chinese Government, during my forthcoming visit to China.

Liaison Machinery between R.M.S., and Railway

3388. SHRI R.K. MHALGI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) is there any liaison machinery between R.M.S. (P & T Department) and Railways especially at Bombay, Pune and Nagpur Railway -junctions especially, to look into:—
- (i) Requirements of R.M.S. office accommodation on railway platforms;
 - (ii) availability of mail vans:
- (iii) failure of lights in mail vans;
- (iv) changes in Time-tables of railways;
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the work done by the said machinery during the period of last two years;
- during the period of last two years;

 (c) if not, such machinery, exists at present, the reasons thereof; and
- (d) how the co-ordination between the departments is effected and details of such coordination during a period of last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) to (d). Co-ordination Meetings are held between the P&T and Railway officers as indicated below.

- (i) Divisional meetings once a quarter.
- ... (ii) Zonal meeting:; Twice a year,
- (iii) Inter-Ministry meeting; once a year.
- In addition concerned Divisional Supdts, and other officers of RMS contact Railway authorities as, and when required.

About RMS offices at Bombay, Pune and Nagpur, points discussed in Divisional/Zomal meetings during last two years include:

- (i) construction of a new building for transit mail office on platform No. I at Pune R.S. Leakage of RMS building at Nagpur and fixation of two iron gates.
- (ii) Replacement of mail vans running with 83 Dn./84Up trains.
- (iii) Defective lighting arrangements in RMS vans.
- (iv) Increase in halt of trains at Dadar Rly. Station and supply of advance copies 'of Time Table to P&T Department.

Threat to Indian Embassy in Manila

3389. SHRI VIJAY KUMAR MAL-HOTRA: Will the Minister of EX-TERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Indian Embassy in Manila (Phillipines has informed Government of a new threat by local Anand Margis to life and property of the Indian Embassy staff in Metro Manila;
- (b) whether the Indian Embassy has asked the Government for armed sacurity guards for the safety of Indian Embassy personnel in Manila; and
- (c) how many armed personnel are presently available for security of Indian Embossy and whether the number of such personnel is considered adequate by the Embassy in Manila?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUN-DU). (a) Yes, Sir An unconfirmed report was received by the Embassy of India Manila that the Anand Margis are planning a further attack on some members of the Embassy

Written Austrers

- (b) Yes Sir The local Foreign Office and other authorities who are responsible for the safety of our mission and its personnel have been alerted in this matter
- (c) The local authorities have provided two armed guards for the Embassy during office hours and one armed guard for the Ambassador's Residence. There is also an unarmed India based Security Guard for duty in the Embassy The scale of security arrangements is prompted by assessment by local security agencies of the extent of accurrity threat and is considered adequate

Total Demand of Copper

3390 SHRI AHMED M PATEL Will the Minister of STEEL, AND MINES be pleased to state

- (a) the total demand of Copper in the country annually.
- (b) what is the total production annually.
- (c) whether any new operation has been done in search of copper, and
 - (d) the result achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA) (a) Total demand of copper in the country during 1978-79 has been assessed at about 80,000 tonnes

- (b) Total production of copper during 1978-79 is estimated at about 19 coo tonnes
- (c) and (d) Investigations in search for copper continue to receive high printily in the Annual Pogramme of

Geological Survey of India The main regional investigations for copper in progress in the 1978-79 Field Programme of Geological Survey of India include Singhana-Muradpur localities in Rajasthan, Aladaballı-Dasapura area in Karnataka, extension areas of Thanewasna in Maharashira, extension areas of Bhotang mines in Sikkim, occurrences in Pedang Poshok areas and northern extension of Shear Zone of Bankura and Purulia Districts in West Bengal, occurrences in Palamau District in Bihar and Mamandur extension area in Tamil Nadu The results can be known only after completion of the investigations.

धम प्रधिवारी ना वेदन निर्पारित किया जाना

- 3331 भी बचा राम शास्त्र : स्था सस्त्रीय कार्य तया अम मती यह बताने की क्रूपा करेंने कि "
- क्य यह सच है कि क्षेत्रीय अन मायुक्त कानपुर ने, जब को धनेक शाबेदन यह भेजे आने के बाद 10-2-78 को कुछ धन बधिकारियों के बेतन निर्धारित ब्लिये, बौर तन को बधी तक बनाया राशि का मुनतान नहीं किया गया है:
- (छ) क्या यह भी सब है कि श्रेतीय थम मायुक्त कानपुर ने कुछ यम मधिकारियों के वेदन ठीक समग्र पर निवारित कर दिने ये घौर दिना कारण नई, 1978 से 13 जुलाई, 1978 तक ही प्रवृधि के लिये होने उक्त वा बीर नेत्र, 1977 से दिसायर, 1977 तक की प्रविध के विसे यावा भते का भुगतान भी राक सिया या भीर क्ना यम पश्चिका रियाद्वारी मुख्य अम प्राप्तत, नई दिल्ली बौर यतालय को इस अकार की सविवर्गमताओं के बारे में विकायनें मेजी है, मीर
- (व) यदि हा, तो क्या मरकार ने संतीय थम धायुक्त के खिनाके भारीयो भीर उन के द्वारा मनमधी से की नई नार्यवाही के बारे में धोर उस की उपमुक्त दर देने हेतू के क्रीय आन ब्यूची के माध्यम से नाच कराई है पौर बदि नहीं, तो इस के बना नारण हैं
- ससरोप काम समा थम मजी (औ रवीन्ड वर्मा): (क) और (ख) सेनीक श्रम मायुक्त, बानपुर ने 21-8-78 को नैयल एक धम प्रवर्त मधिकारी का वेंडन निर्धारित विद्या । वर्षाकि संविधित संविकारी 16-7-1978 से स्मृटी के लिए रिपोर्ट नहीं किया है सत बहाबा राशि को भगताव गढ़ी दिया गया। मधिन्तरी के टीव ए० दिसों का पाम नहीं शिपा आ सना न्योकि मधिनारी से मार्थे गए विवरणों को नहीं भेवा है !
 - (ग) जान बराने के लिए कोई कारण नहीं है।

स्ववालित देलीफोन एक्सबेंच स्थापित करना

- 3392. थी मीठालाल पटेल: नमा सचार मंत्री बह बताने की क्रमा करेंगे कि :
- (क) नया सभी जिला मुख्यालयों में स्वचालिय टेलीफ्रोम एक्सकेब स्थापित करने और इन मुख्यालयों और तम के राज्य को राज्यानियों के बीच सीटे टेलीकोन करने की सुविधा प्रयान करने का विचार है; और
 - (स) गदि हा, तो कब तक ?

संवार मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (थी नरहरि शसाद युसरेल साय): (क) जी हा।

(व) धीमित रूप में उपरक्षर ज्यातमा होने में बादोमीटक प्रमावन याना प्रोप तीचो, व्यवसंघर सुचिवा की व्यवस्था निमन्न परणों में की चा रही है। ब्रमीतल यह संपन नहीं हो पाया है कि उपर्युक्त तरफ प्राप्त करने के लिए कोई निश्चित तारीच निर्धारित की उप माने ।

Primary Health Centres

3393. SHRI KIRIT BIKRAM'DEB BURMAN. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of villages in Tripura, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Arunachal Manipur, Nagaland, Assam and West Bengal which do 'not have any Primary Health Centres;
- (b) the details of the programmes for providing such health centres in each of these States for the year 1978-79 and 1979-80; and
- (c) the central assistance if any sought for the purpose and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI (JAGDAMHI PRASAD YADAV): (a) to (c). The information is being collect-

ed from the State Governments/Union Territories and will be laid on the Table of the House when received.

Polio Cases

3394. SHRI JANARDHANA POO-JARY; Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that polio cases are on increase in the country;
 and
- (b) if so, the number of persons handicapped so far and steps taken by the Government to check the disease?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMIL WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (2) No.

- (b) (i) The number of cases of pollumyelitis reported by various States in 1977 was 5593. Comparative figures for the year 1976 and 1975 are 10,010 and 7,986 respectively.
- (ii) The Government has started the "Expanded Programme on Immunization' in January, 1978 for the control of various diseases including polio. Provision of safe drinking water and immunization against poliomyelitis are being advocated to check this disease.

Opening of New Post Offices in Himachal Pradesh

- 3395. SHRI DURGA CHAND. Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:
 - (a) the number of post offices proposed to be opened in each District of Humachal Pradesh during the 6th Five Year Plan; and
 - (b) what is the number of telephone connections proposed ito be

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given in each District of Himachal Pradesh during the 6th Five Year

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CMMUNICA TIONS (SHRI NARHARIL PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) Fost Offices proposed to be opened in each District of Minachal Pradesh during 6th Flan period are as under—

period are as under -							
Name of District	No of POs. proposed to be opened						
1 Bilaspur	25						
2 . Chamba	30						
з Натирия с	30						
4 Kangra	50						
5 Kinaur	5						
6 Kulu	30						
7 Lahaul Sp ts	10						
8 Manda	60						
9 Sunla	40						
to Surmaur	40						
11 Solan	50						
tº Una	50						

⁽b) The required information is being coleleted and will be placed on the table of the House in due course

र पातक कीट से हुई भी तें भिन

3396. श्री यूवराज स्था स्वास्थ्य झौर परिवार
 कल्याच मश्री यह बेदाने की कृपा करये कि

(क) क्या यजधानी की सकरपुर पुनर्शन बस्तीर में हार ही में एक बातक कीट बाय कादे जाने पर क्या व्यक्तिमों की सरने के समाचार मिले हैं,

(छ) स्वा निस्ती स्नून धाक बोबन साइवेड के खर्वी द्वारा किए तह एक सर्वेक्षण के स्नृतार इन कोट के बाटे जाने पर स्वस्थि को तज बुधार हो जाता है और उस का मस्तिष्क प्रभावित होता है तथा यह 48 घटे के मीनर सर जाता है और

(ग) बदिहाँ तो इस के उपाय के निए क्या प्रकाध विये सर्थ है ?

स्वास्थ्य भीर परिवार कत्याच मजातव में राज्य मजी (को वयदम्बी प्रक्षाद वारव (क) वी नहीं ।

(व) बाबानी ए सफताइटिस मन्छरी से होने बाली बीनारी है। यह बात सद्दी है कि इस भ मनिवर्दी नो हुन्हे बुवार से मनिवर्द्ध तब बुवार केर हो बाता है घोर साथ ही उस से मिलफ म प्राप्त प्रिय मंद्री भ सोब उत्पन्न हो बाला है। मन

यक पुर पूनवांस बस्ती में हुई कुछ मोतो के वार्रे म छानवांन की गई वो और पता चन किं। केवल एक हो ब्यांनिक रामेकेरा-इटिस क कारण मतनु हुई थी ।

(मं) इस बस्ती में पावापम का फोनल ६ फ्रें किया मया है घोर नस्मनर, 1978 के पहते सम्माह में बी० एच 0 सी मिया गया है इस बस्ती में लागी रोधी काम ठीन मर दिया गया है घोर सम्माह सिमर की काम का तीन कर दिया गया है। राजधानी के मुक-मुख्य प्रस्थाता में बाद कर पेसे लाई टेस के इला-की समिदाय उपकथ हैं।

Telephone Exchanges in States

3397 SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state

(a) how many telephone exchanges all the individual States in the country have today and what is the total number of telephone connections in each telephone exchange

(b) which States are getting more telephone exchanges during the next two years and on what basis and

(c) which manual exchanges are likely to be converted into automatic telephone exchanges? THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHR! NĀRHAR! PRASAD SUKHDEV SAI): (a) The latest information reachly available as on 1-4-76 is given at Statement-L

(b) The number of Telephone exchanges opened during 1977-78 and proposal to be opened during 1978-79 is given at Statement-II, Programme for 1979-80 is being drawn up.

New telephone exchanges are now being opened in rural areas. The main criterion in opening such exchanges is adequate demand to permit establishment of exchanges on a financially viable basis.

(c) A list of manual exchanges likely to be converted into Auto telephone exchanges during 1978-79 is at Statement-III.

Statement thousing number of Exchanger, norting connections as on 1-4-1978.

l. No.	٠,٠		State	>				No. of Exchanges	Working connections
ı	Asidhra	Pradesh	·	.1	:			804	1,03,569
2	Bihar .							301	50,186
3	Gujarat,	includia	g* Da	man,	Die,	Silvasi	٠.	513	1.53,882 ,
4	Jammu	& Kashi	nir	-				53	. 11,937
5	Karnata	ka						565	97,961 - 1
6	Ketala	including	* La	ksha l	Dip,	Maha	٠.	371	77,600
7	м. Р,							368	62,373
8	Mahara	shtra, in	cludin	g* Go	a.			663 ,	3,41,681
·	Nagal	Mizora and and	n, Ma Tripu	nipur, ra includ	, Me	ghalay Punish	2,	219	30,749
,	Harya	na, and	Hima	chal I	rades	h	•	393	1,05,087
п	Orissa.			٠	•		•	156	21,794
12	Rajastha	ın	,	•		•	•	304	54:487
13	Tamil I	ladu inc	hiding	Pon	diche	ny		682	1,51,813
14	U. P.							506	1,25,883
15	West Bo	ngat inc	hiding	• Sill	tim 8	Nico	bar	305	1,79,384
16	Delhi							35	1,36,510
				l'otal				6239	17,26,746

^{*}Nort.... The figures are given in accordance with P & T Organization in these State Segurate figures are not readily available for individual States.

Statement-II

Number of new exchanges opened during 1977-78 and planned to be opened during 1978-79 is given State-

wise as belows—	_		·
State		No of exchange 1977-78	exchange
t Andhra		61	40
2. Bihar			٠
3 Gujarat		28	35
4. J. & K.			5
5. Karnataka		51	45
6. Kerala		35	25
7. Maharashtra		45	50
8 M. P		15	15
9 N. E.		21	15
10 N. W.		18	25
II. Orssa .		3	2
12. Rajasihan		14	20
13. U. P.		40	- 40
14. Tamil Nadu		62 1	. 66
15. West Bengal ,		10	17
16 DelhI		2	

450 and 500 exchanges are expected to be opened during 1979-80 and 1980-81 respectively. The detailed plans are being drawn up progressively in different P&T circles each year

410 400

TOTAL

, Statement III List of manual Exchanges likely to be automatized during 78-79

State	Name exchanges
t- Ardhra	Hindupur Kodad Bobbila
2. Behar	Forbesgan
3. Karnataka	Mallower

State "	Name of Exchanges
4. Gujarat	Kaira (1 1/)
5. M P. , ,	Shahdol Chattarpur Bhilai

	5. M P. ,	ţ	Shahdol Chattarpur Bhilas
	6 Maharashtra	, 2	Rahuri Aurangaliad Telegaon Dhabode
•	· ·		Sinner Khod-Ratnagua Gondia
33	7. U. P.		Almora Basta
	· 8. Rajatihan	•'	Nagaur Barmer
-			Churu Bikaner

-	-	-	-		-		_
10	West	Bengal		I)ımor Surı	d Harbou	α
т.		changes				•	
·		curries			26	*	

Bolangu

o Onus

Scarcity of Postal Items in West

3398 SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN.
Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state

(a) whether Government are aware that the supply of post cards, invelopes, Inland Jetters, Acknowledgement cards atc in various important post offices in the places like Asansol, Raniganj et of West Bengal are very irregular and whimsteal;

- (b) if so, how these postal items have become scarce in important and busiest post foffices located in places like Ranigan i coal belt area, and
- (c) if so, what immediate and permanent action will be proposed by the Government action make an end

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA. TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI); (a) There had been some shortage of stamps and stationery in Assansol Ranigani etc. in West Bengal for the reasons mentioned in (b) & (c) below.

(d) and (e) Due to the recent floods etc., the consignments booked by Rail. month, ago, have not reached the respective treasuries. The India Security Press, Nasik, is however, sending post parcels by Air daily containing stamps and stationery till the situation becomes normal,

Rural Communication Programme

3399. SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-

TIONS he pleased to state:

- (a) the policy being followed by Government to provide each State a Telecom. Circule as part of its rural communication programmes;
- (b) by when Assam will be provivded with a telecom, network under an independent Telecom, Circle instead of linking it with the NE Telecom, Circle;
- (c) whether Government will also consider to set up postal circle for each State and open an independent Gauhati Telephone District; and
- (d) if so, the details and if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN. THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) There is no policy as such for providing each State with a Telecom. Circle as part of its Communication programmes.

- (b) The proposal is being examined,
- (c) There is no proposal under consideration to set up Postal Circles

for each State, However, a proposal to bifurcate the existing N. E. Circle into two circles one with Headquarters at Gauhati for Assam and the other at Shillong for the remaining six States/Union Territories is under consideration :

Proposal for formation of ah independent Telephone District at Gauhati is being examined.

(d) Does not arise in view of above.

Bacters and Nurses in rural Areas

- 3406 SHRI SUKHENDRA SINGH: Wilt the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state.
- (a) how many doctors and nurses per unit of population are there in the rural areas of the country. What are the corresponding figures for All India:
- (b) what are the targets of having Doctors and Nurses as per unit of pomilation in the rural areas and when will these be achieved:
- (c) what is the number of beds (in Hospitals & Dispensaries) available per unit of population in the roral areas of the country as well as for All India:
- (d) how many hospitals, dispensaries Primary Health Centres and sub-centres are there in the rural areas of the country and how many of them belong to Madhya Pradesh; and
- (e) what is the total number of hospitals & dispensaries of different systems of medicines in the country at present?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) and (b). Information in respect of doctors and nurses per unit of population separately for rural areas of the coun-

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try 13 not available with the Government. No targets in this regard have been laid down. The total number of economically active doctors and nurs as in total as estimated to be 170000 and 108000 respectively at the end of 1977 8. This gives us 13700 and 1.2800 doctor-population and nurse population ratio and nurse population ratio and nurse population ratio and nurse population ratio and nurse population ratios and nurse population ratios and nurse population ratios and nurse population ratios and nurse population ratios and nurse population ratios and nurse population regions are not necessarily good yardstucks for measuring health development or needs.

- (c) A statement showing the num ber of beds in rural and urban areas in the country is placed at Annexure 'A [Placed in Library See, No LT 3087778]
- (d) A statement showing the number of hospitals and dispensaries in rural and orthan areas in the country is placed at Annexure B. [Placed in Library See No LT 2667] and a statement showing the number of Primary Health Centres and Subcentres at Annexure C [Placed in Library See No LT-3957/78] These statements unclude information on Machya Pradach also
- (e) This information is being collected from the State Governments and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha when received.

Exodus of Doctors

- 3401 SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN
 DIA Will the Minister of HEALTH
 AND FAMILY WELFARE by pleased
 to state
- (a) the steps Government propose to take in creal ng a proper atmosphere and providing minimum com

92

- (b) whether Government consider that by providing these basic amenities the exodus of trained doctors could be prevented, and
- (c) if so, steps taken in this direction during the last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) and (b) 'The Government attach' considerable importance to providing bas " facilities in rural areas for attracting doctors in such areas. This subject was discussed in the joint meeting of the Central Council of Health and Central Council of Family Welfare held in October last, Keeping view the importance the Councils adopted a resolution to the effect that the State Governments should evolve suitable and imaginative methods to altract doctors and other medical per sonnel to rural areas) The State Go vernments who are represented the Councils will take suitable measures to implement this resolution There is no doubt that provision of minimum facilities in the rural areas will encourage the doctors to establish themselves in these areas

(c) Some State Governments have already taken steps in this direction, while others are yet to initiate. A statement indicating the steps taken by some State Governments 1s attached

Statement

State must shouldness the incentions being given by the various State Governments to attract declars to cural areas.

1 Andhra Pradesh			Honorary Rural Medical Practitioners are offered Rs. 500 p.m. temperation and and Rs. 100 worth medicines per month.
g Gujarat			Gujarat Government have prepared a seheme to construct residence-cum-clinics for who want to settle in rural areas. These will also be copped and given to candidates desiring to settle in villages on a moratorium and hire pu rehate basis.
3 Kecala			Kerala Concentrate are giving quarantee for institutional finance to young doctors to start their clinics and catabilish in rural areas. The State Government is also encouraging young doctors to start clinics on co-operative basis by taking shares in such specieles.
4. Madhyu Pradhes			The Government of Madhya Pridesh has sanctioned a scheme of financial assistance to MBBS and B.P.S. and Ayawedic graduates (B.A.M.S.), B.I.M.S., A.V.M.S.) to establish their own clinics in rural areas. Their scheme provided B., 50 pm. as suppend for M.B.B.S. and BDS for starting
		1.2	their own clinics and Rs. 1200 p.m. for Ayarvolic graduates for non-tribal areas. The case of sipend for the above gradu- ates for tribal areas in Rs. 300 and Rs.; 250 p.m. respectively. This sipend is given for 18 months, 11, 1, 1, 1, 1.
5 Rojasthan			A sum of Re. 1900 on least 1, in the consequence of
6 Tamil Nadu '	• ` • ,,,		The Tanii Nadu, Industrial Investment Corporation Ltd., provideds cash loan to rural Medical Practitioners.

Direct Dialling facilities between, Bombay and Miraj

3402. SHRI ANNASAHEB GOT-KHINDE: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have been considering the question of providing direct dialling facility between Bombay and Miraj which is a growing commercial, industrial and a leading medical centre in Southern Maharashtra; and

(b) if so, what steps are being taken to sanction the same at an early date?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD 95

SUKHDEO SAI) (a) and (b) Sub scriber Trunk Dialling between Miraj and Bombay has already been sanc tioned and is likely to be commissioned next year

Recommendation of Bhoothalingam Committee Report

3403 SHRI SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE ALLURI Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government have rejected the recommendations of the Boothaingam Committee to extend the scheme of dearness allowance to extra departmental employees in th-Posts and Telegraphs Department, and

(b) the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHEI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHEEO SAI). (a) and (b) The recommendation made by the Bho chalingam Study Group for grant of Dearness Allowance to Extra-Departmental employees is under consideration of the Government.

Strength of Toolunicians and Telephone Operators

3404. SHRI ARJUN SINGH BHA-DORIA Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state

- (a) the total sanctioned strength of Technicians and Telephone Operators in Delhi Telephone District and number of them actually working the number of vacant posts, exchange-vise.
- (b) steps taken or proposed to be taken to fill up the posts at the earhest, and
- (c) steps taken or proposed to be taken to augment the staff strength in view of large scale expansion of telephone system in Delhi Telephone District;

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI, NARHARII PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) to (c) The required information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of Lok Sabha

Legislative Measures for the Welfare of Workers in Delhi

3405 SHRI NAWAB SINGH CHAUHAN Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have formulated some special legislative measures for the welfare of workers in Delbi.
- (b) if so, the details thereof and how the workers have been benefited as a result thereof,
- (c) whether these measures are being followed by the advertising agencies in Delhi, and
- (d) if not, the reasons therefor and the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LARANG SAI) (a) and (b) According to the information made available by the Delhi Administration, the Bombay Labour welfare Fund Act is being extended to the Union Territory of Delhi. However, even at present 14 Labour Welfare Centres are being nur by the Delhi Administration in different localities for the welfare of industrial workers and their families in Delhi Facilities being provided by these Centres include outdoor indoor games, handicraft and music classes, TV and Radio programmes, Library facilities Holiday Home facilities are also made available

Approximately 150 lake familis members of the industrial workers are

deriving benefits every month from the activities of these centres: About 1000 families have visited holiday homes and more than one thousand workers have participated in the tour programmes,

(c) and (d). Information is being collected.

Reservation for SC/ST J. Es. in Telcom. Wing of P & T Department

3406. SHRI BHAGAT RAM-Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS

(a) whether reservation for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes is being provided at the time of confirmation of Junior Engineers (Telecom. Wing) of P&T Department;

be pleased to state.

- (b) if so, please intimate yearly breakup of Junior Engineer confirmed during last three years, including total number of Junior Engineers confirmed and number of SC/ST J. Es. included amongst them; and
- (c) if answer to (a) above is 'No', what action has so far been taken against the erring Officers concerned for non-implementation of Government's Orders in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE; IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) to (c). required information his being collected and will be placed on the table of the Sahha

गजराब में रैलेक्स एक्सचेंन

3407. श्री मोतो माई सारः बीधरो : न्या संबार मंत्री यह बताने की कुपा करेंचे कि:

- (क) उस समय युवारात में टैलेक्स एक्सचेंगों को संख्या क्या है:
- (स) निकट भविष्य में कितने एक्सचेंक बोले जाने का प्रस्ताव है:
- (य) ट्रेलेक्स एक्सचेंच खोलने के बिए नियम क्वा हैं: और 3525 LS-4.

(प) क्या निरुद्ध अविध्य में उत्तर मृतरात के महमाना में एक टेलेक्स एक्सचेंन घोता जाएवा ?

बचार महातम में राज्य मंत्री (थी भरहरि प्रसाद सबदेव नाय) : (क) गुकरात वे किनहाल प्रहमदाबाद, हानंत, बड़ीदा, भावनगर, गांधीधान, जामनगर, वडियाद, रावकाट, बुरत और वार्षी में 10 टेलेक्स एसक्वेब कार्य कर रहे हैं।

- (ख) अवते दो दर्ष में यरोवल, बुनावड़, भोरवदर, बोरको, श्रेनकेश्वर, विस्तोगोरा श्रोर नवसारी में 7 एक्सचेंज कोले जाने की भाषा है।
- (य) 20 साइयों की क्षमता बाना सब से छोटा टेक्षेत्रस एनसक्वें रूप से कम ब्राट धार्वदन पद्ध एवं होने पर खोला जा सकता है।
- (म) मेहसाना में द्रा समय दर्ज मान के प्राधार पर देतेका एक्सपेट खोतने का श्रीचित्व नहीं बनवा है ।

Telegraph Office in Janakpuri 3408. SHRI BHARAT SINGH CHOWHAN.

SHRI MAHI LAL.

Will the Minister of COMMUNI-CATIONS he pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 5882 on the 6th April, 1978 regarding Telegraph Office in Janakpuri and state:

- (a) whether the P&P Department has since obtained possession of the plot allotted to it by D.D.A. in A-3 Block shopping Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi for the construction of a Zonal Post and Telegraph office:
- (b) if hot, the reasons therefor; and
- (c) When the Department propose to obtain the possession of the plot and start construction of the building for P&T Office?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) No. Sir.

(b) The DDA has not given the possession so far because the plot was under water of floods and rains that occurred recently in Delhi, As the water has now dried up the DDA has been requested to hand over the plot to the P&T Department.

(c) Proposal for construction of the departmental building will be taken up after taking possession of the plot

सादिवासियों के लिए श्रेडणार

3409 भी शामजी लान मुनन ह

ओ तीविद सम्बाध

भी ओरेड प्रसाद

क्या संसदीय काम तथा थन मन्नी यह दनाने नी क्या करेंगे कि

 (क) न्या वरोजगार ग्रादिवासिया को योजनार कार्यांच्यों में कोई प्रायमिकना नहीं दी जाती है.

(श) पति हा वो स्वा पारिकामिया को मीन्न रोजगार हने के किए इस बार में उन क निर्म नोई समयो कात निर्माल करने के लिए काई मणहरूपर समिति निमुद्द करने के प्रत्य पर मरकार न विचार किया है. मीर

(ग) यदि नहीं ता रस के मुख्य कारण क्या है, भीर भविष्य में मीदिशासियों के लिए स्वाभी कीटा निर्मारित करने के निंग सरनार द्वारा तैवार की गई योजना का स्वीश का है?

सबरोब नाव क्या सम्म साथे (भी रही ह वार्ष) (स्तुरित व्यक्ति स्वार्ध के स्त्री दोवस्य सहिते वार्षा है। स्त्री स्वर्ध दोवस्य सहिते वार्षा हो, किन में धारियांची भी वार्षान्य में मानित्य के सामा है प्रतिकार स्वार्धान्य में में निर्देश का 7 है। प्रतिकार कार्यों का स्त्री प्रतिकार कार्यों का स्त्री कार्य के स्त्री कार्य कार्य है। प्रतिकार कार्यों कर स्त्री कार्य कार्या कर स्त्री कार्य कार्या कर स्त्री कार्य कार्या कर स्त्री कार्य कार्या कार्या कार्य का

(थ) भीर (ग) प्रश्त नहा उठत ।

विहार में नये हारुवर्ध को स्थावना

3410 भी मुरेड भा मुख्न विस्त अवार स्त्री यह बताने की क्रा करेंगे कि

(क) प्रवन, 1977 से नितम्बर 1978 तक को बसीद के दीवन बिहार तत्व्य म प्रामेश्व स्वता ख नप्रशंकर कोतन के लिए विमान को कितने पत्रदेख मण्ड हुए और कर में दे कियाने का निरद्धान किया पता है तथा तक्ष्म से से कियाने कमी दिकासकीन हैं,

- (य) उपरोक्त प्रविध के दौरान (वर्षन, 1977 से सितन्बर 1978 तक) धानीण येवा में कितने बाहतुर योल गरे हैं, और
- (स) दामील धत्रा में नये टारुपर खानन के तिए क्वा नापटड प्रकाश बना है तथा नए डारुपर खीनने में क्वा कठिनाई हो रही है ?

सचार मतालय में राज्य मत्री (श्री तरहरि प्रसाद मुखदब साय) (क) प्राप्त प्रापेदन 1286

- (1) चावेदनो का निपदान 722
- (u) प्रतियोग प्रावेदन 564
- (d) 275
- (न) दहाती इलाहा में दाव पर खालने के बारे में मानदह प्रमुख्य में दिए गए हैं। तारीण 28-9-78 से लानू किए गए उदार मानदहा की वजह से दाकपर खालन में कोई कठिनाई सनुमद मही की जा रही है।

विदरण

देशती इलाकों म डाल्यर खोतते के लिए नए मानरक श्वामीय इलाको में खोल जाने वाले कान मधे को सब दो मुख्य नहीं में बुर्वोक्रत किया गया है —

- (1) सामान्य द्राभीय इलाको में डाकपर,
 - र (२) पताडी साडिवासी या पिछडे इलाका में
- (1) सामाच प्रामीण इलाकों में दाकपर

बाध्यरे ।

- (I) निम्नितियत शर्दी ने मधीत श्रम शिवायत कते शर्दा में शक्यर खोने वा सकते हैं —
- (क) अस्तावित डाइवर में 3 नितामीटर के घटे में कोई दूसरा दारुपर न हो, मौर

(छ) प्रस्तुबिन ढाक्यर ने उन्न की धनुमानित सागत को कम से कम 2.5 प्रतिशत की धाय होने की समायना हो ।

- (II) निर्मातिक नतीं क बंधीन पैर-माम प्रचायत वाले गांधी में डाक्सर छोन जा मनत हैं — (क) उस गांव की बाजानी 2000 वा इससे
- (न) उन शाद पर आदान्य 2000 या इसम् महिक होती पाहिल,
- (स) प्रस्तावित डाकपर स 3 किनो मीटर के पेरे में कोई दूसरा डाकपर न हो, मौर
- (ग) प्रस्तिवित डाकपर से उस को प्रतुकारित सागत को कम से कम 25 प्रतियत तक की प्रांच होने को प्रांचा हो ।
- (३) वहाड़ी, बादिवासी बीर विषड़े इलाकों में डाकवर
- (I) विम्नतिधित धर्तों के प्रधीव ग्राम प्रचायत
 वाने गावों में डाक्यर खोने जा मक्ते हैं ---
- वार्व गावों में डाकपर खोते जा मनते हैं --(६) प्रस्तानित र डाकपर से ३ किलोमीटर क बरें में कोई दवरा डाकपर न हो. और

- - (स) प्रस्तावित डाक्घर से उस की ग्रनमानित सागत की वाम से कम 10 प्रतिपात तक की ग्राय होने की साञ्चा हो।
- (II) विस्त्रविधित अर्तो के अधीत वैर-पाम र्पचार्यत बाले गांवी में डाकघर खाले जा सकते है :--
- (क) उस गांव की भावादी 1000 या इससे ग्रधिक होनी चाहिए:
- (ख) प्रस्तावित टाकपर से 3 किलोमीटर के धेरे में कोई इसरा डाकघर नहीं होना चाहिए; और
- (ग) प्रस्तावित डाकघर से उस की धनमानित लागत की कम से कम 10 प्रतिशत तक की बाय होने नी द्याबाहो ।
 - तपर्यंक्त के बाबबंद भी पोस्टमास्टर बनरलें। को उन्त मानदंशों में से किसी में भी हर वर्ष डाकथर सोलने के 10 प्रतियत मामलों में छट देने का अधिकार (भ्रांतरिक वित्त सलाइकार के परामर्थ से) एतपुड़ारा किया जाता है।
- मीजदा फार्मला के सनसार कम से कम गारंटी-' शदा राजस्व / साय की गणना की जाती रहेगी ।
 - में नमें मानदंड इन के नारी होने की वारीख से लाग होंगे।

Cases of Spurious, Sub-Standard and Fake Drugs

- · 3411. DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:
- (a) how many cases of spurious, sub-standard, brand imitations and take drugs were registered by the Drug Control Organisation during the year 1977 and 1978 (September end) with Statewise list;
- (b) how many of the above cases were proved in the courts or levied penalties and fines;
- (c) whether the Central Government have instructed Drug Control authorities of all the States to take serious steps against these malpractices:
- have (d) whether Government found some lactina or defects in the existing legislation concerning Drug Manufacturing Distribution and Control; and

(e) what is in general the policy of Government to streamline Drug Control Organisations on Central and State levels?

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- THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will, be laid on the Table of the Sabha in due course
- (c) The need for effective enforcement of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act so as to combat the problem of substandard and spurious Aruga has been pointed out from time to time by the Central Government to the State Governments. The State Governments have also been requested to streamline their drug control machinery so as to make it more effective and to take stringent action in respect offences relating to the manufacture and sale of substandard and spurious กำบอล
- (d) The existing provisions of the Drugs and Cosmetics Act are by and large quite adequate in regulating the quality of drugs imported, manufactured or sole in the country. A pronosal to amena the Act to provide for imposition of more stringent penalties for offences relating to the manufacture and sale of spurious drugs under consideration.
- (e) The Central Drug Standard Control Organization is being progressively strengthened to enable it to discharge its functions more effective-State Governments have ly. The also been provided assistance for improving the laboratories for testing of drugs.

Appointment of Liaison Officer

- 3412. SHRI B. C. KAMBLE: the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state.
- (a) how many Liaison Officers are appointed in each of the departments in your Ministry, relating to representation in services for the Scheduled

Castes and Scheduled Tribes as per Government Brochure, Chapter and since when each of them appointed and the status of each of them

- (b) what are the reports of each of these Lucison Officers under para la i of the said Brochure during the last three years, submitted to the Secretary/Additional Secretary etc and what action was directed by the latter and whether said action as directed was taken and with what result, and
- (c) will Government lay on the Table of the House the copies of the said reports, directions and the action taken as per (b) above and if not why not?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) to (e) information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Lok Sabha.

बा॰ राज मनोहर सोहिया प्रत्यनात के बाहर रो है जिलाफे सिरावर्ते

3413. थी राज्ञ हुनार सर्मा क्या स्थास्थ्य धीर परिवार इत्याण मही यह बनाने को हुना करेंग fe

(क) इत एवं मनाहर माहिया पर प्रशास धौर संपदरवर प्रत्यानां के बाल्टरों झए नागरवाली दिगाए बान की गत दर्व के दौरान किनता जिकापने प्राप्त हुई है और

(व) उन पर मस्तर ने क्या नायवाही की

स्वास्त्य चीर परिवार बस्याण मदालय में राज्य वतो (यो बगस्यो प्रसार दारत) (क) होर (छ). शिक्षने एक वय है बीचन बा॰ राम मनोहर सोहिया, रेपप्रधास माराज्य तथा मध्यरच्य भारतालों में करद १७ १० तथा ४७ दिकानते मिनी था। समी मामनों में निकासओं भी भाग करन के लिए उदित दावनारों की नई है घोर प्रता कहीं बावन्यर होता है उपवाली उत्तर किए वा रहे हैं।

इत्यान कोर एरवूमानियन प्रवोधों का राष्ट्रीयकरच ३४१ के मो हरणादि **र दर्भा** क्या इत्याद श्रीर धान नती वह बनान की इस करेंगे कि

(व) क्या मस्त्रार ने स्त्यात पीर एस्य मेरियम प्रकारों का राष्ट्रीयकरण करने का निष्ये

- Written Answers (श्र) वहि स, ता उतना सम्द्रीयकरण कव तक विया जाएका.
 - (T) यदि नहीं, ता उसके बता बारण है ?

इस्पात सोर छान मही (थी बोज महनायक) (क) छ (म) जहा तक इस्पात जदीग का प्रस्तु थ है इन समय टाटा बायरन एक्ट स्टील कम्पनी विक ही एक एमा सन्तोमखी इस्तान कारधाना है आ सरनाये शत में नहीं है। देन कम्पनी वा सरकार हारा अधिबहुण करन क सुनाव समय समय पर प्राप्त इत रह है। इन बारे में प्रभी काई निषय वहा निया पवा है। इसी प्रकार सरकार हारा हिम्बानको का प्रशिष्टन करन के बारे में बी कुछ प्रस्ताव प्राप्त हए हैं। इस बार में भी सभी कोई निषय नहीं भियायबा है।

विष्याओं को काम

3415. को शमस्य सिन्न क्या सहरीय क्षाव तया असम्बी यह बनाव की हुपा करेंक कि

- क्या परामगदाता स्विति की शिफारिमें क पनरूप पावदी रक्षा क स्तर तक वहा दिएवाणी का श्रामीमका के बाबार पर बत्ताल रोजगार देव धयवा इन बारे में विधान बनाने ना कोई प्रस्ताव सरनार १ विचाराधीन है ,
 - (ख) गदि हा, ता कब तक, मोर
- (प) बॉद नहा, ठा उसके मुख्य वारण क्या है?

समयोग कार तथा थमा मध्ये (धी रबीहर बमां) (क) से (य) यह सपट नहा है कि मन्त्रिय मदस्य किसे संपाहकार समिति का विक करें छे है। इस प्रकार की मिन्न्नोरिस न सा भारत में महिनामा करतव संसम्बन्धित उस समिति नै की है जिनमें सरकार को भएनी रिपोर्ट 1975 वें दो भी सौर वही महिरामों क नियोजन सम्बंधी उस सम्बद्ध दन दें जिसे योजना सामोग ने हान ही में गठित क्या है। राष्ट्रीय महिना समिति ने भी एखी काई निर्माति नहा की है।

उपारि, जा मरकारो कमचारी सदा के दोखन बर बाते हैं, बाजाय सरकार, उनके पुत्र/पुत्री/निकट सम्बन्धा की कक्षणानुक्त कारण के साधार पर नियुक्तिया करने को याजना हा कार्यान्तित करने थनी मा रही है। कुछ सरकारी क्राक्रमी भी करवीमुख्य सामार पर मृत वर्मचारिनों है भाषिकों को राजगार देन मानासी हमी प्रशास भी योजनाएं घारम्य को है।

पंचपर्यात पांचना (1978-83) के परिणाय-स्वस्य प्रामीण और जहरी क्षेत्रों में रोवणार तथा स्वनियोगन के काफी अनवर पुनित होंने। इत पोजा में महिलायों (विधन कर ऐसी महिलायों जिन्हें देश रेटा बना सरसण की आध्यसकता है) के करमाण, के बारे में और जीवन ध्यान देणे की परिस्त्रमा भी की गई है।

Own Your Telephone Scheme in New Delbi

- 3416. SHRI NATVERLAL B. PAR-MAR: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:
- (a) whether despite positive assurance of providing telephone connections to subscribers of 'Own Your Telephone' scheme in Chitteranjan Park, Greater Kallash Part H. Heem Kunt etc., New Delhi by September, 1978 no appreciable progress has been made in this direction;
- (b) if so, the number of pending applications and those who could get connection;
- (c) the names of those who have not been given connection so far and the reasons for the inordinate delay; and
- (d) by what time the remaining ones will be provided with telephone connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) to (d). The information is being collected and will be placed on the table of the House.

मैनपाठ पठार, मध्य प्रदेश में वाक्साइट विक्षेप

3417. श्री सुभाष ग्राहनाः

डा॰ लक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेयः क्ष्मा इस्पाल श्लीर पान मंत्रीगुंबह वताने की 'ज्या करेंग्रे कि: १

(क) भव्य प्रदेश के सरम्बा जिले में मैनपाठ पठार में बामसाइट के विशाल निक्षेपों को निकालने के लिए क्या कार्यवाही करने का अस्ताल है;

- (च) क्या सरकार ने उन्त काये के लिए कोई सर्वेक्षण किया है ;
- (ग) स्था उक्त सेल में पास गया शायताहरू अच्छी कित्म का है और यहाँ प्रचुर माता में उपलब्ध है: और
- (थ) ज्या जनत क्षेत्र में वानसाइट के कारवाने की स्थापना करने का प्रस्ताय है?

इस्पात बारे पान संवास्त में राज्य गंजी (थी बीहवा मुख्या): (क) धीर (प). मैणाठ वास्ताइट विश्वेष पर बाधारित एक निर्मात प्रावस्त एक्ट्रॉनमा भरवानें की स्वाप्ता हैनु वाम्बार रिपोर्ट वाम्बार एक्ट्रॉन के विवाद करों के बीहवा के की वाम्बार एक्ट्रॉन के विवाद करों के विवाद करों के स्वितंत के देखा के कार्य मिक्स मिक्स प्रावस्ता मिक्स प्रतिवाद्यों गंजी होता। इन बास्ताहर निर्मार के विश्वेष्ठन

(3) घोर (4), मध्य प्रदेश के परपूर्ण किये में नेमाध्य ठाउर में कामाहर की धोत का सम प्रत्य के स्थान के साम प्रदेश के स्थान कर की धात के साम प्रदेश प्रत्य के मुक्त की स्थान किया का साम प्रत्य के मुक्त की धात थी थी धात थी धात थी थी थी थी थी थी थी थी थी थी थी थी

Supersession in CGHS

3418, SHRI RAJKESHAR SINGH: SHRI MAHI LAL:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether his Ministry has received a number of representations from the CGHS Doctors regarding errors in the seniority list resulting in the supersession of senior Doctors for the purpose of promotion and confirmation;
- (b) whether benefit of serving in the army during 1965 and 1971 was on deputation by some of the Doctors has been denied to them resulting in their supersession by the juniors;
- (e) whether some Doctors from the local bodies were included in the

civil list and their seniority maintained from the date of joining service without obtaining the concurrence of UPSC over and above those who were appointed through UPSC and

(d) if so, action taken or proposed to be taken on these representations with a view to amend the sementry list on the basis of date of UPSC approval or date of joining the service whatever applicable in each case?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAY) (a) Yes. Some representations had been re-

(b) No

- (c) Yes. The seniority of all the officers appointed to 'he Central Health Service has been determined in accordance with the principles decided in consultation with the UPSC and Department of Personnel and Admunistrative Reforms.
- (d) All representations in this regard are duly considered and where necessary seniority was revised in consultation with the UPSC and the Department of Personnel and Ad ministrative Reforms.

Exchange of Enclaves with Bangladesh

MAN SHRI TRIDIA CHAUDHURI:

SHRI AMAR ROY PRADH-

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) the present position with regard to the ratification and implementation of the forms of agreement agnitation of the forms of agreement agnitude of with Bangladesh in the year 1974, to the exchange of the enclaves of bid of territory at the Bangladesh

District of Rangpur and those of Bangladesh territory in the Districts of Coochbehar and Jalpaiguri in Indian Union,

- (b) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the fact that the Kachibara area of Coochebear District which is being endeded an Indian enclars a new is surrounded on all sides by Bangladesh territory.
- (c) whether a corridor through Indian territory in Coochbehar is leased out to Bangladesh in perpetuity according to the terms of the 1974 agreement in order to provide Bangladesh mamland of Rangpur a free access to its enclave of Dehagram which would be retained by Bangladesh and
- (d) if this matter has been raised at any stage with Bangladesh and the reaction of the Bangladesh Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STRENAL AF-FAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUN-DU) (a) Raidication of the Land Boundary Agreement, 1973 requires amendment in the Constitution. A draft Constitutional Amendment will is now under consideration of the Government.

(b) Yes Sir

(c) and (d) According to the Land Boundary Agreement of May, 1874 India as to lease out in perpetuaty a corridor to Bangladesh near in Bighal to connect Dah Gram with Pan Bourn Maura of Bangladesh. So far it has not been leased out. The question of free passage of Indian citizens across the territory to be leased was taken up with the Government of Bangladesh in 1975 The specifiations were inconclusive it is proposed to reopen these magolitations, in the near future. गुजरात में देहातों को टेलीफोल सुविधाएं प्रदान करता

3421. श्री होतुमाई गामित: वया संचार मंदी यह बताने की कपा करेंगे कि:

(क) गुजरात के सूरत, बलसर और डंग, जिलों में 2.000 से अधिक जनसंख्या वाले देशातीं की संदर्भ और नाम क्या है, जिनमें भारत सरकार की नई नीति के प्रवसार टेलीफोन सुविधाएं उपलब्ध की नाएंगी : और

(ख) इस सम्बन्ध मिं सरकार ने क्या ठीस कार्यवाही की है चौर ये सविधाएं कद तक उपलब्ध कर दी जाएंगी ?

संचार मंत्रालयं में राज्य मंत्री (थी नरहरि प्रसाद सुखदेव साव) : (क) ग्रीर (खे). यह सचना एकव की जारोगे हैं और इसे संसासमय सभा पटल पर रख दिया जाएगा ।

पुर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश में बाड़ के दौरान दुरसंचार व्यवस्था को बनाए रखना

3422. श्री उप्रसेनः वया संचार मंत्री यह वताने की क्या नहेंगे कि

(क) चालू विस्तीय वर्ष में उत्तर बदेव के बामीण क्षेत्रों में कितने बाक बौर तारवर तथा टैसीफोन एक्सचेंज स्थापित किए गए हैं और कितने स्यानों पर चलते फिरते डाक धरों की व्यवस्था की गई है ;

(छ) क्या इस बात का पता लगाने के लिए कोई सबसण किया जाएगा कि पूर्वी उत्तर अदेश में बाद के दौरान संबाद व्यवस्था किस प्रकार उचित वंग से बनाई रखी जा सकती है:

(ग) क्या डाक और तार वर्मचारियों को गत वर्ष के लिए बोनत का मुगतान करने का प्रान विचाराधीन है; और

(घ) यदि क्षां, तो उनको बोनस कब तक दिवा

संचार मंदालय में राज्य वंबी (श्री) नरहरि प्रसाद मुखदेव साय) :

(क) डाकघर

31-10-78 तक 25 स्थिर डाक्**घर और** 57 चतते फिरते डाकधर खोले गए हैं।

अप्रयुर ग्रीस टेलॉफॉव एवसचैंन.

चाल वित्तीय वर्षे के दौरान उत्तर प्रदेश के देशसी क्षेत्रो में 158 शास्पर और 18 टेलीफोल एवनचंत्र खोले यए है।

(ख) ची हां। पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश ,के लिए को-एबिसयस केवस विछाने धीर यु० एक० एक० माइन्रोवेव प्रणालियों की व्यवस्था करने के प्रस्तावी पर विचार किया जा शहा है।

(ग) और (घ) . वर्तमान स्प में बोनस प्रधितियम 1965 की व्यवस्थाएं इन अधिनियम के केन्द्रीय सरकारी कर्मचारिया पर लागू होने में बाधा दालती है। डाक तार कर्मचारी केन्द्रीय सरकारी कर्मवास्थि के भाग है। इसलिए उन पर धनगरे विचार नहीं किया का सकता।

 सस्कार को बोबस भगतान प्रशिनियम में विभिन्न देप्टिकोणों से संबोधन करने के प्रस्तान प्राप्त हर है, जिनमें इस श्रधिनियम का अन्य क्षेत्रों में विस्तार करना सी शामिल है। सरकार का इरादा बद्ध है कि इन प्रस्तावों पर गहराई से विचार किया आए और बधिनियम में भे बोधन करने से पहले सम्बन्धित हिंवों के साथ विचार विमर्श किया आएं।

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्पाण सम्बन्धी राष्ट्रीय अर्थक्रम

3423. श्री राम लाल राही: क्या स्वास्थ्य स्रोर परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह विताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या स्वामध्य और परिवार कल्पाण सम्बन्धी राष्ट्रीय कार्यक्रम की विद्यान्त्रित के सम्बन्ध में तालका, जिला, खण्ड खयवा पंचायत अथवा क्षेत्रीय स्तर पर स्वास्थ्य तथा परिवार कल्याण सम्बन्धी योजनाओं के धारार्गत कार्य कर रहे कर्मचारियों की लापरवाही तथा अकार्यभूमावता के कारण डील न्नायो है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो निम्न स्तर पर सार्वजनिक प्रशासनिक एककों के बीच कारगर समन्तय सुनिहत्वत करने के लिए सरकार गया उपाय कर रही

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कत्यान मंत्रातय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बगदम्बी प्रसाद बादव): (क) और (ख). यह सच है कि राष्ट्रीय परिवार करेगांग-कार्यक्रम की विस्थान्यति में कुछ धीमापन धाया है। कुछ हद तक इसका एक कॉरण विभिन्न स्तरों पर फील्ड स्टाफ द्वारा कार्य में लागरवाही दिखाना भी है। इस सम्बन्ध में भारत सरकार ने राज्यों की संलाह दी हैं कि वे वह देखने के लिए अन्याधिक सामग्रानी बरतें कि कार्यकर्ता ग्रपने कार्य निस्पादन को बढ़ाने के लिए हर संबद प्रयास करें। राज्य सरकारों से यह भी अनरोध किया गया है कि वे देखरेख ग्रीर अभोधन (मानीटरिंग) के घपने तन्त्र की कस कर रखें।

वत्तर प्रदर्ध व गरोधादरी का आसी भगतान

१८१४ धी स्थमाथ सिंह वास्त्र न्या सनार भक्षे बर धना की ग्रेम करने कि

(श) वर्ष 1922-28 के होरान उन्दर्शका अ जानो पनासादयो क मुखनान के किनने साम हा की शक्ता मिता है और

(थ) इन सम्बंध म दोवी पाए गए मधि वारिया भीर कमवारियों न विरोध कर तक वया कार्यराही की गई है?

सदारमतासय न राज्यभदों (थी नरहरि प्रसाद सविशिक्षालय न एक्यान्याकृषा करून काल मुख्यस्य साम्रो (क) मोर (च) १ने मनीमाहरो को महानगी ने बारेन किन किर पान बाला के श्रमुख्यर कारी पाए गए वे जिनना एनक ती ना ग्हो है और उस येथासमय सभा पटन पर रख रिया जातगर ।

Suspension of Teleprinter Communication with Agartala

3425 SHRI M A. HANNAN ALHAJ

> SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SAR KAR

SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA

Will the Minister of COMMUNICA TIONS be pleased to state

- (a) whether the teleprinter communication with Agertals was suspended for more than three days to
 - (b) if so the reasons thereof

the current months.

(e) whether the authority is aware that due to non functioning of the teleprinter service the local missed hational and International news

(d) if so the action taken for the proper service of the teleprinter in the said capital and

(e) whether may enquiry about the taibute of the teleprinters services in Agan, la made upto date if so the

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAD (a) Agartala CTO is conficied on Teleprinter to Calcutta Shillong and Silchar During the last three months Agartala-Silchar Teleprinter link was internipled con inuously for nearly 4 days only once m September, 1976 Links to Cal cutte and Shilling were interrupted for shorter duration.

- (b) The interruptions were caused on account of faults in the underground cables at Agartala,
- (c) and (d) No Sur However, action was taken on priority and Teleprinter Communication to Shillong and Calcutta was restored on alternate route Renairs to damaged cable were hamnered on account of heavy rains. Notwithstanding this handicap speedy action was taken to restore the cable and necessary jointing materials were Air-lifted to Agartala
- (e) No specific enquiry has been made

Course of Ayurved

3426 SHRI ANANT DAVE the Menuter of HEALTH AND FAMIL LY WELFARE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the CCIM has recommended that from June, 1978 the course of Ayurved will be for five Acute.
- (b) whether the Government of Guiarat has demanded fifty per cent loan for implementation of the above Scheme and
- (c) What actions are being taken by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) The Central Council of Indian Medicine has prescribed the minimum stand

ards of under-Graduate education in Indian Systems of Medicine i.e. Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha to be followed by all colleges of Indian Medicine throughout the country from the easdemic year 1977-78. The duration of this degree course is 5½ years after passing the prescribed Pre-Ayurvedic course.

- (b) The State Government of Gujarat has requested for financial assistance at least upto 50 per cent of the estimated expenditure of Rs. 121.00 lakhs for implementation of the scheme.
- (c) A scheme for providing assistance for the proper development of under-graduate colleges of Indian Systems of Medicine is being considered for implementation during the Plan period 1978—83. The request of the Government of Gujarat will be considered as soon as a final view is evolved on the aforesaid proposal.

Opening of Public Call Offices in every village

3428, SHRI AMAR ROY PRADHAN: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

 (a) whether Government have planned that in each village a public call office would be opened; (b) if so, by what time in all the villages the facilities of public call office would be available; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SHKH-DEO SAI): (a) to (c). It is the Government's objective to provide a public call office (PCO) in every village in about 20 years time. Telephone and telegraph facilities are normally provided at a place if the proposal is remunerative. Since this condition is generally not fulfilled when extending the facilities to underdeveloped areas. the department has been following a policy of opening Public Call Offices on a subsidized basis in a gradually expanding categories of villages. The statement attached gives the latest policy in this regard.

It is planned to open about 15,000 P.C.O's/CO's during 1978-83 in accordance with this policy.

Further liberalization of the policy towards the provision of a P.C.O. in every village will be considered in subsequent plan periods.

Statement

Policy for provision of PCOs & COs, on loss

Categories of Stations

- (1) District Headquarters.
- (2) Sub-Divisional Headquarters.
- (3) Tehoit Headquarters.
- (a) Sub-Tehvil Headquarters-
- (4) ago-tenar riendamier
- (5) Block Headquarters.
- (6) Places with a population of 5000 or more in ordinary areas (2,500 or more in backward or hilly-areas).

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices

Condition for provision of Combined Offices

Will be provided progressively irrespective of loss and without any conditions of minimum revenue. Will be provided progressively irrespective of loss and without any conditions of minimum revenue.

116

115

(a) Places with Police Stations under the charge of an Officer of the rank of a Sub-Impector of Police or above

Condition for provision of Public Call Officer Condition for province of Contined Cities

The anticipated revenue should be at least 25%, of the ARE (Annual Recurring Expenditure) in ordinary areas, and 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE in billy areas

Written Austrets

The appropried reserve should be at least 25% of the ARE (Annual Recurring Ex-penditute) in ordinary areas, and 15% of ARE in backward areas and 10% of ARE in billy areas

(8) Out of the way places

Condition for provision of Public Call Officer Candings for province of Combured Offices

- (a) Should be beyond to time (radial (a) Should be beyond so kins, (radial disdutance) from an existing exchange tance) from an exuting Telegraph
- (b) The anticipated revenue should be at least (b) The anticipated revenue should be at 15% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas, and the activard areas. artai 100, of ARE in billy areas
 - (c) The anticipated loss should not exceed Rs 2,000 pa in ordinary areas and Rs 5,000 pa in luckward/hilly areas.
- (a) Four-st/pilgrimage centres/agricultural/ irrigation/power project site/townships

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices Condition for provision of Combined Offices

(a) The anticipated revenue should be at least (a) The anticipated precious should be at 25% of ARE in ordinary areas 15% of ARE in backward areas and 10% of ARE in bally artas.

least 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE in billy areas

(b) The anticipated loss should not exceed R: 2,000 p.a in ordinary areas and Rs. 5,000 p.2 in backward/hilly areas.

(to) All other Stations

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices

Cendition for provision of Conthured Offices

On the basis of financial viability or on tent and. On the basis of financial viability or on tent and guarantee in case of loss

- Vors __ (1) For considering the population figures the pepulation of the town or village alone though the time into account and not that of a group of towns or villages, except in Tribal areas where a croop of villages within a radius of 10 Kms from a Contral
 - (a) No telegraph office should be opered on loss of another telegraph office is already

Increase in T.B. Cases

3249. SHRI G. Y. KRISHNAN:

SHRI ISHWAR CHAUDHRY:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state: --

- (a) whether it is a fact that India is the second major country where the tuberculosis cases are increasing:
- (b) if so, the details regarding its cases, state-wise annually and the number of persons dving. State-wise: and
- (c) the steps Government have taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) There is no evidence to suggest that India is the Second major country where TB cases are increasing. However, with the increase in the population every year, the total number of TR nationts is increasing proportionately.

- (b) A statement showing the Statewise break up of the number of urevalent TB cases and annual number of deaths due to TB disease is attached.
- (c) The following steps are being taken by the Government to combat TR .__
 - (i) B.C.G. Vaccine is offered to susceptibla population,
- (ii) District TB Centres are being established in every District of the country for undertaking proper detection and treatment of TB nationts by organising ease finding and domiciliary treatment in all the existing medical and health institutions.
 - (iii) Health Assistants, ANMS and other Health workers of P.H.Cs. and sub-centres are proposed to be actively involved in various aspects of TB programme in rural areas.
- (iv) Anti-TB drugs and BCG Vaccine are being supplied to State Governments and Voluntary Organisations by the Central Government

Errimated

Statement

Resimated

0.110.	Marine of States) On	1011	ermon	ω.		No. of TB. cases detected by X-ray Exam	No. of sputum positive Cases	No. of deaths annually
1	2					3	4	5
t	Andhra Pradesh					6,60,000	1,76,000	35,200
2	Assam • •					2,26,600	60,000	12,000
3	Bihar					8,40,000	2,24,000	44,800
4	Gujarat					4,05,000	1,03,000	21,600
5	Haryana					1,50,000	40,000	8,000
6	Himachal Pradesh					45,000	12,000	2,400
7	Jamuu & Kashmir				,	75,000	20,000	4,000

19	Written Answers		DECEMBER 15, 1978				8 Written Answers		120
1	2						3	+	5
3	viturita						4,35,000	1,16,000	23,200
9	Ketala .						3,15,000	84,000	16,800
10	Midhya Pradesh						6,30,000	1,68,000	33,600
и	Maharashtra						7,50,000	2,00,000	40,000
12	Manipur 1 .						15,000	4,000	80a
ış	M-ghalaya						15,000	4,000	80a
14	Nagaland						7,500	2,000	400
15	0гы						3,30,000	98,000	17,600
16	Punjah .						2,10,000	56,000	11,200
17	Rajasthan						3,90,000	1,04,000	20,800
13	Suglating						3,000	800	160
19	Tamil Nadu						6,15,000	1,64,000	32,800
25	Pripata .						30,000	8,000	1,600
21	Uttar Prad-sh						13,23,000	3,52,000	70,400
22	West Bengal						6,60,000	1,76,000	35,200
23	3 A&N Islands						1,500	400	80
21	Irunachal Pradesh						6,000	1,600	320
35	Chandigarh						3,000	800	15a
56	Or of X Hamb						1,050	280	5
	7 Della						60,000	16,000	3,20
	3 Goa, Daman & Diu						12,000	3,200	640
	19 Likshadweep						450	120	24
	30 /lixoram	•1					4,500	1,200	240
	31 Pondicherry	•			•		6,000	1,600	320
		IN	DIA						
				•	•	٠	⁷ 82,29,000	21,92,000	4,38,400

Community Health Workers trained in Gujarat

3430, SHRI P. P. GARKWAD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of Community Health Workers trained in Gujarat under the Rural Health Scheme upto the end of October, 1978 since the Scheme was introduced on 2nd October, last year;
- (b) whether any evaluation has been made to assess the impact of the Scheme; and
- (c) if not, whether Government contemplates to do so?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTNRY OF HEALTH AND TRAMITY WELFARE (SHR JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) The number of Community Health Workers trained in the State of Gujarat in four batches upto September, 1978 is 7615. The fifth batch of 3457 Community Health Workers are undergoing training.

(b) Yes, the evaluation has been made to assess the role and perception of Community Health Workers; attitude and commitment of Community Health Workers towards this scheme; Community's reaction towards the scheme, the performance of Community Health Workers pertaining to various activities, etc.

(e) Does not arise.

Money spent on Steel Plants at Visakhapatnam

- 3431, SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTHY: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) how much amount of money has been spent so far on the steel plant project at Visakhapatnam; and (b) when the actual construction work of this plant would be taken up and when the plant would go into commercial production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SIRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) An expenditure of about Rs. 467 crores has been incurred on Visakhapatnam Steel Project up to November 30, 1978.

(b) The actual construction of the plant will start only after the necessary financial and technical details have been finalised and an investment decision taken. In view of this it is not possible, at this stage, to indicate the date by which the plant would go into commercial production.

भागतपुर ज़िले में नये ठारुघरो का छोला जाना

3432 डा॰ समजो सिंहः नया संचार मंत्री यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि :

- (क) धाणवपुर जिले में ऐसे ग्रामी की सत्था कितनी है, जहा नये डाकघर खाले गये हैं धीर मार्च, 1977 से कितने डाकघरों का दर्जा नवामा गया है ;
- (च) क्या संवाल पराना में भागिमा अफ मर बहुत पुराना अफ मर है, जहां से 17स्थानों को अफ काटी जाठी हैं;
- (ग) मदिहा, तो उक्त डाकघर का प्रव तक दर्जान बढाये जाने के क्या कारण है; स्रोर
- (घ) क्या उसका दर्जी बढ़ाये जाने का प्रस्ताव हे और यदि हा, तो कच?

संचार संवास्त्य में राज्य मंत्रो (श्री नरहरि असाय सुखदेव साम): '(क) वे गाय जहा मार्च, 1977 से शब तक अक्रमर सांस्त विए गए हैं —15

- (ii) भाष, 1977 से अब तक जिन अकपरो का दर्जी बढ़ाया गया, उनकी संख्या --- ।
- (य) शारिया विभागेतर जाना शक्यर एक पुराना शक्यर हैजहा ।। जाना शक्यर वैलो का बादान-प्रवान किया जाता है।
- (य) और (प) दर्जा क्ट्राने के विभागीय बानदच्छो के बाधार पर शाविया विभागेतर शाला.

हाकपर का दर्ज बटा नर उसे विमानीय उप शकपरमें दरानेका श्रीविच विद्यादता होता है। पटना क पान्ट मास्टर जनस्त प्रारिया विस्तासनर शुक्षा शक्यर कादबादबाकर एउ विस्तानर उप राक्षर में बदनन को मजरी दे रह है।

Complaints against CGHS Staff

3433 SHRIP KANNAN Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state-

(a) whether it is a fact that Government had been receiving complaints from various patients as well or from the Staff of CGHS Unant Dispensary, Sarotini Nagar, New Delhi, bout the musbehaviour by the Dispensers, Registration Clerk and Pharmacists of that Dispensary,

(b) whether it is also fact that the distribution of medicines is done according to the will of the aforesaid staff and very often being stopped before the prescribed closing timeand

(c) if so, the action taken or nroposed to be taken by Government to prevert inconveniences to the patients coming to that dispensary which is the only one in the whole city?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAIULY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) Yes. Sir

(b) and (c) One complaint received against the staff of this dispensary have been duly investigated and suitable disciplinary action has been taken against the defaulting persons Bea rides, senior CGHS functionaries have been frequently visiting this dispenany to check the punctuality of the stad and to assess their work and Registration of non-Technical Emnlovees

3434 SHRI VASANT SATHE SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N. PATIL.

Will the Vinster of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

(a) the number of technical and nontechnical educated unemployed persons who have registered with the Employment Exchanges as on March 1977 State-wise and the numher of persons who have registered during 31st March, 1977 to 30th June. 1978 State-wise break up for the above categories of the persons,

(b) whether technical and nontechnical educated unemployed, a large chunk of these unemployed educated persons, continue to remain without 10he for more than 3-5 years of registration with Employment Exchanges.

(e) in view of the growing frustration among the educated unemployed. will Government consider giving due weightage to the date of registration and the period of waiting as unemployed for selection of a candidate ever those who have been registered recently, and

(d) considering relaxation in age limit for Government and somi Government 10bs for candidates who remained unemployed even after registration with the Employment Ex changes for over 3-5 years?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) (a) Information regarding educated (Matrsc and above) job-seekers (all of whom are not necessarily unemployed) on the Lave Register of Employment Exchanges is collected at halfyearly intervals at the end of June and December each year Available

- June 1977 and June 1978 is furnished in the statement attached.
- (b) As per a survey conducted by Ministry of Labour in 1972-73 it was found that about 15 per cent of the educated job-seekers were on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges, for more than three years.
- (c) Employment Exchanges submit the names of the job-seekers with due regard to the seniority of registration in accordance with the qualifications

- laid down by the employer. The selection of a candidate, however, depends on the employer.
- (d) Age limits for recruitment to Central Services/posts are prescribed. from time to time keeping in view diverse factors and specially having regard to the qualifications and experience required for that service/ post. The basic objective is to ensure that Government is able to secure the services of persons at an age most suited for the service/post concerned.

Statement

Naulur of alucated (Matric & above) jub-seekers on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges as on 30-6-1977 and 30-6-1978 and the number of Technical (graduates and chops in Engineering, Medicine, Veterintey and Agriculture) personnel amongst them.

(in one's)

								, 000 3)		
	Stat				,	30-6-19)77	30-6-1978(P)		
	562	tes			Total educated	Technical (included in Col. 2)		Technical (included in Col. 4)		
	1					2	3	4	5	
1. Andhra Pradesh						351.3	4.8	384.0	5.7	
2. Asiam						88-9	@(48)	102-8	0.1	
3. Eihar						546.8	6-0	605. t	7.0	
4. Gujarat						224.8	1.3	228.0	6.6	
5 Haryana						134.9	0.7	154'3	o-8	
6 Himschal Pradesh						43.9	0.1	51'1	0.3	
7. Jammu & Kashmir						20-1	0.5	51.9	0.3	
8. Karnataka						294.9	2.9	314.8	3.3	
9. Kerala		,				449.4	2-8	496-0	2 • [
10. Madhya Pradesh						272-8	2'7	298-4	3.8	
11. Maharashtra						485-4	2.6	522.1	3.2	
12. Manipur						29.8	0.1	33.9	0. 1	
13. Meghalaya						5*3	@(9)	4*5	@ (7)	
14. Nagaland						1.0		1.5	••	

127	Written Answers	DECE	MBE	R 15	5, 1978	Written	Answers	128
-	1		_		3	3	4	
-					,	, ,		
15	Onsia .				133 9	0.4	157 6	o 6
16	Punjab ! - 1 '	f			157 7	0'4	181.9	6.0
17	Rajasthan				134 2	1.1	149 6	0.0
18	Silkim*				2	,		J
10	Tamil Nadu				467 7	3.3 -	513.3	4 1
	Tripura .				30.9	@(40)	33.7	@ (36)
-	Uttar Pradesh				651-5	3 +	725'5	3. B
	West Bengal				630 7	18	780 8	2.0
	•					,		
1/	n Terrulorius					•	•	
	: Andaman & Nicobar Island						a 6	@(*)
			•	•	0 5	••		G(-7
2	Arunachal Pradesh* .	•	٠	٠				
3	Chandigarh				21 8	03	23.6	0 4
	Dadra & Vagar Havels						,	•
1	INTIGUE OF ATERIAL LETAGORA			•				
	5 Delhi				178 5	3 0	202 8	3-2
	5. Gra.				17-1	0 1	17 3	0+2
					1,-1	• •	., 3	
	7 Lakshadweep			•	o 8	@(4)	1.0	@(10)
	8. Mizoram				3 0		21	
	9 Pondicherry				13 1	0 2	12 5	0 3
	All Indra-Tor	×			\$390 6	39 3	6025 6	42. 5

ore... 1 No Employment Exchange is functioning in these States/Union Territories.

² Exclude figures in respect of University Employment Information and Guidance Bureaux except for Dellia & Maharashtra

³ All the job-seekers registered with the Employment Exchanges are not necessarily unproduced.

⁴⁻ Registration being voluntary, all unemployed persons may not reguter with the exchanges
5- 9 Figures less than 50 Actual figures shown in brackets

^{6.} P Provisional. ----

Allotment of Steel

3435. SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN-DIA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state: .

- (a) the cretaria fixed for allotment of steel to the States:
- (h) whether the allotment is made according to the demands of the State concerned: and
- (c) if so, total allotment made to the State of Madhya Pradesh during the last three years against its demanda?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) and (b). As there is no statutory control on distribution of iron and steel at present, the question of any "allotment" does not arise. Further, State-wise figures of requirement or demand of iron and steel are not available.

(c) Does not arise.

कालाखार

3,436, और रामविलास पासवान : क्या स्वास्त्र्य प्रोर परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह विताने की क्याकरेगे कि:

- (फ) स्वा कालाजार को निगतित करने के सरकारी प्रयासो के वावण्ड यह रोग फैलता जा रहा है: ग्रोर
- (ख) यदि हा, तो इस बारे में किन अपायो पर पिचार किया जा रहा है ?
- ्रात्स्या और परिवार कल्यान मंबालय में राज्य मंत्री (थी जगदम्बी प्रसाद वादव) : (क) विहार को छोड़ कर धन्य किसी भी राज्य से कालाजार से प्रकोपन में बद्धि होने की रिपोर्ट नहीं मिली है। 1978 में विहार के 31 जिलों में से 6 जिलों से किसी व्यक्ति को कालाआर होने की रिपोर्ट नही · मिली है। 1977 के मुनाउले 1978 के दौरान तीन जिसो में रालाबार के प्रकार में कभी हुई है। 5 जिलों में स्थिति लगभग वेनी ही है ! श्रेष -- विक्तें में कालाजीर के प्रकार में पृद्धि हुई है। ऐसा इसलिए हुमा है कि 1977 के बीसन इत में 3625 LS-5

से कार कियो में चिडकाव नहीं किया गया और कार हद तक बद्धि का पता शक्ते निवसनी कार्य के कारण बेसा है।

- (ख) निम्नतिथित उपाय किए गए है प्रथेवा करने का विचार है :-
 - (1) प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में डी० डी० टी० का छित-क्रव करना।
 - (2) कालाबार की घटनाम्रो का शीम्र पता सर्वास ।
 - (3) कालाजार के रोगियों के लिए पूर्ण उपचार की व्यवस्थाकरना।
 - (4) स्वास्थ्य गिला की व्यवस्था करना ग्रीर इस रोग पर वियत्रण पाने के लिए होगी का सहयोग प्राप्त करना ।
 - (६) वर्क के दिकस धक्तरा तथा परा-चिकित्सा कामिको का प्रशिक्षण।
 - (a) कालावार नियमण कार्यनम का पर्य-बेहरण तथा निगरानी करने के लिए केन्द्र ने **बरक-विज्ञानियों के समय-समय पर**

Indian Proposals for Disarmament

3437, SHRI HARI VISHNU KA-MATH: Will the Minister of EXTER-NAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government propose to move in the current Session of U.N. General Assembly specific proposals for effecting nuclear and/or general disarmament;
- (b) if so, the broad outlines of Government's proposals; and
- (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL SAMARENDRA AFFAIRS (SHRI KUNDU): (a) to (c). India had tabled two draft resolutions on disarmament, which have been adopted by the First Committee of the UN General Assembly. Texts of both the draft тZI

resolutions were laid on the Table of the House in reply to Starred Question No 358 for 14-12-1973.

इस्पात सारधानों के सहायक उद्योगों के रूप में कार्य कर रह पत्रोहत उद्योग

3438- भी तलाल प्रसाद वर्माः स्वा इत्यात भीर खान मधी यह बताने की कृषा भीरे कि

(६) बोकारो, दुर्बपुर धौर बनपुर इस्पात कारखानों में सङ्घाक उद्योगों के रूप में स्टिन्ने पत्रीहत उद्योग वार्य कर रहे हैं धौर उनका वार्षिक उत्पादन कितना है,

(ख) यत तीन वर्षों के दौरात इन तीन इस्सात सारवानों के लिए उनके उत्साद (इवीनिर्मास और फानतू पुर्वे) दितनी माना में खरीदे गए, और (ग) इत्याद कारखानों के लिए उनके उत्याद कितनी मात्रा में खरीदना प्रतिकात है?

हत्त्वात घोर वात मंत्रातव में राज्य मत्री (भी कृषिया मुच्छा) (क) हत समय वीनारी प्रोवोदिक क्षत्र में 20 वसू प्रताद्यों को वोजारी हत्त्वाद कारवाती के स्हायक वर्षीय के स्पर्मे पश्चीहर विच्या प्रवाही है। इस क्षत्रीय में विचक स्थापित वाच्या 2 23 करोड स्पर्मे मन्द्र भी है।

बहां तक दुवानुर हस्यात कारधाने और बनेपुर के हस्यात कारधान का त्रन्याम है, कमम 75 भीर 54 लघु रकाईयां इन वारधानों के साथ प्रवीवन है भीर हनमें से कुछ रकाहवों की शहाक उद्योग का दबी देने का प्रस्त दिवाराधीन है।

(छ) इन इत्पाद कारधानों द्वारा इनीनिवरी मदो को खरीद के लिए उपर्यक्त सहायक तथा लघू उद्योगों को दिए गए बार्डर इत प्रकार हैं —

(साख दपये)

इसत का	खाना	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79 (घप्रेल- सितम्बर, 1978)
बोनारो (सहायक उद्योग	7)	90.4	110.5	24.5
ब्बंगुर .		34.28	45 90	19 81
स्नपुर .		30 60	12 48	47 45

(व) वतमाननीत के बनुसार इस्पात कारवाने सहायक रकाइणे से उनकी कुल उत्पादन क्षमका को 50 प्रतिकृत समजा का उपयोग कर शकते हैं।

Glass Pieces Found in Life Saving

39 SHRI K. MALLANNA: Will the Limister of HEALTH AND FAMI-LY VELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention is drawn to the Times of India and the state of the State of

(b) if so, whether some more smilar cases have also been brought to the notice of Government, if so, the reaction of Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMI FRASAD YADAY) (a) Yes, Sir. A new item had appeared in the issue of the Delhi edition of the Times of India dated the 18th November, 1978

(b) The manufacturer is responsible for the quality of his products. As licences are issued by the State Authorities, whenever such cases come to the notice of the Drugs Controller f India the matter is brought to the to the reports received from India

of India, the matter is brought to the notice of the State Drugs Control Organisation, who arrange for inspection of the manufacturing processes and the controls being exercised to ensure that adequate precautions are taken to avoid recurrence of such incidents.

E.S.L

- 3440. SHRI K. A. RAJAN: Will the Minuster of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Kerala State Government has requested the Centre for inclusion of CITU and UTUC in the ESI Corporation Board; and
- (b) if so, the details and Government's decision thereon?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN FHE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. RAM KIRPAL SINHA): (a) Yes.
- (b) The matter is under consideration.

Number of Indians in Gulf Countries

- 3441. SHRI D. D. DESAI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:
- (a) the total number of Indians working in Gulf countries;
- (b) what is their country-wise distribution; and
- (c) whether Indian workers are being edged out by nationals of other countries in the Gulf region?

THE AIMISTER OF STATE IN HE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDUI: of foreign countries do not generally register themselves with our Missions, the precise number of Indian workers in the Gulf countries and Saudi Archia is not available. However, according

to the reports received from Indian Missions, the estimated number of Indian workers in the Gulf Countries and Saudi Arabia is between 2,75,000 and 3,00,000. Their country-wise distribution is given below.

Missio	D.		Estimated number of Indian workers in the Gulf countries and Saudi Arabia
Bahrain			15,000
Doha			25,000
Kuwait			45,000 to 50,000
U.A.E.			75,000 to 80,000

Oman .

Saudi Arabia .

. 45,000 to 50,000

, 70,000 to 80,000

(c) Government have not received, any report that Indian workers are being edged out in the sense that Indians presently employed in the countries are being replaced by workers from other countries. Howwer, the Guil countries and Saudi Arabia are also recruiting workers

परिवार कल्याण केन्द्र

3442 श्री एव० एत० पी० सिन्हा : न्या स्वास्म्य प्रीर परिवार कस्याच मंत्री यह वतावे क्रमा करेरी कि :

- (क) तथा सरकार ने प्रत्येक ग्राम पंचायत के यथीन एत-एक परिवार कत्याण केन्द्र स्थापित काने का निर्वय किया है:
- (य) क्या ऐसे केन्द्र में एक पुरुष तथा एक महिला बाक्टर रखे वार्येगे; सीर
- (ग) पवि हा, तो कब सक धौर गदि नहीं, तो दशके तथा कारण हैं ?

्र स्वासम्य मीर परिवार कत्वाण मवानय में राज्य मवी (भ्री जयदम्बीप्रसाद यादव)

- (क) वी नहीं।
 - (ख) मौर (ए) व प्रश्न नहीं उठते ।

पशियाई साला आजार

3443. श्रीयमृताप्रसाव सास्त्री क्या विदश मत्रीयह बतान की द्वणा करेने कि

- (%) त्या तिकी एक्षिवाई दस ने बाद्य सरकार ने यह प्रस्ताव किया है कि पूरोपीय नावा बाजार की भाति एक्षिवाई साता बाजार की संचानता की जाए और
- (ख) यदि हा तो किन दक्ष न यह प्रत्ताव हिया है तथा इस पर भारत सरकार को क्या प्रतिदिका है ?

विधायस्तान म तान मजी (भी स्तरी हुए) (१) थीर (४) प्रस्तो 19 8
में रिपार के महालियास्त्र आहं सो भारत-मजा
न धीरान इस अब के देता है और पार्थिक सहसेन न धीरान इस अब के देता है और पार्थिक महाले न धारत प्रसाद कर हो हिन्दार-निरार्थ इस था। महिन श्रीवर्ता शास बाना भी स्वारा क विस् सोई दिस्तत प्रसाद नहीं रखा ग्या।

सरकार यह दो जानती है वि इस क्षत्र करा। के बाद महत्त्वाय नाभ होना तकिन उसका नित्वित मत है कि एसा तभी होना जब कि सम्बद्ध देशा के बीद समझोता हा आए।

Problems of Barge Industry

3444 SHRI SACHINDRALAL SINGHA.

SHRIM A HANNAN

SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR

Will the Minister of PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

(a) whether any committee has time into the problem of barge industry operating on the River Hooghly,

- fb) if so the details of the memhersiof the committee and the details of the report submitted by the committee,
- (c) the details of the action taken, uptodate on the basis of the recom-
- (d) the number of the workers in the barge industry at present and the members of the trade union representing the workers, and
- (e) the Taction taken uptocate on the question of proper utilisation of the manpower in the industry?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) (a) and (b) Yes Sir. A committee compr s ing Shri V R Mehta, Joint Score any Ministry of Shipping & Transport (Chairman) three representatives of the Calcutta Port Shramik Union the Deputs Chairman Calcutta Port Trust a representative each of the Ministry of Commerce Government of West Bengal Calcutta River Transport Association Bengal River Transport Association, Inland Water Transport Association and Indian Jule Mills Association, Calcutta and Shri P N Razdan, Deputy Chief Labour Com missioner (Central) was constituted, A copy of summary of the recom mendations and conclusions of the Committee is laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Library See No. LT 3068/78]

- (c) The recommendations are under examination
- (d) According to the report of the Committee 25th bargemen were employed in October 1977 by the consistent members of the three mann Associations of barge owners at Calcrita, namely Calcutta three Transport Association and Inland Water Transport Association and Inland Water Transport Association Three

unions, namely, Calcutta Port Shramik Union, West Bengal Dock and Port Mazdoor Union and National Union of Waterfront workers claim to represent the workers in the Barge Industry at Calcutta.

(e) This is also covered by the recommendations of the Committee which are under examination.

Production of Malaria Vaccine by Indian Doctors in Hawaii

3445. SHRI DHARMA VIR VASISHT: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state whether it is a fact that an Indian Doctor working in Hawaii U.S.A, had produced a malaria vaccine if so, the nature and details of the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): Government have seen reports to the effect that Dr. Wasim A. Siddiqui an Indian doctor working in the Department of Tropical Medicine of the John Burns School of Medicine Hawaii has developed an anti-Malaria Vaccine which has been claimed to have successfully immunised monker's against malaria and was ready for , tests involving human volunteers. The WHO Programme Officers are however of the opinion that it would take much more time before it could be hoped to get such a vaccine.

Assistance to persons undergone Vasectomy

3447, SHRI P. RAJAGOPAL NAIDU: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether financial assistance is being given to those who are having vasectomy; and
 - (b) if so, how much?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Financial assistance is provided to the acceptors of varectomy operations in the shape of compensation amount at the rate of Rs, 100 per case to meet the expenses; towards to and fro' visit and a brief stay in the clinic/hospital. Out of the amount of Rs. 100 Rs. 70 is paid to the acceptor and the rest is provided for meeting the cost of drugs, dressings, transport, det and other miscellaneous expenses.

Collection of Documents Relating to

3448. PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be meased to state.

- (a) whether Minister of External Affairs promised in the Lok Sabha that every effort will be made for collection of documents and other materials connected with the activities of Netaji Subhas Chandra Boss in counries like Japan, Burma, Malaya, Singapore, Thailand and other South East Asian countries and in Germany, Traly and other European countries where Netaji had his activities;
- (b) if so, the facts about the steps taken by Government in this regard; and
- (c) documents and other material so far collected about Netaji's activities in foreign countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). As the Hon'ble Memcer is aware, letters were addressed by this Ministry to Indian Missions in select countries for collection of information, documents and other material on the activities of Netaji Subhas Chander Boss in those countries. Some

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replies have been received. Govern ment will consider further follow up measures once full information be comes available.

सरकारी क्षेत्र के लिए प्रारक्षित खनिज

3449. बार सहसी नारायव पाडेब - स्वा इस्पात चौर खान मती यह नताने की शुपा करेंचे कि

- (क) क्या सरकार ने मध्य प्रदेश के एक फारफट से सम्पन सजो को सरकारी क्षेत्र के लिए ग्रासीयत कर दिया है,
- (ख) क्या निक्षमों को खुदाई की सरकार की कोई योजना है और क्या इस बारे में कोई मूर्गमीय सर्वेद्यम कराया गया है, मौर
- (ग) यदि हा, तो अब तक क्या काववाही की यई है और यदि नहीं, तो क्या सरकार इस काव को गैर-सरकारी सस्यानों को सौंपना चाहती है ?

इस्पात भीर कान नवालय में राज्य मती (भी कदिया मुख्या) (क) से (म) भारतीय भूवैज्ञानिक सर्वेक्षण मध्य प्रदेश के झब्मा, छतरपुर और सागर विलो में सार प्रार्थेट क लिए 1973 से खोज काव कर एहा है भोर ये काय जारो है। सब तक द्विष गए कार्य के फारवरूव सक ग्रास्त्रेट के अवसा जिले में भगमा 45 राख दन और छतरपूर साबद नियां में 14 20 बाख टन भण्डार होने का सहेत मिला है । मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने झड़ाया जिले के राज फास्पेट निक्षमों को सरकारी क्षेत्र के विदोहन के लिए धार्यक्षत कर दिया है। सक्य सरकार प्रवृक्षा और सागर विलों के कुछ क्षेत्रों के इन निक्षेपों का पहले से ही नियोजन कर रही है। यन्य धरकार इन खनिज निक्षेपी पर प्राक्रारित एक फास्केटिक उवरक कारवाना नवाने के प्रस्ताव पर भी विचार कर रही है।

Facilities of Doctors in Villages

3450. SHRI C. R. MAHATA. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE be pleased to state

 (a) whether Government have decided to provide facilities for doctors in villages,

(b) if so, what are the facilities which would be provided to them,

(c) if the answer of (a) is in negative, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD VADAV). (a) The Government attach considerable importance to providing facilities for doctors in the villages. This subject was discussed in the joint meeting of the Central Council of Health and Central Council of Family Welfare held in October last. Keeping in view the importance of the subject the Councils adopted a resolution to the effect that the State Governments should evolve suitable and imaginative methods to attract doctors and other medical personnel to rural areas. The State Governments who are represented on the councils will take suitable measures for implementing the above resolution.

- (b) Some State Governments have already initiated measures in this regard, while others are yet to initiate Some of these steps have been indicated State wise in the statement attached
 - (c) Does not arise

Statement

Statement showing the incentives being given by the various State Governments to attract doctors to rural areas.

- 1 Andhra Pradesh Honorary Rural Medical Practitioners are offered Rs. 500 p.m remuneration and Rs. 100 worth medicines per month.
- 2 Gujarat Gujarat Government have prepared a scheme to construct residence cum-clinics for who want to settle in rural areas. These will also be equipped and given to candidates desiring to settle in villages on a moratorium and hire purchase basis.
- 3 Kerala Kerala Government are giving gurantee for institutional diamone to young doctors to start their clinics and establish in rural areas. The State Government is also ex-

couraging young doctors to start clinics on co-operative basis by taking shares in such societies.

- 4. Madhua Pradesh: The Government of Madhya Pradesh has sanctioned a scheme of financial assistance to M.B.B.S. and B.P.S. and Avuruedic graduates (B.A.M.S. B.I.M.S. A.V.M.S.) to establish their clinics in rural areas. Their scheme provided Rs. 250 p.m. as stipend for M.B.B.S. and BDS for starting their own clinics and Rs. 200 p.m. for Avurvedic graduates for non-tribal areas. The rate of stipend for the above graduates for tribal areas is Rs. 300 and Rs. 250 p.m. respectively. This stipend is given for 18 months.
- 5. Rajosthan: A sum of Rs. 7500 as loan is given to unemployed Medical graduates by Nationalised Bank through the Rajasthan Medical Graduates Self Employment Promotion Society. A stipend of Rs. 250 in the first year and Rs. 200 in the second year is also given by the society to these graduates. 'A further stipend of Rs. 200 is also given in the third year if the population of the village is less than 2,000.
- 6. Tamil Nadu: The Tamil Nadu Industrial Investment Corporation Ltd. provides cash loan to Rural Medical Practitioners.

Primary Health Centres in rural areas

- 3451, SHRI K, PRADHANI: Will the Minister of HEALTH FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government are aware that the amount allocated by the Central Government for setting up Primary Health Centres in the rural areas of Orissa is not being utilised for providing medical facilities but is being utilised under the head 'establishment expenditure':

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

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'(c) what is the number of Primary Health Centres set up in that State for which allocation has been made by the Central Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (a) and (b). The Government of Orissa have already set up one Primary Health Cenrte for every block. As one 31-3-78 they have set up 314 Primary Health Centres, Provision for construction of incomplete buildings of the Primary Health Centres, staff quarters etc. is made under the Minimum Needs Programme which is under the State sector

(c) The number of Primary Health Centres set up in Orissa as on 31-3-78. is 314, as mentioned above

Peripherd Hospitals

3452, SHRI RUDOLPH RODRI-GUES: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE he pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have any urgent scheme for the construction of peripherd hospitals to meet the pressing needs of patients in Delhi;
- (b) if so, the details of the scheme; and
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAV); (a) to-(c). The Delhi Administration has proposed provision in the 1978-83 Plan for the opening of seven 100bedded hospitals in the rural areas and the re-settlement colonies of Delhi.

Amendment to Mines Rules

3453 SHRI ISHWAR CHAUDHRY Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR ba pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal under the consideration of Government to amend the mines rules to provide facilities for the medical exanumation of persons seeking employment in mines and

(b) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) Amendments to the Mines Rities 1955 to provide for the initial and period cal medical examination mine workers have been notified in the Gazette of India Extraordinary dated the 18th November 1978 copies of which have been laid on the Table of House on the 30th November 1978

(b) The rules provide for the medical examination of persons seeking employment m mines The rules also provide for the medical examination of workers already in employment within a period of five years from the date not fied by the Gov ernment Thereafter periodical medical examination would be conqueted at an interval of every five years Expenditure on medical examination of workers is to be borne by the employer

मन निरोध के लिए स्ववसी मीवींग

3454 थी दब मचन निवारी क्या स्वास्थ्य भीर परिवार कल्याम मंत्री यह बदान की हुना

(क्) क्ना सरकार वंभ निगाध के निए स्तेणी भीषती तबार करन के बारे म नोई पन सवान कर उसे है भीर

(स) मिटहों तो उसका परिणास क्या निकास ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवाद करपाण महानव में राज्य मही (थी जपरम्बी प्रसाद पादवी (क) जी हो ।

(छ) पारतीय विशिष्ठा एवं होन्यापैयों की के दीव धनस्थात परिषट, नई टिस्नी के दीय धीषध मनुष्ठधान सत्यान संयनक भारतीय विशिक्ता बनुवयान परिषद्, नई दिल्ली धौर स्नावकीलर चिवित्या शिचा एवं धनुमधान सस्यान चण्डीगढ द्वारा सर्वात निववण के निए देशी बीपवियों क विकास के तिए धनसभात कार्य किया का उटा है।

भारतीय विकित्ता एव हाम्यापथी की के ब्रीय बनुबबान परिषद उन पोर्धा की जोन करने में सबी हुई है जिनमें यूर्व रोधव धमता वी संभावना है जिसस एक मान्य पर्व निरोधक को धोज की जा सके। परिषद् क बधीन काय कर रहे विभिन्न के हा म क्लिनिका भीर रामावनिक-फार्मारीसोजिक्स दोनी स्तरी पर मत्यांकत करन के लिए जब बहुत सारे योथों घीर एकन भौपविया ना मृत्यांकन किया का रहा है बितन यमें रोबक धामता कहाने का दावा किया यया है। निम्नतिविध भौषधिया योगा वा निर्मान-बल स्तर पर प्रध्ययन विया गया है प्रथ्या किया जा एत है

- 1 विद्यवादियान (विद्युग अपाकुमूम घोर हिंग }
- 2. शानिस मार्टियोग (शानिस मोर परिवा)
- भावय ए-सो-1 (विडिय भोर जपाइसम)

4 व-नपमून (विदय) र-ईपमुमो **रा मध्यपन इसलिए शिया जा रहा है** कि इसके सामदायन परिणाम प्राप्त हुए हैं। परिषद ने माध्य एव ए-दी॰ (मनोक लाक्ष मौर नम्क) तथा विदय को लिया है तथा परास्त्र क लिए एक प्रत्य याप निकास है जिल का नास मानुष ए-मी ६ मधना मशोरादियोग है। यह परीवा पटियाना । अयपुर, भूवनप्रवर, बसवत्ता जिब म बम्बई भीर लेखनऊ स्थित परिपद् नी वनिटो के ग्रन्तगढ हाने ही में पारम्य दिया गया है 1/परिषद् द्वारा कुछ घौषधियों की रामायनिक कामानालाजिकम जान की गई है। के नीम सौषध धनुसद्यान सस्थान अखनक उन पौधों धौर एन देशी दवामा रा सध्ययन कर एहा है जिनमें अनुन राधी त दा वे होने ना दादा क्या मेगा है । इस अध्ययन का उद्देश प्रभावकारी। ग्रीपधियों को साउना है। पन्यन पौधों क सत्वों और छ आयुव्दिक योगी डी बाद मुहो पर को गई तिन्तु इत न संकोई भी प्रभावकारी नहीं प्राया गया । यह मस्यान पीटा के सबों संसूत्राणु-समय क्यों की साज करन कतिए पनुसद्यानकार घर रहा है

पादप-उत्पादों की जाच की गई किन्त कोई सतोय-

के रूप में प्रयोग में तीयों जाती है ि .01 Telegrams in Urdu Language

3455. SHRI RASHEED MASOOD: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether he is aware of the tremendous difficulties faced by the representatives of Urdu newspapers in sending news to their head offices through telegrams in Urdu language; and
- (b) will be explore the possibility of providing Facilities of receiving telegrams in Urdu language at the Head Post Offices in the District and delivering these telegrams to the Urdu newspaper editors in the Urdu language?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHEI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) No, Sir. No specific difficulty has been brought to the notice of the Department.

(b) Telegrams in Urdu, if written in Roman character, are accepted at all Telegraph Offices. In offices where Oevanagari Service is available, such telegrams written in Devanagari character are also accepted. Possibility of providing facility of receiving telegrams in Urdu language will be explored.

Foreign Publicity

3456. SHRI MANORANJAM
BHAKTA: Will the Minister of
EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to
state.

- (a) whether Government is aware of the anti-Indian propaganda in the press and other media abroad 'on different national issues like communal disturbances, prohibition policy and internal situation.
- (b) if so, the facts thereof and steps taken to counter such propaganda abroad and place the matters in their true perspectives; and
- (c) whether steps are also being taken to streamline the foreign publicity media of Government and if on details thereof?

THE MINISTRE OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTRENAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARRNDRA KUNDU); (a) and '(b). There has been some critics min the press and other media abused of such happenings as communal disturbances, the teatment of Harrjans and occasionally about the law, and order situation in some parts of the country.

It may be mentioned that foreign much have been regularly covering year developments as restoration of demonstration (and amental human rights, parest presidents and the friedom of the judicity in India, together, with the country towards the goal of economic self-reliance. A number of important and prestigious foreign, newspapers and journals have in the past few months hought out special supplements highlighting the economic achievements of the countries.

Government keeps itself constantly aware of the news and comments about different national issues appear-

ing in the press and other media abroad Whenever any baseless reports or comments on these issues abporring in foreign media come to the notice of Indian missions abroad. necessary steps are taken to put the facts in their proper perspective either by writing to the persons concerned or through personal meetings them.

(c) A Committee under the chairmanship of Shri Chanchal Sarkar was appointed last year by the Minister of External Affairs to review the working of India's entire external publicity set up The Committee has just submitted its report which is being examined by Government

Boctors population ratio in the country.

3457 SHRI SARAT KAR Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state

(a) what is the number of doctors to population ratio in the country.

(b) how does at compare with doctor to population ratio in other countries of

- (c) what steps are proposed to be taken by Government to improve the present position, and
- (d) whether Government realise that the State of Orissa is short of doctors as compared to the popula tion there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAVI (a) The estimated doctor-population ratio as on 1 1-1978 in the country was 1 3135 which is however not equidistributed.

- (b) Information on doctor-population ratio in other countries of South-East Asia is given in the attached statement
- (c) Doctor-population ratio is not a good yard stick to measure health development or needs
- (d) The doctor population ratio in Onesa is 1 2673 as against the national doctor population ratio of 1 3135 The question of deployment of more doctors to serve the population of the State is a matter which mainly con-

countries of South East Asia	cerns the State Government,						
S No Nra- of the Country	Population per Doctor	Year					
Mehanistan	. [26 100	1973					
2 Bangladesh 1 Burma	• [9 350	1973					
& Indonesia	*6,g:0	1973					
5 Japan	 ≠8 ±5o 	1974					
6 Malaysia W	87 0	1973					
7 Nepal	7 270	1974					
8 Pakutan	36,450	1974					
9 Sugapore	3 3 970	[‡] 974					
10 Sri Lanka	T 400	1974					
11 Thuland	74 010	1972					
	f8 5go	1973					

केन्द्रीय प्राकृतिक चिकित्सा संस्थान

3458 श्री लालजो माई: क्या स्वास्थ्य ग्रीर परिचार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) नवा प्राकृतिक विकटताः प्रधाली को मान्यता देने के उद्देश्य से एक केन्द्रीय प्राकृतिक चिकित्सा संस्थान स्थापित करने का विचार है; और
- (छ) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी पूरा व्योरा क्या है ?

स्थान्य्य ग्रीर परिवार क्रन्यांग मंत्रास्य में राज्य सती (श्री जगवन्त्री प्रसाव यावव) :(क) ख़ार (ख) प्राकृतिक विकित्सा का राष्ट्रीय संस्थान वनाने के प्रस्ताव पर सरकार ज्यान विए हुए है।

Small P.Cos

3459. SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) does Government not feel normally the small P.C.Os. should be connected with manned by and linked to some exchange in the same District and not another District because normally the calls are made from Moiustal places to the higger places and Headquarter of the District.

(b) if not, why;

- (c) has Government received a representation that P.C.O. Oogly (Seoni distt) be connected with manned by and linked to either Keolari or Seoni (M.P.) as it is for the present linked to Balaghat i.e. another District; and
- (d) when shall that demand be fulfilled; if not, why?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHEI NARHABII PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI); (a) The Government has already examined the point while making the policy.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) and (d). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

मध्य प्रदेश में रॉक फास्फेट के तिलेप

3460. श्री गोविन्द राम मिरी : श्री संखेन्द्र सिंह :

्या इत्यात और खान मंत्री यह बताने की। इसा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या मध्य प्रदेश के सातृता जिले में राकः फास्फेट के निक्षेप प्रभुद माला में उपलब्ध है ;
- (ख) क्या बहां भारतीय भू-सर्वेक्षण विभाग द्वारा एक विस्तृत सर्वेक्षण करान का प्रस्ताव है ;
- (ग) यदि हां, तो उनत सर्वेक्षण समवतः कदः, तक करावा जावेगा ?

इस्पात और खान मंतालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री कड़िया मुख्डा) : (क) मध्य प्रदेश के साबुधा जिसे में प्राधिक महत्व के राक-फास्फेट मंडारों का पता चला है।

(छ) श्रीर (ग). बात में बारतीय मुपैशानिक सर्वेक्षण द्वारा पहले से ही ग्रहन बीज कार्य दिना जा रहा है। बच तक की धोजों से सननन 40. ताद देन काल्केराइट होने का बता बना है जिसमें 25 मिंत्रज या मधिक फाफ्नेरस पेन्ट मासाइट. है। यानाची कार्य जारी है। यानाची कार्य तारी है।

Strike by Workers of Kalta Mines in Orissa

- 3461, SHRI SIVAJI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether there was a strike by the workers of Kalta mines in Orissa in the month of September, 1978;
- (b) the issue involved in the-Strike:

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- (c) what steps Government took to redress the gravances of the workers and
- (d) whether Government is aware that the management have served termination notice to number of workers there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHIR] KARIA MUVDA) (a) Yes Sur Departmental piece rated workers, contractors' workers and Gorakhpur Labour working in Kalla Iron Ore Mines of Routkels Steel Plant sudden ly struck work on the 4th September 1918 without giving any notice The srike continued till the 2nd October 1978

(b) to (d) It appears that the strike was resorted to protest against the repatriation of Gorakpuri labour Kalta mines after the expiry o' their agreement. As per the present agree ment which was entered into in 1974 with the Central Labour Depot Gora khpur the Gorakhpuri labour to be supplied for Kalta mines is to be engaged for a period of 12 months cally with the option to continue them for another period of 12 months. On the expire of either the first or the second terms of 12 months they are to be repatriated. The management of Rourkela Steel Plant had undertaken ze patriation from April, 1978 onwards in accordance with the terms of the above agreement only, To mitigate labour's hardship the repatriation is being done in a phased manner on completion of their term as per the agreement, L 130 4 7 1 / 1 7 1 12

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3462 भी गोविन्सा मुख्या करा इस्पात स्रोर खाद मधी यह बदाने की हुमा करा कि

(क) का उद्योचा म क्याबर जिल के विज्ञान सम्बद्ध की बहुत की खाने ह

- (ख) यदि हो तो क्या तरकार ना विचार विता परानव वर्तमदि क माम्यन स इन खानो का संबंधन तत्कान करवाने का है ,
- (न) यदि हां तो यह सर्वेक्षण नव तक करण्या वायगा[™] स्रीर
- (य) इस बारे में सरकार की माथी योजना क्या है ?

इत्यात भीर श्वान र्मवातय में शब्द मत्रो (थी कड़िया मुख्या) र् (क) जो नहीं । (य) ग्रीर (ग) वयात नहीं उठता ।

Chairmen of Public Undertakings

3463. SHRI L. L. KAPOOR Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS or pleased to state the names of Chaumen of the Public Undertakings under his Ministry with the dates of their appointment and qualifications and their previous 'assignments during the last 3 'vearg' o

the minister of state in the ministry of *communications

Spint, "ASTRAIL PRASAD" SIKH DEO SAM, There are three, Proble DEO SAM, There are three, Proble sectors Udertalongs under the Mini stry of Communications, namely Indian Telephone Industries Limited Bardore Hinduston Telephones Limited Madras and Telecommunica tons Committant; India Limited New Deals The required information in respect of the Chairman of these undertakings is indicated in the statement ormazed.

and the same of th Statement

30 - 20 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 PARTICULARS IN RESPECT OF CHAIRMAN OF

of the contract areas systems Indian Telephone Hindustan Telephone Jeleponomonications
Industries Ed., Ltd., Madras Consultant India Ltd.
Na Madras New Delbi Bangalorg New Delbi

المراد الأسران بعدة اسكا التساطرات r. Name Shiri C.S.S. Rao Dr. B. C. Seetharam Shri M. P. Shukla

The state of the s

2. Date of appoint 8-6-1978 12-4-1978 1-8-1978 ment.

3. Qualifications : R.E. (Mechanical) ... (i) B.Sc. (Hens) in Physics B.E. (Electrical) M:LE.T.E. The state of attition of the same

(ii) Diploma of Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore (iii) Obtained Dectorate and July

Doctour' at the Institute Fourier' THE PERSON NAMED IN Grenoble, France. and the same of an

. Commission General Manager, T decoura mica-tions, Kerala Circle from August, 1976, from reuge-to December, 1976 -

Chnicman and was: ging Director, Bharat Henry Plates & Vessels Ltd., Visakhapat-man from December, 1976 to May,

4. Previous assign. Served ITI as Genements during the ral Manager for a nies Ltd., Bangalore, capacities for a number last three years. number of years in workers. capacities for a number of the part of the

of Low Power Equip-ment Digition in BEL,

hetween 1956-78. He ing the post of General was holding the post of Manager, Rae Bareli Dy, General Manager unit of ITT before joining TCIL as CMD.

1.5

ment Digition in Dist., Bangalore before join, ing HTL as GMD:

mileli. .

10 mm 7 7 1 (b) if so, what steps have been taken by the Ministry, to stop recurrence of such loss; and

San Livery Command Land Comment of Land Comment Comment and a substance

~(c) whether it is a fact that dueto continued loss in Government . Undertakings as mentioned above the Ministry is thinking of modernisation of machineries (and changing the administrative get up?

A THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF Loss to National Mineral Development Corporation وعاضا فالمصار وأعرضها والأراث الساري

La grand Tables and the first base 3464 SHRI DHIRENDRA NATH ·BASU; Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state: AND THE PROPERTY OF

when it suffer them I series : :: (a) whether the National Mineral Development Corporation is still running at a huge loss;

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA) (a) Yes, . >

- (b) The losses sustained by N.D.M.C. 12 1 I ternal Development Issues met in recent years have been mainly due to external factors such as low FOR sales realisation (on residual basis, after meeting charges on account of port handling and transportation) on exports of iron ore, losser off take of iron ore by the Japanese Steel Mills due to global recession in steel production and lower per carat realisation in the sale of diamonds. The steps taken or proposed to be taken to improve the financial working of N.M.D.C are as under
 - (1) For fixation of remunerative FOR mine price proposals have twen formulated and are under consideration
 - (ii) Exploration of new markets for the sale of lump and fine ore produced by NMDC.
 - (m) Setting up of pellet plants for utilisation of iron are fines
 - (iv) Development of a new mine at Barladda 11-C and
 - (v) Investigation of the possibility of increasing diamond production
 - (c) Modernisation of plant and equipmnet is a continous process no action is considered necessary to change the administrative set-up at this stage

Visit by Independent Commission on International Development Issues

- 3465 SHRI HARI SHANKAR MAHALE Will the Minister of EX-TERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to
- (a) whether members of the Inde pendent Commission on International Development Issues recently visited India and met leading economists to development requirements ತ್ರಾಕ್ಷ
 - (b) if so the results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) (a) Yes Sir A Round Table of the Independent Commission on Interna-New Delhi in November, 1978, In addition to members of the Commission, the Commission had invited three eminent Indian economists, Dr K. N Rat. Shr. K B Lal and Dr I. G ... Patel to participate in their deliberafione

(b) The Round Table discussed the question of economic cooperation among developing countries, Government are not aware of the outcome of the deliberations of the meeting of the Round Table It may be recalled that the Commission is an independent body to which Government is not a party

Break in service of Casual Labourers in Andaman and Nicobar Islands

3466 SHRI DINEN RHATTACHAR YA Will the Minister of PARLIMEN-TARY AFAIRS AND LABOUR pleased to state

(a) whether Government are aware that the administration of Andaman & Nicobar Islands is resorting to imposition of service breaks on the casual labourers of the A & N Islands who have put on 45 years service and then re-employing them as fresh entrants in order to deny them absorption into regular cadre, and

(b) if so, what steps have been taken to undo the myustice done to the casual labourers there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PAR-LIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LA RANG SAI) (a) and (b) According to the information made available by the Andamans & Nicobor Adminstration no such case has come to the notice of the Administration However 19 daily rated workmen attached to various farms of the Central Agriculture Research Institute in South Andaman with 2 to 5 years service have been served with notice for retrenchment due to reported lack of funds. The Labour Department of the Administration is looking into the matter.

Export of Iron and Steel and Foreign Exchange Earnings See 1

3468, SHRI RAJENDRA KUMAR SHARMA; Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state the quantity of iron and steel exported during 1977-78 and foreign exchange earned thereby?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN FIEL MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): During 1997-28, 17,99,702 metric tonnes of iron and steel materials valued at Re, 231.02 crores were exported by the flues SAIL International Ltd. directly and as Government, by the Government, and the state of the sail of the s

टेलीकोन उपकरयों का विर्माण

' 3469, श्री ईश्वर चौधरी : क्या स्थार मंत्री यह बताने की लगा करेंग्रे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का विचार देश में टेसीफीन उपकरणों की कमी की पूर्ति के विधे टेसीफीन उपकरणों तथा मन्य पस्तुओं के निर्माण में तेजी लाने का है; और

(स) क्या यह सच है कि गुजरात कम्यु-गिकेतन एक इजेक्ट्रोनिक्स लिमिटेज बड़ौदा ये टेलीकोन उपकरणो का निर्माण प्रारम्भ किया है ?

संचार मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री नरहरि प्रसाद सम्बद्धेय शाम): (क) जी, हा।

(धा) जी,नहीं।

National Health Programme for Eradication of different Diseases

3470. SHRI VASANT SATHE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE be pleased to State;

- (a) whether a National Health Programme for Eradication of different diseases has been launched all over the country; ?!
- (b) if so, furnish the salient features of the program.ac Manchad, outlay provided for the current year and proposed for 1879-80 with state-wise breakup and the actual utilisation of funds alongwith the physical schievements reported under the norranning.
- (c) whether foreign assistance has been availed of proposed under the programme and details thereof; and
- (d) performance of the programme both physical and financial in Maharashtra State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAY): (a) No single National Health Programme Eradication of Different Disease, has been launched, in the country. However, a National Programme for the Eradication of Small Pox and another for the Eradication of Malaria had been launched earlier. Smallpox has now been endicated from the country.

- (b) (i) A modified pian of operations for the National Malaria Predications from National Malaria Predication Programme is being implemented by the Government of India with effect from 1-4-77 with the ultimate objective of eradicating the disease but effectively controlling it for the present. A statement indicating the salient features of the modified plan of operations is laide on the Table of the House. (Placed in Library. See N. IZ-3899/L)
- (ii) A statement indicating the current year's outlay with Statewise break up laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3069/78].
- (iii) Tentative outlay proposed for 1979-80 for the National Malaria Eradication Programme is Rs. 75 crores.

t fin

- (10) On the hasis of reports receivea upto 18 11-78 there were 29.92 547 malaria cases during the current year as against 33 79,298 cases during the corresponding period of 1977, thus showing a decline by 114 per cent
- (c) Foreign Assistance from WHO UNICEF SIDA and US Aid has been offered for this programme
 - (d) In Maharashira the incidence has declined by 50.46 per cent during 1978 (as reported upto 18 11 78) -s compared to the incidence for the corresponding period of 1977

Provident Fund Defaultings

3471 SHRI VASANT SATHE SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM

Will the M.nister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be p eased to state

- u ـ ـ عط ارساد (a) please furnish the names of top 10 provident fund defaulting units in the country as on 31 3 78 and the amount involved and the top 5 de faulting units and the amount involved in Maharashtra State
- (b) what action is being taken against these units so far and the results thereof
- (c) whether defaulting of provident fund by the industrial units has assumed serious proportion and statewise details of the amount myolved as on 31 3 78 and
- (d) action taken and the result thereof

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR RAM KRIPAL SINHA) (a) The in formation is given in the Statement at Annexure-L [Placed in Library See No LT-3070/78]

- (b) The information is given in the Statement at Annexure-II (Pinced in Library See No. LT-3070/781
- (c) The Region-wise position οŧ the amount in default is given m Annexure-III. (Placed in Labrary Sec. No. LT-3070/781 The position arrears needs to and continues to be watched
- (d) The information is given in Annexure-IV Placed in Library See No LT-3070/781

Temporary Employees in Labour ('Ministry)

- 1 (C IV / IF 3472 SHRI VASANT, SATHE WILL the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state
- (a) whether it is a fact that large number of employees-technical and non technical in Class-III Class II and Class I services in the Labour Ministry and its subordinate offices continue to work on temporary basis and have not been confirmed even after putting 5-10 years service,
- (b) if so furnish organisation wise and class wise break up of the total employees as on 31st March 1978 and the number of persons who have been confirmed/made permanent and their percentage to total employees,
- (c) the number of employees category wise/organisation wise who have put in more than 5 years of service but not confirmed as yet and the steps taken during the last 18 months for confirmation of the employees and the results thereof, and
- (d) steps proposed to be taken for confirmation of all eligible employees?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS, AND, LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) (a) to (d) The requisite information in respect of Ministry of Labour (Secretaruat) is given in the enclosed statement This includes the information

in respect of officers belonging to Central Secretariat Service Central Secretariat Stenographers' Service and Central Secretariat Clerical Service in

the Attached Offices. Complete information in respect of the various offices is being collected, and will be laid on the Table of Sabha when collected.

Statement Statisment along the required information in respect of Ministry of Labour (Secretariat) and us participaling offices*

Organisation .	Class Grade	Citis-wi total er 31-3-78 of perso confirm nent an	mplayees and the as who h cd/made	up of the as on number ave been perma- ercentage	Number category-tion-wise in more it service in firmed as steps take last 18 me firmation playees	to be taken for confirma- tion of all eligible	
,	5	Total No. of emplo- ess	ces mad	Percen- tage of le total emplo- yees	No. of officers who have put in more than 5 years service but no confirmed		
1	5	3	4	5	6	7	8
f. Vinistry of Librar (Sect.) and its four prencipating office.*	1	33	53	10000	Nel	Docs not arise.	Does nor
princip range on reas	В	. 5 [†] 8	929	90%	12	Confir- mation against available four posts is under process.	Action is under pro- cos against the avail-, able posts.
•	C	315	203	61.4%	\$ 7	Confirma- tion against 20 available posts is un- der process.	Action for confirma- tion has been initiated.
 Director, Labour and Employment Adviser, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors. 	}\	25	20	80%	5	as Investig The remain	oing taken to pecsous in- ainst Group A pater Grade I, ning 2 will be for confit-

[&]quot;Information in respect of Officers belonging to CSS, CSSS and GSCS only in attached Offices.

	2	1	1	5	6	7	8
Investigators (Gr I) .	В	10	6	60%	4	come cliqu	en they be
Investiga ors (Gr 11).	C	22	20	90°,	=)	preent there is available permit post to consider persons included faroup 'B' and C'C'. Fley will be indered for confirm in due course at when more permit posts became axan	
III Labour OMeces .	Λ	203	114	1 5r8%	38	confirmati (made La DPC had selection confirmati ordinary orders (too will	ast 18 meet met twicef ion of selection of selection of Officers in the selection in the selection of confirm the issued af administration of the selection of

ईस्ट ऐसे पेपर इबस्ट्रो द्वारा प्रविध्य निधि को रासि जना करना

3473. थी हुस्म बन्द क्षत्रथाय क्या सस्त्रीय कार्य तथा व्यन मता दिनाक 9 घगस्त, 1978 के घताराजिन प्रान सक्या 3510 के उत्तर के मानस्थ में यह बताने नी कृषा करणे कि

(क) बन दो बचों में ईस्ट ऐसे पेपर इहारी निक, नेनानी सुमाप शह, बलहत्ता, बारावेरिया हारा प्रतिष्य निधि और कमचारी राज्य बीना बादना के रिए हिनना सनराजि जमा की गई ,

(क) न्या यह नव है कि इत वर्ष ने व का तीन क्यों में यन नरसाय कानूतों ना उत्तरन दियाहै धोर क्यों से यन नरसाय में बिनानी विचारते कियों है क्या किया नर्स हारत कानूने सेनोनार, दोन क्यों रा के नित्त ने क्यारीया में उठती हो यह वचा त्यादी और क्यासी नर्सवाध्यां ने बच्चा कितनी है और टेक पर बचा टीविड मनूनो एर नित्तनी है और ने नरसार्थ प्राप्त कर रहे हैं, प्रोप्त

(म) क्या यह यब है कि नहीं कच्या में असिका को नियमिन रम हे मजूरी नहीं दी चा रही है और भींद हो, नो क्या नरकार इस सम्बन्ध में कोई स्थान होती ? भन तथा ससरीय बाय मजानय में राज्य सबी (बार राम इवाल सिंह) (क) प्रका में उस्तिर्धात प्रतिच्यात के नाम में सम्बद्ध कुछ सन्तर है स्वित की बाब कराई वा रहा है।

formalities are com-

(छ) घोर (य) यह मामना राज्य के ध्रान्धिकार में घाता है भोर मेंजिय सरकार के पास काई मुक्ता नहीं है 7

ओति पेपर बोर्ड मिस्स आहबेट सिमिटेड हारा े मियन्ब निधि जमा करता

3474 भी हुक्त बन्द क्छवाय: क्या सस्वीय काय तथा भन्ने मंत्री 9 प्रयक्त, 1978 के मतिप्रिक्त किन प्रमन सन्ता 3510 के उत्तर के सम्बंध में यह कनाने की क्या करते कि

(६) प्रीति पेतर बोड मिल्ल प्राइवेट सिमिटेड, 11-वहा मित्र कल्ला, मेन घोड, रत्तवस्ता, झाये-रत्ती हाए गन 2 क्यों के दौरान भविष्म निर्धि तया हमेंबारी राज्य बीमा योजना की दिलनी धन राहि जना नरवाई गई.

(ख) क्या उन्हासित यत तीन वर्षा से थिभिक कत्याय कानुकों का उल्लंघन कर रही हैं और परि हा तो मरकार को इस प्रकार को कितनी क्रिकायतें प्राप्त वर्ड है और शेणी 2. शेणी 3 और 4 के जितने कर्मचारियों की विना कारण बताये नौकरी से छंटनी की गई : और

(ग) सनमें काम करने वाले मजदरी और दैनिक मजदूरी पर भाग करने वाले मजदूरों की सख्या कितनी है और नया काफी संख्या में मजदूरी की नियमों कें ग्रन्सार वेतन नहीं मिल रहें हैं और क्या सरकार को इस आरें में कोई कार्यवादी करने का विचार

श्रम तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (डा॰ राम कृपाल सिंह) : (क) प्रीति पेपर बोर्ड मिल्स प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, कलकत्ता द्वारा गत दो वर्षों के दौरान कर्मचारी अविष्य निधि में जमा कराई गई धन-राणि सत्त्वन विवरण में दिखाई गई 亲!

वर्मवारी राज्य बोमा निगम ने सचित किया हे कि कारधानें को कर्मशारी राज्य बीमा प्रधिनियम. 1948 की परिधि में लाने का प्रश्न विचाराधीन है और यह कि गत दो वर्षों के दौरान नियोजक ने यसदान की कोई भी धनराशि जमा नहीं कराई

(ख) और (ग): यह मामला राज्य के क्षेत्रा-विकार में याता है भीर केन्द्रीय सरकार के पास कोई सबना नहीं है ।

विवरण

सर्वधि	जमा कराणा मया भविष्य निधि समदान
11/76	€0 2,116.00
12/76	₹° 731.00
1/77	₹0 1,491.15
2/77	₹0 5,023.60
3/77	₹0 2,\$40.00
4/77 से 10/78	भुगतान नहीं किया गया।
	₹0 12,201.75

1/78 तक समिष्य निधि वकाया धन-चानि के सम्बन्ध में राजस्य बसुली कार्रवाईमां प्रारंभ की गई हैं। 1/78 वस के दोषी मामलों के बारे में सभियोजन मामलें भी बलाए गए हैं। 2/78 से 10/78 तक की अवधि के लिए अधिनियम की धारा एक के सम्मिन वेथ राशियों का निर्मारण किया जा उटा है।

Facilities to Lady Employees in R.M.S. Pane

3475, SHRY R. K. MHALGI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state.

- (a) the total number of lady employees in Pune (Maharashtra) R.M.S.;
- (b) whether it is a fact the basic requirements for lady recruits such as (i) separate sanitary blocks (ii) separate ladies room and (iii) provision of local office duties are not made available to Pune lady employees R.M.S. and
- (c) if so, what steps Government propose to take in near future?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS ISHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI). (a) Nine.

- (b) Separate sanitary block for ladies is available. Facility of local office duties also is available.
- (c) Separate ladies room and other facilities will be provided shortly after the congestion in the R.M.S. office is removed by opening an office elsewhere.

Opening of Telegraph Branch in Satava P.O.

3476. SHRI R. K. MHALGI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have received a representation dated 16-8-78 from Janata Party of Satava (Maharashtra) in regard to opening of Telegraph Branch in Satava city Post Office; and
- (b) if so, what action have Government taken or propose to take in near future?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI); (a) and (b). A representation has been received from Dr Hari Bhao Kulkarni of Janata Paksh (Party) on 26th August 1976 to open Telegraph Branch at Satara City PO This has since been opened on 1 9.78 and the party has been inform ed on 25 9 78

Transfer of Telephone Exchange Mechinery from Kalvan to Sangli

3477 SHRIR K. MHALGI Wall the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state (a) whether it is a fact that Kaljan

(D strict Thana Maharashtra) Automatic Telephone Exchange Machinery been transferred to Sangle un Maharashtra and

(b) if so when and the therent?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PPASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) Yes Sir

(b) In 1975 76 3000 lines MAX I equipment had been allotted for replacement of manual exchange and to meet the growth of demands at Kalyan

Subsequently a review indicated that adequate equipment was available to meet all the demands in Kalyan and other stations It was decided to commission 2100 lines at Kalyan sufficient to meet the demands 4

upto the date of commissioning and to divert the remaining equipment to places like Sangli, Jalgaon Ahmeda bad and Nasik where large demands were pending and equipment needed urgently 2100 lines commissioned at Kalyan in Harch. 1978 when the total demand there was 2003 To meet further demands Kalyan expansion by 600 lines been planned in 1979 80

Rise in Labour Disputes

SHRI A ASOKARAJ WI the Munister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

(a) whether it is fact that there is a sharp rise in labour disputes after 1976, and

(b) if so the percentage of increase in the post 1976 period.

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) and (b) A statement giving the available provisional figures regarding number of disputes for the years 1976, 1977 and 1978 (January to August) as also the percentage increase in the number of disputes in 1977 over 1976 is attached. The percentage increase for 1978 has not been worked out as the information is available only for eight months

Statement

Statem at g a ng the number of industrial disputes during 19 6 1977 and 19 8 (Janua y to August at well as the percentage vecrease oper 1976

Year	i	No of disputes	Percentage increase over 1976				
1976				-			
1977(P)		I 459					
1978 (P) (Jan to Aug.)		3 117	+1136 "	U			
() Oak to Aug)		r 676					

⁽P) = Province al and based on the returns received a Labour Bureau till 13th November, 19 8 for 19 8 and till and November, 1938 for 1977

Distribution of Telegrams after 12,00 at Night

3479 SHRI DAYA RAM SHAKYA: , Willy the Minister of COMMUNICA-

- '(a) whether it is a fact that the telegrams which 'are received in the night after 1200 clock in the Central Telegraph Office all are not distributed the same night;
 - (b) if so, the reasons in detail; and
- (c) will the Government arrange the distribution of telegrams round the

eloek.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) Yes, Sir.

- In Central Telegraph Offices telegrams other than those listed below are not delivered during the period, 22,00 to 06.00 hours.
 - (i) Express Telegrmas received with "NIGHT" delivery instructions.
 - (ii) Private personal telegrams relating to arrivals and departures at railway stations or airports or those containing intimation of sickness and accidents including calls for attendance of relations.
 - (iii) Telegrams of class higher than Express.

(iv) Press Telegrams.

- (b) Messengers for delivery of telegrams are sanctioned based on number of telegrams. Deployment of staff during slack traffic period in the night for delivering ordinary telegrams deplets the strength of officials for delivery during the peak period in the day.
- (c) No change in the pattern of delivery of ordinary telegrams is envisaged at present.

नरतपुर में सार्वजनिक टेनोफोन केन्द्र

- 3480 श्री मीठा लाल पटेल : स्या सचीर मंत्री वह बखाने श्री क्रमा करेंगे कि
- (क) भरतपुर हिनियन (गयन्धान) के सिए मंत्रर किये गए गए सार्वयनिक हेनीछोन केन्द्र की सब्बा कितनी है, जिन पर. काम धारम्म नहीं हुआ है बीर प्रत्येक सार्वयानक हेतीछोन केन्द्र। के नारे , में व्योरानवा है; धार
- (ख) इन मार्बबिनिक देलीकोन केन्द्री पर काम क्य तक बारम्ब किये जाने की मम्भावना है यदि नहीं है तो उसके क्या कारण है ?

संचार मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री नरहिर प्रसाद मुखेदेन साय): (क) ग्रीर (च) यह सूचना -एनच की वा रही है श्रीर उसे यथामनय नशपटस. पर रख दिया वाएगा।

सरतपुर में एस० ए० एवस० एवसचेंज को सो० बी० एन० एन० एवसचेंज में बदतमा

. 3481. थी मीठा लाल पटेल: वया संचार मधी यह बदाने की क्रमा करेंगे कि:

- · (क) स्वचातित एस-ए०एसन एस्सचेंज प्राफ करोडी (अरतपुर, राजस्थान) के प्रधीन फुल कितने टेलीफोन कार्य कर रहे हैं ।
- (ख) यहा यह सच है कि उपरोक्त एस्सर्वेद को बीव्योवएनव्हमक एक्सर्वेद में अदलने की योजना काफी प्रसें से सरकार के दिवासधीन हैं;
- (ग) यदि हा, तो इस एक्सचेज की सी०वी० एन० एम० एक्सचेज में कब तक बदसा जियेग ;
- े (घ) यदि नहीं तो इतके क्या कारण है ? ⁷

संचार मंत्रासय में राज्य मंत्री (औ नरहरि प्रसाद सुख्येश साथ)। (क) 51 1

- (ख) जी नहीं ।
- . (ग) प्रस्तृही नही उठता !..
- (च) 100 सहनो की धमता बाँमा बर्धमान एक्सचेंज बहा की मीजूदा मागो को पूरा फुर्ते के लिए पर्योग्त हैं।

Tack Outs

3432 SHRI JANARDHANA PO-

SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM

Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state the number of lockout and mandays lost from January to November 1978, statewise*

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFARS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): A statement giving the available provisional, statewise number of lock-outs and mandays lost due to these, during the period January to August, 1978, is attached

Statement

Statement showing the statemese number of look outs and enacless loss due to theer, for the period January to August, 1978 (P)

State/Union Territory					N ol	umber lock- outs	Number of mandays lost
	ı	-				2	3
Andhra Pradesh			`.	•		3	284,696
Bahar						16	311,062
Gujarat						7	54.441
laryana						1	160-
arnataka						5	43,826
Kerala .						1	240-
Jadhya Pradesh						3	36,330
lahrashtra						16	709,632
Բանյա ն է						3	N A
Rajasthan	٠,					8	21,149
Tamil Nadu						37	257,111
Uttar Pradesh •		٠	•	٠		15	1,188,247
West Bengal	٠.					124	4 542,177
Delh						5	31,414
P 3							
(jar		Tora	L			242	7,270,785

(c) and such based on the returns information received in the Labour Bureau upto rember, 1978 Complete information has not been received from the remaind. States.

M. A. Not would be.

Claims of Trade Unions

3483. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AF-FAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there exists any machinery at the Central or State levels to verify the correctness of the claims made by the various trade unions, associations and bodies about the membership enrolled by them for the purpose of seeking recognition:
 - (b) if so, what; and
- (c) how far it has proved effective in checking any wrong claims made and what action is taken in such cases?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) and (b). In some States there are Labour Laws which provide for procedures to declare Trade Unions with certain prescribed membership as approved Unions. Procedures are not, however, uniform

There is no Central Law for statutory recognition of Trade Unions but general verification of claimed membership of central trade union organisations; is done from time to time through the agency of the Central Industrial Relations Machinery. The verification so done is for the purpose of giving representation to labour on international and national tripartite bodies and conferences.

(c) The verification is undertaken on the basis of paid membership of unions with reference, to membership registers, subscription counterfoils etc. supported by sample spot verification. In cases of wrong claims, the claimed membership of the union concerned is reduced to the extent to which the claim is found to the wrong in accordance with the verification procedure.

Lahone Horest

- 3484. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AF-FAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:
- (a) whether there has been a mark. ed rise in labour unrest throughout the country during the current year as compared to last 3 years or so:
- (b) if so, whether Government have gone into the reasons for this rising trend and its impact on the overall industrial production in the country;
- (c) if so, the broad conclusions reached at in the matter;
- (d) whether any estimate has been made about the extent in the fall in the production of some of the key-industries;
 - (e) if so the outcome thereof; and
- (f) what measures Government propose to take to check this rising trend in labour unrest?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMENT. ARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI; RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) to (e). A statement giving the available information resparing the number of mandays lost and value or production lost except in key-industries which are not available) due to strikes and lockouts claimed the last four years is attached. Since there was no marked increase in labour unrest during 1978 the question of going into the reasons for the increasing tend did not arise,

(f) A comprehensive industrial Relations Bill has stready been introduced in the Lok Sabha, which when enacted, will go a long way in improving the industrial relations situation in the country.

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7

Statement

Statement shows of the number of mandays lost and value of production lost due to strikes and lockouts for the years 1979 to 1978

) ear	Numbe of mandays lost due to strikes and lockouts (in millions)	Value of Production lost (in core tupors)
19,5	21 50	177 86
1976	12 75	¢2 31
1977 (P)	^o 3²	284 48
19,4 (January to Augu t] (P)	, 13 97	NA

N. A. - Not available

Written Answers

(P) =The figures for 1 "7 and 1978 are provisional and based on returns received in Labour Bureau till 2 11 78 for 1977 and t ll 15 11 78 for 19.8

11

धौषधि की धायवेंदिक पटांत

3485 थी वृत्रसन थो तालजी माई

रया स्वास्म्य घौर परिवार कत्यान मद्रो यह बताने की बुपा फरन कि

- (र) स्वा प्रौपधि को धायुश्चीरक पद्धति भारत को अपन्ना विद्या में मधिक नाक प्रिय हो रही है .
- (ख) रता घोषीत को मास्वदिक पद्धति का भवित लोकप्रिय बनात के लिए वितय प्रयास किये आयम , भीर
 - (ग) यदि हा तो सब एक रै

स्वास्त्य भीर परिवार र बाल भवालय वे राज्य शतो (शी जगरम्बी प्रताद यादव) (क) ग्रापुर्वेदिक विक्तिमा ग्रहति भारत में काका लोकप्रिय है। बतनाया जाना है कि हान हीं के मर्यों मं विदेश में भी पह पदित पोनिमय होती वा रही है।

(व) घोर (ग) पिनित्र मारतीय चितिताः पर्वतिकों कौर होम्यापंची का वेजी स विकास करन क लिए कन्यीय सरकार बननवद है और इसी सन्दर्भ में पाप्रवेदिय विकित्सा पद्धित से विकास के निए बड़ी मोता संधवस्ति का पावटन निया का स्ता \$1.1

वनना द्वारा पुलिब इसीकोन का जपयोग किया जाना

. ३६**ड६ थो युवराध क्या स**चार सत्रों यह बाव का हुआ करेंगे कि

(क) क्यायब में म×ा पुतिस भाताम लगे टलोकोन का बनना उत्थान कर सकती

- (थ) नगजनकानी नुविधा के निष् पुलिस यात्रा म बस्टिक प्रधिकारिको क टलोकोन नम्बर निषकर लाग, वायग ,धीर
- (ग) यदिहा दो क्य तक भीर मदिनही ना इसक रश कारत है?

न चार मदानय में राज्य मती (भी नरहरि: प्रसार मुश्रद्व साथ) (क) प्रतिस पाना म लगे इत्तोकोन पुरिस विसाम केहान है सौरव पुनिस मार्ने क उपयोग क निए हात है न कि माम जनता क उपयोग के लिए । साम जनता के उपयाग क विष् मुविजाबनक स्थानी पर मानवनिक दलीगान परा सी व्यवस्ता की गई है।

(व) भीर (ग) उपयक्त को ध्वान में रखतें हुए, पुनित यानी म वरिष्ठ प्रविकारिया क नामी के टनीपोन नम्बरों को प्रदक्तित करने का प्रका ही नहा उठता । तथापि वर्भा सादवनिक टेलीपान घरा में बहा नी गई टैनीफोत हायरस्पी में इनके नम्बर उपाध्य रहते हूं ।

PCOs in villages

- 3487 SHRI AHMED M PATEL Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state
- (a) the policy of Government to open the PCOs in villages,
- (b) the number of applications pending for opening PCOs. in villages in

the District of Bharoch in Gujarat State for providing new connections, Taluka-wise; and

(c) the reasons for delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE. IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-(SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) P.C.Os are opened if found financially-viable that is the anticipated revenue covers the annual recurring cost. However, in certain categories of rural backward hilly and tribal areas P.C.Os, are opened on a loss basis also. The policy of Government in this regard is indicated in the attached statement

(b) and (c). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

Statement ...

POLICY FOR PROVISION OF PCOS ON LOSS Categories of Stations

- (1) District Headquarters.
- (2) Sub Divisional Headquarters
 - (3) Tehsil Hendquarters.
 - (4) Sub Tehsil Headquarters. (5) Block Headquarters
 - (6) Places with a population of 5000 or more in Stdinary areas (2,300 or more in backward or hilly areas)

Conditions for provision of Public Call Offices.

- Will be provided progressively irrespective of loss and without any conditions of minimum revenue
- (7) Places with Police Stations under the charge of an Officer of the rank of a Sub Inspector of Police or above.

Cardition for provision of Public Call Offices.

The anticipated revenue should be at least 25% of ARE (Annual Recurring Expenditure) in ordinary arecas and 15% of ARE in backward areas, and too of in ARE hilly areas. .(8) Out of the way places,

Conditions for provision of Public Call Offices.

- (a) Should be beyond 40 Kms. (tadial distance) from an existing
- exchange. , (b) , The anticipated revenue should be at least 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE
- in hilly areas, (a) Tourist/pilgrimage centres/agricultural/irrigation/power project

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices. .

- (a) The anticipated revenue should be at less 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE in hilly areas.
- (10) All other stations.

sites/townships

Candition for propision of Public Call Offices.

On the basis of financial viability or on rent and guarantee in case of loss.

NOTE- 1. For o miskleting the population figures, the population of the town or village alone should be taken into account and not that of a group of villages or towns except in till al areas where a group of villages within a radius of 10 Kms. from a Central village can be zonsidered.

DECEMBER 15, 1978 Written Answers 180

Staff standard prescribed for CGHS Dispensaries

170 Written Answers

3483 SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE be pleased to state

- (a) what is the minimum staff standard prescribed for the CGHS dispensaries in States and Delhi in various cadres.
- (b) whether all the above CGHS dispensaries have adequate staff in accordance with the prescribed posts; and
- (c) if not, how Government propose to make available incumbents against the sanctioned posts and the details of vacant posts in the States and UT of Deihi!

Medwal Officer
 Dupowers with beneficiaries

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG-DAMBI PRASAD YADAY). (a) Astenent showing the staffung norms for GGHS allopathuc gispensares as recommended recently by the Staff Inspection Unit of the Ministry of Finance is laid on the table of the Sabh

- (b) No, Sir.
- (c) The question of determining the number of posts actually required on the basis of the staffing norms men tioned in reply to part (a) of the question is under consideration. Action for creation and filling up of the additional posts will be taken thereafter

Statement

Staffing Xirms for CGHS Allopethic Dispersions, Delha

	(a) upto	6,000				4			2 :	MOL
	(b) From	7,000	to 9,0	00			•	•	3	1
	(c) From	10,000	to 12,	2000					4	,,
	(d) From	13,000	to 15,	200					5	19
	(e) From	16,000	to 18,	000					G	
	(f) From	19,000	to 21,	000					7	,,
	(g) From	22,000	10 24	,000			,		8	
	th) From	1 25,000	10 27	,000					٥	
	(i) From									,,
2	Pharmac									
3	Dubenah i	uth box	eficiarie	5						
	(a) Upti	12,00	0						2	Pharmacist
	(b) Fro-	n 13,00	o to i7	,000						

(e) From 28,000 to 32,000
3 Different
Busyanan of heinsteines

(d) From 23,000 to 27,000

81	Written Answers	AGRAH	AYA	INA	24, 1	1990	(SAKA) W	ritt	en Ans	wers	182
	(a) Upto 13,000							,		t Dresse	r	
	(b) From 14,000 to	25,000								2 Dresse	18	
	(c) From 26,000 &	over								3 Dresse		
4-	CLERKS						•	•	•	3 Diese		
	Dispensary with benef	iciaries										
	(a) Unto 25,000									2 Clerks		
	(b) 26,000 and ove	r					•	•		Clerks		
			Ċ		•		•	•	•	3 CICINS		
5.	STAFF NURSE									t fur eac	lı disp	ensary-
6.	MEDICAL STORE	KEEPE	R.							t for eac	h dispe	nsary
7.	FEMILE ATTEN	DANT										
i	Dispensary with benefic	inries										
	(a) Upto 17,000								. 1	Female	Attend	ant
	(b) 18,000 and ove	r							. 2	Female	Attend	ants
8.	PEON											
	Dispensary with ben	eficiaries										
	(2) Upto 15,000								. ,	r Peon		
	(å) 14,000 and o	rer	•	•					,•	2 Peons		
9.	NURSING ORDER	L1°								ı for ca		
10-	. SWEEPER									dispen	sary	
	Dishonsary with benefi	ciarics										
-	(a) Upto 13,000								. ;	Swee	per	
(b) 14,000 and ave	r							. 2	Sweep	ers	
	11. CHOWKIDAR								. ,	i for c		
	*									displa		
n.	b, 1. For "Func justified:	tioning"	disp	ensar	ies, ti	ic fol	lowing	addi	tiona	l strengt	h will	be-
((i) Medical Officer		٠	•	•	•	2 -		1	for and on	night :	
							4 4				duty	du-
	at . *** P								1	for assi		the
•	(ii) Class IV Emp	toyec .	•		•		:			Medical emergen during t	Office	r on luty
	. The staff strength	- 60c	ch of	the	exier	ing T	Regional	C!		-		
-	he as under 5		J. 01									-
	(i) Lab. Techn (ii) Lab. Atten		:	:	:	:	1					•
	(iii) Sweeper	•					i					

134

Clerks in CGHS dispensary

3489 SHRT WAHI LAL Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to tale

- (a) number of clerks considered necessary to work in a CGHS Distient sary for registration of the presump tions and other routine works
- (b) whether it is a fact that there is no clerk in the CGHS Homoeopa thic Dispensary at R. K. Puram for vears together
- (c) whether it is also a fact that Medical Officer Incharge of the dispensary in addition to his duties has to discharge the duties of a clerk also and
- (d) if so the reasons for not pro viding a clerk in that dispensary and "hen the same will be provided there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAG DAMBI PRASAD YADAV) (2) The sanct oned strength of Lower Division Clerks is two in a C.G.H.S allopathic dispensary and one each in Ayurvedic and Homoeopathic dispensaries

- (b) and (c) No. Sir
- (d) Does not arise,

Fixation of seniority with the date of confirmation in Telecommunication de partment of P & T

3490 SHRI BHAGAT RAM Wall the 'inister' of COMMUNICATIONS

be pleased to state (a) whether emiority accompanies with the date of confirmation in case of direct recruits

(b) if so please indicate, whether sensoraty of confirmed (permanent) Jurdor Engineers Telecom is fixed in ordering their confirmation, if not

(e) a copy of up to date all India seniority list of permanent JEs indi cating their date of confirmation and castes (1e Scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes) may please be supplied?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAD (a) Yes

- (b) Yes
- (c) Since Junior Engineers is a Cir cle cadre no All India Senionty List is maintained

कड़ीय गरकार स्थानक योजना के श्रीप्रधालयों में द्राश्टर्शे द्वारा स्वारको नियम से प्रदेशक

३४९१ थो दवाराम शास्य स्वा स्वासम्ब श्रीर परिवार बस्याय मत्रा यह बताने का जपा हरी

- (क) क्या विस्ता में कदाव सरकार म्बन्ध्य थोबना क भौपधानवा में दारत्या क्षामार नमचारिया को क्वन साधारण प्रीयशिया दी जाती है जिसम उन्ह न्याय हाते म प्रधिष समय-भागा है द्या बच्छी श्रीपायश अशी व्यक्तिया री दी बाओ इ विन्ह द्वास्टर जातन हैं ने और अ
- (स) क्या इन प्रीवधानयो क हारूरी द्वारा शिवे . बान बान इस अद्देशाद को शावन के लिए सरनार नमशास्त्रों का समिति बनाएगी 1 1

स्थास्य घीर प्रशास करमाण स्वासम में राज्य मही (थी जगदम्बी प्रसाद गांदव) (4) जी लहा । लाभाषिय। को दबाच्या विश्वत हुए चिकिता प्रधिकारी लिति ताच विकास मोर रोग की त्यारता क मनुभार नाम करते हैं। बन्दीप सरकार स्वास्प्य योजना व मन्तात, सामाधियो को शे जाने वानी दवाह्या नी नवालिटी में मोई बन्तर वहा हाता है।

(ख) बहुप्राचनहाउद्या।

Working group on iron & steel

3192. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN

KADANNAPPALLI SHRI R. V SWAMINA

THAN SHRIA R BADRI NARA YAN

Will the Minister of STELL AND MINES be pleased to state

(a) whether Planning Commission has set up a working group on Iron and Stool and they have professed that country's demand for finished, steel will be doubled in 10 years; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUMDA): (2) Yes Sir.

(b) The re-constituted Working Group on Iron and Steel set up in May, 1978 for formulation of policies and programmes for the period 1978-63, has in its Draft Plan, projected a demand of 15.4 million tonnes of saleable steel in 1987-83 which is more than double the level of consumption in 1977-78 which was of the order of 7.2 million tonnes.

Recognition to third P & T Federation

3493, SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN:

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI: SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: SHRI N. SREEKANTAN PATIL: SHRI VIJAYA KUMAR N.

PATIL: SHRI BHAUSAHEB

THORAT: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have decided to give recognition to a third federation in Posts & Telegraphs:
- (b) if, so, whether the P&T employees held a one day dharna at Sanchar Bhawan to protest against the recognitions; and
- (c) it so, the details thereof and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA-TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) Yes Sir, Recog, nition has been granted to the Bharatiya P&T Employees Federation and its 10 affiliated Unions on 13-11-1978.

- (b) Yes Sir. Some members belonging to National Federation of P&T Employees staged a Dharna.
- (c) According to Government's information, the protest Dharna was held by a small group of employees belonging to National Federation of P&T Employees, The dharna demonstration included slogan shouting The Government se fully within its right to recognise Unions.

Disparity in wages

3494. SHRT KACHARULAL HEM-RAJ JAIN: Will the Minister PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to refer to reply given to Unstarred Question No. 3187 on the 16th March, 1978 and state:

- (a) the difference of work in. labour when the Minister has accepted that the wages in Manganese Ora India Limited are less than wages iron ore and limestones captive mines of steel and cement industry; and
- (b) whether it is proposed to ensure equal wages for equal work and if so, when the wages of workers in Manganese Ore India Limited are likely to be increased?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA); (a) No study has been conducted in this regard.

(b) The matter would be examined by Government as a part of the general exercise to evolve an integrated policy on wages, incomes and prices.

No of Manganese Ore Mimes in Ralaghat

3495 SHRI KACHARULAL HEM-RAJ JAIN Wall the Minister STEEL AND MINES be pleased state

- (a) the total number of manganese ore mines in Balaghat District of Madhya Pradesh of the Manganese Ore India Limited.
- (b) the number of mines which are functioning and the number which are closed.
- (c) the reasons for closing the mines, and
- (d) whether Government propose to release the closed mines to private parties so that employment could be provided to the workers and Govern ment could earn royalty?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA). The required information is given below.

(a) Five mines

- (b) Three mines are functioning, and two mines are closed
- (c) Out of the two closed mines, one mine was previously worked and closed by a private lessee, it has seen acquired by the Manganese Ore (India) Limited only recently and is about to be opened shortly The hed of the other mine has been mostly worked out and the residual ore in the bed and dumps is essentially of Blast Furnace Grade and also high in phosphorus It has been temporarily closed for want of Bhilai Sicel Plants requirement, and

Malankhand Copper Project

3496 SHRI KACHARULAL HEMοŧ RAJ JAIN Will the Minister STEEL AND MINES be pleased refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 2233 on the 9th March, 1978 regarding Malanikhand Copper Project and state

- (a) the number of local people recmuted in the Project during the last three years per year.
- (b) the posts on which the local reople have been recruited, and
- (c) what efforts are being made to recruit more local people in the Pro ect to ease the unemployment problem?

IN THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA) (a) Yearwise recruitment of local people in Malanjkhand Copper Project during 1976-77 to 1978-79 (upto Novem her 1978) was as below

- (b) The employees belonging Madhya Pradesh were recruited for various posts like Mechanics, Operators, Electricians, Carpenters, Drivers, Clerks, Helpers, Mazdoors, etc.
- (c) All posts (other than Class-I for which recruitments are made on all India basis by the Head Office Hindustan Copper Ltd) are notified to the local employment exchange The local employment exchange in turn has a system of notifying such vacancies to all the employment exchanges in the State Only in cases where the local employment exchange is unable sponsor candidates are the posts 1 notified in newspapers In addition to getting candidates from employment exchange, one member from each of the displaced families whose land has been acquired for the project, is being ! given employment at the project So far 41 such displaced persons have been provided employment by the project

⁽⁶⁾ Does not arise

189 Written Auswers AGRAHAYANA 24, 1900 (SAKA) Written Auswers 190 STD among Taluk Headquarters in Population Growth Kersla

- 3497. SHRI GEORGE MATHEW: Will the Minister of COMMUNICA-TIONS be pleased to state:
- (a) considering the density of the telephone system in Kerala, whether Government will consider establishing STD links with all the taluk headquarters in Kerala;
- (b) what are the pending proposals with the Central Government regarding new STD facilities to taluk headquarters in Kerala; and
- (c) in how many taluk headquarters, work has been sanctioned for STD facilities and in how many of them work has started?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH-DEO SAI): (a) STD links are being established as per following priorities:—
 - Connection of State capitals to Delhi;
 - (ii) Connection of District Headquarters to the respective State Capitals;
 - (iii) Connection of all Distl. Headquarters within 300 Kms, of Delhi and 200 Kms, of Bombay, Calcutta and Madras to their respective metropolitan centres.
 - (iv) Other routes justified by traffic i.e. 100 calls each way per day.
- STD from Taluk Headquarters is being considered under category (nv),
 - (b) None.
 - (c) None.

3498. SHRI GEORGE MATHEW: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) what is the present population growth rate in India today;
- (b) what is the State-wise population in India as of today and the growth rate in each State; and
- (c) is government taking any steps to curb the population growth and what is the target proposed by Government and whether they expect to schleve it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF HEALTH AND FAMILLY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAY): (a) The present population growth rate for 1978-79 of the country as worked out on the bass of population projections made by the Expert Committee on Population Projections constituted by the Planning Commission is estimated to be 1,98 per cent.

- (b) Statement giving the required information is enclosed.
- (c) In order to revitable the programme and also to achieve the levels of performance set for various family planning methods, the Government of India have taken various staps. One of the important measures relates to the issuing of instructions to the State Governments/Union Territories and other implementing agencies to assign targets to the Medical Officers and other field workers entrusted with the implementation of the Programme. The Prime Minister has made an appeal to the State Governments/Union Territories and also to the Ministries/Departments of the Government of India and Voluntary organisation to accept this programme as a national programme requiring vigorous efforts from all sections of society to check popula-

tion growth. The States/Union Terri tories have also been asked to gear up the programme by utilising all media at their disposal. More orientation training camps for village opinion leaders are also being arranged throughout the country Another step taken to boost up the programme is the organisation of periodical Family Welfare Fortnights throughout the country It is proposed to celebrate January 1979 as a Family Welfare Month in the country Besides the States/Union Territories have been asked to consider holding of small sterilisation camps during the Family Welfare Fortnigats for which additional amount of Rs. 5 per ease of sternissation has been sanctioned The Programme was recently reviewed by the Joint Conference of Central Council of Health and Central Family Welfare for more effective implementation. The National Awards have been reintroduced in 1978-79 with a view to giving incentives to the States/Union Territories and other implementing agencies for good performance in respect of various services under family planning and maternal and child health The emphasis is on group incentives. The performance under the programme is also being intensely and carefully monitered regularly every month and the States with poor performance identified

Statement

	State										Population (00's) (1-3-1978)	Growth rate 1978-79
										, ,	(1-3-1010)	1010-10
1 /	Andhra Pradesh										199,193	t 61
	Assun*	_			:	•	•				183,387	3.07
2 1	Bihar	-			•				-		645.ES2	1 89
4 1	Gurarat						•	•	-	-	310 691	2 14
5)	Harjana	-									116,833	2 27
6	Karpataka				•						136,598	1 93
	kerala .				_		•			•	246 402	\$ 79
8	Madhya Prades	h	•	•	•			•			193,060	2 13
	Maharashtra					•	-			-	577,511	1 79
o.	Orresz	-			•		•	•	•		2,3,014	2 0
1	Punjab				•	•		•		•	152,450	1.75
2	Rajasthan			•			•	•	•		210,548	2 5
3	Tamil Nadu				-			•	:		455 113	1 3
14	Uttar Pradesh				-	•	•		•	•	1,002,102	18
15	West Bengal		-	-	-	•					523,056	2 1
16	Humachal Pra-	desh.		•	•	•	_	•	•	٠.	39,934	1.0
17	Jammu & Kas	hmir				-		•		- :	55,499	
	Manipur					•			•	•	13,378	3 0
19	Meghalaya		-			_	-	•	- :	:	12,210	· ::
20	Nagaland		_		-	-	_				6,505	3.5
21	Siklom			- :		_	-		•		2,417	ī 6
22	Tripura									٠.	19,283	1 1
	Union Territ	rics										
1	A N. Islands											
2	Arunachal P	-adesh			•	•		•		•	1,649	4.
3	Chandigath				•	•	-	-			5,823	3.
4	 Dadra & Na 	ear Hau	el.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4,235	6.
	i Delhi				•	•	•	•	•		840	
		& Dan		•	•	•	•	•		•	5 + G97	4
	~ Laiahadwe	n		•	•	•			•		10,641	•
	Pondicherry		•		•	•			•	,	346	1
-					•	•					5,560	2

The figures for Assam includes those for Mixeram.

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3499. SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: With the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether any State Government has refused to accept the Community Health Scheme; and
- (b) if so, the names of the States and the reasons for their not accepting the scheme?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV): (2) Yes, three State Governments have not accepted the Community Health Workers Scheme.
- (b) The States are Kerala, Tamil Notu and Jammu and Kashmir. The Government of Kerala, keeping in view the health infra-structure to keep the particular conditions like higher literary and greater density of population obtaining in the State, have proposed an alternative scheme which is under consideration. The Government of Tamil Nadu are implementing an alternative scheme known as Mobile Medical Team Scheme. The Government of Jammu and Kashmir are air-ready implementing a scheme know!

as Rahbar-i-Sehat Scheme wherein school teachers are used in place of volunteers selected by the Community.

Officers and Employees working against Hindi posts

3500. SHRI T. S. NEGI: Will the Minister of PARLJAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of number of officers and employees working against the various Hindi posts in his Ministry and its subordinate and attached offices; and
- (b) the steps being taken for the increase in the number of Hindi posts?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SFIRI RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) ead (b). The required information in respect of the Secretariat of the Ministry of Labour and three of its attached offices is given in the enclosed statement.

The information in respect of other offices is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House in one course.

Written Auswers I fathe Socretarat of the Manutry of Labour a proposal to create the following Hindi posts for an additional Bindi Unit is 1 nder cen 1 (2); en Ö (i) Hands Officer

1

ő

(u) Senior Handi Translator

Three (111) Juntor Hinds Translator (re) Hunda Typust . ,

4. In the Office of the Chael Labour Commissioner (C) proposals are in hand to mercare the number of Elmds pour 3 In the Office of the Libber with the question of creation of a post of Hinds Officer is being examined

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कृषि श्रमिकों के श्रमिक संघों को मजबूत किया जाना

3501. श्री एस॰ एस॰ सोमानी : क्या संस्टीय कार्य तथा श्रम मंत्री यह बताने को कृपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या सरकार ने क्वृति श्रमिक के श्रमिक संघों को मजबूत वनाने के लिए कोई विवयट कार्यवाही की है..;
 - (ख) यदि हां, तो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यक्ति क्या है ;
- (ग्) यदि 'अपर्युक्त मान (क) का उत्तर 'नाकारात्मक हो, तो इस के क्या कारण है ?

श्रम तथा संसदीय कार्य मंतालय में राज्य मंत्री श्री तार्रम्बाय) : (क) वे च्यान्य प्रश्नी स्थान श्री तार्रम्बाय) : (क) वे च्यान्य प्रश्नी होत्र श्रामीण प्रमिक्ष के संगठन के बार में अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय श्रम संगठन प्रमित्तनय संघ्या 141 का अनुसम्बन कर दिया है जिसके अनसार अनसमर्थन करने वाले देश के लिए मह आवश्यक है कि वह स्वैच्छिक आधार पर प्रामीण श्रमिकों के अक्तिजाली तथा स्वतंत्र संगठनों की स्थापना धीर विकास करने में सविधा प्रदान करें । राज्य सरकारों और संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से ग्रनरोध किया गया है कि वे ग्रामीण अभिकों के संगठनों के विकास के लिए सभी संभव प्रवासनिक भीर वैद्यातिक कदम उठाए । राष्ट्रीय थम संस्थान ग्रीर केन्द्रीय श्रमिक जिला बोर्ड में कई राज्यों में ग्रामीण श्रमिक कैम्प ग्रामोजित किए हैं ताकि ग्रामीच श्रमिकों में नेताब की कला का विकास किया जा सके क्षोर उन्हें ग्रपने संबठनों की सबब करने तथा उनका रिकास करते में सहाबता दी जो सके । 25 जनवरी, 1978 को हुई ग्रामीण ग्रसंगठित अभिक सम्बन्धी विशेष सम्मेलन में हुए विचार-विभेधों के परिणामस्वरुप ग्रामीण ब्रसंगठित श्रमिक सम्बन्धी मेरद्रीय स्थापी समिति हाल ही में मठित की गई है जो भरतार को ग्रन्थ बातों के साथ-साथ, ग्रामीण प्रसंगिदत अभिकों की सामाजिक व आर्थिक दशस्त्रों की सुधारने के लिए और उनके संगठनों के पिकास का बढ़ावा देने के लिए विकिन्न प्रसासनिक प्रभाविधायी उपायो के बार में सलाह देनी । 30 मगस्त, 1978 को चौक सभा में पेश किए गए धीवोशिक सम्बन्धी विधेयक में छपि कार्यों में लगे. श्रमिकों द्वारा श्रमिक संप बनाने तया उन्हें पंजीकृत करवा भक्ते की व्यवस्था है।

'कास कलेक्शन' पद्धति

3562. थी एस० एस० सोमानी वना संबाद मंत्री यह बनाने की कुपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या ट्रंक कालों के लिए 'काल कलेक्सन' पद्धति लागू करने का एक प्रस्ताव सरकार के विचाराक्षीत हैं ;
- (स) बदि हां, तो इस प्रस्ताव को श्रीन्तम स्य कब दिया जाएगा : और
- (ग) यदि उपयोक्त माग (क) का उत्तर नकारात्मक है तो 'काल कलेक्बन' पढ़ित के प्रस्ताब को स्वीकार न करने के क्या कारण है जबकि यह बाहर के अधिकत्म देखों में प्रवत्त है ?

संबार मैतालुम में राज्य मंत्री (श्री नरहरि प्रसाद सुखदेव साम): (क्र) जी नहीं।

- (स) प्रदेन ही नहीं जठता ।
- (य) प्रशासनिक कठिनाई, गलत स्तंमान स्रोर विकायतों की संभावनाएं फिलहान इस सुविधा को ताम करने में स्वाबद पेवा करते हैं ?

New Post Offices in Bihar .

3503. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state: the total number of new Post Offices set up-duging the year 1978 in the State of Bihar and how far the target fixed for the year is likely to be achieved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SIKA)- DEC SAL): No targets are fixed for urban areas. It is proposed to open 275 new poot offices in the trutal areas of Bihar during 1978-79. As on 3110-1378, 225 poot offices have been opened. The target is likely to be actived by 313-31978.

Allotment of telephone connections under VIP category in Bihar

3504. SHRI SUKHDEO. PRASAD VERMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state;

(a) the number of new telephone connections provided under the V.I.P. category during the year 1978 in the State of Bihar as against the number of applications; and (b) the number of new telephone con nections provided under the special category during the year 1978 in the State of Bihar as against the number of applications received during the period?

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THE MINISTER OF STATE IN HE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH DEO SAI) (a) There is no VIP Categor.

(b) The information with regard to Patha Telephone District is as follows

- (i) The number of new telephone connections provided under the Special category during the year 1978 6
- (ii) The number of applications received during this period inder Special category 24

The information in respect of rest of Bihar State is being collected

Family Planning Programme in Guiarat

3500 PROF P G MAVALANKAR Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to tate

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Family Planning Programme in Gularat has been the most successful among all States during the years 1977 and 1978.
- (b) it so whether the State Government of Gu; arat are given any extra or special financial grant by the Cent ral Government.
 - (c) if so, facts thereof, and
 - (d) if not why not?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMEI PRASAD YADAY) (a) On the basis of the information available so far from the States, Guigard can be said most successful among all States in

the performance per thousand population under different methods of Family Planning Programme in 1977 78 and 1978 79 (April 78—Octo 78)

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(b) and (c) The assistance under the Family Welfare Programme is given as per pattern of staff and ex penditure approved for various levels. The quantum of assistance to be provided to each State Government deneeds upon the build up of infrastruc ture or the additional units sanctioned during the particular year. In addition, assistance at Rs 100 ner case of vasectomy Rs 120 per case of tubectomy and Rs. 3 per case of IIID insertion is also made available which is directly linked with the performance in each State The details of the allocations. the provisional payment sanctioned. the value of supplies in kind to the Government during 1977 78 and allo cations intimated for 1973-79 and assistance released in two quarterly 17stalments during the current year are as under

- Rs in lakhs

1977 78

Allocations 432 50

Provisional grant in aid relea ed 502 92

Value of Supplies in kind 41 05

1978 79

Allocations 583 39

Assistance releasedin two quar terly instalments 264 40

(d's Question does not arise,

Visit of Foreign Minister of Cuba

3506 PROF P G MAVALANKAR

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF FAIRS be pleased to state (a) whether the Foreign Minister of

Cuba recently visited India,

- (b) whether he was on an official tour and as the guest of Government and if so, which places he visited and how many days he spent in the country, who accompanied him:
- (c) broad details of the subjects discussed between the visiting Minister and the Governmental leaders and whether any agreements were arrived at and if so facts thereof: and
- (d) Government's policy regarding non-alignment and news-pool worked out, if at all in collaboration several countries including with Cuba?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) Yes Sir.

- (b) He was on an official visit to India from 18th to 21st November. 1978. He reached New Delhi on 19th morning from Colombo via Madras where he staved on 18th night. He left New Delhi for Kabul on 21st morning. He was accompanied by the following Cuban officials .
 - (i) Director of Special Conferences and Movement of Non-aligned Countries;
 - (ii) Director of Asia and Oceania:
 - (iii) Sub-Director of Protocol; and
 - (iv) Assistant to the Minister.
- (c) He discussed the preparatory work for the Sixth Summit Conference of Heads of States/Governments of Non-aligned Countries to be held in Havana in September 1979. There was also a general exchange of views on multilateral issues as well as bilateral relations. An agreement on Cooperation in Science and Technology between the two countries was signed on November 19, 1978. It provided for cooperation in agricultural sciences such as sugareane, tobacco 'and rice breeding and also in the areas of solar energy, utilisation of bagasse etc. .

- A Cultural Exchange Programme between the two countries was also signed on November 20, 1978 envisaging cooperation in the fields of education and culture, sports, radio and television and film.
- (d) Government's policy regarding Non-alignment is well-known Atthough this policy is not worked out in collaboration with any particular country. Government does in fact work in close cooperation with various Non-aligned countries, including Cubawith regard to specific issues of concern to the Non-aligned Movement

Government appreciate the need for India's continued participation in the News Agencies Pool of Non-aligned Countries including Coha.

Conference of White:

3507.PROF P. G. MAVALANKAR: Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR he pleased to state:

- (a) whether any All India Conference of whips was held since 1971;
- (b) if so, where and when and with

what agenda; .

(c) broad details of the main decisions reached at the said conferences:

(d) whether the said decisions have been or are being implemented and if so, by whom and how; and

(e) if not reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) and (b), Since the year 1971, one All India Whips' Conference was held at Bhopal in November, 1972. Matters concerning efficient functioning of the Parliamentary machine and the evolving of healthy, conventions and practices were deliberated upon at the Conference.

(c) to (e) The recommendations made by the Conference were laid on the Table of the Lok Sabha in answer to Unstarred Question No 3817 dated 11th December, 1972. The recommendations were circulated to all the Chief Ministers of States. Presiding Officers at the Centre and the States Cabinet Ministers and Ministers holding independent charge at the Centre and Leaders of Political Parties/Groups in the two Houses of Parliament The action taken or proposal to be taken would be reported to the next Conference as per nor mal convention

Filling of Senior Diplomatic Posts

3508 PROF P G MAVALANKAR Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) whether one or more senior diplomatic posts at our various Missions, Embassies, High Commissions, abroad were filled during the month July, in November 1938
 - (b) if so, full facts thereos,
- (c) whether some posts at such levels still remain unfilled and if so, how many, where and why, and
- (d) when do Government propose to fill them and whether by appointing career diplomats or public men or both?

THE MINISTER OF STATE'IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) (a) Yes Sir

(b) to (d) Two Statements are placed on the Table of the House.

Statement No. I

Details of Souter D planatus Posts Filled in Mussions Abread during the Period July to Accomber 10,8

S No	Name of the Country where the post was filled	Designation of the post	Name of the Officer	Date of assump- tion of charge
1	Argentina	Ambassador	Shra R K Anand	27 10-1978
2	Bahram	Ambassader	Shri HK Mahajan	10-9-1978
3	Federal Republic of Germany	Minister	Shri BP Aggrawal	4 7 19,8
4	Greece	Ambassador	Shri LN Rangarajan	21-8-19 8
:	5 Mo≠ambique	Ambassador	Shri O N Sheopura	5 10-19,8 (AN)
•	G Sungapore	High Commis- sioner	Shra B.M. Oza	11-9-19,8
	7 Sri Lanka	High Commis- sioner	Shri Thomas Abraham	(3N)
	8 Sudan	Ambassador	Shrs SMS Chadha	30-10-19 8
	9 Switzerland	Ambassador	Shri Gurbachan Singh	3-10-1978
_ '	O Tuhtania	High Commis-	Shri A S Gentalves	9-R-197B

		_	 	 		
-1	2			3	4	5
1.1	U.S.A	•		Minister	Shri R.K. Jerath	9-8-1978
12	U.S.S.R.			Counselfor	Shri P.K. Budhwar	19-7-1978
13	Venezuela			Ambassador	Shri Shiv Kumar	14-11-1978
14	Zaire .			Ambassador	Shri M.K. Khisha	8-8-1978

				Statement M	Ño, II	
		Details	of Senior Diplom	estic Posts Vac	ust in Alissions Al	road.
S. No.	Country Senior Di tic posts	where ploma-	Designation of the post		Whether appoints ments are of Career Diploma Publicmen	
1	Canada		High Commis-	Yes	Retired Army Chief	The post is likely to be filled shortly.
2	China		Ambassador	Yes	Career Diplomat	Do.
3	Fiji		High Commis- sioner	Yes	Career Diplom:	nt Do-
4	France	٠	Ambassador	No	• .	The most appropri- ate person will be selected whether from within the IFS or outside it,
5	Scnegal		Ambassador	Yes	Career Diploma	The post is likely to be filled shortly.
Summ	er Camp	org	anised by IC	CR equ	int of daily ext	enditure within the

3509. SHRI BHANU KUMAR SHASTRI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) details of Summer Camps organised by the Indian Council for Cu tural Relations during the last three years and the amount earmarked for each camp and the amount actually spent with reasons of variations, if any;
- (b) whether it is a fact that the Comp Officers did not furnish the ac-

- (c) if so, the date on which the account was actually furnished and the action taken against the defaulting officers for furnishing the account with considerable delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) Statements giving requisite information for the years 1976, 1977 and 1978 are placed on the Table of the House.

- (b) No. Sir.
- (c) Does not arise.

en	An	swers	DEC	EMI			978			iiten	Answers
	Remarks				The actual expenda- ture incurred was	ed amount.	Variations are due to	students/partici-	pant	1	
-	t spent	Councel's contribu- uon		22	42,355 44,000	45,630	45,772	23,801	19,614	346 2,01,532	-
	Amount spent	No of students participat ed	8		7.4	36	40	43	36	346	
	armarked	Council's contribu- tion	-	3	47,560	47,560	26,950	26,950	23,400	2,19,980	
	Amount carmarked	No of students proposed	5		22	7.5	45	45	S	355	
		•									
		,,,						•	,		
		Details of Camps organised			1976 Kashmir Gamp I	Kahme Camp III	South India Gamp I	South Inda Camp II .	Darjeeling		
ļ		Year	-		9461			.,	-		ı

And the control of th	Am	nount ea	Amount carmarked	Amount spent	pent	Remarks
Rs. Rs.	NN Stu	o, of C	ouncil's antribu- tion	No. of fudents articipate	ouncil's ontri u- tion	
Rs. Rs. Suppose 188 54.700 Gg, con 105 64.059 70.000 116 69.659 39.700 30.000 30.000 30.000 30.000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000 30.00000 30.0000 30.0000 30.0000	 Company of the Assessment of the State of th	87	4	9	9	7
98 54,700 105 66,059 105 66,059 106 66,059 107 66,059 107 67,000 107 67,000 107 67,000 107 67,000 107 67,000 107 67,000 107 67,000	 The state of the s		Rs.			
63,000 103 65,059 70,000 116 69,559 32,000 50 91,359 32,000 50 91,359	٠	85	50,500	88	52,700	The actual expendence ture incurred w
95'06' 91' 000'07' 05'05' 05'		102	63,000	105	62,059	within the sanction
26,500 39 33,000 50 2443,000 308 9		115	70,000	917	69,559	
33,000 50 31,336 33,000 308 2,40,380		45	26,500	39	24,550	Variations are due to
2,42,050 308 2,40,204		05	33,000		31,336	of students/pa
2,42,000 398						ticipants.
	ı	400	2,42,00		2,40,204	

Wnt	ten Answe	ets	ישע	(E)	DE	1 10,	1010			,,,,,,,	11	
Remarks		7		The actual expendi- ture incurred was	within the sanction-		Variations are due to	se in the number of				
spent	Courlel's contribu tion	9	22	56,399	62,887	63,554	27,903	39,565	27,313	7,479	2,85,121	
Amount spent	No of Students parellip it ed	2		07	101	102	91	92	45	36	493]
armarked	Council's contribu- tion	+	2	62,290	62,230	62,290	27,745	20,790	26,802	11,410	3,03,617	
Amount carmarked	No of Students propoved] E		8	100	100	4.5	8	8	40	\$25	
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1	g +			•	•	•		8.1	•	٠		
	Details of Campa organised			1978 Kadune Camp I	Kashmir Camp II	Kashmır Camp III	South Inda Camp 1	South Indea Camp II & III	Darjechng Camp I	Ihryeeling Camp II		
	ě	-		8201	i							

Demand for Yoga Teachers abroad

3510 SHRI RHANII KIIMAR SHASTRI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to etate.

- (a) whether the Indian Missions abroad have written to the Government of India that there is a growing demand of Yoga Teachers in foreign countries: and
- (b) it so, whether Government are considering to send Yoga Teachers abroad and if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Procedure adopted by ICCR for appointment of Professors abroad

3511. SHRI BHANU KUMAR SHAS-TRI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state the procedure adopted by the Indian Council for Cultural Relations for appointment of Professors of Indian Studies. Hindi Lecturers and Music and Dance Teachers in foreign countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): For appointment of Professors of Indian Studies abroad, the Indian Council for Cultural Relations invites nominations from the University Grants Commission, Vice Chancellors of various universities and Heads of Institutions of Higher Learning. The receiving universities abroad also at times indicate the names of scholars, whom they would like to invite for their teaching and research programmes. Some applications are also received directly. A list of candidates is then drawn up. Thereafter experts on requisite disciplines, senior officers of the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare and the Ministry of External Affairs consider all the candidates and recommend suitable scholars ' for appointment. The biodata of selected scholars is subsequently sent to the receiving university for acceptance by the Appointment Committee of the foreign university concerned. On receipt of their acceptance, final approval of the President of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations is obtained.

The appointment of Music and Dance Teachers and Hindi Lecturers are made through a Selection Committee consisting of one representative each from the Ministry of External Affairs and the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare/Department of Culture, two experts on the particular discipline and the Secretary, Indian Council for Cultural Relations.

Report submitted by late Shri Prakash Vir Shastri

KUMAR 3512. SHRT RHANII SHASTRI: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be plessed to state.

- (a) whether it is a fact that the late Shri Prakash Vir Shastri, M.P., had submitted a report to Government after visiting several countries for opening Cultural Centres abroad; and
- (b) if so, what action has been taken by Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) Yes, Sir, Late Shri Prakash Vir Shastri, M.P. and Swami Satya Prakash Saraswati after visiting several countries in North and South America submitted a report recommending various measures to expand cultural activities in these areas.

(b) After consideration of the recommendations, the Indian Council for Cultural Relations decided, in

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consultation with the Ministry of External Affairs, to set up an Indian Cultural Centre in Surjinam during the current financial year. The Director of the Cultural Centre, Shri U M Tiwari has taken over charge of the post from November 14, 1978. Besides four teachers of music and dance are being deputed to the Cultural Centre shortly so that the Centre becomes fully operational

Survey regarding bonded labour

3513 SHRI P M SAYEED SHRI A R BADRI NARA YAN SHRI RAMACHANDRAN

KADANNAPPALLI Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-

TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

- (a) whether the country-wide survey conducted by the Gandhi Peace Foundation and the Labour Irstitute has revealed that Bonded Labour are at present used for modern methods;
- (b) if so what are the main points of the Survey Report,
- (c) # 50, whether the number of bonded labour have again risen, and
- (d) whether the bonded labourers freed earlier were again been recall ed by their masters?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHR! LARANG SAI) (a) to (c) National Survey on the incidence of Bonded Labour was carried out recently (May-October 1978) jointly by the Gandhi Peace Foundation and the National Labour Institute in about 1000 villages in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Tamil Vadu Uttar Pradesh and Crissa According to the preliminary estimates of the Survey, the total number of bonded labour in these States, excluding Orissa, where the Survey had not yet been completed is reported to be around 22.4 lakhs Some ct the other significant findings of the Survey ate 1 :

- (1) Out of the 'estimated 22.4 lakh bonded labour, 66.0 per cent belong to Scheduled Castes and 18.3 per cent to Scheduled Tribes.
- (1) 475 per cent of the bonded labour meur debts for meeting their donestic consumption needs and 336 per cent take loans for social obligation, and
- (iii) The system of bonded labour is found in backward ureas as well as in developed agricultural regions, and
- (iv) The regions most affected are -
 - (a) Telengana in Andhra Pra-
- desh,
 - Dharamapuri in Tamil Nadu, (c) Shimoga and Bangalore
 - districts in Karnataka,
 - (d) The north-western districts in Maharashtra,
 - (e) Baroda and Panchmahals an Gujarat,
 - (f) Mahakaushal reg on 's Madhya Pradesh,
 - (g) The sugarcane belt in Western Utlar Pradesh
 - (h) Deorna, Balha, Varanası and Mirzapur districts in Eastern UP,
 - (1) Santhal Parganas, Palamau , and Monghyr districts in Bihar
- Government are awaiting the final report and findings of the Survey
- (d) There were some reports allegaing relapse of released bonded labout into bondage, 'The Ministry of Labout have already brought the matter to the attention of the concerned State Gavcraments for enquiry and appropriate schop by them in the matter.

Bonus to all Public Sector Staff

3514. SHRI P. M. SAYEED: SHRT R. V. SWAMINA. THAN:

Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Union Ministry has recommended a bonus to all public sector staff-
- (b) if so, whether Government are considering this suggestion;
- (c) when the final decision is likely to be taken; and
- (d) whether Union Cabinet has approved the proposals?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) to (d). Establishments in public sector which fulfil the conditions laid down . in Section 20 of the Payment of Bonus

Act, 1965, are required to pay bonus like establishments in private sector to which the Act is applicable.

Proposals have been received from various guarters for amendment of the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 in certain respects, including extensions of the Act to new areas. It is the intention of Government to study these proposals closely and to have consultations with the interests concerned before introducing changes in the Act.

Central Agency for Securing John Abroad

3515. SHRI P. M. SAYEED: SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO:

Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether with the current boom in the Middle East for Turnkey Industrial Plants, a proposal has been mooted for a central agency under the control of the Government of India to provide efficient service to prospective employers and job seekers for Markets abroad:

- (b) if so, whether the Ministry has considered the proposal; and
- (c) what are the details of the proposed scheme?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): No such proposal is under consideration at present

- (b) No Sir.
- (c) Does not arise.

ग्राधिक एवं सास्थिकीय अन्देवको की पढोप्रति

3516. भी बनल रॉम जाएसवाल : श्री गंता मक्त सिंह :

- क्या संसदीय कार्य तथा शम मती यह बताने की क्या करेगे कि:
 - (क) क्या ऐसे वहत से व्यक्तिक एवं सादिवकीय ग्रन्देपक, ग्रेड-र्रियर भ्रन्वेपक है जिनको न तो व्यविस भारतीय सेवा में लिया है और म ही उनकी 20 क्यों की समातार सेवा पूरी कर लेने के बाद भी 31 अन्तुबर, 1978 तक कोई नियमित पदोश्रति दी गई है : और
 - (च) यदि हा, तो 31 प्रक्तूबर, 1978 के दिन ऐसे व्यक्तियों की अलग अतग फितनी सख्या थी जिन्होंने 5 वर्ष, 10 वर्ष, 15 वर्ष तथा 20 वर्षों की सकातार सेवा पूरी कर ती बी मीर इन अन्वेपको को 31 मक्तूबर, 1978 तर किसी भी अधिस भारतीय सेवा "में न वेने प्रथ्वा कोई भी विश्वमित पदीग्रति न देते के स्था कारण है ; धीर
- (ग) सरकार द्वारा उनमें वड़ रहे प्रसन्तोण को दर करने तथा उनके सिए अच्छे प्रयसर पैदा करते के लिए क्या कार्रवा की गाई रही है ?

तंसदीय कार्य तथा भग मंत्री (क्वींक्र वर्गी): (क) से (ग) थग /मंद्रालय के संधीन उच पार्थिक ग्रोर साध्यकीय ग्रन्वेयकते व -Iशी वरिष्ठ प्रत्येयकी की संप्या , बन्नितिवित है जिन्हें प्रधिन भारतीय सेवा या भारतीय माविक सेवा/भारतीय सांक्रिकीय सेवा म प्रभी तर कोई नियमित पदाप्रति नहां वो

210 Written Answers

पाचनथ	दम बप	पद्रहंदय	बीम वय
की सदा	का सवा	की सेवा	की सेव
वान	वास	বান	वाल

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हा स्पेश्यों मी स्थात प्रांधितिस विद्यालिक विद्यालिक न्यां होता होती है। उनती में स्वार्थ के स्थात होता होती है। उनती स्थातिक तम्ह सार्थ पार वापायती व विद्यालिक तम्ह सार्थ पार वापायती व विद्यालिक तो उत्तरी है। उनते च चेतुन के क्यांच्या वा भार पार वार्थ के स्वार्थ के प्रार्थ
राज्यों में राक्ट मुविधाओं में वियमता

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3517 श्री धनन्तराम बायसवात १वर मचार मता यह बनान की वपा करेंग हि

(क) प्रत्यक प्रत्य में उन गावों को सदय कितना है बहा 31 प्रकृत्य, 1978 तक डास्थर चन रहे प. भीर

(घ) राज्यबार उन गांवा का सम्मा किती है वहाँ 1978-79 म शहरपर शांत पाते हैं मीर इस काम क लिए राज्यबार कितनी राजि वा आए भारती ?

सवार मकात्व में साम मती (थी नृष्हिर प्रसाद मुख्य सत्त्र) (क) धीर (व) राज्यार माथा रा स्वस् यहां 31-10-72 की स्थित के प्रमुसार प्रकप्त द्वार कर रहे हैं धीर 1973-79 में खोत माने बाद सरपों भी स्थान व हम प्रधायन के लिए हो हो एक प्रसादन करना साता 1 विलास पत्र

31-10-78 वास्थिति 1978-79 भवात देहाती इलाको में

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विकास-पत

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40	ਜ਼ -	ीकन	क्षानुसार जिन पाव में डावघर कोम कर यह हैं उनकी सम्मा	ा जलदास कीसच्या	' बार्स्स	हाइ नु विस्तार भारदित (साम्राह्म	के स्कम	1 7
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Central and State Committees on Agricultural Labour

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3518, SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI-

Wil! the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state;

- (a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to set up standing committees on agricultural labour both at the Central and the State level; and
- (b) if so, what progress has so far been made in the implementation of the decision?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LARANG SAI): (a) to (b), Following discussions at the Special Conference on Rural Unorganised Labour, a Central Standing Committee on Rural Unorganized Labour has already been set up to advise Government. inter glig, on various administrative and legislative measures to improve the socio-economic conditions of the rural unorganized workers, including agricultural labour. A copy of the Government Resolution No. M-14011(4)/73-AL, dated September, 28, 1978, regarding the constitution of the Central Standing Committee is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library, See No. LT-3671/ 781. State Governments have also been advised to set up similar Standing Committees at the State level.

Demolition of Gurudwara in Singapore

3519. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the great resentment prevailing among Sikhs about the proposed demolition of Gurudwore in Singapore;

- (b) whether Government have received any representation from various organisations religious bodies in this regard;
 - (c) if so, the details thereof; and
- (d) what steps Government are taking in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) and (b), Yes, Sir.

- (c) The Government have received expressions of concern from some individuals and organisations in India about the proposed demolition of a Sikh Gurudwara in Singapore.
- (d) The Government had informally drawn the attention of Singapore authorities to the concern felt by the Sikh community in India and ex-Drossed the hone that a settlement will be reached to the satisfaction of that community in Singapore. It is understood that as in the case of places of worship belonging to other faiths the Singapore authorities have offered an alternative site for the relocation of the Central Sikh Gurudwara in Singapore and further that the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Gurndwara has, in principle, accepted the alternative site which has now been offered.

Refractory Plants

3528 SHRI O. V. ALAGESAN: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that in the 1efractory plants, the purchase of rew materials and stores are made without any tender system;
 - (b) if so, the reasons thereof; and
- (c) the total value of annual purchases of raw materials and stores, in each of the plants?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) No. Sir.

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) The total value of annual purchase of raw materials and stores for the year 1977-78 is given below:-

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		e of Unit			1977-78 (Rs in lakhs)	
٠	- 440	or Chit			Raw Stores :	
	٠,	ι	16	24	Mate- rials	

t Bhandaridah Refractories Plant . 16 07 12:55 2 Ranchi Road Refractories Plant 29 45 50 43 3 India Firebreks and Insulation Co Ltd (Subadiary of BR L.) Sa 21 35'24

Refractory Plants

3521 SHRI O V ALAGESAN Will the Minuter of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state

- (a) is it a fact that persons not fully qualified, are in charge of various refractory plants of the public Feetlor."
 - (b) if so the reasons thereof, and

(c) if not the names of the persons in charge of these undertakings, with their qualifications?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (1) No Sir

- (b) Does not arise.
- (c) The names of persons us charge of Bharat Refrectories Ltd. with their qualifications are given below:-

Name of Unit Name of Officer incharge with Qualifications ; designation

1. Bhilai References Plant . . . She Ajet Sen, General M.Sc. (Applied Chemistry) with Gerams Manager.

- e khandaralah Refractores Plant
- Shit H N Tripathi, Works Manager.
- Technology. B.S.C (Logg) Silcar

- Technology.

- 3. Ranchi Road Refractions Hant .
- . Shri N.C. Mulberger, General Murager,
- Intermediate in Science and 3 year Dophora technolog! from West Generaly.
- 4 Inthe Fredrich and landama Company Shri N.C. Mulbrier, Managing Director.

, मध्य प्रदेश के खारगुआ सीर रायगढ़ जिलों में वाबसाइट के मिक्षेप

3522. श्री समाय ग्राहजा : क्या दस्यात छोड स्वान मही यह बताने की क्रपा करेंचे कि क्या सरकार खारगुजा ग्रीर रायगढ़ जिलों में बाबसाइट के मधन निक्षेपो के समेकित विकास के लिए किसी योजना पर विचार कर रही है ?

इस्पात ग्रोर खान मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री करिया सण्डाः) : जी नती ।

वंसाडिसा सोह ग्रयस्क विक्षेप

3523. भी समाय बाहजा : वया इस्पात ब्रोर खान नक्षी यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि सरकार ऋ वैसाडिसा सीह प्रवस्क निक्षेप का निर्वात करने के अलावा उनका धन्य कोई उपयोग करने का विचार है ?

्डस्पात ग्रोर खान मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्रो (श्री क(रया मण्डा): जी हा। विशाखायत्तवम में प्रस्तावित इस्पात कारखाने में वैसाडिना सीह-प्रयस्क का उपयोग करने और / ग्रयना वैलाडिला के लौह-धयस्क के बरे के उपयोग से फलेट बनाने का कारचाना लगाने की सम्भावनाओं पर विचार फिया जा रहा है ।

सहय प्रदेश में फेरो संगतीत संयंत

3524. थी सुवाद ब्राह्माः : डा॰ तदमी नारायण पाण्डेय : श्री गोबिन्ट राम मिनी :

क्या इस्पात ग्रोर साल भन्नी यह बनाने की कुपा करेगे कि क्या मध्य प्रदेश में मैगजीन खबस्क के भरपुर निक्षेपों को ध्यान में रखते हुए वहा एक फैरो मैगनीज सबंद की 'स्थापना करने का प्रस्ताय गरकार के विचाराधीन है ?

इस्पात स्नौर धान मंतालव में राज्य मंत्री (श्री करिया मण्डा): मैंगनीय छोर (इंडिया) नि० को हाल में मध्य प्रदेश में वाजाबाट के स्थान पर फैरो॰ सैंगनीय का एक सारवाना जनाने के लिए क्त **भागव-प**त दिना नवा है । इस कारकाने की साधिक समना ६०,००० दम होगी ।

रकत का व्यापार करने वाले

, 3525. स्त्री राज केंग्रर सिंह : स्पा स्थास्य ग्रीर परिवार करवाण मती यह बताने की कपा करेंबे कि :

- (क) क्या उन का ध्यान "नैयनल हेराल्ड" दिवाक 10 नवस्वर, 1978 में "देशमें इन ब्लड गेंट बी॰ आई॰ पी॰ पानर्स" शीर्पक से छमे समाचार की और दिलाया गया है : चीर
- (ख) यदि हा, तो सरकार की उस गर क्या प्रतिकिया हे और नम्बित जॉब के प्रस्तात दोपी पाई गई सस्यामों के विषद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की गई हे ब्रयवाकी जानी है ?

रवास्थ्य और परिवार *क*ल्यान मंत्रालय म राज्य मंत्री (थी जगदम्बी प्रसाद यादव) : (क)वी हा ।

(ख) चटोगढ प्रशासन में अपने संध्यासित क्षेत्र में मानव रस्त के प्रनाधिकत व्यापार को रोफने के लिए एक प्रध्यादेश जारी करने का अस्ताब किया है। इस प्रस्तान पर विचार किया जा रहा है।

इस समाचार के ब्रन्थ पहलाओं के बारे में उम संप्रशासित प्रशासन से स्थिति की जानकारी प्राप्त की जा रही है और सभापटल पर एखंदी जायेगी ।

यः इनः एषः पोः एः से सहायता

3526. धी राज केशर सिंह : नेपा स्वास्थ्य ीर परिवार कल्याण मही वह बताने की हुपा करेंगे

- (क) क्या सवनत राष्ट्र तथ ने भारत के परिवार श्राच्याच बार्थों के लिए इस समय य०एन०एछ०पी०ए० के त्रधीन दी जा रही 4 करोड़ रपये की राणि को दुगना आगामी पाच वर्षी में कर देने का निर्धम किया है : ग्रीर
- (ख) यदि हा, तो ग्रागामी पाच वर्षी में दुगनी कर दी गई इन राधि के उपयोग के लिए एखें गए सहयो का व्योश करा है ?

स्वास्थ्य ग्रीर परिवार कत्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मत्री (थी जग्रस्थी प्रसाद थावत) : (क) बीर (स) 1950-- हन ने दौगन भारत में परिवार कल्याम वार्यत्रमों के दिन में जनसंख्या कार्यकलाया को मयुक्त सम्द्र निधि (यू०एन०एफ०-बी॰ ए॰) द्वारा जिन निमानलायों सीर योजनायां के लिए ग्रहाबता दी जा सकती है उन पर विचार

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करने चीर रास्तर पत्री करने हैं लिए यू र दान्त्र एक भी, एक जा मृत्यूकर पात्रसकता मृत्यूकर प्रिकार प्रकार पाय्यूक में है वह स्किन में सिद्धार प्रोर प्रवस्तान पाय्यूकों को मिलन सेन सत्याद है तीय हिला है। पूरे हुए निका में साम तिला है लिए प्रीर प्रमाणित मिला है। पूरे हुए निका में साम त्यूक्त भी पहर्तीय प्रमाणित में तिला है। 1880-34 भी पहर्तीय प्रमाणित में तिला मिला मों साम स्वाप्त्र पाठ करोड़ भारत रहा भी मार्थक चतुनका यो साम स्वाप्त्र करोड़ भारत रहा भी मार्थक चतुनका यो

Proposal of issuing new Postal Stamps in 1979

3527 DR, VASANT KUMAR PANDIT Will the Minister of COMMUNI-CATIONS be pleased to state

- (a) what new stamps have been proposed to be issued in 1979 by the Post and Telegraphs Department
- (b) how many proposals were received by the Union Government for issuance of special postal stamps and how many of them have been refused or kept pending and for what reasons and
- (c) whether a stamp to celebrate the International Year of the Child will be issued in 1979?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHEI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI) (a) The programme for the issue of stamps during 1979 is under finalisation

- (b) In all 242 proposals were placed before the meetings of the Philatelic Advisory Committee held on 14th April, 14th July and 28th Spjember 1978. Of these 6 were ecommended for 1978 12 were recommended for 1979 2 were recommended for 1980 and 3 were recommended for 1980 and 5 were recommended for 1981 The remaining proposals were not recommended
 - (c) Yes, Sir two stamps are being insied to mark the International Year of the Child in 1979

Contract Labour in Limestone Mines

3528 SHRI G Y KRISHNAN Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government propose to stop or have taken steps for prohbiting employment of contract labour in the limestone dolomite and manganesse mines
- (b) whether Government have received the report of the committee on contract labour system in iron ore mines, and
- (c) if so the recommendations of the Committee?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHR) LARANG SAI) (a) A Committee of the Central Advisory Contract Labour Board went into the question of contract labour system in Limestone dolomite and manganese mines Committee has recommended abolition of contract labour system in (i) over burden removal. (ii) drilling and blasting (iii) raising of mineral ancluding breaking sizing and sorting and (1v) loading at the mine-site. The question of issue of relevant notification on the subject is being examined in consultation with the

Ministry of Steel & Mines

(b) and (c) Yes, sir The Committee has recommended, with the NMDC representative expressing reservations with regard to the Committees recommendations in respect of muck cleaning levelling and float one operations abolition of contract labour system in the following operations (i) over burden removal (i) drilling and blasting, (iii) raising of mineral including breaking, stand and sorting (iv) float ore operations and (v) muck cleaning and levelling and (v) muck cleaning and levelling

Setting up of Electronic Telephone Exchange in Bombay

3529. DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT: Will the Minister of COMMUNI-CATIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government is planning to set up Electronic Telephone Exchanges in Bombay, Calcutta and Madres;
- (b) whether a definite plan has been formulated to set up an Electronic Telephone Exchange to solve the communication problems of telecommunications in Bombay, if so, the capacity of the electronic exchange, its cost and the duration of its installation; and
- (c) what steps has Government taken to establish telecommunication facilities to the rural areas with its targets for the year, 1979 and 1980?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) Installation of local electronic exchanges in Bombay, Calcutta and Delhi is under considera-

- (b) Tenfative plans for installation of a local electronic exchange of 19,000 lines at Cooperage, Bombay at an approximate cost of Rs. 12 crores, including land, building, equipment and cable etc. have been drawn up to mice the telephone demands to Cooperage area of Bombay. It is hoped to commission the above exchange by 1982.
- (c) Long Distance Public Call Offices are proposed to be opened in rural areas on a subsidised basis, 2000 and 2500 such P.C.Os are proposed to be opened during 1978-79 and 1978-80 respectively.

About 2400 new exchanges are also planned to be opened by conversion of existing P.C.O. to meet demands for private telephone connections. 400 and 450 such new exchanges are expected to be opened during 1978-79 and 1973-30 respectively.

उत्तर प्रदेश में डाबकर क्षेत्रक

- 3530. भी पंचा भगत सिंह : नया संचार मंती यह बताने की क्रमा करेंगे कि :
- (क) उत्तर प्रदेश के उन वितो के नाम क्या हैं बिनमें डाक सुविधादे उपस्था नहीं है और जिन में का विचार वर्ष 1978-79 में प्राथमिकता के सरकार आधार पर बाकबर चौतने का है; शीर
- (ख) स्था वर्ष 1978-79 में पिछड़े जिलों को सभी ग्राम पनायती में डाकचर धोने वार्षेणे ?

संबाद मंत्रास्त्र में राज्य मंत्री (श्री नहर्दार समझ दुप्यंत्र सामं) (के ग्राक दिसाम में त्रीत्र से उत्तर प्रदेश के पित इटाको/बिजो को चित्रम प्रीत्य दिसा नमा है, इन को एक पूरी मंत्रम है। इन के नाव हो बेहती इटाको में ठाकार योतने के बार में सबतार प्रमादी की एक प्रतिनित्त भी तीनार है जिस में यह पता पत्ता कि बाह मुश्लाई में में प्रस्तु के प्रदान पत्ता की का मुश्लाई में में

(ख) संतरन मानवडो में बतलाई गयी शतों मीर मानवंडो की पूर्ति होने पर डाकघर विभिन्न चरणी बार्ट एक कार्यक्रम के भनुसार खोले जाते हैं।

विकास र

उसर प्रदेश के पिछड़े इलाकों की सूची

- 1. मिर्जापुर (सोन नदी का दक्षिकी भार)
 - औतसत बातार क्षेत्र (डॉ॰ डिबीजन)
 - 3. टेडरी सबबास
- 4 जसर काओ जिसा
 - बरचुला तहसील का समूचा लेल (विक्रीड़ागड़ बिला) ।
 - मृतियारी तहसील का समूचा श्लेब (नियोड़ागेड़ जिला)
 - पट्टी चौमड (नैनीतास जिला)
- g पैक्षण परतमा (पौड़ी डिवोजन)
- पट्टो मडाक (पौड़ो डिपीयन)
- 10. पट्टी निण्डस्थार (वासा व पाला) (पोड़ी दिवीजन)
- ।। तथीमपुर जिला (तम्पूर्व)
- 12 बस्ती जिला (सम्पूर्ण)
- 13 वहराईच जिला (द्यानपाड़ा तहसीत).

- (1) बहराईच जिला (मिल्ली: पुरवा खण्ड)
- (n) बहुराईव जिला (शिरमा खब्द)'
- 14 गोण्डा जिला (बलरामग्र**र बहुसी**न)
 - (1) पन्ततुवा _ववण्ड (11) चैनमाधि वण्ड
- 15 फैजाबाद जिला (सम्प्रूष)

विवास II

दहानी इलाकों में डाकघर खोंतने के लिए नये मानदड

- प्रामाण इलावा में खोल जाने बारे बारवरा को सब दा मध्य वर्गों में वर्गोकृत किया गया है —
- मामान्य भागीय इलाका में डाक्यर फौर
 पहाडी, भादिवासी या विछडे इताका में टाक्सर ।
- (1) सामान्य प्रामीण इलाकों में द्राकप्तर :
- (1) निम्नसिधित शर्तों के मधीन बाम प्रचायत बान गर्थों में शक्यर खाने जा सकते हैं
- (क) प्रस्तावित डाकघर से 3 दिलामीटर क परेमें काई दूगरा टाकपर न हो, बौर
- (ख) प्रस्तानित होत्तपर से उसको प्रनुकानित साथ को कम से कम 25 प्रतिकृत की मान होने भी प्रमादना हो ।
- (u) निम्नातिषद क्यों क प्रधीन गैर, झम प्रनायत बान गांवो में शक्यर योते जा सकते हैं —
- (क) उम्म नाव का माबादी 2000 या इसले अधिक होनी चाहिये,
- (ख) प्रस्तानित राज्यर से 3 किलोमीटर के | पेर में कोई दूसरा राज्यर न हो, सौर
 - (ग) प्रस्तावित बारूपर से उत्तरी अनुमानित तागत को कम से कम 25 प्रतिकृत तक की धाव हान की बाबा हो।
 - (2) पहाड़ी, मादिवासी प्रीर पिछड़े इसाकों में बाकपर
 (1) निम्नतिवित नती क प्रधीत ग्राम प्रवासत
 - याने माना में डाइयर योजे जा सकते हैं (ह) अस्त्रावित बाहयर से 3 विसोमीटर के पेरीमें कोई दूबरर टाडयर न.हो, मोर
 - (व) प्रस्तावित डाडमर स उत्तरो अनुमानित भावत को कम स कम 10 प्रतिसन वर्ग को भारोने भी मात्रा हा ।

(ध) निम्नितियत सर्तों के प्रधोन मेर भाग प्रचारत बाले सर्वों में डाक्यर खोल जा सकतें हैं ---

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- (क) उस गाव की भावादो 1000 चा इसमे प्रक्रिक होनी चाहिये ;
- (श) बस्ताबित बारभर से 3 किलोमीटर के बढ़े में कोई दुसरा बारुपर नहा होना चाहिये, और
- (र) प्रस्तावित सहस्रेर से उत्तरों मनुमानित सावत की कम स कम 10 प्रतिकृत तक की प्राय होते की भाषा हो ।
- 3. उपदृक्त के बाबबूद भा श्रीस्टमार्टर बनरची का उच्च मानदर्श में से स्विधी में भी दूर वर्ष अफनर बाचन के 10 प्रजिबन मामतो में एट दर्ज का मिलार (मार्जाटर बनाइकार के परानब में) एवर्ड़ाय दिया जाता है।
- 4 मौद्धा फार्मूला के बनुसार कम से कम गारटीट सक्तर/साम की गणना की जाती रहेगी।
- 5 में नमें मानदेश इन के आरी होन की तारीख से सामु होगे ।

हाक कर्मबारियों को बोनस

- 3531. भी गगा पनत सिंह. ब्या संबार मंदी यह बताने नी कृपा करेंगे कि
- (क) बना बाक कमचारी मन्ते/यूनियरों की बोतम की मांग की स्वीकार र किये जाने से शक कमचारी प्रतिस्थित कानीय हरवास करने के सिए दृढ़ सकर्य हैं.
- (थ) यदि हा, तो क्या सरकार ने उन की मार भोर उन को प्रस्तावित हब्दाल को वास्त्रीयहा पर की विचार किया है,
- (य) यदि हा, तो उन की मान को स्वाहार करने के बारे में विजनी प्रणान हुई है और उन वे हार्ज की जाने वाली इस्ताल को टानके के लिए क्या कार्यवाही की नई है, सीर]
- (व) बोनसकी मागस्त्रीकार किए जानकी स्थिति
 न्ये सरकार द्वारा वितन्ता वादिक व्यय कृष्ण जाने की
 सभावना है ?

ह बार महात्वय में राज्य मही (औ नरहरि इसार मुखदेब साथ (क) से (प) सरवार को अर्क कपवारी महासम्बद्धां के बोनग दे अन्त पर धनिध्यत साधीन हरुवास पर जाने हैं विसी प्रशास

'की जानकारी नहीं है। विभागीय स्वायनाओं के कर्मचारी चेते कि रेतवे डाकतार, रक्षा स्थापनार्वे और नारत शरकार मद्रमालय प्रादि इस समय दोनस धुनतान प्रदि-मियम 1965 की घारा 32(iv) के संवृक्षार उसत अधिनियम के दायरे से बाहर है। इस प्रधिनियम में अनेक दिस्कोणों से संशोधन करने के प्रस्ताय, जिनमें इस प्रीविनियम का नये दीवों ने विस्तार करना भी शामिल है, सरकार को प्राप्त हुए हैं। सरकार का इरावा पह है कि इन अस्तावों पर बहराई से विचार किया लावे भीर बाधनियम में परिवर्तन करने से पहले सबंधित हितों के साथ विचार-विमर्ख किया जाये ।

परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रम का कियान्वयन

3532 भी राम लाल राही: स्वा स्वात्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की क्या वहेंगे कि

(क) क्या यह सब है कि परिवार नियोजन कार्यतम में शिवितता वाने के कारण अनुसारिय सहस्यता की सावा और अन्य देशों से सहायता में कमी हो गई है; ब्रोर

(ख) यदि हा, तो इस बारे में पूरा व्योत्त क्या है ?

स्वास्त्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रासय में पाज्य मंत्री (बी जपदम्बी प्रसाद पादव):(क) प्रोर (ख). वरिवार कल्याण कार्यक्रम के विए पिछल तीन वर्षों में प्राप्त और चान विसीय वर्ष के दौरान पूर्वानुमानित प्रन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सहायता की राशि संतन्न दिवरण में ने ती मर्ड है । इसमें यह देखा जायेगा कि ऐसी सहस्रता की राधि में कोई कमी नहीं हुई है ।

विकरण

	(44)	•••		
1			(प्राप्त सहायता राति	द (६० लाखों में
बाहरी देन /एजेंसी का नाम	1975-76	1976-77	1977-78	1978-79
1	2	3	4	5
			(9	वाँनुमहित्तत्)
 मन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विकास एवंसी/ 			**	., 3
स्वीडिश ग्रन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विकास एजेंसी				
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2 मार्नेनियन ग्रन्तरोदीय विकास				
एजेंसी 3. वतिकेष	222,33	232,76	450.00	550.00
	12,20	89,50	53.60	33.00
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(i) राष्ट्रीय स्थास्थ्य और				
परिवार कत्याण संस्थान				
ने निए बदर का निर्माण		20,00	61-80	42.00
(ii) केन्द्रीय बीपध अनुसंधान	,	20.00	61-90	75.00
बंस्थान सम्बन्ध के सिए				
उपहरन	-	26,00	·	~~ ,
(iii) मातृ, शिषु स्वास्थ्य एवं		2-1-4-0		
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5 विस्य स्वास्थ्य संगठन ।	7.21			
 वनतच्या सम्बन्धी कामकताप 				
के लिए संयुक्त राष्ट्र कार	409.46	545.00	679,68	1206 70
 स्वीतिम सन्तर्रान्द्रीय विकास 				
एजेंसी .	195,00	165.15	343,16	21,44
 वर्षन संशोध गणतम्ब 		28.09	.21.10	
9. ब्रिटेन		-	300.00	216, 61
वीय :	1318.20	1701,81	2309,31	2511.28

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होर्राप्रयो एवं साधः प्रतम्भवः प्रधिनियन का विद्याग्यान

3533. भी शाब साल शाही अना स्वाहम्ब स्रीर परिवार करवाण मंत्री यह बतान की क्या करेंने कि

(क) बना जन का पता है कि केंद्रीय स्वासम्य पारवर बोर करही वर्षातार करेंद्राच परिषद के बत्य स्वत्र सम्मेनन में वर्धरा दिये गर्ने सहस्य राज्या 10 में घोर्रायमें एवं बाव, बर्रान्थण ब्राधिनियम के बार्यान्द्रपत है बारे में रूछ मुझाब दिये पये थे, मीर

(स) यदि हो। वा उस सनस्य पर क्या नार्वेदाही को गर्दे मोर क्या सभा तथ्य सभा पटल पर इस

स्वाहम्य और परिवाद करवान मजातव मे राज्य मत्री (धी बगहस्वी प्रसाद थादव) (क) जी, हो ।

(छ) इन मृद्रावों पर पाने भारताई राज्य नरकारो होर सब मार्गित थता हो द्वारा ना जानी है जिन्हें र्रावत बावंबाही करन क निए सन्ताध कर दिशा गया ***** 1

National Labour Institutes

3534 SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ:

SARKAR.

SHRI SACHINDRAVLAL

SINGHA: SHRI SAKTI KUMAR

Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether any proposal has been received from the West Bengal Government or any other State Government suggesting any location of the National Labour Institute in the concerning State,

(b) if so, the details of the proposal made by the States,

- (c) the details of the action taken up-to-date for establishing National Labour Institutions, and
- (d) the clails of the grant made up-to-date for the National Labour indicate and the details of the functerme of the fastitude that is com-\$'n'ad7

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA YARMA): (a) and , b) - No , proposal - has been received - from the. Government of West Bengal for the location of National Labour Institute in that State, Suggestions had been received in the past from the respective State Governments for the location of the Institute at Gazabad, Kanpur, Bhitbaneshwar, Jodhpur and Pune, 1 1 1

(c) There is no proposal for establishing any National Labour Institutions in addition to the Institute which is presently located; at New Delhi

(d) The Year-wise break-up of the grants sanctioned to the Institute since its inception is as follows:--

AT STEP TRUE

7,17,600 1974-75 . (July 74-March 75) 17,30,500 1975-76 . 1- 5 -5 -5 17,47,000 1976-77 . 1977-78 .

21.00.000 1978-79 . The details of the functioning of the Institute are contained in the Annual Reports of the Institute for the years 1974-75, 1975-78 and 1976-77 which have been laid before the two Houses

Employment Exchanges in NE. Region Slates

3535 SHRI M. A. HANNAN ALHAJ:

of Parliament.

SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR:

SHRI SACHINDRA LAL SINGHA:

Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR IS pleased to state:

(a) the details of the location of Employment Exchanges in the North Eastern Region States and West Rengal State-wise, district-wise; and

(b) the number of job seeker renistered in these employment exchanges, category-wise, sex-wise, exchange-wise during the last three years, year-wise with the number of igh seeker employed through these exchanges?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA): (a) The list of Employment Exchanges in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States is furnished in the Statement-I attached.

(b) Exchange-wise information is maintained by the State Governments only. However, State-wise information regarding the number of job-seekers on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States by different categories i.e. Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and women; and the total number of job-seekers placed in employment in these States is furnished in Statement-II attached, for the years 1975, 1976 and 1977.

List of places where Employment Exchanges are located in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States.

Place State/Union Territory

1, West Bengal , r. Alipurduar a. Arambagh

3. Asansol

4. Bankura

5. Barracknore

6. Basishut

7. Berhampu 8. Budge-Budge

o. Burdwan

to, Calcutta

11. Calcutta (E)

12. Cdentta (N)

12. Calcutta (S)

14. Chinsurah

15. Coach-behar

16. Darieeling

17. Diamond Harbar

18. Dem.Dum

'19. Durgapur

on, Farrakha

et. Haldia

22. Howraht

23. Talpaieuri

· 24. Kalimpong

25. Kalyani

e6. Kharagour

27. Kidderpur

28. Krishan Nagar

29, Malda

20. Paralia

21. Raigani

32. Rampurhut

33. Ranigani

34. Serampore

35. Siligari

36. Suri (Birbhum)

37. Sitarampur

38. Uluberia

39. Calcutta (PH)

40. Calcutta (P&E)

41. Kurscong

North Eastern Region States

r. Barpeta 2. Assam . ·

o. Bongaigaon

Written Answers	DECEMBER	15, 1978	Writt	en Auswers - 240
			23	, Gauhati (P&E)
3 Dhemaji			29	Doom Dooma
g Dhubra 5 Dighu			30	Dibrugarh (Spl. Ex- change for Plantation)
6 Dibrugarh		գ, \[anipur		[mphal
7 Digbos		3º (tambe.		2. Churchandpur
3, Gauhati				g Ukhrul
q Guslpara				4. Tamenglong
10. Golashat				5. Karong
11 Haftong				6 Chandel
ra. Hadakan	ds	s of a state of		1. Jowas
13. Hamren		4. Meghalay	• •	2. Shillong
14. Jurhat		•		q. Tura
15 Karunga	anj			
16 Kokrash	ar .			4 Nongstoin
17. Mangal	نعك			2 Milliam Nagar
is Muiga		5. Nagaland	٠.	t. Kohuna
19. Nalbara				2. Mokokchung
20. Vameu		6 Sikkimi .		No Exchange
20. 42.00	•	7 Tripura		-
21 /221/2				2 Kadasashahar
22. N. Lak	primbat	1		3. Udaipur
23 Nowgo	Sac	8 Arunach desh	al Pra-	No Exchange
24 Sibrag	p.r			
25 Salcha	ır	g. Vizoran	4 •	(Accwal
20, fiatal	k:A			2. Lungless
27 Fezpu	af			3. Saila
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المؤسسة (1975 مرورة ومعر 1977 فيم 1973 مرورة ومعر		e Region of Engl Los Engleymos d Ma Region Silve		4 3.02, 0.17
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		No. of Johnson		

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Said Uasia Petrory			f Job-seeker Register	on the		Foul Place.
		Total	Sch	Seb Trabe	W. men	
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i heaterpi	1975	1711-3	100 2 102 5 118 0	20-5 20 e	159'8 137'3	1

						· 3	, ₄	5	
North Eastern I	Regio	4		,	<u>:</u>			•	
g. Assam				1975 1976 1977	195.0	15.4 11.4 , 10.4	13.8 13.8	20-8 17-9 20-1	6,1 5,8 5,3
g, Manipur				1975 1976 1977	27·7 47·9 60·4	0·3 0·4 D·5	7°7 12°5 14°1	4°3 7°3 9 5	0.3
4. Meghalaya			•	1975 1976 1977	10.8 13.0 8.2	0·1 0·2 0·1	3·7 4·5 4·7	1·7 2·5 2·7	0.8 0.8
5. Nagaland		٠		1975** 1976 1977	2·0 2·7	@(17) @(18)	3.4 1.4	0.3	. 0.5
6. Sıkkim*									
7. Tripura		٠.		1975 1976 1977	59·2 52·1 46·5	3.5 3.9	3°7 4°1 4°8	11·8 11·2	0.7 0.4 0.5
8. Arunachal	Prac	lesh*	E			, ,	. [
g. Mizoram				1975 1976 1977	3°0 5°3 7°3	@(t)	3°1 5°3 7'4	· 0·4 0·7 I·3	0.3

Norg:--t. @Figures less than 50, Actual figures shown in brackets.

- 2. *No Employment Exchange is functioning in Sillim and Aumachal Prodesh.
- 3. **Employment Exchanges in Nagaland started functioning in 1976 only.

Aluminium Plant at Kutch

3536. SHRI ANANT DAVE: Will the Mmister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is true that the feasibility report for Alumunia plant at Kutch is being prepared by the Hungary Company;
- (b) what time is given to finalise the report; and
- (c) what arount is granted by the Central Government for this work?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The report is expected to be finalised by the middle of 1979. (e) Nil, the report has been commissioned by the Gujarat Mineral Development Corporation.

Opening of Post Offices in desert areas

- of Kutch

 3587. SHRI ANANT DAVE: Will
 the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS
- (a) whether there is any proposal before the Government to open post offices for the desert area like "banni" in Kutch district;

. be pleased to state:

- (b) whether mobile/moving post office for such area is the only demand of people; and
 - (e) if so, why such post offices are not opened in that area?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICA TIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDED SAI) (a) There are six proposals to open post offices for de sert areas like banni' in Kutch District.

- (b) Proposals for mobile post offices for such areas are examined on public demand as well as according to necessity on administrative grounds.
- (c) The proposals are not justified according to prescribed norms.

: Industrial Dispute Act 1947

3538 SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND ' LABOUR be pleased to state

(a) whether the Works Committee required under the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 as alleged to have been not functioning super 1954 in Deulbers Collery in Orasa, befonging to the Central Colledis Lumpted and repeated demands of the Deulbers Collery—Labour Union before the largeonal Labour Commissioner have so far been neglected/over-looked,

(b) if so whether Government will fix responsibility for violation of the above said obligatory provision, and

(c) when the Works Committee and other obligatory Committees (for tanteen, housing etc.) will be formed?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA) (a) and (b) A Work Committee was constituted in the Deulbera Colliery of Central Coalfields Ltd. in Onssa in the year 1965 This Committee is reported to be not functioning due to interunion and intra union rivalries. The management have sought for exemption from the constitution of the Works Committee on the ground of existence of Consultative Committee at the Area and Company level wherein it is reported that the representatives of all the unions are being associated. The Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Bhubaneswar, has been pursuing vigorously with the management the question of their complying with the obligatory provision of the laws

(c) For the reasons mentioned it is not possible to state categorically when the Works Committee and other Committees would be constituted in the Colliery

Changes sought in UN Charles

3539 SHRI A R BADRI-NARAYAN

> SHRIR V SWAMINAT-IAN SHRIP M SAYEED

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether India has suggested changes in the UN Charter;

- (b) if so what type of change. India has asked for, and
- (c) how many countries have up ported that suggestions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) (a) No Sur

(b) and (c) Does not arise

Meeting of Indo-US joint Commission

3540 SHRI A R. BADRI-NARAYAN

shri r v svaminathal

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL APPAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that Indo-US joint commission which was est up earlier to strengthen trade and for improvement of relations between the two countries lave not met for long,

- (b) how many meetings, were held by the Commission during, the last two years; and
- " (e) what were the decisions arrived at?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) The Indo-US Joint Commission has met three times since it was set "up in October 1974. The last meeting took place on 3rd January, 1978.

- (b) The Commission has met once in the last two years and is due to meet again early next year.
- (c) At its last meeting, the Joint Commission considered and endorsed the reports of the three Sub-Commission-on Economics and Commerce, Education and Culture and Science and Technology. Inter alia it was decided to form a new working group-the Industrial Working Groupto undertake joint discussions and research in industry including small scale industry technology. The Commission supported the objective of the Sub-Commission on Education and Culture to increase the number of Fellowships from 10 to 15 and to initiate a Visitorship Programme. In the field of Science and Technology, the Commission noted the progress in bilateral cooperative research various fields like solar activity related to weather phenomena oceanography, earth sciences, small industrial technologies, etc. and recommended meeting of experts to develop projects in additional fields. Overall it was agreed that the Joint Commission had increased the area of understanding and facilitated progress on a wide range of specific issues in Indo-US relations.
 - बड़े नगरों को सीधी टेलीफोन व्यवस्था के माध्यम से पिल्ली से जोड़ना
 - 3541. श्री राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्माः क्या संवार भन्नी यह वदाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

- (सर्) बगा दिल्ली की सीधे टेडीफोन व्यवस्था - के मध्यम से देश के दड़े वहें नगरी के साथ वोड़ने की कोई योजना सरकार के विचाराधीन है:
 - (ख) यदि हा, तो सीचे टेलीफोन व्यवस्था के साम्बन्ध से किन किन नगरी को राजधानी के साम जोड़ा जा रहा है: और
 - (व) ईच,नगरो को सीवे टेलोफोन व्यवस्था के माध्यक्ष से कद तक जोड दिया आएगा?

संसार संतास्त्र में राज्य मंत्री (भो वरहरि प्रमाद सुधिये साहर) : (क) ते हैं। है स्वार है स्वार सुं परत - दुनेश है कि दिल्ली महित देश से मी टेबीप्रेयंत एक्सेन्डों की राष्ट्रपाणी उपयोग्धा ट्रक स्वार्थित से सेवार सिं तोई हिला जान साहित दे एक हुतरी सीधी हायक पुमकृत थात कर कहें । इसे करोचर साम किया जा रहता है। है से हाल-सामान मोरी सार्थित साम किया जा रहता है। इस करोम की मार्थित के सिर कोई सार्थित है। सिम्म स्वार से सार्थित के सिर्दे कोई सार्थित है। सिम्म दिल्ली के साम 56 महर्ग विसे उपयोग्धा हुन सार्थित के सेवार इसे हुए हैं।

Extension of Telecommunication facilities in villages

3542. SHRI RAJENDRA KUMAR SHARMA: Will the Minister of COM-MUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have formulated a new scheme for the extension of telecommunication facilities in the yillages;
- (b) if so, the details thereof, and (c) whether steps will be taken on priority basis to link rural areas with big cities?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHDEO SAI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The details of the policy are given in the Statement attached.

(c) Telecommunication facilities in the villages are being provided in the form of public telephones and Combined Telegraph Offices, which are normally connected to the nearest telephone exchanges and telegraph offices Such telephone exchanges are

in turn linked with the big cities' in the country. Thus, when the public telephones are opened in 'the rural areas, the villages get linked with the but cities through their parent 'exchanges 138 1 See!

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1507 35 17 W. 1015 16 Polar for Propuses of PCOs and COs on Lastin Call at 1 mg 3 1 125 8 . 1 1 145 ' CYTEGORIES OF STATIONS

11.4 I Dutrict Headquarters

2 Sab Divisional H'adquartes . 3 Tehsil Headquarters.

4. Sub Tehul Headquarters.

5. Block Headquarters. . - . .

6 Places with a population of 5000 or more in ordinary areas (2,500 or more in backward or hilly,areas المدارخ 4 1 1-____

9, 1 1 1 .

Con herer tor provision of Public Call O'li co

Con litton for provision of Co in Speed offices

Will be provided progressively irrespective offices and "Will be provided progressively irrespective of which any obstitutions of minimum in revenue and instant without any conditions of minimum." 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 revenue.

> (7) Places with Police Stations under the charge of an Officer of the rank of a Sub Inspector of Police or above Conf. it

Condition for provision of Public Call O'E.es go the er suffice

Candition for provision of Combined Offices

Tae anticipated revenue should be at least 23% the ARE (Annul Registring Expenditute) in ordinary access, and 15% of ARE in backward careas, and 15% of ARE in backward careas, and 15% of ARE in backward careas, and 15% of ARE in billy areas.

of 'The anticipated revenue' should be at least 23% of the ARE (Annual Recurring La-Producted in ordinary areas, and 15% of ARB in backward areas and to% of ARB in hilly areas. 20 (3/4)

(a) In Car of the co ' (θ) Out of the way places? *.

- 1011 6 4 5

Condition of provision of Public Call Offices

(a) Should be beyond to King (radial durance) from

(d) To a unspated revenue should be at least 25% of URB in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in back-wird-area, and 10% ARE while areas

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*F (1,41 Canditions for provision of Combined Offices

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n girae (a) Should be beyond 20 Kms (radial distante) from an existing, Telegraph Office.

(b) The anticipated revenue should be at least 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in backward areas, and 10% of ARE in hilly areas

(c) The anticipated vi. loss frahould to report toxed Rs 2,000/s p.a.; in ordinary areas and Rs. 5,000/s p.a in backward/

abilly areas in married for 1-16

(9) Tomisifpilgrimage centraspariculturallirrigation/poner, project situs/tennehits.

Condition for provision of Public Call Offices Condition for provision of Combined Offices

(d) The anticipated revenue should be at least 25% (a) The anticipated revenue should be at least of ARE in cedinary areas, 15% of ARE in 25% of ARE in ordinary areas, 15% of ARE in the backward areas and 10% of ARE in high areas. ARE in backward areas, and 10% of

ARE in hilly areas.

(b) The anticipated loss should not exceed Rs. 2,000/- pa. in ordinary areas and Rs. 500/- pa. in backward/billy areas.

(10) All Other Stations.

Conditions for provision of Public Call Offices.

Condition for provision of Combined Offices.

On the basis of financial viability.

On the basis of financial viability.

VOTE .

- For considering the population figures, the population of the town or village airne should be taken into account and not that of a group of town or villages except in tribal areas where a group of villages within a radius of 10 Kms. from a central village can be considered.
- No telegraph Office should be opened on loss if another relegraph office is already working within 8 kms. of the proposed office.

पुरुषों सीर महिलाओं की मजूरी में वियमता

Havana Summit of Non-Aligned

3513. थी राजेन्द्र कुमार शर्माः क्या संसदीय कार्यत्या श्रम मत्नी यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या देश के विभिन्न उद्योगों में पुरूप मौर महिला श्रमिकों की मञ्जूरी को दरों में झन्तर हैं। बीर
- (च) यदि हा, तो इस विषमता को दर करने केलिए सराकार ने स्था कार्यवाही की है?
- संस्थात कार्य स्वय पान गाँवी (भी राजीय कार्य) (मू त्या राज कार्य कार्य स्वय पान गाँवी विश्व क्षार्थ) हिंचान्य में पूरव राज्य की विश्व क्षार्थ क्षार्थ क्षार्थ क्षार्थ की मनदूरी में विध्यान क्षार्थ कार्य के स्वय क्षार्थ के मनदूरी में विध्यान क्षार्थ कार्य के साम राज्य की राज्य कि राज्य के साम राज्य की राज्य की राज्य के साम राज्य की राज्य के साम राज्य की राज्य के साम राज्य की राज्

3544 SHRI AMAR ROY PRADHAN: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AF-FAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that some countries have shown their reluctance to participate in the Havana Summit of the non-aligned; and
- (b) if so, the names of the countries and their reaction in connection with the Havana Summit?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (CSHIR SAMARENDRA KUNIUI); (a) and (b). The Conference of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of non-aligned countries held in Belgrade in July 1972 confirmed the decision taken at the time of the Colorbo Summit that

the Sixth Summit Conference of the Non aligned Countries should be held in Hayana in September, 1979 While it is customary for the Non-aligned to take all decisions by consensus. Zaire, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Kampuchea, Central African Empire and Gabon expressed reservations concerning this decision

Written Answers

Separate facilities of X-Ray for CGHS. Beneficiaries

2545 SHRI DAYA RAM SHAK-YA. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased state

- (a) whether it is a fact that separate facilities of X ray for C.G.H.S. Beneficiaries do not exist in the Saldarnang Hospital.
- (b) is it also a fact that when CGHS Doctors prescribe X-ray to the Patients they have to go to general X-Ray Department and the reports of such X-Rays are received in the CGHS dispensaries after fortnight or so, and
 - (c) will Government consider to open a separate X Ray Department for C.G.H.S beneficiaries to avoid such delay?
 - THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE (SHEL JAGDALIBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) Yes, Sir The C.G.H.S. beneficiaries are referred to the X-ray Department of the Saldarlong Hospital, which is located in the same premises
 - (b) No, Sir The X-ray reports are received in the respective C.G.H.S. Dispensaries within 5-7 days from the date of the X ray
 - (e) No such proposal is presently under consideration

Medical Specialists

252

3546 SHR! DAYA RAM SHAK\A. -Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that Medical Specialists for different diseases like Medicine, Skin, Eye are available in the CGHS. Wing at Safdarlang Hospital but for Orthopaedic problems the CGHS beneficiaries have to go to the general hospital, and
- (b) if so, whether Government will consider to provide a Orthopaedic Specialist in CGHS Wing along with X Ray facilities so that Government servants are not harrassed and they are provided advice in such cases lmmediately?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE , (SHRI JAGDAMEI PRASAD YADAVI. (a) Yes, Sir Orthopaedic cases of CGHS beneficiaries are seen in the Orthopaedic OPD of the Safdarjung Hospital which is situated in the same premises It caters to the public as , well as CGHS beneficiaries.

- (b) No. Sir The existing arrangements are satisfactory 13 '
 - प्रति स्ववितं विकित्सा स्वय
- (35.87.० भी हुकम चन्द्र कछवाच 👵 म्या स्वास्त्र कौर परिवार कत्वाच मधी प्रति व्यक्ति पिकित्सा, ब्यय के बारे में ६ मार्च, 1978 के ताराकिन प्रान संस्था r 626 के उसर के सक्छ में यह यदान की हमा नर्रे কি. ä.
- (क) क्या कन्द्रगरनार तथा सन्त सरकार द्वारा पादिषणे में किया गया प्रति व्यक्ति व्यक्ति व्यक्ति 1974-75 में 38 84 रुखे था भीर मदि हा, तो ग्या " वद 1976-77 और 1977-78 में इस में वृद्धि करने या काई प्रस्तान था, यदि हा, को स्था उस में वृद्धिका गई थी,,००००
 - (घ) विद हां, ता किनती, बीर

ं (ग) क्या सरकार अब तक किये गये प्रति व्यक्ति ध्यम से सन्तरह है; यदि नहीं, तो त्या सरकार विदेशी राहापता लेने के पक्ष में हैं, और यदि हां, तो इस बारे म जिन फिन देशों के साथ बातचीत चल रही है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जगदभ्बी प्रसाव यादव): (क) ग्रीर (ख). प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय 38,84 स्पर्य था जो कि राज्य और केन्द्र, दोनों सरका रे द्वारा किए गये प्लान और वान-प्लान चर्च पर माधारित है। 1975-76 में पीडिचेरी में स्वास्थ्य संबंधी प्रति व्यक्ति खर्च जो 50.04 रुपये हुआ था वह 1976-77 में घट कर 49.42 रुपये हो गया । वर्ष 1977-- 78 के आंकडे अभी संकलित किये जाने हैं १

(ग) पांडिचेरी में स्वास्थ्य मेवाडों को सलभ करने की स्थित में सधार लाने के लिए केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारें भरपर प्रयास कर रही हैं और राज्य सरकार को राज्य और सेन्द्र प्रायोजित विभिन्न योजनायों को कार्यान्वत करने के लिए योजना आयोग द्वारा स्वीकत परिश्यय के अनुसार सहायक्षा दी जा उड़ी है।

1976-77 में गांडिचेरी में स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्मो कर हो योजना छर्च 28.11 साक रुपये हथा था. बद्ध 1977-78 मैं बढ़ कर 30.82 साख स्थये हो

मरकार किमी भी राज्य विशेष के लिए विवेशी सहायता नहीं मांग रही है । वैसे बाहरी देशों ने मलेरिया नियंतण, ग्रंधता निवारण, विकित्सा सहायता शिका को नया रूप देने आदि वैसी हमारी कुछेक राष्ट्रीय मोपनाओं के लिए नहायता दो है। किसी राज्य विशेष ने स्वास्थ्य क्षेत्र के कार्यशम के लिए निश्चित किए गये समग्र योजना परिच्यम में सारे देशगत और विदेशी साज-सामान दोनों की तलक मिलती है।

प्रति व्यक्ति चिकित्सा व्यय

3548, श्री हक्त चन्द क्छब्द्य क्ल्याण व्या स्वास्थ्य स्रीर परिवार मंत्री प्रति व्यक्ति चिकित्सा व्यय के बारे में 6 क्रप्रैल, 1978 के ताराकित प्रश्व संद्या 626 के उत्तर के संबंध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे वितः

- (क) स्था केन्द्रीय सरकार और राज्य सरकार क्षारा हिमाचल प्रदेश में वर्ष 1974-75 में प्रति व्यक्ति चिकित्सा व्यम 17, 10 रुपये फिया गया या और वदि सं. तो पना वर्ष 1976-77 मीर 1977-78 में प्रति व्यक्ति व्यय बढाने का प्रस्ताब या:
- (थ) यदि हा, तो कितना बढ़ाने का विचार ar:
- (ग) बवा सरकार सब तक किये गये प्रति व्यक्ति रवय से नन्तप्ट हैं। और
- (प) यदि नहीं, तो क्या सरकार प्रन्य देखों से कोई सहायता वेने के पश में है और उन देशों के नाम

. क्या है जिन के साथ इस प्रयोजन के लिए बादचीत की वा खो है ?

स्वास्थ्य और पौरवार फल्याम मेतालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जगदन्त्रो प्रसाद यादव: (क) सांद (ख). प्रति व्यक्ति व्यव 17, 10 समये या वो कि राज्य और केन्द्र दोनों सरकारों द्वारा किए गये प्लान ग्रीर नात-'सान वर्षे पर आधारित है। 1975-76 में हिमाबल प्रदेश में स्वास्थ्य सर्वधी प्रति व्यक्ति वर्ष जो 19.36 रुपये हमा था वह 1976-77 में वड़ कर 20. 77 रुपये हो गया । वर्ष 1972-78 के सर्व हे मांकड़े ग्रमी संकलित किए जाने हैं।

(ग) केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारें हिमाचल प्रदेश में स्वास्थ्य सेवायों को सुलभ करने की स्थिति में सधार बाने के लिए भरवर प्रवास कर रही है और राज्य सरकार को राज्य भीर केन्द्र प्रायोजित विभिन्न योजनाओं को कार्यान्दित करने के लिए योजना प्रायोग द्वारा स्वोजन परिव्यव के अनसार सहायता दी जा रही है।

1976-- 27 में दिमाचल प्रदेश में स्वास्त्य कार्य-कमों पर है। योजना खर्च 87, 75 साल स्पर्ये इस्रा था बह 1977–78 में बढ़ कर 139.14 लाखे रुपये

(प) सरकार किसी भी राज्य निशेष के लिए विदेशी सहायता नहीं मान रही है । वैसे, दूसरे देशों ने मलेरिया नियंत्रण, ग्रंधना निवारण, चिकित्सा मिक्षा को नया रूप देने प्रादि जैसे हमारी कुछक राष्ट्रीय योज-नामों के लिए सहायता थी है। किसी राज्य विशेष के स्वास्त्य क्षेत्र के कार्यक्रम के लिये निश्चित किये गये समग्र योजना परिव्यय में सारे देशनत ग्रीर विदेशी साज-सामान दोनों की अलक मिलती है।

. Repair of Delhi Telephone Cables

KUSUMA KRISHNA 3550. SHR! MURTHY; Will the Minister of COM-ATIDNICATIONS be pleased to state;

- (a) whether Government have realised the utter need to repair the Delhi Telephone cables; and
- (b) whether Government have also realised the need to allow the Members of Parliament to make use of the facility of trunk calls without charging with an annual ceiling limit as in the case of local calls?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH-DEO SAID: (a) The underground

capie network in Delhi Telephone System was functioning normally until August when there was very heavy monsoon and unprecedented floods. A large number local cables connecting subscribers and junction cables bely cen these eachanges and other exchanges in Delhi network were damaged Repairs to these cables were delayed due to high flood water level thefths etc. But this has Action is being heen completed. taken for replacing progressively the cables which have suffered excessive damage

As long term measures for improving the performance of the cable system gas pressurisation of junction and primary cables is being undertaken

(b) No Sir no such scheme is un dor consideration

Apprentice trained by factories

3551 SHRI H K. MHALGI Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AF PAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to cfafe

(a) how many apprentices Apre selected and trained by various tories of Bombay during a period of last three years

(b) how many of them have been absorbed by the hara factor es and by other concerns and

(c) how many of them are still un employed and

(d) whether there is any proposal under consideration of Government to secure an employment for them?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIA MENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARNA) (a) 13,275 apprentices 1 . 1/

(b) and (c) According to the avail able data approximately 12 339 have heen absorbed and 436 are on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges awaiting employment at the end of December 1977

(d) No Sir The basic of ective of the Apprentices Act, 1961, is to equip the apprentice with skills in his trade so as to enhance his employability Normally in filling up vacancies in their establishments employers give preference to apprentices passing out from their own establishments

Dispute between Bank Managements and workers

3552 SHRI CHITTA BASU the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleas at what stage do ed to state the conciliation proceedings in regard to the industrial disputes between Bank managements and their workmen re presented by different Trade Un ons at present?

THE MINISTER OF PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARNA) As regards the dispute between the work men working in the nationalised banks, Commercial Banks State Bank of India and its subsidiaries represented through All India Bank Finployees Association and Indian National Bank Employees Congress and the banks managements over revision of wages etc next meeting has been fixed on the 13th and 14th December 1978 at Bombay

In the dispute between the Reserve Bank of India and, the All India Reserve Bank Employees Association representing Class-III employees over revision of wages etc. the conciliation proceedings were held on the 7th December 1978 and postponed to a date to be fixed later on

In the dispute about the Class IV workers of Reserve Bank of India raised by the All India Reserve Bank Workers' Federation, the discussions are in progress.

In the dispute about the Class III and IV workmen of the Reserve Bank of India raised by Ali India Reserve Bank workers Organisation, the discussions are in progress.

Vaccination of newly born children

3853 SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state.

- (a) what is the procedure being followed by Government hospitals, sided hospitals and maternity centres to vaccinate small pox medicine, polio etc., to the newly born children in these hospitals.
- (b) whether it is a fact that the facility has been withdrawn and such cases are directed to vaccinate their new-born children after discharge from hospitals; and
- (e) if so, the details and if not the reasons as to why some of the New Delhi hospitals have not admaistered such vaccination to the nearly man in this past particularly in 1978?

National Policy on Mineral Industry

- 3555, SHRI K. MALLANNA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government have formulated any national policy on the development of mineral industry including decanolisation of manganessore for the purpose of export; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): (a) No. Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Development of Trade Union

3356. SHRI K. MALLANNA: Will the Minister of PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleaced to state:

(a) whether Government have Liken steps to encounage the formatical functioning and development of trade unions by the rural workers in accordance with the spirit of LLC. Cute ention on Burul Workers' Becommendance and Survey Steps to the Constitution and

of rural workers The National Labour Institute and the Central Board of Workers Education have organised rural labour camps in a number of States to develop leader ship skills and to help rural workers in strengthening and developing their organisations Arising out of a Special Conference on Rural Unorganised Labour a Central Standing Committee on Rural Urorganised Labour has been set up recently advise Government among others, on various administrative and legislative measures to improve the socio economic conditions of the rural un organised workers and for promoting the growth of their organizations The Industrial Relations Bill introduced in the Lok Sabha on the 30th August 1978 enables the employees in agricul tural operations to form trade unions and have them registered.

Transfer of officers maintaining records of examinations

SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN Will the Minister of COMMUNICA TIONS be pleased to state

- (a) whether a few officials and offi cers of the P&T Board are responsible for the upkeepment of answer books. compilation of marks maintenance of secrecy of candidates of various exa minal ons (including Departmental) conducted by the various Circles/D stricts/P&T Roard
- (b) whether transfer of such offi tials are not made frequently and
- (c) what action Government propose to take to make frequent or timely ro tational transfers to avoid any monopoly by them or suspicion?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH DEO SAI) (a) Yes, Sir There is a Service Selection Board assisted by a Departmental Examination Section

Wnitten Answers the P&T Directorate to handle exami pations conducted centrally by P&T Board, and held in various circles

(b) and (c) Transfers of officials who are continuing in the same post/ Section for a long time are being effected in a phased programme

प्रति व्यक्ति साथ

३५५६ को धनुना प्रसाद शास्त्री स्था सनदोव काय तथा धर्म मन्नी यह बताते की क्रमा करते कि

- (क) त्या कृषि श्रमिकों की श्रीत स्पक्ति ब्राव के बारे में ब्राकड़े एकत करने के निय विभिन्न सन्यों म नोई व्यवस्था की गई है यदि हा तो देप 1978 के लिये तत्सनधी भाकडे क्या है
- (ख) क्या थतमान मृत्य स्तर ग्रीर वर्ष 1951-52 को तुलना म उनकी बतमान प्रति व्यक्ति माय कम हो गई है भीर
- (ग) यदि हां दो इन श्रमिको के लिय पूरे वय में रोजपार की व्यवस्था करने हेतू उनकी प्रति व्यक्ति धाय राष्ट्रीय मौसत के बराबर साने क लिय बना उपाय किये जा रहे हैं है

थम तया सस्वीय काय मन्नातय में राज्य मनी (थी सारा साय) (क) से (ग) सूचि श्वमिका की प्रति व्यक्ति माथ (राज्य-वार) है सब्धित मूचना बल्का । उपनव्य नही है । उपलब्ध सबना के बनसार वय 1961-62 और 1976-77 र्फ तिए होष थमिको वी मुद्रा सजदूरी एव बास्तविक मजदूरी सबधी स्थिति इस प्रकार है —

	मुद्रा मजदूरी (स्पयो में)	वास्त्रविक मञ्जूरी (स्पयो में)
1961 62	1.70	

ग्रीसत्तर प्रतिदितः प्रौगतन प्रतिदिन

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1961 62	1 76	1 66
1976-77	4 95	1 64

≹ुपद्र पच दर्घीय योजना 1978–83 म सर्थि काह साधना की दामीण खेली की क्षीर मोड़न को व्यवस्था की गई है भीर इस धरात क दौरान बारीम विकास सबसी सस्यागत विश्व को छोडकर सरकारी देख में प्रमुमावित परिजय 23,925 मंत्री स्थाप स्याप स्थाप स्याप स्थाप स्याप स्थाप स

प्रामीण स्वास्त्य योजना

2011/1 (200-1 200)

3559, श्रो युवराज : श्रो एम० रामगोपाल रेडडॉ :

न्या स्वास्थ्य और परिचार करमाण मनी यह दताने की क्या करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या गत वर्ष क्लाई गई बानीण स्वास्थ्य योजना ने कुछ तेजी तो पकड़ी यी परन्तु जसी वर्ष भन्न भ्रमण्ड हो गई :
- (ध) क्या चिरि विकास प्रध्यपत सस्यान ने एक सर्थेक्षण किया था तथा यह पाया था कि यह योजना अपने उद्देश्यो में असप्टन रही है ;
- (व) यदि हा, तो स्था इस योजना की रियान्त्रित पर किये जा ग्रे व्यर्थ के व्यव को श्रेतने की व्यवस्था की आवेगी; और
- (घ) यदि हा, तो कब तक ग्रीर यदि नहीं तो इसके क्या कारण है ?

स्वतस्थ और परिषद क्याण प्रकारत में स्वाप्त मंत्री (श्री अवस्थि आहा आहा) (%) व्ही, व्ही ! पूरू से ही प्राप्त स्वाप्त अंतरा अत्य अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्या अत्य अत्या अत्य अत्या

- (श) 12 दिसम्बर, 1978 के "टॉइन्स साथ इतिया" में इस बाबम को एक रिपोर्ट छपी रहें।
 - (म) मीर (घ). ये प्रान नही उटते ।

Industrial Accidents

- 3560, SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM: Will the Minister of PARLIAMEN-TARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR be pleased to state;
- (a) how many such industrial accidents have taken place in various industries so far since 1st January, 1977 due to which employees have died;
- (b) were all the deaths due to fault of employees or also due to carelessness of employers, and
- (c) what efforts Government has made to reduce the rate of such industrial accidents in the Indian undustries?
- THE MINISTER OF PARILIA MENTARY AFFAIRS AND LÁBOUR (SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA). (a) according to the information received from the Director General, Pactory Advice Service and Labour Institutes, Bombay, the provisional figure of fatal industrial injuries since 1-1-1977 upto 30-9-1978 is 93-9-1978.
- (b) No figures are available to indicate as to whether the deaths were due to the fault of employers or due to the carelessness of the employers. Cases of deaths resulting from accidents in factories are generally investigated by Pactories inspectorate of the concerned States to find out the cause and for responsibility if any carelessness is involved.
- (e) The Act was recently amended to strengthen selfely provisions. The Act now provides for apportanent of Safety Officers in every factory wherein one thousand or more workers are ordinarily employed and whoreun, in the opinion of the State Covernment, any manufacturing process or operation is carried on, which process or operation involves only risk of bodity injury, poisoning or disease, or only other bazard to health, to the persons employed in the finctory. As major

percentage of accident in factories is attributed to human foctors the Director General, Factory Advice service and Labour Institutes Bombay Central Labour Institute and Regional Labour Institutes conduct training courses for all levels of management and workers

दित्ती के प्रामाण क्षत्रों में घौषधालय

3561 थी हरगोविद दर्मा स्त्रा स्वास्थ्य भीर परिवार कत्याण मती यह बतान की कृपा करग कि

- (र) क्या सरकार_़ ने दिल्ली में 5000 जनमध्या वास प्रायक ग्रामीण क्षत में एक प्रीप्रधानव योजन ना निषय निया है
- (य) यदि हा सो दन वह मुख्या समक दश में जी नायगी भीर
- (ग) यदिहा तो क्द तक और यश्रिका aो उसके क्या कारण है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवाद करमाण महालय न राज्य मर्जो (थी जगदम्बी प्रसाद गादव) दिल्ली प्रजान न रिल्ली क प्रानाण इतावाँ में 10 000 जी जनसम्बा के लिय एक भौरधानव स्रोजन की एक सोजना का प्रस्ताव किया है।

(ध) फीर (व) राज्य परशास ने इन प्रस्ताव पर रिनार करना है तथा इस प्रयनी सर्वात मानताचा म भामित करार है।

रेस में शकपरों का कोला जाता

3562- भी हरवाविन्द बना थी गुबराज

÷या संचार मता मह ददान दी हुन्न करवे

- (क) स्था जनता पाउ क ससाहद्र होत क पत्रात पामान क्षत्रों म द्वाहपर कोर गण है भीर धर्नि हां दी वितन डारुवर खाने नव'
- (य) का समृद दम म सचार जुकिनाका का ध्येताथा करने के लिए बोद जागवकद बायजन बनावा नवा है चीर

(त) पदि हा ता इनना त्व तक विवादिक दिया जाएगा और इसके धनगत शामीण क्षेत्र म नितन वरोजवार व्यक्तिक का रोजवार दिया अध्या ?

सचार मदालय में राज्य मत्री (श्री नएहरि प्रसाद सुखदेव साय) (क) जी हा ता ग्य 1-4-77 से 31-10-28 वंग 4617 डास्पर योर जायके हैं।

(ख) मीर (प) बाक मुक्कियाचे - दा गर में दोत्तर (४) बाक मुख्याय - वर नर में दोत्तर धोतन रा किये समयगढ नार्यक्रम नहीं है। पनवर्षीय योजना (1978-83) धीर नार्यिक मोबना 1978-79 में डाक-सुविधा के निस्तार ना सक्त इस प्रशाद है --

> ব্ৰৱৰ্মীয় वापिक याजना मोजन 1978-83 1978-79

श्रीप जान वाल डाश्चर 25 000 5 000

गाना में चरते किरत

द्यास्या। के जीता

नाएका ।

काडण्ड मुख्याए दना 50 000 गाव 10 000 गाव नियक रिए जरन वात

विनागतर एउट 50 000 10 000

नगरए जान बाल सटर दस्य 2 50 000 50 000

बार दिस्तार याजना क ध्रष्टीन पचत्रपींब बोजना (1978-83) के रोचन देहाती न्यास

म करार 1 000 000 लोगों का राजगार निया

ार मुविधाएँ

चान् ष्वस्पीन बाजना की बर्वाद्य (1978-83) क बीयन 15 000 साम्बनिस ट्योसीन व सारपर धोले जान का प्रस्तात है । 1−4∽78 से 15-11-78 की प्रकृषि के दौरान देश भ 451 सावजनिक टलांकानघर घोर 382 संबुक्त हारू तारघर यात १ ए ह ।

मोदिय यस्तम बन्त ग्रस्पात में घोती

3563 भी हरकोवित्र वर्षा क्या स्त्रास्थ्य धीर परिवाद बल्यान नहीं यह बलान नी कृपा करग कि

(क) बड़ा नइ दिल्ला स्थित कोथिय यह बम पन मरवदान म प्रकृतर 11978 में नोरी हो र्धं यो . .

- (स) पदि हा, तो हितनी समि बोरी हुई ; सीर
- (न) बया इस संबंध में सभी तक कोई मुखन नहीं मिल पाया है?
- स्थास्त्य सीर परिवार कस्थाण मंत्रालय में राज्य नांती (श्री जगरमनी प्रसार यादव): (क) वो हा।
 - (च) ३६,९३५. ६० स्पर्वे।
- (म) यह भागता जाब पड्वाल के लिए दिल्सी पुलिस में रिकस्टर करा दिया नवा है ।

Copper deposits in Karnataka

- 3564. SHRI P. RAJAGOPAL NAI-DU: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:
- (a) whether copper deposits were found near Aladehelli area of Hassan District in Karnataka; and
- (b) if so, the estimated copper in that zone?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SIRE RARM MUNDA): (a) and (b). Copper mineralisation, has been located in the main zone of about 15m, in Aladehell-Selehalli-Dasspura belt in Aladehell-Selehalli-Dasspura belt in Aladehell-Selehalli-Dasspura belt in Cansantiaka. The tentative estimates of reserves of copper for any about 1.8 million tonnes containing about one per cent copper. Investigation by drilling is being carried out.

Number of Advisory and Consultancy Posts in Indian Missions

3565. SHRI SUKHENDRA SINGH: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of Advisory and Consultancy posts in the Indian missions abroad country-wise;
- (b) the criteria, terms and conditions laid down for the selection of the advisory-personnel:
- (c) whether Government have undertaken any review regarding the functioning of these officers; and
- (d) whether Government propose to increase the number of these posis?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHIRI SAMANENDRA KUNDUD): (a) There are no advisory and consultancy posts as such in Indian mission abroad. However, missions may engage consultants and advisory for specific and specialized work with the prior approval of the Government.

- (b) No general criteria have been laid down. Terms and conditions for engaging such personnel depend upon local conditions and requirements of the 10b.
- (c) and (d). The functioning of personnel engaged for specific work on advisory and consultancy basis is constantly assessed and evaluated by Government.

मध्य प्रदेश में बास्ताइट, कोधला तथा लोहे पर झाधारित उद्योग

3566. जध सक्ष्मी नारायण पांडेय: श्री गोबिन्द राम मिरी:

न्या इस्पात कोर छान मन्नी यह बताने को कृपा करेगे कि :

- (क) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार का विशास मध्य प्रदेश में यहा उपलब्ध वायसाहर, कोयसे और सोहे वर अध्यक्ति कार्याने स्थापित करने का है ;
- (ख) गरि हा, तो क्या इस प्रयोजन के नियं कोई सर्वेक्षण निया गया है प्रयस्त, गन् किसी सर्व्याप्त बत हारा की गई हिस्सारियों है बाह्यर पर कोई कार्यवाही के गई है प्रयस्त किसे जाने की संभावना है।

Construction of road in Pak occapied Kashmit

2-70 SHRI RADUSAHER PARILE. WAR Will the Minister of EXTERNAL. AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) are Government aware that in the Indian territory in Kashmir under Pas occupation , a road connecting Saardu and Yark at an altitude of that the entire expenses will be borde 19000 feet, through the mountain pass is being constructed by Chinese and that the entire expenses will be borne by China.
- (b) whether Government propose to take any action in the matter so as to prevent China from constructing this road and
- (c) if so, what action Government propose to take and if not, the seasana?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU), (a) No Sir

(b) and (c) Do not arise

Malautrition in Children

3571 SHRI BRIJ BHUSHAN TI-WAR? Will the Minister of HEALTH AND PAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state

(a) whether Covernment is aware of the suggestion to constitute separate commission for examining the causes of malnutrition in children and suggesting remedial measures by Dr C. Gepalan, Director General of Indian Medical Research and

(b) if so, Government's reaction thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDANBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) The Ministry of Health and Family Westare is not aware of any such suggestion

(b) Does not arise

linne Therany

3572 SHRI RASHEED MASCOD: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased state

(a) whether the Central Council of Indian Medicine has recognised unne therapy as a valid method of treatment of different diseases, and

(b) if so, what are its details*

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV) (a) No. Sur

(b) The Central Council for Research in Indian Medicing and Homocopathy, New Delbi, has taken steps to investigate the efficacy of Urine therapy for treating various ailments

Unsatusfactory working of STD Services

3573 SHRI MONORANJAN BHAK TA Will the Minister of COMMUNI CATIONS be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government is 9% at , that STD service between stations is not working satisfactors and the lines are often out of order
 - (b) if so, what remedial steps atbeing taken to improve this service,
 - (c) whether according to the present procedure no written communication is sent to the telephone subscribers with regard to provision/suspension of STO facility as when done earlier if so, the reacons thereof,

- (d) whether this practice is causing confusion in billing purposes and there is no proper record maintained for the purpose; and
- (e) if so, what steps are being taken to follow a proper and fool proof procedure in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHHI NARHARI PRASAD SUKHI-DEO SAI): (a) the STD services revorcing, satisfactorily by and large. But on certain routes difficulties have been experienced by subscribers in getting stations, connected on STD. This has been mainly due to fact increasing STD treffic, on most of the routes opened so far. Specific difficulty is also felt occasionally when there as failure of transmission media.

- (b) (i) More circuits are being provided to relieve conjection. (ii) Alternative: transmission routes are also being planned to prevent total failure of service.
 - (c) At present STD barring/reconnection is done on written request from the subscribers. In some cities infimation is given but not in others. The question of following a uniform practice ingiving infimation to subscribers is under coasideration.
 - (d) No, Sir. This practice is not causing confusion for billing purposes for which proper record is maintained.
 - (e) Question does not arise as far as billing is concerned. However, for subscribers convenience the question of intimation is being considered as indicated in (e) above.

Opening of new Telephone Exchanges in Orissa

3574. SHRI SARAT KAR: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be

- (a) whether any time bound programme for new telephone connections and to open telephone exchanges has been framed by the Central Government for the State of Orissa.
 - (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) whether there is any proposal under the consideration of Government to arrange telephone connections to the applicant in the State of Orissa within 24 hours?

THE AINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ... COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH-DEO SAI): (a) and (b). Within the limitations of financial and material resources new telephone exchanges are being opened and new telephone meetions provided continuously to meet the growing demands for telephone and over finds including Original or for telephone all over finds including Original services.

- In Orissa 3 new exchanges were opened and about 1000 new connections were provided during 1977-78. During 1978-79 two new exchanges are expected to be added and about 1500 new connections are expected to the provided.
- (c) No, Sir, in the present stage of development it will not be possible to provide telephone connections within 24 hours in most of the places.

Indians in Pak jail

3575. SHRI AHMED M. PATEL:

American Butto

SHRI-AMARSINH V.

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL

AFFAIRS be pleased to state: (a) the number of Indians detained

- in Pakistan as on December, 1977;
- (b) the number of Pakistanis held in India as on December, 1977;
- (c) the number of persons released during the current year by each Gov-

ernment:

276

- (d) the number of persons still in India and Pakistan vice versa
- (e) the steps taken by the Governments of India and Pakistan to get their persons transferred mutually?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) (a) According to information received by us from the Government of Pakistan as well as other sources about 300 L.dian nationals were under defention in Pakistan as on 31st December 1977

- (b) 430 Pakistanis were held in India as on 31st December 1977 under Preventive Detention
- (c) During the current year Paks tan has so far released 115 Indians and India released 460 Pakistanis
- (d) About 250 Indians are still in Pakistani jails according to information received from Government of Pakistan and other sources. All Pakistanis held under Preventive Detention have seen relessed
- (e) Venfication of details of persons whose names have been supplied by the Government of Pakistan is being expedited Pakistan Government has been approached to release those persors immediately whose cases have already been verified Effort is continung to get all remaining detainees released as early as possible

Allocation of funds for expansion of Postal and Tele-communication Services in Maharashira

3576. SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N PATH, Will the Minister of COM MUNICATIONS be pleased to lay a stalement showing

(a) details regarding the funds al located for expansion of postal and tele-communication services in Mahasaibles during 1978 79 under various

- (b) details of actual utilisation of funds so far, and
- (c) the provision of funds proposed. for 1979-80 for function of postal and tele-communication services in Maharashtra with salient features and allocation of funds in respect of the important schemes proposed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. (SHRI NARHARI PRASAD SUKH DEO SAI) (a) POSTAL Rs 480 lakhs have been allocated for expansion of nostal services in rural areas. The schemes consist of (a) opening of Branch Post Offices (both stationary and mobile) (b) provision of postal counter facilities to villages, (c) planting of letter boxes and (d) appoints ment of ED Agents for clearance of letter boxes and strengthening of daily delivery

TELECOM. Funds to the extent of Rs. 39 18 crores have been allocated for expansion of Telecommunication Services to Maharashtra during 1978-79 under various schemes

(b) Postal

Rs. 248 lakhs apent till 31st October. 1978 on expansion of postal services

Telecom

Actual utilisation of funds in retpect of Telecommunication services in Maharashtra during 1978 79 under various schemes comes to Rs 1075 crores upto the end of October, 1978

(c) POSTAL

The postal expansion schemes already in operation in 1978 79 will be continued in 1979 80 as well. The PM.G. has placed a demand for Rs. 1081 lakhs for these schemes in the year 1979 80 Final allocation has not been decided by the Government.

TELECOM

The provision of funds proposed for Telecommunication Services in Maharashtra with salient features and allo-

portant schemes proposed is yet to be finalised.

Arogya Dakshata Mangal, Pune

3577. DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT; Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Aragya Dakshaia. Mangal Pune has drawn attention of Government that the multinational manufacturers and other pharmaceutical companies manufacture drugs which are toxic, irrational and superfluous and sell them through the media of attractive advertisements under the garb of Forter.
- (b) whether such formulations are costlier to the consumer irrational and excessive in their preparation, causing waste of money and national resources;
 - (c) whether the new Drug Policy of Government envisage setting up permanent Drug Review Committee at Central and Stafe Levels on the battern existing in various other countries; and
 - (d) what is the reaction of Government to such drug formulations for vitamin and analystic use containing larger proportion than are required by human metabolism?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI-LY WELFARE (SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV):(a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) The pricing is done by the Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers after proper cost accounting.
- (c) The attention of the State Drugs Controllers has been drawn to Goyent ment of India's decision in regard to the elimination of irrational drug combinations or use of ingredients in

- (d) The State Drugs Control authorities have been requested by the Directorate General of Health Services to enforce the following conditions and also call for the necessary data and evidence before licencing the manufacture of any patent or proprietary medicines, so as to ensure that the products manufactured:—
 - (i) contain the constituent ingredients in therapeutic/prophylactic quantities as determined in relation to the claims or conditions for which the medicines are recommended for use or claimed to be useful;
 - (ii) are safe for use in the context of the vehicles, excipients, additives and pharmaceuticalaids used in the formulation and under the conditions in which the formulations for administration and use are recommended:
 - (iii) are stable under the conditions of storage; and
 - (iv) contain such ingredients and in such quantities for which there is therapeutic justifica-

Régarding patent and proprietary medicines containing vitamins for oral use, a new Schedule has been incorporated in the Drugs Rules specifying the maximum limits in respect of individual vitamin content.

्रम्मक **दानों में** दुर्गटनाएं

3578. रोतलालभी प्रसांव वर्मा: वया संसदीय कार्य तका अन मंत्री यह बताने भी कृपा करने कि:

(क) वचा यह सब है कि 24 सक्तुबर, 1978 को सबज बाल भूगिक कल्याण संस्त्रन, कमाँ (बिहार) के बिकिस्सा स्विकारी, उनकी बल्ली धीर छन्व क्लेबारी एक पुंधेना में दूब्दी दूर भारे गर्व के :

- (ख) यदि हा dt सरकार ने भतरो के न्यरियास क जीवन निर्वाह क निए सहायता देने हत भव तक क्या कायवाही की है . मीर
 - (ग) क्या सरकार का विकास सबको के गरिशासे मो मुसादज क रूप म 20 से 25 इसार राप्ये की रागि दत का है ?
- भन तथा महरीय कार महानय में राज्य मडी ्रं(भो तारण साम) (क) वो हा।
- र्थ (ख) और (ग) मनका के परिवास को जीवन निर्वाह के निष् महायता दन हत् निम्त निधित उपाय किये गए हैं ---
- (I) 18000 रुपये (मनना क प्रायक परिदार क लिए 2 000/- राज्य की बनराति प्रत्यहर-प्रक्रमन्त्रातीत रूप में सना की बई ŧ 1
- (2) प्रमक परिवार को तत्काल राहत के स्पामें 1 200/- स्वये का नवद भुगनान किया स्या । (धन राशि का मनिष्य म देव राशि ने साथ साम जब किया पानवा ()
- '(3) कंद्रीय सरकारी कमकारी बीमा बीजना के मधीन प्रयक्त सबक व परिवार के निष् 5 000 - स्वये नो राधि क मुण्यान को बीप्र ही व्यवस्था की जारही है।
 - (4) 24-10-1978 तक क स्पृटी वर्तन वा भूवतान कर दिवा पदा है ।
 - (5) परिवार विगन ग्रेन्युटी बना पृद्दी क बदल नवर भूगतान मनिष्य तिथि वा अतिम सरकी और निवमानुसार शहुब धनिरिक्त महनाई पत (प्रतिबाद जमा योजना) की नापती की मीच ही बसवा की ना प्ही
 - (6) चार मृतका के मानिता को पहले ही निर्मान प्रस्ताव प्रवा गया है। इस मामसा म माथिती नो शेवगार दन की सम्बादनाका पर महिन्द हुन वे विचार हिमा जा रहा

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Realth Proposals

3579 SHRI DURGA CHAND the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMI Will LY WELPARE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have final ised the health proposals received from various States for the Sixth Five Year Plan
 - (b) if so the details thereof
- (e) the details of the proposal recented from Himachal Pradesh Govern ment for the Sixth Plan
- (d) what decision Government have taken thereon and
- (e) the allocation made or proposed to be made for Himachal Pradesh dur ing the plan year-wise and for what purpose¹

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMI LY WELFARE ((SHRI JAGDAMB) PRASAD YADAV) (a) and (b) No Sir the discussions with States/Union Territories Governments for 6th Plan 1978-83 and annual plan 1979 80 .re being held according to the schedule of discussions

(c) The Government of Himachel , Pradesh have proposed Rs 1325 lakhs for health sector for 6th Plan 1978-83 The details are as under

3 -1 9 - (Rs. m lakhs)

(s) Rural Health Programmic 199 00 (11) Control of Communicable

Discases 203 93

to (111) Hospitals and Dispensaries 62 23 (iv) Medical Education and 7.

Research 245 00 (v) Training Programme 400

(vi) ISM & Homeo J.- 250 00 (un) Other Programmes 69 80

20

. . ł 1 1 TOTAL 1325 00

Jose ~1 =

(d) and (c) The proposals are likely, to be discussed from 25th January 1978 ato' 30th' January' 1979 and the alloca tion made will be known thereafter

श्रीलंका के अर्थायक सम्बन्धों के बारे में समझोता

3580. थी विजय जमारमस्त्रोदाः विदेश मंत्री यह बढाने की छपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या भारत धीर श्रीलका के बीच हाल ही में प्रार्थित संबंधों के बारे में कोई नमशीता इमा है।
- (ख) तमा भारत का विचार कोलबी सवाध न्यापार जोन में पर्नी निवेश करने का है। और
- (ग) सदि हा, तो फितनो पत्री निवेश करने का प्रश्ताय है ?

विदेश मंद्रालय में राज्य मंद्री (थी समरेग्ड कुण्ड): (क) राष्ट्रपति जयवधेन की भारत की हाल की बाद्धा के दौरान इस बात पर सहमति हुई कि दोनो देशों ही सरकारे व्यामार बड़ामें के तरी के और श्रीतका के सब्बत ब्यम में भारतीय पूंची निवेश को श्रीरताहित करने के लिए एक-वसरे देश में बतीस्तर पर प्रतिनिधि-मंडल भेजेंगी । इस निर्णय के अवसरण में श्रीसका के व्यापार ग्रीर जहाजरानी मत्ती में 7 से 9 दिसम्बर तक भारत की याजा की और वयने याणिवय मक्षी के नाथ विचार-विसर्ग किया i जिम विषयो पर बालचीत हुई उनमे शुल्क दर संबंधी तरबीह, सबुसत उत्तम, पर्यटन सबर्धन, चाय के संसाधन और विषयन के लिए सहकोन की पहाला यादि वामिल थे ।

- (च) कोलस्थो मुख्य कापार क्षेत्र में नजी निवेश का अन्य असम असम संगठकों के निर्णय का विषय है। भारत सरगहर उस पर गहमत है कि यब कभी ऐसे मामले प्रतात किए पायेने चन पर ऋग्लग कारेपाई की नाएगी । इस सवध में सभी तर वोई दिशिष्ट मानहा प्राप्त नहीं क्ष्या है।
 - (य) प्रश्न पही उदमा ।

Names of Chairmen of Public Undertakings

3581, SHRt L. L. KAPOOR: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES to pleased to state the names of Chairmen of the Public Undertakings under his Ministry with the dates of their annointment and qual fications and their previous assignments during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA); The required information in respect of the public undertakings under the Ministry of Steel and Mines is given in the annexure. The following undertakings under the Department of Steel are, however, presently headed by a Managun; Director only:-

- 1. National Mineral Development Corporation Limited,
- 2. Indian Iron and Steel Company Limited.
- 3. Metal Scrap Trade Corporation. Limited.
- 4. India Fue Bricks and Insulo' Company Limited.

83	Watten A	(neveti		CEMBER 15,		Writte		
week to the second seco	ar 1973 Y	=	Manglag Directo Bokato	Monaging Durestor, Merdinapl- sal and Inglaceing Consoli- ante (India) I td	worteg B. (Clvif), 1 chow Member of Managhing Directs, Middian Indian of Englices (India) - Riceleorly, Cambrach I d.	Genral Manager (11), National Miseral Development Corporation Thused	General Superintendent (upto p. 76) and Managing Discetor, Bokaro Stref Huited.	Managing Director, Indian less & Steel Campony Limited
	Quddicatom	â	no Gyo. 185c. (Metallings)	(Chen.), M.Sc., in Juri schuclopy Com imperial Minge of Minge & Tech- ology, London, D.I.C., I on- on	Bi (CAM), Ichow Memberof Inditate of Engliseis (Indla)	to 0.75 Bec, Alyki, in Mulny Lagineeting.	4 6-77 11 Ve. Lugae (Mech. & Heet.)	a-1a-76 BA (Cemblace Hous), LA 9
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,	Name of Chalmant Chalman ettin Manag	Di P. I. Agrawal, Chriman	Mrd N. C. Khanna, Chalem in-Chan-Man- aging Director	Shrl K. C. Mrl att, Chaleman Com Manag ing Director	Shel B G Billekar, Cladinan-Cuni Matage Ing Director	Strf O. P. Vauleya, Chaliman-cons-Munage J	Miri S. Namarapanpayan, Chataman (Part-dure)	Shil V, L. Dar, Chalman (Pertaine)
(4)	Haure of Pullic Unling	speel Authority of adla Hadred	a. Natremakh from Oar Coa Hinked	Mealingful & Lung. Gundam (In the Lenited, mg. Gundam	Hindustan Steel works Construction Limited	5 Muquen Ore (India) lad	6 Marat Refrectories Edutical	7 Sponge fron India Limited
	ž.	-	•	•	-	~	9	

Siri P. K. Taul, class, def-77 II.Sc., R.E. (Meto.). M.I.E. (India). & Akill. (Loudon) every. Julial Step Plant Chairman (Pair-time). 11-979 II.Sc. (Meto.). Engge.) II. Project. Alanager, Hamiston (Pair-time). 11-979 II.Sc. (Met. Engg.) II. Project. Alanager, Hamiston et def-7 and there also the construction of the construct
(4 🛱 " '
Alani Ore Limited SGO Enation Pipe & Foundry Co., Lid. Hindwan Opper Led. Hindwan Zhoe Led. Minred Exploration Corporation Limited Fed. "wang Gold Mines Limited Bharst Alumer Allenge Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Allenge Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Alumer Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Fig. Bharst Alumer Alumer Fig. Bharst Bharst Alumer Fig. Bharst B

M.P. went for Hal

3582 SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHVED Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state

- (a) the names of the Parliament Members who went for Har' after the recommendation of Government last two years and what is the criteria or selection of members for Hat, and
- (b) whether it is a fact that some members are sent again and again during the last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU) (a) The Honourable Member is pernapa telerring to the Members of Parliament included in the Haj Goodwall Delegation sent by the Government to Sauch Arabia on the occasion of Hor The names of those Members of Parliament who were included in the delegation in 1977 and 1978 are given below

1977

- 1 Shra Araf Baig Minister of State for Commerce Cital Supplies and Cooperation.
- 2 Shri Byed VI Sceed Murtage 1978
- l Shri Factur Remman Minister - of State for Ever

Shri Hamid Ali Shamad

" Delgation cales on the King

1 lignifarie, of Saudi Arabia "t to that country, the (6) are the rear are is done on the scheming of the pointers, continued the pointers, continued to the pointers, continued to the pointers, continued to the pointers. tural and journal-thy fields

(b) No. 512

Setagis statue li Panguen

3513 PROF SALAR GUHA-Will the Minister o EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to the

(a) whether the Gament of Burma serred to allow t cetting up

- of a statue of Netoli Subhas Chandras Bose nearabout Rangoon, and
- (b) if so whether any sten has been taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE. MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFARES. (SHRI SAMARENDRA KUNDU): (a) The Government of India have not made any formal request to the Government of Burma for the setting up of a statue of Netan Subbas Chantra. Bose in Rangoon

(b) Does not anse

नर्शने पराची को नाजरी

3564 झाउ रामजी सिंह . देया बिल मही-यह बताने की क्या करेंग्रे कि 1

- (क) क्या सरकार का प्र्यान दिनाक 27° बन्द्वर 1978 के टाइम्न प्राफ शहबा (बम्बर्) -में अशिक्त इस समाचार थी बार दिलावा गया है कि मारन नजैन पदार्थी ही वस्त्र भी का प्रमुख ने दान जायेगा, और यदि हां, तो इस सबध में
- (छ) वद 1971 सं 1976 तर में। सर्वारा कें बोच प्रत्यत वर्ष में धीर असने बाद भी वितन मृत्व की करन प्रयोग, गाजा ग्रादि पुरुष्ठे गी ।

यव तह क्या कायबादी की सद्हें।

- (ग) क्या बौक्षित के अप में नगैली पोतिया को भाव बहुत यह बई है , झौर
- (व) का सरकार सा विचार नदावन्दी यानना व यदीन उनकी बिजी पर प्रतियात समाने बाहरे

वित मही (भी एवं एमं परेंस). (क) सरकार को मिला दिलाडी ने यह पता जाना है कि मू-वीमामां क मार्-धार परित्रमा देशा में स्थित र्थोतम गल्दम्य स्थानो कडिय की लाउड़ानारी-वाटिक बोधीं इच्या यो, तस्तरी में लिए भारत वा पारतमन बद्ध के रूप में इस्तेमान रिया जा रहा है। इप सम्बन्ध में भावश्वक उत्ताव विवे गर्दे हैं विवर्ते बारशोदिक ग्रीपींग द्रम्यों के जन्यादन, उनकी साने से बान , उनकी बिजी, मादि पर. क्ट्रा क्यितण रखा जाना भी शामिल है। नारलादित धौषवि दण्यों की हस्करों के विसी भी प्रयास को धरायल बनाने के लिए निवासका भीर न्या मूत्रमा क्मेशरिया को सटक भी रधा नामा है ।

(घ) 1971 से 1978 (31-10-78) की भवधि के धौरात पकड़ी गई चरत प्रादि का मूल्य स्ववत्य में दिया गवा है है

(य) सम्प्रकाः "नषीती गोनिया" शब्दों का संकार मनः प्रभावी पदायों को ऐसी निर्मितियों से हैं, जिनका दुश्योग किया जा सकता है। संस्कार को प्राप्त रिफोटों के अनसहर, देस में इस प्रकार के मनः प्रभावी पदार्थी की खपत में बृद्धि की कोई तिस्वित प्रवृत्ति नहीं है।

(प) इन प्रीपधि द्रव्यों को दिक्षी पर रोक बनाने का ऐसा कोई प्रस्ताव नहीं है। फिर भी मन: प्रभावी पदावी बाती बीचीवरों को विश्वी को पहने से हो बीचीठ धीर बीवरी प्रशासन प्रीवित्तपत और उपके प्रधीन बनावे नवे निवसों के उपकर्षों के क्षरीन विनिधीन दिक्षा बचाँ है।

जिल्लाका

			(44(4		
	qt	i	पकड़ी गई [अफीम का] मुख्य द० ुमें	एकड़े निये माजे का सूरव रु० रें	पकड़ी गई चरस का मूल्य २० में
	1		2	3	4
1971			55,37,972	5, 26, 46, 268	12,68,625
1972			87,16,679	2,23,23,260	23,98,726
1973			80,31,119	1,48,81,763	20,99,703
1974			92,25,491	1,77,30,956	8,27,989
1975			60,85,809	68,68,796	16,97,432
1976			79,33,619	4,62,79,673	17,96,630
1977			45 00,327	19,41,091	20,65,116
1978* (31-10-78)	٠		33,53,485	77,86,578	21,48,693

ैद्रांकडे ग्रवन्तिम हैं।

Nomines of LF.C. on Board of Synthetics and Chemicals Limited

3585. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a fact that one nominee of LF.C.I has been placed on the board of synthotics and chemicals limited to keep a strict watch over the affairs of this company; (b) if so, what is the framework of his overall duties and vigilence against the existing gross mismanagement and squandering of funds by executives and employees of this company; and

(c) why the Government do not place one more nominee of LIC to ensure proper vigilence over the affairs of this company?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) It is a fact that the industrial Finance Corpora-

3623 LS-10.

202

tion of India (IFCI) has rominated a Director on the Board of Synthe' cs Tymofed on Sist July and Chemicals 1972

- (b) The nominee director is expect ed inter-cha to take active interest in the over all management policies vith out rierference in dur to day no himof the company Apart from looking after the roter sty of the IFCI has a also expected to ensure that the operations of the company are conducted on healthy lines and that the company does not indulge in any practices which tught be prejudicial to the inferests of the company and the financial institu tions
- (c) As the Lafe Insurance Corners tion has not dishursed any loan to this Company as yet and has a mens e share holding at has not appointed a director on the Board of Synthetics and Chemicals Limited However General Insurance Corporation of In dia has since decided to nominate a director on the Board of the score Compan)

G P Fund Statements to Civilian Employees

3086 SHRI DAYA RAM SHAKYA Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether G.P Fund Account slips in respect of civilian employees of AFHQ/Army HQ are being issued offer more than a year of the due date
- (b) every year about 30 per cent to 40 per cent employees are complaining regarding discrepancies in their GP Fund Accounts and what reme dial measures have been taken by the authorities concerned
 - (c) whether there is less or even no discrepancy in the GP Fund Accounts of the civilian employees of Naval Headquarters and Air Headquarters,
 - (d) why the proposal of maintain DE G P Fund Accounts as in NHQ and Air HQ is not being implemented to AFHQ/Army Headquarters side,

- (e) how much time is being taken a CDA concerned to finalise the GPF after the retirement or death of the individual and
- (f) how much runnimum time will to taken by the authorities concerned to supply the correct statement of second of GPP to the individuals concerned in future?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) G P Fin: Account sups for any inpancial eaare generally assued within 8 to 10 months of the close of that financial vest

- (li) Representations received from civilian employees for re-conciliation. of discrepancies in their G P Fund Accounts are referred to JCDA (Funds) for re-concultation JCDA (Funds) makes every effort to sort them out in consultation with the Army authorities concerned in addition. the Chief Administrative Officer of the Ministry of Defence also denutes officers to visit the Office of JCDA (Fords) to assist him in the actilement of these discretatines
- (e) Discrepancies in the G P Fund Accounts of the civilian employees of Naval Headquarters are reported to be of the order of 4 to 5 per cent la the case of Air HQrs such discrepancies are reported to be negligible
- (d) Arssing out of an item raised by the Staff side of the Departmental Council of the Ministry of Defence a committee of Officers is currently examining the mechanics of decentralising the Provident Fund Accounts of Defence civilian employees
- (e) In cases of retirement/death the accounts of the individuals concerned are finalised generally within one month from the date of receipt of the final settlement proforms provided that the documents are complete in all respects

(1) The accounts of a financial year . . . (c) it so, what are the details thereare closed by the 15th August of the following year. Thereafter, a magimum terior or a months as required to prepare and amply the G. P. Fund statements to all the subseribors

Amount paid by LT.C. for use of Foreign Trade Marks

3387, SHR1 S. S. DAS: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether his Ministry are aware that Rupaes 4.9 erores was paid by ITC to its parent company in England for the use of 'Foreign Trade Marks'; and
- (b) has ITC got a clearance under Section 28(1)(c) of FERA, if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL); (a) No. Sir. No. amount was allowed to be remitted by I.T.C. to its principals in the U.K. specifically for use of trade marks.

(b) Does not arise.

M/s. Sew Narayan Khub Chand, Calcutta

3588. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: WILL the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) what are the names of the concerns owned by M/s. Sew Narayan Khub Chand, Calcutta;
- (b) what is the initial investment of M/s. Sew Narayan Khub Chand at the commencement of its business in the country:
- (c) what is the total capital invested by this firm in each of their sister concerns at present;
- (d) whether Indian Government have received any complaints relating to evasion of Income-tax;

- of: and
- (f) nature of action taken by the Government in regard thereto?
- MINISTER OF FINANCE THP (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) M/s. Sew Marayan Khub Chand is a partnership firm which has been assessed to Income-tax from assessment year 1944-45. The Income tay records do not indicale the names of the concerns in which M/s. Sew Narayan Khub Chand has invested or is interested.
- (b) The initial investment at the commmencement of its business is not available as per Income-tax records, as the matter is more than thirty years
- (c) The information will be collected and placed on the Table of the House.
 - (d) No. Sir.
- (e) In view of answer to part (d), does not arise.
- (f) In view of answer to part (e). does not arise.

Provision for Major Subsidies for 1978-79

3589. SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total provision for 1978-79 towards major subsidies set up by the Planning Commission; and

(b) what are the items and priorifies for each item?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). The total provision for 1978-79 towards major subsidies item telee is indicated in the attached statement. Since these are already provided in Budget, the concerned Departments can utilise the allocations and the question of priorities does not arise.

Statements

Most Subsidia included in B.E. 1018-79

No	Name of the subsety	M _{10,05} lry/Deptt	Procision (Rs. in crores)
ı	Food subsidy .	Deptt of Food	450
2	Assistance for export promotion & market development	Ministry of Commerce	261*
s	Sulmittee on regetable oil	Depts of Greal Supplies & Coperation	Se- 8
ł	Subsidies to indigenous manufacturers of phosphatic feruliser	Deptt of Igraculture	7
5	Subadies for fertilizers under retention price wheree	e Deptt of Chem & Fertilize	X3 (22
6	Subsidy on controlled cloth (Mill sector)	Deptt of Industrial Develop	Mocot 21
7	Subsidy on import of cotton	Deptt of Industrial Develop	ment 2
8	Interest subsidy to Khadi and Villag Industries Commin	e Deptt of Industrial Deve meat.	dop-
9	Solutedy to Electricity Boards for levy alumi	D=# 45	
10	Tetra control conservation	. Deptt of Power . Deptt of Steel	20 7
	Cale to a mi	Dept of Mines	9
15	Subudy to New Industrial onits in selecte backward areas	ed Deptt of Industrial D)c,c- 15.
1	Subsidy to Shipping Development Fund	. Ministry of Shipping and T	tur.
•	4 Subsely for this building industry	Ministry of Shipping and I	Frans. 7
15	Subsidy for Transport of Coal	. Depit . of Coal	ú
_	Total (11-)		, 1038
	*Supplement		

^{*}Supplementary grant of Rs 40 cross obtained in July, 1978

3599. SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Subregional Employment Exchange, Rasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi had sponsored a number of registered candidates for selection as Peons and other class IV cadres in the Ashoka Hotel New Delhi in response to the datters requisition (in year 1978);
- (b) whether it is also a fact that nepotism and favouritism were adopted and some candidates although sponsored by the employment exchange by this process were totally ignored and/ or were not allowed to be heard by the Hotel management;
- (c) whether also, the concerned employment exchange brought irregularities to the notice of Hotel Management many times after the sponsoring and no action has so far been taken on them and even no reply is yet forthcoming; and
- (d) will Government explain how and when such correspondence had taken place, what was the motto behind this callous attitude and the details of recruitment made by this hotel and /or proposed to be made and the numher of posts for which recruitment has to be made from this list?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOT-TAM KAUSHIK): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d). No, Sir. A Memorandum of Settlement was signed between the management of Ashoka Hotel and the representatives of workers of Ashoka Hotel as result of the agitation of the Trade Unions functioning in Ashoka Hotel for the regularisation of daily rated employees on 17th May, 1978, As a result of this Settlement, in the interest of maintaining cordial industrial relations, the vacant posts were filled by regularising the daily rated and casual workers who were in continuous service of Ashoka Hotel New Delhi for the past several years. It was, therefore, not possible to consider outside condidates

The above decision was conveyed on 28th June. 1978 to the Regional Employment Exchange, Kasturba Gandhi Mars New Delhi who wrote to the Management of the Ashoka Hotel on 5th July, 1978 requesting for information regarding type of vacancies notified particulars of daily rated empioyees copies of agreements signed with the Trade Unions and recruitment rules concerning LT.D.C ments. Copies of the agreement with the Unions and recruitment procedures concerning Ashoka Hotel have since heen supplied to the Employment Exchange.

Under the above said Settlement, out of 202 daily rated employees, 138 employees have been regularised. After the regularisation of the remaining 64 daily rated employees, the candidates sponsored by the Employment Exchange will be considered against future vacancies subject to their suitabi-

Rejections in Garment Exports

3591. SHRI Ş. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUP-PLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there have lately been heavy rejections in garment exports especially in the polyester cotton blended fabrics;
 - (b) if so the reasons therefor;
- (c) what is the position regarding the rejections in woollen fabrics and handloom cotton garments; and
- (d) what steps are being taken to improve the quality of the exportable goods and bring such rejections to the lowest possible level?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMPERCE AND AND COOPERA-CIVIL SUPPLIES TION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) No Sir

- (b) Does not arise
- (c) There has also not been heavy rejection in woodlen fabrics and mand loom cotion garments in general except incidental higher rejection on occasions owing to defects.
- (d) The following are some of the important steps taken to improve the quality of the exportable goods

A The actual defects along with causes for rejection are furnished to the applicants against each offer so that they can take remedial measures to improve upon the quality

B Monthly inspection findings giving various details of occurence of defects and cause for resection for each exporting mill along with the corresponding all India figure are supplied for taking corrective measures

C Surveys are conducted on various quality parameters in case of bulk deals in order to improve upon the quality.

Curbs on construction of 5-Star Hotels

3592. SHRI JANARDHANA POQJA-RY Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have put curbs on the construction of five star hotels in the country,
 - (b) if so, whether tourist traffic has been affected by these curbs, and
 - (c) if so what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOT-TAM KAUSHIK) (a) In future Gov erament does not propose to give incentines such as interest subsidy on loans etc. for the construction of 4 There is objection and 5 Star hotels however to the Private Sector going in for such four and five star hotels on their own without any incentives from Covernment

300

(b) and (c) No. Sir

Bigger Plane Service between Calcutta and Bhubaneshwar

3593. SHRT PARITRA MOHAN PRADHAN Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION he pleased to state

- (a) in view of the fact that people travelling in plane directly from Calcutta to Bhubaneshwar (Orissa) and from Delhi to Bhubancshwar via Calcutta are defauned and harassed for not getting accommodation in the plane flying from Calcutta to Bhubaneshwar, whether Government will beger plane service from Calcutta to Bhubaneshwar; and
- (b) whether Government are thinking to ply a direct plane service in between Delhi and Bhubaneshwar of course with landing at one or two Tlaces?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOT-TAM KAUSHIK), (a) and (b) capacity provided on the Calcutta-Bhubaneshwar sector is adequate to meet the present traffic demand, However, depending upon the traffic potential Indian Airlines would consider introducing a bigger plane on the service to Bhubaneshwar as soon as the work of recarpeting the runway is Seleirmos

Grant of Advance Increment to Section Officers

- 3594 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state
- (a) whether the Ministry have issued orders for grant of advance increment to the Section Officers

- have put in some specific years of service and with very good service record and details of such orders issued, and the number of section officers who have been benefited us a result of this decision and the rationale behind such order;
- (b) whether Governmet are aware that quite a large number of officers in Class-II and Junior Class-I Technical and non-technical category are stagnating for want of premotional opportunities/avenues and large number of them have reached the maximum of their scale;
- (c) will the Government consider grant of additional increment to Technical and non-technical officers in class-II and Junior class-I service on the basis of their service performance after completing the efficiency bar and provide for the next grade freespective of the vacancy after reaching the maximum to the officers who have very good or excellent record of service; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) The Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms have issued orders granting to Section Officers, who were in posttion on 1st July, 1959 and those promoted from among Assistants (regularly appointed) who were in position on Ist July, 1959, two additional increments, one at the stage of Rs. 816 in the scale of Rs. 550 (Rs. 710)-30-740-35-810-EB-35-880-46-1000-EB-40-1200, or on completion or three years of service. whichever is later and another at the stage of Rs. 960-or on completion of six years of service. whichever is later. This benefit is allowed only to those officers who earn 'Very Good' or higher grading. As Section Officers' grade is a de-centralised one, information about the number of officers who have benefited as a result of this decision is not readily available.

Prior to 1st July, 1959, there were two grades of Section Officers, viz.

Grade III Rs. 275 (325)-25-500 and Grade II (Rs. 530-30-800). Vacancies in Grade II were filled up by promotion from Grade III wholly by seice. tion on merit. On the recommendations of the Second Pay Commission. the two grades of Section Officers were merged into a combined grade in the pay scale of Rs 350--(400)--900 w.e.f. Ist July, 1959. The benefit of additional increments is intended only for such of the Section Officer/Assistants as could have aspired for promotion to the old Grade II and can more or less be considered as a comnensation for the loss of promotional prox-

- (b) Information in this regard is not available in the Ministry of Finance.
- (c) and (d). No such proposal is under consideration of the Government.

सहकारिता ग्रान्दोलन

3595. श्री युवराज : क्या वाणिज्य तथा माग-रिक पूर्ति ग्रीर सहकारिता मंत्री वह बताने की कुना करेबे कि :

- (क) क्या भारत में काफी धर्ते से सहकारिता ग्रान्दोलन चल रहा है, बदि हो तो कब से ;
- (च) क्या सहकारी समितियों के सदस्यों की संद्या कड़ नई है, यदि हां, तो किकवी ;
- (न) व्या राष्ट्रीय प्रश्नेन्यस्था में महत्वारी में महत्व को देवते हुए रव वायरीवन में साहतीनराज को दशका हुए रव वायरीवन में साहतीनराज को दशका हुए तो सीर महत्वारी स्वरुत के सिंद मीति, प्रश्निया साहि कर अपने प्रश्निया, प्रश्निया साहि के बारे में कार्यरण है सिंद में साहि में कार्य में तियो, एवं पर्श्नीय साहि के बारे में कार्यरण है बार में कार्यरण है पर्श्निय साहि है कि पर्श्निय साहि है कि प्रश्निय साहि स्वरुत्त करवा धाननक हो स्वा है । बीर में
- (म) यदि हो, तो वह कव तक नियुक्त किया आयेगा धीर सहकारिता संबंधी विधियों में कब तक संबोधन किया आयेगा ?

वाजिल्य तथा मार्यारक पूर्वित छोर सहस्तारिता संज्ञासय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री कृष्य कुमार गोयल): (क) मारत में सहकारिता आन्दोलत 1904 में सक्ष किया गया था।

- (व) भी हा । प्राथमिक बहुवारी समितियों की स्टब्स स्टब्स 1950-51 में 137 लाख स बहुबर 1977-78 के मन्त में सबमय 700
- स्कृतर 1977-78 के समय में नवमय 700 सांस तक पहुंच वह है। (१) भीर (४) सहसारिता ववधी मानीच नियस्त करने दा प्रस्ताद सरकार के विचाराकीन

àί

युवरता में वह बाफ बरोडा की शासाबों हारा क्या के क्या में दी गई धनशांग

· ३५१६ मो होतूमाई समिन स्या बित्त सन्नो प्रत्यनाने की क्या करेंगे कि

(क) 1977 से जून, 1978 को प्रवंधि के पीरा जूनरात के जूरन निर्म में मानकी, धीनपा, कुक्तुच्या, क्यांत्र, क्योंत्रीजा के कि पात वरीता की जागाया द्वारा क्ष्म के का में हुक किनती बन रावि बी पई बीर उनका ज्ञानक क्या का में हुक किनती बन रावि बी पई बीर उनका ज्ञानक क्या का मोर उना के का में

(य) उस किनाला और शुनिहोत खेलिहर मजुरी की इन साधामां द्वारा कुलो के दल में मज्बीत राजि भी गई है और गईद हा, तो इसके बना कारण हैं और इसके लिए नीन उत्तरदायी है

(ग) क्या यह नन है कि कैंक झाफ बड़ीश बीड कैंक हाने के बाबबूद बोगो को इन बालाया को कम गाला में ऋण प्रान्त हुए ,

(व) स्वा इसके लिए उत्तरराजी व्यक्तियों के विद्धा कोई कायबाठी करने का मरझार ना विनार है .

(इ) क्या इत शाखामा से महिलन्दनीय वरुरकों के लिए ऋग प्राप्त करने में सीयो की गहाबता करने के लिए नरकार कोई कार्यशहो करेगी; धीर

के रें

वित्त सती (भी एवं। एमः। परेत्त): (६) वेड मारु बड़ीदा की साखाया डाए दिवे वर्षे 'सूच निर्मानिवित हैं ---

> बाता को सन्त्रा वितयोगित एवि

मांदवी बाखा होत्यद	76	2,17,000
बनारा बनारा	354	3,19,000
इर नेतिया	91	3,50,000
इंडल्क्स	75	60,600
	20	1,14000

(य) ये (क) देव प्राप्त करोता ने बनावा है कि उनको साथायों जाय प्राप्त साथायों कर कर दूसाव्य के प्राप्ता पर और के त्याप किसीटि स्थितची के मनुबार विवार किस जाता है। वंड, स्थान के इसवार नयों के प्राप्त करायों को पूर्व करने की पूरी कोवित कर रहा है।

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- (इ) बोर (द), बरागि शेव के बेकों के दूर गुनीश्वत करने के निये कहा गया है कि शामित और स्वर्द-बर्गि धोड़ों में नृतामें की प्रीचार और स्वर्द-बर्गि धोड़ों में नृतामें की पीड़िया कर का शोबाड़ उन्हों शेव में कार्य भी पीड़िया के मार्च भी मार्च है। हिने बार्ग आर्थ मार्च म
 - (1) प्राफ्तीण क्षेत्र के कमबार वर्षी को सहाजता देने के तिये पठित की गई एस॰ एक॰ डी॰ ए॰, डी॰ पी॰ ए॰ पी॰ धादि जैसे विसेष धीमकरणों के कार्यक्रम ।
 - (2) विश्वेदी स्वाव दर यावता विश्वके मत्वर्गण उन्हें पाने ऋषों का कम से कम एक प्रतिक्षत इपि सहित आपनिकटा प्राप्त सेत्रों में ठोटे ऋषों को स्वाय करने के लिये, 1 प्रतिकत की दर पर प्रदान करना है।
 - शानीय धर्म स्मरत्या के पहुनुको धौर समय विकास के लिये बाम सगीकरण योजना ;
 भौर
 - (1) मधन दानीय दिसास कार्यकम केप्रस्तर्गत सामदायिक खण्ड का संपन विकास ।

Survey for Construction of Janaia Holels

3507 SHRI AHMED M. PATEL: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) what is the latest position in regard to construction of Janata Hotels in the country;
- (b) whether any survey has been conducted in this regard, and
- (c) the site selected and details of accommodation of Janata Hotels to be

constructed in each city?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK). (a) to (c). The Five Year Plan 1976-83 envisages the construction of Janata Hotels at 4 metropolitan cities of Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta and Madras, The other centres where Janata Hotels will be constructed in the Central Sector - will be determined 'after a survey is uidertaken and depending upon the availability of funds.

The Government has approved construction of a 1250-bed Janata Hotel (Ashok Yatri Niwas) at Windsor Place. New Delhi at an estimated cost of Rs. 300 lakhs. Construction work has commenced and the hotel is likely to he completed in phases during 1980-81. A site measuring 3 to 4 acres has been selected in Madras for construction of a Janata hotel, located adjacent to the Madras Corporation Building and the Central Railway Station. The Department of Tourism is also liaising with the State Governments of West Bengal and Maharashtra for selection of suitable sites in Calcutta and Bombay. In addition, certain State Governments e.g. Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Tripura and Union Territory Administration of Goa, Daman and Diu have evinced interest in the construction of such Janata hotels. In addition 41 enquiries have so far been received from private entrepreneurs regarding setting up of Janata hotels.

The Department of Tourism has set up a Study team which has been assigned the responsibility of going into the question of determining the methodology for conducting surveys, in order to determine the quantum of accommodation required at selected centres

विदेशी ऋण का उपयोग

3598. श्री एस० एस० सीमानी : नया विस मंत्री यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि :

(क) गया गता दो वर्षों के दौरान निदेशी क्षण प्राप्त करने के मागले काफी कड़े हैं ।

वि वि हों, सो उपरोक्त अवधि के दौरान सरकार द्वारा देश-बार कितनी राशि के विदेशी ऋण लिये गये और किन भनों पर और उनका उपयोग फिन विकास कार्यत्रमा के लिए किया गया : धीर

(र) ऋणों का उपयोग वस्ततः किस हद तक किया गया और पूरा उपयोग न करने के क्या कारण है ?

वित्त मंत्री (थी एच० एम० पटेल) : (क) जो, नहीं । जबकि वर्ष 1975-76 में विभिन्न डिपसीय भौर बहुवसीय एवंसियों के साथ 2057.64 करोड़ रुपवे की स्कम के ऋण करारों पर इस्ताक्षर किए गए थे, वर्ष 1976-77 स्रोर 1977-78 में कमश: कस 983,60 करोड व्यक्त और 1559.43 करोड रुपए के कथ करारों पर हस्तावर किए गए ।

(ख) यह सवाल पैदा ही नही होता ।

(ग) जबकि वर्ष 1975-76 के दौरान 1404.80 करोड़ स्पए के विदेशी अरुपों को इस्तेमास किया गया था, वर्ष 1976-77 मीर 1977-78 में यह घटकर कनश: 1263,89 करोड़ रुपए और 933.20 करोड़ रुपए का रह

. सहायता का इस्तेमाल करने की गीत धीमी हो गई है जिसका भट्ट कारण यह है कि प्रना-रॉप्ट्रोंप विकास संघ जैसे बहुपक्षीय दाताओं से प्राप्त होते बाली कार्येशम सहायता परियोजना से सम्बद्ध सहायता में बदल गई हैं। कुछ :द्विपक्षीय दाता भी सपनी सहायता का एक बंदा भाग विशिष्टं परियोजनामीं ने निए हाँ दे रहे हैं । ऐसी परियोजनाओं के स्वरूप में भी परिवर्तन हो गया है और अब ये परियोजनाएं प्रक्रिक्तर इपि, तिजाई, पाम विकास ग्रादि से सम्बद्ध होती है जिनकी यदि स्वाभाविक रूप से धीमी होती \$ 1

कछ मामलों में. सहायता का इस्तेमाल इसलिए कम हमा स्वोक्ति सहावता प्राप्त परियोजनामी फी , विए सहायदा की राशि के भुगवान की गति धीमों थी । कुछ ग्रन्थ मामलों में, उपकरको की . जंबी कीमतें, कतिएव वस्तुम्रों का पर्याप्त मात्रा में उपलब्ध व होना, दाला देशों द्वास कम से कम देसी बत्तुओं को ऋण के धन्तर्गत पुनः पूर्ति का पाल मानने पर और देना मादि उँसी वार्ते सहायता के भुगतान की धीमी ग्रति के खिए निमंदार

Scr

।टट बर प्राप्त बोसानर एग्ड अयपर को बीतवाडा राजा को प्राप्त ऋप से प्राव्यत एव

Written Answers

२.०० भी राजसास मोकाजी च्या जिल मबाक्टबनान भी प्रपानराकि

(क) स्टड वैंड प्राप्त बीकानर एन्ड जबपुर की भीनवाडा साथा ना भीनवाडा जिने के डथ करमा बनस्या से ऋण के निय हिनन धावदन पत प्राप्त हम और निनन बावरका की खण मजर दिया पथा है

(ब) इस समय हिनन बाबेदन पत्र तम्बित वे और उसके क्या शास्त्र है और

(न) नरमरद्वार इस क्षारे व क्या कारकात की या उद्दी है ?

वित्तमदी (श्रीष्टर एम • पटल) वें को प्राप्त हुए सभी प्राथना पत्ना वो सुमृद्द वर दिया गया है।

- '(ख) वोई नहीं :
- मि) प्रश्त नहीं उदला ।

Bevelopment of Chamnagarh as a Hill Station

3600 SHRI RAJE VESHVESHVAR RAO Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a spot near Bhamnagarh by name Kuwakodi in Chandrapur District in Maharashtra which is about 4000 feet above sea level, which could be turned into a wonderful hill station, and

(b) will the Government of India ask the State Government to take up this case?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION PURUSHOTTAM KAUSRIKI and (b) State and Union Territories have been requested to classify Tourist Centres proposed for development into three categories, viz.,

(i) centres which are only of local importance.

(ii) centres which are of national importance visited mainly by do mestic toimets

(in) centres which are of national and international importance

As Kuwakodi near Bhamnagarh is mainly frequented by domestic tourists, its development will fall within the purview of the State Government The State Government is being requested to consider this scheme in their overall programme

Construction of Airports/Airstrips at District Head Quarters in Maharashtra

3601 SHRI SANTOSHRAO GODE Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government consider to construct small Air ports or Airstrips at every district Head-quarters as demanded by the people of Maharashtra, and

(b) if so, what is the detailed programme?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK and (b) No Sir., However, Kulhapur, Ratnagiri and Nanded nerodromes in Maharashtra State are likely to be developed for operation of air services under the third level air services scheme which is under the consideration of Government

Vectomization of 15'e he arance Corporation Employees

3602 SHRI SAUGATA ROY SHRI VAYALAR RAVI

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether the General Insurance Corporation has victimised a large number of employees especially in the Southern Region,

(b) if so reasons thereof,

(c) whether the Minister has received memorandum signed by large number of MPs on this issue: and

(d) if so, reaction of the Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). A section of the employees of the New India Assurance Co Ltd. had started an agitation especially in the offices located in the Southern Region to press their demands relating to restoration of rate of provident fund contribution, sick leave on full Lay, bonus to all employees, absorption of temporary employees against declared permanent vacancies, etc. Some of these demands relate to the general insurance industry and not to New India' alone. During the course of the agitation some of the employees had indulged in grave and serious acts of indiscipline and misconduct in the premises of the Company. They gheraged the Senior Area Manager and other at Madras on 27-9-1978 and 4-11-1978. The management was. therefore, compelled to suspend the members of the Managing Committee of the Southern Region Employees' Association and a few other employ-

(c) Yes. Sir.

(d) Following the discussions which the Deputy Chief Labour Commissioner (Central) had with the representatives of the management and the union in Bombay, a settlement was reached on 9-12-1978. The agitation has since been called off and further action on the outstanding demands will be taken in accordance with the terms of the settlement,

Tourism Ministers' Conference held in New Delhi

2603, SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SAR-KAR: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to

(a) the details of the participants in the meeting of States Tourism Ministers and the details of the proposal nut forward by the States State-wise for the promotion of tourism in the States; and

(b) the details of the Tourism development programme at in work of the States, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) and (b). The conference of Ministers of Tourism of all States and Union Territories was held in New Delhi on 17th November, 1978 under the chairmanship of Union Minister of Tourism and Civil Aviation. The Ministers/Chief Commissioners Tourism of all the States and Union Territories attended the Conference with the exception of the Tourism Ministers from Arunachal Pradesh. Gujarat, Mizoram and Pondicherry,

The main objective of the Conference was to select 2 centres in each State/Union Territory for the development of tourist facilities in the Central Sector. The details of the schemes, the manner of implementing them and the expenditure to be incurred within available resources, will be finalised in consultation with the State Governments.

Loss suffered by Air India due to leaders strike at Bombay

3604 SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN-DIA: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION he pleased to

(a) whether as a result of loaders strike at Bombay Airport recently, the management of Air India had to suspend cargo and mail booking; and

(b) if so, assessment by Government of the loss suffered by the management on this account?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU. SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (b). There was no loader's strike in Air-India recently. Air-India's operations were also not affected by the strike by loaders of Indian Airlines at Bombay between 28-10-78 and 18-11-

Finance of Land Development Programme in Maharashtra

3605 SHRI ANNASAHEB GOT-KHINDE Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Meharashtra Land Development Copporation has been pursuing the matter of obtaining flaance for carrying out land development programme in the command areas of irrigation projects from the Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation and from the Na tonalized Banks sance 1973.
- (b) whether no finance has been made available by these landing institutions to the said Corporation during the last five years, and
- (c) if so, the steps being taken to change the non-enthusiastic attitude taken up by these landing institutions and to simplify the procedure of lending money to the said Corporation*
 - THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SMR II. M PATEL) (a) and (b) In 1915-76 the Maharashtra Land Development Corporation submitted name command area development projects to Africultural Refinance and Development Corporation for evolving a suitable banking pinn and sanction of refinance ABDC had approved cight of the above projects by Octoper, 1976 No financial assistance has been provided by the commercial banks under the above per statement of the provided by the commercial banks under the above per statement.
 - (c) The progress in the execution of the scheme was held up primarily due to legal difficulties in the creation of charge on the Aimpfield procedure for partial to the commercial banks in being finalised in consultation, with the banks, the Mahrashtra Land Development Corporation, and the Government of Mahrashtra. In the meanwhite, in the meanwhite,

ARDC has approved grant of interim finance on certain terms and conditions to Maharashtra Land Development Corporation to carry out the works

Demand for financial help made by Punjab Government

3606 SHRI BHAGAT RAM Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Punjab Governments demand of financial help for establishing a State Cotton Corporation was deared by the Reserve Bank of India,
- (b) if so, the reasons for the denial, and
- (c) whether he is also aware that the Cotton Corporation of India is unable to purchase the whole cotton from the peasants in Punjab and it so, the reaction of the Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) Yes, Sir

- (b) The Reserve Bank of India did not agree to the State Government's proposal as it was of the view that this would lead to duplication in the context of the enlarged role envisaged under the New textile policy for the Cotton Corporation of India
- (c) Yes, Sir To stabilise cotton prices in the country and to sufeguard the interests of the fariregs of Punjab the Cotton Corporation of Punjab make commercial purchases and also under-take buffer stock operations.

Iron Ore export quota for 1978-79

3607 SHRI KISHORE LAL Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state

- (a) how much mon ore export quota for the year 1978-79 has been fixed,
- (b) how much was the quota for 1977-73, which are the parties and the

Qty. Million

quota of exports made by them, to which countries and at what price:

- (c) are those parties which offered 20 cents more than the price fixed by Government were permitted to import some mining machinery/loader;
- (d) how much foreign exchange for import of machinery/loader was allowed: and
- (e) how much foreign exchange has . been recovered by way of extra price?

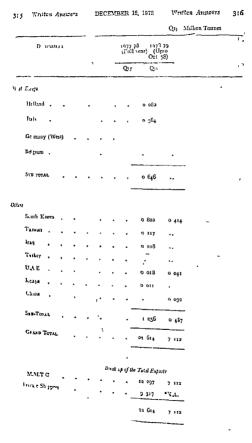
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOP-ERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG); (a) and (b). No export quota is fixed for iron ore. The following targets for export of iron ore have, however,

	2-9117	,
	1977-78	1978-79
(r) MMTC	14.30	13.50
(2) Goan Experters	10.00	10.00
TOTAL	24. 3n	23.50

A statement showing the countrywise exports of iron ore during 1977-78 and 1978-79 (April-September/ October, 1978) by MMTC and the Goan Exporters is attached. It would not be commercial interest to disclose the prices.

- (c) There has been no such scheme in operation,

been fixed for 1	377-7	8 and	197	8-79:	-	St	(d) and ttement	(e). Dq	not arise.
		L	estine	lien-u	ise Es		of Iron On I		
			-					Ċ	yy. Million Tonnes
Destinat	ion						(Full year)	1978-79 (Upto Oct., 78).	,
							Qty.	Qty.	
- Japan							16·647·	*4,785 .	*In. addition Goan Shippers experted
									during April-Sept- ember, 1978. Al-
									though country-wi-
					٠				available bulk of exports was destined to Japan.
U.S.A. ,				,	•			.**	
East Europe							_		
Rumania .				•	•	•	1.824	1.221	
Czechosloval	ia .	٠.			٠.	•	0.458	D.OLÝ	
Poland .							0.052	.,	
Hungary .						,	0.149	0.017	
Germany (E.	ast)						0.400	D. 13g	
Yugoslavia							0-310	0.005	
Bulgaria									
Sub-Toyal							3-265	6-625	



श्रीरे के पूरव में क्रमी 3608. श्री मोती आई श्रार० चीवरी: क्या वाणिक्य तथा नागरिक कृति और त्रत्कारिता नंदी यह बताने को क्या करने कि:

(क) क्वा और के मूल्य झकानक निर सबे

(चं) बया इत वर्ष भीरे के मूल्य मत क की इसी अवधि की तुलना में आधे है ब्रोर मंदि हां, तो क्या इसके निर्यात की अनुमति की जावेशी :

(मं) च्या तत वर्ष हिमानों ने 400 वस्त्रे सित निवंदन की दर है जीय उत्तरेश धा बदाहे बारी निवंदन की दर है जीय उत्तरेश धा बदाहे बारी वर्ष उन्होंने देश धाका है इक्को बचा कर विवास भी कि आक सीवन में हक्को भूव बड़ी और पर्द हुँ, हो बचा और के नियांत की बनुमीत दी वार्षियों ताकि किवानों को प्रक्रिक मूल्य आप्त हैं; और

(म) क्या जोरा खाद्य पदाये नहीं है और पह नसाले के रूप में बहुत कम माजा में इस्तेमाल किया जाता है और क्या किसानों के लाभ के लिए जीरे के निर्यात की अनमति दी जासेगी?

पाणिन्य तथा नामरिक पूर्वि और सहकारितां गंजावयं में राज मंत्री (श्री कुट्या दुवार पोमल) : (म) में (६) - हं पत्र है कि ताल के नहींनों में और के महत्र दुख दिन्दे हैं, तीकन वहा रिपट्ट प्रभावक प्रवत्त एक्टम नहीं बादें हैं : हात के नहींनों में मूक्तों में हुई बजी तब वर्ष सी इसी व्याधि से मूक्तों की दुखता में 50 प्रतिकार से मीर नहीं में मूक्तों की दुखता में 50 प्रतिकार से

हमें इस बात को कोई बानशारी नहीं है कि 'पिछतें क्षमें किसानों ने प्रसावीरों के अविवेश की 400 रहमें त्रति कि 52ज की दर है जीरे को परिदेश पर उपनिद है की भी कि मौसन बीत काने पर इसने दूसन करने है। यह जन है कि चीय प्रसाव के क्षम में बहुत कम मात्रा में इस्तेमाड किया जाता है। परवहर के क्षम में और का उपनीक्ता गैंकों में निर्मात करने ही धनमानि पहलें ही दी बार रही है। और का बहुताका में निर्मात करने के मान पर निवार किया जा रहा है।

Income Tax Arrear's against Film Stars

3609. SHRI M. RAMGOPAL RED-DY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

 (a) the amount of arrears of income tax outstanding at present against the leading film stars; and (b) the amount of arrears against, each star and what steps have been taken to recover the arrears?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCIS (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). The requisite information is not readily available. The information in respect of leading film stars in arrears of income tax over Rs. 10,000 as on 30-9-78 is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as soon as, possible.

Sanction of Special Leave to Employees by Punjab National Bank

3610. SHRI SHIV NARAIN SARSONIA: SHRI SURAJ BHAN: SHRI VIJAY KUMAR

MALHOTRA:
Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Management of Punjab National Bank has sanctioned 6/7 days special leave for attending Ahmedabad Conference of Federation affiliated to A.I.B.E.A. to nearly three hundred employees from 12th May, to 17th May, 1978;
- (b) under which rule Punjab National Bank Management senctioned this leave as a special leave; and
- (c) why the Management of P.N.B. does not treat members of other Union alike whereas Indian Bankers Association gives facilities equally?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHER H. M. PATEL): (a) Punjab National Bank has reported that it has allowed special leave to the Central Committee members and to delegates and observers to the 7th conference of All India Punjab National Bank Employees Federation, held at Ahmedabad from 13th to 18th May, 1978. The Central Committee members were allowed the special leave for five days and delegates and observers special leave for three days. In addition, special leave was also almost of the power for the journey period in both

- (b) The bank has further reported that special leave was granted in pursuance of the past practice and the practice in some other banks
- (c) The bank has explained that All India Punjab National Bank Employees' Federation is the majority union in the bank and special leave has been sanctioned to the members of the Fede. ration taking note of their majority character Other unions in the bank are minority organisations and have not been extended this facility

राजस्थान व प्राप्ताण सोयों को दकों है अपन तेने में बठिनाई

3611 भी मौद्धानात प्रदेत কা বিজ मेबी यह बनाने की हमा करेंग कि

(क) क्या यह सब है कि शकाबान की शबीन सवा में सरकारी देहा की हम पाधार्य होने के कारण निर्धन कामाण रोगा की प्रपती वृषि नमानी भावन्यवन्त्रीमा को पूरा करते के निए ऋत भने में बारी पहिनाई हो रही है .

(u) यदि हाँ, ता इनके क्या शास्त्र है नेया क्या मरहार भौतव्य में राजस्थान में कुछ सरकारी बंदा की शाबान कोनदा भीर वहि ही, को बितायार, उनसी बच्चा धोर ताम बचा है .

- (ग) स्तायह सब है कि प्रतिकाश क्योजहत बेबो ने क्य दन के लिए ग्रामाण प्रती में अपन धेवादिकार निर्मारित किए हैं और
- (य) क्या किया भा वह के क्षेत्राधिकारी में न माने बांप बार्नीय अब इ नाजों को रिजी नी बैंक से कृष नहीं सिनता है और बदि हा, तो क्या नरसार का विचार इस व्यवस्था की बहतने के निए काइ बाबनाही करने का है और दादि हो, बो रच मोर चरि नहीं, हा इसके बचा नारण
- विश्व मधी (धी एव० एम ३ पटत) : मोर (व) मितम्बर 1973 क मेन को स्पिति प्रतिगार राजामान में वालिनियक बेटी की 1176 माचात्र यी जिसमें से 596 डामीन स्थाना व पर्तिकाँ। दा । इत्यें म ६३३ राज्यें वरकारी थक है देहा को धा । जिलमें खेतीच प्रामीण देह भी मार्रिय है। रिजय बैठ ने मुक्ति दिया है कि 82 पारून तादसंसा के प्रतिस्तित को सरदारों थवं व देशें के पान धानीप स्थाना में बावा बोले के बिने यह पट हुए थे, बनने छोड़ वहीं

(1979-1981) के दीयन राजस्थान के कमी बाले जिलो के प्रामीण धीर धर्ध महरी स्थानी में [93 साधावें भोतने हे लिये चन्य सरसार के धरामक्ष से एक सार्वत्रम बनाया थया है । इन श्याबा के नानों के बारे में तिलेगार गुपना रकटटी वो जा रही है और सदन के पटन पर रखंदी जानेनी ।

Written Ansmers

(व) और (प) प्रत्येक वैक शाखा मामग्रीर के प्रवर्ती ध्वान्यित से १५ किलोमीटर की परिधि के क्षेत्र में काप करती है ताकि दूर दूर स्थाना में ऋब दिने बाने की. जिससे ऋषे प्रदान करने के बाद बनके पर्ववेशन और वहनी में कठिनास्पा देश होती हैं, रोहा या मद्री। यह मधन होता में ऋषस्त्रों सोठ समहा में उपलब्ध होते हैं भीर क्यों सा प्रभावी रूप से वर्षवेक्षण सभव होता है, तो केक इस सीमा से परे भी अरूप प्रदान कर तनते हैं । परन्त, बेहिन प्रणाती हारा विधिप्ट धवा को प्रध्याप्ति का हत. कवल बेक रहित विशों में उनके बाधा नान में युद्ध करके हो किया जा सरता है । भारतीय रिजर्व बेंग की नई शाधा ताइबोसर नीति में इनका म्यान रखा ना रहा है।

Functioning of TEXPROCH.

3612 SHRI D D DESAI Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUP-PLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether any allegations have come to the Government's notice about the functioning of Textile Export Promotion Council,
 - (b) if so, the details thereof,
- (e) whether the board of directors of Textile Export Promotion Council is being reconstituted, and

(b) whether an enquiry is being ordered into the functioning of the Textile Export Promotion Council?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) to (d). The Cotton Textules Export Promotion Council was entrusted with the task of allotment of quota during 1978 to the countries governed by Bilaterai Textile Agreements, Some complaints were received regarding quota administration and corrective measures were taken after due enquiry from time to time Cotton Textule Export Promotion Council is managed by a Committee of Administration which is reconstituted according to the provisions of the Articles of Association.

due enquiry from time to time. Cotton Textile Export Promotion Council is managed by a Committee of Administration which is reconstituted according to the provisions of the Articles of Association.

भतपूर्व।वर्तमान संसद सदस्यों की फोर वकाया ऋण

3613. भी हुन्म देव नारामण वास्त्रः स्था तम्म मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेगे कि भूतपूर्व और वर्तमान संबद्ध सदस्यों की और भ्रत्य भ्रत्या सरकारी कृष्ण की, नीकि उन्हें सबद तदस्य होने के नाते विशिष्ठ प्रश्लेखनों हेतु दिए गये थे, निक्तनी राति कृष्णा है ?

वित्त र ती (श्री एवं 0 एमं 0 पटेंस) : संसद सदस्यों को किसी भी सरकारी ऋष की स्वीकृति नहीं दी आती । ब्रतः सुचना शून्य है।

Reappraisal of Industrial and Licensing to Revitalise Industry

3614. SHRI P. M. SAYEED:

SHRI A. R. BADRI NARAYAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Indian Institute of Foreign Trade has urged a drastic reappraisal of the Industrial Licensing to revitalise the Industry and make it excort-oriented;
- (b) if so, whether the LLFT. has conducted a Survey and studied and has come to the conclusion that Indian Electronic Component Industry has a predominently small structure, resulting in high prices and lower efficiency;
- (c) if so, whether Government have examined the study report; and
- (d) what action Government have taken to examine them and to implement them?

3625 LS--11.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG); (a) and (b). The recommendation is containes in a report brought out by the Indian Institute of Foreign Trade containing the findings of selected manufacturers who had conducted market research in selected electronic components in Italy, FRG, Sweden and U.K. from 13th March to 2nd June, 1978, as a part of a 10-week Export Management Development Programme intended to train small-scale manufacturers in market research techniques and international marketing. The views expressed in the report are those of the participants in the Programme and not of the Indian Institute of Foreign Trade.

The report covers selected electronic components and makes recommenaditions on measures to make them
more competitive in international marhets. Among the various recommendations made, it has been suggested
that the only way to make our electronic components more competitive
would be to revitables the electronic
industry through a "drastic reappraisal of the policies in the areas of industrial promotion and licensing" so
that a large component production
hose is created.

(c) and (d). The report will be considered in consultation with the Department of Electronics.

वात उपकर लगाने का शस्ताव

3615 स्त्री रामसेवक हजारी : डा० रामजो सिंह :

क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने को क्रुपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या देश में बाइप्रस्त राज्यों की सहायता करते के उद्देश्यों से मरकार का विचार बंगला देश उपकर की भाति बाद उपकर लगाने का है:
- (ध) यदि हा, तो इस संबंध में सरकार मे क्या निर्णय किया है ; और

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(४) बाडप्रस्त चञ्चो को यन तक, राज्यनार रिवर्ती सहावता दी गई है तथा उन्हाने किवनी मुहाबजा मानी है ? .

क्ति मती (भी एच0 एम0 पटेन) भीर (छ), छठे वित्त भाषोग नी तिकारियों पर पपराई गई वर्तमान नीति तथा व्यवस्थामी के सतात प्राकृतिक प्रकोगा से प्रभावित राज्यों से राहत सबधी व्यय राज्यों के प्रयते संसाधनो और केंद्रीय सरकार से प्राप्त महिम धार्याजनानन महायक्त से परा विया जाना है । विनीव सस्याप मौर बैक भी उपन्तत मामलो में सहायता देते हैं। इस इन्द्र को पूरा करने के लिए बगनादेश के लिए लगाए वर्ष करों के प्रतिमान पर बाइ लग्रहर स्वाने के लिए काई प्रस्ताव नहीं है ।

(ग) एक विवस्य-पत्न समा पटल पर ^रख दिया गया है जिसमें बार वर्ष के दौरान प्रा अनिक प्रको है प्रभावित राज्यों द्वारा मानी गई विसीव सहायता की राशि और इन राज्यों को धव तक बार्वाटन धरिम बाबोजनागत महायना की रानि का ब्योस दिया गया है ।

विवरम

वर्ष : 978-79 के दौरान प्राहितिक प्रवोशों से प्रवादित राज्यों द्वारा माथी गई विसीय सहायता तथा

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भविरिस्त राज्य मरकार ने सामानव क्ति के माध्यम से 128 करोड़ रूपने की महानवा मानी थी । ानु वर्ष के लिए राज्य सरकार की धनुवानित पातमकताचनट सम्बन्धी समदन के माध्यम ने 276 23 क अप तथा समादत दिल के माध्यम है 103.50 करोड रूपये की है 1

मैसमें धीरान रेक्टन, बोला, राजस्थान के विरुष्ट जांच

3616. श्री चन्द्रशेखर सिंह : नवा बाजिन्य, नागरिक पुर्ति तथा सहकारिता मन्नी श्रीराम रेक्स कोटा. राजस्थान देशा बाबात शहरेंको ख दुरुपयोग के बारे भे 23 विसम्बर, 1977 से प्रतासक्ति प्रान यदमा ४९७७ ग्रीर 11 प्रसस्त. 1978 'में अताराधित प्रश्न संस्था 3846 दया 5 मई. 1978 के साराणित प्रत्य संख्या 996 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंबे for :

- (क) रुपा मैसमें धीराम विस्म, कोटा, सकन्यान के विरद्ध सभी भी जाय बन रही है : और
- (श्र) बदि हा, तो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यीस क्या है ग्रीर इंग फर्म के विद्ध क्या कार्यवाही की गई हे तथा बचा इस मामले से सम्बद्ध सभी दन्ताबेज सभा पटल पर रखे जावेंने ?
- थाणिज्य तथा नागरिक पूर्वि ग्रोर सहकारिता मंतालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री श्रारिक वेष) : (क) यया संशोधित स्रावास नियन्त्रण सादेश, 1955 के लब्द s के प्रनार्गत स्वाधिक करून कार्यवाही वैद्यार कर वो गई हे तथा कानूनी प्राधिकारी के समझ सम्बद्ध है ।
- (छ) चुकि इस मामले को अभी सन्तिम रूप दिया जाना है अतः इसके व्योरे को बताना जनहित में नहीं हैं।

Smuggling of skins of wild animals by M/s. Wild Life Adventure Tours and M/s. Amber Tours Pvt. Ltd., New nelhi

3617. SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA: SHRI SHYAM SUNDER

GUPTA: SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

MALIK:

(a) whether M/s. Wild Life Adventure Tours and M/s, Amber Tours Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, have been indulging in smuggling of skins of wild animals and conducting hunting tours particularly for foreigners in the name of premeting tourism, charging the clients very heavily:

- (b) whether it is also a fact that sometime back an alert was issued at airports to keep a constant watch on their activities:
- (c) if so, whether some cases have been registered against these firms, if on, the details thereof: and
- (d) what action Government have taken against them so far?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M PATEL): (a) Reports received by Government do not show any involvement of these two firms, in smuggling.
 - (b) to (d). Do not arise.

Police Cases against Halwais in Delbl

- 3618, SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Delhi Administration has registered Police against sixty 'halwais' in the Capital under various sections of the Essential Commodities Act and Weight and Massures Act: and
- (b) if so, the details thereof and further action taken against them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL): (a) and (b). During 1978 (up to November 25, 1978), 160 cases were registered in various Police Stations in Delhi against 'halwais' under the Essential Commodities Act and

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the Weights and Measures Act The details are given below,-

No of FIRs lodged with police stations

13

20

4

(i) Escential Commodates Act, read with Delhi (Milk & Milk Products) Control Order, 1970

(ii) Essential Commodities Act, read with D life (Deplay of Price) and stocks of Scheduled Essential Commodities) Order, 1936 6

(m) Section 11(2.) of Weights & Measures Act
(iv) Section 32 of Weights &

Measures let,
(v) Section 11/25) and 32 of
We gliss & Measures let

The above cases are being investigated and further action will be taken according to law

Cooperative Marketing Societies

3619 SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU Will the Minister of COM-MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Cooperative Marketing Societies have decided to increase handling of agricultural commodities this year, and
- (b) if so, whether Government are giving any assistance to these societies for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-ILOY (SHE KRISHAN, KUMAR GOYAL) (a) Yes, Sur The cooperatives are expected to increase their marketing operations from the estimated vide of its 1650 cores in 1977-73 to fix 1950 crotes in the current cooperative year, 1978-79

(b) In order to accelerate the programme of handling agricultural commodutes by the Cooperative Marketing Societies, an amount of Ra. 6:26 cross has been provided in the bud-

get of the Department of Civil Suppile, & Cooperation for development of cooperative marketing, processing and sporage programmes in underdeveloped States/Union Territories. The National Cooperative Development Corporation is likely to provide additional assistance of the order of its 4 crores for both developed and under-developed areas.

Rubber output

3620 SHRI DHARMA VIR VE-SISHT Will the Minister of COM-MERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state,

(a) whether big hike in raw rubber output is forecast for the next year with the efforts of the Ruober Board, if so, the basis of this optimiste forecast, and

(b) the frend of market prices in rabber markets with reasons for conspicuous tone, if any?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE ININISTRY OF COMMERCE AND COPERA-TION (SHRI KINSHIM AUMAIN GOVAL) (a) A higher production of 155000 tonnes of Natural Rubber is procisionally estimated during the variable of the production of 1,0000 tonnes during 1972-1979 80 as against an estimated production of 1,0000 tonnes during 1972-1979 80.

(b) Price of Natural Rubber in India since April 1978 has been showing an unuard trend. The average monthly figure of prices of lot rubber (RMA 3, 4 and 5) since April 1978 are as under —

				Average price in Rs / per tpaintal
				700
			•	858
•		•	•	
	•	•	•	960
				0 1,089
				F 970
				1,182
				820
				897

The increase in price of Natural Rubber in 1978 is mainly due to:

- Fall in production of Natural Rubber consequent on adverse climatic conditions.
- (2) Increase in demand from the manufacturing industry.
- (3) Increase in international price of Natural Rubber

Selection of Artist for Cultural Functions at National Small Industries Fair, 1978

3621. SHRI SHANKERSINHJI VAGHELA:

SHRI C, K. CHANDRAPPAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether many celebrated artists have complained to him against irregularities committed during the selection of artists for cultural functions at the National Small Industries Fair, 1973 inveysuated by him; and
- (b) the particulars of the complaints and the action taken by him on the complaints and to remove the irregularity committed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SIRIL ARIF BEG): (a) and (b). The National Small Industries Fair, 1978 was inaugurated by the Prime, Minister on 17th November, 1978.

Complaints had been received from many renowned artists about the manner of selection of artists for the cultural functions at the National Sant Industries Fair, and the scale of remuneration fixed for them. Shri Debu Chaudhury, Shri Bismillah Khan, Smt. Uma Sharma, Shri Lal Gudi G. Jayaraman, Daggar Brothers, Gandharv Choir, are among those who voiced such complaints.

On enquiring into the matter, it was revealed that the previous Managing Director of TFA had bypassed a Committee set up for the purpose of selecting artists, and had made the selectings on his own. The decisions taken by him showed arbitrariness and ad-hockins, both hit manner of selection of artists and in fixing the remuneration for them.

Commerce Minister has asked the Commerce Secretary who is also the Chairman of the Trade Pair Authority of India to go into the functioning of the Authority and to evolve proper system and norms for the selection of artist, allocation of stalls, employment of temporary hands for the duration of Fairs, and other aspects related to the working of the Authority

Re-employment of Retired Government Officials in Public Undertakings

3622. SHRI MANORANJAN BHAK-TA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a large number of retired Government officials are at present re-employed in Public Undertakings and if so, their total number:
- (b) whether this creates un-employment among the highly qualified persons who are agitating on this;
- (c) if so, what are the main reasons for offering re-employment to the retired Government servants rather than having fresh recruits; and
- (d) whether Government are contemplating but on re-employment of retired Government servants in public undertakings and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) to (d). It would not be correct to say that a large number of retired Government servants are employed in public enterprises. Employment of superannuated persons is to be resorted to only in exceptional circumstances. Appoint

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of State crafts The Conperation organisations will be sought. There is no proposal regarding regular employment for artisans with HHEC However, the project, when launched is likely to generate self employment for 16 000 artisans (approximately)

- (b) No Six.
- (c) Does not arise

Loading Workers of Indian Airlines on Stake

3627 SHRIF P GAIKWAD Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are aware that the loading workers of Indian CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state
 - (b) if so, what are their demands,
- (c) whether Government are aware that Indian Airlines had to suspend their flights on certain sections due to this strike causing difficulties to passengers, and
- (d) if so steps proposed to be taken to settle the assue by negotiations across the table?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PUR-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK) (a) The loa ders of Indian Airlines Bombay were on strike from 28 10-1978 to 18-11 1978

- (b) There demands were
- (i) increased in the strength of loaders at Bombay aurort, and
- (u) that a loader should only sax flights (arrayal/departure) during one shift
- (c) Some regional flights had to be temporarily suspended.
- (d) The usue has already been setalled and normaley restored from

Raids conducted on M/s. Aggarwal Mill Store Delhi-6

DATPAT 3698 SHRI SINCH PARASTE Will the Munster αf FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether a raid was conducted on the firm of M/s Aggarwal Mill Store, 4779, Hauz Quazi, Delhi-6 by the Customs Officials in October, 1978.
- (b) the nature of complaints against them.
- (c) the particulars of documents and unaccounted for goods seized from their premises.
- (d) whether some unaccounted money has also been sexed and if so, the details thereof, and
- (e) the action taken or being taken against the firm, its proprietors or partners?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) Yes, Sir

- (b) to (d) Information was received that stocks of smuggled precision tools of foreign origin were lying stored in the premises of M/s Aggarwal Mill Store, Delhi These premises therefore, searched by the officers of Delhi Customs and Central Excise Collectorate on 27/28-1078 and precusion tools of foreign origin totally valued at Rs 581,214/_ were seized. No incriminating documents or unaccounted for money were seized
- (e) The matter is presently under investigation

देवतड़ (उँ प्र०) को प्रयत्न केड बनाने हेतु वहां भूकी सुनियों का प्रचार

3928 धी निमल भे यह बतात की प्रश श्रीर नायर विमानन मर्ज, हु

(क) क्या (उत्तर प्रदेश | ज़ि तांविद्युर के विक्रट स्थित) देवकड़ की मुद्देश्यानार है जाकि पीस्टर छात कर प्रचार करते देन हैं, में विक्रिय इस स्वान को पर्यटन केंद्र के कपी

रना जासके,

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो क्या दमें प्रव करने का विचार है; यदि हा तो कब तक ?

पर्यंदन ग्रीर नागर विभानन मंत्री (ब्रो पुरुपोत्तम कीशिक) : (क) से (ग). देवगढ की मितियों का प्रचार करने के लिए सलग से कोई पोस्टर छपवाने का प्रस्ताव नहीं है । तबावि, 1979-80 के दौरान प्रत्येक राज्यासंघ शासित प्रदेश पर एक श्रोशर निकालने कर प्रस्ताव है जिसमें उस राज्य।संघ शासित प्रदेश के महत्वपर्ण पर्यटक आकर्पणों (देवगढ़ की मृतियों को आमिल करते हए) को सामिल किया जाएगा ।

Construction of Indian Style Hotels in Foreign Countries

3630, SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK: SHRI SHYAM SUNDER

GIIPTA . SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA:

Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Indian Tourism Development Corporation have recently constructed Indian Style hotels some foreign countries and if so the names of such countries where such hotels have been set up:
- (b) the terms under which the hotels have been constructed; and
- (c) the amount spent on the construction of each hotel?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRIPU-RUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) to (c). I.T.D.C. has not constructed Indian style hotels in foreign countries. The Corporation has however, provided as a gesture of goodwill, technical assistance to the Government of Czechoslovakia for setting up an Indian style Restaurant in Prague. The Restaurant is a purely Czechoslovakian venture. I.T.D.C. has provided technical assistance in the fields

of interrior decor, selection of personnel and menus, supply of furniture, furnishings, cutlery, etc. The value of the equipment supplied for the Restaurant on payment basis is estimated at Rs. 5.24 lakhs inclusive of overheads.

Three Indian personnel viz. One deputy chief of Restaurant and two cooks have also been sent to Prague to work in the Restaurant

The Restaurant, which has been named as 'Ashoka Mayur Restaurant' was commissioned on 16th November. 1978.

I.T.D.C. has at present no proposals to construct hotels abroad. The Corporation has set up a Cusultancy Cell for undertaking consultancy assignments in the field of tourism. Proposals for availing of consultancy services of I.T.D.C. for setting up Indian Style Restaurants at Moscow, warsaw and Sofia are under consideration.

Direct Purchases from Indian Cooperafives

3631. SHRI AMAR ROY PRA-DHAN: Will the Minister of COM-MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that four nations have agreed to make direct purchases from Indian Cooperatives;
- (b) if so, whether these purchases will be made from cooperative to cooperative basis or otherwise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND KRISHAN OPERATION (SHRI KUMAR GOYAL); (a) and (b). According to an agreement entered in 1977 between India and Hungary. on hehalf of Cooperatives of India, National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of Iudia Ltd. (NAFED) will coordinate the port and import of all commodities

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which are offered by each country NAFED has also developed trade relations with the Cooperatives of Turkey, Afghamstan and Sr. Lanks it is however, recognised that purchases would depend on the ability of the cooperatives of the countries concerned to handle the items of export/ import tarde and the marksting conditions.

Proposal from Kerala for Amendment in the Central Sales Tax Act

3832 SHRI K A RAJAN Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Kerala State Gov ernment has made a proposal to make amendments in the definition of the term dealer' in the Central Sales Tax Act, and
- (b) if so what are the details and Government's reaction thereto?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) In order to the enable the State Government to recover Central sales tax from plantation growers on inter-State sales of certain plantation crops the Government of Kerala had proposed amplitheat of the term 'clear' in the Central Sales Tax Act 1936, so as to miculde such growers within its ambit
- (b) The proposal was not found to be acceptable as it would have resulted ed. in excalation of the prices of pellation products exported out of the country by the addition of one more point of sales taxation. It was feel that inter-claim to the country by the addition of one more point of sales taxation. It was feel that inter-claim to the country by the growers should be tax free as far as possible that the growers should and be salest to pay tax on their of State sales of goods.
 Finlag turn-attitutions. Financing M/s

Auto (1) Regd. and its alhed Concerns

3633 SHRI R. L. P. VERMA. Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply givenn to Starred Question No. 387 on 11th August, 1578 regarding Messers Auto Pins (I) Regd and state

- (a) names of various financial insttutions which are financing M/s Auto Fins(I) Regd and its allied concerns,
- (b) whether while granting huge loans of the financial institutions to M/s Auto Pans(I) Regal and its allied concerns periodical progress reports site inspection of factories and books of accounts at frequent intervals, examinating to that pearly/yearly statements of working results and financial position, were specifically carried by these financial institutions.
- (c) whether appointment of a nominee on the Board of M/s Auto Pins(f) Regd and its allied concerns was made as required under the rules and if so name of the nominee and if not, vessons therefor, and
- (d) how Government propose to protect the funds of these financial institutions who are financing M/S Auto Pins(I) Regd, and its allied concerns leeping in view of the involvement of these firms in serious financial irregularities and violation of FERA and Gold Control Act?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) All Indus financial institutions viz, Industrial Development Bank of Indua, Industrial Financial Corporation of India and Industrial Credit & Investment Corporation of India have not sanctioned any direct financial assistance to Auto Pins Lid

(b) to (d) Do not arise

Assistance to Farmer₅ for Agriculture in Rural Areas

- 3634 SHRI RAJKESHAR SINGH Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government have a policy of producing assistance to the farmers for agriculture in rural areas through State Bank of India.

- (b) whether in order to make a success of this policy the rural educated youths are given preference over urban youths in the matter of recruitment and whether keeping in view the economic backwardness of rural area, some percentage of the pols are reserved for them; and
- (c) if so, whether Government propose to consider giving preference to rural youths in recruitment to all posts such as the posts of probationary officers in State Hank of India and giving relaxation in the written examination and interview therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir, The State Bank of India is actively associated in rendering assistance to farmers for agriculture in rural areas.

(b) and (c). There are no reserved vacancies for candidates from rural areas. However, in the case of clerical recruitment since it is organised on a zonal basis, local candidates get a large representation in practice.

सरकारी क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों के बारे में क्षेत-पत्र की सिफारिश

3635. श्री अन्तन्त राम जायसवाल : स्वा विक्त मंत्री यह बताने की क्षमा करेने कि :

- (क) क्या उनका व्यान सरकारी उपनर्नो सबंधी संगित (पाल्यो लोक मना) के 72की ग्रतियंदन में निहित सिकारित की बोर क्या के परकार हारा सरकारी श्रेष के उपनेनों के बारे में एक श्वेत-पन्न लागा जाना चाहिये ;
- (ध) यदि हां, तो क्या इन बारे में सरकार हारा कोई ब्राज्यानन दिया क्या था और बदि हा, तो कब और किस ब्राज्य का ;
- (न) जा सरकार क्षेत्र चना में सरकारी क्षेत्र के उपनमों के बारे में एक म्बेत-गत प्रस्तुत करेगी; क्षोर
- (प) यदि हो, तो तस्तंत्रंधी रूपरेखा गया है और इसके कब तक प्रस्तुत किये बाने की संभावना

बिस संबो (थी एव० एव० पटेल) ; (ज) वे स्वा संबो (थी एव० एव० पटेल) ; (ज) वि एकपार ने 1974 में दरकारी उपरान्ती विवस्त विवस्त वि पटेलों के उद्योगों के उद्योगों के उद्योगों के उद्योगों के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के उद्योग के अप पट एकपार ने डीमोरिक मौति के उद्योग के प्रति प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रता्व के उद्योगों के प्रत्या के प्रत्या के प्रत्या के प्रत्या के उद्योगों के प्रत्य प्रत्या के प्रत्

(घ) प्रश्त ही पैदा नहीं होता ।

मूरोपीय आर्थिक समुदाय से ग्रामात सथा उनकी निर्मात

3638. दा॰ लक्ष्मीशरायण पाण्डेम : श्या वास्त्रिय तथा नागरिक पूर्वि ग्रीर सहकारिता मंत्री ग्रह बनाने को क्या करेरे कि :

- (क) स्था बूरोपीय प्राविक मनुदाय से वर्ष 1977-78 के प्रथम 10 महीनों के दौरान किया मंथा प्रायात उस दौरान उसको किए गए निर्यात से वहीं ब्रोधिक रहा ;
- (दा) क्या इसके फलस्करम यूरोपीय प्राधिक नमु-दाव के पक्ष में 148 करोड़े रुपए का व्यापार सर-प्लस रहा ; प्रीर
- (ग) बर्दि हां, तो इसके बंधा कारण हैं स्रोर व्यापार में संतुलत के लिए क्या कदम उठाए गए हैं?

वाणिक्य तथा नागरिक पूर्ति ग्रीर सङ्कारिता मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री व्यारिफ वेग) :(क) वीर (च). वी हा ।

- (न) श्रीनवार्य उपभोक्ता मदों तथा भरोतिनी एवं संघटको सहित प्रौद्योगिक माल ने प्रोपीय प्रार्थिक समुद्याम से प्रापात को बढ़ा दिया है।
- हमार निर्मातों को बढ़ाने के सिए उठाए नए नर्थमां में शांतिल हैं : अरोटन में भारत-पूरीपीय माणित तमुराय व्यापार केंद्र स्माधिक करने की प्रस्थापना : भारत यूरीपीय माणित स्माधित करने की प्रस्थापना : भारत कुरीपीय माणित समुदाय स्मीधितक गृहेपीय करा को नेत्रोकरण, : व्यापार जिटनाउसी का प्राथम-प्रमाध, मेली तथा प्रदर्शनियों सारि में पास सेता !

Tourist Villages in States

3637. SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD.
VERMA: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be
pleased to state;

(a) whether Government are considering a scheme to set up "Tourist Village in the States which would give a taste of rural India besides providing accommodation and

(b) if so what are the details thereof?

THE UINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PU RUSHOTIAM LAUSHIK) (a) and (b) A token provision has been made in the Budget Estimates, for 1078 80 under the Sixth Plan of the Central Department of Tourism for setting up Tourist Villages

The names of the places/areas where the proposed tourss' villages are likely to be set up are being selected in consultation with the State Governments These villages would have accommodation of different cute gories to suit the pocket of all tourists The other faculaties would be Cafeteria Rest Rooms, Petrol Pump a Service Station Shops for sale handierafts, representative of the region and wherever possible provide an opportunity for visitors to see the craftsmen at work. It is also proposed that the complex will have an -rea for cultural entertainments

Credit facilities for Purchase of Cotton under Cotton Monopoly Procurement Scheme

3638 SHRI V G HANDE SHRI S R DAMANI

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a whether it is a fact that Government of Maharashtra has asked for credit facilities to the time of Rs. 55 crores for the purchase of cotton under the Cotton Monopoly Procurement Scheme

(b) whether it is a fact that the Covernment have informed the Reserve Bank of India not to give such tred t facilities and

 $\frac{\partial \mathcal{M}_{\text{obs}}}{\partial \mathcal{M}_{\text{obs}}}$ so what are the reasons for

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL) (a) Yes Sir

- (b) No Sur
- (c) The question does not arise

Dearness Allowance to Central Gov ernment Employees

3639 SHRI P V G RAJU Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have been making any assessment with regard to the increase in the prices of essential commodities during the last six mentls.

(b) if so the extent of increase registered during this period and whether the average of 12 monthly index necessitates the grant of another instalment of D.A to Central Government employees and

(c) if so whether Government propose to grant additional instalment of DA and if not, reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H, M PATEL) (a) The grant of Dearness Allowance to Central Go vernment employees is regulated with reference to the 12 monthly a crage of the All lindia Average Consumer Price Index for Industrial Workers (General) (1950-100) which is being regularly compiled by the Labour Bureau under the Ministry of Labour Bureau under the Ministry of Labour

(b) and (c) The letest Consurer Price Index figure available is in respect of Colober 1978. The monthly in dex figure for that month is 240 and the 12 monthly index average for the period ending 31st October 1978 works out 19 327 32. The monthly ITM was 323 and the corresponding 21 monthly average was 323 33. At present the Central Government employees are getting destroes allowance with reference to the 12 monthly under average of 220. The payment of externage of 220. The payment of externage of 220. The payment of externage of 220. The payment of

another instalment of additional dearness allowance in their case can be considered only when the index average has reached 328.

Financial loans for Guiarat Tyres Limited

3640. PROF. R. K. AMIN. Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Guiarat Tyres Limited-a company of Government of Guiarat bad approached the Government of India in 1974 for financial loans from various institutions
- (b) whether Gujarat Government has also approached Finance Minister to finalise the matter quickly on 3rd Feb. ruary, 1978 and 19th July, 1978; and
- (c) if so, the reaction of the Government thereto?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL); (a) Yes, Sir.
 - (b) Yes, Sir.
- (c) The Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) has been advised to take up for consideration two tyre projects. Of these two projects, one will be taken up for assistance by IDBI during this year and the other wil be taken up next yead. The projects to be so assisted will be decided by IDBI taking into account the state of preparedness of projects, expenditure incurred so far etc .

Purchase of Groundauts by NAFED

3641. SHRI ANANT DAVE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE. CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is true that the NAFED has purchased the groundnuts from Gujarat State and from Kutch District:

- (b) whether any complaint has been received by Government recording the malepractices made in purchases: and
- (c) if so, the action taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF SPATE THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SBRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL). (a) The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India Ltd. (NAFED) has purchased groundnuts from Gujarat State under a Joint Venture arrangement with the Guiarat State Cooperatiive Marketing Federation Ltd. A total quantity of 14.600 M. Tons has been purchased up to 7.12.1879 NAFED has not so far received any report of purchases from Kutch District.

- (b) No. Sir.
- (c) Does not arise.

Liquor served to passengers of Air India

3642 SHRI KACHARULAL HEM-RAJ JAIN: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to refer to the roply given to Starred Question No. 1105 on the 12th May, 1978 regarding serving of liquor on Air India Flights and state:

- (a) whether a final decision has since been taken to abandon serving of liquor on Air India flights; and
- (b) if not, the reasons for delay and when a final decision is likely to be taken?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AVIATION AND CIVIL PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK): and (b). No, Sir; The matter is still under review.

तिला टोक्स गर, सध्य प्रदेश में ऋषों की धनपसस्यता

3643- भी सरुमी नारामण नावक । का दिस मबी यह बनाने की क्या करी कि

- (क्) मध्य प्रदेश के जिला टीकमपढ़ में स्टेट बेंह. टाइमाइ, निवाही, जानास तथा प्रथापर में निनने पद रिल पड हैं.
- (ख) क्याइन पदों के रिश्त होन के कारण सोगा को उद्योग हो स्थापना के दिए समय पर ऋण ही घरेशित समि नहां दी जा रही है और बना गरकार ना दिवार इत रिन्त परा को शाझ भरने का है धीर लागें को ऋण क्या नहीं दिया जा उहां
- (ग) ऋण न दिए जाने के मन्य क्या नारण है घौर क्या मरकार का विचार उपचारशमह उपाय करने वा है ताकि बेरोजगार व्यक्तिया हो दिन प्राप्त हो सके. मौर
- (ष) स्पाप्रयोषुर वैक द्वारा कुछ सोयो को कई वर्ष प्रवासकर विचार्ममा ऋण नहीं दिया दा रहा है भीर क्या यह मुनिश्चित करने के लिए प्रवाध करने ना विचार है कि उन्हें बीध ऋण प्राप्त हो मके ?

वित्त सती (धीएच० एम० पटेल) (क) से (ग) भारतीय स्टट बैंक ने टीमहण्ड बिले की मपनी शाखाय। में नमचारिया की निम्नलिखिन स्थिति मूचित को है ---

भाषा का गाम		पदावीन प्रधिका- रियों की वास्त्रविक सस्त्रा	टिपमी
(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)

शेकपण्ड **5 मात्रा है एक क्षेत्र** प्रिकारी श्रीत काम पर मा बाएगा।

निवाही 2 मामा है दा मधि-कारी भीच काम पर पानावेंने ।

वृष्योगुर 3 भारा है एक पश्चिकारी मीध काम पर पा वाएमा 1

केंद्र को शेषकाई प्राप्ता के धन्तरंत बतरा एक उप कार्याच्य है और प्राप्ता है जनवरी, 1979 में उन का दर्भ क्या दिना आएगा।

- (2) देक ने मुचित हिया है कि मनिर्गीत बाबेटन पत्ने की सब्बा टीकमगढ और उप कार्यात्र वतरा में गन्य, निशाही में 2 और पृथ्वीपुर में 1 है। मात्रा है कि ये मामले एक मध्यार की पर्वार में नियस दिए जायेंगे।
- (ध) स्टेट बैंक ने इस बान की पृष्टि भी है कि श्रेमा पूर शाखा में ऐसा नोई मावेदन पत्र बकायां नहीं है, बिम पर ऋण मज़र कर दिना बबाह्य और विद्यस्ति न नियादमा हो ।

Branches opened by nationalised banks in Orissa

PRA. GANANATH 3645 SHRI DHAN Will the Minister of FIN-ANCE be pleased to state

(a) the number of branches opened by nationalised banks in each district of Orissa:

- (b) the total amount of credit given to farmers by each of the nationalised banks in Orissa during the year 1977-
 - (c) Out of this amount what percentage has been given to small and marginal farmers.
 - (d) whether it is a fact that the State Bank of India has not opened any branch in the rural area of Mayurbhanj district in Orissa, and
 - (e) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL) (a) Districtwise data on the number of branches opened by the State Bank of India and the 14 nationalised banks Orissa upto the end of September 1978 are set out in Statement 1.

(b) Bankwise data in respect of their advances to Agriculture in Orissa State as at the end of June 1978 are set out in Statement II.

(c) Holdingwise data are available only in respect of Director Finance to farmers for agricultural operations at the end of September 1977. The relevent data are at Statement III.

Statement II

(Amounts in Lakla of Rs.)

(d) and (e), The State Bank of India has 4 branches functioning in the rural areas of Mayurbhani District. Besides, the bank also holds a licence for opening one more branch in the district.

Bank of Baroda

Bank of India

Clanara Bank

Syndicate Bank

Union Bank of India .

United Bank of India United Commercia

Bank .

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Central Bank of India

State: Oricea

Total Agricultural Advances Outstanding as on the last Friday of June, 1978 Disect Indirect

3

11.79

48.50

9.76

28.00 21:72

3.80

119:48

234.02

Statement I

Districtuiss data relations to the number of branches opened in Oricsa by the State Bank of India and the 14 nationalised banks upto the end of Suptember, 1978

State Bank of India	1613-27	201.02
Alfahabad Bank	5120	9-69

12:01

16-10

34.43

13.05

16:54

160.61

194.29

Name of Distri	ct		bo	o. of anches cened
t. Balasore		,		35
2. Bolangir .				15
3. Boath Khond	mals			16
4. Cuttack .				87
5. Dhenkanal	٠		٠.	30
6. Ganjam .				53
7. Kalahandi				16
8. Keoujhat				17
9. Koraput				32
10. Mayarbhanj				23
11. Pari .			•	55
12, Sambhalpur			٠,	48
13. S (ndargarh				48

TOTAL

Dena Bank	0.02	0.79
Indian Bank	42.10	0.23
Indian Overseas Bank	42.50	47*80
Punjab National Bank	3.40	0.79

Note: Data are provisional.

'Direct Finance' includes advance for 'Allied Activities'.

u Answers	DECEMBER	15, 1978	yrıtten	Answers	352
Statement III		Unntilised	Czech an	d Soulet cree	dits

Writter Statement III

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Stae Orissa

(Amount in lakhs

of Re) Percen Total tage of Drect Direct tencui Agri tural cultural Advances Mances Name of Nationals ed to Small Bank standing Farmers holl no to Farmers lan t 25.00 upto , the arres 24 00 Jasi Friday o the last Septem friday of ber 1977 S pt (Excluded to, Allied Exclu Ac ivities) ding Allud Actuatics) . 2 3 State Bank of Ind a 1086 72 64 1 Allahabad Bank 1 17 6a 2 Bank of Borada 10 53 13 2 Bana of India 31 55 47 0 Canara Bank 18 27 67 7 Central Bank of India 13 12 73 9 Indian Bank 26 20 59 7 Indian Overseas Bank 31 41 7: G Pun ab National Bank 2 77 77 L Synd cate Bank 3,21 813 Ur ion Bank of India to 6g 78 g Un ted Bank of India 91 42 72 3 United Commercial Bank 147 62 51 8 to India

3646 SHRI G Y KRISHNAN the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that a Czcch credit of Rupees 80 crores given to India in 1973 has lapsed with barely Hs 15 crores utilised.

(b) whether it is also a fact that Soviet credits have remained unutilitaed for decades, and

(c) if so, the difficulty India is facing in utilising the foreign exchange?

OF FINANCE THE MINISTER (SHRI H. M PATEL) (a) Credit of Rs 80 crores extended by the Government of Czechoslovakia in 1973 has been utilised in terms of contracting to the extent of Rs 12.37 crores The terminal contracting date under this Credit was December 31, 1977 Before the expiry of this date, the question of extension of the Credit by two years was taken up by the Government of India with the Government of Czechosiovakia matter is still under discussion het ween the two Governments.

(b) Though some of the Credits have not yet been fully utilised the rate o futilisation of Soviet Credits is not unsatisfactory Of the total Soviet Credits of Roubles 1475 36 million authorised so far, the utilisation in terms of contracting upto September 30, 1978, amounted to Roubles 1079 74 million or about 73 per cent of the total

(c) The difficulty in utilisation of Czech Credit as well as of Soviet Credits arises out of the fact these are project-tied and are to be utilised for procurements only these countries It is not always easy to identify suitable Project-type imports against these Credits However, Government are endeavouring best to ensure better utilisation

the available Credits consistent with our plan priorities and indigenous availabilities of goods and services.

Activities of Trade Fair Authority

3347. SHRI RAJ KRISHNA
DAWN: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) how the autonomous organisation like Trade Fair Authority is responsible to the Government for its day to day work; and
 - (b) whether there are any standing orders or procedures for guiding and controlling the activities of Trade Fair Authority specially for engaging artists for the cultural programmes by the Trade Fair Authority?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG1: (a) and (b). The main function of the Trade Fair Authority is in promote, organise and participate in Indristrial grade and other fairs and euhibitions, showrooms and depots in India and abroad and to take all ricasures incidental thereto for boosting up country's trade. It has, therefore, to function in harmony with the policy of the Government and in Haison with the concerned departments and agencies of the Government. The functioning of the Trade Fair Authority is guided by its Board of Directors which consists of six officials including the Secretary, Department of Commerce as its Chairman and six non-officials. In so far as engaging artists for cultural grammes is concerned, a Committee has been formed with representatives of Indian Council of Cultural Relations and Indian Tourism Development Corporation. This Committee will now lay down norms for selection of different categories of artists.

Grant of M.D.F. assistance

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3648 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRI-SHNAN: Will the Minister of COM-MERCE, CIVIL, SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have received a letter dated 18th September, 1978 from Coimbatore Industries Export House Ltd. regarding grant of MDF assistance; and
- (b) if so, the details of their demands and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) Yes Sir.

(a) "Coimbatore Industries Export House Lid." mide their letter dated 12-9-1978 requested for financial assistance from the Marketing Development Fund (MDF) for participating in the Engineering Exhibition to be held at Jakarta from 3rd to 10th March, 1979 on there. The party had contended that it was a Consortium of SST manufactures.

The party's request was examined and it was found that it was not eligible for MDF assistance as it is neither an approved organisation nor is it recognised as an Export House under the Import Policy.

This position was explained to the party vide Ministry's fetter dated 7-10-1978 suggesting production of photostate copy of Export House Certificate, if issued to them, for consideration of their case.

It may be mentioned that the party as a consortium of SSI unit is not eligible to get an Export House Certificate as thej: exports during the relevant period are less than the minimum prescribed for such recognition.

राजसङ्गयतादन काहै स्रोर

विद्यत चालित करपों पर कर का प्रभाव

3649 श्री हरि इंदर महाने बन बित्त मती

- इस सकत का रंग करेंगे कि (क) क्या सरकार ना विचार विस्त वासित
- क्रमधो पर कर का प्रधान कम करन मीर देसके निए (त) प्रति हो ते तसम्बद्धी भीस स्पार्टी

दित्त मदी (धी एच० एम० पटला) (क) भीर (क) ऐसा कोई प्रस्तान चितहात सरकार क विवासकीय नहां है ?

Subject discussed at Tourism Ministers' Conference

3650 PROF P G MAVALANKAR

> SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SARKAR

Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether an All India Conference of Ministers and officials of tourism met recently in New Delhi
- (b) if so what subjects were discussed and which decision arrived at
- (c) whether the machinery for im plementing such decisions has been set up and whether certain funds are al lotted for the State Governments pro grammes and projects in this sphere
 - (d) if so, broad details thereof and
 - (e) if not, why not?

THE MENISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK) Yes, Sir A conference of Tourism Ministers from all States/Union Territones was held in New Delhi on 17th November 1978 which was preceded by a meeting on 16th November 1978 of officials connected with Toursm.

- (b) The conference reviewed progress made by the various States/ Union Territories in the implementation of re ommendations made at the previous Tourism Ministers Conference held in 1977 and recommended the election of certain centres in each State/Union Territory for the develeament of tourism facilities in Central Sector
- (c) to (e) The details of schemes the manner of implementing them and the expenditure to be incurred within available resources will be finalised in consultation with the State Governments/Upon Terri tories who also have a separate allocation for tourism schemes in the State Sector

एयरभारट इजीनियस एसोसिएशन क्षारा हडतास को सबना दिया आना

- भी उप्रसेत क्या पपटन और नागर 3651 विमानन मधी यह बताने की बचा करेंचे कि
- क) क्या एयरत्रापट इ.बीनियम एसोसियेहन व हाल ही महत्त्वाच की मूचना दी है
 - (ख) यदि हा तो उनदी मुख्य मॉर्थे दया हैं
- भौर उस पर सरनार न क्या कायनाहा की है? पयटन घीरनागर विमानन मती (धी
- पुरवोत्तम कीशिक) (क) जी हा । (स) मुक्त मुक्त सावे या ---
 - () एक एवरवार इबोनियर क समित ननव तबान्त्रे का रह किया जाना
 - उक्त इबोनियर क निसम्बन प्रायम को कार्पक्ष सना धौर
 - (१) 1-- S-78 से 16-- S-, S तक की गई साम्मलित कायबाही (conce ted action)में भाग सन के कारण इजीनियर/इजीनियरों के विश्व कोई प्रमुक्षासुनात्मक नायवाही न करना ।

सरकार ने इस विवाद को न्याम निर्णय के तिए इन्द्रीय सरकार धौद्योगिक धविकरण, नई दिस्ती के वास मज दिवा है। मामला फिलहाल स्वायाधीन (sub-judice)} i

Proposal for new Air route like Delhi-Banaras-Muzaifarpur-Purnea-Calcutta

3652. SHRI B. P. MANDAT. the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that there is no air service in North Bihar:
- (b) whether the Ministry would consider the desirability of bringing Muzaffarpur and Purnea under air service: and
- (c) whether a route like Delhi-Banaras . Muzaffarpur-Purnea . Calcutta and vice versa will be considered and started as soon as possible?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) to (c). As the resources of Indian Airlines are fully committed to the existing schedule, the Corporation have no proposal to undertake any new sir-However, the recommendations of a Committee on the operation of third level air services are presently under the consideration of Government. The Committee has suggested 50 cities for operation of such services in the country in the first phase.

दिल्ही में वाली का संकट

3653. श्री गंगा भवत सिहः क्या वाणिज्य सभा नागरिक पूर्ति ग्रीर सहकारिता मंदी यह बताने की कृपाकरेंगे कि :

- (क) स्था सरकार इस बात से महमत है कि विल्ली संघ राज्य क्षेत्र में दालों की मांग दिन-प्रति दिन बढ़ रही है और सरकार उचित दर की दुकानीं धौर सहकारी स्टोरों के माध्यम से इस मांग की पूरा करने में असमर्थ है तथा उपभोक्ताओं की बाजार से ऊची कीमलों पर दाल खरीदनी पहली है :
- (छ) यदि हां, तो दिल्लीमें 1976-77, 1977-78 तथा 31 मनदूबर, 1978 तक उचित दर की दुकानों तथा सहकारी स्टोरों के माध्यम से कितनी दालें (विभिन्न प्रकार की वालें) मध्ताई की थड़े : और

(स) दालों के वर्तमान संघट को दूर करने के लिए सरकार गया कार्यशक्षी कर रही है ?

बाणिज्य तथा नागरिक पूर्ति और सहफारिता संज्ञालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री फूटण कुसार गोयल): (क) से (ग) जनसंख्या के पृद्धि के कारण दालों की नांग वर्ष प्रति वर्ष बढ़ती जारही है। चंकि दालों के भाव खुखे बाजार में बढ़ गए थे इसिलिए पहली सितस्बर, 1978 से सीन से चार महीनों की धर्वाध के सिए दाओं की सीमित मात्र उचित वर की दुकानों के माध्यम से दितरित करने की ध्यवस्था की गई थी. ताकि दिल्ली की जनता को, विशेषकर स्वीतार के मौसम में कछ राइत दी जा सके। उसत तारीख से पहले जिंबत दर की दकानों के माध्यम से रामन कार्टधारियों को दी जाने वाली वस्तकों में दालें नामिल नहीं थीं । तवापि, सहकारी समितियां दालों का क्य-विक्रय अपने सामान्य व्यापार के एक धंग के रूप में कर रही वीं।

 उचित दर की दुकार्ने विभिन्न किस्मों की दालें जिन मस्यों पर प्रेचती रही हैं, ये खुले खुवरा, वाजार भाव से क्रम हैं।

3. सिसम्बर, से नवस्थर, 1978 की धवधि, जिसके बौरान यह योजना चाल रही है, में जीवत दर की दकानों के माध्यम से वितरित की नई दालां की माला नीचे दी गई है :---

दालों की किस्में	गावा मीटरी टर्नो में
उड़द धुली	. 624
मून धुनी	651
ब्रस्डर	706
मलका ससूर	1023
धना दाल	1643
यीग :	4,647

- तथापि, सितम्बर, और अस्तूबर महीमीं से दौरान उचित दर की दुकानों के माध्यम से बितरण के लिए 3800 मोटची टन वार्ने सप्ताई की गई।
- कृषि मंद्रालय ने देश में दालों का उत्पादन ब्दाने के लिए कई धल्पकालीन य वीर्धकालीय उपास क्षिष् हैं । त्यापि, -तत्कातिक साम्यमकतायों की पृति के लिए दालों के आसात को भी प्रोत्साहित किया ंबाउडाहै।

(a) whether it is a fact that a Central Government Agency has reviewed

Popularity of Indian shirts in foreign countries

- 3654 SHRI SARAT KAR Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUF-PLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether it is a fact that the Indian shirts are very popular in formen countries.
- (b) if so, the names of importing countries.
- (c) the quality of shirts exported to each country during the last two vears, and
- (d) the amount of foreign exchange earned during the above period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA TION (SHRI ARIF BEG) Yes. Sir

- (b) The main importing countries are USA West Germany, UK USSR, Netherlands Italy, France, Sweden Canada, Denmark, Switzerland and Australia.
- (c) The main quality of shirts exported to the above countries during the last two years are handloom crepe shirts, handloom 60/40 Gada shirts and millmode cotton shirts, both woven and knutted
 - (d) The amount of foreign exchange earned during 1976 and 1977 against exports of shirts was Rs 60 64 crores and Rs. 19200 crores respectively

Review regarding cadre strength of Income tax Inspectors in Income tax Department

3655 SHRI RASHEED MASOOD Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 6911 on the 14th April, 1978 regarding total number of Income-tax Officers and Incometax Inspectors and state.

- the Cadre strength of the Income tax Inspectors in the Income-tax Department more than once recently and recommended augmentation of Inspectors strength by about 1000 posts, and
- (b) if so, when the posts are being sanctioned ?
- OF FINANCE THE MINISTER fal PATEL) CSHRI H 7.f Yes Sir The Agency recommended augmentation of Inspectors' strength by 775 posts
- (b) The matter is under consideration

World Bank aided Projects in operation. State-wise

SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N PATIL Will the Minister of FINANCE he pleased to state

- (a) number and names of the World Bank aided projects in operation State-wise along with assistance utilised for the last three years, total World Bank and received year-wise, State-wise under various development programme by its standard classification for the last three years,
- (b) whether the World Bank Missions have made various observations regarding planning execution and monitoring aspects of the programme aided by the World Bank and if so summary thereof and action taken therein, and
- (c) whether it is a fact that World Bank President during his recent visit to India had shown keen interest in financing various development projects-brief outcome of his visit and follow up action sector wise/Statewase?

OF FINANCE THE MINISTER (SHRI H 14 PATEL Statements are laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Labrary See No. LT 3072/78]

(b) It can be seen from the statements that a very large number of projects are under execution in the

State and Central Sectors

The implementation of World Bank Group assisted projects is reviewed from time to time by missions from the World Bank. World Bank. World Bank. State Governments and Central Ministries concerned. The basic believing to the project at the project and the

(c) Yes, Sir. During his visit, Mr. McNamara had series of meetings with the representatives of the Central Government and State Governments and State Governments and Gujarat and also visitled some Bank-assisted projects in these two States. During all these two States. During all these needings, Mr. McNamara was informed about our Plan priorities and Plan strategies.

Mr. McNamara expressed particular happiness at the concreted settion taken by the Government of India to prepare a large pipeline of projects well in advance. The possibilities of further projects which can be financed by the Book Croup and the ways in which disbursement of Bank 3d can be step-ped up, were also reviewed.

The further process of examination of these project proposals and their appraisal by the Bank would continue over a period of time.

मुख्य वृद्धि को रोक्ने के लिए कार्यवाही

3657. भी हरनेविन्य वर्माः नेया वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की क्या करने कि:

 (क) दशासरकार का यह विचार है कि मूद्रा स्फीति पर देश में नियंत्रण कर सिया बया है;

(रा) यदि हां, तो यस्तुयों के मूल्यों में दिव-प्रतिदित मृद्धि होने के स्था कारण हैं ;

(ग) भग मूल्य पूजि को रोकने के लिए वसीचित बार्मकारों की जो रही हैं। (य) यदि हां, सो मृत्य वृद्धि पर कथ तक निमंत्रण कर शिया बाएगा ; और

(क) बंदि नहीं, तो इतने क्या कार

बित मंत्री (श्री एचः एमः पटेल): (क) से (ङ). पिछले 18 महीने के दौरान, अथवा इससे बोडे क्वादा समय में, एक उचित तीया तक मूल्य स्थिरता बनो रही है, क्योंकि योक कीमतों के सुबक खंक (1970-71=100) में, इस सबधि के दौराव, 2 प्रसिक्त से भी कम वृद्धि हुई है । इस त्य्य पर विचार करते हए, कि मार्च 1976 तथा मार्च 1977 के बीच सुचक संक में 12 प्रतियात की विद्य हुई है, यह निष्क्रयं निकाला या सकता है कि तद से मुद्रास्त्रीति पर काबू पा सिया गया है । इससे मुख बृद्धि को रोकने के लिए किए गए उपादों की संकलता का पता चलता है। किन्त सापेक्षिक मुख्य स्विरता का यह धर्य तो नहीं है कि किसी भी वस्तु के मुख्य में, चोहे वह कुछ भी क्यों न हो, वृद्धि नहीं होगी। सरकार स्थिति पर बडी नवर रक्षती है और मत्यों में होने वाली ध्रमणित वृद्धि को रोकने के जिए जब कभी जरूरी हो उदित कार्यवाही करती

Financial assistance to Government of West Bengal

3658, PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have offered financial assistance to the Government of West Bengal for relief and rehabilitation programme for the recent flood yietims in the State;
- (b) if so, the amount already sonctioned and promised under different heads:
- (c) whether Government will consider it desirable to advance some such financial assistance as grant instead of including it in the planned allocation;
 - (d) if not, the reasons thereabout;
- (e) whether Government would send Central Team to visit West Bengal for making a field survey about the extent of damage and the require-

ments of financial and and examine thoroughly all matters related to the requirements about financial and for relicf and various measures of rehabilitation, and

(f) if so delails of the facts there about?

OF FINANCE THE MINISTER M. PATELA and (b) On the basis of the reports of the Central Teams which visited Next Hengal to make an on-the-spot assessment of the situation caused by floods and requirement of funds by the State Government and in accordance with the recommendations of the High Level Committee on Relief, advance Plan assistance, aggregating to Rs. 66 93 cro e., has been allocated to the Government of West Bengal under the following major heads of Development

	Rs enteres
t Agreraleure	17 90
2 Irrigation & Flood Centrol	13 33
 Transport & Communicational roads 	13 00
4 Udlage & Small Industries	7 70
5 Education	3 00
6 Health	3 20
7 Mouses	18 00
8 Water Supply	400
g. Local bodies	8 80
Toral	23 qg
1014	23 03

in addition to the advance Plan' azsutance mentioned above about termy lean of Rx. 15 crose for agenciatural impuls, had been sanctuned for their Size 2 Art her abor term lean of Rx. 15 croves is proposed to be given aft r a supplementary broad provition is only and

te) and (d) The Central ac stance for meeting the expenditure for relief

operators in the event of natural calamaties its continued to be given in the current year in the form of advance. Fina assistance in accordance with the existing policies and strangements adopted on the recommendations of the 6th Finance Commission. In the circumstances, treating the Central arsistance allocated to West Bengal as outtraft; grant will go against the existing arrangements and policy which are being uniformly followed in the case of all the States.

(e) and (f) A Central team visited the State from 1st to 2rd September, 1978 and again from 21st to 24th Septemper 1978 for making an on the-spot assessment of the situation created by the floods and the requirements of the State Government for advance Plan Central team assis ance Another visited the State from 19th to 25th October, 1978 to assess the damage caused by the third spell of floods. It has been indicated to the State Government that another Central team might be sent later during the current financial year to review the porttion of rehet and rehabilitation and to recommend what further steps are requires to be taken in this regard.

Second Airport at Bombay

1809 SHRI A C. GEORGE Will the Sinuster of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

(a) Whether it is a fact that the Santa Cruz Airport in Bombay and the Palam Airport in Delhi are among the most congested in the world

(b) what are the main causes for the congestion in these two Airports,

(C) whether there is an urgent need for a second Airport at Bombay sho

(d) himmediate steps will Government take to increase the facilities at face two Airports?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOT-TAM KAUSHIK): (a) Bombay and Delhi Airports are congested because the traffic passing through them is much higher than the capacity of the terminal buildings.

- (b) Congestion at Bombay and Delhi airports is mainly due to:
 - (i) Air traffic passing through these air ports is much higher than the capacity of the exising terminal buildings:
 - (ii) Unexpected traffic growth between Bombay girport and Gulf countries: and
 - (iii) Introduction of thorough Security Checking of passengers.
- (c) There will be no need for a separate airport at Delhi till the turn of the centuary at any rate. Santa Cruz airport, however, because of the limited land available at its present site, is on a different footing in this regard. This matter is being examined.
- (d) Additions and alterations have been made from time to time at Bornbay and Delhi airports to meet the traffic demand. These resulted in an increase of 5,710 sq. mts. at Bombay airport over the area of 17,869 Eq. mts. in 1972 and an area of 5.032 sq. mts, at Delhi airport over the area of 17,004 so. mts. in 1972.

During the current year the transit loungs at Bombay airport and the domestic baggage/international departure area at Delhi airport were extended.

The existing terminal buildings at Bombay and Delhi sirports have reached the saturation point. At Bombay, the first phase of the new international passenger and cargo complex at an estimated cost of 11 erores is already under construction and is due to he commissioned in mid 1980. The pro-

posal for the construction of the second phase at an estimated cost of Rs. 16 crores is under consideration.

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At Delhi airport, a new international terminal complex is proposed at an estimated cost of Rs. 46 crores. The proposal is under examination.

To meet the immediate problem of congestion till the new terminals come up, a Task Force Committee consisting of representatives of the Ministry. IAAL the two national carriers and Customs has been set up to suggest on a priority basis the remedial measures to be taken. Govt. has also decided not to permit any additoinal international flights to operate from Bombay airport till the new terminal is commissioned.

Smuggling across Indo-Pakistani Border

- 3680. SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether there has been a sharp increase in smuggling activities particularly in gold across the Indo-Pakistani border; and
- (b) what steps Government propose to take to control these activities and wipe out the gangs of smugglers operating in that area?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE H. M. PATEL): (SHRI and (b) Reports received by Government do not indicate any increase in the smuggling activities across the Indo-Pakistan border. The total quantity of gold seized by Customs authorities during March-October, 1978 was about 23 Kgs. as against 73 Kgs. of gold seized during the corresponding period of 1977. However, the Customs preventive and Intelligence units along the Indo-Pakistan border are kept fully on alert to thwart any attempts at smuggling of contraband across the border,

Written Answers DEC

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3661 श्री साजेन्द्र कुमार सर्मा क्या विस्त मधीयत्र बनान का प्रभावर्गक कि

- (क) माद्यनितं भान पर उत्पादनमृत्क सा वया प्रभाव गरा है ,
- (छ) नेना यह नज है कि नरकार नो प्राथानित यात पर उत्पादनजुक्त गं और 10 प्रतिकृत को पर्मा नरन के तिए नाई आपन प्राप्त हुमा है ,
- (ग) यदि हा, ता उपनोक्ताको को सस्ते मूल्य पर कपका उपनक्त कराने पर इनका का प्रनाव परेवा?
- बित सत्रे (सी एव॰ एम॰ बहेत) (र) सूत वर भारत में सामत किये जाने यर, प्रतिकुत्तन सरी मुन्त ने लागे हैं औं भारत में देवलाति हैंदे सूत वर, क्षेत्रीय जातत मुक्त में मारा प्राधितका पुत्री वर, क्षेत्रीय जातत मुक्त में मारा प्राधितका पुत्री में तथा बहुत में होता हुए हो। यह बहुत में तथा बहुत में तथात मुक्त में होता के स्वयाद हाने हैं, 'दे से हुन में त्रीस्त्र हुन भी माता प्रयाद होतार प्राप्ति यर नियर करते हुए
- (ब) जो नरी, परन्तु कुछ बन्धावेरन आप हर्द दिवारें बार्टिनार त्याराम इस्ट टेस्सव्यादन पोर देसवावादन जो जन्दर्ग प्रीवित्तय 1973क मन्यांत्र निरिष्ट देसनायान पोर्ट क्यारास की प्रावित्तय पर नामी जाने की पोरिस्ता उत्तराम के पूर देने के प्रीव प्रकृतमानी भूतन नी प्रवादना के पुर देने के पित पुरा गान है। इस दरसाम को मानवा प्रमाद नहीं हो गाना है स्वाहि उत्तरा स्वरोगी उद्योग के दिवा पर कारत दरेसा।
- (व) क्यडे को प्रदेशाहन करती किस्मी पर मूल उत्पादनभुक का बाद स्वत ही कम है। इनतिय, धर्म बोधी सी बर्डि कर देने हे, उपबोक्ताओं को सुरो बेघडे को उपतन्त्रता पर कोई मनुबित प्रमाद मही बेहेगा।

Resignation by Members of Board of Directors of Bank of Maharashira

3662 DR. BAPU KALDATE Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

 (a) whether it is a fact that some members of the Board of Directors of Bank of Maharashira have resigned; (b) if so, the names of the Directors, and

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(c) the reasons for their resignation?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. One member Shrl PL Juneja resigned from the Board of Directors of the Bank of Maharashtra

(c) Shri Juneja made a number of allegations relating to the treatment he received from the Bank Chilman and also referred to the general functioning of the Bank citing these as reasons for his resignation.

Business of Life Insurance Corporation

3663 DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) the total business of the LIC in 1976-77 and 1977-78; and
- (b) the expenditure separately on ratheres and establishment and commissions to Agents out of the income in (a) above?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M. PATEL) (a)
The total new business written by the
LIC during the years 1976-77 and 197778 was as under

	(Rs, in cr	or es)
	1976-77	1977-78
Individual Assurance Group Insurance	2,112	2,021
	3,007	3,785
	5,119	5,806

(b) The total premium income including premium income realised under the above new business, and the total expenses of management, during the years 1976-77 and 1977-78 were as

Premium Incante	(Rs. in crores)		
erennem enconte	1976-77	1977-78	
First year Premium.	101.61	101-31	
	1976-77	1977-78	
Renewal Pemium .	211.51	562-48	
Single Premiums & Consideration for Annunities granted.	-(0-15	45*14	
Mindrana Prante-	653.30	709.48	
Expenses of Managament			
Commission to Agents	55*95	55*57	
Salaries and other benefits to em- ployees	94.95	107-12	
Other Expenses of Management .	19-61	19.83	
	170°51	182-52	

Separate figures of expenses of management relating to first year's premlums and renewal premiums are not maintained.

Collection of Sales Tax

3664. SHRI K. MALLANNA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Central Government propose to encroach upon the State's right of collecting sales tax; and
 - (b) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FRNANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). Levy of tax on sales or purchases of goods taking place within State big extra which was a state by a State subject whise Entry State is not because from Central sales tax leviad on inter-State ander of goods have also been assigned to the State Government's under the

Constitution and the same is also collected and retained by the State Government. However Article 286 of the Constitution places certain restrictions on the States' powers relating to sales tax in respect of sales or purchases of goods taking place (a) outside the State, or (b) in the course of import of the good; into or export of the good; out of the territory of India, or (c) goods declared by Parliament by law to be of special importance in inter-State trade or commerce.

Lack of Water and Toilet in National Small Industries Fair, New Dellu

3865. SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARLEF Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the participants have also complained of woeful lack of water hydrants and toilets in the exhibition (National Small Industries Fair); and
- (b) if so, the reaction of Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG): and (b). There was a complaint about inadequate arrangement for supply of drinking water. This complaint was, however, found to be incorrect. There are twenty-one drinking taps spread over the area in the Pragati 'Izidan, Thirty-five water trolleys are positioned at different places selling retrigerated water at 5 paise per glass. Besides there are 17 klosks in the Fair Ground and all these Kiosks have drinking water. All the individual pavilions have separate water connection.

Over thirty-eight toilet blocks have been thrown open to the public all over the P.a.sati Maidan. The mainlenance of the toilet blocks is entrusted to the Municipal Corporation of Delhi and the C.P.W.D. under the supervision of the TPAI.

Purchasing power of Rupee

3856 SHRI JAGDISH PRASAD MATHUR Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) what has been the fall in the purchasing power of the Indian rupee since 1935 and 1947
- (b) whether the purcha ing power of the rupee has declined by about 25 times since 1935
- (c) I are any projections been made on the likely purchasing po ver of ru pee (i) five years hence (ii) ten; ears hence and (iii) by 2000 A.D
- (d) what has been the rate of inflation during the following periods
 - (1) 1930—39 (1) 1940—49 (11) 1950—59 (1v) 1960—69 and (v) 19 0—78 and
- (e) What is the per capita income in India at pre ent at the 1935 price level?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHIRI H M. PARTEL) (9) and (b) There is no All India Consumer Price Index from which the Sechine in the purchasing power side 1835 could be calculated. In relation to 1349 the purchasing power of the Rupee in October 1978 as measured by the Consumer Price Index with base 1840-100 shows a decline of about .per cent.

- (c) Since price movements are governed by a variety of factors it is not possible to make any projections for future pelods.
- (d) Informat in r parding the inod 18,0-39 s not available a the rilest whilestale Price in 'ex relates to the base year ending August 1932. The

rates of inflation in terms of movements of the relevant Wholesale Price Indices for the subsequent periods are given below

Period	Rate of Inflation (per cent)
940-49	(+280 6)
1900-39	(+15 4)
1960-69	(+82 9)
19 0 8	(+98 2)

(e) Offic al estiamtes of per capital income at 1935 price level are also not available

1980 में राष्ट्र रूप सम्मतन म भाग तेत के लिए धाने बाने प्रतिनिधियों के लिए धावास मुविधाय

3668 भी जनस्वर मिथ नया पस्टन धीर हार स्थापन मन्नी यह बतान नी हुणा बरेंगे कि (क) वर्ष 1980 में राष्ट्र बंद से सम्बन्धिय सम्मनन में बाग बन के लिए धान वाले प्रतिनिधियों की पालास मुनिवासों की म्यतस्था करन के लिए स्टबरा में आपके थीवना बर्गा के लिए स्टबरा में आपके थीवना बर्गा की लिए

- (ख) क्या उक्त योजना क ब्रधीन होटल का निर्माण करन क लिए सरभग 20 करोड द० की धनराशि याप हानी और
- (म) यदि हो तो स्पादिस्तो में एने होटल नहीं हैं बटा उनके लिए सावास सुविधारें उपत्रख की जा मर्डे।

बस्दन बीर नागर विमानन मही (श्री पुष्पोदम पर्नीमा?) (श्र) है (श्र) वस्तरी परवरी 1930 से तीरा न हिंतनी महोन वाले पुन्दाना है व्यक्ति मोठ इस्तान है निवार होत्या साना स्वत्या प्राप्त इस्ता हा है समझा 2500 प्रति निर्मियों के उर्तामन होत्य दी प्राप्ता है। सम्मतन ह विद्यान प्रतिनिर्मियों के प्राप्ता नामसी प्राप्तय प्रत्यानी ह निवार माने प्रतिन्दा हुए सरदार है नमस उत्यान पर पर कु अस्य दस्तर है तारे स सम्मत्यक्ष विद्या हिंगा है। हमे निवार नाम स्वारत हाता श्री हुए उस्तान के द्रवानों ने निवार स्वयान हमा श्री हुए उस्तान के द्रवानों ने निवार

है, दिल्ली में होटल मालिकों के प्रतिनिधियों, विल्ली होंस के होटल धीर रेस्तरां धमोमिएयत . भीर भारत पर्यटन विकास निगम के साथ विस्तत विचार विमर्श किया भया। इन विचार-विमर्शों के परिणाम स्वक्ष्य बड़ धनमान किया गया हे कि विद्यमान होटलों में से प्रधिक से प्रधिक लगभग 1100 फमरे उपलब्ध हो सकेंगे । इसमें से. भारत पर्यटन विकास निगम ने, दीर्घकालीन बुद्धिन की भावश्यकताओं, याद्रा द्रशों, एक पाई दो एन और थी माई पीज मादि को ध्यान में रखते हुए, नई दिल्ली में भ्रपने भौजदा होटलों में से 505 कमरे आफर किए हैं । ये कमरे निम्नलिखित होटलों में उपसब्ध होंगे :--

ग्रप्रोफ होटल	225 कमरे
ग्रक्षवर होटल	50 कमरे
जनपथ होटस	50 कमरे
लोधी होटल	70 कमरे
रणजीत होटल	60 कमरे
कुतु व होटल	50 कमरे

भतः समभग 1400-1500 कमरों की कमी

वती सहेसी ३

८०५ जमरे

होटल घानास को प्रत्यधिक कभी की गरा करने स्रीर साथ ही साथ इत प्रतिनिधियों के बाबास सम्बन्धी श्रादायकतायों की ग्राविक पूर्व करने हैं उद्देश्य में, भारत पर्यटन विकास नियम का निम्नतिश्वित स्कीमी परकार्य प्रारंभ करने का विचार है निससे 554 प्रतिरिस्त कमरों की व्यवस्था हो सकेंगी :--

> धनभानित स्कीम का नाम स्वा (डाख स्पए)

- (i) 104 प्रतिस्थित कमरों भी पृद्धि करके, प्रश्नोक होटल, नई दिल्ली 161.00 का विस्तार
- (ii) 150 महिस्कित कमरों भी वृद्धि करके सकबर होटल, नई दिल्ली का विस्तार 270.00
- (111) विदंसर प्लेस, नई दिल्ली में 300 कमर्रा बाले 3-स्टार होटल का

500.99 निर्माण 371.00

क्षेप, लवसग ८०० कमरों के लिए, दिमीण खीर ग्राचास गंशासब का. 503 साच ४वए को सन्मानित सायत पर दो समरों यानी फर्निस्ट 590 सावास मिटों का निर्माण प्रारंभ करने का प्रस्ताव है, जिन्हें वाद में केन्द्रीय नरकार के सामान्य पूल प्रायास में जात्मन कर लिया जाएका ! "

Rejection of Tenders by Middle East Countries

3669. SHRI RAMJIWAN SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE. CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION he pleased to state:

- (a) the names of the items being exported from India with special mention of the items on which Government subsidy is given; and
- (b) why and how many tenders from the Government of India have been rejected by the Middle East Countries in the last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG):

- (a) Thousands of items/products are exported from India and it is difficult to list them out individually. The item; on which Cash Compensatory Support is given belong to the following broad product groups:-
 - 1. Engineering goods.
 - Chemicals and Allied Products.
 - 3. Plastics Manufactures.
 - 4. Leather and Leather Goods.
 - Sports Goods.
 - 6. Pish Products,
 - 7. Processed Foods.
 - Handierafts and Carpets.
 - Natural Silk Fabrics and Garments.
 - Synthetic Fabrics and Garments.
 - 11. Coir Products.
 - 12. Jule manufactures.
 - bran/De-oiled 13. De-oifed rice mengo kernel extractions/De-Corticated Cotton Seed extractions,
 - 14 Cotton Textiles.

(b) Tenders for supply of goods and/or services to counting abroad and not submitted by the Government of India but by Public Sector Undertakings and also by companessframs etc. in the Private Sector Government have no information on the no of tenders rejected and the reasons therefor

Trade between India and Soviet Union

3670 SHRI K. T. KOSALRAM Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state

- (a) the volume and value of trade between India and the Soviet Union in the past three years and the first mix months of the current financial year.
- (b) Whether Soviet Union is rejuctant to buy more goods from India because of her adverse balance of trade with India, and
- (c) whether delay in fixing Rupee-Rouble exchange rate 13 one of the stumbling blocks coming in the way of faster increase in trade between the two countries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG)

(a) The volume and value of trade between India and USSE during the last 3 years has been ee follows—

	Value Rs Crores		
1975 -6	1976-77	1977 78 fupto February 1978)	

		_	
Imports	310	397	103
Exports	417	440	598
TOTAL	727	747	1 000

Figures for the current year have not yet become available.

(b) No Sur

(c) Rupee-Rouble exchange rate does not normally affect the bulateral trade which is conducted in non-convertible Induar uppes Illowever, few contracts for deferred payments are at time designated in roubles and they could be marginally affected. The exchange rate has since been fixed.

Promotion of Cooperative Activities in Bihar

- 3671 SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government propose to start offices for NCDC, NCCF, NAFED and other co-operative societies in Purma District in particular and Bihar in general to promote cooperative activities in Bihar, and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND COPERATION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL) (a) and (b) The N C D C N C C F and RAPED have already set up branches in Patta to prompte cooperative activities in Bithar Theore is no proposal to open branches of these organizations and other cooperative sociate, in Parma Dasturt

Complaints against Import of Bubber of rotten againty

- 3672 SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government have received complaints from the manufac turers that rubber imported by the STC was rotten and hence could not be consumed, and
- (b) if so whether Government have been contemplating any action against the officials in the STC who are responsible for the import of the rotten rubber?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL): (a) and (b), Some complaints in regard to the quality of rubber imported were received. The main complaint was about the in-transit water damage to the imported rubber. According to expert technical opinion, this rubber is usable after driage. In order to meet come of the objections. STC have allowed the units to inspect the imported rubber prior to their lifting. Out of the 14,750 tonnes of natural rubber imported by STC a quantityof about 12,062 tonnes has already been lifted by the rubber goodsmanufactures, as on 13th December, 1978.

Quantity of Rubber Imported by S.T.C.

3673. SHRI GEORGE, MATHEW: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state;

(a) the quantity of rubber imported by the S.T.C. country-wise and grade-wise;

- (b) the landed cost of this imported Jubber grade-wise: and
- (c) the price at which the STC would be selling the various grades of this imported rubber?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL). (a) and (b), A statement is attached.
- (c) The following prices ex-godown Madras have been fixed by Government for selling the various grades of imported rubber by S.T.C .: -

Selling

Grade						(Rs. per tonne)
RSSI						10,000
RSS III	& Si	IR 10	٠.	-		9,750
RSS IV/	V &	SMR	90			9,500

Statement

(a) & (b). Quantity of rubber imported by S.T.C. country-wise and grade-wise and the landed my Thereof.

			Sri Lanka		Singapore		Malaysia	
Geade			Quy. in topnes	Landed cost (Rs./tenne	Qry, in tonnes	Landed cost (Re) toune)	Qty.in tannes	Landed cost (Rs.) tonne)
RSS Grade I .		-	3,000	9210-90	٠,			
Grade III .					3,800	8987-53	1,050	Pg87153
Grade IV .	•				1.460	8897-85	400	8897-86
	•	•		_			400	8701-97
SMR, 10 .	•	•			2,650	6553.41	2,050	9532-41
SMR. 20 ·	٠	•			7,850		3,000	,
			3,000	· P				

Allocation of Funds for Hamachal Pradesh for Tourism in Stath Plan

367. SHRI DURGA CHAND
Will the Minister of TOURISM AND
CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to
state

(a) whether it is a fact that Himachal Prodesh Government have submitted proposals to the Central Gosermment for expanding tourist facilities in the State during the Sixth Plan,

(b) if so what are the details thereof

(c) what decisions have been taken thereon, and

(d) what is the allocation made or proposed to be made for Himachal Pradesh in this regard for the Sixth Plan, Year wise.

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PU-RUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK) (d) The proposals for development of tourism were discus ed at the recent State Tourism Ministers Conference held in New Delhi which recommended the selection of 2 centres for development in each State/Union Terratory in the country in the Central Sector The schemes/centres 344 gested by the H P Government are (1) Janata Hotel at Simla (2) Expan sion of facilities at Hot Springs at Vachishta (3) Club House building at Manali (4) Solang Nallah and (5) Gobindsagar Lake The details of the schemes and the relative priorite, to be accorded will be finalised with the State Government depending on the resources available

> भाविक काम विमाम में उप निदेशक के पद क्री मरा जाना

नराथाना 3676-थी सबुरसिंह मशीरिया नदादित

मनो यह बताने की उपा करेंगें कि

(क) रता प्रशिष्ठ आये निभाग के एक धनुनान परिकार (हिन्दी) की जिसे सरामय नीन वर्ष पहने तक्षता प्रशिष्ठ करण पर मान में में दीवी पावा नवा वा हान में उसता रोख पार करने की प्रमृतनि-है ही वर्ष है

- (च) करा धार्मिन कार्य विभाग में उप विदेशक (हिंचा किमानपत) एक पद को जिस उपध्या ५३ वप पहल बनायां पदा या धन्य तक नहीं भरा पदा है बचाकि उपधुत्त धर्मिना उन्हा पद्मिक देखन देखना पोध पार नहीं कर मार्ग मा
- (ग) नदिनहाक्षाद्म वर्षसम् पद रिकापहे रहन कश्याकारण है,

(य) प्रवाधन द्वाय की बान बाता अप्ट ग्रांतिविध्यो का श्रांकन के तिए जो इस प्रकार के जिद्धि स्वार्थ थात्र निवास के निवण उत्तरदानी हैं क्या राज्यागरकत कार्यवाही करने का अस्ताय है, मोर

(इ) द्रस पद को प्रव परने बाक्स प्रसासनिक प्रोतिय है जब कि उसे घरे बिना इस्ती सम्बी प्रवीत तक कार्य को मुदयनापूर्वक किया जाता रहा है?

विस्तानों (वो एष० एक वहता) (क) व्याप्तान प्रोडारों (हिल्या) के विवास पर्व-वास्तासक कर्मवाई मेर्र 1973 में प्राचन प्राच-वास्तासक कर्मवाई १३ मित्रमप्त, 1973 मेर्ग प्रेच कर्मवाई १३ मित्रमप्त, 1973 मेर्ग प्रेच कर्मवाई १३ मित्रमप्त, १३८ मित्रम् प्राचन ये प्राचन प्रचन प्राचन प्राचन प्राचन प्राचन प्रचन प्राचन प्रचन प

(ख) भी नहा। यह ठीव नहीं है।

(य) इस पद को मुख्य रूप सं निम्नदिश्वित कारणों भ वहीं भरा जा मका ---

> (1) इतपदनो मारतधरनार क सभी मतान्यों/ विभागो को स्वापक रूप से परिचारित किया गया ।

- (11) जुनाइ, 1978 में इस पद को विभिन्न मवालयों के निवत्नण में स्थित सम्बद्ध अधीनस्थ बागों उसे को पिर से परिवारित किया गया।
- (m) पर को भरत के सम्बद्ध में प्राप्त प्रभ्याबदनों पर विचार करता।
- (av) हुट एक उम्बीदवारों की गोपनीय रिपाटी का न मिलना।
- (४) क्यांकि यह पद छ महीन में प्रिक्त समय क लिए धानो पढ़ा रहा इनलिए हमें मरन की प्रावश्यकता को जाज करना ।
- (६) उत्तर (ख) भीर (ग) क भवीन दिये यवे उत्तर के मनुसार यह प्रश्न पैदा नहीं होता।

(डा) इस पद के लिए दी गई स्वीकृति 30 मयस्वर, 1978 को नमाप्त हो गई है। इन पद को जारी रखने और इसे घरने की बायस्यकता की जॉच ग्रानिसिक कार्य ग्रह्मात एकल टारा किए सए बध्यवन की रिपोर्ट के बाधार धर की जा रही है।

Letting out of Departments and Stalls on hire by Delhi Super Bazar

3677 SHRI PUNDALIK HARE DANWE. Will the Minister of COM-MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Delhi Super Bazar has let out its several departments and stalls on hire to outside traders;
- (b) whether it is not against the interests of the public; and
- (c) whether it is proposed to do away with this system?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL): (a) Yes, Sir; only in respect of some specialised items and services such as hardware, motor-parts, dental clinic so as to provide maximum possible range of item, and services to consumers under one-roof.

- (b) No. Sir. Super Bazar, however, keeps a watch over the prices and quality of goods sold by the Concessionaire Departments.
- (c) There is no such proposal. Such arrangements are considered necessary for the convenience of consumers, better utilisation of the available space at Connaught Circus branch and for improving the overall financial position of the society.

Chairmen of Public Undertakings in the Ministry of Commerce, Civil Supplies and Cooperation

3678. SHRI L. L. KAPOOR: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state the names of Chairmen of the Public Undertakings under his Ministry with the dates of their appointment, their qualifications and their previous assignments during the last ten years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COLIMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Daily flight from Delhi to Raipur

3680 SHRI AINTHU SAHOO: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state;

- (a) whether there is any proposal to make daily flight from Delhi to Rainur: and
- (b) if so, when it is going to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) Not at present.

(b) Does not arise.

Defaults in Industrial Financial Corporation of India

JYOTIRMOY BOSU: 3681 SHRI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that there are very heavy defaults in the Industrial Finance Corporation of India loan repayments;
- (b) how much medium and long term credits were extended during 1977-78:
- (e) how much is the default in principal and interest;
- (d) how many industrial units have so far defaulted; the names thereof; and

(e) is it also a fact that it (defaults) represent one out of every three concerns financially assisted by this concern*

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL) (a) While .o ne of the units assisted by Industrial Pinance Corporation of India are in default only to concerns were in per sistent default for periods of more than three years.

- (b) During the financial year 1977 (8 the Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI) sanctioned and dishursed loans to the extent of Rs 11263 crores and Rs 53.90 crores respectively to industrial concerns
- (e) and (d) As on 20th June 1978 216 concerns were in default in the payment of their dues to the IFC to the extent of Rs 4156 crores Rs 2116 crores representing the amount of principal in default and Rs 2040 crores the amount of interest in default. Government does not consider it proper to publicise the names of industrial concerns who are in default at a particular point of time as this may adversely effect their credit worthiness in the market.
- (e) Though the number of concert s in default 11. 216 formed about 30.6 per cent of the total number of con cerns (589) from whom loans were custanding a, on 30th June 1978 the amount of defaults formed only about 12 per cent of the total am Nami of loans outstanding on that date

Expenditure incurred on Research Observatory Project at Shillong

3002 DR SAROJIVI MAHISHI

SHRI MUNITIAR SINGH MALIK

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU

Wal the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state

(a) what are all the events that tome within the range of the seismo meter set up in the Research Observatory Project at Shillong in May, 1978.

- (b) the total amount so far spent on this project, and
- (c) what are the special features of the observatory?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURUSHOT-TAM KAUSHIK) (a) The Seismometer covers detection of earthquakes from feeble to destructive intensities and al underground nuclear and chemical explosions depending upon the distance and the yield

- (b) About Rs 55 000 (Rupees fifty five thousand) on staff and maintenance The main equipment has seen supplied by U.S.A. free of cost.
- (c) The observatory has higher de tection capability compared to the other conventional observatories. The data is recorded on visual charts as well as on magnetic tape. The taped data allows advance techniques of analysis to be adopted for investigational work in teismology

Arrests at Delhi Airport for smuggling Watches

- 3683 CHOWDHRY BALBIR SINGH Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state
- (a) wnether it is a fact that some VLPs have been arrested at Delin Airport by custom officials for smuggling watches and fountain pens etc during September to November, 1978,
- (b) if so the detail, of the persons involved the goods and other articles taken in custody.
- (c) the action taken against each one.
- (d) how many VIPs have been involved on various Airports, Railway stations and Bus Stands in various parts of the country since April. 1977, and

(e) the details thereof and the action taken against each one?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) 10 (c), No Sir. There has been no case involving arrest of a VIP by customs officials at Delhi Airport during Sept. to Nov.. 1978. Pretumebly, the question relers to the seizure of wrist watches, fountialn pens and other acticle; from Shr. Orn Prexash, son of Shri Devl Lal, at Delhi Airport on 22-0.1978. Parficulars of the items seized from Shri Om Prexash are stated below.

z. Gents writst wa- telies, automatic	Pes.	Rs.
with day & date (make MILLINA)	18	3,600
 Gents wrist wa- tches, automatic with day & date (make REGENT) 	18	3,600
 Ladies wist watches 	12	1,300
4. Wrist watch straps	36	720
5. Rountain pens (Parker)	46	1,840
6. Plain surces .	15	900
 Dietapkone, Sanyo TRC-2000 	1	600
tt. Pocket camera Argus mini	1	600
g. Poeket camera Minolta 430 E .	r	640
o. Still camera Vivitar 35 EB	1	750
TOTAL .		14.750

The matter is presently under investigation.

(d) and (e). Information is coing collected and will be laid on the Table of the House. Amount written off by Banks

- 3684 SHRI RAMNAND TIWARY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;
- (a) the total amount written off by Banks during the period from the date of nationalisation of Banks to 15th November, 1978 and the amount written off against each industrialist (business houses) and other persons separately;
- (b) the reasons for writing off this amount;
- (c) the percentage of loan provided to Industrial Houses, big businessmen, rich farmers, marginal farmers, agricultural labour and landless farmers during the above period;
 - (d) whether the object for which banks were nationalised, is being achieved; and
 - (e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHIN H. M. PATEL), (a) and (b) Public Sector Brains are evidence upon by law not to disclose information reading the provisions for total and doubtful debts or about the affairs of their contillents, in view of this legal position, intermation relating to the amounts written on the banks and the names of the patties concerned cannot be divulged.

(e) The share of farmers according to the size of their boldings is avaidable only in respect of direct boats (outstanding) from Public Sector Banks for agricultural operations as at the end of September 1977 and is given isclose;

(i) upto 2-3 acres.	•	20,
(ii) from 2-5 acres to 3 gere	۶.	17".
(iii) fraut 2 ages to 10 ages		19%
(ie) above to across		410.0

Banks do not maintain data on ad-

3625 LS--14.

Industrial Houses, bug businessmen, agricultural labour and landless for PARK

However information available indi cates that the outstanding advances of public sector backs to large Industrial Houses covered under the Monopoues and Restrictive Trade Practices Act 1909 as at the end of December 1977 were Rs. 1083 47 crores which works out to 11 per cent of the total advances outstanding as on that date. The outstancing agrances of all scheduled commercial banks to wantesale trade (other total for food procurement out ancluding public sector trading cor-Porations) was Ha 1193 crores as at the end of December 1977 which works cut to 9.0 per cent of total advances outstanding on that date.

(d) and (e), in consonance with the objectives of national policy the public sector banks, besides enlarging their branch net work, have increased their credit to the neglected sectors Their credit to agriculture increased from Rs 162 crore: in June 1969 to Rs. 1608 erores in June 1978. Over the same period their advances to small scale industries increased from Rs. 201 mores to Rs. 1641 crores. Their total negral ed sector advances have increased from Rs. 441 erores (14.9 per cent) to Rs. 2692 crores accounting for 30.2 per cent of their aggregate credit.

To further accelerate the pace of rural development, banks have been asked to devote their branch expansion effort to uncerted rural and semurban centres in deficient distincts. They have also been advited to ensure that 323 per cent of their total on values by the end of March 1979 are men to repected sectors. Simultane ously, the public sector banks have also been advised to deploy by March 1979 at least 60 per cent of the total deposits mobilised by their rural and were, urban branches in rural and sense Within areas These measures are exsected to further increase bank cred t to rural creas substabilially in the Lear

Written Answers Development of Tourism Industry in Ladalb

2005. SHRIMATI PARVATI DEVI Will the Manster of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state what special steps Government propose to take for development of tour sau ind dry in Ladakh

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU SHOTTAM KAUSHIK) No screme have been taken up in the Central Sector for the development of tourism in Ladakh as it is the considered . ew of the Government that unmediately the need to to preserve the environmental and cultural characteristics of this area, which are its main fourist attractions. To ensure this it has been surrested to the State Government to draw up a master plan of tourism ge reloament for Ladakh so that there is no despolation of its environmental and cultural characteristics while proa ding fourist facilities.

It is proposed to protect the Gom pas' which are the main tourist attrac tions of Ladakh

The Indian Airlines proposes to operate a scheduled air service between Srinagar and Leh from January 1979

Besides the area South of Smagar Leh road, which had been opened earlier, the Government have further derestrated the areas since May 1978 permutting fore-gners to visit for a remod of upto 3 days the Gompas which are located to the north of the Smallar-Leh mad, provided advance intimation is given and specific per m ssion is obtained from the District Magistrate concerned.

Export of Gold Ornaments

3626 SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTHY Will the Minister of COM MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state

(a) names of the business parties who have been granted Leences for exporting gold ornaments.

- (b) quantum of gold ornaments exported by each party during the previous and current financial year; and
- (c) the revenue earned by Government through these exports?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG): '(a) to (c). Information in regard to the parties which have been allowed to export gold ornaments under both the Reserve Bank of India Scheme and the Gold Export Replenishment Jewellery Scheme and the quantity/FOB value of such exports is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Recruitment in Nationalised Banks

3687. SHRI MAHI LAL:

SHR! R. L. KUREEL:

SHRI RAJ KESHAR SINGH:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether with the scrapping of the banking Commission which was constituted mainly to recruit persons/ officers in the nationalised banks or banking industry, all these recruit persons through their cwn separate recruitment agencies putting financial burden of forms/examination fees to the unemployed persons;
- (b) whether it is a fact that this decentralised recruitment system in banking industries has resulted current practice, nepotism and the concept of give employment to the blood relations; and
- (c) whether with a view to eradicate all these evils in the banking industry in matters of recruitments and promotions Government would take effective steps to ensure that all

the nationalised banks instead of conducting their own examinations give their requirements to the staff selection commission and/or U.P.S.C. to fill up the vacancies in their own organisations?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) Even ofter the setting up of Banking Service Commission in February 1977, the recruitment of staff for the nationalised banks was being done by the banks themselves since the Commission did not carry out any recruitment for the Banks during the existence. On the dissolution of the Commission, sever Regional Banking Service Recruitment Boards have been set up and they have already initiated recruitment procedure for recruitment on behalf of the banks.

(b) and (c). While some complaints have been received from time to time by Government regarding the recruitment done so far by the Banks individually, it is expected that with the setting up of the Banking Service Recruitment Boards there will be no cause for such complaints hereafter. As direct recruitment both of officers and staff will now be done independently by these Boards, there is no question of entrusting the Staff Selection Commission or the U.P.S.C. with the recruitment in Banks.

जासन्दा, राजनीर तथा बीढ गया का पर्यटकों से रियमे विकास

3688, श्री शीरेन्द्र प्रसाद: नपा पर्वटन और सामर दिसासन मंत्री यह बताने की प्रणा करेंगे कि:

- (क) क्या विहार में सासन्दा, जिला सलन्दा का एजपीर तथा जिला गया का बीड गया के ऐतिहासिक महत्त्व को देखते हुए उनके विकास को मोजनाएं प्रवटन विचान हारा तैयार की यह है;
- (छ) बदि हां, तो शैजनाओं शा चीरा स्था है और इनको कब तक प्रस किया नायेगा ?

प्रदेश कीर मापर विमानन मंत्री (धी परवोतन कींग्रक) (क) ना, हो। क्षेत्र होवे पात्रिया को पाँच के स्थाना ना विद्यास इर्रत का राष्ट्र स क्ष्ट्राय क्यान विमान ने बिहार म एकगाँद जासन्दा भीर बीद देश के म दर प्तान (मृति-प्रयाग व्यान) उत्तर सिवे

(ष) सम्बन्धार त परामवं करके सम्बर्ग जन्म (महिप्रवाद जात) पर बाधास्ति सारण स्वापत कर्ला सामित क्षत्रा झादि देखा पदरक एविसाधा क विसास सा प्रताव है। पर्वादरम् अन्त्रथा धायाजना को भा हाद म निदा प्राप्ता नाकि यह मुक्तिका हा सक कि स्थान का प्राप्तिक गरिसन कोर जनता दिल्याण बना 72 1

शास्त्र भरकार सं एयमनं करक कीर उरहा छ बाउना पर निभर रहते हुए बार्यच वर्षा शावना 1976-83 इ शेराने मार्टर प्रात क माधार पर मलराष्ट्र का सरकार न कन्नाव क्षत्र स बार्या बंदन के प्रिए निम्नतिष्ठित भावनामी का सकाव 5-1

- (1) धवन्य गुरायो है निवने हिम्से में मृति धार्थं संविशाय .
- (॥) वह समृद्ध वह पर हत्त्व.
- (111) बम्बई म बनदा हारत
- (१८) एनिस्टेश में म्बियाधा का विकास ।

रतमें न पहला तान हिरामें कार्याप केंग्रर में पहरशाम ना गाँडे बीर बीची स्वाम वद क्याच्य बाइण पर निवर रहते हर, बायान्ययनल विचार ध्या याल्या ।

Seiting up of Research Development Fund by State Bank of India

5000 SHRE SUBHASH CHANDRA BOSE ALLURI

SHRI D AMAT

Will the Minister of FINANCE Le thrusted to state

(a) whather it s a fa t that State Pank of India has set up a Research? 1-4 Destapment Furd of Rt. 5 crores

to promote Research and Development activities in Agricultural and Rural entreprenural development and for belping the physically handicapped, and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) and (b) Yes Sir A Research and Deve op meat Fund was created by the State Bank of India in March 1977 with a corpus of Rs 5 erores.

The grants from the Fund are made available for supporting research and development activities in the area of agriculture and rural development entreprenural development helming the handscapped and for the creat of of chairs in Universities/Institutes to promote activities connected with the -LALP

Since the inception of the Fund grants amounting to Rs. 51 to lakhs to nine institutions have been approved

Enquiry into Mismanagement of State Trading Corporation in Export of Suga-

3690 SHRI O V ALAGESAN Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION IN nte-sed to state

- (a) whether a thorough enquiry has been made to find out the extent of foreign exchange los, due to mis management of State Trading Corpo ration in sugar export sales during 1974 75
 - (b) what are the findings,

in fature"

- (c) what action is taken against the erring officials and
- (d) what precautionary measures are taken to prevent this type of loss

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF COMMERCE AND COUPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) In (d). There was no foreign exchange loss in the sugar export sales during 1974.75 In fact, there was a net profit of REJESSON CONSTRUCTION.

चाय मीलागो के नियमों में परिवर्तन करने का प्रस्ताव

3691. भी स्रोन प्रकास त्याणी : क्या बाणिक्य तथा वायरिक पूर्ति सीर सङ्कारिता मंत्री यह वताने की हुया करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या सरकार को पढ़ा है कि बाय नीजा-मियों के मामले में दलाल धनियमितताओं हारा मुख्यों पर नियन्त्रण रखते हैं ;
- (स) यदि हां, तो ज्या देत और जनता के हित में बोर जनता को उचित मुख्य पर चाय को उप-सबता को मुनिद्यित करने के जिए सोसामी के नियमों में परिवर्तन करने का सरकार का प्रस्ताव हैं; और
- (ग) यदि नहीं, तो त्या इस बारे में सरकार का तथ्यों का पता समाने का थिवार है ?

वाणिक्य तथा नागरिक पूर्वित तथा तक्कारिका भंतालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री कृष्ण कुमार योधन): (क) इस मामले के सम्बन्ध में कोई बिविय्ट रिपोर्ट नहीं मिली हैं।

(16) और (१), जाम की सीवासियां नीताओं सिति इरात बनाई परि निवमी के मनुसार विशेषकरें, सर्वेचरों न दशारों हरना संस्कृत रूप के बाधोधिक की वार्ती हैं। भीतासियों चे चाम के दिवहार की अवस्ता संक्रीत करियों के हो बाती हैं और कोवडें सरीदारों के बीच विश्वां प्रतिवोधिता ते निवाधित हो वार्ती हैं। कर करी बायस्तर होता है क्या

Central Government Employees in Class I, H, III and IV belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in Ministry of Finance

3692, SHRI B. C. KAMBLE: Will the Binister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of Central Government employees in Class I, II, III and IV in the whole Ministry belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes as at the end of the years 1975, 1976 and 1977; and

(b) the dates on which Presidential Orders pertaining to reservation in (i) direct recruitment and (ii) promotions respectively were issued, and the reasons of their delay?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). Reservation for Scheduled Castes/ Scheduled Tribes in posts filled by direct recruitment was introduced under Ministry of Home Affairs Reso. lution No. 42/21/49.NGS. dated 13-9-50. Such reservation in posts filled by promotion was introduced by stages under executive instructions dated 4-1-1957. 8-11-1963 11-7-1968 27-11-1979 and 20-7-1974. No Presidential Order has been issued for the purpose. The information regarding the number of Central Government employees in classes I to IV belonging to Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes in the Ministry of Finance as at the end of the years 1975, 1976 and 1977 is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House as soon as it is available.

Recommendations of James Raj Committee on Public Sector Banks

- 3693. SHRI SHYAM SUNDER GUPTA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government have since taken any decision on the recommendation of the James Raj Committee on Public Sector Ranks contained in its interim, report to the offset that the State Bank of India, in view of its unwieldy size and opcration, should be split into five zonal substituties and converted into a holding company; if so, the details thereof; and
- (b) whether other recommendations contained in the Interim Report have also been examined and consid-

ered by the Government and if so, with what result?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) The Re serve Bank of India, to whom the James Rai Committee had submitted its report, has after consultation with the Government and the State Bank of India decided that the State Bank of India should not be divided nio zonal banks for the present.

(b) The gist of the main recommendations contained in the Report and the action taken/proposed to be taken thereon by the Reserve Rans are even in the Statement attached Other recommendations of the Cornmittee relate to samulification of any cedure for leading to priority sectors. terms and conditions of such lending. improvement of efficiency in banks cir. Several recommendations on procedural matters as well as those relating to internal efficiency in banks made by the James Raj Committee, were also made earlier by other Committee Action on some of these recommendations has already been initiated by the Reserve Bank

Statement

Gut of the Main Recommendations

Action taken/proposed to be taken by Reserve Bank of India The Reserve Bank dues not consider it fest ble

- 1 There should be a process of selective coasolightion of gains achieved in branch expansion by each bank for a period 3-5 years during which banks should not expand beyond a certain limit e.g. banki with less than 1800 branches should grow up to 1800 branches and those with 1800—1800 branches upto 1500 branches
- 2 Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) may open branches in rural areas and wherever and whenever the RRIs are well established, they should take over offices of commercial banks operating in rural areas. The area of opera-tion of RRBs should be clearly demarcated to cover one or more districts depending unon the size of the districts.
- 3 The four of the subadures of the SBL, viz. State Bank of Hyderabad, State Bank of Bakaner and Japur, State Bank of Mysore and State Bank of Travancore may be separated from the State Bank of India and made to dependent entitates

- to fix onling on branch expansion of the public sector banks in view of the need for very substantial increase in the number of branches over the next few years. Accepputting an embargo on well managed lumbs
- For the present, RRBs will continue to be organized under the existing statute No rigid grounds are proposed to be preserved with regard to the area of prescribed with regarm to the accordance will their operation and a flexible approach will be adopted RRBs will be accorded priority in the matter of branch expansion in rural areas to the districts where the KRBs bate been established/will be established hereafter.
- This recommendation of James Raj Committee a under examination in the RBI in the light of the findings of a Committee appointed by the SBI to examine the question of reby the ant to examin me question or se-bitonish between SRI and its subsidents. The Committee has favoured continuance of the limitage in the light of several ad-vantages of the "group model" and has suggested certain legal, regulatory and at-titudinal changes in the casting relationship to remedy certain deficiencies in the present
- 4. There more public sector hanks should be set. The supprison is under crammation in the specific model in the public sector, and the specific sector is the specific sector of the sp gonal inequality or whether this purpose could be better achieved by ensuring that the count be bener annexed by enouring that the estimage banks mainly operating in the re-gions are made to focus their attention in these areas by forming submidiaries or up-yarding their regional offices with focal boards baving adequate discretionary powers for taking administrative and operational de-

Import of Rubber

3694. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KA-DANNAPPALLI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Northern India Rubber Wanningburges Pederation has stated that it is absolutely essential to imnort 25 000 tennes of rubber to enable rubber industry to tide over the present orisis-
- (b) if so, the reaction of the Union Ministry in this regard:
- (c) whether the rubber manufacturers have submitted to Government that during the past two months most of the factories have been closed down:
- (d) if so, whether they have also challenged the prices at which the Kerala Government has elaimed to have brought down rubber to Rs. 1,000/- per quintal for RMA, is still at Rs. 1,186; and
- (e) whether Government 15,600 tonnes of agreed to import rubber immediately and have also agreed to import further 10,000 tonnes at the end of this year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-(SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR TION GOYAL): (a) and (d). Yes, Sir.

- (b) and (e). On a close review of the position, Government have now decided to import through the STC 15,060 tonnes of natural rubber during this year in addition to an equal quantity of rubber imported in September-October, 1978.
- (c) The rubber manufacturers had reported to Government about the threatened closure of various units manufacturing rubber goods particularly small scale units.

Janata Hotel/Tourist Hotel in Rishikesh-Uttarkashi-Radrinath Mares

3895. SHRI JAGANNATH SHARMA-Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) what progress has so far been made in the establishment of Janata Hotels and Tourist buts in the Rishikesh-Uttarkashi and Rishikesh-Badrinath Margs; and
- (b) what minimum facilities are being provided to tourists visiting the holy places located in the Garhwal Division?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) The Goverument has at present no plans for construction of Janata Hotels in the Rishikash Jittarkashi and Rishikesh-Badrinath Margs. The State Government, however, have constructed Travellers' Lodges. Rest Houses and Pilgrim Sheds on these routes which cater to the needs of medium and lowincome group trourists/pilgrims. The Central Department of Tourism has extended financial assistance towards construction/improvements towards some of the above mentioned accommodafions. These establishments are managed by the Garhwal Mandal Vikas Nigam, A statement showing these establishments with their respective bed-capacity is attached at Aunexure-L

- The yatra routes in the Garhwal area have been suggested by the State Government for inclusion in the development programme of the Sixth Plan of the Central Department of Tourism. The State Government 13 also constructing additional accommodation establishments to augment the existing accommodation facilities on these routes, during the Sixth Plan Period.
- (b) information and guidance to the visitors/pligrims is given through 8 State Government Tourist Bureous

during the season India Tourism

travel in this area the Garhwal Mandal Vikas Nigam operates conducted tours Development Corporation also operates, conducted tours to Kedarnath and Badrinath from Delhi and back during the season

.100

Statement

Last of the Existing travellers' Ludgest Rest Horses/Polgram Shels managed by the Goshacl Mardel Vidas Nigan

5-√ya	Name of the Establishme	nt							ye	ofbeds
ı	Pilgrim Shed, Badrinath									72
2	Trav llers' Lodge, Kedarnath									72
3	Travellers' Logde, Joshumath									72
4	Travellers' Lodge, Karan Parya	Ē	.*							72
5	Travellers Lodge, Gaurskund								•	30
6	Tourist Rest House, Gwaldam									
7	Tournst Rest House, Uttarkashi					Ċ	•	•	•	16
3	Pilgram Shell, Uttarkashl					·		•	•	
9	Tourist Rest House, Vand Paryay		٠.	•	•				•	100
10	Palgram Shed, Chanyasaur		•	٠		•	•	•	٠	4
ŧı	Pilgrum Shed, Bharonghati	•				٠,	γ;	į	•	; 50
12	Pilgram Shed, Gangnani		•		•	•	٠	٠	•	100
13		•	•		•	•			•	50
14				•	•			•	•	100
15	_		•			٠		•	٠	100
16		•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	50
17		•		•	•	٠	•	-		50
t.		•	•	•		•	٠	•		4
19		•	٠	•	•	•	•	٠		4
20		٠.	•	•	•	٠	•	٠		8
21		٠		•	•			٠		8
2		-		٠	•	٠	•			148
2		٠	•	•	•	•		-		158
2	Tourist Rest House, Shestradhan		. •		٠	•	•			44
	Tourist Rest House, Shestradhar UP)	A ()	lanag	ed by	the D	rparti	nent o	Tou	run	
_				-	•	٠	•			+

नेपाल सीमा की फ्रोर से तस्करी की

3696 श्री जानेश्वर प्रसाद बादव : क्या वित्त मंत्री मह बनावें की ऊपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) नवा नेपाल सीमा की बोर से तरकरी की गतिविधियों सम्बन्धी सरकार को ब्रनेक जिकावर्ते प्राप्त हुई हैं; ब्रीर
- (व) यदि हो, तो सरकार ने नैपाल सीमा पर गत तीन वर्षों के बौरान ऐसे फितने मामसों का पता समामा हे और उन्हें रोकने के लिए क्या अवान किये जा रहे हैं?

वित्त मंत्री (श्री एवं ० एम ० घटेल) : (क) श्रीर (घ') यो हो, मारत-नेपाल शीमा के रास्ते होंने वाले तसकर-व्याशर के बारे में कहेंक विकास के प्राप्त हुई है। यह तीन वची के दौरान एकड़ें यो भारत-नेपाल शीमा के वार-पार तरकर आधारत-निवाल के सामान नेपाल के श्री हुन संद्या शीने दी मही है :

वर्ष		मामचों को	र्सस्या
1976		9,73	2
1977		10,13	S
1978		8,3	36
(सितम्बर,	1978 বজ)	

मारत-वेवाल सीमा के सार-पार दरकर-प्राप्तार को रोकने के लिए, प्रकेत उत्तम किए गए है। इर काशों में, मानुक्त में प्रति क्रिया देश को स्वयुक्त स्वतात, सीमाकृत निवादक वीकियों को संस्था में बृद्धि करणा शोर जनमें से कुछ को दीमा के प्रविश्वाह्मत ननदीन त्यारित करना, महत्त्वमीं सानी के सार-पार पान कराना और महत्त्वमीं सानी के सार-पार पान कराना और महत्त्वमीं सानी कामा वारावित के अप्रवाद किया ग्रामित्त है। सीमा के प्रत-पार तकर कामार के जमानी से , ग्रामान बागों के लिए दीमानुक्त गिमारक स्टांक को पूरी वरद सतके भी रखा नाता है।

Export of D-Oiled Cake

3697. SHRI VINODBHAI B. SHETH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state:

(a) how much export of D-Oiled Cake has been effected during 1973 from India;

- (b) how much foreign exchange and export duty was earned; and
- (c) how much D-Oiled Cake was lifted by Dairy Farms and Animal Husbandry owners for local consumption against assured supply by GEEDA?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF COMMERCES AND COUPERA.
TION (SKRH ARIF BEG): (a) and (b) According to provisional figures compiled by Groundnut Extractions Export Development Association, export of Deciled Groundnut Cakes in Junuary-Cotaber, 1978 has been 34.224 fonnes with an FOB value of Rs. 43.38 crores. Export duty paid at the rate of Rs. 123 per tonne on this comes to Rs. 427.82.00.

(c) In January.—October, 1978 the off-take of groundnut extractions at the fixed rate of Rs. 1000 per tonne by domestic consumers was 7.911 tonnes.

Schemes for Bank Credit for Selected Blocks

3608. SIIRI GADADHAR SAHA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) the basic features of the scheme of differential interest rate;
- (b) total number of block selected for credit facilities for intensive area as well as integrated rural development in the current year; the numbers of block selected State-wise and district-wise and the names of the Block;
- (c) basis and basic principles for selection and culmination of blocks for the purpose; and
- (d) total numbers with names of places of regional rural banks to be established or already established in each selected block, State and district-wise?

FINANCE THE MINISTER OF (SHRI H M. PATEL) (a) The salient features of the Scheme of Differential Interest Rate are as under -

- (i) The scheme is operative in the entire country
- (h) It envisages bank finance at 4 per cent rate of interest to the weakest section of the society with family income not exceeding Rs 3000 per annum in urban or semi-urban areas and Rs. 2000 per annum in miral areas
- (iii) Maximum amount of 1981stance under the scheme per borrower is not to exceed Rs 1500 for working capital and Rs 5000 by way of term loan
- (iv) Banks have been asked to lend under the scheme a minimum of 1 per cent of their aggregate ad vances as at the end of the previous year
- (v) At least 40 per cent of the bank credit under the scheme should flow to eligible horrower belonging to Scheduled Castes and Schedule ! Tribes
- (b) The blocks selected for intensive development under the Integrated Rural Development Programme, State wise and district wise are given in Annexure-I [Placed in Library See No LT-3673/781
- (c) The above 2000 blocks have been selected out of approximately 1000 blocks covered under Small Farmers Development Agency Programmes, Drought Prone Area Programmes and Command Area Development Pro grammes. The allocation has been made to the States on a proata basis taking into consideration the existing coverage under the special programmes mentioned above
- (d) The list of districts having In tegrated Rural Development blocks covered by Regional Rural Banks al ready established and approved to be established is given in Annexure--II

Sec No LT-Placed m Library 3073/781

Gnevances of Class IV Employees of Central Bank of India. Belangani

3600 SHRI SHAMBHU NATH CHA-TURVEDI Will the Minister of FIN ANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are aware that 41 erstwhile Class IV employees of the Central Bank of India are on fast at the Belanganj branch. Agra since September last, because of the sudden termination of their services without notice, even though their selection had been made for absorption in permanent vacancies after due advertisement.
- (b) if so will the Governmet intervens to redress their grievances and absorb them in permanent vacancies before any fresh recruitment is made.
 - (c) if not the rearons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) to (c) It has been brought to the notice of the Government that certain persons are on fast at Belangan; branch of Central Bank of India at Agra

Central Bank of India has reported that in 1971 the bank had conducted a test for recruitment to certain posts of sub staff in the bank at Agra. 70 per sons were put in the waiting list. Some of these persons were appointed on temporary vacancies as and when required However by the end of De cember 1974 (according to the bank's policy the waiting list remained in force for three years only) the bank could appoint only 9 persons on a permanent basis As a special case however the bank appointed 19 more per sons who had completed 240 days of temporary service in 12 calendar months

The agitation being conducted at Central Bank of India, Agra is by those persons who could not be absorbed in regular employment

Increase of Interest on SB Account

3700. SHRI B. P. MANDAL: SHRI HARGOVIND VERMA:

. Will the Minister of FINANCE he

pleased to state.

ber, 1978; and

(a) whether Government have decided to increase interest rate of SB deposit in Post Office from 1st Octo-

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). The rate of interest on Public Accounts maintained in the Post Office Savines Bank by institutions, which ranged between 3 to 3.5 per cent per annum. has been revised upwards with effect from 1st October, 1978 as notified in the Ministry of Finance Notification No. G.S.R. 483(E) dated the 30th September, 1978, a copy of which is laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in Library, See No. LT-3074/781, Certain other categories of accounts in the Post Office Savings Bank which were eligible to an interest rate of 5 per cent per annum continue to earn interest at that rate.

Unutilised Grants in Steel Sector

3701. SHRI P. K. KODIYAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

- (a) whether U.K. wanted to use its unutilized grants in the Steel Sector;
- (b) if so, whether Government has any proposal in this regard; and
 - (c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) to (c). The Government of UK have not suggested use of unatilised grants particularly or exclusively for the Steel Sector.

Advances to Sick Industries in West Bengal

- \$702. SHRI DHIRENDRA NATH BASU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;
 - (a) the number of sick industries getting advances from Industrial Reconstruction Corporation of India in West Bengal, District-wise;
- (b) whether any of the sick industries has been able to improve its position and increase production to its capacity;
- (c) whether the Management of sick industries are being changed and their Board of Directors reconstituted with technical and administrative experts; and
- (d) the total amount advanced by I.R.C.L. Banks and other financial institutions so far, unit-wise?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) As on 32-6-1978, 6f sick indestrial units in the following districts of West Bengal were receiving assistance from Industrial Reconstruction Corporation of India.

, 4 units

Nadia .

24 Parganus 31 units Calcutta 16 units

(b) Of the above 64 units, the aggregate value of production pertaining to 47 units from which toports were received by Industrial Reconstruction of India muchael to Ra, 68.36 cores during the year 1977-73 (141)—Juno). During the year 1974-74, 44 units had reported aggregate value of production of Rs. 5.73 cond of Rs. 5.73 c

- (c) Of the assisted units in West Bengal the management of 19 units has been taken over by the Central Government under the provisions of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act 1951 In the majori's of the remaining cases, the Boards of Directors have been reconstituted with reference to the ferms and condit ars of assistance sonotioned by Industrial Reconstruction Corporation of India The executive management set up of a number of units has also been streng thened by inducting professional mana gers in technical and other disciplines
- (d) In accordance with the pract ces and usages customary among bankers and also in conformity with the provisions of the statutes governing the pubhe sector banks information relating to the individual constituents of banks is not to be divulged. However till the end of June 1978 Industrial Recon struction Corporation of India disbursed Rs 35 26 crores to the above 64 unite

Financial Assistance for Opening or Calgary House in Jaipur

3703 SHRI CHATURBHUJ WILL the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether Government propose to provide financial assistance or any other sort of help towards the open ing of the Calgary House in Jaipur, and

(b) the salient features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) and (b) On the basis of information furnished by the Government of Rajasthan the facts are that Jaipur and Calgary have been twinned under the UN approved scheme for promotion of international co operation The Japur World City Society proposes to build a Calgary House in Jaipur for locating a Centre for mentally retarded persons a juar clan house for children who will be adopted by families in Jaipur and Calgary a hall for permanent exhibit on and information on Calgary and Jaipur and office of the Jappur World Society The Society's request for allotment of acres of land in Japur city is under the consideration of the Urban Improvement Trust, Jaspur The State Govern ment has no proposal to provide any financial or other assistance for construction of the proposed Calgary House

Indianization of Foreign Company

3704 SHRI S S DAS Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) What steps the Ministry intends to take to help implement Section 28 1(c) of FERA.
- (b) once a foreign company has been Indianized, whether the Minis try intends to ensure that the Indianized company becomes the owner of all the Trade Marks it uses, and

(c) if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHR! H M PATEL) (a) To implement the provisions of Section 28(1)(c) guidelines have been laid down Atten tion of the Honble Member is invited to the reply given to Lok Sabha Un starred Question No 2825 dated 8-12-78

(b) and (c) The Indian company wall be the owner of its own frace marks if any But as regards trade marks owned by the foreign share holder its use by the Indian company will be goverend by agreement between the two parties. In terms of the policy of the Government the use of such trade marks by the Indian company is permissible only if there is no con sideration direct or indirect.

Use of Foreign Trade Marks in the Fields of Artists Paints and Children

3765. SHRI S. S. DAS: Will the Minisfer of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUP-PLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the foreign trade marks being used in the field of Artists paints and Children's paints;
- (b) whether these foreign trade marks are being used with specific permission of Government:
- (c) if so, when was the permission granted- and
- (d) whether the companies using these foreign trade marks asked for Government permission under Section 28(1)(c) of FERA?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR GOYAL); (a) Artists and Children's paints do not form a separate group but are included in Class 2 of Schedule IV of the Trade and Merchandise Marks Rules, 1959, along with paints, varnishes, lacquers, colouring matters, dyestuffs, metals in full and powder form for painters and decorators etc. There are 316 frade marks registered in the name of persons or commanies incorporated outside India for goods covered by Class 2. There is no precise information whether any of these trade marks are actually being used for "Artiste and Children's paints", as the proprietors of such marks are not required to report such a use to the Registrar of Trade Marks.

(b) to (d). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House,

Boosting of India's Experts to E.E.C.

- 3706. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUP. PLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state.
- (a) whether it is a fact that at present bright scope exists for India to boost its exports to the European Economic Community (EEC);
- (b) if so, the variety of Indian products which have been selected for import:
- (c) whether any pressure has been put on the REC to remove the present quota system; and
- (d) if so, the success achieved in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) to (d). There is large scope for India to boost its exports to the ERC in view of the complementarities that exist between the two economies. As a sequel to a recent study made in the above context the product areas that have been identified for promotional and marketing thrust in the EEC market, interalla, include leather and leather products, hard fibres (Jute & Coir), Project construction and consultancy, Marine and Agricultural products including food processing, electronic components and computer software, garments and fextiles, and gems and impellery etc.

The desirability of removing quota restrictions and other such profectionist measures has been taken up from time to time.

Slump in Investments by Scheduled Commercial Banks

3:07 SHRI S R DAMANI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether there has lately been some plump in investments by scheduled commercial banks and a rise in the borrowings from the Reserve Bank of India
 - (b) if so the reasons therefor, and
- (c) what measures Government have taken in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India to improve the matter?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SIRI) IM M PATEL) (a) to (c) In of Sir As would be evident from the statement below the investments of the scheduled commercial banks have increased and their borrowings from the Reserce Bank of India have decreased during the current financial years to far.

1978-79	Incestment	Borrow ng fro n RBI	
a) As on 313 1978	7387	331	
(b) As on 21 11 19	788	247	
Variations (b-a)	+1296	-84	

However with a view to restrain credit expansion consistent with the genuine needs of the economy Reserve Bank of India have enhanced the Statiotys Liquidity Ratis from 32 per cent to 34 per cent with effect from December 1 1978 Banks have also been advised to limit their ron food gross credit expansion to 40 per cent of their incremental deposits during the period December 1978—Wareh 1970.

Decline in Export of Cotton Textiles

3708 SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY

SHBIS S SOMANI

Will the Minister of COMMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA TION be pleased to state

- (a) whether export of cotton textiles recorded a sharp decline during 1977-78, and
- (b) if so what were the factors responsible for fall in export?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND COPERA-TION (SIRII ARIF BEG) (a) Exports of cotton textules during 1977-78 are estimated Joner at Rs 568 72 crores than exports worth Re 631 47 crores during 1976 77

(b) The main factors responsible for the fall in exports were the recessionary conditions in important corsiuming markets and unalitateral estinations imposed by some consuming coun tries on certain items of textiles during 1977.

Visit of the Foreign Trade Minister of Indonesia to India

3709 SHRI JANARDHANA POOJ ARY Will the Muuster of COM-MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Foreign Trade Minis ter of Indonesia visited India recently and held talk₃ with him, and
 - (b) if so the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF COMMERCE AND COVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) and (b) No Sir However the Foreign Minister of Indonesia HE Prof Dr Mochtar Kusumaatmedja who visited India from November, 12—18, 1978, for periodical bilisteral talks with the Minister of External Allairs, paid a couriesy call on the Minister of Commerce, Civil Supplies and Cooperation on 15-11-1978. During the informal discussions, it was agreed that there was scope for increasing the two-way trade between India and Indonesia.

Revision in Pension Formula for Central Government Employees

3710. SHRI AMARSINH, V. RATHAWA: Will the Minister of FI-NANCE he pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is any proposal under the consideration of the Government in regard to revise the pension formula for the Central Government employees;
 - (b) if so, the details thereof;
 - (c) when it will be enforced; and
- (d) Whether it will be also have any affect in State Government employees?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL); (a) Some proposals relating to the revision of the pension formula are being examined.
- (b) and (c). It would be premature to disclose the details,
- (d) The Central Government have no jurisdiction over the employees of the State Governments and, therefore, orders governing the service conditions of Central Government employees do not apply to the employees of the State Governments.

Permission to M/s. Brook Bond India Ltd. to take up Marketing of Blades

3711 SHRI AMARSINH V. RATHAWA: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether M/s, Brook Bond India Ltd., has been allowed to take up marketing of blades a consumer item;
- (b) if so, whether this permission is not against the laid down policy of the Government under F.E.R.A. and M.R.T.P. Act; and
- (c) if so, under what consideration this multinational and large house is allowed to take up this new 'nonpriority activity?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHIR] H. M. PATEL); (a) and (b). Permission has been granted to M/s. Brook bond India Lid. to act agent of Central Industrial Alliance Lid. for distribution of razor blades and other associated products inanufactured by Centron. This permission would be valid for a period of six months or till the merger of the two companies in terms of provision 7(2) of Income-Tax Act is approved, whichever is earlier. It is also subject to METP clearance.

(c) M/s. Centron Industrial Alliance Ltd., Aurangabad, was set up for manufacture of razor blades with the assistance of SICOM and has become permanently sick. The company manufactures a good number of quality blades but has run into enormous losses which have wiped out its share capital. The main cause of its sickness is said to be the mismanagement . by the promoters. United Commercial Bank and SICOM have substantial financial stakes in the company of the order of Rs. 2 The company has crores. taken Fixed Deposits from the public and selling agencies of the order of Rs. 1.5 crores. The aggregate liability of the company and its subsidiaries are estimated at Rs. 5 crores against the paid-up capital of Rs. 1 erore, The company is incurring cash losses of a few lakhs every month and is not in a position to meet even its interest obligations. The Government of Maharashtra have invoked the provisions of the Bombay Relief Undertaking (Special Provisions) Act 1958 to enable the

financial institutions to try and nurve the unit back to health with a re constituted management oxclude a the promoters. An attempt was made by SICOM to arrange marketing through Indian agencies and the re ponse was not encouraging Under these cit cumstances the suggestion to merge the company with 'Ws Brook Bond and to provide the marketing as an interim measure was recommended by Government of Maharashira lakang into account the special cirumstances and the public interes involved ap proval has been given to Brook Boad to undertake marketing a, an interim Bond riself is Brnok measure ìı 118 the complying with under FERA and would be reduce a its non resident interest to 10 per ce t hortly and would cea e to oca LER ! company

New Schemes for Farmers Introduced by Nationalised Banks

3712 SHRI L. PRADHANI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased in state

(a) whether Nationalised banks have introduced some new schemes to helo the farmers and the small scale "industries under the new schemes and

(b) whether Government adopted any policy in regard to some con nationalised banks having subtibrd cupital of over Rs 50 erores?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI II M PATEL) a) For the warmen tural sector the comercial banks operate tamous othernes relating to agricultural operations and activities all ed to agri ulture like poutry dury fi heries etc. come ereal bonks a to partic page in the impemertation of the schemes utaun by specialised agencies such as Small burnets Developme Trens es North time with the transmis-Cramard tres Beseinge ent pro-Dermes and Integrated Rural Deve signeral programmes. They have for Value self replayment schemes under which editcated and other persons uncluding technical entrepreneurs desirous of setting up of small scale industrial units are credit and other facilities from them on liberal terms under the Govern ment's employment promotion gramme The refinance facilities to banks by the Industrial Development Bank of India in respect of their term loans to small scale industries has also been liberalised and simplified with effect from 1778 The Reserve Bank of India has advised the com mercial banks to sanction loans small entrepreneurs on the basis of the viability of the scheme rather then on the basis of conventional se curity criteria and they have also been advoced to take a flexible ap proach towards margin requirement equity contribution repayment schedule and ensure speedy disposal dion applications

Presumbly the Honble Member mants to know if the policy out lined in the answer to part (a) of the question applies to private ec tor banks too The answer is in the aff tmative

उत्तरश्रेक होत्याचा प्रवास घोर हिमाधनश्रेता म राष्ट्रीयहरू बढ़ों के कमधारी

3752 को **-**याराम सामय प्रा वित मधी बह बतानको कृपा करें वि

(क) उत्तर प्रदम विशा पृश्चिम प्रियाणा प्रमान मोर हिमाबन क्षण्य म एकपुत्र राष्ट्रीयहत् बनी क नमनारियाचा शाक्षातार सर

(3) क्वा उपरास्त राजा में स्थित की व फिड क्यों व जानकों को सानी में राज्य कारावर का बड़ां है जिसम इस के लोग कारावर का बड़ां है जिसम इस के लोग बन्धरी द्वास नियुक्तिया की आती

(ग) यॉन नहा को इसके स्था है रि

(क्रम वित्तमधो (थी एद० एम० ८ वन 19 8 तक स पत प्रभाग विहार हरियाणा प्रश्नात तथा हिम ाधीय रहा की वरशारी धन र स्कानवा सन्ताप ा पर्या सहारे अधिम रा पर्यो डोटिया सभा सावारा

की पांचा-बार कर्मचारियों की संख्या तत्काल उप-लन्ध नहीं है 'तथा पछी गई संबना के संबह और संहतन में दुवने वाला अम तथा सगब, परिचासी की तुसना में बहुत प्रधिक होगा।

(ख) और (वं) । भारत तरकार के राष्ट्रीय-कत प्रतिष्ठान होने के कारण विक पदों के बारधाण के भागने में भारत सरकार द्वारा जायी विदेशों का पालन करते हैं। इन निर्देशों में केवल बनसुचित आरियों क्षमा अनुसूचित जनवातियों हे निय ही भारतण की व्यवस्था है।

धक्त परिचार के काने में सोने की प्रशिकतम सीमा माता

ं 3714. थीं ज्यारान नात्यः का विन नंसी मह. बताने की हुपा करेंने कि सरकार का विचान एक परिवार के कब्जे में सोने की मधिकतम मास्रो निश्चित करने का है?

वित्त मंत्री (श्री एच० एम० पटेल) : वर्तमान रवर्ष निरंत्रण प्रधिनियम के बन्तर्गत, निकी स्वामित्व या. इंटबे में शुद्ध सोना रखना प्रयंतः निविद्ध है । निसी व्यक्ति या परिवार द्वारा की मामएक ग्रनित किये जा सकते हैं, अपने पास प्रवता करने में रखे जा सभते हैं, उनकी माला पर उक्त बांतिनवर्म के ग्रासपंत शिवाय इस कान्त्री कर्त के और कोई प्रतियम्ध नही है कि यदि अपने स्थामित्व में रखने ग्रयना पास रखेने अपना गब्जे में दा नियंत्रण में रखें जाने वाले सोने के सामुपणी/बस्तुओं का जून भार व्यक्ति से मामले में 2 किवीधान और परि-बार के मामते में 4 किलोग्राम से बाधिक हो, बी सम्बन्धित व्यक्ति ग्रयवा परिवार को इस सम्बन्ध में काननी तौर पर घोषणा करनी. पहली हैं किसी व्यक्तियां परिवार द्वारा ग्रांने के गहनों की अपने करने में रखे वाने के बारे में किसी प्रनार की सीमा निर्धारित करने हा कोई प्रस्ताव इस संबंध सरकार के विचाराधीन नहीं हैं। सरकार वे रिवर्व शैक्ष के गवर्गर की अध्यक्षता में एक समिति नियमतः की. है, जो स्वर्ण-नीति की सभी पहलुकों से समोता करके, सरकार का बनासीय समुचित विकारिकों देश करेगी । a contract of the state of

ग्रतोड, जनगर, लोटो ग्रोर रचनोत होटलों में काम करने वाले कर्मचारी

..: 3715 भी वयारान आक्याः वया पर्वटन स्रोर नागर विमानन मंद्री यह बतान की हुए। करें

f6 :

(इ.) भारत, पर्वतम निजान निगम के प्रमोठ, जनस्य , नोबी और एमज़ीत हीटनों में जाम बद रहे इमेंबूरियों की श्रेमीशर नंगा, जिननी है भीर उनके चैतन पर किलोग मासिक व्यव होता है बीर 2025 T.S.

ऐंदे कर्मचारिकों की संख्या कितनो है, वो दो दर्ध की बेबा पुरी कर चुके हैं, धरन्तु विन्हें स्थायी, बहीं किया गया है ; और

(ब) इवं होटलों को जिल्ला आर्पिक लाप्ट हुमा है और कर्मचारिलों को दोरत के कर में कितनी वरंगिक दी गई?

: 555 प्येटन और नायर विमानन पंदी (श्री पृथ्योत्तम कीशिक): (क) ग्रीर (ब). ग्रावस्थक सुबना संसंग अनवन्त्रं "क" और "ए" में दी पड़े है। बिबालय में रखे गए। देखिए संख्या एल-टी 3075 [78]1

ं इंड्र निवेध के परवात शराब के उपवेश में ्र लगी

द्याराम[ः] शाक्षय**ः** वया 3716. ेथी पर्वटन और नायर विमानन मंत्री यह नताने की इंग करेंगे कि :

ः (क) दिल्ली में .होटलो में प्रतिदित कितगी श्रदाद पेश की जाती है और क्या महा निषेध आदेश के जारी होने के पश्चात इंतके उपयोग में नभी हुई है और यदि हां, तो कितनो :

(स) सरकारी होटलों में शराव के न्युनलम दुरबोग को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए स्था देशाए किये गये हैं, मीर

: " (ब) मध वियेश तान् होते के परवात् सकोका, सोधी. जनपत्र और रणवीत होटलों में उद्शने करे बिदेशी काँटकों करें संख्या में प्रति मास किउनी रुमो हुई -

新花花 网络美洲大 ्र एक्टें। प्रोर नागर विमानन : मंत्री (धीः (पुथ्योत्तम क्रोंतिक): (क) से (ग) पूचना एकत को जा रही है बोर सेना पटन पर रखे दी बोह्यी ६,७०० है । १००० हा हो। संबंधात १००० है । a say ton for the

- 4 राष्ट्रीयकृत एवं काणिक्यक वेकों क्षरा ऋग ी के लेख**देश** अध्यक्त है

The state of 3717. को बुबराव : स्था दित मंती यह बताने की कमा करेंगे कि केन्द्र सरकार का विचार सरकारकार कीरोंग सर्वितिकार वैनेत ने द्वारा कुण देते सम्बन्धी मीति में परिततंत वस्ते का है विस्त बोर्जना की प्रामीत्मध्य जनत्या का मध्य गाँउ परि हैते तो कर नह गीर बदि नहीं में उसके क्या कारण ं की किलेश और

सित मंत्री (भी एवं एवं पटेंटा) जो, हों। परपारी क्षेत्र के हों ने पूर दुर्गिनिक्त करने के दिल् कुत चला है कि बात देवा वह बहुते बेतो में दूराई नहें पत्ती तन 60 मितान वर्जी सोते में समार्थ कर प्राप्ती, 1973 कर पार्थिकता बारे मेंत्रों के सार्थिकता होते सार्थ कर प्राप्ती 1973 कर पार्थिकता बारे मेंत्रों के सार्थिकता है सार्थिक प्राप्ती कर सार्थिकता सरकारी खत्र के बेबो मी निर्माणिया के स्वार्थिकता संबंधित करने बेता ना ना के दिल कर सार्थ कर सार्थिकता

- (1) सामीन क्षेत्रों के कमजार वर्गों को सहारवर्गे करने जाने विशेष समिकरणों (एवेंसियों) सर्पान् एम० एक डी० ए डी० पी० ए० पी० के कार्यक्रम
- (2) विश्वरी स्थान दरपातना वित्तके प्रत्यपैत वैका को प्रपने क्यों का कर से कन एक प्रतिवत, कृषि सहित प्राचित्तता बाते स्रत्यों के छोटे क्याक्तायों को 4 प्रतिवात को दर से देने के निष् कहा प्रथा है,
- (3) यामीण सर्वेश्वरत्या के सम्पूर्व विकास कलिए समीण सर्वोक्तरूप बीजना , तथा
- (4) सम्पूर्ण प्रामीय विकास के कार्यक्यों में स्वाक समुदायों का गहन विकास ।

भूतते जिले में बेल्दाम बंक प्राप्त बड़ीश की एक शाखा का खोला जाना

3718 भी छोतूमाई गामित : क्या विश्व मेथी यह बतावे की इपा करेंग्रेकि:

(क) क्या मूरत जिले में बेस्टा (नीजार) में के साफ बरोदा की एक बाखा खोरने के लिए कोर्ष मांव की वह है बोट इस मांव का स्टीस क्या है ;

(ब) मह मांप कब की गई वो मीर वहां पर विक को शाया कब तक बोले जाने का प्रस्ताव है; भीर

(य) उपरोक्त नावा चौतने के लिए सरकार इस्त को या रही ठोत कार्यसही का न्यीस स्ता है ?

वित्त मंत्री (भी एवं एवं परें परें) है कि परें कि पारे वर्षा में पूर्वन परें है कि निकट महिला में पूर्वन में है कि निकट महिला में पूर्व मिने के नेवार (निवार) आपक परें कि परें मिर के कि महिला में परें कि मिर के कि महिला में परें मिर के कि महिला में मिर के कि महिला मिर के कि महिला मिर के कि मिर के कि मिर के कि मिर के कि मिर के कि मिर के

भारतीय स्टेड बक को शबरात में कमाला स्थित भारत बारा ऋण दिया बाना

3719 श्री छोतुमाई सामित . स्या विस

मदी बद बताते भी क्या करेंगे कि .

(क) स्या यह सब है कि गुजरात के जिला बसलाई म पार्खीय स्टेट बेठ की स्मासा साथा इस्स सोचो का बहुत कम पांच के खुण दिये गये हैं। सदि हों, तो उठके बचा कारण हो बोर इसके विष् कीन बसरदारों हैं।

(ब) स्माता शाखा हारा 1976 से नून 1978 के बीच कितनी सक्ति के भूग दिये भीर से भूग किन प्रशेवनों के तिए दिये गये से , भीर

१६ (म) क्वा सरकार इत बात को मुनिक्वित करने के तिए कोई कार्रवाई करेगी कि लोगों का इम बैंक से ऋण तेवी से मिल भीर यदि हा, वा तत्वम्बन्धा भारे क्या हैं?

(ब) वन, 1978 की स्थिति के प्रमुख्यां लिया करवाइ (मुक्यां) में देव की कराता साथा में 23,000 स्पर्ध के कराता ज्ञाय में दिनमें छोटे स्पत्तकारिकों की रिटे परी 5500 रुपते के प्रमुख्य मेर्स इंकि हैंगा होने से 5500 रुपते के प्रोत्त 3000 स्पर्ध में स्पत्तिकात चूम ज्ञानित हुं इन्हें में 500 रुपते में स्पत्ति मेरी साथ पर स्पत्ति के प्रमुख्य रुपते में स्पत्ति मेरी साथ पर स्पत्ति के प्रमुख्य हों हो सामानिकों की चूम के

(व) वैक ने सूचित किया है कि इस माधा होटा उनेबित खेजा को दिने बाने वाले कुणो की बाजा को काने के प्रयान किये बाने यहें हैं। नैक के कहा पता है कि बसाली बाजा के क्षेत्र की दिकास बावस्वकार्यों पर चिनोप ब्यान दिया बाने ।

परंटकों के लिए मुजरात में उक्दें का विकास

3720 की छोतूनाई गामित: क्या पर्यदन कौर कापर विमानन मजी यह बताने की उपा करेंसे कि:

(क) क्या गुक्सन परकार ने पर्यटकों के लिए उन्हें में एक हिन स्टेशन का विशास करने के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार ने सनुरोध किया है और गरि हो, तो उसका न्योंस कहा है:

13

- 421 WILLIER AUSWETS AGE
- (क) उकई में हिल स्टेशन का किस प्रकार निकास करने का प्रस्ताव है और उस पर किवना ज्याम ग्राने की समाजना है; और
- (4) इस हिल स्टेशन का विकास करने ना कार्क क्य मारन्म होगा तथा पर्यटक हर स्थार की सांत्र क्य कर करेंने और उक्के में बीज ही हिल स्टेशन का विकास करने के लिए केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा क्या ठीड कार्यवाहीं की जा रही है स्थान करने का विचार है?

पार्यक और नागर विभावन मंत्री (श्री पुर्थासन कीरिक): (क) से (व) हाज ही में हुए सर्वक्त मंत्रिकों के हामेश्वन में उक्क देंगे सक्त को एक पार्वक केन्द्र के रूप में पिक्विक कर्क के लिए मेन्स्रीय सेक्टर में दिखार करने के लिए मेन्स्रीकित किया पार्या मान्या करकार से परावा करके, उपस्था मान्या पर निर्मेग एवं हुए, स्त्रीम के आरो को अहमत कर पिणा पार्यमा।

Development of tourist spots in Tamil Nadu

3721. SHRI A. ASHOKARAJ: WILL the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Centre has received any proposal to develop tourist spots in Tamil Nadu; and
- (b) if so, the details in this regard?
- THE MUNISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PU-RUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) Yes, Sin
- (b) The Government of Tamil Nadu has proposed Meinbelipuram and Kangkumari as two tourist centres to be developed in the Central Sector during the Sixth Plan period, as well as for early implementation of the Janata Hotel Scheme at Madras, and Central sistance for the etting up of a Lion Safari Park at Vandalur mere Madras.

Indianisation of Sterling Tea Companies

- · 3722, SHRI AHMED M. PATEL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of Sterling Tea
 Plantation Companies functioning in
 India; and
- (b) the latest position in regard to Indianisation of those Companies?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHIRI H. M. PATEL): (a) There were 99 Sterling Tea Companies and I wholly British owned Indian company engaged in tea cultivation operating in India as on 1st January, 1974.
- (b) The latest position in regard to Indianisation of these companies is as under:
- t. Companies which have either transferred/their business to Indian Companies with 74% or less non-resident interest or sold their estates to Indian Companies.
 - Companies which are in process of Indianisation.
 - iii. Companies to whom approvals are being issued for their Indianisation proposits. 16
 - iv. Companies whose proposals are under consideration of Government/Reserve Bank of India. 28

Revenue collection from aerated waters

3723. SHRI RAMJI LAL SUMAN 2 Will the Minister of FINANCE be nlessed to state:

- (a) what has been the Budgeted estimates and actual revenue collection from aerated waters for the last three years; and
- (b) what criteria are used to compute the budgeted estimates?

OF FINANCE THE MINISTER (SHRI H M. PATEL) . (a) Central Excise Budget Estimates and actual revenue realisations from agrated rwaters for the last three years are as under -

Year		Es	Budget Res stimates C	renue ollected
			(Rs	lakhs)
3975 76			990	853
1 97 ⁶ -77	,		1745	1306
1977 78 .			1495	1002

o (b) The estimates are formulated after taking into account trends of production, clearances and revenue realisations along with changes in the rates of duty and any important happenings having a bearing on revenue

Excise collected from Cigars

3724 SHRI RAMJI LAL SUMAN: SHRI D AMAT.

SHRIS, S DAS.

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 9301 on the 5th May, 1978 regarding Central Excise on Cigars and state of

(a) the excise, collected Cigars, since 1975 and the budgeted estimates for cigars during the same period and whether the amount is in excess of the amounts collected bet-Ween 1986-1971 and 1

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M. PATEL) . (a) The Central Excise Budget Estimates and the actual revenue realised from curars and cheroots are as follows ---

		Budget Estimates (Rs tn Iakhs)	Revenue Realisationa (Rs in iaklis)
- -			
	•	20 1	2 ³
	- -	- - .	Estimates (Rs in lakhs)

^{*}Duty collected is only for the first aix months of the current financial year.

The amount of revenue collected on eigars and cheroots from 1975-76 to 1978-79 (6 months) is less than the revenue realised for the period 1966-.1971

(b) Hand-made branded biris are paying duty at the rate of Rs 210 per 1000 Cigarettes are also subjected to relatively higher rates of duty In this context it was considered that branded cigars and cheroots should also bear some duty Till 28-2-1978, cigars and cheroots attracted duty only if their value was Rs 50 or above per 100 This was modified into a slab structure with graduated rates of duty. introduced as part of the 1978 Budget proposals Unbranded eigars and cheroots continue to remain exempt from this levy. Moreover, wef 20-9-78, branded cigars and cheroots whose value per hundred does not exceed Rs 5 have been exempted from Central Excise duty

ii~ 1 Nominees of LIC, on the Boards of -) Private Sector Companies

SHRI SURENDRA BILRAM Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state 3

(a) on the Board of how many Private Sector Companies, the Life

^{&#}x27;t (b) the reasons for jevying e. se on cigars, which is a labour intensive cottage industry and stelds insignificant revenues?

Insurance Corporation of India has placed its nominees; and

(b) what is the criteria of placing L.I.C. nominees on the Boards of Private Sector Companies?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) As on 12-12-78, the LIC has nominees on the Boards of Directors of 69 Private Sector Companies.

- (b) The criteria broadly applied by the LIC for nominating directors on Boards of Private Sector Companies are as under:—
 - In the case of companies in which the LIC's equity holding is Rs. 50 lakhs or above, a nominee is appointed.
 - 2. In the case of companies in which the LIC's equity holding is more than Rs. 25 lakhs but less than Rs. 50 lakhs, the question of appointing its nominees on the Boards of such companies is considered on merits.
 - 3. In the case of companies in which the LIC's equity holding is less than Rs. 25 lakis, LIC may consider having its representatives on their Boards if the financial position or the equity of management of the company is bad or the affairs of the company are not being managed in accordance with sound principles or commercial practices.
 - In addition when LIC gives institutional financial assistance by way of underwriting of share capitall granting of term loans/subscribing to debentures in consortium with other financial institutions nominees are appointed on the Boards of such companies in consultation with the other financial institutions.

3726. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) what is the interest of Firestone Tyre and Rubber Company, U.S.A. in Synthetics and Chemicals Ltd., including financial interest; and
- (b) what is the total number of shares of Synthetics and Chemicals Ltd., in possession of Firestone Tyre. & Rubber Co., U.S.A.?

THE MINISPER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M-PATEL): (a) and (b). The interest of Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co., USA. In Synthetics and Chemicals Lid. is 25 per cent of the latter's paid-up capital. The total, number of shares of Synthetics and Chemicals Lid.- held by Firestone is 1.43,750 of Rs. 100/- each.

Alleged evasion of Central Sales Tax and Central Excise by M/s. Sew Narayan Khub Chand, Calcutta

3727. SHRI PRUS TIRKEY:

SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state;

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the effect that M/s Sew Narayan Khub Chand, Calcutta have been evading Central Sales Tax, Central Excise for quite sometime and thereby defrauding Government of huge revenue; and
- (b) if so, whether Government of India have since raided their concerns and if not, the reasons therelor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b)., M/s. Say Narayan, Khubehand is not a Central Excise literasce at present. The question of their wading Central Excise duty and defrauding Government of huge revenue in the recent past does not, therefore, arise. An old case of alleged evasion of excise duty

on special boiling point spirit amounting to about Rs 25,000 is pending adaudication.

Regarding evasion of Central Sales Tax 1: may be stated that the adminustration of Central Sales tax has been entrusted by law, to the Sales Tax authorities of the State Governments

Renting of shop by Cottage Emporinm. Delhi

3728 SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT. Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Cottage Emportum in Delhi which had rented out the jewellery , shop inside for a sum of Rs 8 lakhs yearly has now cancelled that lease and has rented the same shop to a person only for Rs 80 000 (eighty thousand), and
 - (b) if so, the reasons therefor?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) No, Sir
 - (b) Does not arase.

Persons who took oath to keep away from smuggling

3729 DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT. Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that a large number of smugglers have taken eath to keep away from smuggling activity at the request of Loknayak Jaya Prakash Narayan;
- (b) if so, how many of them have taken the oath and the list of persons thereof.

- (c) whether it is a fact that the smuggling activity, directly or indirectly, by the agents or managers of the above persons have increased during the last 18 months and it so, how many arrests were made and whether any inquiry was done to trace their antecedents, and
- (d) how many COFEPOSA warrants were cancelled during the neriod from April 1977 to September, 1978 and the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M. PATEL) (a) Yes Sir.

- (b) The names of 99 persons who were reported to have taken the pledge, are indicated in the Statement laid on the Table of the House, [Placed in Library See No LT-3076/78]
- (c) No direct involvement of any such person or their agents or managers, in smuggling activities, come to the notice of Government, nor any arrests made, so far
- (d) During the period from April, 1977 to September, 1978, 402 orders for detention under the Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974, were revoked on the opinion of the Advisory Board, or under the orders of the Courts of Law or as a result of review of the cases by the concerned detaining authorities.

स्थापार गृहों के विरुद्ध सांस

2730 की हुक्य देव नारायण बादव : स्या विश्व मनी यह बताने को इपा करेंगे कि पिछली सरकार भीर बतमान सरकार के काम के दौरान दित मतावर के पानुचना विभाग के द्वारा प्रव ठेक वितने स्वापार गृहों के दिस्ट जांच कराई गई है भीर उसने वितनी पमी पर छापे मारे हैं, विवनी क्रमों के विषद जांच प्रतिबेदन प्रस्तुत निया गया है, कीर कीर सी पर्नों के विश्व कार्यवाही की गई है और क्षीत कीन सी पर्यों के दिख्य मानने (विधासधीन ₹?

विता नंत्री (औ एवं एमंक होता) है सिंह असार्थ / उपरस्त निवाग में कहा ती पूर्व सूचना एवं मुक्त रहिन हो स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त की रूप रहिन है जिन के नाय देश अपने हो स्वाप्त के नाय देश अपने हो सुन नाय स्वाप्त रिवाम के नहीं सुन नाय हो स्वाप्त रहिन हो सिंह सिंह के सिंह सुन रिवाम के सुन सुन पर बीर प्रतिकृत सिंह के सुन सिंह सुन रिवाम के सुन सुन एक ही रूप हो के के मानन काल सुन रेप हुए सुन रिवाम के स्वाप्त रहिन हो सुन सुन एक सुन रहिन काल सुन रेप सुन रहिन काल सुन रेप सुन रहिन हो सिंह सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन है सुन रहिन हो सुन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन रहिन हो सुन

स्मावस्य विभाग द्वारा की गई सभी तक्षाविधां धोरं उनके दान ही गई बाप है । परिणामी का मूरा स्मेरा स्मा व्यवाद में हो तथा । वह गुक्क हमें बाप कार्यों का माम है विवक्त वाह्यांक्यों के कोई पानव्य को डीता व्यवाद्वालयां, चुकियों के मित्री कुत्यांक्यों के प्रावाद पर की गई बाप, कारवीय अब्दल होता पार्यों नई मुक्ता का बार्कन दे शाम, सम्बन्ध कही, है, करीकि ऐसा कीई पर्ववद्य नहीं एवा कारता है, विवक्त किसी बाप के निक्करों की मानी का आदेश दर्ज हिम्म वीया इंग्लें के सिंह मुक्ता हमा की देवना परीम ।

तीमा त्रुलक, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन मुल्क तमा विदेशी मुद्रा नियदाण के सम्बन्ध में, वहा तक व्यवहार्य है, मुचना एकद्व भी जा रही है बीर सदन-पटन पर रस वी जाएगी।

Representation from Cooperative Societies for appointment as Distributors

3731. SHRI K. PRADHANI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state;

- (a) whether any Co-operative societies, having job oriented programme for educated young entrepreneurs of weaker sections of society, have approached the Indian Farmers Fertilizer Cooperative Limited for appointment as distributors;
- (b) whether the IFFCO has taken any action in this regard; and
- (c) if not, what action Government propose to take to ensure that due

share of distributorship is given to small cooperative societies?

THE MINISTRY OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI KHISINA KUMAR GOYAL); (a) Yes, Sir. One Southy from New Delhi has approach; et JFFCO.

(b) and (c). IFFCO h s explained to the Society that it allots the share of each State/Union Terntory normally to one agent in the State/Union Territory which shall be the apex cooperative marketing society Hence, the question of government ensuring that due share of distributionshy of IFFCO. is given to small cooperative, societies, does not arise

नशीले पदार्थी को छेती - उत्पादन प्रोर धपत पर - ्नियंत्र ग

3732 भी युवराज . राग जिल मंत्री यह बनाने की रूपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) नदा नदीते पदायों की येती, उत्तादन और स्वयत पर पूर्ण नियत्रण सगाने को सारत सरकार की कोई योजना है:
- (छ) क्या नवीसे पदार्थ उत्पन्न करने यात्र राज्यो तथा उनकी पात वाले राज्यों में तबन्यय की बहुत पादस्यक्ता है :
- (त) क्या पश्चिमी क्षेत्रीय परिषद् के सम्मेनन में बलीचे पदार्थों को सनस्त्रामों के सम्बन्ध में कोई समाधान दिलाला गया है; ब्रोर
- (ध) यदि हा, तो क्या सरकार का विचार पूर्व निवंतमसनाने हेतु कोई कानून बनावे काई पीर यदि हा, तो कब तह ?

बित संवी (धीयूक पूर्क घोता) (इ) विश्व स्वित संवी (धीयूक पूर्क घोतायाँ धीर मन असी वर्षायी वर स्वीन स्वित्येन स्वित्येन स्वित्येन स्वित्येन स्वित्येन स्वत्येन धन्य बार्तो के साथ-साथ समेकित करन और न्°ह बनाने के लिए एक न्यापक कारन बनान क प्रश्न पर विवार कर प्टी है।

(ख) प्रौर (ग) जो, हा। क्षत्रोय भाषार पर धावधिक बटक बला कर सम्बन्धित राज्य भीर क दीव प्रवतन एवनियो के बीच समन्य रखा जाना है। इतर परिचम धनीय नारकाटिस्स सम्मलन वा 1 ज्ञो प्रधिवतन होत हो में चण्डोाड म बनाया गया भा जिसमें उत्तर प्रदेश महाराष्ट्र पत्रीव जम्म भोर कामीर, हिमाचन प्रदेश हरियाणा राज्य भीर सम राज्य ब्रह्म दिल्ली मीर च हीगड़ में मवझ न्यापार भोर भोषधि इन्यो ने दूरप्योग के सम्बर्धित सनस्याभी पर इस इंग्टिन विचार किया गया विससे कि उनकी धन्य पत्य प्रवृत्न एउँसियों के प्रवासी की ममन्वित , किया बासके।

Enquiry into the Polyester Filament Yarn Import Scandal

3,33 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Massier of COMMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to unstarred question No 1845 on 28th July 1978 regarding enquiry into the polyester tilament yarns import scandal and state

(a) whether Committee under the Chairmanship of the Secretary (Industry) has been appointed to look into the import policy of cellulosic and non cellulosic fibres/yarns including polyester filament warn and to advise Government accordingly and the commattee is expected to submit its report shortly,

. .:

- (b) if so whether the Committee has since submitted its report to the Government the details regarding the findings of the Committee, and
- (c) if so, action taken/proposed in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CALL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) to (c) The Committee has submaited is Report to Government The findings of the Committee have not set been published, and Government decision thereon are awaited

Investment in Purchase of Raw Material by M/s, Auto Pins (I) Regd. and its Allied Concerns

3735 SHRI MANOHAR LAL WILL the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No 387 on 11th August, 1978 regarding M/s Auto Pins (I) Rend and state

- (a) whether during assessment for the assessment year 1975-76 an addition of Rs. 40.000 in the case of an allied concern of M/s Auto Pins (I) Regd. was revealed on account of unexplained investment.
- (b) if so, has the Department assessed the total violation of such unexplained investment in purchase of raw material by M/s Auto Pins (I) Regd, and separately for its allied concerns.
- (c) the names of the firms involved from where such purchases without recording in books of accounts are bemg made, and
- (d) what penal action Government have taken/propose to take against these firms and other firms which are involved in these transactions?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL, (a) A sum of Rs 40 000/- representing unaccounted money utilised by M/s Motoren Industries in the purchase of raw materials from M/s Upper India Steel Manufacturing 3 and Engineering Company was included in the former's assessment for 1975-76 as , income from undisclosed " sources On the assessee's appeal the amount was excluded from the asessment on the ground that it related to the previous year for its assessment for 1974 75 The assessment of M/s. Motoren Industries for 1974-75 has accordingly been reopened for subject ing the amount to tax.

- (b) No unexplained investment calling for similar action has come' to notice in the assessment so far made in the cases of M/s. Auto Pins (I) Read. and other concerns connected with it.
- (c) M/s, Upper India Steel Manufacturing & Engineering "Company was the only concern from which M/s Motoren Industries had made purchases outside its accounts, to the knowledge of the Income Tax 'Officer who made the relevant assessment. viz., the assessment for 1975-76.
- (d) Appropriate penal-action will be taken in nursuance of the assessment of M/s. Motoren Industries for 1974-75. There is no scope for any action against M/s. Upper India Steel Manufacturing & Engineering Company, which has disclosed its transactions with M/s, Motoren Industries fully.

Inquiry into delay in settling eases against M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. and its Allied Concerns

3736, SHRI MANOHAR LAL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Starred Question No. 387 on the 11th August, 1978 regarding M/s, Auto Pins (I) Regd, and state;

- (a) whether the conduct of the officers who were responsible for delay in settling cases against M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd, and its allied concerns, has been looked into and any inquiry instituted, if so, findings thereof and if not reasons therefor:
- Land 12 (by the estimate of revenue lost by Government because of lapses of these, officers: -,51
- (c), whether any guidelines have been given to the new officers to assess the correct income; and the tax, evasion for the years already assessed by the previous officers, and for subsequent years, if so, what; and
- -(d) the action Government propose to take against the erring officials?. -

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H.-M. PATEL); (a) to (d), The following were Income Tax Officers and Inspecting Assistant Commissioners who exercised jurisdiction over the cases of M/s. Auto Pins (I) Reed. and its allied concerns in the Delhi Central Charge:

Income Tax Officers:

Names Period S/Shri K. K. Kapila - Upto 30-6-1978 S C. Gupta From 1-7-1978 to 17-8.1978

Inspecting Assistant Commissioners:

Names Period S/Shrì A. S. Thind .Unto 30-6-1978 Jawahir Singh From 1.7.978 to 2.10.1978 O. P. Sharma From 18.8.1978

> Y. Singh From 12.10.1978 onswards

to 11.10.978

Shri Y. Singh, Inspecting Assistant Commissioner has been vested with the necessary powers for making assessments in the cases of M/s. Auto Fins (I) Regd, and its allied concerns.

Since the search of the premises of M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. and some others connected with it were conducted in April, 1976 and orders under section 132(5) of the Income Tax Act were passed in these ucases in July, 1976 it is possible to hold the view that the finalisation of all the relevant assessments could have been done more expeditiously. So far, only the assessment for 1975-76 has been made in the case of M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd, after the search though the assessments relevant to the search would include the years 1976-77 and 1977-78. The assessment for 1975-76 had already been completed before the search in the ordinary course in the other cases of the group,

General instructions have been issued for the completion of assessments by the close of the current financial year ie by 3131979 in all cases of search and seizure carried The Inspectings out before 31 3 1977. Assistant Commissioner who has now been entrusted with the investigation in the case of M/s. Auto Pins (1) Read and concerns connected with if is making all possible efforts to speed up the assessments in accordance with this general schedule. Under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 119 of the Income Tax Act. instructions of directions cannot be issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes requiring my Income Tax Authority to make a particular assessment or to dispose of a case in a particular manner. However it is expected that all the necessary investigations will be made and scrutiny of accounts done thoroughly in all cases which are assigned to the Central Charges.

No action appears necessary against the officers who have so far been dealing with these cases for their failure to findire more assessments, since the delay has not entailed any loss of revenue

देखीय भारती बस्तारियों को दोनस

3737 श्री मनोहर साल: श्रीस्थाम सन्दरदातः

क्या किल मधी यह बटाने ही हुना करेंने कि:

(क) क्या केटीय सरकारी क्रमंपारियों को कोगस देने के लिए कोई राशि धार्वाटन करने का प्रस्ताव केटीय सरकार के विचासकीन हैं,

(ख) यहि हो. हो ऐसा क्व किया वायेगा .

(ग) यदि नहीं, को इसके मुख्य कारण क्या हैं। प्रोत

(प) प्रविष्य में केडीय सरकारी कर्यवारियों पो भोतस देने के बारे में मरकार की बया नीति है ?

वितामंत्री (भी एकः एमः पटेल) - (३) वे (९) मजदूरी प्राय घीर कीमत दिवसन क्षक्रपन रव (मूर्जातपम समिति), त्रिमने बोनस केश्वरत पर दिचार किया, उन्होंने पपनी रिपार्ट के पैसा 8 15 पौर 8.16 में निम्नलिखित किश्चरिय की हैं —

"8 13 वहप्रंतन हम में, लाम से सम्बद्ध भीनव भी कि मारत में काफी सने समय ने मानतिन हमां है, जुन्हों उपोस्ते में उपमुख्य हूं की कापून्त मिल-मोसी मीर्पामृत्यों में वानार के लिए उत्पादन करते हैं। देंत कापीत कि किसना माने मानते में या हैं है। येंत कापीत कि मानता नहीं मानते में या है हें मीर्पामृत्यों के पानता नहीं त्या स्थापना मानतिन होंगे हैं मोर जिल्हा करोपों मानिकांत्रत समय नि है। इस जनवार मानता मानता कर प्रमुख्य नहीं है। इस जनवार मानता म

8 16 इस तह है स्थार पर, नाम से सम्बद्ध नेतर को पढ़ित को नए सेतों में नाम करना पान नोज नहीं होता | इस्के धनिरस्त, पढ़ी कि सन्यवस्त्र सेतों में कोनस को पढ़ित जात है, तह प्रस्थामों में बनाया किया जाता पाहिए और पढ़ित स्वास्त्रक हों सो होते सार्थ-तिमादान के प्रयोगक त्या पढ़ित कर पुत्र उत्तरों के सम्बद्ध स न महास्त्रियों द्वारा प्रविस्थापित कर दिया जाता पाहिए।"

सरकार ने जयश्रन निफारिश पर प्रभी तक कोई निर्मय नदी सिया है।

Claims rejected by L.I.C.

2739 DR. VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) what is the total number of claims on the Life Insurance Policies rejected during the last three years and for what amounts;

(b) whether it is a fact that there are several complaints of rejection due to long delay and cumbersome formalities causing harassment to the beneficiaries and claimants.

(c) has the attention of Government been drawn to an article pubhed on Fage 8 of India Today pub(a) Year

lished from Delhi dated 16-38 Seutember 1978; and

(d) what steps have Government taken to settle claims quickly without harassment to the claimants?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL):

Claims Repudiated

	No.	Amount
1975-76	, 1189 i	Rs. 1,19,29,899
1976-77 .	. 1400	Rs. 1,41,51,698

(b) No. Sir. The claims repudiated during the years 1976-77 and 1977-78 have been a very small percentage of the total claims intimated during the years, being less than 2 per cent in terms of numbers and a little over 3 ner cent in terms of sums assured. There have, however, been some justi-

fied complaints of delay in the settle-

ment of claims and the LIC is taking all possible steps to eliminate such de-

' (c) Yes, Sir.

lavs.

- (d) Having regard to the various points at which delays occur in the settlement of claims, the LIC has in recent years taken the following steps to expedite settlement:---
- Constitution of Policy halders' Servicing Advisory Committee by the LIC in 1975 for close scrutiny, inter alia, of pending claims and discussing remedial measures.
 - (ii) Creation of a cell in the Central Office of the LIC to maintain a continuous check over the operations of the operating offices in the matter of claims settlement and also to review procedures with a view to simplifying the requirements. In addition, in each Divisional Office, a complaints cell has been set up to deal inter alia, with cases of delay in settlement of claims.

- (iii) In the case of new proposals. the question of age admission of the proponent is settled, before the policy is issued. Under old policies where the age is not admitted the LiC proceeds with the payment of the claims without insisting on proof of age provided there was no fraudulent intention to grossly understate the age. The limit upto which age proof is waived is Rs. 5,000/- sum assured under death claims.
- (iv) Where a policyholder dies intestate, the LIC considers waiver of legal evidence of title in deserving cases and settles the claim on the legal heirs complying with alternative requirements. Waiver of title is considered in claims navable unto As. 75,000/.
 - (v) Where the policy document is lost, the Corporation considers payment of the claim on the strength of Indemnity Bond executed by the Nominee/Assignee/Legal Heirs with a surety and it does not insist on a surety where the , sum assured is Rs 5.000/- or less.
 - (vi) In cases where a claim arises within a short time of the commencement of risk, the LIC dispenses with the enquiry it ordinarily makes in such early claims, if the sum assured is Rs. 5,000/- or less and the claim is prima facie not fraudulent.
 - (vii) Association of field force of the LIC with task of helping the claimants in complying with the requirements.

Review of working of STC and MATC

- 3740. DR VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT: Will the Minister of COM-MERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state;
- (a) whether it is a fact that Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad was instructed to make a comprehensive review of the working of the

STC and M.M.TC, and their subsidiaries.

- (b) whether it is a fact that the Indian Institute of Management has submitted its final report in which restructuring of STC and MMTC has been suggested for operational efficiency, improvement in activities and quality of service, and
- (c) if so what decision have Government taken on the recommendation of the Institute and when will it be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTEY OF CONMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG):

(a) and (b) Yes, Sir

(c) The recommendations made by the Indian Institute of Management. Ahmedahad in regard to the restructuring of the STC and MMTC and their subsidiaries are being examined at appropriate levels and a decision on them is likely to be taken soon

State Tourism Ministers' plea for Allocation of more funds for Tourism

3741 SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT SHRI CHATURBHUJ SURJ C X JAFFER SHARIET SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA

Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state. 017 10 211 1000 be up: 031

(a) whether Ministers of Tourism from States have submitted a memo to the Prime' Minister stating that allotterat hapde in the Sixth Plain is levy me'ere and they have passed, a resolution also which they have forwarded to the Prime Minister, and

(b) if so, the reaction of Govern-

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTANI KAUSHIK): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir A Resolution to this effect adepted at the recent State Toursm Ministers' Conference was presented to the Prime Minister. The various issues raised are being examined.

Ruse in Price of Gold

3742. SHM K, HAMAMURTHY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state whether, in view of the fact that the domestic price of gold is still on the increase and snuggling tacket of gold is also on the rise, Government will re-purchase the gold from the persons to whom auctioned in order to stabilise gold price and to curtail gold smuergiber?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M PAHTEL), No. Sir

The question of Government's re-purcharing the gold gold in auction does not state at the tranvactions are complete with the acceptance of the blad and delivery of the gold. Purchase of gold from the market by the Government will not by stelf thelp in stabllang the gold prices in India or curtailing soil amoreling.

Representation made by Akhil Bharat Sindhi Bo'l and Sahit Sabha, Rombay

*3743, SHRI R A. MHALGI Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to stale.

7(a) whether Government received a commitmention dated 2nd October, 1978 sloar with a copy of a representation aiready made on 17th April 1978 tions 4khil Bharts. Smith Boil and Saint Sabha, Bombay with regard to "printing of value renderings and numericals on the Indian currency an Sindh".

(b) if so what are the specific demands made in the representation dated 17th April, 1978, and . (c) what action have Government taken or propose to take in near future?

THE 'MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir,

- (b) Their demand is for inclusion of Sindhi renderings and numericals in Arabic Singhi script on currency and bank notes
- (c) The matter is under consideration of the Government as some other parties have demanded that Sindhi renderings in Devanagari script should be included on currency and bank notes and their reactions in this regard are being ascertained.

Participants in small Industries Fair at New Delhi

3744. SHRI R. K. MHALGI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to lay a statement on the Table of the House showing:

- (a) the names of various participants in the current Small Industries Fair at New Delhi:
- (b) the expenditure likely to be incurred by each of them for the fair; and
- (c) what is the total estimated income from the said Fair?

THE MINISTER OF STATE - IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION (SHRI ARIF BEG): A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library, See No. T.T 3077/781.

- (b) The expenditure incurred by indrvidual participants is not known. The expenditure of the TFAI is, however, estimated at Rs. 46.65 lakh
- (c) The total estimated income by way of space rent, gate collection etc. is Rs. 54.50 lakhs. The sales effected and the business transacted in the various pavilions have aggregated to about Rs. One crore and business under transaction is reported to be of the order of Rs. 5 crores.

इंडियन एवर लाइन्स और एवर इंडिया के विशासी की इचेंटना के बारे में जान के परिणाम

3745 की तरास जन्द क्रम्बाय : वया पर्यटक मौर नागर विभावन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा सरेंगे **命**:

- (क) मार्च, 1977 से गार्च, 1978 को ग्रवधि में इदिवन एयरलाइस श्रोर एयर शम्बवा के किसने विमान दुर्बटना वस्त हुए तथा ६न दुर्घटनायों में शात-मास की पृथक् पृथक् कितनी हार्नि हुई तथा जितमे मामलो में बरलारी कर्मवारियों और यातिया की मृह्यु के लिए मृक्षावक्षा दिवागमा ;
- (ख) बया इन दुर्पटनामी को मंतर मनग बोच की पहेंगी मीर यदि हा, तो उनके मग परिणाम विक्से तथा कितनी दुर्वटमाओं के बारे में प्रव तक कोई जाच नहीं की वई ब्रोर वर्षि नहीं, तो इसके स्था कारण है ; सौर
- (ग) स्वाकी गई बाद के परिणामों की सम्ब पटन पर रखा जावेगा ?
- पर्यटन और ं नागर विचानन मंत्री (धी प्रयोक्तम क्रीसिक) : (क) धीर (ब). बरेति स सुबना देने वाला एक विश्रम सलान है।
- (ग) रिपार्टी की प्रतिया गमप के पुस्तरमन्य में स्वाी वापसी।

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हवाई उड़ानों के दौरान दिये गये घोजन के क्रिस्म में मुखार

§ 3746 श्री हक्स चन्द क्छवाय क्या प्यटन भीव नायर विमानन मुझी शिमाना में परोसे जाने वाल गोजन र बार में 10 माच 1978 के मतास्तरित प्रश्न सद्या 2292 के उत्तर के सबझ में यह बदाने की क्या करेंग कि

- (क) क्या इब्डियन एयर लाइन्स की उदानों के शेषन परीस जान वाल नास्त भीरभोदन की किस्म में मुद्रार करन के लिए प्रवादकों को कोई निर्देश दिए नर हैं और भाँद हा, तो किएम में मुखार करने के लिए मन तक न्या कायदाही की गई है और उस का क्या परि-गाम निकला.
- (ब) इण्डियन एयरलाइन्स की सभी उडानो ' में पूरा साना परोसने म सरकार के समक्ष स्था कठि-नार्यो मा रही है भीर पहल को तरह बिना भूगतान -के बाविया को पून वस सेवा उपन् व करन के लिए गरतार ने मामने बबा बठिनाइया था रही है और
- (म) बबा कभी कभी कुछ कारफो से हवाई महर्ते पर एवर इंग्डिया और इंग्डियन एक्स्लाइन्स की उद्योगों क होने में विनम्ब हो जाता है, जिस के परिणाम-स्बच्य याद्रियो को भारी वटिनाइया का सामना करना पहताहै भौरक्या इस क लिए यादियों का कोई मुझाबदा 🕾 दन ना सरवार ना नोई प्रस्ताव है जब कि बहाब क ध्रदे समय पा के टिकट प्राप्त याजियों के बढ से! भी विसम्ब से प्रश्नने पर टिक्ट की पूरी राशि काट ली जाती है ?

प्यटन बीर नागर विभानन भवी(थी पुरुषोत्तम कोसिक् (क) सरकार न इण्डियन एयरसाइन्स को भोजन तदास्नैश्व की किस्म व मादा में सुधार करने क लिए मादश्यक बदम उठान के निर्देश दिय है भिष्ठ के परिभागस्वरूप कारपादेवन न इस सम्बद्ध में काफी सुधार किया है।

(ब) इक्क्टिन एवरलाइन को उटानो पर नाविको नी मारी सध्या तथा उनकी उड़ानी की छाटी सर्वाव को त्यान में रखते हुए, विमान पर सम्पूब मोजन (full meal) देना व्यवहाय नहीं है। नेपापि भाजन के समय पर इच्डियन एवर बाइस अपनी : सभी बट स्वामी पर, काराज्यनी तथा कालाहारी दे सभी जट छवासी पर, शरनानुस्य वस्त प्रस्तारकः द्वार दोना प्रकार को पर्याण क्लाक छता है और यहाँ गर्मे क्ला क्लाम स्वयन की सस्य वी 000 करने की मुविधा उपराध हाती है दश् भावन की महम र्थ थे मद (: काम dish) गव की बाता है । बॉद्यंवन है धपरनाइम वा बादियों न निए धपनी यस मेवाबी " भ को पून चान करन को काइ इस्ताद नही है। सुबतान क पांचार पर बच सेतां की बनमान व्यवस्था मन्ताप्यनक

ममधी वाठी है।

(य) उडानों में दरी होने की हालत में, इंडियन parente सोरएयर इडिना ना सदा यह मुनिश्चित प्रयत्न रहता है कि वावियों भी दखमा र टीक से की जास तथा उन्हें नाश्ता-याना भी दिया वाय । उहानी में इरी होन पर पादिश का. मुमानजा दन ना कोई प्रस्ताव

. डोटे स्थापारियों द्वारा साम का निर्मात

3247 भी हुस्य चन्द्र स्प्रताय स्था बाबिन्स, जावरिक पूर्ति स्रोर सहकारिता मधी यह बताने नी इत्या करेंग कि

- (क) इस समय दश में सास का निर्मात करने वासे वैर संखारी व्यापारियों की संख्या कितनी है तका इत तीन वर्षों में (1) वेंबिलो बादर्स लिए, कलकत्ता, (2) समर सिंह जायसवास प्राइवेट लिए कलकता (3) प्रश्रह राम कैसदाक श्रेलक प्राइवट लिए, कतकता द्वारा रिए गरे निर्यात की सुतना में पन्य भ्यापारियो से क्लिने अतिमत निर्मात किया, मौर
- (छ) श्रत्य छाटे व्यापारिया की निर्यात क्षमदा बढ़ान के लिए क्या उपाय किये जा रहे हैं ?

वाषित्व तथा नार्वारक पूर्ति और सहकारिता मत्रालय में राज्य मती (थी आरिष्ड बग) (क) नाथ का निर्मात करन जाती देश में इस समय संग्रेश 56 गैर नरकारी कम्पनियां है। (1) ऐतिसी बादसे लिएकारसा.(2) समर सिह जायसवाल प्राठलिए बलकुता,(3) प्रवस्तिय केलकात धनक प्रा० लिए कतरता भी तुलना में प्रन्य पार्टियों द्वारा विष्ठले सीन वर्षों में किये गये निर्वाता का प्रतिवृत निम्नोक्त प्रकार

वर्ष ″. प्रन्य पारियो 1 ऐंजिलो बादर्स, लिंक कनकत्ता 2 समर मित्र जायसवास प्रा० लिं०, कलकत्ता 3 मधर राग रेतकाद धेलेक पाठलि छ, कलकता

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(स) भरतार को बेदगा निशास के साधीन मंगी पीटियों की नाम का मक्त रूफ महिनशीत करन की अनुमति है । तथापि निर्मातनों का राज्य ध्यापार निवस र बकर स्टाक में से लाखदाना वा भवना धनिवास कारा इटावा हाता । स्पृतवस । तर्वात **कीवत भी निर्धारित को बाती है।**

"टाव" द्वारों के प्राचात के लिए लाइसेंस

- 37.48. धो . हक्षम चन्द कडवाय : : वाकिक्स, भागरिक पूर्ति और सहकारिता मंत्री यह क्लाने को क्या करने कि:
- (क) क्या सरकार न मार्च, 1977 के बाद "राष" के बाने के बायात के लिए बड़े पैनाने पर काइवेंस
- जारी फिए हैं: (छ) ग्रेरि हो तो कमनीशर वारो किये गर्थ साइसेंसों की कीमत क्या है और देशवार कितनी माजा में 'दाप'' धार्ष का भाषाते करने का निमेव किया स्था । धीर
 - (ग) स्थातकत भ्रायात . का देख . में "ताप" धार्मे का निर्माण करने नाले उद्योगों पर प्रतिकृत प्रभाव पड़ना ; ग्रीर यदि हो, ती देश में उद्योगों पर इम की फिस सीमा तक प्रमान पड़ेगा ?

वाणिक्य तथा नार्वरिक पूर्ति ग्रीर सहकारिता संवालय में राज्य मंत्री (भी सारिष्ठ देंग): संभवतः प्रश्न q: बल दाप्प/बार्व के बाबात से है। 1977-78 के खोरान, जेनी पत्त्व होनरी तथा निटिंपियर के नियाती क बदली बीकृत निर्मातको भी मायात गीति के मन्तर्गत इन मदों के आयात को सनमति दी जातो वी । बास्तविक प्रयोश्ताको के लिए भीति में उल्लेख है कि बुख टाप्स के साबात को मनुमति नहीं दी आदेशी बीरे उन्ही मानं के लिए पामिटों को धनमति हेत कोई विकिप्ट व्यवस्यो वहीं थी । 1978~79 में, बुस टाप्स/यार्ग भीति के परिजिष्ट 3 में रोक वाली सूची में बादे हैं, धीर अनी वस्ती/सिसंसिताये परिवानी, शैजरी तथा निटवियर के निर्वांतों के बदसे प्रापात की विशिष्ट ध्यवस्थाकी गई है।

(च) भागात साइसेंस के व्यक्ति बामात निर्मात मध्य निर्वचक द्वारा प्रकाशित बीक्ती बलेटिन चान इम्पोर्ट जाइनेसिज. एनसपोर्ट साइसेसिज एनड.इंडस्ट्रियल ताइसीसज में प्रकाशित कियं जाते हैं। इन बंनीटनी की प्रतियां संसद् पुस्तकालय में उपलब्ध हैं।

(म) जीनशी।

Revision of Travel Tax on Air Tickets

3749. SHRF BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to ,2512 Seller Colors

- (a) whether the present rate of 7-1/2, per cent travel tax on the air ticket is highest in the world and is dis-incentive to travellers; and
- (b) if so, whether Government are considering the need to revise it?
 - THE MINISTER, OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK); (a) The 3625 LS-15

present rate of foreign travel tax is not 71 per cent but 121 per cent and is currently charged from a passenger performing an international journey for which fare is naid or navable in Indian currency. The rates of such tax in other countries is not readily available. The imposition of the Foreign Travel Tax has not affected the number of travellers going abroad.

(b) There is no proposal for revising the existing rate of foreign travel tax.

विद्वार में गया के निषट राम घिला पहांडी शर तरक्षण

3750. श्री ईहेबर बीधरी : स्था पर्वटन धीर नायर विमानन मनी यह बढाने ही। जबा करेंगे कि :

- (क) क्या विहार के गया नगर के उत्तर_ा में 'रोम किला' पहाड़ी एक प्रसिद्ध वार्मिक और. ऐतिहासिक स्थान है ;
- (स) नया देशाल के गलेटियर में इसकी महत्वता का उत्सेच किया एका या :
- (ग) क्या बड़ी संख्या में मास्तीय मीर ; नेपानो वीर्यमात्री प्रत्येक वर्ष इस स्थान का धीरा करते हैं :
- (प) क्या खनन विभाग ने उपर्यक्त पहाड़ी की, वो एक पर्यटन केन्द्र है, विस्सीट के लिए किसी ठेकेदार को 'पटटे पर दिया है 'जिससे उस्त स्थल का सीरमें नष्ट हो रेड़ा है : बीर
- e field perfi de ditte (ह) यदि हां, तो न्या सरकार का विचार उन्त पहानी को संरक्षण देवे भीर उसका विकास पहेंटन केन्द्र के हुए में करने का है, परि नहीं, तो इसके त्यांकारण है ?

पर्यटन और नागर विमानन एती (थ्ये., पुरुषोत्तम कौतिक): (क) से (ग). जो, हो !

(घ) और (४), चृकि यह क्षेत्र, मुख्य स्थ -हे स्वदेशी और स्थानीय पर्यटन वित्र का है. पर्यटक केंद्र के इस में इसकी मुख्या और विकास का प्रकृत राज्य सरकार में कार्य शेत के अन्तर्गत भाता है, जिन से अनुरोध किया जा रहा है कि वे इक्ट स्मीम की प्रथती जान में सामित करते पर भारत है है है है है है क्रिकार कर वें।

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Additional Allowance for Duty on Sunday/Holidays Allowed to Central Covernment Employees

3751 SHRI ISHWAR CHAUDHARY: ' Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that the additional allowance for duty on Sunday/holidays previously allowed to the Staff of Central Government Employees under the rules has been withdrawn.
- (b) if so, what are reasons there-
- for, and (c) whether Government propose

to re-consider the matter?

THE MINISTER! OF FINANCE PATELAand (b) Orders have been issued that non industrial employees other than operational staff and staff car drivers, who are required to work on Sundays and holidays should be granted compensatory leave for such work instead of each compensation in the form of overtime allowance. This is one of the several steps taken to effect the utmost economy in administrative expenditure

(c) No. Sir

सपु उद्योग मेला, दिल्ली के प्रदेश शुरू को कम करने के लिए कापन :

3752 भी द्वार भोषरी • यो सो ३ के० बाक्द गरीकः

थी एस० एस० सोबानी

स्या वाणिकव, नागरिक पूर्वि और सहकारिका मनी मह बताने भी इपा करेंगे कि

 (क) क्या सरकार की प्रगति मैदान में मार्वीदित प्रदर्शनी में लगाये गर्वे बुछ राज्यों के स्टाबो में 1/- इएए के प्रवेश मुस्त, जो प्रविक है को कम करने के लिए काई हापन प्राप्त हुना ₹ ; 11

(ब) यदि हैं, तो उस पर मरकार की विशिवास्य स्या है ; सौर

(ग) बया सरकार प्रवेश मन्य को कम विये वाने को सबद, समझदा है ब्लॉक जन नाग्रारण भी इसके लाभ उठा लड़े ?

बानिश्व तथा नागरिक पूर्ति और सहकारिता मवातय में राज्य मधी (क्षो धारिक थेग) (क) नी हा । छाष्ट्रीय सभू उचाग यस के हमकरण महार में भाग लन बालों स एक बन्दावहर आत हवा है जिनमें मनाव दिया गया है कि 1 राजा प्रवेश मल्ड बहुत प्रधिक है।

(घ) मीर (ग). प्रदर्गनी मामोजित करन के निर्देश देश में तपुडबादो की विद्यमान स्थिति व भगिका और उनके विद्यास को बदाया देते के लिए किये गये प्रयाम का ध्यापक चित्र मिलात करता है. किए यए व्यापक प्रवधा का देवत हुए धीर साथ हो मेना देखने माने वाली प्राप्त वनद्वा ना दो गई विभिन्न मुस्धियों को दण्डी हेए वयस्कों के लिए 1 स्पर्या तथा प्रति बज्बा 50 पैसे इस गुल्क पधिक नहां समझा जाता । येला देखने क निए जो बड़ी सब्बा में जनशा भारही है वह इस बात का प्रमाण है । 13-12-1978 तक 919451 व्यक्तियों ने मना द्या । प्रतिदिन को घोमत 35363 बैठदो है । विवने की विक्रिया हुई हैं और विवने कर कारोबार मा है दमना कुन मूल्य लगभग एक कराड रखें हैं और एमा अनुवान है कि समझा 5 करोड ६० का कारोबार मुख्य होने वासर ŧ ŝ

यह बल्लेखनीय है, कि युवा सर्वामियों छोटे उद्योवपवियो, महिलायो, स्कूल के बच्चों धारि के सम्बद्धि समूही के लिए नि मुस्क प्रवेश की धनुमति दी गई है।

New agreement on payment of bonus to employees of LA.C.

3753 SHRI CHATURBHUJ:

NATAVERLAL. R PARMAR.

shri om prakash tyagi

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Will the Minister of TOURISM AND

CIVIL AVIATION to pleased to state . . .

(a) whether it is a fact that the Inglan Airlines had signed a new agreement with its employees for pay-

ment of bonus, "

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) how many employees will be benefited therefrom?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) to (c). Indian Airlines signed a settlement with the Air Corporations Employees Union on 21st November, 1978 for payment of productivity linked honus as ex-gratia. The settlement is valid for four financial years commercing from the financial year Ist April, 1977. In accordance with the settlement, employees drawing pay upto Rs. 1606/per month will, for the accounting year 1977-78, be entitled to 18 per cent of wages as bonus. At present, approximately 10,500 employees represented by the Air Corporations Employees Union will be benefited by the agreement.

सपर बाजार खोलना

3754 औं चतुर्मुत : स्था वाणिक्य तथा सागरिक पूर्ति और सहकारिता मंत्री यह बताने की अभा करेंगे कि :

- (क) उपभोनताओं को आधानों से आवस्यक पस्तुएं उपनच्छ कराने के लिए गत एक दये के दौरान जितने सुपर बाजार किन-किन स्वानों पर सोलें वर :
- (छ) त्या सरकार का विचार श्राशामी वर्षों में सुपर बाजार खीलने के मामले में दूर दराज के प्रतीभ क्षेत्रों को प्राथमिकता देने का है ;
 - (ग) यदि हा, तो इस बारे में संक्षिप्त व्योग्स क्या ते ?

स्वानिक उत्तर नागरिक पूर्वि और सेहंकारिका स्वान्त में राज्य वंदी (म्रॉ क्रेंग्स मुस्तर प्रोवन):

(क) उत्तरका मुक्तम के मुद्दार रिजेश कु कर्ष के देशित के सहस्रते खु-निमानी भावतर हिएत तथा के साहस्रते खु-निमानी भावतर हिएत काला उत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड अत्तरामण्ड कर्मकर्षा (मृत्य काला) अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त अत्यन्त (कृत्यात) के अहर्यों कर्मा अस्तों ये योग्ने कर्म।

(व), और (न). ज्या कर सामित क्षेता का कंध है, ज्ये ह्वावरों कुर्यवाची स्वयार संमान का कंध है, क्षेत्र हवारों कुर्यवाची स्वयार संमान का कंध है, क्षेत्र हवा सोई कराइंग्य होंगे हैं, क्ष्यों के स्वयं होंगे स्वयं हैं वे सुरें हैं समझ्य होंगे ! क्यारि, स्वयं-क्ष्यों स्वयं से क्ष्यों होंगे ! क्यारि, स्वयं-क्ष्यों स्वयं से क्ष्यों होंगे ! क्यारि, स्वयं-क्ष्यों स्वयं से क्ष्यों होंगे ! क्यारि, स्वयं होंगे होंगे ! क्यारि होंगे स्वयं से परिचंदना कामने के स्वयं पर पहले कहें स्वयं स्वयं वर्गों कामने क्ष्यों से होंगे हमारी स्वयं से स्वयं से हमारी स्वयं होंगे कामने हमें हमारी स्वयं से से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे व्यवं से क्ष्य से हमें हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे हमारे से हमारे हमें हमारे

Collection of Revenue from Vegetable Products, Cigarettes, Soap and Crown Corks

3755. SHRI RAMJI LAL SUMAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the Budgeted estimates and actual revenue collected for vegetable products, cigarettes, soap and crown corks for the last year and the curtent year?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) Central Excise Budget Estimates and Revenue collected are as under:

Name of Commoditie	,		Budget Estimates for 1977-78	Revenue collected for 1973-78	Budget Estimate for 1978-79	Revenue Collected during 1978-79 (upto Sept, 1978)	Papaisional
			(Rupe	es in lakhs)			
Vegetable Products.	٠	٠.	2125	2431	2783	1417	
Cigarenes	,		40163	40236	44051	23,120	
Soap	,		1705	1329	1901,	972	
Crown Cooks .		٠.	219	185	200	158	

Restrictions Imposed on Import of

3736 SHRI R. V SWAMINATHAN SHRI P M. SAYEED

Will the Manster of COVIMERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA-TION be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that restrictions imposed on import of certain vital watch parts have rendered in effective important licences worth a crore of rupees
- (b) if so whether these restrictions have defeated the very purposes for which the licences were issued under free licensing policy,
- (c) whether the licence, worth 142 lakhs only have been utilised,
- (d) whether Watch Trade Federation has suggested some proposals in this regard and
- te if so whether Government have examined them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG) (a) Government have no such information

- (h) Does not anse
- (c) Government have no such infor mation
- (d) and (e) The Watch Trade Fed eration had suggested for removal of restrictions on the import of certain watch parts against incences fisued under the Free Licensing Policy of 1977-8 These suggestions were not accepted

Decline in Sale of Indian Tea in London Tea Auction

3737 SHRI R.V SWAMMATHAM SHBI P M SAYEED

Will the Minister of COMMERCE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERA TION be pleased to state

- (a) whether sale of Indian tea in the London tea auction has gone down by 18 per cent during the 8½ months of the current year compared to the corresponding period last year.
 - (b) if so the details of the same,and
- (c) what are the main reasons for the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION (SHRI ARISTINA KU MARI GOYALL (a) and (b) Quantties of Indian teas sold at London Auctions during January 78 to mid August 78 were 2212 million kgs. as compared to 2721 million kgs. during the corresponding period past year showing a decline of 187 per cent over 1977

(c) The decline in sale of India a teas through London Auctions has been due to lower shapments for London Auctions on account of relatively lower prices this year, no contract to the abnormal spurt in prices at London Auctions during last year Sales of teas through London Auctions have also been affected due to withdrawal of major packers and distributors from London Auctions following the priposal of UK Government to reduce statutorily the retail prices of teas in the UK market

Annual Report of International Monetary Fund

3758 SHRIR V SWAMINATHAN SHRIP M SAYEED

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether in the annual report for 1978 the International Monetary Fund has warned that the present combinations of slow growth of world trade and high unemployment coupled with protectionsis action threatens to frustrate the aspirations of the developing countries,
- (b) if so whether they have made critical observations against India's economic policy:

- (c) whether any recommendation for the improvement of economic policies has also been made; and
- (d) if so, the reaction of Indian Government, thereto?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE H. M PATED: Yes, Sir. The Annual Report of the International Monetory Fund for 1978. inter-alia, states that the combination of slow growth of world trade and high unemployment appeared to be generating increased resort to projectionist actions, and danger that these might escalate. The prevailing conditions thus threatened to create an environment unfavourable to the tradius interests of all countries. Such an environment could be frustrating to the aspirations of primary producing countries, both developed and developing: the economies of those countries are highly dependent on markets in the industrial world and on the maintenance of access to such markets.
- (b) No. Sir. The Annual Report of 1978 has, on the contrary, stated that India has liberalised imports, reduced navments restrictions and lowered import tariffs.
- (c) The Report, inter-alia, emphasises that policies aimed at greater flow of real resources from developed countries to developing countries, providing better access to markets of developed countries for products of developing countries, implementation of programmes to bring about better pattern of world payments balances leading to greater stability of exchange markets and greater price stability, greater utilisation of resources in developing countries and support to surveillance by the International Monetary Fund to promote effective functioning of the International Monetary System would contribute to enhanced prospecis for a more satisfactory rate of economic expansion throughout the world economy. The Report further states that such an improvement of basic underlying conditions would provide the essential foundations for greater stability of exchange markets

- and this stability would, in turn, help to achieve the higher growth tates desired and improve the prospects for developed and developing countries alike
- (d) The recommendations are cositive in nature and indicate the directions in which international trade, aid development and monetary policics would have to move, keeping in view the growing interdependence between nations

Proposal to LM.F. regarding S.D.R.

- 3759. SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:
- (a) whether International Monetary Fund has accepted the Indian proposal on Special Drawing Rights (S.D.R.);
- (b) if 30, what was India's proposal: (c) to what extent they have accepted this proposal: and
- (d) which are the other countries that will be benefited by this propo-5217

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE H. M PATEL): and (b). One of the items on agenda for discussion at the meeting of the Interim Committee of the Board of Governors of the International Moretary Fund held on September 24, 1978 related to the report by the Executive Board on Special Drawing Rights (S.D.R.) issues. India emphasised the need for increased allocation of Special Drawing Rights (not less than SDR 6 billion per year over the next three years) without the stipulation about a part of it having to be paid in as contribution on account of increase in IMF quotas under the Seventh Quota Review

India also favoured the propose: increase in the rate of interest or SDRs, the expansion of uses to which SDRs could be put and abolition of reconstitution requirement.

- (c) After detailed discussion on the subject the Interun Committee recommended that the International Montary Fund should make an allora ion of SDRs. 4 bulson for each of the three years 1879 to 1981.
- As regards other aspects of SDRs the Committee Feached the following conclusions
- (i) The rate of interest on SDRs should be increased from 80 per cent to 80 per cent of the weighter average of the short term interest rates in the five member countries with the largest quota
- (ii) The rate of remuneration should be set at 90 per cent of the interest rate on SDRs to 72 per cent of the compined market rate
 - (iii) The Interim Committee expressed the hope that the Execut v. bard of the Fund will take necresary decision in the near future and report to the Committee on the ros stoilt es of additional uses of 50 ds annely for loans edistrial security and the direct settlement of obligations that could be permitted by the Fund in accordance with the amendad Articles of the Fund
 - (iv) The Inferent Committee further endorsed the views of the Eve utage. Board regarding the requirement of reconstitution of Special Drawing Rights namely the obligation to raintian minimum average belarce of SDRs over a specified period should be reduced from 20 pr cert to 15 per cent of the net cumulative allocation and the requirement should be considered further in the light of experience.

Telung into account the count some rechard on the issues relating to SDRmeliating its increase and allocation the Committee was also of the vew that the participants in the SDRshould pay 25 per cent of the increase in quafa under 7th Review in SDRs and non-participants should pay the equivalent of 2.2 per cent of the in Tease in toreign exchange (d) As the allocation of SDRs to be made in proportion to their quotas in the Fund all countries who are members of the SDR department will benefit by the scheme of increase in SDR allocation.

Recommendations made by Engineering Export Promoton Council

- 3760 SHRI A R. BADRINARA-YAN Will the Minister of COM MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND COOPERATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether Committee on Project Export has accepted only some of major recommendations submitted by the Engineering Export Promotion Council to the Centre
- (b) if so whether the Committee has also gone into the steps to be taken to Implement their suggestions
- (c) whether the Committee has resected some recommendations, and
- (d) if so what are they and reasons for their rejection?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE NIVISTRY OF CONVERCE AND CO-AVOID CONTROL OF CON

- (b) Yes Sir
- (c) and (d) The Committee did not find a possible to accept this suggestion of the workshop on Project Exports that E.C Grade Alturmum should be made available for export of conductors and cables, from domestic production as there is no distribution control over aluminum and EC Grade Altummum is reserved for use of the State Electricity Boards, massly, for rural electrication promasily, for rural electrication pro-

Opening of Import and Export Division by Asian Development Rank

3761. SHRI A. R BADRINARA-YAN:

SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADNAPPALLI:

Will the Minister of RINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Union Government had urged the Asian Development Bank to open an Import and Export division to prevent exploitation of developing countries: and
- (b) if so, to what extent Government have succeeded?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) and (b). Government have enquired from the Asian Development Bank as to its attitude to the question of establishing an Import and Export division. The Bank has not responded so far.

Export of Familiare and Wood · Products

3762, SHRI A. R. BADRINARA-YAN; Will the Minister of COMMER-CE, CIVIL SUPPLIES AND OPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Min. istry have set up a task force for drawing action-oriented programme for the export of furniture and other wood products;
- (b) if so, whether they have submitted any plan:
- (c) if so, the details of the same; and

(d) when the same is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO. OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) Yes. Sir. v' -r

(b) to (d). The Task Force has already met twice and is meeting shortly again to draw up its recommendations.

Grant of Special Leave to Flood Hit Employees

3763, SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN: Will the Minuster of FINANCE he pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that whilst Government of India had announced 3 days special leave i.s for 6th 7th and 8th September on account of the Delhi floods, to all the Government employees, the banking industry had demed such a leave even in respect to the flood hit employees or the trans-Yamuna resident employees:
- (b) whether it is also a fact that Puntsb National Bank had given 6/7 days special leave to nearly 300 employees belonging to a union for attending their conference at Ahmedabad from 12th May to 17th May but not found it possible to give special leave to flood hat employees; and
- (c) what do Government propose to do about this attitude of the Banking Industry who ignored Government's decision and adopted unsymrathetic attitude?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL); (a) As regards special leave to employees during floods in Delhi in September, 1978, the instructions issued by the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, related to Central Govvernment non-industrial employees only.

As regards banking industry, It dian Banks Association has issued instructions that if the bank branches were open and the employees could not attend office their absence should be debited to their leave accounts

(b) As regards the case of Penjab National Bank, the bank has reported that it allowed special heave to the Central Committee members and the 8th Conference of All India Penjab National Bank Employees Federation held at Ahmedabad, from 13th 16 15th May 1978 in pursuance of the past practice and the practice in some of the other bank.

(c) The Government have already opprised Indian Banks Association of Ministry of Home Affers instructions for their consideration

Payment of Income Tax by Smt. Indira Gandhi for her lectures at Brandies University, Waltham and in United States

3754. SHRI NIEMAL CHANDRA JAIN Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to refer to the replies given to Unstarred Question No 10265 on 12th May 1978 and Starred Question No 189 on 23th July, 78 regarding payment of mome tax by Shrimat Indira Gandhi on the amount paid to the return of the return

- (a) whether the enquiry regarding payment of Income Tax by Smt Indira Gandhi for her lecture at Brardies University, Waltham and in United States has been completed by now, and
- (b) what is the result of the enquiry and the steps taken by Government in this behalf?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL) (a) Not yet Sur

(b) In view of answer to part (a) of the question, answer to this part does not arise.

Foreign Exchange Reserves

3765 SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH

MALIK

SHRI SHYAM SUNDER GUPTA

SHRI G M BANATWALLA

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state the total amount of foreign exchange reserves with the Government as on the 30th November, 1978?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H N PAREL) The total amount of foreign exchange inserves (excluding gold and Special Drawings Rights) with the Government, as on 30th November, 1978 was Rt. 4933 70 crores

Steps to Curb Smuggling Activities

3766 SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK Will the Minister of FI NANCE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that smuggling activities have considerably in creased in the country during the last few months,
- (b) if so, whether any fresh steps have been taken by Government to curb such activities, and
 - (c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M PATEL) (a) Reports received by Government 40 not suggest any increase in the smuggling activities during the past few months . (b) and (c). Although smuggling continues to be under checks the field formations have been kept on alert to thwart any attempts at smuggling of contraband goods.

OT.

Complaints of under Invoicing in Tea Exports

· 3767 SHRI'AMAR ROYPRADHAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state whether there were complaints of under invoicing in tea exports?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

India's Stand on Foreign Investment

3768. SHRI JANARDHANA FO-OJARY. Will the Minister of FINA-NCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the statement made by Dr. Richard Cooper and published in Hindu of 17th November, 1978 Inconsistencies in India's stand on foreign investment; and
- (b) if so, the reaction of the Government on it?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL). (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government's foreign investment policy has been enunciated in paras 24 to 26 of the Industrial Policy Statement of 23rd December, 1977. Government are not able to share the view that there are inconsistencies in

or uncertainties attached to the investment nolicy

.Chinese interest to buy Sugar and Wheat from India

- '- 3769. SHRI JANARDHANA PO-OJARY: Will the Minister of COM-MERCE CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether China has shown interest to buy sugar and wheat from India: and
- (b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND CIVIL SUPPLIES AND CO-OPERATION (SHRI ARIF BEG): (a) and (b). A Delegation led hy FICCI President which recently visited China on invitation of the Chinese Government stated that China had specifically evinced interest inter alia in wheat and sugar. However, no specific request has been recived from the People's Republic of China regarding purchase of wheat from India, STC approached the Chinese Importing Agency through Indian Embassy in Peking for export of sugar but they have not shown any keenness to purchase sugar directly from India,

Instructions to Sales Tax Authorities Regarding Assessment of Tax Evasion by M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. and its Allied Concerns

- 3770, SHRI R. L. P. VERMA; Will the Minister of FINANCE to pleased to refer to reply given to Starred Question No. 387 on 11th August, 1978 regarding M/s. Auto Pins (I) Regd. and state:
- (a) whether evasion of large scale Sales Tax by M/s. Auto Pins (f) Regd. and its allied concerns has come to

the notice of Government and if so, full details thereof

- (b) since most of the transactions are inter State have Government as sessed the total reveale toward Centrol Sales Tax lost in such dealings of these firms with var one States and if so estimated amount thereof,
- (c) whether any instruction, have been given by Centre to Sales. Tay authorities where these firms, have their Branch Offices and dealings to asse s tax evasion by these firms.
- (d) action proposed to be taken to recover the revenue already lost and steps contemplated to prevent recurrence of such lapses and
- (e) action taken/proposed to be taken against M/s Auto Pins (I) Regd and its allied concerns at Contre and State levels?

THE MINISTER OF FIVANCE (SHRI H M. PATEL) (a) to (e) Levy of tax on sales or purchases of goods taking place within a State is a State subject of taxation side Entry 54 in List II of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution. The revenues from Central sales tax levied on inter State sales of goods have also been assured to the States under Article 269(1) of the Co is dution and therefore the administ at on of the Central sales tax has also been en trusted by law to the sales tax autho rities of the State Covernments who assess collect and retain the proceeds of such tax. The question of the Cent ral Government giving ar 3 instruc tions to the States sales fax authors ties does not therefore arise What ever information in regard to ev sion of sales tax comes to the natice of the Central Government, the same is has sed on to the concerned State Gov ernment who have to take appropriate action in the matter Similar act on has been taken in respect of the firm in question.

Conference of Sixto Tourism Ministers regarding Planning and Development of Tourism

- 3771 SHRI VASANT SATHE WILL the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether a Conference of the State Ministers for Tourism was held at Delhi recently to discuss various problems relating to planning and development of fouriem in various regions of the country.
- (b) if so what are the agenda items discussed and important decisions taken in the meeting
- (c) details of follow up action taken/proposed, and
- (d) the view points expressed by the Minister of Tourism/representa tive of Government of Maharashtra and the action taken 'hereon?
- THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PU RUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK) (a) Yes, Sir
- (b) and (c) The conference review of the progress made by the various States/Union Territories in the imple mentation of recommendations made at the previous Tourism Ministers Conference held in 1947 and recommentage the selection of certain centress in each State/Union Territory for the development of Tourism facilities in the Central Sector.
- (d) The Government of Maharash tra suggested the following schemes for implementation in the Central Sector
 - (i) Development of facilities at the foot of Ajanta Caves
 - (u) Hotel at Juhu Beach
 - (m) Janata Hatel in Bombay
 - (iv) Desertopment of facilities at Ekephanta Of these the first three schemes are already being taken up

in the Central Sector and the fourth will be considered for implementation depending on the resources ovatlable.

Unrest among the Employees of L.I.C. 2772 SHRI VASANT SATHE-

SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N. PATIT.

Will the Winister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government are aware of the growing unrest among the employees and officers of the Life Insurance Corporation causing accumulation of arrears and loss of efficiency;
- (b) if so, furnish details of the memorandum submitted by the various associations of the Life Insurance including Cornoration employees Class-I officers to the Government;
- (c) what is the reaction of the Government to the main demands contained therein; and
- (d) what steps have been taken to resolve the issues and normalise the situation and the steps proposed to be taken in this regard with financial implications involved?
- THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir.
- (b) to (d). The demands of Class III and IV employees were broadly as under:-
 - (1) Bonus to LIC employees at the rate of 15 per cent of the annual salary as per settlement of 1974.
 - (2) Improvements in the medical benefits, leave travel concession and provident fund contribution.
 - (3) Withdrawal of the amended Regulations relating to reduction in retirement age.
 - (4) Restoration of staff agencies.
 - (5) Implementation of settlements of 1971 on promotion rule for Class
 - III and IV employees.

Bonus to Class III and Class IV employees for the years 1975-76, 1976-77 and 1977-78 has already been paid as per the Supreme Court judgement dated 21st February, 1978 at the rate of 15 per cent of the annual salary in accordance with the -settlements of 1974

As regards the demand for improvements in medical benefits leave travel concession and in provident fund contribution etc. the LIC did not and at possible on review of financial position of the Corporation to provide any additional out-lay for making improvements in these areas specially in the context of rising renewal expense ratio.

As regards withdrawal of amended regulation relating to reduction in tetirement age and restoration of stall agency the matter was examined and it was felt that there was no justification in agreeing to these demands.

As regards concluding of fresh agreement with the LIC employees the matter has already been discussed with the representative of LIC employees' unions and during the negotiation held in August, 1978 on the Charter of demands submitted by the various unions of Class III employees of LIC, the LIC made some suggestions for consideration of the unions. The unions were advised to consider the suggestion and submit their proposals. As the response of the Unions was not favourable, negotiations could not be resumed.

Demands of Class II employees (Development Officers) were broadly as under:

- (1) Federations Agreement with LIC Management on time scale of pay (Agreement 1965) should be restored.
- (ii) Agreement of 1971 on employment security and work norms should he restored.

(iii) Finance Ministry s Notification dated 8th April, 1976 and LIC's Notincation dated 21st April, 1976 should set and?

(uv) Notices of reductions in emoluments and terminations issued to Development Staff should be with drawn.

In pursuance of LIC Staff Reguia tions, 1976 termination notices were issued to some Development Officers whose performance was not in accordance with the requirements of cost norms prescribed thereunder These Regulations were to come into force from 1st January, 1977 After the formation of new Government, Development Officers submitted a Memorandum to Government seeking withdrawal of the new service conditions brought into force in 1976 The matter was examied by Government and having regard to the nature of duties of Development Officers it was decided that while the basic concept of the Scheme of cost norms should be retained the rigours of its implementation may be softened to obviate the hardship in deserving cases. Subsequently during several discussions which the LIC had with the Development Officers between Septem ber, 1977 and January, 1978 the Management offered a number of concessions inter alia, to defer the en forcement of 'cost norms from 1st January, 1977 to 1st January, 1978 put Development Officers insisted on com plete withdrawal of the Scheme or cost norms' and in support of this demand, they went on strike we f. 8th March, 1978 Representations from the field officers also continued to pour in The matter was also raised by way of Calling Attention Notice in the Ralla Sabha on 22nd March 1978 As a result of the assurance given by the FM, de novo discussions were held between the management, Government and the representatives of the Field Workers Federation Various offers were made by the Management during several rounds of discussions held with the representatives of Field Officers the ast round being held on 23rd September, 1978 However, these offers have not been accepted by the Federation of Development Officers. Necessary action has now been taken to implement the Revised Scheme for assessing the per formance of Development Officers on, the basis of the new offer.

Demands of Class I Officers were broadly as under .--

- (i) Revision of salary scales in respect of Class I Officers which are still tied down to 1970 level of compensation, as against the revision of payscales, et of Class III and Class III employees we for Ist April, 1973
- (ii) Instead of their being a wage differential between the emoliments of Class I and Class III employeds, there is at present a wage differential in favour of Class II employeds at common pay ranges which needs to be rectified.
- (iii) Further distortions and anomalies have developed in the enable ments pattern of Class I Officers visa-vis Class III employees due to unilateral production in the quantum of adjustment allowance payable to Class I Officers and this should be set aside.

After the expiry of the agreement with the Federation of Class I Officers Association in March 1973, fresh ne. otiations were held between the manage ment of the LIC and the Federal C. with a view to arrive at a new agreement of nay scales, adjustment allow ance, bonus etc wef. 1st April 1973 No agreement was, however, reached However keeping in view that a dis torted wage differential has developed at common pay ranges in the pay scales of Class III employees and Class I Officers and the fact that the process of rectification of anomalies in the wage structure was bound to take some time, as a gesture of good-will Government considered it desirable to provide some monetary rehef to Class I Officers Accordingly it was decided to grant them one increment in their grade pay with effect from 1st April 1977 The nouse rent allowance was liberalised to a uniform rate of 15 per cent of pay subject to a maximum of £8, 350 as against 15 per cent of first £8, 750 of the basic pay and 10 per cent of the excess over £8, 750 subject to a maximum of £8, 350 per month prevalent before. The Corporation's contribution to the provident fund which had earlier bear mised from 61 per cent to 16 per cent w.e.f. 1st May, 1976 was given retrospective effect from 1st April, 1972.

So far as anomalies in the wage structure are concerned, an assurance has already been given in the Rajya Sabha on 23th November, 1978 that the matter is receiving the attention of the Government and a decision is expected to be taken at an early date.

Money Paid to British Agency Houses by Sterling Te2 Companies

3773. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: Will the Minister of PINANCE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether Government have received reports that British Tea Companies have been cheating workers in the country;
- (b) whether it is also a fact that a large sum of money has been paid to the British Agency houses by sterling Tea Companies without paying proper taxes;
- (c) what are the names of the companies which have made such remittances and received notices from the

Income-tax Department and what isthe amount involved in each case; and

(d) whether the investigations have since been completed and if so, the result thereof?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE
(SHRI H. BL. PATEL): (a) A news
items captioned 'British Tea Companies
cheat workers of Rs. 70 lakhs' apoeared in the New Age Weekly dated 2nd
October 1977

- (a) The income-tax authorities have-issued notices under section 201 read with section 195 of the Income-tax Act, 1951 to \$4! Sterling Tea Companies asking them to show cause why action should not be falsen for their failure-to deduct tax fat source in respect of remittances of commission made to foreign companies in the past.
- (c) The names of the Sterling Tea Companies in whose cases demands have been raised together with the demand raised in each case as also the names of other Sterling Tea Companies to whom notices under section 201 read with 195 have been issued see given in the Statement atlached.
- (d) In order to bring to tax the above income in the hands of the UK Secretaries and Agents, their assessments for as many years as is permissible under the law, are being reopened. The assessment for the assessment years 1981-82/198-70 which would have got time-barred arter 21st Karco, 1970, have already been reopined. Assessments are pendident

-	Statement

Demand raised (Rs in lakhs)

Written Answers

476

111 62

23 96

40 G7

6 54

9 17

3 84

187 17

3 58

28 8 3

24 34 568 G7

(I) S erling Tea Compan es in hole cases demands u/s 201 read with s ction 195 ha e been raised

Hop Tea Co L d

DECEMBER 15 1978

65 94

2 Chara Tea Co Ltd

5

175

Westfou Ansprore

L-c.h R er Tea Co Ltd

M nglass Tan Co Ltd

Lebong Tea Co Ltd Aud chera Tea Co Ltd

Lunkapara Tea Co Ltd Ssam Daners Tea Co. Ltd. B sh Darjeeling Tea Co Ltd

Danmuajhar Tea Co Ltd 11 Bagracote Tea Co. Lid

(II) Sarding Tea Comparies in whose cases notices us por read with action 195 have been ussued M.s. Achaban Tea Co. Led

Mis Balabeta Tea Co. Ltd.

Mr Consol dated Tea & Land (I) Co Ltd M/s Da Jeeling Tea Company Ltd

Mis Dejoo Tea Co Ltd € Vi s Endogram Tea Co Ltd.

7 M.s Jorchaut Tea Co Ltd M/s Jhanr e Tea Association Ltd

We Je inga Valley Tea & Co Ltd q 70

We knowscox Tea Co Ltd. ..

Mr Kanan D van Hills Produce Ltd Mis Moran Tea Co Ltd. 12

11. Un Mondard Tea Co Ltd.

14. Ma Mapala Tea Co. Ltd.

13. Us Melong Tea Co Ltd. (In Luqu dation)

16. Mis The Rangajaun Tea Co Ltd

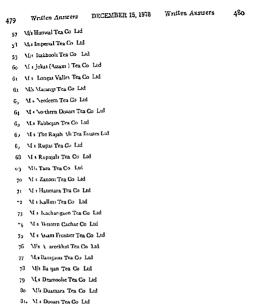
17 Wis Ramas Tea Co Ltd

18. Wi Raymay Tea Co Lad

og. Macamiliani (Assuma) Tea Con Lid

20. M/s Sroush Assam Tra Co. Ltd.

- 21. M/s Salonah Tea Co. Ltd.
- 22. Mis Thanni Tea Co. Let
- 23. M/s Tingri Tea Co. Ltd.
- 21. M/s Upper Assam Tea Co. Ltd.
- 25. Mls Assam Co. Ltd.
- 26. M/s Isabhel Tea Co. Ltd.
- 27. M/s Daujeeling Consolidated Tra Co. Ltd.
- 28. M/s Rukni Tea Co. Ltd.
- 29. M/s Lacturia Ltd.
- 40. M/s Assam Consolidated Tea Estates Ltd.
- 31. M/s. Assam Consolidated Tea Estate, (India) Ltd.
- M/s. Assam Consolidated Tea Estates (India) Ltd.
- 32. M/s Assam Estates Ltd.
- 33. M/s Anglo American Divest Tea Trading Co. Ltd.
- M/s Amalgamated Tea Estates Co. Ltd.
- 35. M/s Bengal United Tea Co. Ltd.
- 36. M/s Bazaloni Tea Co. Ltd.
- 37. M/s Bordubi Tea Co. Ltd.
- 38. M/s Borelli Tea Co. Ltd.
- 55. 125 2000 200 000
- M/s Boheri Tea Co. Ltd.
 M/s Borhat Tea Co. Ltd.
- 42. M/s British Tea Co. Ltd.
- 13. M/s Bargang Tea Co. Ltd.
- 44. M/s British Assam Tea Co. Ltd.
- 15. M/s Brac & Chingoor Tea Estates Ltd.
- 46. M/s Cachar & Dogars Tea Co. Ltd.
- 47. M/s Corramore Tea Co. Ltd.
- 48. M/s Chubwa Tea Co. Ltd.
- 49. M/s Doplahat Tea Co. Lid.
 - 50. Al's Doolie Ten Co. Ltd.
 - 51. M/s Dekhari Tea Co. Ltd.
- 51. M/s Eastern Assam Co. Ltd.
- . 53. M/s Ginijia Tea Co. Ltd.
- . 54; Mls Greenwood Tea Co. Ltd.
 - 55. M/s Halem Tea Co. Ltd."
 - 56. M/s Harmutty Ten Co. Ltd.



Vis Radulipara Tea Co Ltd Indian Currency

We Improme Tea Estates Ltd

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3774 SHRI PIUS TIRKEY Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to

state

(a) whether Indian currency grown stronger at present as compared to the countries with which India has

trade relations, and

(b) if so, whether Government propose to make Indian currency; further more stronger and if so the steps taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H M. PATEL): (a) and (b). Between 25th September, 1975 when the multi-currency basket was adopted and 18th November 7 1978 when the last adjustment in the Rupees-Sterling rate was made, the rupee has appreciated by 13.35 per cent against the Pound Sterling and 685 per cent against the US Dollar which are the two currencies in which our importance frace is mainly denominated.

In a World of Booting exchange rates, the exchange rate at any given time merely redects the position of the currency bix-a-bis other currencies and any upward or downward movement of the exchange rate has to be looked at in this regard larger peropective.

Restrictions on Serving Liquor in Hotels and Restaurants

3775. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is any proposal under consideration of Government to impose restrictions on serving liquor in all the Hotels and Restaurants of the country; and
- (b) if so, the broad outlines of the proposal?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVAITATION (SHER PURU-SHOTTAM KAUSHIKY; (s) and (s). The Government of India have also the country, in a period of four years, in phases. Necessary guidelines have been evolved to facilities the inter-outery of the problem. However, of prohibition is the responsibility of the State Government of the State Occupant of the S

'तोन स्ट्रस बेटोशंड'' (बीर्यक् के फ्रन्टर्मत प्रकशित समाधार

3776. थी रासकेशर सिंह : श्री विजय सुमार १व० गटिल :

स्या विश्व मली यह दक्षाने की कुण करेंदे कि:

3625 T.S-16

3776. थी सम्बदेशर सिंह:

(क) बचा उनका व्यान दिनांक 18 सवस्वर, 1978 के स्तिट्न में "फोब रूस उद्येशकंट" है बोर्चक के ब्यावनंत्र बनावित सरावार की छोर निवामा सबा है ; छोर

(व) यदि हा, दो का पर सरवार की का प्रतिक्या है ?

शिक्ष कोंग्रे (भी एक एक एटेन): (१) मिंद (भी) है, प्रस्तारों के वे लेने द्वारा क्षार्य के प्रस्ता क

नीसामी के साध्यम से स्वर्ग की विश्वी की तीति

3777- श्री प्रश्नातराम आपसवाद : नवर वित्त संती यह बवाने की कुश करेंबे कि :

(क) क्या व्य सच है कि बारतीय रिवर के के गर्कर ने मई, 1978 ते बश्तूबर, 1978 के दौरान धामधीर पर अपने विचार व्यक्त करते हुए बहुत था कि बीलाधी के माश्रम वे तीना करने की वीति सच्छा हुई है;

(६) यदि हो, तो इस नीति का पुनिवतीकत करने में तिह उनकी प्रम्थलता पर समिति मा नक्ष्म नित्र परिस्थितियों तथा फिल कारयों से निया स्था है; और

(ण) नया नीतानी के माध्यम हे सोने को दिलों को नीति की सम्बद्धा और साम्मदाता भी बोध के सिट रिवर्ध ने को भागने की प्रस्ताना में समिति निवृत्ता करने के नवाम प्रसिद्ध सर्थ-क्रांत्रिकों और बीक तथा में मान्यता प्राप्त प्रदेश पार्टी के प्रतिकिद्ध से युक्त निपन्त सीमित की निवृत्ति को नयाना प्रीप्त कमान्यती है ?

वित क्षेत्री (भी गुब० एम० वरेस): (क) प्रश्नेयात एनप्रेस की प्रकल रूप से दिये गये एक इन्टरक्यू में, विस्तृत क्योरा 16 सितस्वर, 1978 को प्रसावत हुमा या, भारतीय रिवर्स देव के महर्तर ने, यन बाता के ताम वास धोने की मीतारिया पा उत्तरेश करते हुए नहा या कि सिंदर के हात्र के माने मीता ताने की मीतारिया के माने मीतारिया की मीतारिया ना पहुंचा के मान करते हैं में मीतारिया ना पहुंचा के मान करते हैं में मीतारिया ना पहुंचा के मान करते हैं में कि प्रति के मान करते हैं में मितारिया ना करते हैं में मान करते हैं में मान करते हैं में मान करते हैं में मान करते मीतार कमान के मीता माने मीतारिया ने मीतारिया ने मीतारिया ने मीतारिया ने मीतारिया ना मीतारिया ने मीतारिया ना मीतारिया

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(य) धर्मी हात ही में हाते के सन्दर्शनीय स्वार में बीरतार केंग्रे मा पहा होते हैं, हात में बीमें के साजार की बड़ी महितार सिर्फ़िट के सारा धर्मे महितार की करते हुए तार नो देखते हुए सम्बार में बीमें मी घर्म में नी नीतारिया मी 26-10-78 में स्वितिक कर दिया ब्रोट स्वर्म मीति की धर्म बहुत्या के हमील मत्तर के मिल्ल मार्जिय दिवन के के करने की मार्ज्या

(क) हम समित वे बेशन यहा होने से हिसे स समित होरित उस तो है वहीं, सिंहत हस्तार की सम्बोरित को सी पहुन्ती के समित करने हैं प्रेमी हम तो हम हिस्स हिस वरन से एक हिसा स्वा है असित स सारक सामार है सीर सु एसेसा की असी है हि वह राम लिखा या निकासता से पीर एक सम्बाधित की है दिनार स्वेश को असी है प्रविद्य पर्याधिता तो भी परमार्थ कोनी और स्वी हमांशित होंगा रहते हमारे हिस्स हों प्राच्याधित हो भी परमार्थ कोनी और स्वी स्वाधित होंगा रहते हमारे हो उसने स्वी हमारित हमें हमारे स्वी स्वी हमारित हमें सीति हमें सीति हमारे सारक स्वा

इकानामिक तथा स्टेटिस्टिक्स इवेस्टोगेटर्स, ब्रेडा I सोनियर इनवंशटीगेटर्स

3715 थीं प्रवन्त राम बायसवाल क्या वाचित्रय तथा नागरिक पूर्ति घोर सहकारिता मन्नी यह बताने की हुमा करने कि

(क) क्या उनके नवासन में प्रतेक हरानामिक रूपा श्रीतीवराज दर्शवेदारीर है, येंद्र ! /बीतिवर दर्शवेदारीर है ! जिहारी 20 वर्ष नेवा तर रो है, मेरिन उन्हें यो प्रशित भारतीय तथा में मार्चन किया गया है भीर न हो 31 सन्द्रवर, 1878 वह कोई परीतांत्र को पहुँ है, (य) मिंद हों, तो ऐंगे रिनर्वाटीगेटरो की सक्या किउनी है किन्हाने 31 मक्तूबर, 1978 को स्वातार 5, 10, 15 तमा 20 वर्ष को सेवा परी कर को थी . और

(ग) उन्हें दिन्नी घणित भारतीय सेवा में वामिन न इन्ते प्रयत्ना उन्ते तारीच तक नियमित यदार्जित न देने के क्या कारण हूं घोर उनमें स्थान प्रतियोग की दूर करने के लिए मरवार क्या नार्यवारी कर रही है ?

वाचित्रव प्रयश्न भाषांस्क पूर्वित तथा सहकारिता मञ्जलय में राज्य मजी (श्री व्यक्तिक वेग) (क) जो नहीं ।

(ख) एक विश्रण सलाम है।

(व) आधिक्य, जार्थिक प्रति तथा यह-पर्धाणा असावत के केटिस्टिकन करिकेटिस्ट के श्री क्या सीवियर एन्डेस्टीस्ट के उस्ते भे भारतीय आध्यक्ति असा तथा भारतीय साहित नेता के के प्रति के दोगीयि है जिल सीवार दिना बाता है। वह स्त्रामां के स्त्रामार का तथाना अस्ति के प्रति के साहित के साहित के प्रति के साहित के साहित के साहित के प्रति के प्रति के साहित के स्त्रामा के के प्रति के प्रति के साहित के स्त्रामा के के प्रति के प्रति के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के किया करायों के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के किया का साहित के साहित करायों के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्रामा के स्त्राम के स्त्रामा के स्त्राम के स्त्रा

सीनियर इन्बेस्टोनेटर निर्योत सर्वान प्रधिकारी चैते बन्द उन्च पदो पर परोप्रति के सिए पात हैं।

<u>विवश्य</u>

दिवरण में वाहित्य, नार्वास्क यूर्ति तथा बहुबिराता मतावय में तथा प्रवह प्राप्तीत उन स्टिटिस्टिक इंद्रेसीशेट पेट 1 / मीनियर इंस्ट्रेसी गेटर की सब्दा दर्साई वर्ष है किन्द्रोंने 31 प्रसूत्र र, 1978 दक 5, 10, 15 धीर 20 वर्ष री नियमित सेता सूरी कर सी है

स्टैटिस्टिक्स दुवस्टीपेटर			
देट ३	3	3	। मुख्य नही
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10 वर्ष 15 वर्ष 20 वर्ष

5 वर्ष

Amount Farmarked for Development of Tourist Centres during Fifth Plan

3779. SHRI AHMAD M. PATEL: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION he pleased to state:

- (a) the amount earmarked for une development of tourists centres in the country for the Fifth Five Year Plan;
- (b) the amount actually scent during the plan period; and
- (c) the details of the Tourists Centre developed?

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURU. SHOTTAM KAUSHIK): (a) The total approved Plan putlay for the development of tourist cenist the country in Central Sector (viz. Department of Tourism and L.T.D.C.) for the Fifth Plan was Rs. 48.74 crores.

- (b) The amount actually spent during the Plan period i.e. 1974-78 was Rs. 25.82 crores-
 - (c) A statement is attached.

Statement

List of Tourism Schemes/Centres taken up for development in the Central Sector during 1974-78

- 1. Youth Hosfel at Hyderabad
- 2. Tourist Bungalow at Mantralays
- 3. Provision of launches at Nagarjunasagan
- 4. Flood lighting of Charminar at Hyderabad
 - 5. Tourist Bungalow at Warangal
 - Forest Lodge at Kazirganga
 - 7. Tourist Bungalow at Gauhate
 - 8. Acquisition of land at Bodhgaya 9. Youth Hostel at Gandhi Nagar
 - 10. Tourist Bungalow at Perbandar

 - 11. Forest Lodge at Sasangir

- 12. Youth Hostel at Panali
- 13. Vooth Hostel at Panchkula
- 14. Youth Hostel at Dalhouse
- 15. Tourist Bungalow at Dharamsala 16. Provision of Motor launches at
- 17. Development of Gulmarg Winter Sports
- 18. Youth Hostel at Patnitop

Govindsagar

- 19 Provision of 4 luxury coaches for plying on the Srinagar-Guimarg Road.
 - 28 Forest Lodge at Dandeli
 - 21. Youth Hostel at Trivandrum
- 22. Development of Kovatam Beach Resort
- 23, Aranya Nivas at Thekkady
- 24. Purchase of Cruise boat for periyar Wild Life Sanctuary.
 - 25 Vouth Hostel at Bhonal
- 26. Water Supply Schemes at Khaju. raho
- 27. Water Supply Scheme at Sancht
- 28. Youth Hostel at Aurangabad
- 29. Water Supply Scheme at Elephanla
- 36. Preliminary work on Yoga-cum-Massage Centre at Kovalam.
- 31. Water Supply Scheme and black topping of road at Eliora
 - 32. Water Supply scheme at Ajanta
- 33. Development of Borivli Safara Park
- 34. Mim Buses for Berivli Safatt Park
- 35. Yatri Niwas at Sevagram
- 36. Development of foot hills area of the Ajanta Cave.
 - 37. Youth Hostel at Puri
- 38 Motor launch at Chilka

- 39 Youth Hostel at American
- 40 Tourist Bungalow at Luchana
- 41 Forest Lodge at Bharatpur 42 Beautification of Haldighati
- 43. Tourist Bungalow at Rameshwa
- 44 Youth Hostel at Darjeeling
- 45 Expansion of Tourist Lodge at Darjeeling
- 46 Forest Lodge at Jaldapara
- 47 Development of Buddhist Centres of Srayasti and Kushmagar
 - 48 Master Plan of Fatchpur Sikr
 - 49 Tourist Bungalow at Jaisalmer
- 50 Expansion of the Dak Bungalow at Deeg
- 51 Beautification of the area around Goverdhangate and Bharatpur
- 52 Fibre boats at Bharafpur,
- 53 Conversion of Lahta Mahal Palace into a Hotel at Mysore
 - 54 Airport Hotel and Flight Kitchen, Calcut
- 55 Hotel at Varanası
- 56 Hotel at Paina
- 57 Expansion of Ashoka Hotel, New Delhi
- 58 Expansion of Qutab Hotel, New Delhi
- 59 Expansion of Ashoka Hotel Bangalore
- 60 Transport Unit at Bhubaneswar
- 61 Duty Free shops at Calcutta, Delhi, Bombay and Madras 62 Extension of Travellers Lodge at
- Bhuhaneswar
- 63 Hotel at Khapuraho
 - 64 Hotel at Jammu
- 65 Tample Bay Complex at Mahaba lipuram
- 66 Expansion of Hotel at Aurangabad

- 67 Prehminary work on Hotel at Agra
- 63 Reception Centre Cum Hotel ct
- 69 Additions/alterations of Janualti, Lodhi and Ranjeet Hotels at New Delhi
 - 70 Hotel at Kavalam

ग्रामीय ग्रीर नगरीय क्षत्रों में विषयता की दूर क्षरना

3780 का॰ रामनासिहं क्या दिल प्रसी यह बताने की मुपा वरेंगे कि

- (न) नगराय तथा द्यामाण शता में दिवास सदा कानून भ्रोर स्प्वस्था बनामे रखन पर द्वितनी ध्वराति यथ नी गृह तथा गृहा नी प्रति स्पादित प्राप्त क्या है तथा जनना मनुष्यन क्या है ,
- (अ) क्या बनजा मरनार ने बाकीण धीर नगरीय धाता के बीव विषमता ना हुए करन तथा सामीन धीर नगरीय दोता धाता में स्ट्रा सक्षा में एक समान हाना बनाते ने बारे में पार्टी के प्रोपकाशत में बानदा निया था,
- (ग) प्रवि हा ता इन सबध में मरकार में गत 20 महीतो में क्या कामबाटी की है तथा इसके टोझ मौकड क्या हैं, मौर
- (म) स्वा सरकार ने प्रामीण क्षेत्रा में ममब विद्याल के लिए नीई स्वापक योजना बनाई है और यदि हाँ, तो तत्वास्त्र भी स्वीरा क्या है?

- (ख) जनता पार्टी ने सपने पृपान घोषणा-पत में उत्ताब किया है कि उनको पार्टी नगर रामा मात्र नी बटनी हुई खनमानना को दूर करेकी।
- (ग) भीर (प) प्रामीण क्या ग्रह्मे क्षयों है राज्यात पर्वत्रावता का दूर करना प्रामीवना नव्यी गई मीति का त्रमुष उद्देश है। इस मीति के पनुसार, विकार प्रतिवादन वश्वव्यों सावात्रा, 1978-83 के त्राटव में किया बचा है, विवाहि उत्तरक, उद्दुष्ट कोरों, वृत्ति चूल, वृत्ति वाहुमें

सादि के साभवायक मत्यों जैसे जगातों के जरित वया साथ-साथ जिल लोगों में पास रोलोडाडी का काम न हो, उनके लिए इस वर्ष की अवधि है सहायक काम-धन्धों का विकास करके वाळील धीत में पूरी तरह से रोजगार उपलब्ध कराकर गामीण शेतों में उत्पादकता बढाने पर बोर दिवा मया है । उपयोगत उद्देश्यों को, क्षेत्र संबंधी विस्तत ग्रामोजना तैयार करके पूरा करने का प्रयास किया गया है, विसपे तिए विकास चवड इवाई क्षेत होगा । इस समय तक 2000 ऐसे सन्दों को महत्र एकीकत विकास के लिए चना गया है तथा हर वर्ष 300 खण्डों में सबन विकास का कार्य चरू किया जाएगा । ग्रामीच होतो के विकास के विष राज्य सरस्करों को महत्त्वपूर्ण प्रविका निमानी है तथा इस कार्यक्रम को सफलना के क्रिक सकता सहयोग प्राप्त कर लिया गया है । इस कार्यकर की सफलता से बामीबा तथा अपरी लेंग्रे की यसमानवा में कभी होना मनिज्ञित हो। जाएका ।

कर्षकुत नीडि सो पूर्व है तिल, वापने मार्गाला में वालिंद , नुरुद सामक्कार में मं मंग्रेण कर दिला रहा है जाता को सामक्वार में मंग्रेण कर दिला रहा है जाता को सामक्वार किया है। मार्ग्य नामक्वार मार्ग्य है। मार्ग्य नामक्वार मार्ग्य कर्षा है। मार्ग्य नामक्वार मार्ग्य कर्षा है। मार्ग्य नामक्वार मार्ग्य कर्ष है। मार्ग्य कर्ष है क्षा व्यवद्ध रेखा सामक्वार क्षा कर्षा है क्षा व्यवद्ध रेखा है। मार्ग्य कर

Construction of Dharamshalas by Government

3781, DR. RAMJI SINGH: Will the Minister of TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that ereres of people in the country have no house to live in;
- (b) whether construction of five star hotels in the country is commensurate with the principles to which Japata Government is committed;
- (a) whether pray reoply of the country will alford the accommodation

to Janata hotels in Delhi and if so, the changes thereoft and

- (d) the reasons why Government do not construct "Dharamshalas" instead of such hotels in which pour people may get shelter and the expenditure incurred thereon is also less?
- THE MINISTER OF TOURISM
 AND CIVIL AVIATION (SIRK
 PURUSHOTTAN KAUSHIK): (a) (d). The Five Year Fine programme
 give due priority to housing schemes
 for the economically weaker sections
 of the society. While the Government appreciates the demand for providing housing to such sections of the
 society, these cannot be linked with
 the facilities provide; or proposed to
 the done for tournist; each requirement
 has its allotted place in the National
 Flan and Boonomy.

The Five Year Plan 1978—32 ervisages the construction of Janath-visages the construction of Janath-visages the construction of Janath-visages and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and the Janath-visage and Janath-visage

The other centres where Janata hotels will be put up in the Central Sector will be determined after undertaking a survey and depending upon the availability of funds.

The Government has also taken steps to construct, satabilith, expand, maintain and permote existing and new dharamehalse/sania/mussfihames and other samilar institutions in the country, in order to enable persons belonging to middle, and low inceme groups to travel to places or Coligious and touries interest. Accordingly, registration of a society known as Bharatity a Vari Awas Vikas Saniti has been spensored by the Central Department of Tourism. The Society

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काट तेलों का प्राचान

1782. द्वा॰ सदमीनारायण पादव वाणिम्य तथा नागरिक पूर्ति और सहकारिका मधी यह बढाने की इपा करत कि

(क) रमाइस समय बात ततो को क्यो हो देवत हुए सरकार ना विभार इन तर्ना के शायान

ना जारी खल का है

- (फ) परिहां हो क्या श्राप्त न्यासर निवस र माध्यम से यांच बेंदों का प्राचान करता पावसक है और
- (ग) राज्य व्यापार निवम के माध्यम से पाव ततो ना निन्ती माता में भागत रिया मीर इस समय निजी पार्टियों क माध्यम से शिवनी माजा म इन क्सी का प्रायान किया जाना है ?

वाशिन्य तथा नागरिक पूर्वि और सहकारिता मतासम म राज्यभवी (घो हुध्य हुमार बोबल) (इ) भीर (छ) जो हो। सभी बात दना जो पहल यून भाव राग्समं क मतवन महबात किये मा रहेप का भाषात सब 2 दिशम्बर 1978 न भारतीय राज्य व्यापार नियम के माध्यम ने श्यिम जाना है।

(ग) वितीय क्य 1937-78 स्रीर 1978-79 के दौरान गाम वासार निसम और निमी व्यापियों इस्त धारात की गई माता नीच दो 暖き ---

(मीडरो टर्नो में)

निम्न द्वारा श्रापान	1977-78	1978-79
स व व्यापार निवय	5 67 752	3,39 694
निबी व्यापार (बम्बई बल्दनाह थे)	5 61 925 {23	3 38,448 11 783 6)

विष्ट दक्ष में प्राप्त अट्च पर दय अवाज ३७४३ **सः** लक्ष्मीनारायत संस्य दश विस यदी यह बतान की हमा करन कि

- (ह) विविध राज्या के लिए की पह बोजनाओं क जिल्ला किया कर से प्राप्त होते बाल आहमा को जिल्ली प्रतिकारक भारत सरकार प्राप्ते पास रखने
- (क्ष) इन ख्यां पर दिसं दर ने स्थान दिया जाता है . भीर
- (ग) इन्द्रीय शरकार द्वारा किंग्र दर पर क्यात्र विका जाना है है
 - वित्त मती (थी एवं एमं परस) धनरांद्रीय पुत्रनिर्माण धीर दिशाप वह के प्राप्तार से उद्यार घीर धलर्राष्ट्रीय विशास सम से ऋष भारत सरकार को प्राप्त होत हैं । उन्हें भागनो रू क्वीद पुत म शामिल नर दिया जाता है धीर वे मन्त्री प्रयक्ताच्या के निष् उपनन्ध भी है।

विष्व वह समह से महायता प्राप्त राज्य धद को परियोजनाएं संबंधिन राज्य मरकावा का वापिक मायाजवाको का मा होती है ग्रीर एसा परियोजनामा के निए बजट व्यवस्था प्रश्यक राज्य गरनार हारा भवती मपता वाधिक मायाजनामो म नो जाता है। राज्य गरनाश को उपसना गणम परिवादनाए दवार करने मीर उन्हें तेत्री ध निप्तादित करन में जा नाहन दन क विधार से भारत सरकार त रच 1978-78 के लिए एसी परिवादनाथा पर विषय बड द्वारा सर्विहास महाबना के 70 प्रतियत तक राशि राज्यों की मायोजनामां के लिए मतिरितन के द्वीय महायना के रूप में देन का निषम किया का । पहने दी बार वालो 25 प्रतिप्रत को प्रशिक्तम प्रतिरिक्त कत्रीय सहायका वा तुमना म यह राजि बहुउ पणिक है।

- (स) धन्तर्राष्टीय पुत्रविर्माण भीर विकास वर इत्य तिए जाने वाले ध्याज की दर हर तिबाही निर्धारित को बाती है। पहली मस्टूबर 1978 को बुक होने वाकी विमानी के लिए स्थात की दर 1 35 प्रतिगत है। मन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विकास सथ से आप्त होने बाल ऋगा पर कोई स्पाद नहां लगता लक्षित । प्रतितत वास्थित के अं 4 मा दर में सेवा प्रभार समक्त है।
- (म) काबीय सरकार द्वारा सबूर किए जान बाने कृषो परकाद को दर केंद्रीय सरकार द्वारा विनित्र सोतों से निए अने वान ऋषों की हुन नापन

भी दिवास में देंगे हैं जार निर्धाणिय की जाते हैं। एक्स स्वापों की एक्स के मी दिवास हैं। पार 3, 1/2 तीमका सामित के दिर पर स्वाप्त कुछ किया जाते हैं भी भी मान पर स्वाप्ती क्षास्त्री भी पूर्व में 1/4 भी मान पर स्वाप्ती के हैं कि दिवासी पर है भी भी मान प्रति के स्वाप्ती है कहा दिवासी पर है भी भी मान प्रति के साम मान स्वाप्ती साम की प्रति के स्वाप्ती है मान स्वाप्ती की मान की पर किस्मी है साम के स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती साम की साम किया के स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती स्वाप्ती आस्त्रीकार के स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती स्वाप्ती की साम के स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती स्वाप्ती की साम दिवासी की स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती की स्वाप्ती स्वाप्ती की साम की स्वाप्ती की

Treatment of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan in India

S.N.Q. 1. PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) whether he has received many requests for making early arrangement for medical treatment of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, who was popularly known as 'Frontier Gandhi';
- (b) whether the 'Frontier Gandhi' himself expressed his desire;
- (c) if so, whether he has received any communication either from the friendly Government of Afghanistan regarding his expressed willingness for rendering medical aid to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan;
 - (d) if so, facts thereabout; and
- (e) whether Government will make renewed effort for giving early medical aid to Badshah Khan as desired by him?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFARRS (SHRI ATAL BHARR VAJ-PAYEE): (a) to (e). I have received letters expressing concern over the health of Khan Abdul Gaffur Khan and regarding provision of adequate medical facilities to him.

It has been conveyed to him that Government of India is prepared to send Indian doctors to examine and treat him or, if agreeable to him, to provide him necessary treatment in India. The Government of Afghanistan have also been informed about our willingness to provide him with medical treatment. If Badshah Khan decided to come to India, Government would welcome him and provide him all possible facilities for treatment.

12 brs

RE ALLEGED DELAY IN GIVING MEDICAL AID TO LATE SHRI SURYA NARAIN SINGH M.P.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: If the hon. Members speak one by one, then I can hear

भी सार बारब (बजाइंद) : करफा स्मीस्टर क्षेत्र कर भी की नारकल मिंह, निकास भी 3 की हर्ट पोठ हुंसा ! किस हारदर है इससे बारेज दिना, उससे बाहेज कि तमि हारदर है इससे बाहेज हैंसा हुए करने की हैं 4 की तिस्तरहर प्रसादत है शेलाई की हैं। बाहे की तिस्तरहर उससे की इससे हैं इससे हैं इससे की हैं सहस्य आता है हुई स्वित्तरहर है उससे बाहे कहा है। किस 1 सार्ट 7 की उससे एक नार्द में मेर, दर वक्ष

कामन महैका, मेरा मून मूना है ति है हैन्दरहरों में सामने में बात कहा गोता जा एवं बात में हैं। इस है जातिन प्रधान नेतिय दिने पूर्व हैं, उसके बारे में बाताने स्तामन मेरी हैं बात में में हैं कि कहा महिले मा, या पूर्व का महिले नेतिय हत मानते में में विभिन्न केर्र पर पड़ा टिम्मेशरी ने महा है हैं भी सायन किह भी मृत्य हिलें जोनी ने हरें हैं। यो सहस्य रही मैं, उन्होंने पर वहा नि मार-हरता हैं में पहुर्ण हमाने महा है की

में एक बाद भज़्यत महोदय, और कहता चाहजा हूं कि इस तोड़-मवा में जब ने साप मानवा हूँ, तब से लोड़-मजा के संगद-सदस्यों के प्रति मानवा बहुत डपेक्षा का रहेगाहै। (म्यूनप्राप्त)

ME. SPEAKER: When I went yesterday to the house of the deceased person, complaints were made to me about serious inpers on the part of the the declor who is attached to the South Avenue as well as the declors in Dr. Rem Manchat Lobin Hospital. I have select them to give the facts because I want to request the Prime Minister to direct an inquiry into the matter. The changes, complaints, given to us are very serious natites. I am request, ing the Prime Minister, after getting the Ia is and passing them on to him to direct an immediate inquiry into the matter because the facts brought to my notice are of a very character Therefore it is a matter for inquiry it is not a matter of

privilege or of any such thing
SHRI MADHU LIMAYE (Banka)
They have given a calling attention

MR SPEAKER It is not a matter for call-attention it is a matter for immediate inquiry

SHRI MADHU LIMAYE Let us have a statement from the Health Munister

AN HON MEMBER There is no Health Minister (Interruptions)

SHRI MADHU LIMAYE How does he say that there is no Health Minis ter? Technically he is handling it

MR SPEAKER I am requesting the Prime Minister to hold an immediate inquiry into the matter Therefore calling attention or any other discussion can be after the inquiry report reaches us (Interruptions)

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH (Nandyal) Mr Soeaker Sir it is a serious thing When you went to the hon Member's house they made serious allegations. (Interruptions)

SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN (Scem) Hos the report been seized or not? It was an indication that the report had been altered. Therefore we requested that the report be seized alonce. Has that been seized or not?

MR SPEAKER Mr Jain, did you more promise me to give the material immediately yesterday itself? I have not got it If I had got it I would have pased it on to the Prime Minister SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA JAIN

I have written a letter to you

MR SPEARED --

MR SPEAKER I have not yet re

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH
There is a lapse on the part of the
Government They should have come
up with a statement before the House
when the Speaker has asked them

MR. SPEAKER I have not asked I have asked them to collect the facts and give them to me

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH That is true I agree with what you say At least in order to remove the muspprehensions from the munds of the hon Members, on their own accord, they should have made a statement on the floor of the House This is a scrious lapse on the part of the Government.

SHRI C M STEPHEN (Idukka) is it a matter which has not to be channelised only through you? I am and asking them. This is a matter concerning a Parliament Member Of course the Prime Minister also must have cone to his house - you went to his house. You got the matter You shought that there must be an inquiry into this matter Now I am yery sure that complaints about this must have cone to the Prime Minister by now It is not as if he is not aware of these complaints. Unless there is a direction from you is it that the Prime Minister will not tell us something about it? Is it not his duty to come and tell us

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH That is what I say

SHRI C M STEPHEN that there are these complaints and this is what has happened. But he is remaining like a Sphinx who does not hear anything see anything and he does not seem to be bothered about anything Is he to wait until a directive come from you? I ask the Prime There are complaints and very senrus complaints placed before the House and to the Speaker and presumacity also to the Prime Minister and he must have made some inqui ries about it Why cannot he give us a statement as to what has really happened? And if he has not made an inquiry as such what is the explana tion for not having made an inquiry? This is a direct question the House is entitled to put to the Prime Minuster who is in charge of the Health Ministry Therefore this is not necessarily a matter which should he channelised through you. I am directly putting the question to the Prime Minister to come out with a statement as to how is it that a member of the House has' died as a result of negligence presumably at the hands of an employee under your administration.

We want an explanation from you.

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI "ORARJI DESAI): As Member after Member got up and spoke. I could not intervenc and say anything. I do not know why the Leader of the Opposition tries to attack me on a matter like this. I cannot understand it.... (Interruptions) That is what you are doing. That is how you are doing. What else is being done is something about which I am not saying anything, If I am sitting like a Sphinx, what am I to do? I am not getting excited by what he says and I will never get excited by what he says or by what anybody says. Then I cannot do my work

I had got some complaints, Then I inquired from my colleague who is not here, Shri Jagadambi Prasad Yadav. He has gone to Manipur. He gave me a report yesterday evening about it. In that he gave a different version from that of the doctor. am, therefore, now making further inquiries to find out the real truth in the matter. Then I dan say definitely what my view is or what the finding is. I cannot say just now because there are two conflicting versions

BAHADUR SHRI HARIKESH (Gorakhpur): There should be a judicial inquiry into this matter.

धी राजनारायण (रायवरेली) : श्रीम. मझे तीन सात कहनी हैं। पह ी बात यह है कि तीन बजे भोर में गरखों वह बंदने कमरे में बीमार पड़े तो जो साउब एकेच् का डाक्टर है वह उनकी क्याने गुपा । उस ने कहा कि इन को सीविषर हार्ट शर्टक हैं। उस पर यह राम मनोहर लेहिया धराताल, एमजैसी वार्ध में से ऋष वर । एमजसी शार्व में मानुवी सी कात समझ में धानी नातिए कि गया वह बरांडा में रखे गए मा उन को कोई हम विया गया ? यहा जाने के बाद को हाट ते सम्बन्धित दावटर है बढ़ किसनी देर बाद देखने आया । हमारी जानकारी यह है कि वो अवटर हार्ट की देखता है वह उन को देखने बहुन देर बाद सात गाहै-सात वजे शामा ।

दीन वजे वे गए और सात, साढे सात बजे बानदर बाया इस तरह से साढ़े चार घंटे हो घए । माप समझ सीजिए कि यह विकास वैश्लीकेंग्र बाफ द्युटी है । इसमें नुडोश्चयल ईक्वायरी की जरूरत नहीं है। स्वास्थ्य ग्रंती को या दूसरे को भेजने की जरूरत नहीं है ; जितनी ही इसमें बेर होगी वह ठीक नहीं है बचोचि अस्पताली की डाबत की जानकारी हम सभी को है पि पहां पर किस तरह से मैनिपलेशन होता है । वहां एटमीक्षन का समय बदल दिया जायेगा, डानटर कद पहुंचा जसका समय बदल दिवा जागेगा. पहले किसमें देखा उसको भी वदन दिया भागोगा। अ० राम मनोहर लोहिया का प्रापरेशन किसने किया यह बाज तक इंक्शवरी कभीवन ने सिख नहीं किया कि विसन्ने किया । यह है अस्पतानों की स्थिति इसपिए यह बक्त सीरवस मामखा है कि एक मेम्बर इस तरह से धर गया। ग्राम स्वास्थ्य मंत्री को अपरेनिटव दोर्गिए कि इसकी रियोर्ट कल सदस में आये या आज शाम तक ही याजाये।

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थी स्थास नन्दन मिश्र (बेगसराव) : इसमें व्यादा जांच करने की जरूरत नहीं है : पटना बढी है, बाज शाम पांच बजे सक रिपोर्ट ग्रा जाये । इनमें देर नवीं होनी चाहिए ? रि कि षाद ही बानी चाहिए ।

(Contai): PROF. SAMAR GUHA All the concerned papers should be seizea immediately.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkil): Already they have manipulated everything.

भ्रो राज नारायण : इसमें दो चीजें हैं। अब साउथ एकेन्यु का जानदर पा गया कि हार्ट षटक सीवियर है तो एम्बुलेंस में चनकी मधी नहीं के जागा गया ?

भी श्याम नन्दन मिथ ; उसने सायद गाइल्ड शार्ट भारीप पढ़ा ।

श्री राज नारायण : इतमें सात्रय एवेन्य के शनटर भी बाते हैं और डा∘ राम मतोहर लोहिया श्रस्पताल के डाक्टर की याते हैं।

MR, SPEAKER: That you have mentioned.

(Tumkur); SHRI K. LAKKAPPA There is another complaint ... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Ravi.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVE What I am submitting is that Mr. Raj Narain has made a very relevant point. The hon. Prime Minister has promised rightly that he would look into the matter, But, Sir, he can only go [Shri Vayalar Rayi]

through the records of the doctors who made them. They can easily manipulate. The Health Minister himself knows how they can be manipulated My point is this Our firend, our colleague, who died and his family have no animosity. They have given the facts before the House It is a fact that the Members of Parliament do not get their treatment in time. That is the point (Interruptions).

MR SPEAKER, I am quite sure that the Prime Minister takes the matter very seriously

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA Another point is this I was staying in 154 South Avenue You will be surprised to learn that the food supplied there in South Avenue Canteen is not good (Interruptons)

MR SPEAKER One by one please

SHRI K LAKKAPPA I am gwing you another point. Let the hon Prime Minuster know it. The South Avenue Canner for the last so many years has supplied bad food. The Person who takes the food immediately gets a discase. There was a complaint I have received a number of complaints regarding the South Avenue Canteen that the concerned member took the food and had vomitted. He should make an enquiry into that late

MR. SPEAKER This is a very se-

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH There is a calling attention with recard to the killings of harijans in Bihar successively yesterday and day before yesterday

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI There is an adjournment motion

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH
There y my calling attention. This is
a very scrious matter We have
brought it to your notice through the
calling attention. My friend has given

an adjournment motion. I would like to know what has happened to them? (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I know Mr Ravi has given an edjournment middle. Others have given calling attention I have celled for an immediate report from the Minister Uptill now we were acting on the press reports. The report has just how come I have not been able to study it because the report has just how come The matter will be given its innortance. This is a very sensor matter. I have just now got the report I am looking into the matter.

RE QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mormugao) Mr Speaker, Sir, I have given this morning a notice of breach of privilege against the Prime Minister and office bearers of Janata Parliamenatry Party for procuring a deciton on party basis in the case of Mrs Indira Gandhi and for leading the Prime Minister to amend his motion before the House accordingly The Prime Minister is reported to have said that my personal opin on will not count I will subordinate my personal opinion in the case of punishment against Mrs Indira Gandhi and others to the up'nion of the party Now, I say that this is a matter of serious breach of privilege because a party decision cannot be procured and, there fore I have moved and given you notice of breach of privilege against the Prime Minister and against the office bearers of Janata Parliamentary Party who are trying to make this thing a political fight which is completely destroying the very law of privileges (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Your notice came to me at 1054 am I have immediately asked for SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola): Sir, I am also rising under Rule 334 (A) on this very matter. The rule says:

"A notice shall not be given publicity by any member or other person until it has been admitted by the Speaker and circulated to members:"

And see Rule 334(2). I quote:

"A notice or other paper shall be deemed to have been made available for the use of every member is a copy thereof is deposited in such manner and in such place as the Speaker may, from time to time, direct."

Now, Sin, this substitute notice came to us in today's morning dak. Yesterday's evening papers and today's carried the headline news of that substitute motion. Now, this is a direct breach of Rule 334A that the publicity has been given in advance and this is a breach of privilege. I request you to take note of this and take appropriate action.

MR. SPEAKER: If you have you give me in writing so that I may call for ... (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: I am giring this notice and will give in writting.

SHRI MANORANIAN BHAKTA (Andaman and Nicobar Islands): Sir I have given notice of an adjournment motion to you about recent heppenings in the Union territory of Andaman and Nicobar Islands. There the poor villagers and refugees who have sattled down near the dense forests the hostile Jarry titbals from the dense forests enter the villages and kill the villagers. This is an important matter.

MR. SPEAKER: If you are making a statement now their your statement under Rule 277 is not necessary. So, if you want to make a statement now on this subject then I will not allow you to make mention of it under Rule 377.

भी पुराज (बंदारा) । प्रमाप महोगा, प्रिया ने बहुरीको जाय है 222 स्वार्थ में प्रीय ने 360 सार्थ में प्राप्त के 150 है है कि में हैं। में प्राप्त करना पहुंदर है कि इस स्वक्रम है। में प्राप्त करना पहुंदर है कि इस स्वक्रम है है। में प्राप्त करना पहुंदर है कि इस स्वक्रम है हैं प्राप्त करील हमान के हमें प्राप्त कर कर के स्वक्रम है में प्राप्त की हमें प्रमुख्य है कि इस उप्यु के प्रस्ता में स्वक्रम स्वर्थ में मान की प्रमु कि स्वक्रम में मान स्वव्य के के में मान की स्वव्य है में प्रमुख्य हमान के स्वर्थ में मान की स्वव्य है पर प्राप्त की स्वव्य साथ है भी प्रमु स्वय है कर तर्वाई के प्रयु साथ है थे भी प्रमु स्वय है कर तर्वाई के प्रयु साथ है थे भी प्रमु स्वय है है से इस साथ है है से साथ साथ है से

की हुक्स देव नारायण यादव (मध्यती) : बाद इस पर काल अटेशत अंदुर न केविश्या तो क्या कीविश्या ? वहा शिकड़ा सादमी मर गये हैं।

MR. SPEAKER: He is raising the same subject. Shri A. K. Ros.

SHRI A. K. ROY (Dhanbad): Sir, Dhanbad is in my constituency. Last time I went there to enquire into the incidents there. Mr. Speaker, Sir, you will be sorry to know that a horrible situation has been created there. There is nobody to receive the dead hodies and various post mortem reports. Heaps of dead bodies were there; they were rotting there. I enquired from the Superintendent of Police about the cause of these things. He answered me that the Adiministration has not yet been able to find out what is the cause of all these poisoning cases. Mr. Speaker, Sir, I tell you that in Dhanbad this type of illegal distillation has become one of the major cottage industries there, under the tacit approval and encouragement of the local administration. Sir, you must have seen newspaper reports that 250 to 273 persons have died. My information is this. This number is small. The actual number has gone much heyond 500. Sir, more than 500 people are still there in the different hospitals. Sir, through you, I appeal to the Prime Minister. The Prime Minister is there. The Prime Minister is one of the strong advocates of prohibition. You would be surprised to IShri A. K. Royl

know that all the Adayasa organisa t one and Harrian organisations there have demanded complete prohibition In Dhanbad area where nearly 50 per cent of the population consists of adi vasis and harmans.

MR SPEAKER It is a major policy

SHRIA K. ROY I would like to mention thus I wrote to you I have also given a Calling Attention Notice on that but you have no time. The Prime Minister is there Through you I would like to aspeal to him It is a very serious thing He has beer a great advocate of prohibition I de mand that unmediately a team of good doctors should be sent from Delhi to that place and to all those places I say good ductors not like those duc tors who treated our colleague but different type of doctors I say ex perts must go who will analyse and investigate who will go into the causes of poisonous deaths. Simply saying that it is due to methylated spi it and so on is not enough

MR. SPEAKER I have understood the point. You have mentioned the point

SHRI A K. ROY Will you kindly allow me? I do not want 500 people to die in my constituency

MR SPEAKER For that you need not speak for five hundred manuies

SHRIA A ROY I say that a team of doctors must be sent from Delhi They should go into the causes of these poisonous deaths and give ne cessary treatment to these patients in the different hospitals. Also a dele gation of MPs, must go there to in vestigate n to the matter and a repo t must come We must get an answer from the Prime Minister

MR SPEAKER You have mention e i that

SHELL K ROY We demand

HR SPEAKER You have mention

ed your point

SHRIAK ROY I demand this We demanded in a meeting held only lo days back I tell you it is a reve jat on to you The great adivasi leader was there The harman leaders were also there They say

MR SPEAKER. Mr Roy you are mak ng a specch You have made your point all right

SHRIAK ROY I demand that the entire Dhanban area must declared a Dry Area

MR SPEAKER You don't the point of himitation

SHRIA K ROY We should not allow people to die their in this man

MR SPEAKER Please understand the Constitutional limitation It is not you but somebody else who has to declare

(Interruptions)

SHRI A. K. ROY It is not a small thing Never before in India in one di trict so many people died because (Interruptions) of this

MR SPEAKER You have been re peating this for the last fifteen minutes

SHRI A. K. ROY You will not allow a calling attention you will not allow a discussion on this and no Munister will say anything. They will sit there deaf and dumb. What shall we do? It is not a deaf and dumb school

PROF P G MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar) Sir I wish to add to what my friends Shri Falcire and Shri Sathe have said a little while ago Shri Sathe has quoted Rule 334A and I do not want to repeat that point, and Shri Falciro has already given you a notice for privilege. My point is as you will recall in the last session advance publicity was given to cortain notices and at that point of time the Lok Sabha Secretarint had issued

a bulletin to all of us saying that advance notices must not be given to the press and we were reminded of this again at the beginning of this session. I want to know, whether a motion comes from the Government side or from Private Members. should it be given a separate discriminatory treatment if it is a Government motion? This is all the more so. when the subject is more important. Moreover, you are telling us that we should write to you. What is the point in writing? The Secretariat be able to take action themselves suo motu in this matter. Let not Members write to them. Apart from that, when you allowed Shri Faleiro and Shri Sathe to speak, it is as good as writing by them. I hope, you will kindly look into this and see that such serious lapses do not take place in future.

MR. SPEAKER: It is not a lapse of my Secretariat; I can assure you of that. The notice given by the Prime Minister was kept by me and nobody else had any access to it.

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: How did it leak out to the press?

MR SPEAKER: If there is any leakage, it is from other sources and not my Secretariat; I can assure you about that. So for as my Secretariat is concerned, the only two persons who knew about it were Secretary and myself and nobody else.

SHRI K. A. RAJAN (Trichur): Mr. Speaker, Sir, through you, I would like to call the attention of the Minister of Energy to the serious situation in Uttar Pradesh arising out of one lakh power workers strike. The power generation there has been paralysed... (Interruptions)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: My submission is that I have not seen in any of the newspapers the exact text of the amendment published. It may well be that while drafting an amendment I am also consulting number of friends about. If, therefore, something about the substance of the amendment gets into the press, for that the responsibility cannot be foisted on any person. In no paper, I have seen the text of the amendment published. So, there can be no objection to it.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I have given a notice under Rule 222 of my intention to move a motion ior breach of privilege against Prime Minister, Cabinet Secretary, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Mr. Justice Y, V. Chandrachud Justice P. N. Bhagwati, Mr. Justice V. R. Krishna Iyer, Mr. Justice R. S. Sarkaria, Mr. Justice N. L. Untwalia Mr. Justice Murtaza Fazl Ali, Mr. Justice P. N. Singhal, Attorney-General of India, Shri S. V. Gupte and Shri Ram Jethmalani, M.P.

Under Rule 65 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business L:k Sabha.....

MR. SPEAKER: This question was raised by Shri Stephen on an earlier date. I had given an elaborate order in that matter. Under the Constitution, a reference to the Supreme Court can be made by the President at any time. When the reference is made, it is upto the Supreme Court to give an advice or not to give an advice and the advice given by the Supreme Court is purely advisory and it is not binding on this House and it is not binding on the courts also. It is merely an advice tendered. This has been ruled earlier by the Supreme Court itself.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Article 143 cannot contain the rights of this House,

MR. SPEAKER: I have already given a ruling.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: There is not a single precedent on this. You hear us. (Interruptions).

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: This is not the case which the hon, Leader of the Opposition had raised; but this is a case where Bill No. 155 of 1978, of Mr. Jethmalani who is a Member of Parliament, is pending for discus[Shr: K Lakkappa]

sion and the hon. House has to discuss and take a decision, including the constitutional propriety of the measure and other things. Rules of and 67 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business clearly provide (Interruptions)

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI I am on a point of order, about Mr Lakkappa's motion itself. It is that the decision of the Supreme Court has been the subject of privilege.

MR SPEAKER The conduct of the judges cannot be the subject matter of discussion

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI The Supreme Court has matter according to a reference by the President of India The action of the President of India wa, to refer this matter to the Supreme Court My point is simple can the action of the Fresident of India be the subject of a question of privileges (Inferruthora)

SHRI VASANT SATHE It is not an action by the President of India

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI Can the action by the President be an issue of privilege?

MR. SPEAKER Mr Lakkappa, please hear me The conduct of the judges of the Supreme Court or the High Court cannot be discussed in the House excepting by a motion for impeachment

SHRI VASANT SATHE It is not a question of censure

MR. SPEAKER No To say that they should not have considered it and it is judicially wrong

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA With all respect to judiciary (Interruptions).

MR SPEAKER No I cannot allow that discussion Mr Ravi, your point of order requires detailed examination

SHRI VASANT SATHE It is only

MR. SPEAKER I am deciding only the other thing I have not decided that point Anything said further on this is not to be recorded I am not allowing any further discussion.

SE 9

(Interruptions) **

MR. SPEAKER Under the Constitution I cannot allow Don't record. (Interruptions) **

MR SPEAKER Don't record.

(Interruptions) **

SHRI VASANT SATHE You re

MR SPEAKER If there is an impeachment, we will consider that.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusara) May I rise on a point of order?

MR SPEAKER I have disallow-

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA-You have disallowed.

MR SPEAKERS I have disallowed 15

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA
I am on a point of order If any
judge, whether in the Supreme Court
or anywhere, casts a reflection on the
proceedings of the House, then
would the House be entitled to bring
up a motion of breach of prixwlege?

SHRI K LAKKAPPA That is exactly my point

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA
I am concretizing the case further.
If any judge casts an aspersion on
me as a Member of Parliament, am
I entitled to bring up a motion?

MR, SPEAKER: That is an academic thing. It has not arisen. When the question arises, we will decide it.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Since you have given a blanket ruling...

MR SPEAKER: No blanket ruling. I am only giving a ruling on motion. Nothing more than that

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: How is it? In this case, you will kindly remember that I had brought up this matter to your notice earlier; and on that occasion, you were pleased to say that you would go into it after I submitted the matter to you. That I have not been able to do-I confess. But the point is that this matter will have to be gong into by the Chair if any Bill got held up, a private Bill got held up because a reference is made to any court for an advisory opinion. Now, it is my privilege to give notice of a Bill for the consideration of the House; and it is the House's privilege to discuss that Bill. No extraneous authority can be allowed to come in between my Bill and its consideration by the House, It is now a very difficult and delicate matter, Government had referred the matter to the Supreme Court. Who is responsible for delaying consideration of the Bill? That is a matter which will have to be gone into by the Chair. But if the President has done it, the President cannot be discussed in the House, but the executive government which had been responsible for advising the President to refer the Bill for an advisory opinion of the Supreme Court can be hauled up in this House for that matter. It is a very important matter into which the Chair must go and then give a ruling in this House.

MR. SPEAKER: The question raised by Mr. Lakkappa is not as large,...

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I am not giving a ruling on Shri Mishra's point of order. The question raised by Mr. Lakkappa is not as large as the one raised by Mr. Mishra. Therefore there is no need to go into that matter at the present stage.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: I had raised this matter earlier for a ruling from the Chair.

MR. SPEAKER: Not in the abstract. Only when there is a question any decision is taken.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: The Bill of the hon, Member was nending before the House.

MR. SPEAKER: The Supreme

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: That Bill has not come up for consideration for quite a few months. It is our charge that it was referred to the Court for an advisory opinion.

MR. SPEAKER: The Supreme Court has not stayed the proceedings at all.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Who bas?

MR SPEAKER: You can find out. SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: Somebody must be held responsible.

MR. SPEAKER: You find out who he is,

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA: No court can give an opinion on my Bill.

SHRI K LAKKAPPA: My respectful submission is that I do not want to drag in the judges of the Supreme Court, Rules 69 and 67 of the Rules of Procedure clearly previde, in effect, that once a Bill is persing before the House, another Bill which is wholly or partly dependent on or is identical with it cannot be ordinarily taken up or even introduced as matter of courts during the pendency of the first Bill. Mr. Jelimalani has introduced the Bill No. 115 of 1978. He has called

Savs

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(Shri K. Lakkappa) it the Emergency Courts Bill 1978 A copy of the Bill is here and in the Statement of objects and Reasons he

The establishment of special courts to try special classes of offences has been resorted to by the legislatures in this country and the validity of these laws has been upheld by the highest court Even the Law Commission has recently recommended

An identical Bill has been quoted in the Sunreme Court when the reference was made by the President of India under article 143 and it is on the records of the Supreme Court From 19th September 1978 the hearing of the reference commenced before the Supreme Court The statement was made by the Attorney General of India and the Solicitor General of India that the Govern ment of India has dec ded to support the hon Member's Bill No 115 of 1978 after considering the Supreme Court opinion on the que tion referred to The reference was to another Bill which was identical to the Bill of Shri Jethmalani a Member of this House who has also appeared in that case It is all on record. It has been stated before the Supreme Court that the advise tendered by the Supreme Court will be reflected in the Bill before the Government supports it These statements are all recorded by the Supreme Court. The decision purported to have been taken by the Union Cabinet on 31 7-1979 regarding the reference to be made to the Supreme Court by President seeking advisory opinion in respect of the Bill in question and the hearing by the concerned Judges including the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Reference by the Pres dent clearly constitute a reach of privilege of the Lok Sabha. Because taking cognizance of the question of validity of the concerned Bill conducting t occedings in this regard, adjudito ing the issue and giving a final opin on on the matter constitute a direct interference in the right of this hon. House and the Members thereof to discuss freely the entire Bill including its constitutional vairdits In fact the Supreme Court has by its above said actions areempted and prevented this hon. House from discharging its legitimate functions The Supreme Court has preempted what we are going to say on this important Bill which is nending regarding special county Therefore it definitely violates the privileges of this House The Government has interfered with the pri vileges of this House to discuss that identical Bill Before that idenual Bill could be discussed by the House and before the House could come to a conclusion it has been preempted by the Supreme Court It is a reflection on the domain of the supremacy of Parliament to discuss the Bill. It violates rules 60 and 67 of the Rules of Procedure of the House and it is also a breach of privilege of this House

To consolidate my position. would like to submit that the prvileges powers and immunity of the Legislature have long since been recognised in India The absoluteright of the House of the People to debate without outside interference or influence has been recognised in a recent case relating to privilege in India In 1965 the Supreme Court traced the history of this privileges as being based on Section 1. Article 9 of the Bill of Rights 1688 as under

It would be relevant at this stage to mention broadly the main privileges which are claimed by the House of Commons Freedom of speech is a privilege essential to every free council or legislature and that is claimed by both the Houses as a basic privilege. This privilege received final statutory recognition after the Revolution of 1968

MR SPEAKER Should we go back so long?

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Amongst
the other privileges are the right to
exclusive cognizance of proceedings
in Parliament, the right of each
House to be the sole judge of the
auxilhues, of its own proceedings.
At page 468 of the Report, the
Supreme Court in terms recognized
the following May's Parliamentary
Practice

MR SPEAKER: I have gone through them.

SHRIK LAKKAPPA: 1 quote:

"The control of each House over its internal proceedings is absolute and cannot be interferred with by the courts..."

On the puestion of parliamentary privileges vis-a-vis a pending matter before it in between the two cases referred to above namely, one that of the Federal Court and another that of the Supreme Court-AIR 1951 All 228-there have been quite a few cases in India where pending matters were sought to be brought before the court by parties. Uniformly the court declined jurisdiction on the ground that legislative process in the legislature was not complete and therefore the court had no jurisdiction. Some of these cases have been marginally noted in the note appended to my notice.

MR. SPEAKER: I have understood your point,

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: The sovereignty of the legislature vouchsafed by articles 194, 208 and 212...

MR. SPEAKER: I have carefully

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: So far in India ten references have been made to the Federal Court and Suprame Court by the Governor General and the President (excluding, of course, a reference made in 1978 to the Suprame Court) but never was a Bill pending before the House of legislature and of which it was seized was lifted from the legislative forum and referred to the court.

MR SPEAKER: I have understood your point. No further explanation is necessary.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: This is a very vital issue. I request you to kindly see that this matter is referred to the Privileges Committee. It is worth studying. Mr. Speaker, being very judicious you must see that this point raised by us is not lost sight of. Therefore, I would request that it should be referred to the Privileges Committee.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Under rule 352 you were pleased to observe, when Shri Shyammadan Misbra was pointing out to you, that no reference can be made either to the President.

MR. SPEAKER: I did not say that at all. Why not consult the record?

SHRI VASANT SATHE: What did you say?

MR. SPEAKER: I merely said that that question requires examination; the question whether the President can be referred to, that question requires examination.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: I am pointing out that you said that we cannot discuss...

MR. SPEAKER: No; I merely said that the conduct of Judges cannot be discussed here.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Now kindly see rule 352.. Sub-rule (v) says:

'reflect upon the conduct of persons in high authority unless the discussion is based on a substantive motion drawn in proper terms;"

Here is a substantive motion, drawn in proper terms, in terms of rule 222, against the persons concerned for

1

515 Re alleged delay in giving medical aid to late Shri Surya Narain Singh, M.P.

(vi) which reads

Narain Singh, M.P.

having taken cognisance of the matter Then kindly see sub-rule

use the President, name for the purpose of influencing the debate." Kindly see the whole basis of this rule You cannot use the President's rame to influence the debate. In fact, our who'e case here is that when the Bill was pending in this House you approached the President to make a reference under article 143 to get an oninion or advice whatever you may call it from the highert tribunal of this land, that is, the Supreme Court, which is bound to influence whether you like it or not the op nion and the views and the discussion in Par ament on the Bill. So this is the extraneous view approach, that s one approach Whether it is the Supreme Court or not, in terms there 13 rot a sing e case in parliamentary demo racy in the world-in England ro cales have been reported that have been cited in India no Bill pending before any Legislature has been referred to the Supreme Court

MR. SPEAKER That 1, not a point of order You have not raised a point of order

up till now

SHRI VASANT SATHE I am saying in terms a breach of privilege has been mentioned.

MR. SPEAKER You have ment.oned it.

SHRI VASANT SATHE You have given your ruling that it cannot be done boarden the President's name is mentioned, or the Judge's conduct comes in. On these grounds, I beg to salemit that under rule 352 also it cannot be out of order. Now I would like to knew on what grounds you are ruling it out of order.

SOME HOW MEMBERS rose-

MA SPEAKER No this is not a debate

I see no reasons to revise my order, I have given the detailed reasons for my order on this matter earlier. So, I see no point of order in Mr. Sathes objection.

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA What about Mr Lakkappa?

MR SPEAKER So far as Mr Lakkappa's point is concerned, I have not examined the matter

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA.

He has made his submission to you.

MR SPEAKER I have already dealt with it in my order

SHRI VASANT SATHE If you have made the order

MR. SPEAKER You cannot go on debating while I am deciding. Up to that point I have dealt with in my order. I have sent the order

SHRI VASANT SATHE He is not aware of it.

MR SPEAKER He need not be. I have sent it to him. I have referred to the matter in the order

SHRI VASANT SATHE In respouse to his notice, if he had got the order, probably he would have read it

MR. SPEAKER You have mentioned it "Ir Sathe You cannot go on

Now Papers to be Luid on the Table.

12.50 hrs.

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

ANNUAL REPORT OF INDIAN AIRLINES FOR 1977-78

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI PURTY-SHOTTAM KAUSHIK) I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Airlines for the year

1977-78, under sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Air Corporations Act, 1953. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3040/78].

Papers Laid

Annual Reports of and Review on Indian Institute of Public Administration and Indian Investment Centre for 1977-78

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI H. M. PATEL): I beg to lay on the Table:---

- (1) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 together with the Auditea Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78. [Placed in Library. See No. Ifr-3041/78.]
- (2) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Investment Centre, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 together with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Investment Centre, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78, [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3042/78].

Review on and Annual Report of Hindustan Zinc, Ltd., Bharat Gold Mines Ltd., and Mineral Exploration Corporation, Ltd., for 1977-78

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI KARIA MUNDA): I beg to lay on the Table a copy each of the following papers (Hindi and

English versions) under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956;—

- (i) Review by the Government on the working of the Hindustan Zine Limited, Udaipur, for the year 1977-78
- (ii) Annual Report of the Hindustan Zine Limited, Udaipur, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Camptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library. See No. 17-303/78].
 - (2) (i) Review by the Government on the working of the Bharat Gold Mines Limited, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) Annual Report of the Bharnt Gold Mines Limited for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3044/78].
- (3) (i) Review by the Government on the working of the Mineral Exploration Corporation Limited, Nagour, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) Annual Report of the Mineral Exploration Corporation Limited, Nagpur, for the year 1977-78 slong with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. Placed in Library. See No. LIT-3045/781.

IRON ORE MINES AND MANGANERS ORE MINES LABOUR WELFARE FUNE RULES, 1978

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI LARANG SAI): I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Iron Ore Mines and Manganese Ore Mine, Labour

IShri Ravindra Varmaj

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(5) Discussion on the present international satuation and the policy of the Government of india in relation thereto on a motion to be moved by Shri Y B Chayan

(6) Discussion on modernisation of defence equipment and organisation on a motion to be moved by Shri Rudolph Rodrigues and Shri Yadvendra Dutt

PROF P G MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar) I want to invite the attention of the House to two matters which have been agitating me and I am sure many Hembers and particu larly the public of this country. I realise that Government are far behind with their leg slative programme and I suppose next veck is the only teck left of the current session I do not know whether Government lave ony plans to extent the sess on beyond the 22nd I hope not becau e we have various engagements and there are conferences of various types to be held in the country. Therefore with ally one week left Governmen already have a programme of Government business as well as various other mouons and resolutions. I do not want them to add more Bil s for discussion next week, but least with your permission I want the Minister to come to this House next week with an assurance with regard to two matters which have been pending before this hon House for more than one year especially since the Janata Party Government came to power I refer to two legislative measures. One 13 the Anti Defections Bill brought before the House last seesion which met with its deserved death that was good but that does not mean that the idea of anti defection.

MR. SPEAKER It is a question of raising an objection not a speech

PROF F G MAVALANKAR My point is that the Governmen should have at least given some indication of their latention to bring forward the half wifettions Bill in this session I

demand a clarification from the Gow ernment all the more because of the continued fluid political situation when I find defections taking place again and again Because I do not want them to take place I want the Government to come to a decision and give an assurance that the Anti-Defections Bill will come before the House as early as possible

Secondly there was one Bill which became an Act during Emergency Parliament—it was not an Emergency Parliament but a captive Parliament which gave pension to former Members of Parliament

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayin kil) There is nothing wrong in if it is a good Act. The hon 21 mbc; is making a fetish of it he is a very rich person he has not become a noble man coming from heaven. (Hierminitons)

MR SPEAKER I am not interested either way I do not get a pension

PROF P G MAVALANKAR I om demanding for that Bill 10 do away with the penson to former Members of Parlament When that Bil comes Periament When that Bil comes and others can oppose it and if the majority oppose it it can be rejected That is a different thing But I have a right to gas.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI He is maligning the Members of Parliament

PROF P G MAVAI ANKAR Lakhs and lakhs of people in the country go without even a pittance of pension after rendering a long service in their respective jobs. The pension to for mer Members of Parliament is wrong in principle wrong in merit and wrong in ethics. That is why? I want the Government to come forward with that Bill.

I am agatated on this point all the more because I get the support from no less a man than the hon. Prime 525

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Minister, the Leader of the Janata Party, who has gone publicly-I haveseen press reports-in support of the repeal of the pension to former Members of Parliament, I understand allowances being given to Members of Parliament when they retire in old age. Some such provision can be made. But outright pension to the former Members of Parliament is wrong in principle sepecially lakhs and lakhs of our people in the country go without even a pittance of a pension after serving the country for 30 to 40 years and the people who are in defence and other services are getting a pension of Rs. 5 or Rs. 10 or Rs. 20 or Rs. 56 or Rs 100 only. But we Members of Parliament set. on retirement, pension even at a young age! That is wrong in principle. That is why I want the Government to come forward with that Bill at an early date.

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IMr. DEPUTY SPEAKER in the Chair].

या र समझी शिख्य (सामान्द्रार) : सामान्द्रीय ज्ञायाक्ष महोदय, मामान्द्रीय मामान्द्रिय सामान्द्रीय मामान्द्रिय स्वार्य मान्द्रीय मान्द्रीय मान्द्रीय स्वार्य स्वार स्वार्य स्वार्य स्वार स्वार्य स्वार्य स्वार स्वार्य स्वार स्वार्य स्वार स्वार स्वार स्वार स्वार्य स्वार स्वार स्वार स्वार स्

मिला के सम्बन्ध में भी किंग्ल तथा भी प्रश्ती हैं। हमार्थ राष्ट्रीय किया मीडि म्या है इस से सम्बन्ध में भी कोर्ड वर्षों नहीं मही हो पत्ती है। यह मी बहुत महत्वकृत्री विवय है। सोकारत कार्य स्वस्थल सिक्त के मीडी प्रस्तुत किया जामा चाहिए भीर विधा के दिश् पर, खाल कर परिकल स्पूर्ती की हमार्थ करने से सम्बन्ध में भी नहीं बहुत होंगी चाहिए।

SHRI A. K. ROY (Dhanbad): Mr. Deputy-Speaker, Sir, yesterday we were supposed to debate on the Third Report of the Privileges Committee. After that, when we saw that it was not included in today's agenda, we were not knowing when it will be

taken up. Just now, we are hearing from the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs that it would be taken up on Monday.

Mr. Deputy-Speaker Sir, you know and we also know that it has been the practice that whatever the thing may be, it must first be declared or brought up in the House itself. We do not know when it would be taken up, but no today's newspapers we have seen that it would be taken up oo Monday. I would like to know how the Business Advisory Committee's report or declared to the temporary before shoos went to the newspapers before it has been revealed in the House it-self.

The second point is that I would like to give my opinion. . .

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: It is not an occasion for giving your opinion; you can suggest some business for next week.

SHRT A. K. ROY: I propose that, instead of taking up the debate on the Privileges Committee's report on day, it should be taken up on Tuesday because we have to go to our constituencies and consult our people about the decision. In view of the various and changing Motions-you have seen that the Motions of our Prime Minister and various other Members are changing every day—the House is bewildered and the people are also bewildered. So, we must go to the people and take their opinion and come back. That cannot be done by Monday: so I propose that it should be taken up on Tuesday. We fear that all we people who have submitted our substitute Motions would be substituted and, also, that we will not be allowed to speak, because, of your authoritarian rule, in the House itself,

MR, DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You have already made your point.

SHRI A. K. ROY. I would like to ask what has happened about the Industrial Relations Bill. Last time it was said that on the last day of the first week of Deember the Scheet Committee would give its Report but,

(Shi A. K. Roy]
ofter that, there has been a lot of
agistion against the Bill itself. We
would like to be enlightened on that
by the Minister for Parhamentary or
un-Parhamentary Affairs We must
know what has happened to the Bill.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER Which Minister do you want, should ealighten you-Parliamentary Affairs or Un Parliamentary Affairs? There is no such Minister

SHRI A K ROY I would like to know whether the Report has but he given and whether the entre Bill has been strapped or we will know about the Beports of the Select Committee. We would like to know the exact pesition about the Industrial Helations Bill.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA I must

say that I am happy that my Hon. friend Mr Mavalankur did not allow this Session to end without breaking his duck.

MR DEPTRY SEFALED.

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER There is still one week to go, SHRI RAVINDHA VARMA But on

Friday next he cannot make this statement Throughout the weeks hat have passed he has been silent and, therefore, I was wondering whother he will let the Seisson and without breaking his duck I am happy that he has broken his duck to day and I hope it august well for the Indian team in Bangalore,

He has raised two surprises protections are supported to be produced by the Bull by Bright in his mind, one about the Bull be but defections, and the other about sensor for ex Members of Furthermer. On the Astro-Derection Bull the Bull Members and that if tied a first deeped death The Hos Members in the Head of the H

PROP P G MAVALANKAR

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA In that ease, I do not known whether inanimate objects deserve capital punktiment in his view, and his mercy is reserved only for animate objects. In any case I would say that I had used an opportunity, carlier in this Session, to say that the Government is then and in no way has its readire to introduce a Bill to ban defections been diduted by the experience is had to the House list time. But it has not been possible.

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARYA (Seranpore) - When will you act? Will you wait till the process of defection is complete?

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA I hope my distinguished friend is not waiting for anything to comblete the process of defection. I am sure he is not one of those who is offering inducements to others to defect to his ranks, therefore he has a philosophical unconcern, which he is hiding behind his words. But the process could not be completed during the Session The Bill, in a revised form, will certainly be introduced.

On the question of pensions, the difference in views among Members were evident even here if has not been possible for us to bring forward any fill in this regard became, as we have stated earlier, we are in the process of constituing the kinders of the Opposition parties as well, before coming to a conclusion

My hon friend, Dr. Ramin Sungh, referred partly to what ms hon, friend, Frof Mavalanker, referred, and he also istical about the educational policy and the Lokapia Ball as far as the Lokyal Ball is concerned, and the concerned the select Committee has presented its report it was hoped that we would find time to discuss the Bull if the last week we were houng so, but at the last meeting of the Busniess Adversory Committee we found the selection of the selection

My hon, and good friend, Mr. A K. Roy, who is obsessed not only with Parliamentary affairs but unparliamentary affairs as wolf, gave the House the benefit of his views. SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: I was saying, he was obsessed not only with Parliamentary affairs but unparliamentary affairs but unparliamentary affairs as well. I do not know whether the hon, Member is opting for his company.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: I do not know who the Minister for unparliamentary affairs is because I am not aware of any such Minister.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: It only shows the obsession of the hon. Member with unparliamentary affairs.

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH-NAN (Coimbatore): You pick up any one who is sitting on that side.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: We will have to define what these unparliamentary affairs are.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: The unparliamentary aspect of this matter is that the hon. Member unfortunately is not on this side. That is unparliamentary.

He referred to the BAC Report...

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH-NAN; Unfortunate for whom?

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: I do not know. Fortune always smiles on the fair.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH (Hoshangabad): Fortune favours the brave.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: I shall not ignore you, Right Hon. Gentleman from Hoshangabad. I know that both the caps fit you—fair as well as brave.

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH-NAN: But the red turban fits only one.

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER: Please do not provoke him.

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA: The hon, Member is obsessed with the unique.

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There was no question of the BAC report not being laid before the House first before its finding its way to the press.

My hon. friend suggested that Tuesday would be a better date to contider the motion which the Frame Minister has move the Third Report of the Privilege Committee, and of the Privilege Committee, and that he would get Committee, and his voters as well as his constnete in that case. But his between, ay well, know, decided in consultation with

Now I come to the last point (tast ne referred to, nature); the Industrial Relations Bill. The hone. Members well as this House knows, but this well as the House knows, but this House has passed a toolion referring the Bill to a Joint Select Committee. The Joint Select Committee has one of the Bill to a Joint Select Committee has not yet been fully constituted or cause the other House has not considered the motion of concurrence.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: I hope, the Session will not be extended.

MR. DEPUTY SPRAKER: He cannot, evidently, give that assurance now,

13.10 hrs

MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

(i) REPORTED FIRTING IN DECORARY TOWN OF SAMEALPUR DISTRICT, ORISSA AND ITS NEWS BROADCAST IN OFIYA BULLETIN OF AKASHVANI

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Now we take up matters under Rule 377. Mr. Pabitra Mohan Pradhan.

SHRÎ PABITRA MOHAN PRA-DHAN (Deogarh): Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, on the 7th instant there has been a firing at Deogarh town, Sambalpur District, Orissa, which falls in my constituency. The news of death.

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Matters under (Shri Pabitra Mohan Pradhan)

or otherwise is till now indefinite There was one radio broadcast that three people met with death Another news is that there has not been any death save and except that one person has got a medium injury causing some concern and another person who got a miror rijury has been discha ged from the hospital The armed police mobilisation the

lath, charge coupled with hing is a great concern to the people who are panie stricken

The Deogarh area boing a backward one and preponderatingly being inhabited by Adivasis and Harijans should have been trea cd with preferential softness and leniency Instead of taking such an attitude sticking to firms means use of arms on unarmed people who may be given sustice and fairo av if a judi ial inquire is immediately held inquiry promptly completed morals and the spirit of the masses restored and confidence samed

The wounded and otherwise injured people should be given adequite compensation The reason for the agitation for which the incident took place may be properly and promptly ascertained and the government may comply with the demands within their policy

(II) REPORTED INADEQUATE SUPPLY OF COAL TO WEST BENGAL BY COAL INDIA LTD

SHRI ROBIN SEN (Asansol) Since the Coal India Ltd is not fulfilling its promises to supply the required amount of coal to West Bengal, there is a severe coal ensis in West Bengal From the last July onwards the Coal India is supplying madequate coal to West Bengal which has seriously affected the industries in West Bengal and caused immense hardship to the people of West Bengal. Coal India is having dumps in Calcutta, Siliguri, Dargeeling and Badra where they failed to supply adequate coal Some officers in the colliertes have got intolved in selling coal in the black-

Since the Centre is having market the responsibility for the supply cool to States I demand that the Centre should take it seriously and supply adequate coal to West Bengal and to ston such black marketing forthwith (111) EXPANSION OF COCHIN SHIPYARD

RAJAN (Trichur). SHRL K. A Under Rule 377 I wish to make the folloung statement

The Cochin Shipsard had sometime back given a project report for the expansion of the present shipbuilding facilities with another shiphanding doe, at a cost of Rs 20 Till recently there was very favourable response for this from the concerned authority But it seems that the emphasis as now shifted to the tree new shippards is another State at an estimated investment of Rs 120 erores for each I request you that the expansion of the present Cochin Shinyani is in no pay tiven up because of the new projects now being considered by the Planning Ministry.

The Cochin Shippard deserves expansion because of the following valid reasons

- 1 The Cochin Shippard has to be expanded to make it viable one with a second building dock,
- 2. The shippard has got all the infrastructure facilities to expand at a lower cost
- 3 This yard has got alread. latest technical innovations in shipbuilding
- (IV) DEMANDS OF OFFICERS ASSOCIA-TION OF HINDLSTAN AEROVAUTICS LTD BHARAT ELECTRONICS HMT. AND INDIAN TELEPHONE INDUSTRIES

SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISH. NAN (Combatore) I would like to take this opportunity to draw the attention of the Minister of Defence to the serious situation in the Hindustan Aeronautics, Bangalore, arising out of the high-handed behaviour of the management towards the officers in the concern.

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Over the last few months all Officers of the Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd. Bharat Electronics, HMT, Indian Telephone Industries and Hindustan Machine Tools, situated in Bangalore and represented by the Officers' Assumation, representing 10,000 officers have been urging, appealing pleading and praying for their reasonable nay revision which is already unduly dolayed, by way of clearing alarming anomalies as compared to the pay scales of workers in public sector concerns, which has resulted in a loss of as much as Rs. 300 to 400 in their salaries ner month.

Their appeals have fallen on deaf ears and resulted instead in undue harassment. For instance, the Managing Director of the Rangalous complex even went to the extent refusing the usual Deepavali advance which was due for payment on 29.10.1978, to those officers who had gone on mass leave to bring their grievances to the notice of the authorities. Later he inflicted penal deduction of 4 days' salary. This has been done only in the Hindustan Aeronauties and in none of the other concerns listed above.

The latest position is most serious. Charge sheets have been issued and office-bearers of the Association suspended. This cannot help in settling the issues.

The demands of the officers are:-

- Negotiated pay revision.
- 2. Restoration of facilities to the association which have been withdrawn.
- 3. Stoppage of harassment, victimisation and terrorisation of officers especially in the engineering division.
- 4. Reinstatement of officers thrown out of job during the emergency.
- Labour Minister, will please note that this was during the emergency.
- 5. Revision of frustrating promotion policy.

- 6. Encouragement of indigenously designed aircraft, acroengines and accessories to save the nation from dependence on foreign countries.
- I hope the Minister of Defence and other employing ministers will take urgent note of the demands of the officers' association and take requisite steps to sit down and discuss their problems and demands them—this is the expected action from any Government which plaims function democratically and in interests of all sections of 'ne people, Bureaucratic attitudes have to abandored once and for all.

The immediate step I would demand of the Minister is the withdrawal of suspension orders against the officebearers of the association and withdrawal of charge sheets against the other office-bearers and opening of talks with the Officers' Association in relation to their demands.

- (v) REPORTED NON-AVAILABILITY SOFT COME AND KEROSENE OIL IN HIMACHAL PRADESH
- थो बांसक राम (जिमला) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं प्राप का बहुत गराकुर हूं कि स्नाव धार्य ने मुद्दी रुस 377 के तहत हिमाचल प्रदेश बीर खान कर शिमला में मिटटी के तैल मीर कीयले की कमी में पैदा मुखकिलात को मंनद के वरिए सरकार के सामने रखने का मौका दिया है । वैसे तो कोवले बौर मिहटी के तैल की तंनी का सामना सारे देश को करना पढ़ रहा है लेकिन इन वंगी का सब से ज्यादा नुकसान और उस से पैदा होने वाली परेक्षानिया उन पहाडी इसाको में है जहा कटकटाती मदीं, बफॉली बतायों और बर्फ को वजह से विना लक्षी और कोयलें के जीना महिकल हो जाता है। धानकल यही हालत हिमाचल प्रदेश की राजधानी जिमला में है जहां कोयला, मिटटी के तेल और लकडी को इतनी कमी है कि तकरीवन सारे होटल बन्द हो गए हैं । इस के ग्रलाबा, लोग वहां ग्रपने घरो में महंथे दामों पर लरुड़ी लेकर जैसे हैंसे कड़कड़ाती भर्दी के दिन काट रहे हैं।
- मैं मंत्री महोदय से प्रार्थना करता हूं कि इन हालात की महेनजर रखते हुए शिनला के लिए प्रोपरिटी वेशिम पर कांचना और विदरी का तैल बल्बी से जत्दी पहुंचावे हा इतजान करें धीर वहा के लॉगों की नदियों की परेशानियों ने द्याने की मेहरबानी करें।

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Matters under (13) SITUATION IN AMBAMAN AND NICOSAR ISLANDS

SURI MANORANIAN BHAKTA (Andaman and Nicobar Islands) Sit, with beaut heart and much pain rise to draw the kind attent on of this august House about the recent hanpenings which still continue in the Union Territory of Andaman and Aicobor Is ands, one of the remote, isglated backward single member Constituency Union Territory which I represent by the wishes of the people of that part of the country in this amoust House You all know Sir that there is no democratio institution functioning in this Union Territory and the M nistry of Home Affairs in the name of the President of India is running the Administration through a Chief Commiscioner who happens to burcaucrat Time and again people of this Union Territory represented in different forums including this House to provide democratic rights to the people of this remote territory in the similar pattern of Arunaenal, Mizoram etc

In Parliament, the Minister of Home Affairs assured not only once but twice in reply to a question stating that the matter is under considera tion but nothing has come out fruitful so far But in the meantime, the attack on the people and their constifutional life was severaly attacked by the same bureaucracy who even during the Emergency became more enthus astle and crossed the limit of their power are now throttling people's democratic movements with the evil design of coercive action such as lathi charges, arrest infumidation and implication in false cases and allout effort has been made to create a fear psychosis in the entire territory of Andaman and Nicobas Islands. I am sorry to mention that the country has witnessed a qualitative change in the running of the Administration in recent days

The rule of law has been diminished from the life of this Union Territory and the rule of jungle has established fastly I have written several letters pertaining to the problems of Constituency which was not seriously viewed by the Ministers and particularly by the Home Ministry and not even by the Prime Minister The local ememnimed educated young men and women are reaming door to door of the officers concerned but a reverse the relatives and our mon are recruited from the mainland depriving the local talents. I had the occasion to write the letter to the Prime Minuster, but no action has been taken, so far Since number of year, a large number of people who have constructed butments on the Government land are now threatened and removed and disloded by using coercive action employing Poince and CRP this is unprecedented in the history of India that the poor, weaker section, landless agriculturals who have cultivated on Government land and had beautiful standing crops on the vergus soil were damaged and destroyed by the Andaman and Nicobar Adminis tration in the course of their coercive action. The Police forest and revenue authorities have not even spared the women and children from atrocities. The trade union workers and leaders are being threatened time and again without any fault of theirs. Though Government employees were re-instated after their compulsory retirement by the recommendation of the Review Committee are now denied pay and other benefits for this period violating the instructions of the Government of India on the ground of vengeance by this officialdom. Grant of Andamap Special allowance to all categories of Government employees irrespective of place of recruitment and place of residence and grant of jungle allowance to the mazdoors working in remote jungle areas are still denied depriving justice Even then I alongwith all my colleagues extended hand of cooperation with this bureaucratic Administration considering the strategic geographical location of the territory with the broad National perspective. But the situation has deteriorated very fastly and became worse during the first week of December when the Administration decided forcible moval of all the juggi dwellers belonging to the poor and weaker section of the society and had launched a conspiracy against the villagers who demanded justice, equality and safety. There is a village known as "TIRUR' in South Andaman near which inside the dense forest there are hostile wondering aboriginal called Jarwas who are frequently entering in the nearby villages and kill the human life, cattle and damage their properties. year, three persons were killed in the same area and even before that some Government servants on duty were also killed and the police force was posted there for the protection of life and property of the villagers. this year again the Jerwas entered the village and killed cattles and the entire area became panic striken when villagers including men, women and children rushed to Port Blair wanted to meet the Chief Commission under the leadership of Sardar Nehchalsingh Chawla, President, District Congress Committee.

The Chief Commissioner refused to meet the delegation. Then the villagers assembled near the Clock Tower at Port Blair town and started squatting and demonstrating against high-handedness of the officials and demanded protection of the life and proverty of the residents. Sir, to our utter surprise, the local police and CRP jumped over the peaceful men and women demonstrating and were brutally lathi charged causing number of injuries to many and arrested unlawfully. At present a continuous threat intimidation and false implication of cases are prevailing which created a tense and grave situation in the territory where the people are peace loving. Every day, inside and outside of Parliament, the Janata leaders are claiming that they have restored the democracy whereas in the: far flung Union Territory, the democracy seems to be a mockery where the bureaucrats are the supreme and unchallengeable and the Ministry of Home Affairs is a silent, helpless speciator. I therefore appeal to this House and to the Government and specially to the Prime Minister to institute a Parliamentary Committee immediately to enquire into the role of Chief Commissioner.

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A person of highest integrity should be posted as Chief Commissioner. Further, all those arrested should be immediately released unconditionally and democratic rights should be provided to the people of Andaman and Nicobar Islands similar to Arunachal, Mizoram etc. My voice is lone in this House and appeal to all Honourable Members of the House, irrespective of party, raise their voice for the suffering people of the Union Territory Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

(vii) PRESS REPORTS THAT A NUMBER OF IRANIAN STUDENTS ARE UNDER ORDERS OF DEPORTATION FROM INDIA

VISHNU KAMATH SHRU HARI (Hoshangabad): May I request you to permit me to make my Statement under Rule 377?

DEPUTY-SPEAKER: That MR is why you have been called

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: Mr. Deputy-Speaker under Rule 377, I wish to mention the following matter of urgent public importance;

Sir, it has been widely reported in the Press that a number of Iranian students are under orders of deportation from India. It is needless for me to stress the fact that at this critical juncture in Iran, deportation of such students should be fraught with grave perib to their lives. I have no doubt that we in Parliament and the people of India in general, who only a year and a half ago emerged from the(Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath)

darkness of tyranny and terror into the light of freedom, democracy and human rights, are in full sympathy with the struggle of the people of Iran against the oppressive and tyrannical regime of the Shah of Tran

In the circumstances, therefore, the Government would do well to take the House into confidence and also rescind the orders of deportation, if any, against the Iranian students in India

Also, may I add this Sir? The Minister of External Affairs was here earlier and he came to me and said that he wanted to make a statement in the House But he has an appointment with an Ambassador at 1 O' clock. I don't know whether he will be back at 2. I don't know whether the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs has been authorised to make a statement on his hehalf

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER It does not look like that

13 28 hrs

SUGAR UNDERTAKINGS (TAKING OVER OF MANAGEMENT) BILL-Contd.

DEPUTY-SPEAKER House will now take up further consideration of the following motion moved by Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh the 13th December, 1978, namely -

That the Bill to provide for the temporary taking over, in the public interest, of the management of certain sugar undertakings in certain circumstances, be taken into consideration"

Let me see who has to speak. Shrl Danba Desat. We have 55 minutes including Minister's speech and there are 37 amendments

SHRI DAJIBA DESAI (Kolhapur). Mr Deputy Speaker Sir, I rate to

offer my comments on the Sugar Undertakings (Taking 03.00 Management) Bill

This Bill contemplates the taking over of sick sugar mills. The Government, in the Statement of Objects and Reasors, has stated as follows -

"In the interest of the consuming public and sugarcane growers and to maintain production and availability of sugar which is an essenifat commodity, it became necessary to take provision for the taking over by the Government of the management of defaulting sugar undertakings for a specified nemod "

So, this perhaps indicates that there is vacillation on the part of the Government If they want to support the sugar industry and the sugarcane growers, this is a very limited mea-In fact, the problem has become so serious that the Govern-- ment has to come un with a major policy decision about taking over of the entire sugar industry Every . sugar factory has stocks which it cannot self. Sir, the sugarcane growers are in peril as their sugarcane may not be taken this year by the sugar factores And if they produce gur, as gur is overflowing in the market, that also cannot be sold. So this is the problem of the sugar andustry and the sugarcane growers. This problem ought to have been dealt with in a more serious manner It is unfortunate that this Bill speaks only about the 'defaulting mills' And which are these 'defaulting mills'? 'According to the Government, they are very few, as compared to the 7 large number of sugar factories. But according to this Bill, nearly 50 per cent of the sugar mills are defaulting · in respect of payment of sugarcane dues. Regarding cane dues the definition in the Bill is like this

"3(1)(b) that on any date in any sugar year That every sugar factory, means on every 15th day the arrears become 10.

And in no factory the management pays to the sugar-cane growers their dues in 15 days. So, according to the provisions of the Bill, every sugar factory is in arrears to the sugarcane growers, that is, 10 per cent. I want to know whether the Minister really intends to take over all these sugar milis or just to take some defaulting mills as has been the policy of the previous Government as well as the present Government? The Government has taken over the management of a number of sick mills. The same thing is being repeated in sugar industry also. What would be the result? The result is that there is a sort of rehabilitation scheme for mill owners. Now, these sick mills will be taken over by the Government and the arrears of the sugarcane growers will be paid machinery will be modernised and production will increase and after three years the owners of the sugar mills will become entitled to the ownership of the management of the factory as well as the benefits. Now, the Government will have to modernise the factories. Without that the fuctory cannot work well. This is a sort of rehabilitation. Moreover. the entire scheme envisaged in this-Bill is very much loaded in favour of the sugar mill owners. I can just

According to Section 3(2) there are two inquiries. The first inquiry is when the Government intends to take the ownership, they will give some information, they will give some reason. Again the Government will order for further inquiry. This means that there will be two inquiries before taking over them.

give some instances.

The second point is in regard to Clause 8(2). It reads like this.

"8(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), the Central Government may render such assistance in such manner as it may deem fit to any notified sugar undertaking to enable the

eft.) Bill on undertaking to clear the whole or uny part of its arrears of cane dues so as to avoid undue hardship to cane producing farmers."

That means the amount spent for clearing the arrears will be an assstance not loan to the sugar factories and according to this scheme, the Government will help the sugar mills to clear the arrears. Who are they? In the last 20 year or 30 years, they have amassed large amount, they have taken away all the capitals invested In the factory. They have defaulted the sugar cane growers, they have defaulted the Government in not paying the taxes and a number of other things they have done. So, the Goverament is going to come forward to assist them to clear the dues. So. in the name of sugarcane growers, the Government is going to help the sugar mills, may be private or public or co-operative. The Government is coming forward to help them,

The third thing is that there are two things, that is, assistance and closes to be given to the factory. The loans have the priority that the sugar factory will have to pay first "the leans they have taken from the -Government, But in other cases there - are certain instances of assistance. They are given under contracts, agreements, etc. The Government has given them -ail opportunities. First the Government will suspend any right, privilege, obligation or liability if their con--fract of employment is onerous, the Government management is there. · Even then, the sugar mill-owners have been given the right to go to the courts and challenge the Government order. We know what happens such cases. The hureaucrats and the mili managers may join together and they will get an order that the Government order is wrong or ultra pires. It is thus in favour of sugar factories. What about the sugarcane growers and the workers working in the factories? There is no protection for them. That is beyond the scope of this Bill. According to the Gov[Shri Danba Desai]

ernment there is a specific order of the Government the sugarcane con the sugarcane that troi order. growers should be given minimum price And what about the workers? There is no job guarantee for them. There is a provision in this Bill that after taking over the management, the new Custodian may dismiss their services, if their contract is onerous Thus there is no protection for them. for the sugarcane growers and the workers in the factories. On the other hand as far as the financial assistance is concerned, Government is tery generous. In these conditions, the Government must come with a modified scheme. The scheme as envisaged in this Bill is basically pro-sugar mill owners I request the Government to come with a modified scheme and I will suport it.

SHRI CHITTA BASU (Barasat) Mr Deputy Speaker Sir my first reaction to the Bill is that it is good so far it goes it is bad so far as it does not go As a matter of fact my burden has been lessened to a great extent by my friend Shri Dajiba Desai and I will not cover the points already made by him.

The first point is and which distribe me most what was the actual motivation of the Government for promulgating such an ordinance. Was it to salvage the sick sugar units or to really stall any measure of nationalisation? To me, the motivation has been to pre empt this take-over of the sugar units by the State Government. This is one of the motivation. The present Bill is not even a halfway towards nationalization which, according to me, is the only solution of the problem. I want to draw the attention of the hon. House to the serious drawbacks of the Bill One, this ordinance is not going to be applied in cases where the units are under the State Government or under the Sugar Corporation of the State Government, even if they are dafaulters Examples are there I had recently been to Uttar Pradesh, where I was informed that many State Government units have also not started crushing even after the 15th November Dues are also with those units for the arears of the cane growers. Therefo c, one major weakness of the Bill is that the Government units or the semi-Government units will be outside the orbit of the Bill itself.

The second major weekness is that this Bill does not provide guarantee for the remunerative price of the cane for the growers This is a very important aspect of the sickness of the industry You would be very unhappy to learn that the hon. Minister has been on record on many occasion saying that the present Government's Policy is not to allow sugarcane to be sold beyond Rs 10/has been the rate fixed the APC As a matter of the fact, last year the cane growers of Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and other parts of the country used to get more than that-Rs. 12/-, Rs 1250 or even Rs. 14/- His Policy is to deprive the cane growers of the legitimate price for the cane So, the major objective is not to help them but rather to deprive them of a legitimate price a just price-if not a remunerative price. The Bill does not again, provide for clearance of all the arrears which amount-to Rs 53 crores as he said earlier, but now according to the statement it has come down to-Rs 46 crores The Bill does not provide for the repayment of the entire arrears of the cane growers. And it will be ni! the more clear from the Financial Memorandum attached to the Bill where it has been said that Rs 50 lakke to Rs 60 lakh will be needed for the clearance, in which the Government wants to help So the major port of the arrears will not be cleared Therefore cane growners are not getting any benefit out of this Bill. They are not getting their arrears, they are not getting remunerative prices for the cane Yet it is being said that it is to protect their intrests that the Ordinance was promulgated

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I have not got much time, but I would say that a dichotomy of administration is also being brought Thre State Government of Bihar has, by an ordinance-of course there is a High Court injunctiontaken over the sugar mills. will help their own administration. The UP Government has got under it certain mills under the Sugar Corporation. They have got their own administrative apparatus; and in Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra there are cooperatives administering them

This Bill does not prescribe what kind of administration will be there in the case of those units which are being taken over by the Government of India. So, there will be separate administrative apparatuses which will have no cohesion amongst themselves: and as a matter of fact, the result will be this; no relief will be proveded either to the growers or to the consumers, and everything will be in a mess. I would have been happy if the Government had considered the entire problem of the sugar industry in a comprehensive manner and brought forward a comprehensive Bill in this respect.

Concluding, I would say that the reality is that the sicker the units become, healthler do the proprietors become. This is all the more true in the case of sugar industry; and I think that this Bill is a presentation to those healtheir proprietors of the sick units.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Now Mr. Yadav.

CHOWDHRY RALBIR. SINGH (Hoshiarpur); My name is also there.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: sorry I cannot call everybody. There are about 10 names here. I am calling 3625 LS-18

him because he has given a motion for circulation.

थी विनायक प्रसाद यादव (सहरसा) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, गुगर ग्रंडरटेकिंग्म (श्रंडरटेकिंग बाक मैनेजमेंट) विल का में स्वामत करता है। लेकिन इतमें कुछ खामिया है। मलो महोदब की इस बिल को कम्प्रीहर्मिन बनाना चाहिये था। इसके एम्म एंड बौवजैनट में बाप पढ़ेंगे।

"The arrears of cane price for 1977-78 sugar season, as aa the beginning of the current 1978-79 season, that is, on the 1st October, 1978, amounted to over Rs. 53 crores 17

53 करोड़ रुपया किसानों का मिलों पर्र याको है। जो विधेयक मन्नी महोदय लागे हैं उसमें 'उन्होंने एक चैंग्टर' मिल मासिकों को पेमेंट के लिये बनाया है। यह 53 करोड़ स्पना या किसानों का वाकी हैं, यह मंत्री महोदन की, हमशो द्वीर बापको शायद कोई बहुत बड़ा एमाउन्ट न नगता हो सेविन किसानों के निये यह बहत बड़ा यानि है। यह रुवल एक मान का नहीं है, हर साल किसान मिल में प्रमता ईंग दे देते हैं होर मिल मालिक उत्तको रुपया नहीं देते हैं ग्रीर सालो साल रूपमा बाकी रहता है। इस नरह से किसाना की भवंकर सुट हर साल मिल गालिक करते आ रहे हैं। अब इस विल में वो श्रावधान किये गये हैं उसमें मंत्री महोदय को इस बकाया का सबसे पहले पैमेंट करने का प्रावधान करना चाहिये था. लेकिन वह इस विल में नहीं किया गया है । में मंत्री महोदय से कहना चोहता हूं कि अनता पार्टी की सरकार ने अपने पीने दो साले की हरूमन में सब से प्रच्छा घीर जनोपयोशी तथा अय्टोचार निटाने का काम चीती के टी-कन्टीम करने का किया है। बादको यह सुनकर माञ्चयं होना कि जब चीनो का बी-कन्ट्रोल हुमा उससे पहले हमारे ् यहां ही नहीं सन्धे देश में यहा भी चीनी पर कन्दोल था, वहाँ हर ब्लाफ बफ्यर को पीनी के कन्दोल से 5 हजार रुपये की प्रामदनी होती थी। बहु ही सर्व से स्पया लेते ये और घोनो को ब्लैंक में विकवातें थे। चीनी के ही-कस्ट्रीन हो जाने से ब्लंक भी तरम हुमा है मीर जो अफ़सरों की ब्लक मार्केट की प्रादमनी थी, वह भी उत्तम हुई है छोर हर अगह चीनी नुविधा ने मिलती है, गरीब को भी मिलती है । बीनी की कही कमी नहीं है। यह तो अच्छा रिवा गया है चीनों को धी-कन्द्रोत कर के, लेकिन इनके साप इनको तुरुच यह भी होभना चाहिए ना कि जिन नीनों मिलों की हानत खराब है, मैरेप्रमेंड बगैरा ठीक नहीं है, उसको नेशनलाइजेंगन दिया वाबे. राष्ट्रीयकरण निया जाप ।

हमारे बिहार में पुणिया के पास्वीसगढ में इनवकी सहकारी चीती मिल है । वहां के मैनेजर्स द दूसरे तांच चीनी मिल को सारी मामदनी भीर बदत हा बाते है भीर यह चीनी मिल सिक-सा परा हुमा है सीर भ्रष्टाबार के कारन सिक है। इस्तिये सरकार को एने मिलो के प्रशिप्रहण का भी प्रायधान करना चाहिये था ।

मती महादय को इस दिख में यह भी प्रावधान करना चाहिये या कि जिन दिसानी वा 53 करीड इपया बाकी है, सबसे पहले उसका पेमेंट किया जाता । सरकार को ऐसा बिल लाना चाहिये षातिससे वह इन मिलो को धपने प्रधीन सेकर डोक से चतातो । इस बिल के प्रीवर्मस्टन में निया है कि।इम साल हमारे यहा उच्च वा सबसे च्यारा उत्पादन हुन्ना है भीर भीनी का प्रोडक्शन भी दावी हुमा है । सेकिन इसके बादजद भी इसमें नादी भ्रष्टाचार है और मुनाफाखीरी के कारम चीनी मिलो की हालत बहत दर्वति से चल रही है। मबद्दों ग्रीर किसानों का पेनेंद्र नहीं होता है । इसिनये एक कम्प्रीहेंसिय बिल नाना पाहिये, जिसमें साधी बातो का समावेश होना बाहिये । इसी तिये मैं ने इस विधेयक की बनकत जानने के लिये भेजने का संगोधन दिया है। इतना कहकर मैं भाषको भी धन्यवाद देता ूँ भीर मधी महादय वो भी और उनसे आबद क'ता हूं कि वह जिसानों के बकावा वेमीट को वराने के निये प्रवश्य सोचें।

घोषरी बतवीर सिंह (होक्रियारपुर) -वनाध्यक्ष महोदय, में प्राप को बन्धवाद देता ह कि बाप ने मुझे इन पर बात करने का भौडो दिया । चीनो मिल वालो के निए यह स्वीट कानर पहले काबेन सरकार ना या ग्रीर ग्राव इन का भी है। साप पुरानी तवारीधा देखें तो 1975-76 में जब एनजेन्सी लगी उस वस्त भी भीनी मिलो का 340 करोड स्मये का कामनु मृतापा हुया । वह पूरी कीमत खाड की वही रही, पन्ने की कीमत वही रही, मजदर्भ को बही कीमत दी मेंकिन जो कीरो निकाना या उस को कोनत पाम गुना बड़ाई गई। उस का मगर बैनमुलगन करें ता 340 वराह रुपये का मुनाना उन नो हुमालब कि एक नवा पैना उन्होंने खब नहीं किया।

बह सुभी नी बात है कि जो बता मिने बना नहीं से रहा है उन मिला को सरकार स प्ही है भविन में गता मिले ता मारा पायदा उठा मुंती हैं। जो मजीनें बाज उन के पान है व्ह मुक्त में हैं। धगर केलकुरीयन करें तो रनेक्परेसम बालों से जी है शिक्षिएशन का पैसा उहीने निया है इस वक्ष्त एक बढ़े उस में ज्याबा है। मा इम बना उन भी मिल पती है उस नी शीमन वे ब्यादा ^{हेना} यह इनकमटैनन में ल मुन है। वा इत म इत को मितो को लेने क बाद तीन मा बदान नाबालू हर के और इन का

मुकसान उठा कर सरकार किर इन को खाली कर देवी जब कि जिन मिला की से एडे है उस पर एक पैसा उन का नहीं लगी है, बहु साय को साथ पैसा देशियान से उन्होंने दसल कर लिया है। एक बात मौर बहुना कि यह बाग्रेस की जो बीमारी है यह धर्ड भी सर दई है। बाग्रेस के समय में या कि भवाब नहीं है, पहिंद नेहरू भीर उस के बाद इतने सारे व्यक्ति को हो चुके हैं, वह यह बहुते रहे हैं कि अपनी खाने की पादत बदलो, मक्की खामो, केला खामी भीर मठनीठ के एक कांग्रेस के मिनिस्टर ने तो कहा थी कि पृष्ठ खामी । अब इन्हाने भी यही पैटचे अपनाया है कि तिसाना ने बड़ो हिम्मत कर के, मेहनत कर के पैदाबार बढ़ा ली ता प्रव यह बहते हैं कि बीजने का जो पैटन है उस की बरेल दो, गेप्रा मत पैदा करो, कुछ घोर पैदा करो । प्रव यदि वह गल्ता ज्यादा पैदा वरेगा धीर गन्ना पैदा नहीं करेगा घीर कल को फिर जब शुवर की कभी हाती, तकतीफ होगी दी उस की कड़ेंगे कि गन्ना पैदा करी।

मै एक भीर सस्ता बताता हू जिस से फालद्र गमा बितना भी है वह सारा का सारा इस्तेमाल हो सक्ता है और सरकार को फारेन एक्सचेंत्र की भी बचत हो सरती है बाहर कोई चीज मेजे दर्गर । इस गर्छ से ग्रनकोहल प्रोडयस करा। मभी बाजील में तजवा दिया वया है भौर दुविया के साइटिस्ट्स ने बहा है कि पदील में पगर बचकोहल मिला कर इस को इन्नामक विया जाय तो बहुत पायदेमद है । उस में इजन को नुकसान नहीं होता, पायदा होता है । प्रतकोहम प्रयर बनाना शुरू हो जाय को पेट्रोल जो बाहर के देशा से मगात हैं अपने देश में, ज्यादा मिनदार में उस पेट्रोल की कभी को इस से पूरा किया जा धरता है। यह थोड़ा सा महर्गो होगा। लक्षित पारेन एक्सचेंज कमाने के लिए हम खाड को जो उस का भाव था उस से बहुत कम पर बाहर देशा को भेजते थे । उस में भी घाटा वठावे रहे हैं। चीनी के एक्सपोर्ट में हम बराबर घाटा खाउँ रहे हैं। भी नहीं भगर जरूरत पड़े, di मलकोहल बनाने में खर्व कर सकते हैं। अवर उस को नीमद में कुछ बोडा सा एक हो दो उस में कम्पेन्सेट कर सबते हैं। में बहुया कि विन्होने यमा पैदा किया है उन्हें माप प्रात्साहत दें। विनुका पैसा घमी तक मिला नहीं है उसकी माप दिलाने की नोशिश करें। मलाई मलाई तो मिल मासिक था यए और घव उनकी विसी हुई यतीना को ले कर भाग भाइनाइब करने की बात सहते हैं भीर तीन साल के बाद वे मिल मालिक पिर यो जावें दिना दिनी कीमत के—यह बात दीक नहीं है । द्वाप उन कारखानों को सें, उनकी टीक करें धीर उनक चवाकर विसानी की जहां क्या नहीं विक रहा है उनकी भाग महद करें। दर्श तरह से खण्डसारी दर्वरह की जो एला**इ**ड इण्डम्ट्रीज हैं उनको भी साप श्रीतमाहन हैं । इस देव में स्मान स्केन ६०इस्ट्रीय बहुत वहे पैमाने

पर चल रही हैं जिसमें करोड़ों लोग तमें हुए है उनकी भी धाप मदद करें। मुझे उपमीद है कि में में जो चन्द सुझाब दिए है इन पर बाप मौर करेंगे। किसानों का जो गर्छ का दकाया है उसको आप दिलायेंगे और साथ ही यह बात प्राप महीं कहेंगे कि गर्भ की खेती को बन्द करके किसाम कोई इसरी वेती बुरू करें।

📆 श्री हक्षम देव नारायण बादव (महदनी) । चपाच्यक्ष महोदय, मैं केवल इतना कह देना बाहता हूं कि 53 करोड़ बकाया में से केवल मध्वनों में 50 लाख बाकी है। जिन किसानों ने बैंक से पैसा लिया है उनसे 18 परसेंट सुद कट रहा है इसलिए मध्यनेती में जो 50 लाख का बकाबों है उस पर उसी तरह से आप सूद दें और उसका भूगवान करें जिस तरह से बैक द्वारा किसानों से सूद निया जा रहा है। मैं चाहुंना मंत्री जी इस पर भी प्रकाश डोलें।

कथि और सिंखाई मंतालय में राज्य मंत्री (धीं मानु प्रताप सिंह) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मैं चन सभी माननीय सदस्यों का शामारी है जिन्होंने प्रस्तुत विधेयक पर सपने विचार व्यक्त किए हैं। कुछ मुसाब वहत हो घन्छे हैं जिनपर में बबरूप विचार करूंगा ग्रीर ग्रमल में भी साने की कोशिय कशंगा।

भी हकमदेव नारायण यादव : : बहुत मानभीय सदस्य तो इस समय सदन में उपस्थित ही नहीं हैं।

जवाध्यक्ष महोदयः वहत से माननीय सदस्वीं को पता नहीं रहेता कि क्या सदन में चल रहा है, महां पर ग्रासे हैं ग्रीर बोलने लगते हैं। कूछ तो रहते ही नहीं, नापण देवर चले जाते हैं।

क्षो भाग प्रताप सिंह : बविकांग माननीय सदस्यों ने विल का स्थापत किया है और वह कहा है कि जहां तथ यह थिन जाता है बहां तक ठीक है। वे कुछ और प्रधिक उपेक्षा करते थे परन्तु में स्पष्ट करना चाहता है कि उनको बह ग्रालीयना सही है कि इस बिल का उद्देश बीनी मिलों का राष्ट्रीयकरण करना नहीं है। इस दिल के बहुत सीमिन पहेंग्य हैं। कुछ विशेष परिस्थि-तियों तथा संबद्ध का मकाबला करने के लिए यह विश्लेषक क्षाया गया है । संबंध यह उत्पन्न हो नया कि पिछले वर्ष चीनी का उत्पादन बहुत प्रधिक दुषा जिसके फलम्बरून चीनी है भाव गिश्ते वर्ते गए बोर सभी भी विर रहे हैं। गिरते हुए मार्थ का देखबर बोर चीनी मिली के पान यंश्री को बहुत बड़ा स्टाक पड़ा हुआ है उसका देवते हुए बीनो के मिल मानिकों ने कुछ

संकेत दिया कि शायर वे चीनी के कारधाने नहीं चतार्थेंगे इस वर्ष । तो एक समस्या यह भी । दूसरी चीज दिसका बार बार जिन्न किया गया कि 53 करोड़ रूपमा किसानी का इन चीनी निर्ता पर बकाया है । तो इन विशेष परिस्थिति का मुकाबना करने के लिए सीमित उद्देश्यों का एक आदिनेन्स जारी किया गया । इसके शीन उद्देश्य कहें जा बकते हैं । एक--चीनी बनती रहे जिससे इस एसेंबियस कमाठिटी की कबी न पड़ने गाये । दो-विन किसानों ने गप्ता पैश कर दिया है जनका यक्षा खेतों में पड़ा न एड जाये । शीन-को बन्ना पिछले सात सप्ताई किया गया था इस साल सप्ताई किया जायेगा उसका प्रकास बहुत ज्यादा न पढ़ा रहे। इन तीन छट्टेश्यों के बारे में में यह बाबा कर सकता हूं कि हम को सफतता मिली है। चीनी के कारयाने ब्राय दितने पत रहे हैं, उन को संख्या पिछले वर्ष इसी समय चलारे याले कारवालों के बराबर सी ही है, शायद दो-एक का फर्क है। भीनी बन रही है। ---इस का बड़ा प्रमाण यह है कि पिछते बये इस समय तक जितनी चीनी बनी थी. उस से हबोडी-से-ज्यादा इस समय तक वन चकी है । सीमरा उद्देश्य हशास यह था कि किमानों को जो गरे का बकावा है, उन की उस का भुगतान जल्दी से मिले । इस के सम्बन्ध में भी मूँजे यह निवेदन करना है कि जो 53 करोड़ ध्येंचे का बनाया था. उस में यद 20 करोड़ रुपये से प्रधिक का बकाया नहीं रह बबा है और उस प्रकार में यह

350

14 hrs.

दावा कर सकता हं....

चौधरी बतबीर सिंह : को ग्राप कह रहे हैं कि चीनी इयोदी बनी है, वह उपोड़ी नहीं बनी है। है। बीनी पहले भी जारदानेदार उननी ही यनाते बें, खेडिन दिवनातें कम वे और विना दिवसाई हुई चीनी को ब्लैक-माउँट में बेचते थे। इन दक्षा वह चीनी दिश्वलाई नई है, इन निषे र्थोड़ी लगती है।

धी मानु प्रताप सिंह : यह रानकारी माप को हो सकती है, लेकिन भरे पान जो मांकर है. वह यही दिवालाते हैं।

चौबरी बलबीर सिंहः पाप इन हो भी इन्कवायरी करें !

थी मानु प्रताप चिहु: मगुर यह गोरी हरते थे, बादन बात ना पीस करने होगे।

घोधसी बलबोर सिहः इन मात्र गीमते क्य है। विद्यात साम सी दुनने बानो पर विकती भी ।

स्रो भानुप्रताप सिंह में तो बटी बात वह सकता हूं, जिंख दो हमारे पान कुछ साधार है।

" चौधरी बल बोर सिंह ' लियन को हम वह रहे हैं, अने पर भी गौर करना चाहिये ।

भी पान प्रतास सिंह : मैं निवेदन करता सहिता हु-नी एन के दीन बहुस थे, जन की बहुत हद तक पूर्व दिया ना पुना है। धीनी बिने बन एरे हैं, थोनी पा प्रतासन सिंक के बर्ध में प्रशिक हुआ है और पाने का मुख औं बक्तामा सा, वह पढ़ वन बीन करीड रहते हैं थीव में रह पता है।

भी हरूम देव नारायण मादव • हपारे बहाँ तो भनी भी 50 लाख स्वया दलाया है !

धो मादु बताव सिंह . पाप जिसी एक मिय का पूछता चाहते हैं तो बाद में बूछ लोजियगा । टिंडुलान में 300 मिले हैं, में मब का हिमाब से कर नहीं फूमता है ।

थी हुरम देव नारायण यादवः हमारे मही सो एक पाई भी नहीं घटी है।

भी आप बताब हिंदू भीमन, भी उठीम पर भी अहर आधा है, अब में सि महतीय उदसा में देशीन मुगाब हिंदे हैं। एक पुताब में यह रिया गया है हिंदे भी पह जिल्ला हिंदा बता पार्टियों । याचे स्वयद बातने हिंदे—दह इन्टरियानक गुरू पर्धानेट हैं, दिन में सादक में एक हिंग्सियों है। इन पर्धानेट हैं प्रकार के प्रकार प्रधिक है व्योध किली भी तितांत की बात स्वति हैं अर्थ हमतीय कर हैं है। दिन्दे बाद साई के माख दन पोर्मी नियति करने हो स्वीत मा, यह तियति भी साद्यों है कह दा पर्धानेट हां पूरा है। एक पर भी हमाय दिनाम पर्धानेट हां पूरा है। एक पर भी हमाय दिनाम पर्धानेट हां पूरा है। एक पर भी हमाय दिनाम प्रधानेट हां पूरा है। एक पर भी हमाय दिनाम

्हणा पूर्वाच था दिला ज्या कि हासादित कर या जा है । इस उर्चन में मूझे उर्दे कर कर के हैं कि राह उर्चन कर में देश उर्दे कि राहि एकार दूरारी कर रह कर कर है कि स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर के स्त्रीर की स्त्रीर

वीत्रय नृत्या—३। तुष्ठ साम बहुत ही धवूक नृत्या मनते हे—वह यह है कि हन मिलों का ताष्ट्रीयकरण किया आहे । इस सम्बन्ध में म मस्कार की चीति को स्पष्ट करना चाहता ह--मैंने भी इस सम्बन्ध में पहले शहा है घीर प्रधान सबी जी ने भी स्वय इस गरन में नहा है कि हम राष्ट्रीयकरण करते के लिये ही राष्ट्रीयकरण नहीं करेंगे, मेहिन मार्थ मायस्त्रकता होगी तो राष्ट्रीयकरण करने में भी मनीच नहीं करेंगे । बर्ब प्रश्न यह उठवा है कि बाज की स्थिति में क्या चीनी मिना का राष्ट्रीयकरण करना एक मन्डा हत है ? हमारे पास बारड़े मौजूद हैं-इन पीनी विसी की परधार्यन्य के बारे में-शाता मैक्टर के। और इन दीनो सैक्टर्न का परिणाम यह निकन्ता है कि सब ने बंधिक दिनाना का पैसा उद मिनो पर बनाया है जो भरनारी सेनटर में है। उन के बाद दिमाना का पैशा उन नियों पर बकाया है जो कोब्राप्रटित मेक्टर में है प्रोर सब ये कम देशा बकाया है निजी संस्टर की मिना पर । यह क्या है, इसका तो प्राप विचार वरिये। माप वो राष्ट्रीयरेरण का नुस्ता बना रहे हैं उस नृस्ते के परिवास में प्रापके सामने पेस वर रहा है। यह मैं इसलिए वह रहा है कि भाप जो नुस्या बता खे हैं उस नी माध बर नर ने तो नहीं माना जो सकता । यद में मापको माकडे देकर बनाता है।

मैं उत्तर प्रदेश के बारे में बता बारा हूं। जबर प्रदेश में कि हो में 16 मिंत्र मार्डेट केटर में, 14 किने नाशांद्रोक केटर में भारेट देश किनें पणित केटर में। मार्डेट केटर से मिला पर 17.61 करोड़ रुपने, शोधार्मीट्य केटर की नियों पर 15 80 करोड़ कराये प्रदेश केटर केटर में किनो पर 14 70 करोड़े एवने बताया हैं। अही जिल बोलत लागा गाए ती पुत्र केटर में नियां पर पर 30 लाट रुपने, शोधार्मीट्य मिल पर बाई रहजातीन लाय परने बीर पणित

वे पाइने दे नर में न्यूरे बहुता कि हाजा करवा सहन नहीं हैन कहता है। में ने त्या नहां है कि नदा घड़ीयकरण के पाद्यस्वका नहां है कि नदा घड़ीयकरण ज्यांकी मानून नहां होती, नहां घड़ीयकरण कर केरी नदां मार्च किस मार्च कि पाद्यस्वका कर केरी नी बचीन में अपने मन्याल हुए हो आहती, दन से कम इस साम्झें के तो गई बात किस

श्री महीताल (बीबनोर) प्राप दिसानो का एडवायवरी दोई क्यो नहीं बनाते हैं ? उनका बोई बना कर उस में उन को रखें ।

धी बादू प्रदाष बिहु को बार्नेटिव जिलों के बारे में भी मैं ने बारको बता दिया है (स्वयान)। यह में निस्ती की नेपनानी धौर बद-नामों की बात नहीं नच्छा हूं, जो दन्तुस्थित हैं उस को मैं ने बारक सामने एक दिया है।

थ्रव में यह बताना चाहता है कि इन मिलो के बारे में क्या होने वाला है ? बहुत से मातनीय सदस्यों को यह शंका है कि इन मिलों पर बहुत सा पैसा खर्च कर के सरकार इन को तीन वर्षों के बाद फिर से लौटा देगी। मैं यह निवेदन करना भाहता है कि हमारा ऐसा इसदा बही है। इन मिलों को लेने के बाद हरेक की स्थिति पर विचार किया जायया कि किन कारणों से ये मिलें इतनी खराव दशा में हैं। हम देखेंगे कि जिन मिसों को चलाना उचित नहीं हैं, उन मिसों का यंद भी किया जा सकता है। अगर कोई मिल ऐसी है. जिस के बारे में स्वयं उस मिल का सालिक कोई योजना बना कर रखता है कि वह इस इंग से उस की मोडरेनाइज करेगा और उसका कोई टाइन बाऊण्ड प्रोप्रान है और उस के पास पैसे की व्यवस्था है और ये सारी बाते हमारी समझ में भा जाती है तो हम उस मिल को उसे लौटा भी सकते हैं। लेकिन सबर इस प्रकार की कोई व्यवस्था नहीं है जीर वड़े पैमाने पर सरकार को उस पर पैसा खर्च करना पड़ा है तो फिर हम उसको खौटाने वाले नहीं हैं। जो बोड़ी वहुत भरम्मत वगेरह हम करेंगे था यो किसान का वकाया अदा करेंगे वह मिल के ऊपर बतौर कवा माना जाएवा और यह उनको कोई वरदान स्थल्य नहीं दिया जाएगा वल्कि मय सूद के यह राशि उने से बमूल की जाएकी ।

कुछ माननीय सदस्यों ने कहा है कि यह बहत ही मीठा वरदान दिया जा रहा है । अपर स्थिति मीठे बरदान की होती तो ये ग्राज थीड़ दौड़ कर हाई कोर्टस में न जाते भौरे दुनिया भर की सिफारिये न खाते और पैरवी न करते बॉल्क यह कहते हम से कि से सीविये। हुम जब ने रहे हैं तो ये हाई कोर्ट में जा रहे है। मैं शाप को विश्वास दिलाता हूं कि हम कोई रिवादत करने वाले नहीं हैं। जो कुछ भी खर्चा होगा बहु उन से मप सूर के वसूल किया जाएगा। वडे पैमाने पर सबर फूछ काम करना पढ़ा तो उस के पहले कि हम उस मिल भा राष्ट्रीयकरण भी कर लेंगे, हिर उस के बाद उस का स्यामित्व भी ले लेंगे । जहां यह महसूस होगा कि बड़े पैमाने पर मार्जनिङ्जेशन वर्गरह करकेही काम चल सकता है, दिना उसको किए कार्यनहीं चल सकता है वहाँ पर उस की मिलकियद ले सी जाएगी। कई पासिविनिटोज है और किसी को भी एन माउट नहीं किया का मकता है। किसी नित के बारे में स्था प्रवस्थ हीना यह उस मिल को सेने के बाद, अपने बादनियां को वहा नियुक्त करने के बाद, उनकी रिपोर्ट जा असे के बाद की तम होगा भीर हर मिल के बारे में अनग ब्रत्स निर्णय किया जाएगा ।

चौधरी बलबीर सिंह : डिजिसिएनन के वारे में भी सी बता हैं।

श्री भान प्रतास सिंह : वे सब दाते देखी जाती है। यह भ्रम दूर हो जाना चोडिये कि किसी प्रकार से उनके फायदे के लिए यह सब नाम दिया वा रहा है।

एक माननीय सदस्य: जो वे क्रमाई कर बके श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह : जिन सोगो के दमाने से विस शासन में उन्होंने क्याया उसमें जनाव तनव करें

जब से इस हरूमत ने चार्ज लिया है तब से उनका रूपाने का मौका नहीं मिला है। आप उनकी तुलना हम से क्यों करते हैं। उनके यमाने में दो पता नहीं क्या वया हमा है (स्पवधान) । बड़ी मुक्कित बान है कि हाई कोर्टम जाने को अवायत भी प्राप अनुको नहीं देना . चाहते हैं।

थी महीलाल : 25 परसेंट किनान का गन्ना भितो में जा रहा है और 75 परसेंट चुउनारों से जा रहा है। खडमारी के बारे में भी कोई उगाप होता बाहिये । उसके बारे में भी तो बनाए ।

श्री भानु प्रताप सिंह : इस समद बड़ी जूनर मिल्प के अधिबहुण के विषय पर ही हन विचार कर रहे हैं। उसके लिए बाप किसी दूसरे अवसर को तलात करे।

श्री यलबोर सिंह: प्रतकांहण की बात भी बता दें।

थी भान प्रताप सिंह : मैं कन इस के वारे हें राफी विस्तार में बता चुका है। साराज में ग्राज भी यता देता है। देश में जो पलकोहत वन रहा है वह गामें से न बन कर शीरे में बन रहा है और यह अनकोहन इतना ग्रंथिक है कि उनको हमें एवनपोर्ट करना पडता है। यभी देश में बलकोहन की जितनी बादश्यकता है उनसे ज्यादा मौसैसिस से बन रहा है। उसकी इकोनोमिक्स की देखना पड़ेगा। भैने जैगा पड़ा है उसका ग्रध्ययन किरा दा रहा है।

कछ मानवीय सदस्यों ने आरोप समाक्ष था हि उत्तर और दक्षिण भारत के बीच अंदे नेद्रशाय किया बया है या किया जाता है । मैं फिर निवेदन कर ३ कि पुरानो बार्ते बाद आया करती है। इस सरकार ने की भी फैनला ऐसा नहीं किया वो उत्तर धौर दक्षिण के बीच मेदमाबपूर्ण कहा जा सके। जो भेदभारपूर्ण ध्यवहार था उस भी इन सरकार ने समाना किया है। भाव कोई भी कानून, कोई भी मृत्य ऐसा नहीं है थों सारे देव में समीव रूप से लागुन हो।

SHRI B. RACHAIAH (Chamarajana gar): Prior to de-control of sugar, Government decided to build up a buifer stock for export and also for internal consumption. Now when the STC has called for tenders from small sugar mills the lowest fender was from the Maharashtra Sugar Federation, After some pressure, Tamil Nadu and Andhra Pradesh have been given. But Karnataka was not in the lifet.

(Shri B Rachiah)

though Karnataka has also given a cender which was the lowest. That is why I say that Karnataka Sugar mills have been sangled out for discrimination And why don't you take the measures to take out at least one-third of the sugar that is in stock in the mills and build up a builfer slock so that the financial burden of the sugar mills can be relieved off.

यो पानु इतार सिंह, - भीगान, यह पार तस्य राह्मार रुपेंगे हैं एवं स्वरू है टूंदर के सारे के लिये यह मूर्वे रहुंग का सरका कि तार्थ या सावन को है। कोर्ड एक है रिवार नारण होंगे पित क गिये हुगा थी स्थानप्य प्रत्यादेश्वीमा, में उस या पानर, नहीं, दे सरका है। में रहुं रहा हूं कि को नियम बन रहे हैं अपने कोर्ड में में रहुं रहा हूं कि को नियम बन रहे हैं अपने कोर्ड में में प्रत्यात नहीं है, जूस्त निर्मार्थन होते हैं

SHRI B RAICHAIAH. The lowest tender has been accepted so far as the Maharashtra Sugar Federation is concerned.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER. He is not in a position to deal with that.

धी बाब व्यवस्थाति है। पर पात पर धाराति की मी दिन ति निया को की देवार देवे है ति है के क्षित्र के स्थित में दिन है कि वह के दिन है के दि

14.17 hrs.

[SHRIMATI PARLATHI KRISHNAN IN the Cheir]

एक मार्गेसना यह शे वह कि रहा में किनानों है है है ती है। में ती है कि सार्ग में है है में ती है कि सार्ग में है है में ती है कि सार्ग में है है में ती है कि सार्ग में है कि

जिल माननीय सदस्यों ने गग्ने की कीमत कम होने को झालोचना की है उन से भै कहना चाहता ह वि यह बैठ बर हवारे साय हिमाब लगायें और धगर वह इसके के लिए तैयार हो कि चीनी का भाव फिर 3 क0 50 पैसे हो जाब तो में विस्वास दिलाता ह कि बीच का सर्वा निकास कर सारेका सारा किसान की दिया जा मनता है। क्षेत्रित बढ भीनी का भाव 5 पैसे बढने को होता है उस समय यही सदस्य सबसे ज्यादा हत्ला करने हैं। तो शिकार के साथ भी दौढ़ें और शिकारी के साथ भी टीडें. यह दोनो नाम नहीं हो सनते । या हो माप महर में रहते बाले बुछ लोगों के हिता की रक्षा नर सकते हैं, भीर या किसानों के हिंदों की रक्षा कर सकते हैं। हम ने तो बब डी-पटोल कर के सीधा हिसाब कर दिया है, बोई भी माननीय सदस्य धाकर मुझे से समझने की कोशिस वरें, केवल कन्पर्वन कास्ट, एक्साइव इम्टी द्विपटीकादान बास्ट, यदनेमेंट वा परचेज टेंड्ड निकासकर प्रतिक में प्रधिक जो दिया जा सनता है, वह दिया जा रहा है। धगर भाग ऊची कीमत चाहते हैं तो भाग को पैरवी करती चाहिये कि जो शहरी जनता को चीनी भिल रही है, उस नी कीमत बढ़ाइ जाये, परन्त यह बहुत का साहस दिसी माननीय सदस्य ने नही दिया ।

भी हुकम देव नारायण यादव . 'हम-तो णूरू टेवहत प्राये हैं कि चीती का दाम बढ़ाइये।'

श्री बादु प्रताप बिंह इसलिये समापित महोदयः मैं बहुबा कि इस बिल को पारित किया जाये।

SHRI B K NAIR (Mavelikara): I was asking how many undertakings have been taken over so far.

धी मानु प्रताप सिंह: जो माननीय सदस्य ने नहा बह बात भी सही है, उस के कारण भी घोडा समय लगता है। कुछ कैस्टरियों को भादेश दिये जा पके है, लेकिन बहु सभी टेक भोदर नहीं हुई हैं। उस नो नारण में बढ़ा भी नहीं सकता है, सेदिन काम तेजी से ही रहा है। कुछ के मादेश भंभी दिये जा चुके हैं, लेकिन बुछ कठिनाई मभी मा रही है, जैसे विसी फैक्टरी वाले र्ने कहा कि मान लीजिये उस पर 1 करोड इपया बाकी है, लेकिन वह या कर धगर यह पेत्र करता है कि उस को केन्द्रीय सरकार भीर राज्य सरकार से। करोड के समभग हों मिलने वाला है भीर वह उस के कानजी प्रमाय प्रस्तुत करता है तो फिर हमें की सीचना पहला है कि जब धरकार को ही इसको रूपमा देना है तो इस वा बनाया है,लेकिन तत्काल उस के निर्णय में भी कठिनाई होती है। सन्य सरनार और केन्द्रीय मरकार के एस्साइन विभाग से उस की पूछताछ करनी होती है कि वाकई में बकाबा है या नहीं।

MR CHAIRMAN: The question is how many have been taken over. You can given an idea.

थी धानु प्रताप धिह 2 फैनटरिया के निये मादेश दिवें जा मुके हैं। MR, CHAIRMAN: Now, there is an amenedment by Shri Vinayak Prasad Yadav for circulation of the Bill for eliciting opinion. The question is:

"That the bill be circulated for the purpose of eliciting opinion thereon by the 31st December, 1978."

The motion was negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That the Bill to provide for the temporary taking over, in the public interest, of the management of vertain sugar undertakings in certain circumstances be taken into consideration."

The motion was adopted.

MR. CHAIRMAN; The question is:

"That Clause 2 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted,

Clause 2 was added to the Bill.

Clause 3 (Vesting of management of a sugar undertaking in Central Government).

SHRI B. K. NAIR (Mavelikara): I beg to move:

Page 4, line 1,-

for "three" substitute "five" (6) Page 4, line 12, --

for "three" substitute "five" (7)

'Page 4, line 28, for "three" substitute "five" (8)

Page 4, line 31, -

Page 4, line 31, for "three" substitute "five" (9)

SHRI BHAGAT RAM (Phillaur): I beg to move:

Page 3, line 1, - .

for "ten" substitute "five" (20)

for "ten" substitute "five" (20) Page 3, line 25, ---

after "dues" jusert "with ten per cent interest" (21)

Page 4. ~

for lines I to 12, substitute-

"Government shall be in force for ever," (22)

Page 3, line 25, after "dues" insert "with fifteen

per cent interest" (37)
SHRI DAJIBA DESAI: I beg to

Page 3, -

move:

for lines 19 to 32, substitute-

"time, the Central Government shall declare by notification that the management of such undertaking shall vest in the Central Government on and from such date as may be specified in such notification," (24)

Page 3, line 34, omit "clause (a) of? (25)

Page 3, lines 45 and 46; omit "clause (b) of sub-sections
(2) or" (26)

Page 4 line 12, -

for "three" substitute "five" (27)

SHRI B. K. NAIR (Mavelikaral)*
Madam Chairman, I may be permitted to make some observations as this
is the first opportunity given to me to
speak on this Bill. I feel that this Bill
is not what it appears to be actually.
It is a highly politically motivated Bill

IShn B K Naurl

It is not a mere on incidence that the Ordinance in miestion was issued on 4th November three days after Chik magalue election. The constituents of the ruling party many of the functionames of the ruling party have been talking loud about nationalisation several industries. Some have gone to the extent of saving that all the major industries in the country textile cement aluminum everything should be nationalised. There was one Minister who said that the Tata Steel should be nationalised At the same time, the public used to say that it is all meant to bluff the people trying to col lect money and make political capital. This Bill I feel, fite into that sort of definition. The Minister says that it is intended to serve the interests of the various constituents or section, of the nubbe What happens is the mill owners are very much being looked after The mill owners are in need of a paid holiday after working so hard From Rs 500 to 1250 a month is going to be paid to them. This industry s passing through a crisis. There are times in which many industries come to this stage The industrialists would like that somebods would take over the mills restore the conditions and give

them if back to them The Janata Party Government has come to their rescue For three years or so probably the mills will be looked after and after that there is every assurance that they will be returned to the ov \$

With regard to other parties the core growers how are they to be look ed after? The other day the Uttar Pra desh tall Owners Association has core out with a statement that it will not be prepared to pay more than en rupees a quintal of cane whatever the not ernment may do That is the post tion The Government do anything Actualry the cane growers wall continue to be at the mercy of the mill owners The Miniter use just now saying that most of the mils are under public control.

under cooperatives or Government and that it is only a minority of mills that are under private ownership With regard to arreare also he said that out of Rs 53 crores a substantial amount is due from the Government undertak ings

MR CHAIRMAN You will have to be brief Your party has already ox hausted the time allotted for it.

SHRIB K NAIR 1 look upon this Bill as a political weapon to serve the by e-electrons in North India that were then coming viz. Samastipur and after the purpose has been served the Covernment is keeping mum I put a question as to how many undertakings were taken over since the ordinance was issued which was a month before Even non the Covernment has not made up its mind. It is just a uishy washy thing It is just to bluff the people the public, the voters of North India There was no earnest purpose behind this Bill It would be clear from an examination of the statement of objects and reasons in one context the Minuster says that Rs 53 crores are the arrears to be paid and in another context he says that it will involve an expenditure of Rs 50 lakbs by way of

loan assistance towards dues. There is so much disparity Was it for the purpose of paying Rs. 50 lakhs that all this halla galla was made? It is all just making a noise as if the Janata Party Government is go ing to be revolutionary about nationa heation of mills. The object merely to serve the purpose of the bye-elections and nothing The parties worst affected are the workmen The Custodian-General are given absolute powers in regard to set ting aside the laws even the minimum wages are not being paid Look at the Schedule even the provisions of the Ministrum Wages Act can be set uside There is no guarantee of minimum wages no protection under standing orders or under the Industrial disputes

MB CHAIRMAN Minister will look into that SHRI B. K. NAIR: He must have seen it.

The Custodian is being given the widest powers in dealing with employees. There is no security of employment, Clause 11 is supposed to define the powers of the Custodian. He is being given the absolute powers. It sows:

"If the Custodian or Custodian-General is of oginion that any contract of employment entered into by any owner or member of a notified sugar undertaking or its agent in relation to the said undertaking, at any time before the date of vesting is unduly onerous, he may, by giving to the employee one month's notice in writing or the salary or wages for one month in lieu thereof, terminale such contract of employment."

It says, "at any time it may be 16 years ago or 5 years ago, any award, any settlement, any agreement, can be torn to pieces with one month's notice or by paying one month's wages or salary and an employee can be sent out. Whereas clause 10 concerns itself with regard to contractual obligations of the mill, As for as they are concerned, the limitation is only for one year but in respect of workmen, it extends to an unlimited period. There is no period of restriction. Any agreement can be torn to pieces. By giving one month's notice or by paying one month's wage, the entire contractual obligation can be discharged and an employee can be sent out.

This Bill, in my opinion, Is only a political weapon. The Janata Party wanted to fool the people. That is all.

थौ भगत राम: सभापति महोदय, देश के व्या उत्पादक किसानी में बहुत रिजेंग्टमेट पाया जाता है। एक तो उनका जो गन्ना है वह विक जार्बेबा—इसकी कोर्ड गारंधी क्षती है । इसरे जी बन्ने की कीमत है वह भी परी नहीं मिल रही है। पिछले साल साढे 13 स्पर प्रति स्विटल का भाव पंजाब में किसानी को मिलता रहा लेकिन इस साख सरकार ने एनाउत्स किया है कि 10 रुपए प्रति विवटल का भाव मिलेगा । लिधियाना एप्रीकल्बरल विनविनटी है यह दिसाव निकासा है कि गन्ना उत्पादन करने में साढ़े 14 रपया श्विटल का राजा बाता है । इसीनिए फिसान 15 ६५ए स्विटन का भाव मान रहे हैं। घफ्तोस की बात यह है कि सेक्टर की बोर से स्टेटस को हिदायत दी गई है कि केंद्र ने जो नन्ने का भाव ऐनाइन्स किया है लममें ध्रधिक भाव देने के लिए राज्य सरकारों मिलो को बाध्य न करे। इसलिए किसानों में वडा रिजेटमेट है ।

सभी मिनिस्टर नाहुव ने बताया है कि अुन 53 करोड़ के एरिसमें है किस पर कोई त्यान नहीं मिल रहा था। यह अब्ही बात है कि एरिसमें पर व्यान देने की बात कहीं गई है। '

इस्ते बार ही एक बात बार नहीं गई देहि। जूत पर 10 परवेट के बाराय एपिंग्स हैंगे वर्ड, विज्ञों की सरकार बार के सके में बेची भी में मोंगे भी हे आपेला करणा पाइला हूं कि 10 परंतर एपिंग्स के हीना बहुत ब्यादा है, जिल मिलों के जिम्मे 5- परवेट एपिंग्स भी हों जब मिलों के जिम्मे 5- परवेट हों की अपने की प्रमाण की हैंगे। पास्त्री हैं परिवर्त में अपने अपने का बात हैं। नाम हों ऐस्पिक पर 5- परवेट का उन्हेंट सिन्म वानी है से कर कितानी की स्थाप परविद्या है। कितानी से बार कितानी की स्थाप परविद्या है। कितानी इस्तिक्ट वनकी 15 परवेट का स्थाप मिनान की पुरा कर हैं।

मंत्री जो ने बहु भी कहा है कि देश में चीनी का कंकमधन नम है इसीदिए चीनी चिटती को बेदनी पड़ती है। हमारे देश में घमी तिर्फ 3 क्रितीवाम प्रति व्यक्ति कंकमप्तान है। गुड़ वर्गरह मिताकर व्यव्ता ने ब्यादा 21 क्रितीवाम प्रति व्यक्ति पर-देशर होता है। जबकि पूरोप में 42 से 45 क्रितीवाम प्रति व्यक्ति प्रदेशर कक्षमपत है।

्एक बात यहा पर यह कही गई है कि कियान बिकारी है भीर मज़्दूर विचार है—वीकिन प्रसम बात यह है कि वे दोनों ही विकार है धोर मित के किया है कि वे दोनों ही विकार है धोर मित वे दिल्ला किया है । भैने प्रमेण्डमेट मेंज विच है....

MR. CHAIRMAN: I think you will have to conclude now Mr. Bhagat Ram. I am sorry; there is no time. I am [Mr Chaurman]

cathny the Minister You have spoken in the general discussion already, and you have spoken on your amendments Please resume your seat

थी मानु प्रताप सिंह सभापति महोदया भै कोई भी अभग्डमेंट स्वीकार नहीं करता ह और यदि माप स्वाबत दें वो में इन पर प्रवास भी दान स्वता हा।

मेरे सामने जो माननीय सदस्य बैठ हैं उहाँनै ग्रह भारोप समाया है कि जनता पार्टी सोदीयकरण को बहुत बात करती मी तिन मन उस का इरादा राष्ट्रीयकरण का नहीं है, बेल्कि राजनीतिक लाम दशने का है। मैं उने से यह निवदन करना बाहरता ह कि व्यक्तिगत प्राप्तियन को छोड कर बनता पार्टी ने कभी भी इस प्रकार की धोपणा नहीं भी थी कि वह इन मिली का राष्ट्रीय करण करेगी। परत जिस दा के दे नदस्य हैं, उस दल ने जरूर यह बोषणा की थी कि इन मिलो का राष्ट्रीयकरण किया जाएरा और उस घोषणा के बाद कम से रूप 8 वर्ष तरु वे सता में उहे इस बीच में बन्होंने उस ना नाम तक नहीं लिया

SHRIRK NAIR I think he is referring to me I had said function aries of the Party' and not the Party'

भी भानुप्रकार सिंह 8 दर्भ तक उन की राष्ट्रीयकरण रा प्रवसर नहीं मिता । बास्तव में उन के दल की जो नीति रही है, वह समझते है कि जनता पार्टी की भी बही नीति है। जनती पार्टी इस तरह की बोयमार्थ नहीं करती है। जनवा पार्टी ने राष्ट्रीयकरण के बस्ताब में अपेदी स्विति को प्रनक बार स्पष्ट किया है।

रूपरी धालीबना यह की गई कि इस में सेंबर-लाज शादि के निलम्बन की व्यवस्था है। में धरकार की तरफ से विक्वास दिलाना चाहता ह कि सरकार का ऐसा कोई क्यादा नहीं है 1 भैक्ति जैसामें पहले कह चुका हु—सक्ट करमें में हम को हर सुरत में मिलें घलानी हैं—एसी स्पिति हे लिथे यह व्यवस्था रखी गई है, मनर रत की बहुत कम अस्पत परनी मार्ट जरूरत नहीं होगी तो बिल्फूल इस्तेमान नहीं होमा । रत म्परस्थामों को उही तरीके से रखा गया है असे नशनता टैक्सटाइस कारवोरेशन के मामले में यह स्परत्या एकी नई भी । देख का इस्तेमाल हम नहीं करेंने हम को मनदूरों से पूर्ध हमदर्दी है उन के प्रधिकारों का किसी बस्ह से हनके नही होने दिया जाएका ।

SHRI K RAMAMURTHY (Dharmapun) I am sorry to interrupt

MR CHAIRMAN Give him a chance to finish

भी मान प्रताप सिंह महोदया, मैंने स्वय जब इस को देखा हो मैंने इस को आप की मीर मझ को यह देवताया गया । माप जानती है कि इस की क्षाप्टिय सा दिपार्टमेंट ने होती है-मूस की बतानाया गया कि नैयानल दैवसटाइन कारपारेशन बताते समय भी जब उन ना प्रधिप्रहुण दिया गमा या हो उस समय भा इस भी व्यवस्था की पह थी । मैं फिर इस बात को दोहराता ह कि मजदरों के हिठों को युर्खात रखा जाएगा । हमारा ऐसा नोई इरादा नही है कि उन की मिनियम बज्ज न दिया जाए-मेरा यह मान्नासन ने समसता हु-नगरी होना पाहिए।

MR. CHAIRMAN Now, you want to say something on this point, before he goes to the next point about pricing?

SHRI K RAMAMURTHY think there are specific provisions in the Textile Mills (Take-over) Act and other Acts, but it has been speelfically mentioned in this Sugar Undertakings Bill that all labour laws can he suspended.

थी बानु प्रताप सिंह महोदया, मेरे सामने यह टैक्सटाइल कारपोरेशन

SHRI K RAMAMURTHY The same Government has pas ed two Bills-in regard to Britannia undertaking and Bolani Oars There is an assurance in the Bill itself that the working conditions of the workers will continue So what I want to ask the Hon. Minister is why in this specific Bill in regard to sugar undertakings they want to suspend all the labour laws

MR. CHAIRMAN You can consult your colleague the Labour Minister he would know

श्री मान प्रताप सिंह इसमें द्यालरेडी गई प्रावीजन है---

Power of the Central Government to make certain declarations in relation to sick textile mills '

जस में यह सभी चीजें आबी है जो इस में बोहराई मई हैं।

SHRI K RAMAMURTHY; Suspension of labour laws has not been included in the case of Britania Industries as well as in the case of Bolani Ores. Why have you mentioned this only in the Sugar Undertakings Bill? Perhaps lyou want to make concessions to the employers of sugar industries.

श्री मानु प्रताम सिंह : देखिये टैक्सटाइल और नुगर इंडस्ट्रीज का मुकाबला त्रिटेनिया से करना वेकार है । यह चले या न चले, एक जाए, उस से कोई सास फर्क पड़ने वाला नहीं है ।

SHRI K. RAMAMURTHY: The working conditions are the same. He did not, perhaps, understand the implications of Clauses 7 and 11. (Interruptions)

MR. CHAIRMAN; Mr. Ramamurthy, will you please resuming your seat? Again and again you are repeating yourself, and he is repeating yourself, and he is repeating himself. Does it help the House? You have made your point. The Minister is making his points. I cannot force the Minister to saw something.

श्री मान प्रताप सिंह : यन्ने के मूल्य की चदायमी के बारे में यह सुझान रखा गया है कि दस परसेंट के बजाब पांच परसेंट कर दिया जाए। जब हम इस विल को पारित करते हैं तो इस का धर्म यह नहीं होता है कि राज्य सरकारों के पास जो कायदे-कानून है या ताकत है, उन को हम निवस्थित करने जा रहे हैं या खरम करने जा रहे हैं। जिस प्रकार से लैंग्ड रेवेन्यू से वसूसी कर ली जाती भी उसी प्रकार के सारे अधिकार राज्य सरकारों के पास बने रहेंने। जो रकमें दस प्रतिकत से वीचे हैं उन की बसूली के प्रधिकारों का प्रयोग होता रहेगा । यह तो हम बन्तिम अस्त्र के रूप में ले रहें हैं। इस का ग्रंथ यह है कि जब उस ने सीमा पार कर ली है तो इसका उपयोग किया जा सकता है। यह जो दस प्रतिञ्चत की सीमा रखी गयी है यह कैरु है, इसे तीचे उतार कर पांच या छ: परसेंट पर लाना ठीक नहीं है। बसूसी के लिये राज्य सरकार के पास जो श्रविकार है उन का प्रयोग होता रहेगा, जन के द्वारा वसूनी के लिये कीशिय होती रहेंगी । इसलिये में यह संयोधन स्वीकार नहीं करता ।

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Nair, are you pressing your amendments?

SHRI B. K. NAIR: I had suggested two more amendments—deletion of Clauses 7 and 11 and deletion of the Schedule...

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MR. CHAIRMAN; You cannot raise it at this stage, Now please tell me whether you are pressing your amendments to the vote...

SHRI B. K. NAIR: I am not pressing. I would like to withdraw my amendments: Nos 6 to 9.

Amendments Nos. 6 to 9 were, by leave, withdrawn,

MR, CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bhagat Ram.

SHRI BHAGAT RAM; I am pressing them.

MR. CTAIRMAN; I shall now put amendments Nos. 20, 21 and 22, together, to the vote of the House,

Amendments Nos. 20 to 22 were put and negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Dajiba Desai.

SHRI DAJIBA DESAI: I am not pressing my amendments, Nos. 24 to 27. I want to withdraw them.

Amendments Nos. 24 to 27 were, by leave, withdrawn

MR. CHAIRMAN: Amendment No. 37. Mr. Bhagat Ram.

SHRI BHAGAT RAM: I am pressing.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I shall now put Amendment No. 37 to the vote of the House.

Amendment No. 37 was put and negatived,

MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That Clause 3 stand part of the Bill."

The motion was adopted,

Clause 3 was added to the Bill. Clause 4 was added to the Bill. CLAUSE 5 (Appointment of Custodian)

SHRI A. ASOKARAJ (Peramba lur) I beg to move

Page 5 line 17

omit an individual of (12)

SHRI B C KAMBLE (Bombay South Central) I beg to move

Page 5 Lines 17 and 18 and wherever they occur-

for an individual or a body of individuals or a Government company"

ราเกรารระบาย

"a Board coasting of the re presentatives of theCentral Government and the representatives of the profess to the concerned sugar undertakıngs (13)

Page 6 line 15 and wherever they occur-

for Central Government substitute-

President of India (14)

SHRI DAJIBA DESAI I beg to move

Page 5 June 17-

for an individual or a body of individuals

substitute a body of sugarcane farmers (28)

Page 5 line 23-

omit an individual or (29)

Page 6 June 17-

for body of individuals

substitute body of sugarcane farmers (30)

'SHR1 A. ASOKARAJ (Peramba lut) Madam Chairman through my

567 Supar Undertakings DISCEMBER 15 1978 (Taking over etc.) Bill Amendment to Clause 5 of the Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over of the Management) Bill I would like to say a few words On 13th of this month there was the announcement over the All India Radio that notice of intention of taking over the management by the Government has been sent to 160 sugar undertakings I am unable to understand the efficacy of mying such advance intimation of the Government's intention to take over the management especially to those who are known for evading the dues to the sugarcane cultivators I apprehend that by the time the Government decide to take over there will be only empty halls of the factories the managements would not leave a small screw for the Government to take over The Government would be following the footsteps of sugarcane cultivators I would like the hon. Minister to clarify this step of the Government

> There should not be any delay in the crushing of sugarcane If crushing is inordinately delayed the losers will be the sugarcane cultivators All the crushing should be completed in the crushing season. The arrears due to the cultivated should be paid by the millowners When the nationalised banks and private sector banks are competing with each other to give financial assistance to the sugar mill owners why should the Government come forward to take over the monagement?

It is said that this step of taking over the management is in fact a profective measure for the sugarcane cultivators I wonder how far this is going to be a real help to the harassed cultivators The mill owners are being helped in the matter of exports also The State Trading Corporation comes to their rescue Even here the loss incurred by them in the exports is being replenished by the Government's subside

The original speech was delivered in Tamil.

It is common knowledge that sugar lobby is very powerful in our country. It is a consequence of the hobnobbing of the sugar magnates with the politicians that the recommendations of Bhargaya Commission have not yet been implemented. On the other hand, they are being helped in doses. The other day, our Food Secretary, Shri R. Balasubramaniam, said that Sampath Committee recommendations in the matter of giving incentives for the establishment of sugar mills would not be implemented by the Government. But, before the ink dries, there is another announcement that more sugar mills would be set up in Madhya Pradesh. Would the Minister explain the causes for this nolte face?

I have given the amendment because of my apprehension that an individual to administer a Mill would not be sufficient. In fact, he will be liable to commit the same mistakes committed by the erstwhile management. I suggest that there should be a Board of Directors for administering the sugar-mill if it is to be restored to become a productive unit.

With these words I appeal to the Minister to accept my amendment.

SHRI B. C. KAMBLE (Bombay-South-Central) : So far as my amendment No. 13 is concerned, it arises out of the constitutional obligation under Art. 43A. We have passed that particular Article, It says:

"The State shall take steps, by suitable legislation or ini any other way, to secure the participation of workers in the management of undertakings, establishments or other organisations engaged in any industry."

So far as this constitutional obligation is concerned, this is a very appropriate time that instead of appointing your custodians, the individuals, or body of individuals or Government companies, you should kindly follow this provision which is embodied in Art. 43A.

Then, Madam, there is another amendment-Amendment No. 14-and I have stated that instead of putting in the expression 'Central Government' you should out in 'President' because under Article 77, sub-Clause (A), all executive action of the Government shall be expressed to be taken in the name of the President.

Therefore, actions cannot be taken in the name or in the expression of the 'Central Government'. These are two of my amendments which arise out of the constitutional obligation which, I submit, the hon, Minister will do well in accepting. Otherwise we will be passing the Bill but iti will be challenged in the court in due course.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Shri Desai. He is not here. I shall put his amendments.

Amendment os. 28 to 30 were put and negatived.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Asokaraj, are you pressing your amendment?

SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: No. I am not pressing my amendment. I want to withdraw my amendment No. 12,

Amendment No. 12 was, by leave, mithdrawn.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Kamble, are you pressing your amendments?

SHRI B. C. KAMBLE: Yes, Madam,

MR. CHAIRMAN: Is the Minister accepting his amendment?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP Constitutionally, it will be challenged. There will be a procedural difficulty. SHRI B C KAMBLE, Yes, Madam

भी मानु प्रकार विहु भरतनीय सदस्य ने दो प्यास्ट उठाये हैं, एक वो कास्टोटयूबनस प्राविजन की भाव नहीं है भीर हुंचरी यह कि अनीबेंट का भी प्रथिकार होना व्यक्ति

बहा तम वेबीवेंट की बात पड़ी गई है, उस की धावस्थाता नहीं है, बेबत उह में तमय नामा भीर उह के काई साम नहीं हाने बातर है। मेनीवेंट भी धावस्थातनमेंट में मीतवें पता है। मेनीवेंट भी साम्बर पवनमेंट में मीतवें पता है। निष्ण सेतें हैं हानीवें करत एक प्रतिवेदका दिकारकों देखा होती है, जब्दे सम्मुक्ति में बोर्ड परिवर्डन होनें बाता नहीं है।

MR. CHAIRMAN I shall put amendment Nos 13 and 14 to the vote of the House

Amendment Nos 13 and 14 were put and negatived

MR CHAIRMAN The question is

"That Clause 5 stand part of the

The motion was adopted.

Clause 5 was added to the Bull. Clause 6 was added to the Bull

clause 7-Power of Central Government to make certain declarations

if R CHAIRMAN- I think there are amendments Mr Kamble

SHRI B C, KAMBLE · I move.

'Page 6, lines 45 and 16,onat "shall not apply or" (15)
Page 7, line 1,-

after 'or omissions" insert-

"Without detriment to the rights and interests of workers" (15)

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MR CHAIRMAN Mr. Dajiba Desal. He is not here Mr Bhagat Ram. You move your amendments.

· SHRI BHAGAT RAM: I move:

omit lines 14 to 18" (23)

MR CHAIRMAN Are you accepting these amendments?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH:

MR CHAIRMAN: I shall now put samendment Nos 15 and 16

SHRI B C. KAMBLE: I am press-

MR CHAIRMAN One at a time will be put Do you want to press?

SHRI B C KAMBLE; Yes, Madam Let him withdraw the clause suspending the agreement Amendment 15 relates to the Schedule. I want a division on amendment no 18

MR CHAIRMAN I will now put amendment No 15 to the vote of the House

Amendment No 15 was put and negatived

15 hrs

Ν'n

MR CHAIRMAN; I will now put amendment No 16 of Shr! B C Kamble, to clause No 7, to the vote of the House

The question is -

'Page 7, line L,

after "or omission" insert-

"without detriment to the rights and interests of workers"." (16)

The Lok Sabha divided:

AYES

Alluri Shri Subhash Chandra Bose Asokarai Shri A. Banatwalla, Shri G. M. Barman, Shri Palas Bhagat Ram, Shri Bhattacharva, Shri Dinen Bheeshma Dev. Shri M. Bonde, Shri Nanasahib Burande, Shri Gangadhar Appa Chandrappan, Shri C. K. Chettri, Shri K. B. Dasappa Shri Tulsidas Desai, Shri Hitendra Kadam, Shri B. P. Kamble, Shri B. C. Kolur, Shri Rajshekhar Kosairam, Shri K. T. Lakkappa, Shri K. Meduri, Shri Nageshwara Rao Mirdha, Shri Nathu Ram Murthy, Shri Kusuma Krishna Naidu, Shri P. Rajagopal Patel, Shri Ahmed M. Pradhan, Shri Amar Roy Rachajah, Shri B. Rajan, Shri K. A. Ramamurthy, Shri K. Rangnekar, Shrimati Ahilya P. Roy, Shri A. K. Saha, Shri A. K. Saha, Shrì Gadadhar †Saran, Shri Daulat Ram San, Shri Robin Tirkey, Shri Pius

NORS

Alhaj, Shri M. A. Hannan Amin Prof. B. K. Balbir Singh, Chowdhry Barakataki, Shrimati Renuka Devi Barnala, Shri Suriit Singh Bateshwar Hemram, Shri Bharat Bhushan, Shri Borole, Shri Yashwant Brit Rat Singh, Shri Dawn Shri Rai Krishna Desai, Shri Morarji Digvijov Narain Singh, Shri Durga Chand, Shri Dutt. Shri Asoke Krishna Ganga Singh, Shri Girjanandan Singh, Shri Harikesh Bahadur, Shri Hazari, Shri Ram Sewak Jasrotia, Shri Baldev Singh Khan, Shri Kunwar Mahmud Ali Khan, Shri Mohd. Shamsul Hasan Khrime, Shri Rinching Khandu Kureel, Shri Jwala Prasad Mahala Shri K. L. Mankar, Shri Laxman Rao Mohd, Hayat Ali, Shri Militunjay Prasad, Shri Nathuni Ram, Shri . Nayak, Shri Laxmi Narain Negi, Shri T. S. Pandey, Shrl Ambika Prasad Parulekar, Shri Bapusaheb Phirangi Prasad, Shri Ral, Shri Narmada Prasad Raida, Shrl Ratansinh Rakesh, Shri R. N. Ram Dhan, Shri

Bam Gonal Singh Chaudhury Ramagati Singh Shri Ramdas Singh Shri Hather Dr Bhaguan Dass

Ramu Swah, Br Rayardra Pratap Singh Son Rodersues Shr: Rudolph

Rothuama Dr R Saboo Shra Austhur

Sai Shri Larang Samantasenhera Shri Padmacharan

Saty a Dec S nah, Shri Shemalkar Shri N K Shukuthaa Singh Shri Singh Dr B V

Soman! Shri Roop Lab Surendra Bikram Shri

Saamy Dr Subraman am Tej Pralap Singh Shrt Thakur Shri Aghan Singh

Varma Shri Rayindra Verma Shri R L P

Yaday Shn Gyaneshwar Prasad Yadava Shri Roon Nath Singh Yadvendra Dutt Shra Yustas Sha

UR, CHAIRMAN Subject to corretion the result* of the divis on is A)es-34 Noes-63 the amendment is fost

The motion was negatived.

la de hes

COMMITTEE OV PRIVATE VEN-BERS BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

TWENTY SERTH REPORT MR CHAIRMAN The House and now take up Private Members Busi nest Shre Pabelra Mohan Pradhan

____ other inputs 'Tre following Members also recorded their votes

AYES Shri k Suryamirajana and Shri B K. Nair

NOES Shri Lalu Oraon Shri Ka lash Prakash Shri Pahitra Mohan Pradha i and Sant Daulat Ram Saran

SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRA DHAN (Deogarh) Sir I beg to move the following

That this House do agree with the Twenty sixth Report of the Committee on Private Members Bills and Resolutions presented to the House on the 1ath December 1978

MR CHAIRMAN The question is

That this House do agree with the Twenty sixth Report of the Committee on Private Mem ere Bills and Resolutions precented to the House on the 1oth December 19.8

The motion upos adopted

15 03 hrs

RESOLUTION BE RECLAMATION OF HARREN AND FALLOW LAND FOR DISTRIBUTION TO LANDLESS PERSONS-Contd.

MR. CHAIRMAN Now the House will have to take up further discussion of the following Resolution moved by Shu Laxma Naram Vayak on the 24th August 1978 --

This House is of opinion that with a view to providing employment to about 7 crore unemployed persons reclaiming barren and fallow lands and increasing food production in the country the Central Government should promoe necessary financial assistance to State Governments and Union Territories Administrations to form a Land. Army which may reclaim about 5 crore acres of barren and fallow land within one year and distribute it among the landless persons ofter providing irrigation facilities and

I would like to remind hon. Members before further discussion on the Resolution by Shri Laxmi Narain Nayak starts, that the time allotted by the House for this discussion has already been exhausted.

The House may now allot further time for this Resolution.

Is it the pleasure of the House that time allotted to this Resolution be extended by fifteen minutes to enable Shri Laxmi Narain Navak to reoly to the debate? He is due to reply.

SOME HON MEMBER : YES

MR CHAIRMAN: Ab right the time is extended to enable Shri Laxmi Narain Nayak to reply.

Only Fifteen Minutes, please,

थी सपनी नारावण नावक (खजुराहो) : सभावति महोदय, भेरा जो ग्रजामकीय सकला है समका माननीय सदस्यों ने अपनी जनी में ममर्थन किया है और भानतीय कृषि राज्य मधी से मी उसका विरोध नहीं किया है क्वोकि यह ऐसा सफल्प है जो कि गरीब व्यक्तियों से ताल्पुक रखता है। इसमें कहा क्या है कि जो बजर ग्रीर पडती जमीन पडी है वह समतल कराजर, सिंघाई की मुविधा देशा उपकरणी के साथ भूमि सेना गठित करके प्रातीय सरकारो द्वारा विनरित की आये वदा केन्द्रीय गरकार इसमें मदद दे। एक माल में 5 करोड़ एकड़ जमीन को समिहीयों में वितरित कर देना चाहिए। मेरे इस सकत्म का वही आजब है । में इस सम्बन्ध में निवेदन केश कि केवल एक माननीय सदस्य को छोड़ कर सभी माननीय सदस्यों में इसका हृदय से समर्थन किया है ग्रीर जैसा में ने पहले कहा, मन्नी जी ने भी उसका कोई विरोध नहीं किया है क्योंकि यह दिल्कल नामयिक बात है । शासन नी बाहता है कि जितनी वजर और लागरिंग अमीन पड़ी है वं भूमिहीनों को मिलनी चाहिए । इन सम्बन्ध में एक दलीत यह वी गई कि मन्तीय नरकारें ही समीन की व्यवस्था करती हैं । इस सम्दन्ध में मेरा निवेदन है कि प्रान्तीय सरकारे जरूर भूमि की व्यवस्था करती है लेकिन केन्द्रीय सरकार का भी कुछ दामित्व हैं। क्योंकि जैसे प्रौड सिसी के मामले में केन्द्रीय सरकार दिलवत्या लेखी है, कई करोड़ स्पना इस के लिये स्वीकृत किया है, इसी तरह से सिचाई के मामले में केन्द्रीय सरकार दिलनस्पी लेती है, यद्यपि वह प्रान्दीय मामना है, इसी तस्त से भूमि सुधार के मामले में केन्द्रीय सरकार ने भूमि मुद्यार श्रायोग बनाया है वाकि पूर्विका मुद्रीर हैं। सके, बमीनो की जाबत्या ग्रेंच्छी तरह से हो सके । उसी तरह से मेरे कहने का मतलब यह है कि इस मामले में भी केन्द्रीय सरकार का दायित्व है, केन्द्रीय सरकार इस से सम्बन्ध रखती है, तार्कि जल्द से जल्द यह काम शुरू हो । इस का मै एक उदाहरण देना चाहता ह—बाप देखिये—धनमुचित अस्तिया तवा अनुसूचित अवजातियों के लिये एक करनाण समिति देनी हुई है---उसने प्रपनी 1978-79 के 25वें प्रतिवेदन में कृपि सौर तिवाई के सम्बन्ध में बहा है--(पट 1 पर)--

"में अपने पहले प्रतिबेदन (छठो लोक समा) के पैछ 30 में समिति ने यह मोट किया या कि सम राज्य क्षेत्र दिल्ती में जनस्थित जातियाँ तथा बनस्चित जननावियों के भौमहीन व्यक्तियाँ की वावटित कुछ भूगि हत्काल कृषि योग्य नहीं है । समिति ने यह सुसाथ दिवा या कि यदि प्रमुख्तित वाति । बनुसूचिँत जनवाति के किसी मुर्मिहीन व्यक्ति को ऐसी भूमि ग्रावटित की गई है जो तत्काल कपि योग्य नहीं है, हो दिल्ली प्रशासन को उस व्यक्ति की उन धनि को कृषि योग्य बनार के लिये सहायक प्रमुदान देना पाहिये । उसे भूमि ग्रावटन की तारीख से दो वर्ष की श्रविध के लिये भू-राजस्य की ग्रदायरी से भी छूट दी जानी चाहिये।"

समापति महोदय, यह लोक सना की नर्मित हे. जिस ने ग्रंपनी सिफारिज में कहा है कि जो ऐसी ज्मीन दे दी गई है—हरिजन और बादिवासियों को-जिस में वें डीक तरह से खेती नहीं कर सकते हैं ऐसी जमीनों को सुधार कर के दिया आप । इसी लिये मैंने वह उदाहरण दिया है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार का सन्धन्ध भूमि के मामले से है। यदि हमें तच्चाई के साब, ईमानदारी के साब भूमिहीनी को जमीन देशी है और उन के द्वारा उन की समस्याओं को हर्ल करता है हो यह अवसी है कि केन्द्रीय सरकार भी इस में पूरी दिलयस्पी ले ।

इनसे बात—प्रभी भी बहुत भी जमीन पड़ी क्षद्वे हैं। हो सबता है—प्रवाद प्रदेश या कुछ ऐस ब्रुट्य प्रदेश हो सकते हैं, जहां ऐसी बहुत कम जमीन हो, खेबिन मध्य प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश ग्रीर ग्रन्थ कई प्रदेश है जहा ऐसी जमीन बहुत जरादा है। भेरे यास भावार है—मलग-भ्रसर्ग प्रान्तो के---वहा अभीन पढ़ी हुई है, हैं कित उस को दिया नहीं जा सका है। इने में तीन तरह को जमीन हैं--

बजर और बज़प्ब भूमि –जो 2,35,59,000 हेश्डर £ 1 जो 1,68,63,000 कपि बेकार भीन हेक्टर है। (at 91,39,000 हवटर जाल बरती सुमि

इस तरह से कुल मिला कर 1,2,39,0%,000 एकड जमीन पड़ी हुई। है। इस मूर्निको छोती योग्य बना कर भूमिहीनो को दिशा था सकता धी तक्ष्मी नारायण नायकी

ं है। इस लिये, श्रीमन, यह सबाल नहीं जिल्ला क प्रपत्ने देश में भूमि नहीं है। भूमि है—जो इन बाकडो से स्पष्ट है।

प्रभी बुद्ध प्रदेशों में मादिवानियों को, हरिजनो को प्राप्त सी गई है-बेकिन न उन के पास बैत है, व एट है, व कोई इसरे उपकरण है जिस से वें प्रवि को ठीक कर के उन को उपाउन बाग्य बना मकें। होता यह है कि अमीन ता मिल पहें, संस्थि यह उनके पास विना उपयान के बड़ी रहती है या प्राप्ते चल कर वे उस को बेच देते हैं या निसी तरह से दूसरे उन पर बच्चा कर नेने है। में बाहता हू-पदि बासन के डाम उन को बमीद दी जानी है तो उस को टीक कमकर दिया नाय, जैस माधने "माना" में दिना । जो पर्शी बयात के शरणाणि प्राचे थे उन को जमीन .को समतल कराकर दिया गर्ना । दण्डवारूक में थो बसीन दी गई. यह भी ममनद करांकर दी गर्द। पन्ता में भी जमीन दी गयी। सगर सामन मिनिनीया का उनकी माजीविका के लिए काई राधन दना चाहना है तो उननो क्रमा-धावड भौर बजर जमोन न दो बाहा । ग्रवर दो भी बाए वाउग्रोक करार दी काए । एक निश्चित प्रोबाम के मनवन जमीन ठीक करा कर माप मजदरी नो दें बिस से वे उन जमीत पर खेती कर सर्छें। मगर माप उन्हें टीक बमीन देंगे तभी वे उस पर खेती कर सकी।

देश में को गरीब मादमी हैं जिन को हम रूपरे माधन नहीं दे मनते हैं, हिसी उदान में विनमो नहीं समा सकते हैं, काई बोक्से दिन की नहीं दे सकते हैं, उन के लिए अमीन ही ऐसा साधन है जिस से वे भएने दाने का इतजान कर मनते हैं, भपने धाने का इतआम कर सकते हैं। किमी व्यक्ति को कपड़ा न मिने, तेल-साबन म मिने, लेकिन हर व्यक्ति के बाने ना इतवाम दो हम को करना चाहिए । देश में बहन से ऐसे पारमों है दो पड़े लिखें नहीं हैं, जो खेती करना बाहते हैं लेकिन उन के पास बसीन नहीं है। हम पाहते है कि रेब में दिनने भी भूमिहीन है, हरितन है, पादिनाती है, पिछड़े वर्ग के हैं उनके लिए के दीव सरकार की बोर से प्रान्तीय सरकारी मो निर्देश प्रोर महायता दी जातीः चाहिए । मैने मरने प्रलाब में मी यह बहा है कि केन्द्रीय मरकार रम मम्बन्ध में प्रान्तीय सरकारों की वितीय सदद हरे ।

में वाहना हूं कि केन्द्रीय सरकार की घोर से विस वरह से दुमरे मसको वर मुख्य महियो पौर राजस्व मित्रमों हो बैठके बुनाई बाती हैं, इस मागरे में भी मुख्य मतियां की भौर राजस्व मवियों की बैठक बुलाई जाए । इस बैठक में इन पूमिहीना के बारे में एक निश्चित नीति हव को बाए । स्वोक्ति बद तक ऐसा नहीं होता ठव वक गह समस्या हुत होने बासी नहीं है। जिस

तरह से हम गल्ते के मामने में भारम निर्भर रूप को बेरिकर लगे में उन्हें साह दिया, मनकर ने मामले में बढ़ोल ताड़ दिये उसी नरह से हमें कोई नीति प्रपता कर इत भूमिहीनो के मामने में ' ' क्ट्रब उठाते हैं । जब तक दूर्म कोई नीति निर्धारित । कर के नहीं चरेंगे तब तक हमें सफनना नहीं मिल मबती । इस माधले में भी हमें बोई नीति बतानी पहेंगी, कानन बनाने पहेंगे । नाई योजना बनानी पड़ेगी । जब तक हमारा कोई सकरर या वीति नहीं होयां तब एक कोई सफनता हमें नहीं मिल सबती है।

चलना मच्या बाह्या तभी जब धीर विकास हो साई. क्लंब्य तभी पानन होगा जब प्रण भी ठाना हो नाई ।

बद्धिक दाई सदला लेकर दाम नहीं करेंगे तब तिक किसी काम में महलता नहीं मिल सकती है। हमारी केन्द्राय मामत के मतिया न विनती है कि वे इस मामले में बहत ब्यान से गौर कर के इन बार्य वा सकत बनायें। यह कोई ऐसा मामना नहीं है जिस की टाला जा सके। यह तो गरीबा का सबात है। यदि हमारी गरीबा के माब सहानभनि है. समिहीना के माब हमदर्शे है तो हमें इस समस्या की कारधर दम से हल करना वाहिए और इस कार्य में सफन होना वाहिए ।

इस प्रस्ताव का मुत्री और ने मण्टी तरह से पदा है। उन्होने भी इस ना विरोध नहीं किया - है । सदत के घन्य मानवीय सरस्या ने भी इस का समयंन किया है। धगर हम इस प्रस्ताव की प्राव पारित कर देते हैं तो प्राव का दिन ला**क** सभा के इनिहास में एक ऐसा दिन हागा जिस दिन इम मसिहीनों के निष्यहां कुछ तेय कर सकेने भीर हम कह सकेंगे कि हम ने इस तरह से उनके लिए साधनों को ब्यबस्या की, इतने करोड व्यक्तियों को अमीन दी ।

हवारे मामने झक्तर मवाल झाता है कि हम ने एक वर्ष में किनने भूमिहीनो को ठीक कर के अभीन दो है। इस प्रस्तांन को पास कर हम कह सकेंगे कि हम ने इतनी अभीत दी है। पात्र तक इस काम में किलाई होती रही है। मब केन्द्रीय सरकार को यहा ने यह प्रस्ताव पास कर इस दिलाई में घरुम लगाना चाहिए ग्रार प्रान्तीय सरकारों को यह निरंत देना चाहिए कि क्म में भागे से दिनाई नहीं हो । यह बहुते मच्छा सवाल है, यह कोई विवासस्यद चीज नही है। इसनिए इस मकन्य की को मेरा तहीं बल्कि सदन का सकत्य होना और इसको पढ़ कर और जान कर मभी लोग वहेंने कि लोक सभा ने ऐसा एक सकन्प स्वीकार विया है जिस का सम्बन्ध देश के गधेको से है, भूमिहीनों से है, उनके लिए साधन जुटाने के लिए है, बापको भी स्वीकार कर संग बाहिये । ऐसा करके प्राप ऐतिहासिक महत्वपूर्ण निर्मय ही करेंथे । में चाहता हूं कि तभी मानतीय सरस्य मीर मंत्री जी इंड पर तीन करके इनका पास करने की कृषा करें। यही में उन से साक्षा और अम्मीद करता है।

MR. CHAIRMAN: There is an amendment already moved by Sari Y. P. Shastri. Though he is not here, I will have to put if to vote. The ouestion is:

That in the resolution.

add at the end-

"and every person recruited in the Land Army be paid a minimum salary of Rs. 250 per month". (1).

The motion was negatived,

श्री भागु प्रताप सिंह : जिस रूप में यह संकर्म प्राथा है उस में स्वीकार नहीं किया जा सकता है। मैंने एक प्रमा याम सहमति से बनाथा है। इसका दूसरा ध्रम है। वह मेरे पास है। प्रभार प्रमाणी सदन स्वीकार कर से—

समापति महोदय : कोई भी संबोधन थींडम क्षणों में जब जबाब भी हो चुका हूं, सध्यस्थातमा स्वीकार्य नहीं होता है। लेकिन उसके न क्षा सकते के स्वार जोई विचार कराण रहे हों जो तथन की सहसरि से यह क्षा सकता है।

धी भान प्रताय तिह : मैं इसको उस रूप में प्रस्तुत कर देता हूं और मैं आजा करता हूं कि सदन इसको स्थीकार कर लेगा !

सदन इसका स्थाकार कर तथा । सभापति महोदय : घगर सदन को स्थीकार्य

कुछ माननीय सदस्य : हां, स्वीकार्य है ।

है तो मझे कोई भाषति नहीं है।

MR. CHAIRMAN: I am allowing this amendment to be moved, in these particular circumstances, by the Minister. THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): I beg to move:

"That in the Resolution, for the words to about? To rorse unemployed persons, reclaiming barren and fatfow lands and increasing food production in the country, the Central Government should provide necessary financial existence to State Governments and Union teristories Administrations to form a Land Army which may reclaim about land within one year and distributed in among the landless persons after providing irrigation facilities and other insults."

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'reclaiming barren and fallow lands and increasing food production in the country, the Central Government should consider getting a feasibility study made the creation of Land Army by the State Governments and Union Territories Administrations could be deployed for land development, land reclamation, irrigasimilar works tion facilities and and its distribution amongst landless persons together with other farm inputs and equipments." MR. CHAIRMAN: The question is:

"That in the Resolution, for the words to about? crore unemployed persons, reclaiming barren and fallow lands and increasing food production in the country, the Convention of the control

suņstitute

'reclaiming barren and fallow lands and increasing food producMr Chamani

tion in the country the Central Government should consider getting a feasibility study made for the creation of Land Army by the Sta e Covernments and Union fera tories Administrations which could be deployed for land development land reclamation, urregation facilities and similar works and its distribution amongst landless persons together with other farm inputs and equipments ?

The moin use adopted

I IIR CHAIRMAN Now I have to put the assolution as amended to the to e of the House The que tion is

That this House is of epinion that with a view to providing employment reclaiming barren and fallow lands and increasing food production in the country the Cen tral Government should consider getting a feasibility study made for the creation of Land Army by the State Governments and Union Territories Administrations which could be deployed for land development land reclamation irrigation facilities and similar works and its distribution amongst land

less persons together with other form inputs and equipments The motion was adopted

थी परमी नारावय शायक समापति महादम में प्रात प्रस्ताव का समोधित रूप म स्थोबार करन के नित्र कापना माननीय नहीं की दा पीर इस सन्द का अन्यवाद करता है।

MR CHAIRMAN I request the hon Members that such amendments should be moved in very very ex ceptional cases this is not a usual proctice Of course all hon Members do not get notice of such amend ments and they cannot express their views After all, departing from the regular procedure is not always advisable This should be done in tery very exceptional cases

15.22 hrs.

RESOLUTION RE REMUNERATIVE PRICES TO THE GROWERS OF COMPLETCIAL CROPS

MR. CHAIRMAN Now Shri Dinesh Joarder is not here. Shrimati P Rangnekar has to move the resolution

थीमतो द्वांतरमा पी० रागनदर (बम्बर नर मध्य) मधापति महाप्य, म निम्नरिचित सक्लापगंकरतीह 🛶

ंबह भया वाश्विकिष्ट नमना जन पटनन नम्रा बस्त्रक न्यूपत म्रास्त्रि न मस्त्रा न निराज्य तथा नम्रास्त्र ने पहले में प्रवेति न निराज्य तथा नम्यास्त्र न्यूपत क्ष्य के स्वीत पर महत्त्रे किया ध्यनन क्ष्य के स्वीत न्यस्य भरती है नि जलादका ना का स्वीत मस्य हिनान क तिए तजास उपाय निय प्राया धार वाणिज्यक पमता क मत्या ना विभ दरा क नारणा था जाच नरन धीर उत्पादका का लामप्रद मृत्य दिमान क निष च्याप मुपान हुनु मगद-मदस्या को एक उपन प्रस्ति प्राप्त समिति भी तरन्त गरित नी बाय ।

य-गणित महोदय मैं जा यह सक्त्य नामा है, वह प्राप्तवार इसलिय कि बाप त्यात है कि हमारे देन म बाजियिक प्रमता का कीमत कम हो रही है बन्ध्यमस एडज को भीमण बहता है। को नमाध्यस शाप्त हैं बाणिज्यन उत्पादन है उसकी क्षेत्रत कम हो रही है और इमक कारण को हमें देखका चाहिय क्यांकि यह हमारे समाब का भीर हमारे बन रूपमट का मजान है।

हमारे दक्ष में । बराब 25 नाज हैवर जमान पर प्राप्त है जनमें स 10 प्रतिरुद्ध बमर शियक नाष्म हैं। । काटि हमार विमान क्यशियक त्राप्त पर मेहनत करत हैं। हमारे देश में जी 5 पवनपीय याजनाए बनाई यह उसम तय निया गम या कि हम क्मीशयल नाया का उत्पादकता बबायन अतिनं अपर प्राप पिछल 25 माल हा हिमाद प्रमादम तो कर्नानम् प्राइस्टम् का उत्पादन बद्धानशाहै बल्हियम हाएशहै।

मात दस सनते हैं कि उत्पादन का सन्भ 1900-01 म तब विया पका था दि बहु 5 71 मितियन टन हा 1960-61 में यह 11 14 मितियन टन हमा करिन भाग देखें कि कृत्युमर्न वृह्य का चीनी सान वाली का परिमाण 29 धीमनी बहा ।

·लेकिन चतना उत्पादन हमारा नहीं बहा है । काटन और जट का धाप देखेंगे तो उन को भी · वैसी ही हालत है और आप दिलवें देक की दियोट देखेंगे तो उस में पता चलेगा कि 1964-65 में 'हमारा जो बोद रेट या कल्ब्यूमर्स गुद्दस का वह 3 परसेंट या छोर सब वह पट गर्या है, 2.6 परसेंट हो गया है। 3 परसेंट से कन्वपनसे बुड़स की बत्पादकता 2.6 परसेंट हो गई है. यह 'रिजर्ब वैक की रिपोर्ट कहती है । कामधियत कारस की हालत उस से भी बरी हैं। 1964-65 से पहले 3.9 परसेंट वह मा. याज 1.5 परसेंट हो गया है। इतना कम हो गया है। इस सब की जांच करनी साहिए । यगर ग्राप इस की जान नहीं करेंने तो हमारे पूरे देश का विकास खंडित ·होने थाला है ग्रीर हमोरे सामने ग्रीर सवाल भा जाएंगे । हमारी सारी एकोनामी कोलैप्त हीने वाली है ग्रगर हम इस के अपर ध्यान नहीं देने । इतना ही नहीं ग्राभ देखेंचे कि इन में जो फिनानों की इन्डेटेडनेंस हे वह भी बढ़ती जा रही है। एक बाज में वह बहुती जा रही है और इससे तरफ आप देवते हैं नेंड मोनर्श्विप का दो प्रावनम हिं उस में बहुत बड़े सगड़े चालु हो गए हैं। ट्रेसरी तरफ कास्ट का भी सवाण इस से पैदा हों जाएगा । एक तरफ कास्ट का मवान घोर दुमरी तरफ फल्टीबेटसे का सवाल, वे सारे मनते खड़े होने आले हैं। प्रगले दो वर्षों में सगर इस के बारे में हम केठ नहीं करेंगे तो हर एक स्टेट में ला एँड ब्रार्टर प्रावलम पैदा होने वालों है। यह ग्राम को व्यान में रचना बाहिए । इस प्रावसन के जपर ग्रगर ग्राप सीरियसकी ध्यान नहीं देने तो हुनारी एकोनामी का भी सवाल लो ऐंड क्राईर का भी सवाल और बोशल बाईर का बी सवाल ये सारे सवाल विकृत होने वाले हैं। यह द्रमें ध्यान में रखना श्राहिए ।

मैं प्राप्को और बताजं, बादों में वो चीबें पैक्षा कर रहे हैं उन की प्राइत इंडेक्त को देखें भीर जो कीमत हम उनकी दे रहे हैं उस की देखें तो मालूम होना कि हम उनको किस तरह फंसात है। हमारा जो ऐब्रीकल्परल ब्राइसेन कमीगन है रेस में वो सोन है ने सरमायेवारों के इंटरेस्ट को गार्व करने वाले और मोनोपलिस्ट्न के इंटरेस्ट्स को गार्ड करने वाले हैं। इसीतिए प्रभी तक हमारे जो किसान खेती करते हैं उन के बारे में ज्यान नहीं दिया थया है । होल्येन साथ प्राइस इंडेक्स देखें । 1970-71 की प्रगर वेम रखें तो 71-72 में राइम का इंदेक्स या 195 जो 1976-77 में हो भवा 157 फीर 1977-78 में वह है 154 । सैकिन ऐग्रीकत्वरन प्राइस कमोजन ने उस की प्राह्स कितनी फिल्म की है वह आप देखें। इस के माने यह है कि उन किमानों को वो सहस वैदा करते हैं, सुटने का घन्दा ग्रेग्रीकल्बरन प्राइसेंब कमीवन कर रहा है। खीट का देवें—1971-72 में ब्राइन इंडेंग्स था 103, 1976-77 में 159 और 1977-78 में है 156 1 वेकिन हमारे ऐप्रोक्ष्मित्यस्य प्रारवित क्यीमन ने प्राप्तग फिल्म की है 112 स्मर्प । द्यो यह हिस्स के सिंत्य जास कर रहे हैं, यह भाग बदाएं ? ब्राप्तस क्षेत्रस्य दक्ताता है 166 स्मर्थ और वह प्राप्त किस रूपों हैं 112 स्पर्ध । वह चीच प्राप्त की प्रमान में रखनी चाहिए ।

रा-काटन की हान्तन देतें, उस में प्राप उन की बहुत देते हैं । एफर्रेन देखें, 1971-72 में रा-काटन का माइम इंडेक्स था 83, 1976-77 में 209 और 1977-78 में ह 162 लेकिन यभी प्राप्तन फिल्म किया है 255 । यह क्या हो छा है ? इस चीज को भी बाप ध्योन में रखें । स बट का में ज्यादा नहीं बताती है. 1977-78 में इंडेक्स है 152 घोर प्राइज किर्बन की है 150 । टवेंको, कोल, फॉटलाइजर वर्गरह वाकी बीडो के बारे में धाप ने धनी तक प्राप्त फिल्म नहीं किया है। लेकिन उन की भी हायत खनों तक बत है कि जो उन की कीमत है उस की सन से असे ब्राप ने उन की प्राटम फिला की है। बापको यह ध्यान में स्वना चाहिए कि उन की जो सागत है वह तो बढ़ती जा रही है। बाकी जो बीजें उसे में लगती है जैते बाप देखें, पूर्वेल धीर पादर जो लगता है उस की कीमत 110 से 232 हो गई है। इसनी प्राडमैज बढ़ गई है। बाप देखते हैं कि उनके उत्पादन की वी प्राटन है उनको एबोक्टनरन आइतेज कमोतन कम कर रहा है। एक तरफ फुबल, पायर की कीमतें बढ़ती है, दूनरी को कम्बूमर गुट्न हैं उनकी कोमते बटनी है लेकिन दूसरी तरफैं जो उनका भाल है जनकी कोमत कम होती जाती है। इस बान की नरफ हामें ब्यान देना चाहिए बरना इस देश में बहुन कुछ होने वाला है।

सुरों का बहु है हि हमारे का में वो देशियानिस्ता है का मारी-नेवाल है किंदिनीस्ता है के मारी-नेवाल है किंदिन का बार बारे तो हु वह है किंदिन करने किंदा कर हुई है निक्त इसने ताल को किंदिन है करते मुंदा वा एक हैं। ने सामके मार्कन पित्रक सार्क्टीक्य करोते हैं। ने सामके मार्कन पित्रक सार्क्टीक्य करोते हैं। ने सामके मार्कन पित्रक सार्क्टीक्य करोते हैं। है करोते मार्क-गार्क्य रक्षण पार्टि हैं करोते मार्क-गार्क्य रक्षण पार्टि हैं करोते में दियों वर्षर, प्रशास का कि जो निमान पर पीत करोते हैं के करा कि इससे पार्टि करा की करीते की कार्य कि इससे पार्टि करा करा की करीते कार्य कि इससे पार्टि करा करा करा है के

"As of now I am sorry that we have got information on a global basis, but not in terms of cultivators of different kinds of crops and in such details."

श्रीमठी श्रहित्या पी॰ समनेकर]

। इत्हारे पान स्तोबन वैनिन की रिपार है, बल्टिवेटसे के बारे में उनके पास काई रिपार नहीं है । इसके बाद जब उनसे पूछा गया कि जा मिन मालिक हैं उनका कितना पैमा दिया गयातावै तुरल मच्याई पर मा गए । उन्होते बहा कि सं-विशिधित की पर्वेत्र मीर उसके मापरतन के लिए 157 22 करोड स्प्रस् दिए गए। साप दखें कि जूट मिला के मालिका को इन्त्री बडी रक्तव मिलता है लहिन या बुट बोबन है उनके निए रिजर्न वैश क पास कोई पैमा नहीं है। बैक के पान इमीलिए बाई हिमाब भी नहीं है स्थाकि उनको काई पैमा दिया हो नही बया है। स्मीतिए उडाने बबाद दने से इनशर कर

इतना ही नहीं, जहा जहा कारपारेशम हैं बता पर माउनाईज्ञान के नाम पर या इनरे नाम पर मिलो का पैना दिया गया है । माई डी दी पाई से टार्ज लान 19 2 करोड़ दिया गया । दबरो स्वीस्य म जलाई 1964 स 1975 हुई 15 50 करोड़ दिए गए । इण्डस्टियल पाइतेम कार्गोरेशन में भी कई कराड मिल । इस नगर में डाटन 66 17 कराड मिने । इस वरत से प्राप विश्वन कि मानापालिस्टम की हर नग्द्र से मदद की जाती है परित द्वासमें का हमारी वैक्स काई मदद नहीं देनी हैं। जट मिली क पान जा काना पैना वह जाता है उसका बनाव में इस्लेमान शता है । पब्लिक सण्डर-टांसम्ब समटी में रिवय वेंत के डिप्टी गवर्नन वत्त है कि किया का इतका पैसा दिया संप्र सरित प्राप्तस की हुए की नहीं मिनता है।

इसी प्रकार संभाद रहेने कि तुनस्केद के र्गारान, मध्य प्रदेश की नेदल टा मिला में, माझ रूपए बारी है। दिसाना दा 50 साख रप्रवा वाडी था। वैस्त स उन मिला का पैना यिता लिनि उसम पहन वैक ने मिला से यह क्या मही पूछा कि बातने विस्ताता का पूँचा दिया है सामग्री वर समुद्रों के को बी। जिन शिप्ताम मुक्त्यन विदायना मा अवनी उनश पैमा मिनना बाह्मिया। उस के बाद भी नरसार न उन की प्रापर्टी ना सर्टेच नहीं किया । किमाना बा वैभा दबा दिवा, सजदूरा का पैना हुवा दिया, उन की प्रोपर्टीका केन्द्रेल क्वनसङ्गे ग्रहेच महा विया, उन की प्रापटी का नीलाम करने की मानानहीं दी भीद वे सर पैसा छा गये । इम निर्मे में नहना चाहतो ह कि जब वक बाप रन मजदूरा घीर किसाना वा नूटने नाने इण्डस्ट्रीय-निस्ट्न भीर मानापोनिस्ट्ग के बारे में बैंका के नहीं नहसे कि पहले एरियंस वा पैसा देना चाहिये वर तक दूपरा काई इलाज नहीं है।

माप को मालून नहीं है—हम ने महाराष्ट्र में देशा है-महाराष्ट्र में जो सुबंद मिलें हैं, उने के नाम के बाब कोपापरेटिन तना हुआ, लेकिन इन के क्लीवर्ता कीन हैं हम जॉनवे हैं—वे

prices to growers' of commercial crops (Res.)

काम्रागरेदिन्त कियानो को योद्य मा सर्जा देती हैं, उस के बदने में उन वी घपनी पूरी पमल की इन के पाम डिपाजिट रखना पडता है मीर जब वे उन को फनल को नेते हैं तो उस पमल के भाव बन कर के उन नो देते हैं भीर इस नरह से वह किसान उन का पूरे-ना-पूरा कर्जा वापन नहां दंगकता है, उस का पूरी तरह संसरवानाण हारहा है।

इस लिये हमारा बहुना है कि जिस तरह से महाराज्य में मोनेपोलीनाटन-पर्वेज की स्कीम है-बगर वैसे स्त्रीय नहीं चलायेंगे ता विभानो का बुद्ध भी भता होने बाला नही है। जब उन नी त्राप धाती है तब वें रेटस कम कर देने हैं बीर बाजार में दलाल उस को खरीद लंदे हैं ग्रीर बाद में ऊने दामो पर दबते हैं। मैं माप को महाराष्ट्र के "प्याद" की बहाती मुनाना चाहनी हूं । क्लिमों से प्याद 26 पैसे विना में धरीदी वई, सेविन बाजार में उसका 2 रुपये किछी में बेचा गया, इस तरह से किसार भी लुटा और इस भी सुटे, बन्ज्यूमर भी सुट गया, बीच में सब दमाल की गये । इस के बाद स्टेंट टेडिंग बारपोरेशन धौर "नाफेड" से कहा बना रि प्याज खरीदो । उन के प्रधिकारी वहा दवे, जिन से पैसा मिला, उन से खरीद लिया घौर जो सच्चे विमान थे, जिल्हाने पैसा नहीं दिया, उन से नही खरोदा, स्वासिटी वे नाम पर उन के नाल नो नहीं खरीदा । बाप जानते हैं नाम्मियन भाग्न में बदालिटी के नाम पर बेडिन चन प्हा है--फार्ट बेड, सैनप्ट बेट, घडे बेट । इसी तरह से प्याद के मामले में जित का माल नहीं यगैदना था, उन का माल ग्रेड 3 का बनला दिया । जिस ने पैसा दे दिया उस का मात ग्रेड 1 बनना कर खरीद लिया । उस के बाद जब मायला थी मोहन धारिया के पान प्राया, तब समझौता हुया । मेरा यह बहना है कि इन सब र्थात्रा में जो दलान लागे हैं, वे बहुत गडवड करते हैं, वेदिन आप के नापेड में भी बहुत करः जन है। जन तह आप उस नरम्बन नो पूर नहीं करेंगे--शम नहीं बतेगा ।

में एम॰ टी० भी० के बारे में बतनाती हु-सीमेन्ट बीरिया में बम्बई पठुपा, तो एम०टी०मी० बाने बहा मये और समुद्र में ही उस को कामज पर खरीद निया । उमें के बाद उस का प्रधाने और रखने वा वाम विम वो दिया—हालसिया कम्पती को दिया । क्यांकि इन के पान स्टोरेज का इतिवाम नहीं था, जो वडी वडी मोनोपोलिस्ट चम्पनिया है—उन के पास ही स्टोरेज ना इन्तजाम होता है । प्राप जरा इकानामीक-टाइम्ब को देखिये— उन में छपा है—तेत ने बारे में। जो "स्वीट आपन" है—उस के बारे में लिखा है कि स्टारंज में जितना कम हो गया, नाथो स्पर्य का देल स्टोरेज में बम हो गया, स्पोकि स्टोरिंग की व्यवस्था मोनोपानिस्ट्म सोयो ने पाम होती है। धीमेन्ट भी इसी तरह से गायब हो गया, बहते हैं

समुद्र से फिनारे तक आने में टानिट में गायंव " हो गया. क्योंकि ये मोनोपोलिस्ट कम्पनियां जो व्यापार करती है, इन ने साथ हमारे एस्ट्राटीवेसी व स्रोर नाफेड के संधिकारी वामित है और कोई भी इन मामलों में दलल नहीं देता है। यह मेरा वार्ज है—इस के बारे में जान होनी चाहिये। ग्रगर याम इकानामिक टाइम्ज को पडिंगे तो अस को भी बहुत दुख होगा। लोग कहते हैं कि चीजों को स्केमरसिटी होने वासी है। हमें मास्म नही क्या स्केश्वर्रातटी होने वाली है, तेकिन यह मही है कि साम्बो टर्नमाल इस तरह से बीच में हो गामब हो जाती है। तो इस के बारे में फार को सीवना चाहिए । बच तन जुट परवेविव एवेन्सी जो कि गवनमेंट की परचेजिय एजेन्सी है, मै करप्यान खत्म नहीं होना है तब तक वह नमस्या हल नहीं होगी । ऐसी मीनोपनी एजेसी का निर्माण करने के बाद भी यह समस्या हन नहीं हां रही है। मेरा माप से कहना है कि आप एयोकल्बरल प्राइस कमीशन की दोबारा ग्रारमेगाइन्ड कीजिए ब्रीर उस में किसानों के प्रतिनिधि भी सीजिए । इस कमीशन के बारे में बाप यह भी जाब नीजिए कि फ्रानकल जो इन के मेन्बर हैं उनके इडस्ट्रियलिस्ट्म से क्या सम्बन्ध है।

हमारे देव में नाम्क के जो सोममें हैं, जन की हमें मदद करनी पाहिए । उन को से प्राप्त सर्वावी देवें हैं वह उन के पास नहीं जाती है। यह दूसरों के पाम चली जाती है। कई जबह पर उन के नाम के को आदिद्या हैंचार हों गयी हैं वेकिन उनार साथवा नेस्टेंड म्हेन्ट्स के लीग उठा रहे हैं। यह भी प्राप्त की देवना चाहिए!

इस सम्बन्ध में भी एक बात वह कहना चाहती है कि सामको एक नया एप्रेरियन रिफार्म्स जिन लाना चाहिए क्योंकि इस से लैंग्ड का भारी सम्बन्ध है। यह खोली फार्मर्स ना नवाल नहीं है। हमारे बीच में एशीकन्मरस वर्त्तर्स मी बहत है । उनकी उपत्र की जो प्राइस कज्यमंस से बादी है उसका फायबा उनको नहीं मिलता हूं । हरेक प्रदेश में लैंड सीलिंग एक्ट ह सेकिन तय अगह लोग हाय पर हाथ धर कर बैठे हुए हैं। वहा जमीदार लोग कहते हैं कि प्राप कोई भी कानुन बनाइबे लेकिन हमें उसे पर समस्त नहीं होने देंगे । जब वद इमारा सेण्ड का मसला हल नहीं होता है तब तक ऐसे सवात बाते रहेंगे। इसे संपाल का हुत करने के लिए यह जरूरी ह शि लेण्डकी सीलिंग हो । इस के बारे में आपको सोनना चाहिए । जब नक ग्राप बह नहीं करते तर तर साथ एग्रीकल्बरल प्राइतिब कमीशन की रचना करें। पालियामेंट में हम ने सुक्षात्र दिया या कि पालियामेंट के मेम्बरों की भी इस बारे मे एक कमेटी बननी चाहिए क्योंकि यहा पर किसानों की बहुत से प्रतिनिधि है। 23 तारीख की बहुत दिल्लों में किमानों का बहुत भारी प्रदर्शन हो उड़ा है श्रीर किमानी के सवाली पर ग्राप ध्यान देने वोले हैं। ब्रमर उस से पहले यहा यह कर दिया

of commercial crops (Res.)

वार वी उनमें भी धारको बरद किमी । इतारिय
नेपा धारको सुवाद है कि पारिवादों के मेचनी
नी एक इसीडी पार बता दें थी गारिका के से किसी
नी एक इसीडी पार बता दें थी गारिका के सोवा में निवाद करें। पार बता दें थी गारिका के तो में मिता करें। पार किता की देशवार की मारिका को टीफ में मिता ही पार के दें वे केंद्रि सिकान गढ़े होंगे बता है। बारद धारको विकास करता है वो सामको यह करता

मंत्रा धामों कहा। है कि ब्राप करता के काक्यों कर प्राप्त है। जाता में धानका सा का कार्या के प्राप्त है। वे जाता में धानका सा प्राप्त के के करते हैं। वे अपने के के कार्य के हैं। वाना धारी है के करते कार्य में जातन है। वाना धारी है के करते कार्य में जातन के कार्य में कार्य है कार्य के कार्य में कार्य है कार्य करते कार्य कार्य में कार्य है कार्य करते कार्य कार्य में कार्य है कार्य कार्य में कार्य है कार्य करते कार्य कार्य में कार्य है कार्य करते कार्य के कार्य के कार्य के कार्य के कार्य के कार्य है अपने कार्य कार्य के कार

MR. CHAIRMAN: Resolution mov-

"The House expresses its deep concern over the fall and continuous downward trend of the prices of commercial crops viz., yith, sugarcane, tobacco, ootton ele, and resolves that immediate steps be taken to guarantee fair prices to the growers and also a high powered Committee consisting of the Members of Parliament be forth-with constituted to go mho the causes of lower rates of prices of the commercial crops and suggest measures for ensuring remunerative prices to the growers".

The time allotted for this Resolution is 2 hours and I have a list of 13 members who want to speak on this. I request Members to finish their speeches within six minutes.

Those hon, Members who want to move their amendments may now do so.

DR. RAMM SINGH (Bhagalpur): I beg to move: Remunerativa of commercial crops (Res.)

(Dr Ramu Singh) That in the resolution add at the end-

and further directs the Government to compel the manufacturers of industrial goods out of commercial crops viz jule sugarcane, tobacco cotton etc to sell them at proportionately cheaper prices" (3)

That in the resolution.

(i) after 'tobacco, cotton, etc"

add "while the prices of manufactured goods out of these crops show an upward trend"

(n) add at the end-

"within 3 months hereafter" (8)

SHRI VINAYAK PRASAD YA-DAV (Saharsa) I beg to move

That in the resolution -

add at the end-

so that the price of every product, whether industrial or agricultural, neither exceeds nor falls short of 12 times the cost of production thereof.' (2)

SHRI YUVRAJ (Katshar) 1 beg to move

That in the resolution,odd at the end-

with instructions to submit its report by 31st March, 1979, so as to facilitate fixation of remunerative prices ' (4)

SHRI DHIRENDRANATH BASU (K.dwa), Mr Chairman speaking on this Resolution I must say that the growers have all along been neglected There are some middlemen, who are engaged by the Jute Corporation of India, and they are earning huge profits The Corporation is purchasing through the medum of some people and not directly These middlemen advance some money to the growers and purchase the jute, not at remunerative prices

.but at distressed prices. The jute growers are compelled to sell their produce to the middlemen at the price dictated by them. This has been the experience in all the villages in my constituency The result is that the middlemen, the dealers and the purchasing agents are getting away with all the profits and the growers of jutes and cotton are not getting adequate prices.

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That is why we say that the Government should take very istrong measures to see that the actual growers get adequate prices In the case of growers of jute sugarcane and cotton it is not enough they are getting the prices prevailing in the market Very attractive prices should be offered to them. Now what happens is that the dealers invest money on the growers and purchase jute or cotton at distress prices. So, we should chalk some programme whereby Government purchase direct. They should open centres at all the areas where jute, cotton, tobacco and sugarcane are grown and the produce should be purchased directly, without the intervention of the middlemen.

It has been shown everywhere that remunerative prices are not given to the growers. Then if we compare the prices of industrial products, they are also sold to consumers at a much higher rate, say \$0 or 60 per cent above the cost of production. Here again the management or the dealers get away with the profit and the consumers also have to suffer for it.

So, ways and means should be found out to see that the consumers are able to purchase commodities at reasonable prices. If we do not look to their interests, then what for we are here? So you must chalk out certam ways and means, and I request the hon Minister, through that a well thought policy should be chalked out to see that the consumers get the goods at reasonable prices and the jute growers, the cotton growers and the tobarco growers get the remunerative

0 (SAKA) prices to growers 594 of commercial crops (Res.)

jute industries to which they had advanced. So, ways and means should be found out to see that the growers get the remunerative prices and not the middlemen who take away the money without doing anythms.

With these words, I concluse.

SKRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN (Burdwan) : Mr. Chairman, Sir. India is an agricultural country but it is a matter of grief and regret that the cultivators are the most neglected among the population. We, who are in politics, while addressing the people outside over the mike very often say that we will try to improve the lot of the cultivators but when we become a Member of Parliament or a Minister we conveniently forget these cultivaters and try to promote the interest of the middle men or the industrialist. Sir the Committee on Public Undertakings have suggested that the jute growers should be paid Rs. 400/- per quintal as a remunerative price as otherwise they will suffer a loss but despite this positive recommendation of the Committee the price of jute was fixed at Rs. 149 per quintal. The recommendations of the Agricultural Price Commission was also ignored. How could this figure of Rs. 149 be fixed? On whose recommendation? Are we to conclude that the report of the Committee on Public undertakings is wrong? Sir the agriculturists would have found some solace if the industrial products which are based on agricultural produce were sold to the people at a cheaper price but they are not geiting the same. I would like to give an example. Last year government had fixed the price of paddy at Rs. 17 per quintal. We know that 13 quintals of paddy will yield one quintal of rice calculation on this basis the price of ! quintal of rice should not be more than Rs. 125 (including Rs. 10 per quintal as manufacturing cost but Government have fixed the selling price of rice at Rs. 178. Thus the profit

price. But it is seen that there is a channel, that is, the agents, the midlemen, the manufacturers' association the cotton growers association and so many other associations that are set up and certain other agencies which purchase the goods are taking away the benefit, I mean, the middlemen are taking away the benefit, This middlemen system must go, must be wiped out so that the reasonable prices are obtained by the growers and a well thought out policy should be laid down so that the growers cannot be cheated, and they should not be cheated. In all constituencies and everywhere we go, we find that they cannot sell the jute direct to the Jute Corporation. The Government is spending lakhs and lakhs of rupees for the development of Jute Corporation. I have got the records with me. The Jute Corporation of India have advanced to different jute industries, to different agents, to the tune of Rs. 22 crores for purchase of jute and these agents and other jute manufacturers puchase the jute and do not sell sufficient jute to the Jute Corporation as a result of which the Jute Cornoration find it difficult in several cases to realise money. We find that out of Rs. 22 crores invested by the Jute Corporation of India, they have already lost Rs. 14 crofes out of which nothing will be given to the Government and Government will not get anything out of it. So, the Government must lay down a stringent policy to see that these people are not allowed to take away the resources and are not allowed to take away the money in that way.

Mr. Chairman, Sir, I have already made a complaint to the authorities that the sum of Rs. 22 crores invested through the Jure Corporation is to be realised. So far, only Rs. 6 croress have been realised and the Government will, not be in a position to realise the balance of Rs. 18 crores from the middlemen and from the

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[Shri Raj Krishna Dawn]

earned is much more than even the profit that is being earned by the black marketeers As I was saying, the cultu ators would have found some satisfaction if the non agriculturist community comprising of the solders teachers, doctors, engineers etc., could get rice at a cheap rate and then the agriculturists would have felt that their sacrifices were rewarded But this is not being done. Therefore I urge very strongly that Government will have to be very cautious about this matter which gives no satisfaction either to the producer or the consumer But we have seen that the Agriculture Price Commission for from upholding the interest of the agriculturists have always unheld the interest of the middlemen and the industrialist It is indeed a matter of deep regret for a country where the majority of the population is cultivators. There is yet another sad aspect to which I would like to draw the attention of the Government. It is known to all that the different parts of the country suffered dwasting floods. I ask you Sir who suffered from this? Obviously the poor cultivators But why should they sufter" Is it not a fact that whenever some damage is done to the factory or the godowns of an industrialists, he gets full compensation from the insurance companies If the rich could get his loss compensated fully then

the should not the poor cultivator? But the trony of the matter is that while we have provided for insurance policies which other than cultivators can take advantage of there is nothing that the poor cultivator can tall back upon when his crops are damaged due to natural columnties like drought, fined, storm, fire etc. There is no crop insurance in our country that can take care of the cultivator and his crops in reply to a question, the Government have stated that while there is an insurance scheme for cotton, no such scheme is there for other crops The Government does not want to have a comprehensive crop insurance which will cover all the cultivators.

10 hrs

If we really want to save the cultivalors then we have to pay them proper price. If a cultivator who produres the food and industrial crops. does not get adequate return, if he is denied social security, if he fails to maintain his family then a massive migration will start from agricultural field and the present industrial growth. of the country is not at all adequate to about or contain this mass micration from the field of agriculture to the field of industry Naturally it will only produce a catastrophe whose results would be dangerous. In any agricul tural country, the basis for develonment should have been agriculture but it is a matter of regret that since independence no Government has given importance to this matter and as such the lot of the agriculturists have remamed neglected and poor We have never given the regard or respect that the cuthvators of this country deserve.

Mr Chairman Sir, we are presently discussing a problem which affects the 60 crore population of the country out of which 50 crores are cultivators But what is the attendance in the House Only such members are painstakingly staying in the House who will speak on this subject and the rest have gone. If you press the bill perhaps 'ney vail rush back to this House and their interest and responsibility ends there On the other hand if there was a discussion on Indira Gandhi or the rich. the House would have been full Sir, we politicians always remain conscious how to preserve our power and we do not hesitate to indulge in cheap slogan mongering A little while ago the House was discussing the problem of the landless and suggestions were being offered how the surplus land should be distributed. Now, from that debate it emerged that we have only 5 crores of barren land and the number of the landless in the country was in the neighbourhood of 7 erores. Thus even if we distributed the entire land the share of each would be less than one acre which is an uneconomic hold-

ing. This kind of a distribution process will not help solve any problem. But we keep on barping upon the need for distribution of land without a practical knowledge of agriculture because, as I said, we often play for chean slogan mongering. Therefore we have to think in a more rational and practical way. Surplus should be distributed amongst the marginal land-holders, cultivators, we want to ensure proper industrial development in the country, then the cultivators of industrial crops will have to be paid proper prices for their crops, we have to frame proper crop insuranca schemes that will come to the rescue of the poor cultivators when natural calamities destroy their crops and along with these we have to tone up the present law or make new one which will save them from middle men and black marketeers and maintain their interests. But this is never done. We never genuinely feel for the cultivators and they have remained neglected for long. We have to think in terms of improving the lot of the small landholders. The cultivator who has one acre of land, should get two zeres instead which will make his holding economic and the quantum of produce will also improve. But instead of doing it if we try to distribute one sari among 1600 ladies then the share of each would be just enough to be used as a bandage and will never be sufficient to hide her shame. In the same manner, if we go on harping upon the theme of equal distribution then it would not be anything more than cheap sloganising. It will only encourage unrest in the country and will not be in the interest of the cultivators or agricultural labourers. Therefore, we have to leave this path and take to more practical solutions. If we really want that the industry of our country should prosper and thrive, then we have to give proper remunerative price to the cultivators producing the industrial crop who will be able to maintain their family and would lead a better life. I will, in fact, go a step further and suggest that

all crops produced should fetch remunerative price and unless this is not done then supply to industry will fall, industrial progress will retarq we will have to depend on foreign countries for imports of both foodgrains as also the industrial crops for ages to come. With these words I conclude my smeeth

SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS (Kottayam): Mr. Chairman, Sir, the House is debating a very important resolution. Let me first of all congratulate the mover of the resolution for providing an opportunity to the Members to discuss a very important problem.

Sir, it has been a consistent demand of the farmers in our country that their products should get a reasonable price. But unfortunately, the Government in power does not pay much attention to it. In our country when there is high production, the prices decline and the growers suffer. Why does it happen like this? It is mainly because the Government does not have a well considered policy in regard to the pricing of the commercial crops produced in our country. There was bumper production of cotton; but the textile prices have gone up. There was record production of sugarcane for which the farmers in UP and elsewhere are suffering, but the prices of sugar has not come down. The sugarcane growers are suffering because they do not get a remunerative price. Sume is the case about rubber also,

In this context, I would like to say that whenever a demand comes up from the industrial sector for concession in taxes, etc., the Government is too willing to satisfy them. The Rouse will remember that a few montles ago there was a temporary decline in the production of natural rubber. 99 per cent of the natural rubber produced in India comes from Keralis.

Incidentally, I may mention that rubber is one of the important cash crops which sustain the economy of Kerala. Any fall in the price of rub13)

(Shri Skariah Thomas)

her will adversely affect the rubber growers most of whom are medium and small scale growers. When there was a temporary shortfall in produc tion of natural rubber the price in the open market started rising Immediately the tyre manufacturers started clamouring for import of rubber Since they have got a strong lobby and can influence the Government yeary easi iv. the Government took a sudden decision to import rubber from outside This was a very harmful step as it would have ruined the economy of Kerala. According to the latest information the Government proposes to import 15 000 more tonnes of rubber from outside The hon Minister has assessed the tyre manufacturers that their interest would be protected. I have nothing against the tyre manufacturers interest being protected My point is that the growers interest should also be protected

What is happening today is that whenever the price of commercial crop rises the Government comes forward to protect the interest of the industry but the same enthusiasm is not to be seen in the case of rotton growers cane growers rubber growers,

In this connection I would also like to point out that the latest decision taken by the Government to import copra from outside is going to affect the coconut growers of Kerala very badly The coconut growers of Kerala have protested against this decision of the Government I hope the hom Minister will reconsider this decision to import copra and thus save the coconut growers of Kerala from total ruin.

About the pricing of commercial crops also, I have a word to say When there is surplus production, the Gov erament should take adequate steps to see that the prices may not fall below a certain level. They should step in and make bulk purchase, so that the farmers do not have to suffer Otherwise, out of sheer frustration, the farmers will burn down their pro-

ducts, which will not be in the best interest of the country Therefore, what is needed is a realistic policy in regard to the prices of commercial crops on which economy of our country depends to a great extent

With these words, once again, I support this resolution.

SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NATOU (Chittoor) Mr Chairman, Sir, the Janata Party committed for rural develonment Rural development cannot come unless rural economy is stabilised Rural economy can be stabilised only when the peasants get remunerative prices Therefore, it is the duty of the Government which is committed for rural development to stabilise the prices of agricultural commodities

There is no machinery to stabilise the prices of agricultural commodities Of course they have created some machinery to support certain commo difies specially the foodgrains. That is also half-way What I want is that there must be a comprehensive legislation so as to stabilise the prices of all agricultural commodities For this a Commodity Price Stabilisation Corporation must be constituted. Unless it is constituted it is not possible to stabilise the prices Now, the Agra cultural Prices Commission is doing something But it must be under the supervision of the Commodity Price Stabilisation Corporation

A reference given to the Agricultural Prices Commission is not sufficient to help the agriculturists Agricultural Prices Commission, as it exists today is not having any machinery for collecting the cost of culti vation and also the cost of living of the peasants and the rural masses Therefore the Agnicultural Prices Commission should be provided with machinery for this purpose

In the matter of fixing the price, they are fixing the minimum price but the minimum price is not a remunerative price and the minimum price is not in proportion to the cost of cultivation and the cost of living of the peasants. It is fixed with a view to beloing consumers also, taking all the existing circumstances into consideration. We should not do that. If we want to help the consumers, we must subsidize them and see that only poor consumers are helped and not those whose income is as much as Rs. 2.000. Rs. 3,000 and so no. We are not committed to help them . we are committed to help only poor consumers. Therefore, with this in view, the pricing consumers must be separate and the pricing for commercial crops or agricultural commodities must be separate. If we take that stand, it would be quite easy for us to see that remunerative prices are fixed for agricultural commodities.

Now, after setting up the Agricultural Prices Commission, commodities which are surplus must be identified every year and they must be notified. There must be a revolving fund for purshasing these surpluses. All suroxuses must be purchased by the Commodity Corporation. Now, having purchased it-supporting we want to purchase jaggery-they say, especially the officials, that there are no storage racilities. Therefore, when the Corpo-1 ation is set up, is they are to purchase these commodities, there must be godown facilities and storage facilities. herefore, there must be a comprehe usive plan for having storage facilitie's wherever necessary throughout the country, depending on the commodity.

Now, a 'tter we purchase these surpluses, wh, it are we to do with them is the quest. 'on. We must see that they are exported as far as possible. Now, we are not having any machinery for exploring the possibility of exporting agricultural commodities to other countries. In ca. tain foreign countries they have the ir Trade Representatives or Marketh 'g Officers in their Embassies. Therefore, I would request the Government to see that in every Embassy office of ours, there is a Trade Representative or Marketing Officer appointed for exploring the possibilities of exporting these agricultural commodities.

Now, there must be money for that and, therefore, we must have a revolving fund so that the commodities can be purchased and sold; and that fund must be constant. If necessary they should take the help of the financial organisations in setting noney.

Agan, if there are surpluses, we must see that these agricultural commodities are put to industrial use. I have seen that in USA they are converting agricultural commodities for industrial use. They have four researc; centres—one at New York and three more at other places. Therefore, if we can also have such centres, it would be easy to convert these commodities.

I will give one example. We are having ingery: 45 per cent of sugarcane is being converted into jaggery. But we are not able to sell it. Therefore, if we can have a research centre, we can see how it can be converted into alcohof. With alcohol we can run automobiler; scientists say we can do it. Therefore, it is quite, necessary for us to open research centre.

Now, these purchases must be made by this Corporation. If this is to be dane, we must nationalise all the trade. Therefore, we must canalise the purchases. Unless these purchases are canalised and exports are canalised, it is not possible to control, these private traders or businessmen and expitalists and to protect the interest of the-peasants.

I want to make one more point. Nowwe are meeting with natural calamities like floods, cyclones and droughts. We are not able to control them. Mr. H. Al, Patel, Prof. Ranga '60 economists and other political leaders of our nation have asked-the UNO to constitute.

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(Shri P Rajagopai Naidu]

a fund, Natural Calamities Mitigation Fund, for helping the developing coun tries. If we can achieve that, if our Government, especially our Minister, can move the FAO and other world organisations to constitute that Fund, we can get money and see that the suffering, on account of these calamities are mitigated

Then we can have crop insurance In that we should provide not only for fall in production but also for fall in prices so that the farmers may not get unremunerative prices

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAJAH (Nandyal) Mr Chairman, Sir. must congratulate the Mover of the Resolution for having brought ward this Resolution Though Hon Member Shri Dinesh Joardar not present to move the Resolution, Shrimati Ahilya Rangnekar has very stoutly, defended the cause of the farmers The deep concern expressed by the various Members who rarticipated in this debate goes to show that it is high time that certain concrete steps were taken by the Government to protect the interests of the farmers who raise cash crops Perhaps, in this context Mr Charan Singh's 'Kisan Rally' becomes more relevant to highlight the problems of the sieans

AN HOV MEMBER Are you attending 117

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH Perhaps, Mr Barnala may be one of them. I want to point out certain anomalies. But before I do so. would like to read from the Reserve Bank's report with regard to the economy in 1977-78 They say that was sluggish

sluggishness and uncertainly injured the Indian economy, imports shot up and exports slumped, inductrial growth was 'disappointing', money supply went up substantially, and while wholesale prices decreas. sed, the retail prices increased"

Coming to food production and production of other agricultural commodities, they say.

"The output of foodgrains reached a new high at 126 million tonnes-an improvement of million tonnes over the earlier peak touched two years ago Several cash crops-sugarcane, tea_ coffee and cotton-also recorded a substantial improvement in product on levels. The larger use of fertilisers and good and well-spread rainfall contributed to the increase"

But the anomaly is this While the prices of cotton slumped, the prices of textiles have gone up While cigarette manufacturers have carned record profits this year, the price of tobacco has come down Why are we having this anomaly? When there is merease in production, there should be some mechanism by which you have to protect the interests of the farmers This is the anomaly Where production goes up, prices slump and the farmers suffer. I would like bring to the notice of the Agriculture Minister, who is here, that he should have an integrated approach with regard to agricultural production, that is, for food crops as well as for cash crops The integrated approach should be like this Number ore is supply of inputs in time at reasonable prices Inputs include irrigation and power too In certain States taruf for power has been increased so much that small farmers are not able to use power The prigation rates have increased manifold. It is having a disastrous effect on the cost of production in the country

About the infrastructural arrangements the government propose to take, the infrastructural arrangements include marketing, storage and a good communications system. A farmer in a remote village grows cash crops and by the time he brings it to the market, because of the bad condition of the roads and the high price he has to pay for the transport,

he is not able to market his produce. So top priority should be given to infrastructural facilities.

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Another important factor is about the institutional finance. Bank finance must be readily available for farmers especially the small and margingl farmers.

Important commodities like tobacco earn yearly hundreds of crores of foreign exchange and pay to the Central Exchequer to the tune of Rs. 300 crores by way of excise duty, but there is no support price for the tobacco grower whereas paddy and other crops have support prices. There is no support price for the tobaccogrower. There is no support price for the catton-grower. Unless there is a support price and that support price is remunerativey, the middlemen are getting the largest benefit. As I said, the cigarette manufacturers have earned a record profit whereas the STC has to go to the rescue of the growers in Andhra Pradesh purchase tobacco at a throw-away price. STC is not able to purchase tobacco from the growers whereas the eigarette manufacturers are purchasing it at a throw-away price. Same is the case with cotton. These factors have to be borne in mind,

The last point is about crop insurance. Crop insurance must ensure that there should be some sort of a protection to the farmers on what he grows. Crop insurance has only remained as a slogan on paper. We have to take vigarous steps to give protection to the farmer.

The last point I want to make is that small farmers and marginal farmers mere, agencies have been set up in this country. There is a DPAP programme. These programmes must be given some teeth and finance provided to small and marginal armers. They should be protected because all these years the green revolution has benefited only the big landlords. There has been a terrible disparity

and imbalance between the small former and the big farmer because whatever facilities that are provided by the government have been usurped by the big landfords to the detriment of the small farmers. That imbalance also has to be corrected.

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Another point is with regard exports. Why is this government rejuctant to export sugar and opions which the hon. Member has pointed out? Omon-growers are in great distress in this country now. Why should they not continue exports which have heen done previously? They have stonged export of sugar without making alternative arrangements for proner distribution of sugar and also for providing employment and enhancing the purchasing power of the common man. Without enhancing the chasing power of the common man, he cannot purchase the sugar. He has no money to purchase,

I would only urge on the Minster that this resolution was instrumental in highlighting come of the important problems of the farmers especially those who grow cash and commercial crops. I would urge upon oir hon. Minister to evolve a stratesy, to evolve a method by which farmers should not suffer and they get reminerative prices and they are not penalised for the simple act of serving the country by increasing agricultural production.

With these words I thank you for the opportunity you have givevn me to speak on this Resolution.

SHRI R. SHRAN ARAYANA (Eluru): First of all I w. fant to thank the mover of the legislation because it has given us an opportunity to highlight the problems faced by farmers growing cash and commercial crops.

The Government for several years now are not giving proper prices to the agriculturists. [Shri K. Suryanarayana]

Sir in my opinion, several times I had said that also, I think there can be no dispute that in ting country, the worst sufferes are our agriculturates from the normalized from the mannershie orner of their agricultural products. Yesterday we also had a cussion about it Since 1984 or 1936 or so from the Pood Corporation of India also there is no guarantee for the pince. We were of course happy in the initial stage when the FCI came to our rescue. The same is the case with regard to the tobacco.

You may be aware that the Tobacco Board was constituted only for the benefit of the tobacco growers But, still he growers are suffering more than ever before My hon. Shri Venkataşubbaiah would also share the same thing with me Only recently the Agricultural Prices Comm soon had invited the tobacco growers to offer their suggestion Sir I can tell you from my own experience that tobac o is being sold at Rs 2700 or so a ton. This is the price which the tobacco growers are getting. In the Guntur market also the price may be at Rs 2,500 or so-not more than Rs 3000 a ton. I may tell you that persons owning Pan shops are better off as compared to the farmers owning 25 acres of land in the rural areas They have been able to give better education to their children whereas the poor farmers who are owning 20 acres of dand are unable to give right type of reducation to their children

Outs, a por country and at depends one of the law to constitute pends one of the law to congratulate the label before the congratulate the label before law to congratulate the label before the label before the label before the label before the label before the label before the label before the label before the label

nerative price to the agricultural products of the farmers. In my part of the State so far as agricultural problems are concerned, all people belonging to the Communist Party (M) or CPL Janata Party and the Congres, have joined together in cognising this problem Our Chief Minister has also issued a circular to implement certain schemes. But the officers are not cooperating with him This is an unfortunate thing in out country We depend on our officers for each and everything. There is no experienced person in the Agricultural Prices Commission represented. I would urse on the hon, Minister that the Agricultural Prices Commission should be constituted with experts who have knowledge on commercial crops, food crops etc. Then only it will be possible for the Commission to fix a rmunerative price for the products.

Sir I have forgotten to table my amendment I know that our Food Manster, Shri Barnela, a taking a bet of interest in agresiturus I would request him to include a representative on a part-time basis in the Agricultural Prices Commission while fixing the prince for the agressitural commodities. What is the harm in baying such a representative there?

In our State, we grow tobacca, But, there is no reminerative punce given for paddy. There is no storage facility given by the Government. They have stopped the facility even in Haryana and Punjab—sumplus states. By request to the hon, Mindster is that where the States are surphis or deficit, he should see to it that either private godowns or government geodwice for storing the grains. It was teld 30 per cent of qui agricultural produce was runned on account and the lack of storage facilities.

Now, I come to groundnut In 1972 73 the groundnut production. was to the tune o 409 million tonnes whereas in 1976-77 it rose to 520 million tonnes. But what is the price that it fetched. It was very low. So many producers of groundnut in Andhra Pradesh were ruined. It seems either our Agriculture Minister has no voice or he is not able to convince other ministers. The same thing happened to sugarcane and tobacco. They are also importing cotton. Three to four years back there was surplus in cotton but not now. they say the price is normal now but three years back they encouraged all the farmers to produce cotton but as the price of cotton became very lows many farmers in Andhra Pradesh should were ruined, Government take care of the farmers and only then our country will be able to survive. I do not want to blame the present government entirely. viously also we did not do much but this government promised to get a price of Rs. 150 per quintal for wheat but they have not fulfilled their promise. Tobacco is the major foreign exchange earning commercial crop but see the building of the Indian Tobacco company and the plight of tobacco producers. Only the cigarette manufacturers have been benefited. You must rectify this, Although you wanted to rectify yet you have forgotten. Please consider all these things.

MR CHAIRMAN: Please conclude now.

SHRI K. SURYANARAYANA: do not want to blame your party. We are all, Indians After having been elected we are the representatives of all groups. I am a representative not only of agriculturists but of the entire country. So, in this context I would like to urge upon the government to get remunerative prices to the farmers and there should also be crop insurance. You can save the country only by saving the agriculture community which is 70 per cent of our total population.

RAJAN (Trichur): SHRIK A Mr Chairman, Sir. I rise to support 3625 LS-20.

this resolution wholeheartedly. resolution correctly represents the asparations and sentiments of crores of kısans who have been trying for the last so many years for a reasonable remunerative price for their produce.

Sir, it is not only the case that crores of kisans are demanding this. Various representative organisations of kisans and kisan sanghs have placed their view points before the Government, before the respective Ministries and before the Planning Commission. They have demanded that unless these kisans- who are the backbone of agricultural country like ours, are given enough protection for their products, the national economy cannot be set right -

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"Sir, you know; I need not narrate. What has happened in the last two years? It has been expressed in this House on various occasions. What is the condition of the jute grower? What is the condition of the cotton grower? What is the condition of the rubebr grower? What is the condition of the miserable tobacco grower? And, Sir, what is the condition of the growers of the major foreign-exchange earning products of my State,-coconut and rubber? These peasants are forced to resort to distress sale. . Because of what conditions? Because of whom? Who is exploiting the situation really? The monopolists and the industrialists who are using these raw materials for their industrial production and the traders; it is they who take the benefit out of the whole thing. What is the impact of the economy in our villages? Sir, unless the peasant is given a remunerative price, unless he is given a fairly reasonable margin of what he produces, how can he just have an incentive and an impetus to go on with his agricultural operations? And unless he does his agricultural operations in time, what is the future and fate of those agricultural workers who are dependent upon this particular vecation? That also affects an important section of our people.

[Shri K. A. Rajan]

agricultural workers cannot even aspire for jobs for three months in the year. That is the position in which our conceny has been put during this period.

It has been our experience during the past two years of 1977 and 1978 that tobacco growers has been forced to sell their products at distress price. Those people who have been sitting tight over their necks like the monopolists and the industrialists have been amassing money like anything See the fate of the jute-growers in West Bengal, They have to sell their products at distress price. Even the recommendations of the Agricultural Prices Commission have not been implemented. They were forced to sell the whole thing at this distress price. Who is exploiting these people? It is these jute industrialists and the jute barons who are exploiting them. It is these people who are amassing money at the cost of the sweat and blood of these poor peasants. What is the machinery enviraged? How is this mechanism going to work? What is to be done in the larger interests of our economy, in the larger interests of our nation? Unless the agraculturate who form the majority in this country, who are really the backbone of this country, and of our conomy, are helped in every way, our economy cannot be set right in any way.

Now, I am sorry to say this There is no difference between the earlier Government and this Government because the attitude of this Government towards the agraculturists is deplorable. I am sorry to say this. They just want to cater to those industrialirts who just take more and more acres of production of raw materials, produce their things and sell them in the market. If you take the comparison, what is the price of any commodity which has been put in the mar-Let, which has been produced by the irdustrialists out of these raw materiols of the poor peasants? Has that price come down? Has the persant been benefited by this price rise or pnes fixation? No They are still at the mercy of everyone. The poor agriculturat is being exploited like anything.

That is why, Sir, at least this time, some agriculturists are raising their heads, organising themselves, and demanding all these things.

Sir. I would like to point out in this suncture two important points regarding my State where the agricultural producers are being put to difficultiest one is the question of rubber and tho other is the question of coconut. Regarding rubber, our Government here is acting just in favour of these big industrialists of the tyre industry, like Dunlop, Firestone and all these companies. This they do, at the risk of hundreds of the rubber growers in our State Our State Government has repeatedly represented, repeatedly demanded and appealed to this Government not to import rubber at the cost of the rubber-growers. But in all thesa matters their demand has just become a wild cry and it has gone futile. So, the rubber growers are demanding from the Government, why cannot the Government have a remunerative price for rubber in the interest of the rubber growers, as also in the interest of the economy of Kerala? That is one point which I would like to impress upon the hon. Minister, Stop this maport of rubber. Save the rubber grower Save the economy of Kerala and save the country and do fustion to a vast section of agriculturists who produce products which earn a good. amount of foreign exchange.

Then, Sir, one more point and then I conclude This is regarding coonnt Roral produces udmost 80 per cent of our occounts in Kerala, after the land reform, there is no big cocount planter. Every bounded the spot from or three cocount trees. Every bounded the soft time of three cocount trees. Every modifie class family, uppuraddic class family and got cocount trees in the compound of their houses. Whit is the position now? Cocount is more stelling a very restounble pict.

One thousand coconuts fetch about Rs. 1000. The Kerala Government has been demanding, appealing and even begging the Government of India not to import copra and coconut oil from outside the country. What is the misconception going on in the heads of the Government? The Government treats the coconut oil as an edible oil. But it is not. It is a commercial oil, 60 per cent of the total production of the coconus oil in the country is used for the commercial and industrial purposes. The statistics shows like that, Now what is going on in the country? With all the assurances and promises, with all the representations from the Kerala Government and the M.Ps. of Kerala State, import of copra and coconut oil is being continued. price of the commodity has come down and the economy is in shambles this context, I whole-heartedly support th. Resolution. In the interest of the nation, in the best interest of the economy, I would request the Government to please see that remunerative prices are given to the thousands of growers of rubber, coconut, tobacco. cotton, jute and other things.

श्री विनायक प्रसाद यादव (गहरना) -मभापति महोदय, हम लीग बाग्रेसी हर्रगत में एक नास लगया करते वे "पेट है खाली नारे अख " बदानों दामी की लटा¹

यह बारा हम लोग 15-20 बाल क्षत्र लगाते रहे बीर इसलिए लगाते रहे कि गावों के दाम कभी भी बुर नहीं हो सरने पगर बेग के किनान ची उपन की प्राइम के नवाल को तय नहीं कर लिया जाता : जनना पार्टी की सरकार ने अपने मेनिफेस्टी में यह उद्धा था कि हम गहरों भीर गाओं में बनार को उर करेंगे ग्रीर गक्षे की गरीबी दर करने के लिए उचित ग्रीर जावक्यक कदम उठायेचे । समापनि महोदय, यह क्षेक है कि हमारे कृषि मन्नी की छद रिसान है, थे किसानों के दद को जानते है लेकिन यक्तीम ह जिल्ला मेह, चापल और धान वा वन्त साता है ती चीफ मिनिन्टरो को युनाते है और लक्ने है कि उन स दान क्या होता चारिए। उन से दाम तब दारने की करते हैं। चीक मिनिन्टर और मन्त्री सहोदय कभी पान रूपये मन वडा रेते हैं, सभी दन रूपये यन वटा देते हैं चौर यह बॉबर्स हैं कि जैने जिनादों को बान बड़ी सहत है रहे हैं। उस सरह की नीति पनी भी चत्र रही है। लगता ह जैसे किमानो पर ा। प्राप्त उल्लें भीख दे व्हे हैं।

नभापति महोदयः मैं ग्रापके जरिए तिवेदन करना चाहता हूँ कि यो प्रस्ताव सभी सदन के सामने है. ग्रगर नरकोर और मनी महोदय इस प्रस्ताव को मान सें तो हम समझते हैं कि हिन्दस्तान की गरीवी बहत हद तक दूर हो सकती है। शहरी की ग्रमीरो का वैसाय दह सजला है ग्रीर गांदी की गरीबी का पाताल पाटा वा अकता है।

सभापति महोदय, हम जहां से धारों हे. वहां पर किसान जुट, पट्या नकरी फमल के रूप में पैदा करता है। हमारी पश्चिक अध्वर टेकिंग कमेटी इस सवाल पर दो साल से विचार कर रही है ग्रोर उसने ब्रपनी स्पिदि में बहा है जि जुट पैशा करने में जितना यमं होता है, उसके लिए किसान को अनर मनाफा दैना है और उनका खर्चा उनको दिलाना है तो जट को कीमत तीन-सी, नाटे-तीन-सी रूपमें निवटल होनी चाहिए। उत्पादन खर्चा जोड कर पब्लिक अण्डरटेकिय ने बट बा दाम कम से कम साटे तीन भी रुपये , प्रति त्रिवण्टेल निश्चित करने की भिफारिश नरकार से की है तभी किनान को जुट की धेशी मे करु बचत हो सेहती है।

सभापवि महोदय, सनी क्या स्थिति है, यह मैं स्नापको बताना चाहता हु। दूनरे महायुद्ध के समय और अधेशी हरूनस के समय किसाने की जूट का दाम 90 रुपये, 100 रुपये मन मिलता था धौर उन समय घटका बोरा चार ग्राने में ग्राह्म था। ब्रद कट की कीमन सौ स्पये से घट कर 50~60 रुपये पर ब्रायर्ड है और यह कीमत भी किसान को बेचने के बबेत नहीं मिलती है। जब जट वैचने का बबत बाता है सो बेगन नहीं मिसता है। इसका नतीजा यह होता है कि किसान की प्रपंता बट 76, S0, 90 रेपये के बजाय 40-45 रूपये में बेचना पड़ता है। ग्रीर बोरा बानी बैंग जब किसान बाजार में खरीदने जाते है तो एक बैग का दास अभी 5-6 रूपये देना पड़ता है। जब किमान की क्रक सब के दाम 90 स्पर्वे मिलते थे त**व** जट का एक बारा चार अने में विकता था और सब जब जुट के दास घट कर ३०-७० स्पर्वे पर बा गए है तो बोरे केदाम नाटे चार, पाद और छ रश्ये पर वर्ते यए है। देश की यह एक बहत वड़ी समस्या है कि विनात जो बीच पैदा करना है उसके दाम तो पदते अते हैं सेरिन किसान हो जो बीव बाजार में खरीदनी होती है उनके दान विगत 15-30 माल में बासमान को इने आ रहे हैं। 15~20 साम पहले एक मन धात दिसान देश कर चार पान गोडे धोतो खरीद लेता था जेकित श्रमणक जोटा प्रोती खरीवते के सिए उसकी ेट पाने दो मन धान वेचना पड़ता है। ग्रीर इस तरह कियान की बहुन ज्यादा साख लंद ही रही है। जिनके चलते बहु गरीको की बीधड में फीनता जा स्य ह≀

इन बाम्ने बहु जो प्रस्तान आया है इसकी सरकार को मान नेता बाहिए । इनमें गायों की बारत न प्रदेशी और साबी और शहरो का जो अगडा मन उद्घार यह शो ठीक हो नकेगा। या**नो की**

(मा विनादक प्रसाद यादन) गुरासा को दूर धनर साथ करेता चाउन ह शो धापनो दाम बाधने के मवाल का एक विद्धान क भप म प्रप्रताना होता घीट हिमी मिदान्त्र ना सामन न्छ बरहो विसी प्रथि बन्च पदाय के दाम तब करते हती। सभी जो प्रदम व मेदी है वह बा मन में बाता है दाम सब कर देती है। एक ब्रिक्सिन को मामन रखकर ही हिसी दस्त क दाम तम होने भारिए पिर चार बह कारधाने भी बेल्तुहासायवी नावन्तुहो। हर बन्द क दान जननी प्रोहत्त्वन कास्त्र की महनजर स्थान हुए भग्रहान चाहिए। सदि एरेमन बान पैदा प्रश्न महत्त्रको 50 एसमा खब्द हस्ता पहता है थो। उसका ८३ एना राम वी कम से कम हाना ही चाहिए और वर्ग्डियाना का मितना हा *चाहि*ए। पब्लिक भण्डरटनिग्ड कमेटी ने जर की प्राइक्शन कास्ट का स्थान म र बत हुत एक दिवेटन जुट के दान सार तान सो क्षय कर से कम दिमान हो हते हा मिन्मित की थी। क्रभाविसान को मन्तिन स 125 एपमा एक स्थितन का निज पता है। इस सरह ने बार देव विसान का कितनी लगहा नहीं है। वर्गी तरह स नह क्यास सादि भी कुछ भी किस व धान परा करता है उस के बाम दिल्ला नीच रहते ह मौर किमान या यात्र बाबार में समीदना है उनक उनको बन्द ऊवे दाब देने पहले हैं। इसका नदीना यह हो रहा है कि पाव दिन प्रति दिन गरीब हार्ड जारह हैं, व्यक्त होते जारह हैं और महर दिन अति दिव तरका करने जारह है। मैं भगकताह कि इन प्रत्याव को मान से वे ही शौबा की मरीबी दूर हो मज्जी है। बाब हाउन यह है कि जो कराडरित ५ व धरवपनि वन गण है। घर बा व बाद कादसी राज में जो करोडपति थे व आज भरवाति हो पण है। एवा की वरीदा तमा कम हा सन्दी है जब इस प्राह्म के भगत को उस कर 🗈 यक सिद्धान का साधार मान कर बाप दोज नव करें। तमा यह जो गरीबी को नमस्या है इसका समाधान हा सर्वता है।

रम माने क साय में निवदन करना ह वि मद प्रस्तान को नन्त में रक्षा क्या है इसकी धान मान में प्रौर इसके मुताबित नाम वरें। एका मिए नहीं चेहीचे करी तो उनको हबार हबार ष्ट्रवार दिनवा शीर नवे गात्र वा तिर्माण होगा।

रामको सिंह (भागतपुर) रम दिया म बिल्ह्न या दिनात नी स्वाहम नहीं है कि प्रता से वो बांड पदा हाती हैं उनक दाम नत्त हो छे है स्थानि स्वयं दिल सेवा महोदय न एक भेग कडानेरम इस क्षत्रको कुछ जिन पट्ट स्वासार कर विकास मोर बड़ा सांक बह जो सामान है सती क्षा व्ह सम्बाहारहा है। उन्होन स्हाया

"In the last three months, that is between November 12 1977 and February 11 1978 there was a net price rise in cases such as barley,

prices to arowers of commercial crops (Res.) moong shee, meat groundnuts and

groundnut oil, tea, soap cotton cloth, rute manufacturers, and cement'

मैं दिता मेबा वा ही उद्धाल दता बहुता है उहाने नग है कि या बाबाध है जब साम ज्यार मनर तरद पोटैटोड मालयनक गाउ पित गाउर, खण्डतारी गृह बनस्पति -मस्टड पाय र एवड टरभरिस्त बादि, इनक दाम कम हा रह है बीर जा मिला म बना हमा सामान है जनह दाम ज्यादा हा रहे है। यह मरा रूपानहार यह गरनार ना नहना है। पर गुबान यह है हि स्वा हमारे माननार वृष्टि मता का बहु शासा दना है कि किनाना हो बाजा न दाम नम जिये बाय और श्रीद्योगिक चाजा कदाम स्यादा निये प्राप्त प्रवत प्रताहा यह भ्यायप्रद साजा र ना मझ कुछ करना महा है।

मारो जगहा पर सभा तक हम सिनान का गुम बात रहेड सहित उत्तर माथ बरावर प्रचाय हमा है। हम प्रापट सामने यह रखते हैं कि बादन सं 1977 में 200 रपन का जा कि प्रगेशन 1978 में घटकर 168 एसब हा गया नेकिन बाटन बनाब जा 1977 म 176 र 0 वा वह प्रमस्त 1978 म बार कर 183 रुपय हो वया । सम्मापनि महादय मरेपास घयर समय होता तो में सारी भोजा ने बारूड बापके सामन एखता कि छती ने सामान ना नामन घटना रही हैं छोर छोदापिक चीवा वा कीपतें वह रही है।

इस्पात सोमट मोर गावून क मृत्य वहे हैं प्रक्रित पटमन मादि जिन्ही वर्षा इस कर रहे हैं दनक दाम क्या हा रहा है। सगर मुख्यों का यहा नीति भरताइ नानी रहा तो रिनान वा नव्यक टट बायेगा और एमा हान से भारतवय का धर्य व्यवस्या इस्त-व्यस्य और इवस्त हो जावंगे । इस लिए कम समय होने के रारण में कुछ मुझाव सापक सामन रखना पाहना है।

एक बात हो गई है कि इमें यह सोबना मारिए हैंन में मोद्यापिक सामान ने मोर्ट को अधि का नामान है 'इसक मूल्यों म बुछ पनुपात हाना पाहिए कि नहां । डा॰ सोदिश वहा करत वें कि चितिरह युह्व और रा-मटीरियल की रेगियो बननी चाहिए, बहु इसास मूल्य नीति का एक खस्भा होना चाहिए। हम नहीं बहुते कि बचा रेगियो हो जो टा॰ लाहिया ने कहा उसका मान लें म उनकी पार्टी सर्वभो नहीं दहा नहिन आ ग्रन्धी बात उद्दोत वही है उनको स्वाकार करना चाहिए।

चीवरो बन्नबोर सिंह (होशियास्प्र) ज्ञान दरी बात ता नहा वहा है।

टाः समदीसिंह बुद्ध लोग वी डा**०**-नाहिए। के बाप म बिर्व हा जाती है, दर्मानए मैंने नहंदिया।

भैने इसीलिये कहा कि यह सोचने की वात है. अगर रेजियो स्थापित नहीं करते हैं तो कभी प्रदर्शन होते हैं। सभी हाल में प्रदर्शन हम्रा और प्रापने भेंहें का 5 रुपये बढ़ा दिया. यह ग्रुप्छा किया । संचमन में जनता पार्टी के समय में, यह बात सती है कि गेष्ट के कुछ मत्त्व बढाये गर्ने हैं, और चीओं के भी बढाये गर्ये हैं, इसके लिए वह धन्यवाद की पाल है। यह फर्स्ट स्टेंब हे. एमर्जेन्सी टीटमैट भी फर रहे है इसलिए आवश्यक है कि माप रेशियो बनाइये और कर्च्य माल व पनके माल में देव गुना से ज्यादा चन्तर नहीं होना चाहिए। यह सिद्धान्त के रूप से धाप मान लेवे तो ठीक रहेगा । श्रीद्योगिक मिल-मासिको की साबी काफी मजबत है, वह सीमी को खरीदते है, यह हम देखते हैं, बेबारे खण्डसारी वासे. किसान छोटे-छोटे जोन होते हैं, यह घरने बा नहीं एकने हैं। इसलिए हम निवेदन करेंगे कि आप दोनो चीजो का एक रेशियो बनावे और इसके लिये वो इस सकला के मदर में रखा है कि ससदीय समिति दनाये, खबर वह न भी बनावें तो एक समिति बनाइये जिसमें :तकनीकी तोगों को रिपये, नमद के लोगों को भी रसिये प्रीर एक नेवनल पालिसी बनाइए, नहीं नो किसान भन्ने मरते रहेंगे, रैमी करने रहेगे और बुछ नहीं होगा, बयोकि वह संगठित नहीं है और दूसरे लांग सगिठत है। दनरा हमारा यह कहना है कि तो पेगोजन्तरल प्राउमेंत क्योजन की फिलालकी पिछले तीन वर्षों में रही है बह गलत है। हम इसीलिए कहते हैं कि इस की देखना होगा। यह कहते हैं कि अगर हम बद का दान ज्यादा दे देंगे, क्यांस का दान ज्यादा दे वेंगे, पटमन का, तम्बाक् का दाम ज्यादा दे देवे तो उन में उत्पलेशन हो बीयगा। किम धर्य-भारत का यह दर्शन है, मैं नहीं समझना है। ग्रह गलत है। ऐग्रीवरूपरल प्राडमेज कमीजन की तीम वर्षे की इस दिलास्की का उसट देना 'चाहिए और इस को समझना चाहिए। उहा बाप ने किमानी के प्रशिविधियों को इस में दिया ह बहा छोटे फीट किसानो के प्रतिनिधियों की भी इन में दीजिए।

तीसरी वात हम यह करेंचे कि ऐमी स्थिति में जब कि ग्रीद्योगिक बन्तुयों की कीमते का रही है। ग्रीर कृषि वस्तुश्रों की कम हो रही हैं सो एक कोन हो नवता है। यातो नामत और गर्भन रूप ने प्रभासन को इस में इस्तवेष करना चाहिए और नहीं तो दूसरा शम्ता यह है कि इसके लिए नवस्त को प्राप-रेटिवं हो बौर उने कोमापरेटिव में नरकार का शी हिस्सा हो। चव्हाण माहब बैठे हैं, उनको मनेगा कि यहे कैसी बात कहे रहे हैं लेकिन उस महबोग नमिति को सबल बनाने के लिए तरकार भी उनमें जिल्ला ले जिस से दिस्टेस सेल की स्थिति च पैदा हो जैसे श्राम्झ में तम्बाक् का डिस्ट्रेस सेल हुआ, वह न करना पड़े और इस तरह में विमानों के हिता की रक्षा

क्षम नमसते हैं कि यह जो प्रस्तान प्रहिल्या जी वे रखा है जीरदार जी के बदने में उस मस्ताब को स्थीकार किया जाना चाहिए। उस में अगर आप नोशोधन कुछ चाहे तो कर वें लेकिन एक नमिति ता जरूर ग्राप इम के निए नियस्त करें ताकि शाइतिय पालिसी के बारे में बाप को वह सुराज दे नके। इससे सरकार का भी लाग होगा ।

SHRI V. ARUNACHALAM alias 'ALADI ARUNA' (Tirunelveli) : Mr. Chairman, I support the resolution moved by the hon, Member, I would like to say a few words about this. India is an agricultural country and nearly 70 per cent of the people are engages in agriculture. In spite of all these things, it is unfortunate that there is no scientific body to fix the prices of agricultural goods. If you go through or examine the functions of the Agricultural Prices Commission. you will find that they are far from satisfactory. It is always under the political influence. It does not care about the sentiments or the factual position or the prevailing conditions among the farmers. It is blindly carrying out the instructions of the party in power.

Therefore, the Government must come forward with constructive measures so as to help the farmers to form a scientific body by collecting all facts and figures, demand and other things in the country so that we can assess the factual position prevailing in the country. So far, neither the past government nor the present Government is serious about these measures. Therefore, I appeal to the hon. Minister to think about these conditions and come forward with constructive measures and form a scientific body to fix prices of agricultural goods so that the remunerative prices may be paid to the farmers in future

Now the Government is having this agency, that is the marketing society. If you examine the functions of the marketing society, you will find that its functions are very poor, because there is no adequate fund with the marketing society.

We know all the commission agents or payate agents. They give more advance to agriculturists. So, they are preferring these agents instead of marketing society. Unless the Government grants a large amount of money to the marketing society, we cannot expect that the marketing society can function successfully. Therefore, to get (Shra V. Arunachalam alias 'Alada Aruna')

remunerative price for the farmer of help the farmer the Government must grant an adequate amount of money or the required amount of money to the marketing society

17 brs

Now, if you examine the prices of the agricultural goods throughout the country you will come to know what they are When the monsoon is suc cestful, when the rain fall is above the average there is surplus production or marginal surplus production with the result that there is an automatic fall in prices. My suggestion to the covernment is that when there is a succeasful monsoon or above-averone rainfall government need not hesitate to export at least 25 per cent of the agricultural produce to other countries. Then only we can give remaneralise price to the farmers. This Sear the Government has granted permission to export chillies so that there is some remunerative price to chillies in our state But if you take onion, the government has not permitted exports and farmers have been seriously affected. I am an agraculturist myself and last month I sold 36 bags of onion for its 115 because there was no market and one cannot keep omion for months together there was damage and 36 bags got reduced to 15 bags and I sold them at Rs. 115 because there was ro export permitted. In granting expurt incences the government is fol lowing a partial policy. You take into -crount what is happening in Chandiast's or Delhi, you are not taking ir to account what is happening in rivdershad or Ernakulam or Trivandrum or Madras In granting permisful 'er exports government should be impartial if farmers are not getting remaining prices, they are unable to ave adequate wage to agricultural leasters naturally incomes are kept at a 'oa level an I people remain poor I it is why I say the entire sconemy Irrends on agricultura. There is no defent e of epinion in this House of commercial crops (Res) that remunerative prices should be paid to arriculturists, I do not know why the government is still hesitating; at least in future government should come with constructive measures so as to help the farmers

prices to growers

SHRI CHITTA BASU (Barasat) : The resolution contains two specific recommendations firstly the House should appoint a parliamentary committee to go into the twin problems. namely, fixing remunerative price for the cash crops and seeing that remune. rative prices are made available to the growers It is known to the Government to the House that there is an economic phenomenon in our country, the growing disparity between the price of agricultural products and industrial goods and we can ignore this phenomenon only at our peral. As my time is short I do not want to discuss fus matter in greater detail but the government's policy should be directed towards taking steps to narrow and bridge the vawning gap and disparity between acricultural commodity prices and the prices of industrial products. The Janata government's economic policy is 'so-called' rural orientation. and if the economic phenomenon is not given proper shape and direction it cannot be really rural-oriented. I have to say that the Indian economy is a capitalist economy. During the last three decades the Government of India under the pretext of the so-called mixed economy has developed nothing but a capitalist economy in the country They have taken to the path of capitalist development and this has led to the growth of monopoly houses Under monopoly capitalism, the disparity between the prices of raw materials and finished products must continue to grow. That is the economic phenomenon which nobody can ignore. If they ignore it, they do so at their own peril I want to remend them of this basic economic phenomenon governing the economic 124, 8 I have not statistics which show that never has there been any year during the period 1971—78 when there has not been a gap between the prices of agricultral commodities and industrial commodities and this gap has been continuously growing. My first point is whether the Government considers it necessary and desirable even at this stage to revise the policy which creates this disparity and widens it. That is the question to be directed at them.

My other point is, APC is a machinery which is not for the interest of the growers. This is another fact which the House should note for certain. The APC has all along been working against the interests of the grower. I have got a press cutting which describes the actual situation in regard to cotton price. I quote from the editorial which appeared in Tribute. Chandicarh:

"This year also the purchase and support policy follows the all too familiar pattern. The Centre has fixed Rs. 225 a quintal as the price for average varieties of cotton, even through the minimum cost or cultivation worked out by the Punjab Agricultural University experts ranges between Rs. 350 to 460?

Does it require any explanation as to for whose interests the APC is working? APC has fixed the support price of raw cotton at Rs. 235 per quintal whereas the experts of the Punjab Agricultural University have worked out that the cost of production ranges between Rs. 350 to Rs. 400. Yes also that the cost of production to the control of the concomitant effect on rural economy.

Coming to jute, my State is an unfortunate State because it has taken to jute cultivation. On the last occasion I described the plight of the jute growers. The economy of jute is the economy of West Bengal. I would like to quote the main recommendation made by the Public Undertakings Committee

"...the cost of production of jute per scre for the study as a whole in turn worked out to Rs. 377.34 per quintal including the bye-product and Rs. 344.34 per quintal excluding the cost of the bye-product.

What has the APC done? It bases fixed the support price of raw jute at Rs. 148. I made a rough calculation and found that for each quintle of jute a pessant family is losing Rs. 28 to 40. Some journalist made an estimate saying that crores of rupees are being rathern away from the growers and the five monopoly houses in West Bengal are amassing fabulous profile.

Therefore, I feel it is in the interest of the Janata Party, if they are true to their professions about Iollowing a rural-oriented economic policy, if they really want to give their economic policy a rural bias, to seriously take into account these two or three economic factors; instead of just being guided by two or three experts of a Commission because that will not provide the real thrust to the rural economy which it now needs.

बोधरी बलबोर सिंह (हांनियारपुर) सभापति महोदय, इरुखात ने बहा या —— उठी नेरी बुनिया के मरीयों की दना दी काय के उनरों दरी दिवार हिना दी जिस चेत से दहाजों की मयन्सर नहीं रोटी

उन खेत के हर गोधवे गंदम की विशा थे।

Remunerative चिश्रपी बसबीर मिही

तरा सनो को बात है कि क्लिंग राएक बढ़ा एप्रोक्टनर मिनिस्टी की गढ़ी पर बढ़ा है घीर बर कियात की प्रराहार को समयका है। क्या बद्ध छाडी पर राष धर कर कह सकता है कि काटन के रिए को 255 इपय प्रारम सहरत को है बहदास्त है ? प्रगर वह वह दग कि दूसरा है तो हम इस सवारका छोड दर । गधीकल्बर मिनिस्टर मार्रेज इस बात का जानत र जा राज्य का प्राइस १०५ स्पर्धे रखी गई है वह बम है। यह निमाना क माय पन्नद्र है बहुत बड़ा शासा है धनर किमान की जब में प्रमा जोता हैता सदा संगीतक ज्ञाता है। सीर उपनी जब में पना नहा जाएगा तो महर्र में कहां से रौतर यायम ? मात्र में पाच मान पहुरे काटत माह पार सी पान सी स्पन्न से स्थार की ग्रीर पान साम व बार बद हर बाज को कायन राजो हो गई है जा काइन की प्राइस मान्य हो गई है।

मफापित महादय द्वाप जानत ह कि यहा पानियामद के बाहर पत्रात के किमाना ने डिमास्टबन नियाया प्राज्ञव जनोर्मेबर हा उल्होन महाभयना क्याम जनाया था। जिस नरहुंस इस्मान न बढ़ा या कि पर तापाय स्थम को अला हो उसी तरह से उन्हान ग्रापना क्यास यात्रा ना वर जनामा माँ उन्हान बहा बाकि जिल्लास हमाणी गेटी पण नी हाता है उस को इस जनात है। बन्दर निमान के मन संबद्ध बात बा जाए कि जा जीज उसके बच्चा का रागी नहीं द सकती है उसकी अलाना ठीक है तो न्यिनान कम जाएमा ?

वा क्षिमानके निष्याज्ञ बात करते हैं वे निद्यान को रेनो को एप्टी हरिजन रना वहत है। जब विमान माने निए इवस्या होता है ता वड सरमाय-वारा भौर बह बहे हिमाना क विवास में एक उट्टर नर ज्या बला है हि यह रैजी एक्टी हरिकन है। क्षिमान "मी का क्या बाता है कि बर्गाणी हरित्रन है हिमान धनर अपने हन्छ र सिए सब्दा है कटन हो कर नामन भाना है ता बा नरप्रायम् माग हव इस तरह संयक्त प्रवार करते है। उन्होन एक शक्त कामन कर एवा है भौर उसी वा नताला है कि किमान सीर हरिजन बाबनाम बार बरह ह उनका नगई बरवान का नार साथा जाती .

वी परा करता है उसका अपनी चोज का ठीक सनहीं मिल्लाक्षा निकहा नाम्ना। एक बार गरा मनाया गया प्राहम्स मार परिस । स्व मह नारा है प्राटवम एक परिवा। यहा क्यादा स्थित न पैन कर दिया तो सरकार के सामन मीट उनके सामन एन मनट मा कर खड़ा हो गरा। छोटे वशीर साल्व का इ उल्लान वहा मा कि गञा चाला देता हो गया है इन बान्त सरकार के मामन एक सकट पाक्रवस हास्या है। म बहुबा कि बो पन करना है क्यको बाद क्रज़ीन्द न उसकी को मेहनत नुबद्धी है उसका मुनामा उसका एवटाना उसका मिनना पाहिए। तभी देत प्राणे बढ़ेया।

याय इनक्तमन का समाज न करे। भार बढ़ते ह ती बद्दत द। पाद वैसी विद्ययना है कि स्पार क्षा सस्तो है भीर वपडा इतना ज्यादा भटना है। यह नहां की इनानोधित पातिको है नहां की व्यापी है ? में समझताह कि किसान का उसकी उरज का प्रधापस वैसाधाव टिस्काएये तो दश समझा व होगा होरे धापको धन्यबाद देगा ।

MR CHAIRMAN The time of two hours alloited for this will be over by 521 So let us extend the discussion by a few minutes so that Minister speaks and the mover renlies.

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-IRRIGATION TURE AND SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) not be able to conclude within that time

MR CHAIRMAN You can continue on the next day

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA Then why not allow some more Members to speak on this'

SHRI YUVRAJ (Kathar) Lwant to speak. MR CHAIRMAN Members who have sent their names have a ready

spoken. SHRI YUVRAJ I have moved an amendment and I have been here all

the time MR. CHAIRMAN All right, the Minister will reply on the next day

Shri Yuvraj

SHRI CHITTA BASU The next resolution is an important one in the name of Shri Sivaji Patnaik. Kindly see that it is moved,

MR CHAIRMAN As the Minister will reply on the next day it will not be possible

K. CHANDRAPPAN (Cannanore) There is time for the Minister to reply

MR. CHAIRMAN There is no time.

SHRI C K. CHANDRAPPAN : May I make a submission? If you kindly postpone the time for Half-An-Hour discussion, if we take up the Half-An-Hour discussion, after - 15 minutes, the Minister can reply and the mover also can reply and the next resolution can be taken up.

MR. CHAIRMAN. It will not be possible for the Minister to reply within such a short time.

मी पुंबराज (कहिलार) समाप्ति थी, दूर देश में जिलान पाने के सम्रां के बार्गाव वाणियान पहले भी तैवा करते हैं, उस में में बरना, पुरार के का क्यात रही तो पूरा करते हैं। यह के हैं कि कहा चाप की पी दोती हैं, कहने की भी मेंत्री होती है, वैदिन मुख्य कर है कि प्रां 3 फल्यें मूर्त देश में मेंद्रा करते हैं। विन्हीं प्राप्ता ने परान की पोता है कि ती में देश करते हैं और प्रदेशन भारत के हुए प्राप्ती में काम की मेंत्री करते हैं।

्र आपनो प्राइस पालिसी फार स काटन कार दी ईग्रर 1978-79, जो कि एग्रीकल्चरत प्राईस कमीशन को रिपोर्ट है, उसे देख कर साज्युव होगा कि किसान जब अपनी भयाम बेचता है तो उसे श्या श्राम मिनते हैं। जिस तेजी में कियान येतो _मे कई पैदा करता है, उसी तेजी से उसकी कीर्मत गिख्ती जाती है। 1977~78 का टेबल प्राइसेज के बारे में है, मई महीने में यह 1540 रुपये प्रति निवटन. या कपास का, भीर धीरे भीर वह घटता नवा श्रीर . सितम्बर के बन्त में उस की कीमत 1535 रुपये हुई । यह गुजरात की है । इस के सकाबा है नर्नाटक, महाराष्ट्र, बमास, पजाब में सब जगड ग्राप देखेंगे नि जहां सुरू में कीमत अधिक थी यहा हुर महीने - कुछ न फुछ की मत घटती गई है। यह कपास की हासत है। शुगर केन की दमा ग्राप जानते हैं, कई दिनों से इस पर यहा यहम् हो रही है कि भूपर केन जो किसान पैना करता है, एग्रीनरूचरत प्राइस कमीशन ने इसके दाम 9,मादे 9 स्पर्ये निर्धारित किये हैं। ^१ (स्वयधान)

MR. CHAIRMAN: The time allotted for this resolution is now over. Is it the pleasure of the House to extend the time, say, by half an hour so that this may be taken up next day allotted for the Private Members' Business'

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for the Private Members' Business:

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN': It the time on this resolution is extended.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: if the time on this resolution is extended that will mean another very important resolution in which we are all interested—will not be token up. The time allotted for this resolution is over. The discussion should be completed and we want that the next resolution is considered and we want that the next resolution is outlined to the constitution of the constitution is not considered and we want that the next resolution is not pleted and we want that the next.

MR CHAIRMAN The Minister has to reply; he will need time. The mover of this resolution has also to reply. It is not possible.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: We do not mind taking up the Helf-An-Hour discussion at 6 O' Clock. Let us sit for half an hour more. It you want to extend time, we propose let us sit beyond 6 O' Clock, upto 6.30. Let us finish this discussion, at 6 O' Clock and take up the Half-An-Hour discussion at 6 O' Clock and take up the Half-An-Hour discussion at 6 O' Clock.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Rule 26 says:

"The last two and a helf hours of a sitting on Friday shall be allotted for the transaction of private members' business."

It is not more than 23 hours. In that case, the rules are to be amended,

SHRI C K. CHANDRAPPAN: We can waive that rule and extend it

by half an hour more.

. MR. CHAIRMAN: It is not possible.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: It is possible, it has been done in the past. You cannot give a ruling like that. We have waived the rule on many occasions, in this House, by allowing other members to move their resolutions before the Minister's reply. The precedents are there.

MR. CHAIRMAN: It will be taken up on the next day allotted for the Private Members' Business.

of commercial crops (Res.)

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPANwill not be taken up on the next day because there is no more next day coming for the resolutions week is the last week of the session Unless you allow it to be moved, it will co by default Let us wante rule 26 which you read out. If that rule is waived the Half an-Hour Discussion can be taken up at 6 O'Clock.

MR. CHAIRMAN You are well aware that rules can be suspended only with the permission of the Speaker and not otherwise.

SHRICK CHANDRAPPAN can be done with the permission of the Chair With a Chairman, from the panel of Chairman, sitting in the Chair rules have been waived.

MR. CHAIRMAN. I understand the importance of that Resolution as well. For the time being, the time for this Resolution is extended by half an hour, it will be taken up on the next occasion, on the day fixed for Private Members' Business - Resolutions

थी मुबराज किसान या ईम्ब पैदा करता है किस तब्ह उस में उस का शोषण होता है और बढ़ बढ़े उद्योगपति वर उस से बानी बनात है हो सामार में वह उन को कि-तभी भहती संचनी रहती है! . (स्थवधान....)

SHRI C K. CHANDRAPPAN There are precedents in this House When it was necessary, when the House felt and the Chair also felt that certain motions could be discussed and should be discussed. we waived rule 388, and allowed the Members to move their motions before the Minister replied. It happened in the case of a motion by Shri Ivotirmov Bosu and also in the case of one motion by Shri Samar Guha I would Lac you to cooperate with us and waive that rule and allow this Resolution by Mr Sivan Patnank to be moved.

MR. CHAIRMAN. If the House agrees, that can be taken up Certainly permission may be allowed if House agrees . .

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: Then. I move formally.

"That Rule 388 be suspended for the time being without making it a precedent and Mr. Sivali Patnalk be allowed to move his Resolution."

MR. CHAIRMAN: I find from the records that such proposals were put up previously, but the Chair has not agreed in previous cases.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: You carefully go through the records. Sir.

MR. CHAIRMAN. That is what 1 find from the records.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN. You will find these precedents in the case of a motion by Shri Jyoturmoy Bosu. and also in the case of a motion by Shri Samar Guha.

MR, CHAIRMAN: You are quite correct. But that proposal was not acteded to by the Chairman.

SHR! C K. CHANDRAPPAN, It was accepted and the motions were moved.

MR. CHAIRMAN: It was not accepteđ.

SHRT C. K. CHANDRAPPAN. It. was accepted It was accepted in my presence.

MR CHAIRMAN, Later on it wasnot accepted.

SHRI C. K CHANDRAPPAN.

do not know MR. CHAIRMAN I have through the records. That is the case.,

भी मुक्ताब • में यह तिवेदन कर रहा पा कि पे तीन जो मध्य पदाबार की फसरें हैं बूट, काटन मी नुगर केन उस में झाप देखने कि किस तरह से जो ने उत्पादक विसान हैं अवदा शोषण हाता है

MR. CHAIRMAN: The hop, Member? will continue on the next occasion-on the day allotted for Private Members'

Resolutions, The Minister will inter-

Now, let us take up the Half-an-Hour Discussion

17-30 hrs.

HALF-AN-HOUR DISCUSSION TERMINAL BENEFITS TO BEAS-SUTLAJ LINK WORKERS, TALWARA.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Now let us take up the half-an-hour discussion. Shri

Bhagat Ram.
SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN (Can-

nanore): Now you are calling him-You are really creating... MR, CHAIRMAN: I will show you

MR. CHAIRMAN: I will show you the records and you will be satisfied.

SHRI C. K. CHANDRAPPAN: I could have raised the matter of quorum and got the House adjourned but I do not want to do it.

श्रो भवत राम (फिल्नोर) : सभावति महोदय, मैने ९ प्रगस्त, 1978 को एक स्वेशचन भेना या जिसका नन्वर वा 3456/355/1 स्वैश्चन यह था :

- (a) Whether the Co-ordination Committee of Beas-Sutlej Link workers of Talwara had drawn Government's attention towards discrimination while giving terminal benefit to the workers;
- (b) How many workers got terminal benefit and the number of those who did not get the same;
- (c) whether there is a great resentment among the workers against this discrimination and the Co-ordination Committee has started agitation; and
- (d) whether Government propose to give terminal benefit to the remaining workers?

इलका रेप्लाई मुझे यह दिया दिया गया था:

(a) Government is not aware of any discrimination in the grant of benefits under the rules, to the workers?

- (b) to(d). Do not arise
- में समतता वा कि शायर मिनिस्टर साहब की गतत-कहनी हुई हो, उनको इस बात की शानकारी न हो इंडजिए में ने फिर इस सेशन में इती वर्षेण्यन के रिशेट किया, उसका रेकेस देकर मैंने पढ़ा:
- (a) under which rule some workers had been given terminal banefit and others denied;
- (b) the number of those who got the terminal benefit and those who were denied; and
- (c) whether Government propose to give terminal benefit to the remaining workers?

मने बोफ्लोस है कि इन बार भी मसे जो उत्तर दिया गया उस में पहले की गलती पर परेदा झलने की कोजियको गर्द। मेरे क्येन्चन नं० ३६३९ का गलत उत्तर दिया गया । इस में कहा गया कि 1947 का जो इण्डस्ट्रियस विस्पादस ऐक्ट है उस के क्लाब 25 (एफ) (के) के प्रन्डर रिट्टेन्बमेन्ट कम्पेनसेशन दे दिया गया है । अब इसकी जो बसकी पोजीशन है वह मैं वताना बाहता हू। यह जो रुम्पेलेशन ऐक्ट है उन के धंतर्गत जो बताया नया है वह यसती टॉमनल वेनिफिट नहीं है। थोड़े से वर्कस की तीन तीन महीने का ट्रिमनल वैनिफिट के रूप मे बेतन मिला है जय-कि बहां सलवाड़ा और मुन्दर नगर जो डैम्स है उन पर 50 हजार से ज्यादा वर्जन काम करते रहे हैं। उन्होंने ध्रपनी जिन्दगी का बहुत ही फीमती भागे बहा पर समाया है । इस से पहले उन में से बहुत में बर्कर्स ने माखड़ा उँग पर काम किया था। उन्होंने सदी गर्मी की कोई परवाह न करते हुए दिन रात काम किया था। 425 से ज्यादा जीनों की मौते हो मई । हजारों लोग बाकास हो गए। एक्सीडॉन्ट में किसी का बाज ट्रह गया, किसी की टाग ट्रह गई ब्रौरै किसी का कुछ धौर हो गया। इन नौसी नें इतनी मेहनत कर के उँम को उँपार किया जिनका माज देश में विकली और निचाई के लिए उपयोग किया जा रहा है । यह मजदूर जो कथित हरा इनकताव साबे इस से करोड़ों का वैनिफिट पान देशको मिल रहा है । लेकिन जो ऐसे मबदूर हैं इन लोगों को दिमनल बेनिफिट नहीं दिया गया, जब कि दूमरे लोगों को-मैं उन के लिये विरोध नहीं करता है, मिनिस्टर माहब ने बहुत प्रवटा काम किया है — दिया गया, जो इन्जीनियमें ये या ऐसे बक्संथे, जो रेगुलर थे। ,खेकिन जिन्होंने भगनी जान की बाजी लगा थी. ग्राप के देश को तैयार दिया. उन को नहीं मिला । इन लिये मुझे उम्मीद है—मिनिस्टर साहब यात्र देगी हाउन

थि। मनतः समी

एनाउस करण कि उन के साथ जो विस्क्रीमिन्यन निया त्या है उस रो दूरकरने कतिये उन दो ताव चीन महीन दो बदन टॉमना बनिष्टि के रूप में, या जो भी गाम पाय उस को दला बार्टे दिया दावता ।

चयरम्ब सहस्र, इतनाही नहा-दहा पर पंचान हबार से ज्यान लोग बान नर रहे स जिन न म अवतक्षार सुज्यादा लोगा का सब तक दिव रिया गर्ना है । एक सवार के अदाद में ज्यापर बन्भाजा गा है कि उन व न क्लिट 9158 को काम दिया गया है वॉक्ट्रा का कोई पनि नहां दिया गया है । जिन सागों की कीन दिया गर्ग है उन भी जा लाग्न पेथी उन की प्रोडेक तहा किया गया है अध्यमगे की जो दब्ब ह - इन वर इन का शव दिना गरा है। रत निव जिल्हान पानी नाम जिल्ली स्थाना त्रक्तर क्वान म समाई हा उन का दाम न पित वभगवरें बहुबड मण्यासदी बात है।

इस दिय में मिनिस्टर नाटव व आबना व स्था - त्रो धायत वैम ना प्रावत्त्र है, जिल ही टक्कार विश्वप्रमा स क्लोबट पडी हुई है उम्र को दल्कारून-क्लिक्स जल्द से बस्द हो बात और उम्र क्लाप हो वह बच्छाप्रव नवा भी बाय कि आ यश्मी जिल्ला हुए हैं, उन शा लाग्ट प प्राटनर करन हुए उन का पीयन स्थ म नयात प्राप्ता । अन्यस्थाय शे. म एक प्राथका भीर करना चाहता ह — का बहा पर ' पृतिसन कक्षाउस व जिल्लान देश देशी क इंडरम्टका प्राटक्ट करन क लिले पन की इन्दरी क निय उनकी दर हम्मदस्य कीश्व लग्न नोड का थी उन का विकिटमाइड श्यि गर्भा । उनम् संधाननगराचं भी नतनन पिंड पन, ना बलबार सिंह घोर थी रखबीर निर्दे ने विनाल रचहरा इ पुरु कम चलावे गव धीर क्यारत मंत्र स्थाप्त क्षावित हुए प्रशासन में ब भार बरी हो चुक है। त्रिल प्रश्नी तक उन की नीगरी था बर्ग्स पह जिला पर्वा है-व्यक्ति नरमध्यानको बाद है। एव अभार है-भिनिन्दर ग्राह्य इस के बाद में भा एनाउन्नेमट रुप्ते कि उने वा बहान विशा बारणा ।

मधिर मधै निनिग्डर ग्राह्द स वह बसीत र एता पाइमा ह - मुस तम्मीद है वे इन बार्तों पर कर भान हो — कि को स्ट्रिक्ट बस्स ै उन को जनकी मास्टर को प्रोटनट करता हुए र^म में दाम निशा ताबका । उस दह उस रो साम नहीं मिनता है तह तक उन **हे** रिदेग्यम'ड को राका जानगा और रीवन दैस क स्तिमस्त के निव बार संभन्द कावदाही की आदर्गा । या विकारिमास्त्रमनः विमाणमा तै—बट श्रीमृझ जन्मीर है जल्द दूर करेंगे बीर सद महतुत्रों हो दिला दिसी यमगा के तीन महात का ताटबाट टॉमनल बॉमॉक्ट खेल्य में टा अधी।

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI'P RAMACHANDRAN) the hon, Member raised a few points about the Heas-Suiles Project about the retrenchment abenefits I would hke to impress upon him that it is the endeavour of the Government to see that as many people who are retrenches are re-employed elsewhere in various other projects

In fact we have suggested to .hem that as and when new projects are coming up in the neighbourhood, we will try to see that they are accommodated and absorbed in those prote ts In fact Thien Dam is one of them and it is pending technoleconomic elearance and as soon 95 it is cleared most of them, probably will be able to be absorbed in that Dam.

Even if that dam is not coming up fast enough we will try to see that there workers are absorbed in some other projects which are coming up in the neighbourhood it is in the nterest of the norkers that we created a cell in that area lised where these people are registered and whenever the varancies arise these names are sent and they are persuaded to absorb them

About the ferminal benefits the hou ble Member was telling that some discrimination has been shown. Absu lutely no discrimination was shown It is only under an agreement that "etrenchment benefits were given to all those employees who were retreached as and when the work in a particular area was completed and for the permanent employees some benefits are assured on the basis of some understanding reached between the State governments from where they have been re-

cruited to serve on these projects, it is only because of that some benefits were allowed to be enjoyed by this permanent staff and even these penple will get only after they get back to their parent States. That is why I say, there is no discrimination. For instance, the Puniab Government has sanctioned two advance increments to their officers who have worked satisfactorily on the Beas project for at least three years. Like that the Harvana Government has given two advance increments and the Rajasthan Government has also given some project compensatory allowance at the rate of 20 per cent. Whatever terminal henefits were given in view of this assurance given by respective State governments. That is why some of these permanent employees get these benefits. But other workmen-in fact, there were workers working for a number of years-when the question of retrenchment they placed before the management a number of demands. It is only after discussion with the union representatives that an agreement was reached whereby a number of retrenchment benefits were given to these workers. Sir, if it is a question of helping these employees to get jobs elsewhere we will certainly belo and even now I can say that a number of workers have been employed in other projects in the neighbourhood. That is why I . am emphasising that there is no discrimination.

With regard to various others problems that he has raised about the hard labour they have put in we do appreciate and sympathies with the workers and we appreciate their sacrificial tendency. That is why we tried to reach an agreement with the Union and tried to settle these disputes by giving them a number of benefits.

डा॰ रामजी सिंह (शायलपुर): नभाषति
महोध्य, अभी हमारे कवी भंबी वी ने उनार
दिया है, उस में एक दात की और ये आपता
प्रधान दिलामा पाहता हूं। इस मतनुबन्धार
प्रियोजना का संत है। दहा मतनुबन्धार

- मिला कर के 36,322 मजबूर घटनीधस्त हुए। यह अनुवर 77 से मार्च 78 तक की बात है और मजबूरी की युन्यिन में जी मनकीशा हुआ, उन जनकीत में जो टन्ह आफ सैटिसमेंट हि, उन्न को आप देने।

"The management promised that they would however continue their efforts to help the retrenched workmen to get jobs elsewhere both in private and government undertakings".

वर्ष को भी देवेंने और नेपून्द्री एक्ट 1972 को ध्वान में रखते हुए कुछ एसाईटिया पेमेट भी करने और आधा देवें स्वाव तत्त्व वर्षाम्य हुआ है ? कुझ वाच एसीमेट हुए थे। में बानमा चाहता हुछि मारात सरकार में मनदूरों के साथ जी तस्त्रीति हुए थे एक से तंकर वाच तक दन में चे चिन जिल का कार्यान्यन हुआ है और कीन कीन वाजी हुए

36322 आवमी छंडनीयस्त हुए ये १ मैं जानना चाहता हूं कि उन में से काहे राज्य सरकार ने मीर चाहे आपने बद उक्क कितनों को काम पर सिमा है ?

ध्यस्य रेगा होता है कि जो नवहुए एन परिचान इस कर बात करते हैं परि श्रीवार जो पूर्व करते हैं तो उस से पूर्व हो जाने पर में बहुएं के दारि एसे हैं तरि हुगारी वस्तर हैं या कामारी महिरम कामारी हो हुगारी करता कोई मी अमस तरकी है तो और कोरों, तो पर निया जाता है। में ममस्तराह हैं के स्वयस्त्र के प्रमाण कामारी के स्वयस्त्र है ते के क्यार की निया है और उस की प्रमाण की मान कामारी हिंगा है और उस की प्रमाण करते हैं होते हैं मान दिया है और उस की प्रमाण करते हैं तो की प्रमाण है जी उस की जी गई बीचला पुर होंगी क्या

(हा॰ समजी मिट्टी

मह सिद्धात भाष नहां बनाएन का महत मुस्तिक शर्मा । ह्यारे यहां लाल महिवा नोमला खदान में ही हवार सीन काम करत वे । यह का राष्ट्रीय-इरणे हमा । वृक्ति व सभी वक भी मधे सर रहे हैं। इस्ती चमह नोई बोचना मरू होती है सो वसर्गे दूसरे लोगों को काम पर रख निया जाता है। यह गतत है इस बास्ते मरा पहला प्रस्त यह है कि पान में हे क्विते समझौठों का पालव हुमा है भीर बड़ी तक हुआ है भीर नहीं डेमा है की क्यों नहीं हुआ है। दूसरी बात यह है कि श्या सरकार जब नई परियोजना एक करती है हो उस में इन एडनीयस्त लोगों को प्राथमिकडा रतो या नहीं वे में मह भी जानता चाहता ह कि नई मोपना में भाज तक दिनते इन लोगों का प्रापन दिशा है और बाकी व छटनावस्त क्षाय वयात्र उनको भ्योक्ती निकाह ?

SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN The hon. Member has raised some new points

He desires to know as to how many clau es of the agreement have been implemented After all these points raised in the agreement are about the retrenchment benefits. According to the agreement the retrenchment bene-"ts have been given to all those employees was have been retrenched And about ther placement in other project as and when vacancies arise as and when the projects are taken up, definitely these people are given the very fret preference. As a matter of fact about 5000 workers out of the ret enched workers have been found e placement cell is very much working there 11 those who have been retremened To absorbed there These is to are being cimulated to various project areas These roject authorities are being persuaded to accept some of the employce, or all the employees retrenched from t e In these cases it is very åı™c 1 for he to force other atho mr. in take all in im opec, retrented here It is on' 'erzure of that difficulty that a n m er of berefits are gi en to those

retrenched employees as a sort of ompensation, and in a project like this, to cannot afford to keep all the emp loyees till the end of the project. That is also the difficulty. It is a big project, and there are many chases of work An and when these phases of work are completed the employees have to be retrenched. Otherwise, it will be a great burden on the project itself In a big project like this there would be 50 000 people working at a particular period of time and we will not be able to keep all the employees till the project is completed or till alternate tobs are found for them, because it will be a great strain on the project itself. Then this project is being executed on behalf of the States concerned States like Ranasthan. Himachal Pradesh. Punish Hamana etc. are concerned. These Stafes are contributing money for the execution of these projects. Anything that we do will have to be done with the consent of these partner Sates We are trying to see that these employees are not put to great difficulties about their livelihood. That is why this compensation is given retrenchment benefits are given and they are also helped to get lobs elsewhere

DR RAMI SINGH I want a clark feeding in your pepty to Question No 5724 by Shin Engil Patinah, you have enumerated different steps that the Government are taking to possible en ployment to these retranched workers You have enumerated eleven steps there flow many of these things have you been able to fulfill by non?

SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN All three steps are being fulfilled gradually. The only thing is this Suppose we arrived to these people to go to conder project, some of them care not prepared to move out of the area even if the employment is available. It is very difficult to see that all the people are employed in the nearby area. That is why we extrudy the names of the re-why are a That is

trenched employees to other projects also. We also write to them and ask them to give some priority and preference to these employees and when they give preference some of employees are not prepared to go to the far off places. That is our difficulty. It is our endeavour to see to help them in placing them in various protects.

DR. RAMJI SINGH: You are going to have many super-thermal power stations. Will you assure the House that these retrenched workers will be employed in those power projects?

SHRI P RAMACHANDRAN- Definitely if they are found suitable for the particular type of work; and if they are willing to go to the project areas, their cases will be considered sympathetically and favourably,

श्री भवत राम : मिनिस्टर साहव ने कहा है कि मजदर लींग दसरी जनहो पर काम करने नही जाते हैं। 39 हैबार की रिटचमैट में से 9 हजार को काम मिला है। यह इन निये नहीं नाती हैं कि सास्ट-पे उन की प्रोट्स्ट नहीं होती है, भजभरों की सबदरी दी बाबी है । सब की शतम नहीं मिलता है। मैं ने युनियन के लीडरों की विकटमाइबेशन का प्रत्न हैंठाका का उनका भी जबाद नहीं दियां। में यह पूछना बाहता हं कि त्यां वो दीन महीने का येनन दिला है यह न्टेंट ने दिया है वा सेंटर ने दिया है।

SHRT P. RAMACHANDRAN: It is out of the funds given by these partner-States that these benefits were psid.

MR CHAIRMAN; The House now stands adjourned to reassemble at 11 a. m. on Monday the 18th December. 17.56 hrs.

The Lok Sabha then adjourned till Eleven of the Clock on Monday. December 18, 1978/Agrahayana 27, 1900 (Saka).

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LOR SABHA

Monday, December 18, 1978/ Agrahayana 27, 1980 (Saka)

The Lok Sabha met at Eleven of the Clock.

[MR. SPEAKER in the Chair]

ORAL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Illicit Liquor in "Dry Areas"

+

*384 SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: SHRI MANORANJAN BHAKTA;

Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government are aware of large scale illicit production and consumption of liquor in the areas" of the country; and
- (b) if so, what measures have Government taken or contemplate to stop these illicit activities?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.
SCCIAL WEIFARE AND CULTURE
(DR. PRATAF CHANDRA CHUNDER).
(a) Histip roduction of liquer whether
in 'dry areas' or 'wet areas' is a claudestine and illegal operation and hence
it is not possible to ascertain the extent
or scale of production and consumption
of such illett fluor.

(b) All matters relating to production, manufacture, possession, transport, purchase and sale of intoxicating liquers fall within the jurisdiction of States under Entry 8 of the State List of Reinedule of the Constitution and

the State Governments alone are competent to take suitable measures to stop the illicit activities under their own excise and/or prohibition laws.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: matter has assumed particular tragic relevance after the jucident which took place in Delhi the other day. Again and again such incidents are taking place. Sometimes, when such incidents took place, Government has appointed Commissions of Enquiry. On such Commission of Enquiry was the Bawela Commission appointed after a similar tragedy in Delhi last year. Another Commission of Enquiry was the Duggal Magisterial Enquiry into the liquor. deaths also in Delhi earlier this year. These Commissions have recommended that the only way to control and solve this problem of illicit liquor is for the Government themselves to open shows or to see that chean and certified country Lauge is provided to the people. Now will the Government act on these recommendations and see that cheap and certified country liquor is available to the people in open shops? The intention of the Government is to encourage the small-scale industries and also the cottage industry. Does this mean that the cottage industry of illicit liquor should also be encouraged by the Government?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER: In regard to prohibition, the Government will try to see that prohibition is introduced in four years' time.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: So you are doing it. Nov, this is the attitude of the Government. It is true that under the Directive Principles, probabition can be tackled in a steady manner, in a manner which causes no injury to anyone. Now, this four-years' target is an absolute arbitrati-

ness of the Executive I would like to know from the hon Minister if he is prepared to obtain parliamentary sanction by brining a resolution of i i SHRI DHIRENDRANATH such other mode of parliamentary sanction to have prohibition atroduc ed in four years time then I can ets well say that such a parliamentar; sanction will never be obtained be cause a majority of the Members do occasionally drink once or twice

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN DER There is a national sanction for prohibition At the meeting of the prohibition Council where Ministers of all the States assembled they have unammously decided that within four years this policy will have to be introduced in this country and this was not decided once namely in 1977 but also this year that is 1978. There s a national sanction.

SHRI MANORAVJAN BHAKIA Just now the hon Minister has said that it is a State matter. I would like to know from him that in case of Union Territory such as Andaman and Nicobar Islands where illicit distilla tion is patronised by the Police Depart ment and the Go ernment, what measures are going to be taken to check this activity. The Central Government is directly responsible for the Union Territories. In view of the large number of people having died in Dhanhad and in many other parts of the country due to consumption of illicit liquor whether the Govern ment s thinking to have a national policy so that it can be implemented throughouf the country on a uniform basis by which illicit distillation can also be prevented?

DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN DER Sir as I said for stopping the illicit and clandestine distillation of li quor gu delines have already been issued by the Central Government. But human element is involved in this and there is likelihood of deviation it depends on the State Government and also the administrators of the Union Territories to see that the life.t d stillation does not take place But there cannot be any foolproof method in this fast as we have not been able to stop decoits murders or rapes

Illicit liquor is a poison More than 500 people have died in Dhanbad Asonsol recently Vas I know from the hon Unister what action has so far been taken by the Government to present illicit distillation of house?

DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDEP Dhanbad tragedy has taken place in a State which is not yet a dry area It is a wet area. However actions taken by the Government are closure of all liquor shops in Dhanhad district since 12 12-1978 withdrawal of the licences of all the four country houor shops etc. Chemical analysis of the liquor in all the shops and warehouses is being done by the Excise Chemist and Experi from the Forensic Science Laborators

श्री श्रेषक एतक पटवारी सजी महोद्ध ने बना। कि बार मान में मारे नेत्र के मदारात बंद होता. यह बहुत खर्को की बात है। ब्रासाम प्रश्नमेंट ने कुछ बिलों में मध्यान बाद किया है लविन भरान स इस्लोगेस मध भानाम न भा रही है। इस का रोवन के निए गरवार न क्या योजवा बनाया है । पनशाद म जो वाच सौ मान्मी मरे उम की ता बाब हा वर्ड महिन षामान म 255 व्यक्तिया क नहान मिल 1 मद खाकर चाय बारान भ उन लागा की मृम्म हा गई। भूग सरकार इम बात की बांच बंचावधी कि बाय बापान म भटान से जो इस्लीयन मूर बादी है उस स यह पटना होती है और यह हमारे दश क निए यतरनाक है ?

शा• मतार कार्यका पटवारी जीन ओ कहा है— यह बात सही है। मैं बद गौरादी गया का तो इस तरह की बात मन भी मूनी थी। इस निये इस पर भी अरूर कुछ पर्वाहोनी बाहिय।

BINCHING. KHANDU hirims I do not understand now the Government is going to introduce prohibition within 4 years when the brewing of illicit liquor is on a large scale in the country Mr Patwary has rightly pointed out that liquor is coming from Bhutan It has been seen that in the State of Assam the police department has been very badly patronising brewing of libert liquor they are mostly patronising on the borders of Assam and Arunachal Pradesh Whether the Government is taking some positive steps to stop these things or not.

Crisis in Sugar Industry

- *385. SHRI ANNASAHEB GOT-KHINDE; Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the sugar industry is facing a crisis;
 - (b) if so, the reasons therefor; and
- (c) the steps proposed to be taken, in respect of buffer stocking by the Government, reduction in the rate of Government, reduction in the rate of interest chargeable on the carry over stock realistic fixation of tariff value and excise duty, relief in interest on working capital, expert quota and except of molasses; modified monthly release system and safequarding the interests of cane growers so as to protect the sugar industry.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU FRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). A statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

(a) and (b). Due to record production of sugar (about 65 lakh tonnes) and record off-take of sugarcane by the inclustry (68 million tonnes) in the sugar year 197-73, the stocks of sugar in the system and its availability some increased posing certain problams in their disposal. However, the removal of controls on prices, distribution and movement of sugar with effect from 16th August, 1978 is expected to stimulate domestic consumption of sugar further and also bring about a better balance between demand for sugarcane and its supply.

- (c) I. Buffer stocking and modified monthly refence system: Thuse measures were considered by the Government at the time of decontrol of sugar and it was felt that in the initial stages of decontrol it would be advisable to let the market forces have their natural action in order to achieve a reasonable market price. In the light of the working of decontrol these points are being continually examuned and a fresh decision may be taken, if found necessaries.
- 2. Firation of tariff value and excise duty: The excise duty for sugar has already been reduced in successive stages. Any further reduction of excise duty and consequent fall in prices would create serious problems to the bhandsari and gur industry which are affected even at the present prices.

The tariff value of sugar has also been reduced from Rs. 215 in August, 1978 to Rs. 190 with effect from 1-12-1978.

- 3. Export quote and exports: Out of a quota of 6.5 lakh tonnes allotted to India under the International Sugar Agreement for 1978 a quantity of 1.4 lakh tonnes have already been exported and the exports of remaining quantity have been contracted and ere in progress.
- 4. Sampath Committee Concessions: An inter-Binisterial Group has been constituted to revise the scheme, in force from December 1975, to grant incentives to make new factories and expansion projects established at high cost viable, in the light of changed conditions.
- 5. Export of Molesses: The export of noissases has been liberalized by amending the Export Control (Order). 1977. During 1977-8 season, the State Governments have declared a total quantity of 5.14 lakh tonnes as exportable surplus as against which the State Trading Corporation has already exported about 73,000 tonnes. It is hoped that with the decision to place

export of molasses under the Open General Licence-3 larger quantities of molasses can be exported

6 Safeguarding the interests of cane groupes The steps taken by the Government to safeguard the interests of the cane growers include liberalization of credit facilities to the sugar factories to enable them to clear the arrears of cane dues, advancing a loan of Rs 20 crores to the Government of Uttar Pradesh to enable the sugar factories in public and the cooperative sectors in that State to clear the cane dues of the farmers and the promuleation of an Ordinance providing for the taking over of the management of sugar mills which have cane arrears in excess of 19 per cent or do not start crushing operations in a timely manner The statutory minimum cane price for 1978 79 season has also acca raised to Rs 10 per quintal linked to a recovery of 8.5 per cent from the earlier level of Rs 850

I Reduct on in the rate of interests chargeable on the carry-oner stocks and wheel in interests on working captal. The Government have already liberalized to some extent the credit facility of the control of the cont

SHIRI ANNASAHEB GOTKHINDE
Mr Speafer Sur I have carefully
gone through the statement which has
been land on the Table of the House
But it look ther strange that when
the sugar industry is facing a serious
crisis such can growers are in difficulty the Government is taking more
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export has been entered into and Sampath Committee concessions are under consideration. I want to have a specific assurance from the Minister whether this decision would be expedited so far as buffer stocking and modified monthly release system is concerned Whether any time limit has been fixed for export contract. When the decision is likely to be takin on the recommendation of the inter Ministerial Group?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH-The interest of the farmer is not at all in reopardy They are assured a minimum statutory prices The delay In taking a decision is due to the fact that we were watching the prices of sugar to be stabilised at a particular level because it is no use taking some decision now and the prices go to another level. So, we are watching the prices to be stabilised. Now it seems that the once, have been stabilised and we will certainly take decision. As far as export is concerned last year's quota is being exported The contracts are being entered into and we will certainly export that quota

SHRI ANNASAHEB GOTKHINDE I am glad that the Minister appears to be taken to safeguard the interest of the cane growers and he says that the minimum price has ben raised this year. Taking into consideration the sleep fall in the sugar prices, whether he would assure the House that steps would be taken to enable the factories to give the minimum statutory cane price fixed by the Government during this year (b) Regarding export of molasses when the price of sugar is declining is it true that the Government is thinking in terms of reducing the prices of molasses thereby causing more difficulties for the factories to pay remunerative prices to the cane growers? And regarding liem 7 .

MR. SPEAKER You put half a dozen questions. How can be answer?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH-The interests of the growers will be safeguarded at all costs. We will take other measures to safeguard them. They will get the price that has already been announced. As regards moisases we are surplus in molasses also. It has been placed on open tender licence. It can be exported. It is hoped that this export promotion price of molasses will also go up. As regards loans to the factories no general sastrance can be given. But in individual cases, it will be considered on merits.

SHRI P. RimaGOPAL NAIDU: Has the Government proposed to create a buffer stock of sugar?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: No decision has so far been taken, But that does not preclude our deciding it later on to have a buffer stock.

SHRI M. N. GOVINDAN NAIR: In order to 'get' over the economic criss in sugar industries in respect of exporting molasses, why do you not permit them to distil it and have fine drinks like rum?

(Interruptions)

What I suggest is instead of exporting molasses, why do you not distil? In Cuba this is one of the export items that they prepare out of molasses. That is why I suggest this. It will give employment to a lot of, people and you will be, eathing more. If you aftach it to the sugar factories, it will help the sugar factories to get out of their economic crisis.

MR. SPEAKER: It is a suggestion for action

Loss to Apple Growers in Flood Affected H.P.

*386. SHRI BALAK RAM: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Central team which visited the Himachal Pradesh in September, 1978 to assess food damages, while assessing the losses also took into account incalculable losses to the apples which had rottened on the roadside on account of vehicular traffic caused by heavy rains and floods;
 - (b) if not reasons therefor: and
- (c) steps proposed to be taken to compensate the apple growers whose apples had rottened on the roadside during floods?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

- (a) Yes Sir. The Central Team had taken into consideration toses suffered by Apple grovers on account of dislocation of vehicular traffic consequent on damage to roads by heavy rains and floods.
 - (b) Does not arise,
- (c) The Central Team had made a study of the damages suffered by roads in Hithachal Fradesh and losses in curred by the apple growers. On the basis of the report of the Central Team and the recommendations of the High-Level Committee on Relief an amount of Rs. 2.75 crores have been allocated for repairs to 'roads and bridges. Rs. 50 laksh sawe also been allocated for subsidy to apple growers to be admissible only to the small and marginal farmers who possess orchards on less than one acree of land.

ब्दी बातक रावः स्त्री महोरा ने नकारे के परण्या प्रत्यान के प्रत्यान के विकास के कारों में नहां है। वेदिन नहां कर मेरे मानवारी है, बाद के वह दे ज्यारा मंदिर विकास किसे के दिख्या की रहे कि वह देवी के हकते की नरमान के बारे में दाना कर नहीं हुए की है, विज्ञा किहीना चाहिए बा, मार्ट कर कि कर वह कि एक्ट को मार्ट के हुए हुए के कर नहीं के जहां के बाद मार्ट को जा हुए हुए जा के बतने की कहां है वह मार्टी भी भाने के प्रतान के बीच कर हुए बाद के हुन्हीं त्वार हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों के हुन्हों है।

स्ती नगर है एमान्योधार को व्यक्तिये के थीराष्ट्र केता भी होता है बाहुन एम जाव के हि
एमान्योध्य का एक केट्रीकेत हिमा है बाहुन एम जाव के हि
एमान्योध्य का एक केट्रीकेत होता है में की मासित्र
था, जावन सारी जी होता पा चौर एक की सांव कर्षों थी काल काम्योधार की पान की ही । काम अंदी थी काल काम्योधार की पान की ही । काम अंदी प्रदेश पात काम में पात करी है काम जा हु स्वारा दिवासक बरेल सरकार को से जा पूर्वी है धीर का कर क मुसाब के लिए दर प्यावस्ता कर करी केट्स में बड़ा १८०क काम कर कि जावेश, जाकि विभाव तो केट्स केट्स कर की सांव की सांव की सांव की कहत के सांव कि ही सांव मासी की हमा अंदित स्वार्थ सी कहत के सांवी कर हिमा कर मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की दिवास मासी की हाता जी की हमा की सांवी की दिवास मासी हाता की रीह की हिंदी है।

- भी बातक राम मैं मती नहोदय से जानना पहला है कि उन्होंने जो 2 75 कोश की राजी गहरों के लिये थी है तो तथा हिलावल में सबसे हुए मुक्तान की महेतबर रखते हुए वह इस राजि को क्षेत्र मुक्तान की महेतबर रखते हुए वह इस राजि को स्थान मीर पहला राजि हिलावल प्रदेश की शांट के स्थान में सी गई है या निश्ची और स्थान में
- श्री तुरनीत सिंह बरनाला जैसा मेंने घर्ड किया मात में एलेकियन नहुन ज्यादा हुई भी। घड़ चौक इमेनियर ने बताय है कि 4 करोड़ से ज्यादा स्प्या इस साल में घर्ड नहीं कर सकेंचे तो 2 करोड़ 75 लाइ स्थाप इस साल में दिया है, घाइन्द्रा साल में जरूरत होनी दो बहा दिया जाएगा।
- थी दुर्गाघर में माननीय मत्री से बानना पाहता हू कि जो रुपया वह एसिस्टेस के तौर पर देते हैं, तो क्या यननेमेंट की ऐमी कोई मसीनधी है जो यह देखे

कि यह शाया जिस खर्च के निये दिया जाता है, जहीं नकतार के जिये बड़ी खर्च किया गया है या नहीं ? यगर पवर्नेगट पाफ इतिया के पास ऐंगे कोई मसीनरी नहीं है तो स्टेट पवर्नेग्ड उस पानि को कियी और हैंड में भी दाइवर्ड कर सकती है ?

धी मुस्कीत सिंह बाजासा ऐसी मधीनरी तो हमारे पास नहीं है, सेनिन स्टेट मबनेबेंट से स्पिट जरूर सेने हैं कि यह स्पया बहां पर खर्च किया गया है धीर कैंस सर्च किया गया है।

भी पुरक्षेत सिंह बरनाता . पहले भी बृद्ध प्रांतिष्य भारत सेट-पद्म विचा बार्ग है, तिन पद्म स्टेट पदम्य भीर प्रारंतिन मुनिट दवार कर रही है दिसमें है क्ष स्पन्न वद कि बहुं। मुक्सेट न हो हो महे दो दावा फ्या की हार्वप्रात किया वा बहे और इस तरह के म्लान कार पर सहे हैं

Procurement of Rice and Paddy by F.C.L.

*389 SHRI CHITTA BASU WILL the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) the total quantity of rice and paddy procured so far by the Food Corporation of India during the cur-
- (b) storage capacity of the Food Corporation of India;
- (c) steps taken to increase the storage capacity; and
- (d) whether Government propose to step up the procurement by Food Corporation of India and allow the Food Corporation of India to make commercial purchases?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) According to the latest information available, 975 thousand

tonnes of rice and 18.7 lakh tonnes of paddy have been purchased by the Food Corporation of India during the current season.

(b) 21.13 million tonnes (both owned and hired including CAP) as on 1-11-1978.

(c) Programmes for construction of additional storage capacity to the extent of 3.60 million tonnes have been taken up with the asistance of the World Bank and will be completed in a phased manner. During the current year, work on creating 9 lakh tonnes storage capacity is in hand.

(d) No commercial purchase of paddy and rice by the Food Corporation of India is contemplated.

SHRI CHITTA BASU: The hon. Minister was pleased to state in reply to my question in (d) 'No commercial purchase of paddy and rice by the Food Corporation of India is contemplated.

May I know from the hon. Minister whether he has taken into account the facts viz., that the prices fixed by the APC for the paddy is not remunerative for the growers? There is also a gap between the ruling price of paddy and the procurement price fixed by the A.P.C. and also that several State Governments-of Tamit-nadu, Kerala. Governments-Government of Tamil-Nadu Kerala, Andhra Pradesh, etc., have granted substantial subsidy for the paddy growers causing erosion of the State revenue. Have you taken into account these facts of life? Will the Government reconsider the decision and revise the earlier decision and allow commercial purchase of paddy and rice by the F.C.I. as in the case of jute?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: No. Sir. Government enters the market only to provide a support to the growers. If they can get prices higher than the support price, they can very well dispose of their produce elsewhere. It is only in cases where they cannot dispose of at a price higher than the support price that the FCI enters into the market

SHRI CHITTA BASU: As regards the storage capacity, the Government has been pleased to state in the reply that they had sought the assistance of the World Bank for the augmentation of the storage capacity. May I know from the hon. Minister now what was the nature of the assistance sought from the World Bank and the conditions which have been finally agreed to with the World Bank in this resouch?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH: Sir, I don't have the details of the World Bank agreement with me just now. For that I require notice.

SHRI CHITTA BASU: Sir, you decide for yourself Our country is going to have some agreement with the World Bank for the simple purpose of augmenting the storage capacity and the Government...

MR. SPEAKER: Naturally he will require time.

SHRI V. ARUNACHALAM ALLASAM ALLASAM ALLASAM ALLASAM SIR, it is very often reported that the Central Government is negligent in procuring paddy in time. That is why farmers are seriously affected. Therefore may I ask the hon. Minister to establish permanent agencies in all paddy areas to procure the paddy at the time of harvest?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH:
These purchase arrangements are
made in consultation with the State
Governments. There are State
which do not even allow the FCI.
So, it should not be taken as if it
is the responsibility of the FCI only
to make all the purchases. In fact,
the purchases are to be made pro-

perly and adequately Then I have no doubt that it is the State Governments which will have to orgatuse The FCI can only go to their help to supplement their But I may also add dimensions of the have altogether changed Formerly. compulsory procurement was made from only large farmers. That was a much easier operation. But now support has to be provided to a very large number of small farmers. So. a different kind of arrangement will have to be evolved and that can be done only with the help of State Governments Only vesterday I was in Gujarat and there I found that the cooperatives are doing a good work In fact neither Union Government nor the Government is at all doing anything as far as purchase of paddy is concerned There cooperatives are purchasing directly from farmers they are processing it and they are also marketing it. So that kind of arrangement is now required in this country and we will see that such arrangements are made

Oral Answers

SHRI K. VIJAYA BHASKARA REDDY Sir the bon Minister has just said that the vituation has changed now When the FCI formed it was only to help the deficit States Now the farmers need the assistance of the Central Government. In spite of the fact that the Government of India has started negotiating with the State Governments where farmers need direction, the State Governments are left themselves Will the Government of India immediately talk to the respective States and see that they go to the farmers' rescue to give farmer a remunerative price?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH I have been in correspondence with the State Governments In fact, convened a conference of the Food Commissioners of the various States only on the 7th of this month have gone to the States and we are trying to streamline the arrangements.

Bottling of 'Thums up' by Delhi Bottling Co.

*391 SHRI MANOHAR LAL SHRIR L. P VERMA

Munister of AGRICUL-THRE AND IRRIGATION be pleasto state

(a) whether Government are aware that Bellis Bottling Company vate Launded were bottling THUMS UP even before obtaining approval of their grown cork in violation of Fruit Products Order, 1955 and

(b) if so, action taken by Government against the defaulting firm and if not, the reasons for the same

THE MINISTER OF STATE THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU (a) Yes, Sir PRATAP SINGH)

- (b) A show-cause notice was 15sued to the Company on 6th April. 1978, as to why action should not be taken against them for violation of the provisions of FPO The Company had expressed regret for this omission and had submitted the label for approval of the Competent Authority The matter is under consideration.
 - भी मनोहर सास · दिल्ती बार्टीतव कम्पनी ३ मर्जन 1978 में बन्स प्रय बना रही है। एड प्रीरनड धादर 1955 के मृताबिक अब कोई भी कम्पनी कोई कुड प्रोडक्टन बनानी है तो उसके नेबन के निए उसके बोनी यह फल्यों है कि वह लाइसेंच ने । तीन मंद्रैत से इसने चपना बाम आरम्म कर दिया है और इसके बाद भी नेबानिन के लिए माइबेंस नहीं विया । इस कम्पनीको छः प्रमेत को सो काज नोटिस दिया गया। दिन्दी स्पेटनी एशीयलवर के पत की घोटी स्टेंट कापी यह मेरे पाम है। इसके मुठाबिक उन्होंने बताया है कि धारी भी यह भागना विचाराधीन है। इर रामनी ने धन्म ध्रप बना दिया थीर वह मानिट में या यया लेकिन उसने लाइमेंस नहीं निया और प्राप बहते था रहे हैं कि क्षाप्रस सबर कमिरेकन है। जिस सम्पती ने शतन का बायोतेखन किया है उसके खिलाफ परकार शो कान मोटिम देने के बाद भागे की कोई कारवाई नहीं कर मही है तो स्था इसका यह अर्थ है कि जनना सरनार इट एक्के है बारे की कारवाई करने में ? में आनता चहना ह कि माप स्था कारेवाई बोपोब राने का रहे है और क्या एक्सन सेने या छ हैं ?

धी मनोहर लाह : दुल राहुनी है एह पानना विवादाधीम पत्र एक हूँ ! एक मेंन "27" थी परनोहर ने जाता है इसकी समझे नुस्कार सी रखने नाहुन है है एक हूँ ! दिखने प्रस्ति नुस्कार सी ने इसके पार देखा है। दिखने प्रस्ति कि पत्र ने ने इसके पार देखा है। प्रस्ता कि प्रस्ति कर कि इस भी यह प्रसाद का कर रहे हैं है धार कह रहे हैं कि मैंदर स्वार अंतिकृत है। मैं पानमा माझा है हि पान सरस्य सामाई कि कर सक्त मुख्य सी पीत्र प्रार रहा भी समस्य स्वताई कि प्रार क्या एसम नेवे जा रहे हैं?

श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह : नव यह देखा जाएना कि इस कम्पनी ने जातून को किनना तोड़ा है श्रीर उसको प्या सजा होनी चाहिए तब यह भी देख निवा बाएजा कि इतनी देर पढ़ों हुई है ?

भी रांत लात प्रताद कर्या : ए फर्किस की सार्वर्ध दें ने ना जार शेकिस प्राया । जा पात्री के बाद ने नी जार शेकिस प्राया । जा पात्री के कार में दिन्दरी केंद्ररी कृषि नातालन ने विच्या कि बारी भी दिन्दरी केंद्ररी कृषि नातालन ने विच्या कि बारी नाताल कि त्या कि प्रताद कर कि कार कर पर कि की बात है जिस की पहल कर जाता । वह इस के अपने जार मार्वित की बात में मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्वर्स मार्वर्स की मार्व्यू की मार्वर्स की मार्व्यू की मार्व्यू की मार्व्यू की मार्व्यू की मार्व्यू की मार्व्यू की मार्व

थी बानु प्रताप सिंह : में में निवंदन किया है कि मिस्तर के तित में हुए दे हैं में निवंदन किया है कि मिस्तर के तित में हुए दे हैं दो है। हिन्ती प्रथम में नहीं दिया है बादीकेन किया है। हिन्ती प्रथम में नहीं है। दे नी हुई यह में में महत्ता है। धोर दसी तिम् में में महता है। धोर दसी तिम् में ने स्कृत है कि में मीता है। धोर दसी तिम् में ने स्कृत है कि में बोनी वालें देखा। कि मायलेक्टर हुआ है वी किना मीरियत है और जो जिले हुई है उनका भी सवा उत्तरप है।

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: This matter about Thumps Up was brought up in the previous session also and I had put a question. This is one of the subsidiary companies of Bislei of

Italy. It is a multi-national company. The Minister should know his responsibilities. I do not know who is the god-father who is helping this subsidiary company, the Delhi Botting Company or Thums Up. It is not only violating the rules, but has a shady character which is not being investigated in spite of being criticised on the Floor of the House that they have violated the Health Regulation Act. In the previous Session I brought it to your kind notice. with all the relevant records, and you had also pulled up the Ministry, saying they should take serious action in the matter. You can see the records. I can show you photostat copies of the Food Ministry's communication which savs:

Please refer to D.O.Lr. No. 63970 dated 6th July 1978 regarding licensing of Thums Up under the F. P. O. by the Department of Food. I understand that the label of the crown-cork of Thums Up has not been approved as the matter is still under consideration.

This was signed by Shri Pillal, Deputy Secretary, Agriculture Ministry.

Four months earlier they were using it, and they are still using Thums Up advertisements in spite of the Hon, Speaker pulling up the Minister and asking him to take action against the Company. In the newspapers it was mentioned that it is violating the orders of the Health Ministry and Agriculture Ministry. In collusion with the Government, these people are by-passing them, I do not want to use a very strong word, but is there any greasing of any of your Ministries? I would like to know at what particular point of time you are going to take action agianst this multi-national company which is completely eating up '1977' made by a public undertaking. This is one of the allegations against the Ministry. Therefore, I would like to ask the Hon. Ministér at what particular time

he is going to institute an enquiry and, till such time, will he kindly black-list this company

Oral Answers

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I want a categorical assurance in this House.

SHRI EHANU PRATAP SINGH
If the Hon Minister will pass on all
the incriminating material in his
possession, I will certainly examine
it and if there is anything serious an
enquiry will be made

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH May I know from the Hon Minister why Government is soft towards this soft-drink manufacturing firm in epit of the fact that they have been violating all the rules and regulations with impunity? They have exceeded their licensing capacity and they are posing a threat to the public sector undertaking making '1977' and in all other matters-even in regard to income tax and other matters-they are violating the rules with impunity. May we presume that all the violations are allowed to take place and, in the meantime Government want to revise their rules and regulations and the entire system so as to make it convenient for this firm not to so out of the orbit of law?

SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH I am not aware of the violations (Interruptions) I have said that if they provide me with all the incraminating material with them we will certainly examine at so far as this case is concerned (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER I think this is going on too long, I think you must expedite the enquiry

Housing Requirements in States

*392. SHRI C K. JAFFER SHA-RIEF Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government have conducted any Survey regarding the requirement of houses in each State,
(b) if so, the details thereof, and

(c) the reaction of Government

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(c) the reaction of Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDER BAKHT) (a) No, Sir

(b) and (c) Do not arise

SHRI C K JAFFER SHARIEF I am surprised at the very irresponsible answer given by the Minister This country has undertaken planned development programme But my specific question is whether Government have conducted any Survey regarding the requirement of houses in each State and if so, the details thereof? But the hon Minister has come out with an irresponsible ans-I do not know the money allocated for this purpose is being utilised and in which way the programme is implemented I do not know what the Ministry of Works and Housing is going to do in this regard. I have put the specific question and I wanted the Minister to give proper reply the Minister has There given а proper reply be information must some the Government about the with planned development if it is not avail. able with the Government are you going to conduct a survey and make available the information regarding the planned development and how this problem is going to be solved?

SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHIT Sir, the hon. Member wanted a specific reply and when I said in reply "No Sir" to part (a) of his question, I think the answer was specific And according to me, it cannot be an irresponsible answer The fact is that on the basis of the 1971 census Government has arrived at a figure and the dimension of the problem has been estimated and I have repeated to often here on the floor, of the House But unfortunately the question has been put in a manner which was unanwerable and from the whole of

rumbling speech, it was difficult to find the question. That was the point. The dimension of the problem is that if you have 20 years' perspective, then you will be required to have constructed 4.5 million or 5 million houses over 20 years. Now, this is something which the Government cannot do, But I can tell you what is it that the Government is doing to enhance the housing activity. For that I would have given all the figures.

SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARIEF: Again the Minister is giving irresponsible answer. He is also putting blame on me. I am sorry to point out that the Minister is equally an elected Member of this House. He has got the responsibility for his constituency. It is not that we should always get the reply prepared by the bureaucrats. The hon, Minister has that they have arrived at a figure as per the Census of 1977. Then there must have been some study. On what hasis you have arrived at some figure? Without having a clear picture before us, how are you going to plan? It is clearly an evading answer, I would like to know whether the Government would at least now make up its mind to have a study on this question and then plan it properly so that the people who have already been benefited do not get further benefit. The people who do not have accommodation or do not have any shelter should have housing facility, Then only the Government and the country can proceed on the basis of the planned programme and try to solve all these problems and also see that the programme is taken to the weaker sections of the people.

SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT: The hon Member expects me to scan through his speech and pick up the questions and then answer them. I am prepared to give him the steps that the Government is taking to enhance the housing activity.

The shortage of houses is on the basis of the backlog, on the basis of the replacements which are required for the obsolete structures and on the basis of growth of population. I would not say that even if we draw up a perspective plan over 20 years we will be able to meet the requirement. We canot. But I will certainby claim that the housing activity and the effort has been multiplied menifold. I can give the details if you put the question in that manner.

भी राम धिकास पार्श्वाम : प्रध्नात महोत्यन, रूत प्रम्न को देवा जाये । प्रमन पहुँ हैं कि मा सरकार ने प्रत्येक राज्य में प्रकारों की जरूरतों के जारे में कोई सर्वेक्स दिव्या हैं, ? मंत्री बीं का जमार है, चीं, गहीं । दूसरा प्रभन यह है कि सदि हों, तो तत्वास्याभी क्रीरा क्या है ! मंत्री जी का जमार है कि प्रका हों। नहीं जला है ! मंत्री जी का जमार है कि प्रका हों। नहीं जला।

में इस पर प्रस्त उठाते हुए उनसे फानना चाहता हूं कि क्या हिन्दुस्तान के लोगों को मकान की जरूरत विस्कृत नहीं है ?

MR. SPEAKER: You have not understood his answer. He said: survey has not been conducted; we have sot material.

श्री पात्र विस्तास पासनात : अदि मकान की जरुरत है तो निश्चित रूप है सर्वेशण किया जाता चाहिए। में वानना बाहुता है कि देस में कितने सोगों के पात मकात नहीं है और 1979-80 में कितने वैस्प्तार तोगों की मसान देने की व्यवस्था सरकार करेगी?

हुनने आद्षेष्ट सैक्टर के इन्बेस्टर्मेंट को दुन्तादेंट दिना है ज्ञांकि बीक्टर सैक्टर के सिंद मकान बनामें जा कर्क और दंशीतिबुसत्म विनमें मकान नवाने के बनता है, उनके विद्यु सार्ट्य और सर्विषय का बन्दों है, उनके विद्यु सार्ट्य और सर्विषय का बन्दोंबस्त मी किया है। लेजिन गह गई। कह सकती हैंहै कि जितने मकानात की प्रायस्वकता है, यह समा करता SHRI A R BADRI NARAYAN
The entire planning in the country
is done on the basis of the needs of
the people Is it not necessary that
you asses, the needs of the country
before you come to planning? Have
you done it?

SHR! SIKANDAR BAKHT We have estimated that I have already given you the figures right now But those figures are not on the basis of the survey but on the basis of 1971 census

Indian Contingent to Bangkok Asian Games

*393 Stiri RUDOLPH RODRI-GUES Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have taken note of the recommendation made by the All India Council of Sports (ALCS) regarding the contegent being cent to Bangkok Asian Games and the subsequent Indian Olympic Association¹₂ (10 A) adverse reaction to the same and
- (b) how do Government propose to give teeth to the functions of the AICS if its recommendations in such matters are not given due weightage*

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) Participation in international oports events including the Aslan oports are ents including the Aslan Gaines, is entirely within the jurisdation of the Indian Olympic Association and National Sports Peders toming Associations. However, the proofs teamy/individuals for whom Ooi eriminant meets cost of international property of the contract of the All India to Council of Sports which considers Council of Sports which considers the Proposals made by the IOA and the Proposals made by the IOA and National Sports Pederations/Associa

tions While cearing such proposals due weightage is given by Government to the recommendations of the AICS which is an advisory body Final decision in such matters rests with the Government

SHRI RUDOLPH RODRIGUES Mr Speaker, Sir in view of the fact that the All India Council of Sports for all practical purposes is a nominated body of the Government and therefore speaks for the Government in such matters, and in view of the fact that Government had accepted several months earlier guidelines for selection as had been laid down by the All India Council of Sports, will the hon Minister be kind enough to tell us (a) on what basis the Government has deviated even if it is ever so slightly from the recommendations made by the All India Council of Sports and the reasons for such deviation. (b) regarding the foreign ex change released for those who went to the Bangkok games did this include those who were not listed even in the final list approved by the Government?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER As regards (a) the Govern ment followed the advice of the All India Council of Sports in thirteen matters but deviated in four matters only One such case of deviation was in respect of the archery team token team of one male and female competitor was sent because of the fact that India was one of the sponsorers of the Resolution for inclusion of urchery in Asian games As a result of that archery competition is being staged for the first time in Bangkol this year Having sponsored the Reso lution if even token participation had not taken place that would not have looked nice

Secondly two women badminton teams had been cleared although that had not been recommended by the All India Council of Sporte This was for the reason that this team had won the bronze medal in the last

Common Wealth Games at Zömontea, So, they needed some encouragement. About 15 shooters out of 21 recommended by the All India Council of Sports have been recommended for consonic reasons. Similarly a slight modification, was made in the case of weight litter, instead of one weight litter recommended by the All India Council of Sports, two have been sent because of the performance of the second man.

Under the present rules in the matter of foreign exchange, in visits for the first time, they get adequate foreign exchange for foreign visits. So, we cannot stand in the way for release in the usual way.

SHRI RUDOLPH RODRIGUES: Year after year the question comes up about participation in international events and there is a tremendous storm-because of the politics in sports we are faced with an unhealthy situation Can't the Government, therefore, see to it-(a) that the selection for participation in such sports is made two or three months before the date of participation in order to give adequate training facilities to our people; and (b) can't the Government also consider that where the recommendations of A. I. C. S. are not accepted with regard to not only participation in sports but general sports policy. Government may give explicit reasons why this is not done?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): As I have told you, the selections are made by the Olympic Association and National Federation. The Government cannot intervene in this matter, Government simply provides for training facilities. However, A.I.C.S. took this matter up with the respective bodies for selection of candidates earlier, But in many cases only the names had at the last moment come, Secondly, about the reasons her ing assigned, we did not publicise the reasons but we made them known to the Chairman of the A.I.C.S. some of the other members.

SRIRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN: For wat of national policy on physical education and sports our performance in international sports and Asian games is very poor. ALCS: was to summit to the Government the draft-policy on physical education and sports. I would like to know from the hon. Miniter, has the Government received draft policy of the period that they have taken may be made know from the certon that they have taken may be made know the control to the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be made know the certon that they have taken may be the certon that they have taken may be the certon that they have taken may be the certon that they have taken may be the certon that they have the certon that they have taken may be the certon that the certon that the certon that the certon that the certon that the cer

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER; No, we have not recived.

Uniform Act for Central Universities

*305. SHRI GHATURBHUJ; SHRI UGRASEN;

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that each. Central University has a different Central Act and if so, the reasons therefor:
- (b) whether Government propose to bring forward a uniform Central Bill DER); (a) Yes. Sir.
 - (c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). Each Central University has its own special character and they came into existence at different points of time and therefore it is not possible to have a uniform Central Bill for all of them.

ध्ये चतुर्वतः शिक्षा त्यत् में गात निर्माध ग्राम्बेल स्वर्गे पर जी शिक्षा त्रम्बेल है जमने प्राप्ट्रीज एक्स में प्राप्त पर होती है। प्रचा गर्वाचे शिक्षा मंत्री ध्ये, वनामेंद्री हैं गापूर्वत एक्स ग्राप्ट्रीज जीति श्रीस्थ हरने देश म एक भावा स्वर्गे का प्रदास करने हैं हो भाव स्वर्गे में माने स्वर्गे का प्रदास करने हैं हो भाव स्वर्गे में भागमात

बाव प्रताय बाह बाह एक राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति 1988 म बन चुन्ने थी भीर नह विका नीति प्रभी बन रही है जाकि पावियानर के मानने यह होगे। एकं प्रशास जो हासोंते सहस्य प्रनिवर्षित्तं के उनके तिह सोई एकं कानून नहीं हो बनता है। जनको कारण हुसरी है इसविण हम एक नहां बना

भी चनुष्क भली तो न बताया कि राष्ट्राचे विसा नीति बता रह है और एवं तरक यह भी बहुवे हैं कि यह महत्तपूष बदा है। म बातना बहुवें हैं कि राष्ट्रीय जिसा नाति जा बता रहें हैं हम महत्तपूष विषय सो बनाव म बाद किता बीर बमय नगे

ग्राध प्रतास चाइ चाइ यह विषय महत्वपूर्य है इसोलिए मध्य नगता है हम मनमानी नहां कर सहते हैं।

MR. SPEAKER This is a different question altogether

DR. KARAN SINGH Sir there has been a longstanding decision that a Central University be set up in Pondickerry May I know from the hon Minister when that Bill is going to come before Parliament and why this mordinate delay in setting up the University?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER Sr the Public Accounts
Committee of this House has
suggested that new universities
need not be multiplied in
this country Still the Govern
ment is keen to set up universities
in Pondicherry and Gos So far as
Pondicherry somermed the UG C
is having some team to look into the
phys cal appeal and other facilities

SHRI A BALA PAJANOR Sur the hon Minister said that a team is varing Pondicherry. But I do not know whether he is aware of the fact that this matter has been going on for the last it years. So I want to get a clarification, Will this team be the final team or we will be having teams afterwards, one after another?

DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN DER, There is no finality in life The position may change from time to time Raj Krishna Committee on Land Reforms

*396 SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU SHRI R V SWAMINATHAN

Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be

pleased to state

(a) whether the Raj Krishna Committee in its report submitted to the Government has suggested that all

Government has suggested that all the State Legislation on Land Reforms which have received the assent of the President should be given the protection of the minth schedule of the constitution, and

(b) if so Government s reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes Sur

(b) The report is under examina-

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU Will the bon Vinister kindly tell this House as to when was the West Bengal Land Reforms Amondment Bill, 1977 was passed by the State Legislature and when was that received by the Central Government for Presidents signature and when was the approval given and the time taken between the enaciment and the President's approval thereoff and the President's approval thereoff.

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA
This information is not asked for in
the question I can supply all the in
formation to the bon Member later

MR. SPEAKER It is because you have asked for some details. You are on the Ray Krishna Committee Report.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU I am coming to that The West Bengal Land Reforms Amendment Bill did not become an Act As far as the West Bengal Legislature is concerned, it became an Act It was passed by the State Legislature and it has been suppressed by the Central Government.

um asking the hen Minister: In view of the Raj Krishna Committee's strong recommendations in this matter, will the Act be now put in the Ninth Schedule or not? If not, the reasons therefor.

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA: As I have mentioned, the Report is under examination. It will be decided only in consultation with the Law Department whether to do it or not.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: My first supplementary was very relevant....

MR. SPEAKER: The first supplementary did not arise out of this. In the main Question you have only asked him about Raj Krishna Committee's Report.

Mr. Swaminathan.

SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN: May I know when the Raj Krishna Committee's report was submitted to the Government and how long it will take to finalise consideration of the report?

SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA: it was submitted only in the middle of November, and it will take some time to consider it in consultation with the Law Department. The matter is with the Law Department.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

सोवियत संघ के साथ 10 बर्षीय कृषि, सहयोग कार्यक्रम

*387. थो हरगोजिन्द वर्माः स्था कृषि ग्रीर सिधाई मती यह बताने की कृषा करेने कि :

(क) भया भारत और नोवियत सब के विशेषकों इस्त कृषि क्षेत्र के लिए गीप्र ही एक 10 वर्षीय महस्रोग कार्यक्रम तैयार करने का विचार है;

(ख) यदि हा, तो कब तक घीर क्या कोई रूसी प्रतिनिधि मण्डल सारत या रहा है; मीर

(न) यदि हा, तो क्या तीवियत सम्बन्नी भी भोई भारतीय प्रतिपिधिमण्डल मेजने का विचार है; बीर

(घ) यदि हा, तो कब तक ?

इपि और प्रिष्मु संबो (भी सुत्यों) किंद्र स्ताता) : (१) और (१), आरत तथा इत्ताता है परसार आदिक स्तायार वैद्यानिक एक्टर में परसार आदिक स्तायार वैद्यानिक रूप के किंद्र स्तायार विद्यानिक कर के स्तायार विद्यानिक कर के स्तायानिक के स्

- (ग) जी, नहीं
- (प) प्रस्त ही नहीं होता।

Alleged Malpractices in National Science Talent Examination

*388. SHRI A. MURUGESAN: SHRI P. KANNAN:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state-

- (a) the distribution of successful candidates of National Science Telent Examination according to various States and the number from Delhi during the last three years:
- (b) whether Government are aware of influential persons' efforts to push candidates from Delhi into the list of successful candidates as reported in the Trines of India dated the 20th November, 1978; and
- (c) if so, the precise position and action taken against malpractices?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER); (a) A statement indicating the number of successful candidates in the National Science Talent Examination during the last three years is attached.

- (b) whether any amount has been demanded.
- (c) whether Government are going to consider this proposal, and
 - (d) if not, reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) to (d) The Sabarmata Ashram Preservation and Memorial Trust Ahmedabad has requested the Government of India for grant of a non-recurring grant of Rs. 10,00 000/for renovation and development of the Ashram buildings and a recurring grant of Re 50,000/- per annum for the maintenance and unkeep of the Ashram

The matter is under consideration

Cashew Development Corporation for Onssa

*398 SHRI K. PRADHANI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Government have suggested to the Government of Orissa to set up a Cashew Development Corporation, and

(b) if so the details ies rding the financial assistance being provided by the Central Government and the Central Cashew Development Council for systematic development of cashew plantations?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (8) Yes Sir

(b) When the Cashew Development Corporation is set up Government of India's assistance to it would be by way of participation in the equity of the Corporation to the extent of 49 per cent

The Government of India already providing 100 per ent financial assistance for various Centrally Sponsored Schemes viz production of high vielding plants from selected parental trees, organisation of demonstrations to educate the farmers on the efficacy of improved cultural practices and for bringing new areas under cashew cultivation by providing planting subsidy A Central assistance of Rs 38 85 lakhs has been sanctioned to Orissa for the current year

Written Answers

Drug Addicts Among Students

*399 SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N PATIL: SHRI VASANT SATHE

Will the Minister of EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether in the hostels attached to the IITs at Kharagpur, Delay and Kanpur, AILMS, Banaras Hindu University, Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, and certain other places of higher learning young drunkards, drug addicts, onium-eaters etc. operate in large numbers, making it impossible for freshers and others to live a clean life away from these perversions.
- (b) whether Government will, in view of the extent and urgency of the problem, set up a commission of inquiry which will recommend preventive steps in the near future, and
- (c) whether it is possible that a surreptitious organisation financed by aliens, is responsible for spreading vices, among the students with the precise object of undermining progress?

THE MINISTER FOR EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) to (c) Reports on this problem have been called for from the institution concerned and a statement will be placed on the Table of the House

र्धसद् सदस्यों के लिए दिल्लो विकास प्राधिकरण के प्लाट प्रतिर

"300. श्री मोहन ताल विपिल: क्या निर्माण श्रीर आवान तथा पूर्ति श्रीर पुनर्वेस मंत्री यह बताने की क्रमा करेंगे कि:

- (क) वर्तमान नरकार के वासन में बाने के पत्थात् कितने संसन्न सरसां में दिस्ती विकास प्राधिकरण को जन्म जानिकरण को जनार्थ प्रोप वर्तने के बातदेश में कितने संसद्ध प्राधिकरण को लिए आवेदन पत्र दिये थीर जनत अवधि में कितने संसद्ध सदसां ने पहुले बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए बावदित ब्लाटों के ब्रन्तरण के लिए ब्लावेकर पह तथे व्या व्यावेकर पह तथे व्यावेकर पत्र किता विकास करने विषय का विकास करने विकास करन
- (घ) कितने नामलों में संनद् नदस्यों के बनुरोध स्वीकार किये गये और कितनों में बस्वीकार किये गये; ब्रोर
- (ग) जितने मामले गत 6 मान ने घोर 1 वर्षे से मंत्रिक समय से सम्बद्ध पड़े हैं और प्रत्येक मामने में विसम्य के क्या जारण हैं?

निर्माण ग्रीर ग्रावास २चा पूर्ति ग्रीर पनवीस ग्रांबी (श्री सिकन्दर बहुत) (क) से (य). —

प्लाटों के लिए 1 स्टब्स फ्लैंटों के लिए 106 सदस्य प्लैटों के अलारण के लिए 1 सदस्य

हम प्रकारण का धनुरोध जो सबकन एक वर्ष पहले प्राप्त हथाथा, विकासधीन है।

Rise in Issue Price of Wheat

*401. SHRI YADVENDRA DUTT: SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government of India have decided to raise the issue price of wheat from Rs. 125/- to Rs. 130/a quintal; and
 - (b) if so, reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir, with effect from 1-12-1978.

(b) This is with a view to rationalizing the overall burden of subsidy an wheat and rice.

हाबीपुर से बद्धवाडा तरू गंगा पर सटबंध

- ⁸402- भी राम विसान पासवान : स्था फूपि भीर सिंबाई मंत्री यह धनाने की क्या करेंगे कि :
- (क) क्या उत्तर विहार को प्रतिवर्ग भारी विचायकारी बाद का गतना करना पहला है:
- (ख) क्या यह भी मच है कि उसर विहार में क्षमीपुर से बठवाड़ा उठ गया नदी के तदबन्ध का निर्मान ही जाने हैं प्रमानित क्षेत्र के तपभग 30 माख व्यक्तियों की बाद में रक्षा हो सठेभी; प्रोर

(ग) यदि हां, तो क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार का दिवार इस तटबन्य का निर्माण-अय बहुत करने का है ?

इसि प्रीर सिचाई मतो (श्री सुरतित सिह बरमाता): (क) उत्तरी विहार का डोई न डोई क्षेत्र मुख्यत: कारत और नेपात को चेपूनत निक्यों की बाही से इर वर्ष प्रभावित हो जाता है।

- (व) प्रस्तावित हाजीपुर-बजीवपुर (बठवाड़ा) उद्भव्य स्कीम सं, वी मिहार सरकार हारा हात में तैयार की गई है और निम्मेश पर माना गंधा हात निपंत्रण प्राचीन में सक्तीकी आंच को था रही है 50,358 हैस्टियर सेंक्स मीर 4.33 साथ तीमों की महरता प्राप्त होंगी।
- (ग) ऐसी परियोजनाओं का वित-भोषण राज्य भरकारों द्वारा किया जाना है।

World Wild Life Fund

*403. DR. KARAN SINGH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR-RIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) the name of the Chairman of World Wild Life Fund, India;

(b) what are the activities of the Fund:

- (c) whether workers belonging to the (above) Fund have made some disparaging remarks about the wild life conservation work of the State Forest Departments and also have been interfering in the work of the Forest Departments; and
- (d) if so, Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) and (b) According to information supplied by the World Life Fund (India) the President of the organisation is Gen P P Kumaramangalam (retd.) It is reported by them that the Fund is dedicated to the task of conserving Indias flora and fauna and there has bitat, particularly saving endangered species from extinction

- (c) No such information has come to the notice of the Central Government.
 - (d) Does not arise

39

Rejection of Prohibition Proposal by Kerala Government

*404 SHRI C R MAHATA the Minister of EDUCATION SO CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be plealed to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that Kerala Government have rejected the Cent ral Government proposal for total brobioition and
 - (b) if so the details in this regard and the reaction of the Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCA TION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER) (a) No Sir, according to the information received so from the Kerala Government

(b) Does not arise

ष त्योदव कायप्रमा के लिए गुरुदों का बयन

3784 स्त्री युवरात स्त्रा कृषि सीर सिंचाई मत्रो यह बताने की हुता करते कि

- (क) क्या सन्दर्भय कास्त्रम को सकत दनान हेत् प्राप्त विकास समिता के घतरत दर म सम्बादा चमन किया गया है और
- (छ) दरिहा भोगमें नितन सब्द हैं जिनमें दत्र बादना प्राप्तम करवी गई देखीर इतपर शिला तागत या। मे ?

रुविधीर सिकार्ट सवाबय में राज्य सती (श्री मान प्रताप सिंह) . (क) और (स) हुछेर राज्य मरवारों द्वारा प्राम विकास क मपने निजी वार्यवसा व प्रन्तात प्रतादय बायकम मारम्य किए तए हैं। ममीचन प्राम विकास कार्य-क्य जिसे बादीय योजना र रूप म कामान्तिन विचा जा प्टा है ने भ्रमानन चानु वर्ष में 2300 खण्ड नाए गए हैं। यह सत्यादय योजना नहा है. जिल्ला दायकन में मन्त्रपादम का सहत्यना का क्योगार क्रिया बचा है जो क्यार वर्गेक विगरी।

40

Development of Tuglakabad Extenslon, New Dellu

3785 SHRI K. A. RAJAN Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether residents welfare association (Regd.) Tuglakabad Extension, New Delhi had sent a communication to DDA on 19-6-78 regarding development of the area
- (b) wnether DDA in its reply on 22 7-1978 [F-S(30)77-UVC pt] had said that the area covered up by the colony does not fall in development area of the DDA, and
- (c) whether DDA had acquired this land and taken any step in the matter, and

(d) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BARHT) (a) The representation received from the Association was about regularisation of unauthorised colonies

- (b) Yes Sir
- (c) No Sir DDA has not acquired land in Tuglakabad Extentions
 - (d) Does not arise.

Teaching Subjects in evening classes of Delhi University

ΔI

3786. SHRI ROOP NATH SINGH YADAV: Will the Mmister of EDU-CATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

- (a) what are the subjects for which evening classes are held by the Delhi University for Graduation/Post Graduation.
- (b) whether evening classes are held for M.B.A. course also: and
- (c) if so, how admission to MBA course for evening classes is made and when the tests, if any, for admission, is held?

THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) to (c). The information is being collected and will be laid on the table of the House in due course.

Housing Schemes for Industrial

Workers
3787, SHRI S. R. DAMANI- Will
the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state.

- (a) the particulars of the various Housing Schemes for Industrial workers and for others in big cities formulated by the HUDCO during the current financial year State-wise and the capital outloy involved in each case;
- (b) the total number of tenements built by the HUDCO uptil 30th September, 1978—State-wise and at what
- tember, 1978—State-wise and at what cost; and (c) the manner of their allotment

and recovery of cost?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND THE HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND THE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHTI). (a) HUDCO has a variety of schemes for advancing loans to various construction agencies all over the country for undertaking Housing and Urban Develoyment Schemes. The houses constructed under such schemes are sold to general public on cut-right sale/hire purchase basis. Such houses can also be purchased by industrial workers. The normal terms of loan for Urban Housing Schemes are eiven at Statement it.

There is a special scheme for advancing loans to employers in the public and private sectors for under-taking rental housing scheme under which loans are available at 12 per cent net rate of interest with a repayment period of 7 years. Loans are also available to the corporate employers for constructing and seiling houses to their employees on the terms prescribed by HUDCO.

- (b): The State-wise details of tenements sauctioned by HUDCO since its inception upto 30th September, 1973, with project costs are given at statement-II. The actual construction is undertaken by the borrowing agencies.
- (c) The houses are allotted by the borrowing agencies and cost instalments are recovered by them from the beneficiaries. The maximum repayment period of loan by the borrower to HUDCO for the rental schemes is 7 years and varies between 10 years to 20 years for the hire-purchase schemes.

Statement I

		Urb	on H	mist	Schen	es Fin	anced i	by (1	18000		
Schemes	For who	n ei	eant						Max. re- payment period (Years)	Net rate of interest	Ceiling* cost (Rs.)
r. Houses! Flats	EWS LIG MIG I MIG II HIG	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	20 15 12 12 10	5 7 9.5 10.3	100.000 1301.0 5201.0 1800.0

Written Answers Offer from U.S.S.R to control floods

47

- 3791 SHRL M RAM GOPAL REDDY Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether USSR has offered belp to India in controlling floods and use of waters for irrigation and

(b) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHR) SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) No such offer of help has been received from USSR for controlling floods A long term programme of Economic Scientific and Technical Cooperation between India and USSR is under discussion and this programme inter alia envisages cooperation in the field of Irrigation

(b) Details of the long term draft programme of cooperation between India and USSR in the field of irrigation are given below -

Irriagtion"

Taking into consideration that large. scale programme of irrigation projects is being implemented in roll and the USSR. both sides note there are favourable possibilit es for developing cooperation in various areas of water projects pertaining to carrying out investigations design and other works required for effecting the proposed arrigation programmes.

Both sides will develop cooperation in the field of arrigation slong the following lines

Study of the technology of transference of surface stream flow both within and between the river basin as well as the technology of utilisation of underground waters,

Joint study of specific problems in connection with building high dams with earth and rockfill including dams on non-rocky foundations, 10 nt study of specific problems connected with the construction of large canal systems.

48

Utilisation of the directed explosion method for construction of dams and canals, study of pre abrication techniques for canal hing in the construction of large canal systems and other projects,

Use of mathematical models solution of engineering problems in water resources.

Working out of the methods for extending the life of rese, voirs (silt sedimentation)

The programme has still to be finalised.

Jersey Breeding Farm at Sabarmati Ashram at Bidai Guiarat

3792 SHRI AMARSINH V RATHAWA

SHRI AHMED M PATEL.

- Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether National Dairy Development Board has established a large ersey cattle breeding farm at Sabarmati Ashram Gaushala Farm at Bidal in Gujarat State, and
- (b) if so, when it was established and the achievement made?
- THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes Sir The farm is being set by the National Bairy Development Board on behalf of the State Government under the Centrally Sponsored Scheme
- (b) The work was started in 1975-76 Infrastructure has been partly created This includes construction of buildings. land development prigation facilities purchase of equipment etc. So far only 50 pregnant heifers have been supplied to the farm under the Danish

International Development Agency (DANIDA) assistance. When fully set up, it will be a medium sized progeny testing unit

Colonies regularised by M.C.D. in 1970-71

3793, SHRI DAJIBA DESAI: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the names of the colonies which were regularised by M.C.D. in 1970-71;
- (b) whether building activities have been opened in these colonies or not;
 - (c) if not, the reasons thereof: and
- (d) the time by which Government proposes to allow opening of building activities in these colonies?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT .. (a) The names are given in statement

(b) No. Sir.

(c) and (d). The conditions laid down for fulfilment when these colonies were regularised have not yet been fulfilled. The release of building activities will depend upon fulfilment of these condirions.

Statement

List of Colonies regularised by M.C.D. 1970-71,

Name of Colony SI. No. 1. Gopal Park, Khureji Khas

- Sector-1 2. New Lyallpur, Khureji Khas
- Sector No. 1
- 3. Gian Park Khureji Khas-i
- 4. Shivpuri Extension K.K.-1
- 5. Baldey Park, Khureji Khas-2

- 1 2
- rì. Briipuri K.K.-2
- Subhas Park near Navin Shah-
- Panchsheel Garden near Navin Shahadra
- Dwarka Puri, Sultan Puri
- Balbir Nagar Extension
- 11. Shalimar Park. Bhola Nath Nagar
- 12. Jawala Nagar, Mukesh Nagar (Maharathi Colony)
- 13. Ram Nagar, Loni Road
- Mansrevar Park near B. India 14. Colony
- 15 Kundan Nagar
- 16. Chakhandi Extension
- 17. Mukhram Garden
- 18. Santgarh Extension East
 - 19. Mukhram Park Extension Vishnu Garden Part-1
- 21. Ram Nagar Extension

26.

- 22. Vishnu Garden Extension No. 1
- 23. Ganesh Nagar Extension (Left over portion)
- Mahabir Nagar Extenion (Latt over portion)
- Krishna Park, Najafgarh Road 25.
- 26. Krishnapuri, Najafgarh Roza
- 27. Janak Park & Extension 23.
- Kedar Bogh, Robtak Road
- 29. Sudershan Park Extension 30. Sirî Nagar Extension (E&H)
- 31. Shanti Nagar, Tri Nagar
- 32. Inderpuri Extension
- 33. Gupta Colony Extension

DECEMBER	18,	1978	Written	Answers	

Vishwas Nagar (Left over por-34 from.

Writton Answers

51

विवरण (1) दिल्ली में कार्यों के लिए धनदान

R R Block & A R Block (Left 35 over portion) G T Road Shahdata

New Patel Nagar 36

Japata Colony, N Road 27

38 Shasiri Park, Khureji-1

39 Raia Park, Shakurbash

Raidhevshvan Park, Khuren 40 Khas-2

Lexmi Market West (Residential 41 Colony)

42 Shyam Nagar (Khuren Khys)

43 Chauhan Banger Zaffrabad

44 Arun Nagar, Khuren Khas-1

45 Bhagwan Nagar

46 Jawan Nagar

47 Siddarth Nagar

48 Portion of Hari Nagar.

सामाजिक संपदनों को सन्दान

3794 थी हरूम चन्द्र कटबाय: बया शिक्षा समाज करवाण और संकृति मता यह बताने की क्या करेगे कि —

(क) चालू विसीय वर्ष के दौरान मन्द्रासय ने दिल्ली में प्रत्येक सामाजिक सगठन/मस्था को

कितनी रितनी समित का धनुदान दिया है, और (ब) इस समय किनने मार्थेदन पद्म सरकार के विधाराधीन है ?

शिक्षा, ममाब कत्याम और मस्कृति मत्री (बात प्रताप चन्द्र चन्द्र) (क) समाज कस्थान विभाग द्वारा दिए गए प्रनुदाना का विवरण यनल है :

(ग) 19

विस्रीय

संबदनों / सहबाधा का नाम 1978-79 में धब तक दिए

मए धनुदान ı

. 52

उर्ध

रुपते । सबीदनी मोमावटी फार मेंटल डैल्प. नई दिल्पी 24.182 25

2 दिन्सी बीमन्स एजरेमनथ एण्ड बल्बरस धार्वेनाइबेप्रन. नई दिल्ली 3 500 00

3 हा० जाकिए हसैन मैमारि-यस सामायदी, नई दिस्सी 30.000 00 4 हैण्डीरेप्ट बैल्फैयर ऐसी-

निएमन, नई दिल्बी 3.000 00 5 जनता विद्यापीट, नई दिल्ली 9.938 80

 वर्ग बीमन एसोसिएशन. नई हिस्ती 5.68.800 00 १ इस्टीटबट ग्राफशोम इक्षाना-मिनत, साउब एक्स 0.

 न्याइण्ड रिनीफ एमोसिएवन, नई दिस्सी 1.39.600 00

मई दिस्पी

0 270 वीमेका दिस्खियन एकासिएमन, नई दिल्ली 665 00

8.36.697 25

57.000 00

(2) दिल्ली तथा सन्य स्थानो पर नार्थों के विष् दिल्ली में स्थित प्रवित मारतीय नगटना / सस्पानी का धनदान ।

1 इंग्टिंबन वीतिल फार बाइस्ड वेल्पेयर, नई दिस्सी 31,74,520,00

2 भारतीय प्रादिमजाति सम, नई दिल्ली

9,32,3 20, 00

2 -

 श्वास इण्डिया फेडरेजन फार 	स्वये
क्षा कार्य कार्य कार्य कि क्षेत्र के कि	

वि हेफ, नदे दिल्ही 43,820.09 4. भास प्रीवस्था परिवार कल्यान

क्र भाग शांत्रका पारवार बहेबान परिपद्, नई दिल्ली 1,51,800.08

5. हरियन नेवक सथ, नई दिल्मी 6,15,300.00

6. एसोनिएजन फार मोजस हेस्य इन इण्डिया, नई दिस्सी 1,59,000.00

 आस टण्डिया प्रोहिष्यिक शांतिल, वर्ड शिल्बी, 3,00,000.00

8. नेजनल केडरेबन ग्राफ दि ब्लाईड, नई दिल्मी 65.674.00

फ़ीडरेजन फ्रार केल्लेक्ट बाफ

मेंडमी रिटारिंड, नदे किली 55,618.00 10. इंग्डियन कीप्रायरिंडिंड

मूनियन, नई दिल्ली 3,050.00

 डा० वाहिर हुमैन मेमोरियल सोसायटी, नई दिल्सी 34,440.00

55,34,742.00

Specific allotment of D.D.A. Flats

3705. SHRI RAM KANWAR BER-WA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of registered persons eligible for the specific alletment of flats built by the D.D.A. in M.I.G. Category in Pankha Road according to the draw of fots for the allotment held in March, 1978;
- (b) the serial numbers of flats allotted to the successful applicants in the above draw;

- (e) the dates on which the demandcum-allotment letters were issued to each of the successful applicants:
- (d) the serial numbers of flats which have been surrendered by the successful applicants and the dates on which intimation was received for cancellation; and
- (e) the manner in which these flats have been or are proposed to be allotted?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND REHOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABBLITATION (SIRT SIKANDAR AND REHABBLITATION) (SIRT SIKANDAR AND REHABBLITATION) (SIRT SIKANDAR OF AND REHABBLITATION) (SIRT SIKANDAR OF AND REHABBLITATION) (SIRT SIKANDAR OF AND REHABBLITATION IN THE SIKANDAR OF AND REHABBLITATION OF AND REHABB

The 9th flat which was available for allotment was allotted on compassionate grounds on hire-purchase basis. This was subsequently converted on the request of the person to whom the allotment was made to cosh down basis,

(b) In pocket C-3 A, houses Nos. 4B, 27B, 132B, 134B, 140B, 144B; 153B and 27C were afforted to those who were entitled for allotment on the basis of their sentonity in registration. Flot No. 138B was afforted to the person to whom the allotment was made on compassionate grounds.

- (c) The demand-cum-allotment letters were issued on 5-6-78 in 8 cases and on 29-8-78 in the remaining case.
- (d) Flat No. C-3A/2C was surrendered. The intimation was received in the concerned branch of DDA on 19-3-1978
- (e) Since the flat was surrendered by a person to whom it was allotted on hire-purchase basis, it is proposed to offer this flat to a person waiting in the list on hire-purchase basis.

Integrated Bural Development Project

- 3 96 SHRI PADMACHARAN SAMANTASINHERA Will the Mininter of AGRICULTURE AND IRRI GATION on pleased to state
- (a) whether in Orissa State on the Integrated Rural Development project is not being spent the allotted amount of money in time.
- (b) if so when this project was sanctioned and amounts provided therefor
- (c) the reasons for not spending the said amount in time, and expenditure outstanding unto date, and
- (d) when this project is likely to
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI EHANU FRA-FAP SINGH) (a) Yes Sur
- (b) District Puri in Orissa was solectic under the old LRD Programme initiated during 1976 77. An amount of Rs 71 06 lakhs was provided for implementation of the project during 1977 Rs.
- () The funds for implementing the project were released towards the close of the financial year 1977 78. The fitness could not therefore be utilised before the end of the Chancial year 1977-78 The State Government was authorised to chilise the funds sanctioned upto 30th June 1978 The time limit for utilisation of funds was further extend ed upto 31st December 1978 The progress of utilisation of funds is however slow and only an amount of Rs 36.96 lakhs has been reported utilised by the State Goat upto 7th December 1978 Thus an amount of Rs C4 10 takks remained un utilised as on 7th December
- (1) In the normal course the project should be completed by 31st December 11"3 The entire amount sanctioned is, he vever not likely to be utilised by

hai time Accordingly, a proposal for extending the time for utilising the amount sanctioned for the project upto 31st March, 1373 is under consideration.

Permission to cover 75 per cent of the Area of Plots by DDA

- .797 SHRI U S PATIL Will the Manister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be oleased to state
- (a) what is the criteria for giving permission by the Delhi Development Authority for the coverage of 75 per cent area on each floor of the Houses built on 70 to 84 sq. metre plots in the Pitam Pura Residential Scheme,
- (b) what are the details of the particulars of the persons who were allowed by the DDA the coverage of 75 per cent area on each floor of the House during the penod from April, 1976 to November, 1978 and the reasons for gwing such permission.
- (c) what 15 the number of persons who have violated this provision and what penalty DDA has imposed on them, and
- (d) whether there is a proposal under Government consideration to allow 75 per cent coverage on plots measuring 70 and 24 sq metre, in Patampura Residential Scheme and if not the reasons therefor?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKAYDAR BAKHT) (a) According to the provisions of the Wester Plan the plot coverage of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of a plot upto 200 sq. vd. scope of 50
- (b) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Talle of the Sabha

- 57
 - (c) Unless all the requests for issue of completion certificates have been received and examined, it is not pessible either to give the number of persons who have violated or the quantum of penalty, as it is levied only at the time of issue of completion certificates.
 - (d) Keaping in view the large number of small plots which have recently been carved out and keeping the density and environmental standards in view, there is no proposal under consideration of Government to allow 75 per cent coverage on plots measuring 70—74 sq. mts, in Priampura Readential Scheme.

Housing Schemes for the Poorer Sections

3798. SHRI M. A. HANNAN

ALHAJ: SHRI SACHINDRA LAL

SINGHA: SHRI SAKTI KUMAR SAR-KAR:

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the scheme initia ted by the Ministry for the poorer people in the weaker section and middle income group for their housing schemes;
- (b) the details of those schemes so far implemented in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States, Statewise uptodate with the total amount sanctioned and spent uptodate in comparison to Karnataka, Tamilnadu, and Maharashua;
- (c) the details of the scheme that are implemented in West Bengal and North Eastern Region States, Statewise, district-wise and the result achieved; and

(d) the details of the programme undertaken by these states, state-wise, to implement these schemes, schemewise?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BARHT): (a) A statement is enclosed.

- (b) Housing is a State subject Contrai financial assistance to the States for all their State sector projects, including housing. Is released in the shape of block loans and "block grants" without their being need to any particular scheme, project or head of developmen. The State Governments are free to utilise the block assistance on their Plar schemes according to their needs and priorities. The Government of not have miormation about the amount sanctioned by the State Governments for housing purposes and the amount spent uploadse or housing.
- (c) The details of the schemes being implemented by the West Bengal and North, Eastern Region States and the results achieved are given in the stricment. District-wise details are not available.
- (d) The Government do not have the details of the programme undertaken by the States to implement these Schemes

Statement

 The Government have introduced the following social housing schemes for construction of houses in the urban and rural areas-

(i) Integrated Subsidised Housing School for headited Workers and Economically Weaker Sections of Constitution:

The Scheme is intended, for construction of satisfact, a rental houses for low paid inquistrational are and other economically deaths, sections of commu-

nity The income limit for allotment of houses built unner the scheme is Re 500 per month subject to payment of some additional charges by allottees in the income group between Rs 250 to Rs 500 Government and Government agencies have been permitted to sell the houses constructed under this scheme, to the evidant accomments

(n) Low Income Group Housing Scheme

The Scheme provides for loan assistance to the extent of 80 per cent of the approved cost of a house subject to a maximum of Rs 14 a00 to families vious amount income does not exceed Rs 7.200

(in Middle Income Group Housing

The Scheme provides for loan assistance to the extent of 80 per cent of the approved cost of a hotuse subject to a maximum of Rs. 27,500 to families whose annual moome is in the range of Rs 7 201 to Rs 18 900

(iv) Village Housing Projects Scheme

The scheme provides for grant of locus for construction of houses by villagers and their cooperatives to the extent of 30 per cent of the cost of construction subject to a maximum of Rs a000 and also for laying of streets and draine to improve the environmental hygiene of villagers.

(v) Slum Clearance/Improvement Scheme

The scheme envisages grant of finantial assistance to the State Governmen's and Union Territories and through them to the local biodes for improvement of stum areas and rehouling of alum disclers in the lower lincome bracket upto Rs 330 per month

(vi) Rental Housing Scheme for State

Under this scheme, the State Governments utilize the funds exclusively for construction of new houses for allotment to State Government employees on payment of monthly rent in accordance with the normal rules of the State Government.

(vii) Land Acquisition and Developizent Scheme

The scheme provides for grant of imancial assistance to the State Goverament's for large scale acquisition and development of land to enable them to develop the plots and make them available at reasonable prices to intending house builders and for proyiding other community neutrities.

(viii) Scheme for provision of housesites to landless workers in rural

This scheme provides house-sites, free of cost to the rural landless who do not own a house site or a built up house or hut on land of their own

(1x) Subsidised Housing Scheme for Plantation Workers

This scheme aims at providing rest free housing to resident plantation workers who belong to weaker sections of the society. The Central Government provides financial assistance to the exclusion of houses (50 per cent of censitration of houses (50 per cent as loan and 37s per cent as substaty) under the scheme The remaining [12] per cent is provided by the employers

Except for the Subsidised Housing Scheme for Plantation Workers, which is in the Central Sector all other social housing schemes are in the State Sector

Statement

As on 30-9-1978

Sl. No.		Name of State Government / inion Territory	Nan	ne of 30 re ne being implemented	Results athioxed	Based on progress reports received upto
1		2		3	4	5
-	Iş T	Vest Bengal	(i)	Integrated Subsidised Housing Scheme for Industrial Work- ers and Economically Weaker Sections of Com- munity.	17404 houses	30-9-19 77
			(ù)	Low Income Group Housing Scheme.	9694 houses	31-3-1976
			(iii)	Subsidised Housing Scheme for j Plantation Workers.	6715 houses	31-3-1978
			(iv)	Rental Housing Scheme for State Government Employees	5333 houses	31-3-1976
			(v)	Middle Income Group Hous- ing Scheme.	3087 houses	31-3-1978
			(vi)	Village Housing Projects Scheme.	3652 houses	31-12-1970
			(vii)	Land Acquisition and Development Scheme.	990.95 acres (acquired) 261.06 acres (developed)	31-3-1977
			(viii)	Slum clearance/ Improve- ma Scheme,	5316 houses/ plots	March, 1972
			(ix)	Provision of Housesites to Landless Workers.	2,97,929 house- sites.	31-8-1978
		Assam	(i)	Integrated Subsidised Housing Scheme for Industrial Work- ers and Economically Weaker Sections of Community,	559 howes	30-9-1972
			(ii)	Low Income Group Housing Scheme.	2025 houses	31-3-1978
			(iii)	Subsidised Housing Scheme for Plantation Workers.	6811 houses	31-12-1977
			(ív)	Rental Housing Scheme for State Government Employees.	7 houses	1 50-6-1977
			(v)	Middle Income Group Hous- ing Scheme.	169 houses	31-3-1978
			(vi)	Village Housing Project Scheme	r house	30-6-1977
			(vii)	Land Acquisition and Deve- lopment Scheme.	160-70 acres (acquired) 31-70 acres (descloped)	31-3-1969
_						

Written Ar	ıswers	DECEME	BER 18, 19	18	Writs	en Ansu	cers 64
2		3			1		5
	(sm)	Slum clearance m at School	efimprove -		362 h	ples D	ccember'5#
	(22)	Pronsion of Land less Vi	House-mes orken	10		porio.	31-8-1978
Meghalava	, (1)	Integrated Sub- Scheme for Nortern and F Wealer Sec- mun ty	industrial		50	house	31-3 1978
	, (11)	Low Income G Scheme	troup Housin	ş	42	houses	30-6-1977
ŧ	(m)	Rental House Governmen	ng Scheme 6 nt Employee	ot State			30-6-1611
	(iv)	Middle Incom	ae Group Ho e.	1	2	7 houses	30-6-1977
	(v)	Land Acquisiti supment Sc	on and Deve Steme.	•	3 36	(sectanteq	31-3-197 7
Man pur	- (t)	Low Income of	Group Hous	28	ဆ	6 howes	30-1-1977
	(11)	Village House Scheme	ig Protects		74	houses d	l'ared en 4th Plan
	(m)	Slum (Iraran Scheme	nce/Isrproves	rent	3 la	ouses) plats	December 1974
\agaland	(1)	las (some	Group Hous	ng	114	3 houses	30-6-1972
Traptura	(18) Las Income Scheme	Group H	ewieg	294	houses	31 12 1977

(n) Subsidised Housing Schene for Plantation Workers

(iii) Middle Income Group Hous-

(v) Slum Clearance/Improvement

(a) Provision of House-site to Landless thorkers

Low Income Group Hou ing Scheme

ing Scheme
(iv) Village Housing Projects Scheme

Scheme

/fuoram

32 houses

79 houses

519 houses

60 houses?

38307 house-

plots

stics

31 3-1977

31-3-1977

31-12 76

21-8-1978

30-6-1976 2

December

1974

Agreement with Vietnam on Buffalo Research Institute

3789. SHRI JANARDHANAN POO-JARY: Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether an agreement has been signed with Vietnam to set up a Research Institute on buffalo; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Under the agreement through the letters exchanged in September. 1977 between the Government of the Republic of India and the Government of Socialist Republic of Viet Nam, the Government of India has agreed to assist the Government of the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam in establishing a Buffalo Breeding & Research Centre in Viet Nam under the ITEC Programme of the Ministry of External Affairs. The Indian Council of Agricultural Research has been nominated as the implementing agency for the establishment of this Centre. According to the agreement, the Indian side is to meet all expenditure on the supply and transportation of equipment, including some livestock initially for the Centre. It has also to meet the cost of training Vietnamese experts in India, including the cost of their accommodation maintenance and local transport. In addition, the Indian side has also to make available the services of Indian Experts for the establishment of the Centre.

Foodgrains in Stock

3800. SHRI SURENDRA BIKRAM: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) how much foodgrains is in the stock of the Government for future use; (b) what are proposals to purchase and store more foodgrains out of the ensuing wheat crop and at what rate;

66

(c) is Government facing some wastage of foodgrains in the storage godowns and if so, what steps the Government have proposed to solve the same?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) As on 1-11-70, the estimated stocks of foodgrains with all the public agencies in the country were of the order of 164 million tonnes.

- (b) The price and procurement policy of wheat for 1979-80 marketing season is under consideration and a decision will be taken soon. Purchases of wheat from the ensuing crop would be done by way of price support operations.
- (c) Despite all precautions, some wastage of foodgrains in godowns, takes place. The following steps are taken to minimise this wastage:—
 - (i) the godowns constructed are made rat-proof, white ant-proof and damp-proof;
 - (ii) pre-monsoon inspection of godowns is carried out and repairs undertaken to prevent leakage of rain water;
 - (iii) qualified and technically trained staff are deployed for periodical inspection, fumigation and proner unkeep of stocks; and
 - (iv) modern scientific pest control measures are undertaken to check insect, rodent and bird trouble.

Housing Loans to Orissa

- 3801. SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRA-DHAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:
- (a) the demand (in terms of money) made by the Orissa Govern-

ment for house-building purposes,

(b) whether the entire demand of the Orissa Government was complied with, if not the reason, thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND POS-BOUSTING NO SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAHT) is and (b) Central gran call assistance is released to State in the torm of block loans and block grants for their Annual Flants as a whole and not for any specific scheme project or sector of development. No demand has been received from the Government of Orassa for house building purposes resentically

However in August 1978 the state of Government of Orissa requested for the allocation of Life Insurance Corporation Issue amounting to Rs 400 lakes The State Government was allocated LTC Ican amounting to Rs 191 lakes in October 1978 General Insurance Corporation Ican amounting to Rs 100 lakes has also been allocated to the State Government in November, 1978 Besides this Housing and Urban Development Corporation—a Government of India Undertaking—also make available loans to the States for pousang jurposes.

Expenditure on Agriculture in Lakshadweep

3802 SHRI P M SAYEED Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) the total agricultural land developed in the Union territory of Lakshadweep so far.
- (b) whether the Soil there is very fertile for the agricultural crops, it so whether Government has made any research about it there, it not, whether Government propose to do it, and
- (c) how much has been spent upill now for the development of Agriculture in the Lakshadweep?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) An area of 2780 ha of agricultura) land has so far been developed

(b) The soil is very fertile for cocona cultivation which occupies the entire cultivable area. The Department of Agniculture of the Univertorial of various inter-crops in coconut gardens. Vegetables tuber crops and gardens. Vegetables tuber crops like sweet potato and tapioca and fruit plants like papaya and banana are coung up The Central Pantalion Cop Research Institute a Unit of the ICAR at Minicop has taken up an inferates research programme to dete op a package of practices for intercropping in Cocoult sardens.

(b) Rs al 03 lakhs

Assistance to Universities for expansion

3803 SHRI MADHAVRAO SCIN-DIA Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL-TURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether a number of Universities have submitted proposals for their expansion and sought a part assistance to be borne by the University Grants Commission.
 - (b) if so details thereon, and
- (c) total assistance proposed to be provided by the Commission to those Universities?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR. FRATAP CHANDEA CHIV. DEED, i.d. to ic) The University Grants Commission provides financial assistance to each University for a plan period for their development program mes which include opening of new departments and expansion of existing ones. The quantum of financial sistance is determined with the Commission and the assessment of the

requirements of each university made by the Visiting Committees. The Commission has not yet finalised the guidelines for the formulation of the Sixth Plan programmes of the universities.

Representation from Kerala Govern ment for development of Sports

3804. SHRI VAYALAR RAVI; Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE by pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any representation from the Kerala Government for development of Sports and some other problems; and

(b) if so, action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURES (OR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b). A letter from the Kerala Minister for Works and Sports was received in August, 1973, bringing up various point; relating to the promotion of sports and games in Kerala. The points raised in the letter were examined in the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare and reply explaining the position was sent to the Kerala Minister in November, 1978.

Difference in Cost of production of Sugar in Tamil Nadu and other States

3805. SHRI K. A. RAJU: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether he is aware of the fact that following decontrol of sugar, sugar produced in Tamil Nadu is not able to face the competition with sugar flowing into the State from the States of Uttn Pradesh, Madhya Pragesh and Bihar;

(b) if so, whether it is true that in view of the lower cost of production the above States were able to sell sugar in Tamil Nadu at Rs. 1,30 p per kilo against Rs. 2,30 p, by the Tamil Nadu Sugar Mills: and

(c) if so, whether the Central Government propose to set up a National Sugar Corporation to run sick sugar mills or to hand over the mills it had taken over to the concerned States after redeeming them wishle?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE & TRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH). (a) and (b). With the removal of all controls of prices distribution and movement of sugar with effect from August 16, 1978, the forces of supply and demand would govern the structure of market prices. The competitive ability would vary from factory to factory depending upon a variety of factors including its cost of production the sales realization it obtains, productivity, utilization of installed capacity etc. The weighted average of the cost of production of Tamil Nadu sugar factories is, in fact, lower than that of Utlar Pradesh Bihar and Madhya Pradesh

(c) No. Sir.

Government Accommodation

3806, SHRI ARJUN SINGH BHADO-RIA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the total number of employees category-wise entitled to each of the Type I to VIII of accommodation separately as on 30th November, 1978;
- (b) whether government propose to provide them accommodation within six months, even hiring private accommodation if need be;
- (c) the total number of Government quarters of each type separately available in Delhi/New Delhi in different pools; and

(d) the step taken or proposed to he taken to solve the housing short age for government employees the near future?

THE MINISTER OF WORLS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) The total number of Central Go ernment employees eligi ble for general pool accommodation in Delhi/New Delhi is as under This information is based on the data collected to, the previous allotment year anding on 20th Not ombor 1979

Type		Number
I		2G 207
II		35 €3
m		17 558
IV		13 305
¥		6 403
VI		1 001
VII		374
VIII		.20
	TOTAL	87ر 100

- pre ent. (c) Total number of quarters in the
- general pool under the control of the Directorate of Estates in Della/New Delhi is as under

Type	\umbe
ι	15 324
H	15 890
III	5876
IV	5 158
v	1 837
VI	478
VII	117
vnı	12
To	7AL 4. 601

(d) Government has undertaken a crash programme of constructing 15,300 quarters in Delhi/New Delhi during the next three years

किला विकास प्राधिकरण के पनरों पर प्रधिरू भार सवाना

3507 भी टा*॰* एस॰ नयी क्या निर्माण कीर बाबान तथा पूर्ति कीर पुतर्वान मही 27 नदस्दर 19"8 वे बनारास्त्रि प्रवन मध्या 1091 कभाग (प) र उत्तर सम्बाध में यह बताने का इस करते कि

- (क्) क्या 132 पनेश क बादण्या का टेगार साइन इ मामन स्थित परेटा व निम नव मिरं स धारून "ना रागा
- (छ) तपना मक दश्यर क्षत्र (कमपर्शय कटर र्धारयां) की परिभाषा क्या है
- (य) क्या इन 512 पनटा की शीमत मायापनी क 132 परेंग का कामन के बरावर हार। मयवा रम धीर
- (थ) याँ नहा नाक्या ६त 132 पलटा क निग साबद्दर का ज्यान म बाध्य जातर प्रधित भगतान तहा करता पड़ेगी
- निर्वाण धीर प्रावास तथा पूर्ति घीर पुनवास सबी (धी सिक्टेंर क्छत) (क) वा नेया। जनस प्रत्राक्ष रिजा स्वा है कि वे ब्रान विकला साधे शास्त्र परेट।
- (छ) य पत्र तबक्रमहरोड स्नाम पर स्थित ह घोर बनार प्लंग कसमाप ह। धन इस
- घरधाइत पच्छा धत्र समहाजागा है। (ग) नया (थ) क्यादि इत यनशाका मस्य सभा बाहा नही बया है यन इस समय न्यकी दुलना करना सम्बद नहा है। यदि व पताल को बन्धाकार

बर न्त्र है दो एमड लिए बमाना निया बाएगा। Sale of DDA. Flats.

320S SHRI SHYAMLAL DHURVE Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to gier to the reply given to Unstarred Quest on No 1091 on the 27th November 19 8 regarding levying of sur-charge on D.D.A. flate and state-

(a) whether sale of flats to the general public have increased the funds

- (b) whether registration amount of the registered persons is utilised for construction of flats and whether this amount is taken to make available more flats to the public;
- (c) whether DDA had sold flats to the Directorate of Estates after inviting applications from the registered persons:
- (d) whether 512 flats under construction in Rajout Garden and flats in the other colonies are proposed to be sold to the Directorate of Estates so as to make available more homes for Government employees:
- (e) if so, whether due approval of the Parliament has been obtained for amending the Delhi Development Act;
 - (f) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABLITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) No, Sir, since, 50 per cent of the flats are to be sold to them on hire purchase basis and the balance on cash down basis, while all these flats are sold to the Directorate of Estates on cash down and the control of the states of the states of the sold of the Directorate of Estates on cash down basis.

- (b) Yes Sir.
- (c) Yes, Sir.
- (d) No, Sir.
- (e) and (f). Do not arise.

Lack of medical facilities in MIG/LIG Flats in Mayapuri sold by DDA to Estate Office

3809. DR. RAMJI SINGH: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that 132
 MIG flats in Mayapuri have been sold to Estate Office;
- (b) whether there is no CGHS dispensary in 1000 MIG/LIG flats in the

- area which is occupied mostly by Government employees and this area has been linked with Harinagar Dispensary:
- (c) whether the residents of these lists have represented for shifting the dispensary to these flats as Harmagar dispensary is located in an old house surrounded by open and overflowing drains and is without potable water and other facilities:
- (d) whether DGHS has agreed to shift this dispensary to these 132 flats and has requested to the Ministry of Work) to provide necessary accommodation; and
- (e) if so, by what date the dispensary is likely to be shifted to these 132 MIG flats?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) Yes, Sir.
- (c) to (e). On the request of DG.HS, two flats have been alloited in Mayapuri and the C.G.H.S. dispenshortly.

Lack of basic facilities in D.D.A. Colony, Lawerence Road

3810. DR. SAROJINI MAHISHI: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is no facility of Post Office, Bank, Super Bazar and CGHS in Lawerence Road, DDA Colony inhabited by the people belonging to Low Income Group;
- (b) whether above authorities have approached DDA for allotment of suitable accommodation; and
- (c) if so, the steps taken in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND REHABILITATOIN (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) A Post Office and a Bank are functioning in Lawrence Road Industrial Area which is in close provinity to the Lawrence Road Readential Scheme A Dispensary and a Super Bazer are also in existence in Addition a number of convenient shopping centres have been constructed by the DDA. These have been disposed of and they are cateting to the meets of the public in that are the needs of the public in the needs of the public in that a

(b) and (c) The DDA has reported that request for sites for a P & T building and CGHS Dispension have been received and that the sites have been finalised by the DDA for allot ment

Provision of basic facilities in Budella, Tilak Nagar, New Delhi

3811 SHRI K LAKKAPPA Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that basic ementies like sewerage water, electricity etc have not been provided to the piol holders of Vikaspuri (Bodelia) Wellzer Association, Tulak Nagar, New Delhi, in spite of the fact that full payment in this behalf has been realised by DDA from them, and if so reasons threefing.
- (b) by what time the above facilitie, are likely to be provided to the said plots holders and
- (c) the various authorities responsible for this lapse and whether action will be taken against them for this?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND HE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Sewerage work has been completed except in Packets C*, F* HI' and H3 which were subscripted and H3 which were subscripted from group housing to pletted area. The water supply

lines have been laid and connected to MCD main MCD have been asked to release the water. The work of electric supply was started in 1973 and its keeping pace with the building activity in that area.

(b) Sewerage work—After March, 1979 Water Supply—MCD have been

asked to release the water
Electricity—The work is
likely to be completed by
the end of 1979-80

(c) There has been no avoidable lapse on the part of DDA authorities in providing the basic facilities in Bodella

Allotment of plot to P & T Depart... ment in Janakpuri New Delhi

3812 SHRI BHARAT SINGH

CHOWHAN SHEE BAM KANWAR

RERWA

SHRI NATVERLAL B

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the possession of the plot earmarked for Post and Telegraph Office in A-3 Block shopping centre in Janakpuri, New Delin has already been given to P & T Department.
 - (b) if not, the reasons for delay,nd
- (a) when the possession of the said plot is likely to be given?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) No Sir

- (b) The P&T Department have objected to the existence of a manhole on the site
- hole on the sate

 (c) Soon after the shifting of the man-hole for which necessary action

has already been instrated.

Qualifying Examination for II.T.

3813, SHRI A, E. T. BARROW: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the qualifications for entrance examination to the Indian Institutes of Technology is Class XI of the plus 2 stage of education;
- (b) if so, whether there is any proposal to change the educational qualifications to pass at the end of the plus 2 stage; and
- (c) if there is no proposal for such a change, the reasons why this change is not being made?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) A pass in Class XI of the +2 stage is also one of the minimum qualifications prescribed for admission to the Joint Enterance Examination of ITTs.

(b) and (c). The All India Council for Technical Education has recommended that the first degree course in engineering should be of 4 years duration and that the entry to this course should be after 12 years of schooling. Changes in minimum qualifications for admission to IIT₈ will b₈ reviewed only after the 10 - 2 system is introduced uniformly all over India and corresponding changes are also made in the structure and pattern of engineering education.

Save Grain Campaign

3814. SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED; Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

- (a) whether save grain campaign programme is now underway in the country:
- (b) how many State Governments have taken up the plan; (c) whether Central Government
- has given subsidy to States to meet the farmers demand; and
- (d) if so, the amount of subsidy, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Save Grain Campaign is an All-India programme and 14 Central team; and 3 sub-leams at the following places cover the entire country;

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r.				
ı, Sav	e Grain C	lampaign Office		
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Besides the above mentioned Central Save Gram Campaign teams, the State Governments of Andhra Pralesh, Harvana B.bar Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal have agreed to set up their own State level Save Gram Campaign feams

(c) and (d) Financial assistance to State Governments in the form of loans for implementation of Central sector scheme for provision of improv ed types of metal storage bins to farmers is given by the Department of Food According to terms and conditions of the loan, the State Government is responsible for the recovery of the cost of hins from the farmers The loans bear interest and the amount of interest paid by the State Governments is refunded in the form of subsidy A sum of Rs 132750 has been paid as subsidy to the following State Governments during 1977 78 -

			Rs
1	Assam		21,000
2	Punjab		21 000
3	West Bengal		21 000
ł	Kerala		5,250
5	нР		7,875
6	UP		33 900
3	Haryana		21,000
8	Manipur		2,625
		TOTAL	1,32,750

During the year 1978-79 a provision of Rs 239 lakhs has been made for Eving subsidy to State Governments A unedabad

Bangalore

Carati

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Project on Wastes Disposit

3818 SHRI AHMED HUSSAIN Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government have introduced a Centrally Sponsored Scheme on wastes disposal as recommended by the Committee constituted for the purpose,
- (b) what is the salient features of this scheme and whether this scheme will be extended to all the cities in the country in future.
- (c) the reasons why the population of the cities for the purpose thould be more than 3 lakhs and why cities (having population below 3 lakhs) should not be included due to the fact that they are capital cities and/or the only major city of a State, and
- (d) the reasons why Gauhati and other major cities/Industrial cities in the NE Region should not be included for setting up of the projects under this Centrally Sponsored Scheme and how soon it will be Isunched?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND NE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) Yes, Sir

- (b) and (c) The salient features of this scheme are
 - (i) cleanliness of the cittes and environmental pollution control through a well designed and equip ped system of collection removal and disposal of city garbage,

- (ii) provision of suitable handling equipment and other infrastructure to the sanitary staff; and
- (iii) making available enriched compost for agricultural production. Under the scheme, the Ministry of Agriculture and Trrigation subsidise the capital cost of the mechanical compost plant to the excent of 33 per cent and the Ministry of Works and Housing give a non-recurring grant-in-aid to meet 50 year cent of the cost of deficiencies in the infrastructure and recurring grant-in-aid to meet 50 per cen; of the establishmont expenditure or rechnical staff required to run/operate the plant, for a period of 5 years subject to a maximum of Rs. 1 lakh per annum,

The scheme was initially proposed to be introduced in about 45 cities having a population of over 3 lakins, keeping in view the intensiveness of agricultural activity around them, the economics of production, the need to control effects of pollution by intensive cleanliness etc. This scheme is in the nature of a pilol-turn-demonstration scheme which is expected to be extended to other urban reputes in course of times.

pected to be extended to other urban centres in course of time.

(d) The setting up of mechanical compost plant at Gauhati has already been sanctioned. All the State Governments have been asked to send the project reports for setting up of mechanical compost plants in respect of cities which fulfil the eligibility conditions of the scheme.

D.D.A.'s M.I.G. Flats

3516. SHRI PIUS TIRKEY; SHRI MADAN TIWARY:

- Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to the Unstarred Question No. 1986 dated 31st July 1978 regarding Cost of Delhi Davelopment Authority's M.I.G. Flats and state:
- (a) whether the information has been collected; and
- (b) if not, by what time it will be made available?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR EAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir. The items are given in the Statement.

(b) Does not arise.

Statement

The disparal cost has been worked out by the DDA on the basis of the policy in vogue at that joint of time. The pricing policy in vogue prior to emergency, during emergency and after emerency is as under:

Cost factor	Price according to policy in vogue	Price according to policy in vogue since 16-12-77	Price according to policy in vogue since 10-5-;8		
1	since 26-11-74	3	4		
Cost of Construction .	Cost of construction including undis - charged liabilities, if any.	Cost of construction including undis- charged liabilities, if any.	Cost of construction including undicharged liabilities, if any.		
Departmental Charges.	15% for LIG & MIG	10% for MIG and LIG 8% for Janta	LIG. 61% for MIG and LIG 61% for Janta and EWS.		

t	2	3	4
Interest Charges	71% per annum for 11 years	71% per annum for 11 years	9% for MIG flats 71% for LIG flat.tand 0% for Janta & EWS flats The unterest will be charged over a period of only 9 months
Administrative Charges	2° for 1½ years	2% for 11 years	1% per annum for LIG & MIG This will be charged for a period of 1 year No amount will be charged for Janta & EWS categories

NO OVERHEADS ARE TO BE LEVIED FOR COMMUNITY SERVICE PERSONNEL

Cost of land for 75% Cost of Land of the area carn . marked for group housing is taken

into account and charged propor ionately on the plinth area basis on the flats

75° of the area earmarked for group housing is taken into account and charged proportionately on the planth area basis to the flats

Cost of land for

45 per Sq Yd for MIG, Rs 30 for LIG and Rs 20 for fanta

Cost is calculated at Rs

Provision of Community MIG Rs 500 faciline

LIG Rs 250 Janta Rs 157

MIG Rs 500 LIG Rs 1250 Janta Rs 150

Rs 1 per sq ft of plinth area in MIG & LIG categories sub-ject to maximum of Rs 500 for LIG and Rs 750 for MIC

However in the case of a MIG Res dential Schemes namely Lawrence Road, Rajouri Garden West Pur and Prasad Sagar a surcharge was added over the disposal cost arrived at on the bas 1 of formula indigated as above. The excess amount recovered was mostly united for substituting the cost of lanta an I LIG categories of flats elsewhere

Roads to be constructed under Master Plan in Belbi

3817 SHRI KISHORE LAL Will Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) how many roads of 30 mt R/W and above were to be constructed in the Master Plan of Delhi and in trans Jamuna area.

(b) how many of them are still to be constructed,

(c) which are the agencies who have been assigned the job of cons truction, and

(d) how much more time they will take?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) 21 roads of 30 metro R/W and above were to be constructed according to the Master Plan of Delhi

in trans-Yamuna area (b) According to the PWD Delhi Administration, 7 roads are still to be constructed fully and 6 roads partly

(c) PWD Delhi Administration

(d) Three to five years

Inclusion of 'War Science' Subject in

3818. SHRI BAPUSAHEB PARULE-KAR; Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether in any of the Universities in India the subject 'war science' is included in syllabus;
 - (b) the names of such Universities;
- (c) whether Government propose to give directions in this connection to the Universities; and

(d) if not the reasons?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE ICR, PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER); (a) and (b). According to information available; courses in Defence Studies/Allillary Studies/ Milliary Stud

(c) and (d). The decision to offer any subject, in the courses at various levels, is taken by the universities themselves. The Government do not issue any directions in this matter, However, a proposal for the formulation of model courses in Defence Studies was recently considered by the University Grants Commission. While the Commission was not in favour of providing facilities for Defence Studies at the undergraduate level, it was felt that the details of courses to be offered at the post-graduate and research levels should be finalised in consultation with the Ministry of Defence. These details have not yet been finalised.

Survey by N.B.O.

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3819. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN KADANNAPPALLI: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the National Buildings Organisation had recently conducted a survey of the socio-economic conditions in various cities in the country:
- (b) what are the findings and recommendations of the Institute: and
- (c) the reaction of Government and the follow-up action being taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT). (a) The National Buildings Organisation had sponsored studies on socio-economic conditions of dwellers in four cities viz. Hyderabad, Bangalore, Kanpur and Ahmedabad. The studies have been undertaken by the Institute of Economics, Hyderabad in respect of Hyderabad and Bangalore, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi, for Kanpur and Sardar Patel Institute of Economics and Social Research, Ahmedabad for Ahmedabad.

(b) and (c). The reports of these studies have not yet been finalised.

> चोनी के निपटान में सहायता करने हेतु गुजरात सरकार का प्रनृरोध

3820. थी मोतींमाई आर0 चीवरी : स्या कृषि और सिंखाई नंती यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) स्वा गुजरात तरकार ने सरकारी दुकानों पर पड़ी चीनी के निषदान हेतु केन्द्रीय सरकार को पत्र लिखा है; झौर

(ख) बरि हां, तो उस पर केन्द्रीय सरकार ने क्या कार्यवाही की है ?

कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्रातय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह) : (क) जी, हों। (व) जहा नक थाक और धुररा दिश्तामा के यह देशे वाता के उन स्टार दिल भारतक जाज निक्का प्रांत की बेहन पर कहा दिल बचा के सम्बद्ध है गत्थ नरेशां प्रशास अने प्रतास के का सम्बद्ध है गत्थ नरेशां प्रशास अने प्रतास के का साव पर वणने को ग्रेड हो धनुमनि प्रदान को जा पूरी है।

Central cusistance for Mandis located in Vidisha and Raisera

3821 SHRI RAGHAVJI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR-RIGATION be pleased to a ste

- (a) the names of Agriculture produce mendis located in the Vidisha and Rais'na districts of b'adhva Pradesh for the development of which assistance has been sought from the Courte and the amount demanded therefor and
- (b) the progress made so far about the assistance proposals?

THE MINISTER OF STAIE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE & RERIGATION (SHRI BRANU PRA TAP SINGH) (a) Out of the Agruculture produce mends located in Vidnishia and Raisems districts of Machine Practice Central sustaines of Rs 5 lakhs has been sought for Vidnishia Rewalded Market only.

(b) The amount of Re 5 Jakis was approved as Central assistance for the development of 7 Vidisham market v., rd and the first installment of Re 2.5 Jikhs was released during 1977-18 The second installment of Re 2.5 Jikhs will be released when the amount of first installment is utilised and a certification to this effect is furnished.

Forest Development and Plantation Corporation

3822 SHRI S K. SARDA Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR RIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether many Forest Development and Plantation Corporations have been established, if so how many and in which States, since when and the capital for each and how it has

- (b) state the annual financial 16sult of operations of each of these Corporations for the last three years,
- (e) how much reverse has each been able to secure from Timber and minor forest produce, and
- (d) how much institutions; finance have each of these raised during the last three years and of which species?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHR] SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) to (d) The mformation is being collect; from the State Forest Developm it Corporations and will be placed on the Tab's of Lok Sabba in due course

Pay Scales of Craft Teachers in Delhi Schools

3823 SHRI S S LAL Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the craft feachers working in Government Schools Delhi are being paid two different grades to 425-640 and 440-750.
- (b) whether the craft teachers either in the grade of Rs 423-640 or in Rs 440-750 are teaching the same classes for the same working hours,
- (c) whether demands in this respect have been made to remove this anomaly continuously since 1970 by the representatives of the craft teachers and
- (d) if so the action taken by the Government in this respect?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI MATI REPUKA DEVI BARAKATA-KI) (a) to(d) The miormation is being collected from the Delbi Administration and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha as soon as possale

मध्य प्राय वर्ग के पतेटों के लिए पंजीकरण

- 3824. श्री सानेस्वर प्रसाद यादव : स्वा निर्माण ग्रीर ग्राचान तथा पृति श्रीर पुनर्शस नेवी यह क्वाने की कथा करेंगे कि :
- (फ) क्या दिल्ली शिकाम प्राधिकरण हारा निर्मित पर्नेटों के निर्मा पंजीकरण बहुत पान्त बन्द कर दिया नगर है: और
- (य) यदि हा, तो मध्य आव वर्ग के वनैदो है विए तथा पत्रीकरण यस कब गुरू होने वाला है ?
- नियांच घोर प्राचास तथा पूर्ति घोर वृश्यांस मंत्री (श्री सिकन्दर चार्त): (क) सन्दर्भ सामान्य राजीकरण योजना 1978 में चान् से घरें थी। तहनामान् सं स्वतित चोरित प्रधान पंजीकरण योजनामें सारक्ष्य चार्चित प्रधान मूचकी पर्व और नृत्य से जो स्वाचर, 1978 में जून की पर्व भी प्रधान सुनामें से स्वत्य
- (1) दूसरी स्वधित पीवित बाधाय योजना जो 27-11-78 को क्यादें नहीं यी 36-12-78 तक गुनी दें। उसके पत्रका दिस्सा विजित गोजनायों के प्रस्तान तंत्रीहरू की गई। उस्मीदकारों की प्रतीक्षा सूची जब समाप्त हो बालगी तब दिस्सी विकास प्राधिकरूव युत्त सामान्य पंत्रीकरण योजना गोलनी।
 - Sites for Schools, Nursing Homes,... Post Offices etc. in Janakpuri, New Delhi
- 3825. SHRI NATVERLAL B. PAR-MAR: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:
- (a) the number of sites ear-mark-ed for (i) schools/nurseries, (ii) nursing homes/dispensaries, (iii) post and telegraph offices, (iv) community centres/halls and (v) petrol pumps in A-1, A-2, and A-3 Blocks of Janak-putr, New Delhi separately;
- (b) the number of such sites which have been allotted and handed over to the concerned Department or Institutions category-wise;
- (e) number of sites on which construction of structures has started coming up;

- (d) the reasons for slow allotment and transfer of the said sites to the concerned parties;
- (e) whether it is a fact that sluggish action on the part of the DDA has resulted in retarded growth of these blocks; and
- (f) if so, what effective action have been taken by the DDA to remove the backlog in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) 10 (f). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Higher House Tax recoverable from the Government Employees owning Houses

3826. SHRI DRONAM RAJU SATYA-NARAYANA: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government zervants who were forced to surrender vants who were forced to surrender their Government quarters and shift to their own fasts during Emergency under previous government orders are required to pay House tax at much higher rates than charged from self accommodation, price charged for the data to where although the second of the first their control of the first their control of the first their control of the first their control of t
 - (b) if so, the reasons thereof; and
- (c) whether Government would consider to remove this anomaly and mitigate hardship of the Government employees?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SKANDAR BAKHT): (a): No such case has come to notice.

(b) and (c): Do not arise.

Pilot Project under Food for Work Programme in States

- 3827 SHRI R P DAS Will the Vanister of AGRICULTURE AND 1R RIGATION be pleased to state
- (a) the details of the pilot project launched in Gujarat Maharashtra Orissa and Uttar Pradesh under the Food for Work Programme and with what result
- (b) whether this project is to be launched in other States and
- (c) whether West Bengal Government has sent any proposal to the Union Government in regard to social forestry and cattle breeding under this Programme?

THE MI STER OF STATE IN THE MINISTF OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) Recently a pilot project has been launched in 4 States of Guia rat Maharashtra Orissa and Uttar Protesh at the initiative of Bharatisa Agro Industries Foundation under the Food for Work scheme In each project it is proposed to rehabilitate 5 000 families through animal husbandry programme by utilising waste and scrub forest land The scheme is desig ed to benefit the weakest sections of the rural community The social forestry and cattle breeding form an integral part of the programme In all, 20 000 families are to receive 16 kgs of wheat per week under the scheme As the project has been launched only recently the results are yet to be known

(b) Yes Sir The Scheme has been troubled to all the States Proposals have already been received from Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and dar naticka and the project is to be launch ed in these States shortly

(c) No Sir

Slaughter House, Delhi

3828 SHRI PRADYUMNA BAL Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are aware that there exists a slaughter house opposite Wazirpur DTC Bus Depot on Ring Road Delhi
- (b) whether it is a fact that there is always bad smell in the area due to this and there is also mediace of vultures
- (c) whether it is also a fact that a DDA Residential Colony Pitampura is coming up very near and
- (d) whether in view of maintaining good healthy conditions Government propose to shift this slaughter house to some other place and if so, when and if not the reasons therefor?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION ((SHRI SIKANDAR HAKHT) (a) There is no slaughter house but a Carcass Utilisation Centre run by Khadi and Village Industries Commission exists at this place
- (b) Yes Sir due to the reasons stated at (a) above
 - (c) Yes Sir

(d) DDA have already approved the shifting of the Carcass Utilization Centre from the present site DDA Is also taking action to allot them a plot for the same

Old Age benefits to Agricultural

3829 SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN
Will the Minister of EDUCATION
SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE
be pleased to state

(a) whether agricultural farmers are deprived of the old ago benefits,

at least pension, after the age of 65 years; and

(b) if not, whether Government have any other beneficial plans for the welfare of the farmers?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PHATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b). The Central Government bas no scheme for old age pension to any calegory of persons including farmers. However, a number of State Governments have schemes in their States for old age pensions to persons of 50 years and above. The rate of pension varies from Rs. 15 to Rs. 30. The subject relating to old age pensions talls in the Concurrent List of the Constitution.

Relief for Central Aid to Flood affected West Bengal

3830. PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the amount in kind, cash and other forms given and promised to the Government of West Bengal for relief and rehabilitation of the flood victims in the State;
- (b) the claims made by the Government of West Bengal for the purpose; and
- (c) whether the Prime Minister asked the Government of West Bengal for setting up of an all-party relief and rehabilitation Committee at all levels including village level for effective relief and rehabilitations work?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULT
TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI
SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a)
According to the existing policy and
arrangements based on the recommendations of the Sixth Finance Commission, Central Team visited the State
thrice for an on the spot assessment
of the situation and requirements of
thinds for providing relief to those

affected by floods. The recommendations of the Team were considered by the High Level Committee on Relief. On the basis of this Committee's Report, the Union Government have a located the following assistance to the West Bengal in cash and kind:—

(Rs. in crocs)

- 1. Advance Pian assistance for relief of natural calamity . 88:93
 2. 95,500 tonnes of foodgrains and paikes or gratuitous relief . 33:14
- 4. Short-term loand for agricultural inputs . 15:00
- 5. Value of medicines etc.) 0.37 (supplied on credit payment basis)

129.94

A sum of Rs. 25.25 lakhs has been released to West Bengal from the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund. Under the World Food Programma 550 M.T. each of skimmed milk powder and edible oil have also been allocated for distribution among food victims.

Short term loan of Rs. 15 crores have also been approved to be given after a supplementary budget provision is obtained.

(b) The Government of West Bengai had presented a Memorandum indicating their assessment of damage and requirements of assistance for relief of natural calamity. They sought an amount of Rs. 349.75 crores by way of budgetary support and Rs. 128 crores through institutional finance. In addition, the State Government also sought 2.34 lacs tonnes of foodgrains for distrihution as gratuitous relief and 4.56 lacs tonnes of foodgrains for being utilised under the food for work scheme, The requirements projected by the State Government for the current year amount to Rs. 276.32 crores through budgetary support and Rs. 103.50 crores

Programme in States

- 3827 SHRER P DAS Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR RIGATION be pleased to state
- (a) the details of the pilot project launched in Gujarat Maharashtra. Orissa and Uttar Pradesh under the Food for Work Programme and with what result.
- (b) whether this project is to he launched in other States, and
- (c) whether West Bengal Govern ment has sent any proposal to the Union Government in regard to social forestry and cattle breeding under this Programme?

THE MI STER OF STATE IN THE MINISTF OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (4) Recently a pulot project has been launched in 4 States of Gularat, Maharashtra Orissa and Uttar Pradesh at the initiative of Bharatisa Agro Industries Foundation under the Food for Work scheme in each project it is proposed to rehabilitate 5 990 families through animal husbandry programme by utilising waste and scrub forest land. The scheme is desig ed to benealt the weakest sections of the rural community The social forestry and cattle breeding form an integral part of the programme In all 20 000 families are to receive 10 kgs of wheat per week under the scheme As the project has been launched only recently the results are jet to be known

(b) Yes Sir The Scheme has been circulated to all the States Propo tals have already been received from Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan and Karnataka and the project is to be launched in these States shortly

(c) No Sir

Slaughter House, Delhi

- 332R SHR1 PRADYUMNA BAL Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government are aware that there exists a slaughter house opposite Wazirpur DTC Bus Depot on Ring Road, Delhi.
- (b) whether it is a fact that there is always bad smell in the area due to this and there is also menace of vultures.
- (c) whether it is also a fact that a DDA Residential Colony Pitampura is coming up very near, and
- (d) whether in view of maintaining good healthy conditions Government propose to shift this slaughter house to some other place and if so. when and if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION ((SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) There is no slaughter house but a Carcass Utilisation Centre run by Khadı and Village Industries Commission exists at this place

- (b) Yes. Sir due to the reasons stated at (a) above
 - (c) Yes Sir.
- (d) DDA have already approved the shifting of the Carcass Utilization Centre from the present site DDA is also taking action to allot them a plot for the same

Old Age benefits to Agricultural Farmers

3829 SHRI RAJ KRISHNA DAWN Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether agracultural farmers are deprived of the old age benefits, at least pension, after the age of 65 years; and

(b) if not, whether Government have any other beneficial plans for the welfare of the farmers?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTUME (OR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): (a) and (b). The Central Gevernment bas no scheme for old age pension to any category of persons including farmers. However, a number of State Governments have schemes in their States for old age pensions to persons of 00 years and above. The rate of pension varies from Rs. 15 to Rs. 80, The subject relating to old age pensions to deep pensions that is the constitution of the control

Relief for Central Aid to Flood affectes West Bengal

3830. PROF. SAMAR GUHA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the amount in kind, cash and other forms given and promised to the Government of West Bengal for relief and rehabilitation of the flood victims in the State;
- (b) the claims made by the Government of West Bengal for the purpose; and
- (c) whether the Prime Minister asked the Government of West Bengal for setting up of an all-party relief and rehabilitation Committee at all levels including village level for effective relief and rehabilitations work?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SMRS) 2 (a) According to the existing policy and arrangements based on the recommendations of the Sixth Finance Commission, Central Team visited the State thrice for an on the spot assessment of the situation and requirements of things for providing relief to those

affected by floods. The recommendations of the Team were considered by the High Level Committee on Reilet. On the bosis of this Committee's Report, the Union Government have allocated the following assistance to the West Bengal in cash and kind:—

(Rs. in	croes)
 Advance Plan assistance for relief of natural calamity . 	88-93
95,500 tonnes of foodgrains and pulses or gratuitous relief	13*14
 1,00,000 tonnes of foodgrains under food for work scheme 	12.20
4. Short-term loand for agricul- tural inputs	15.00
- V-t	0.00

120.01

A sum of Rg. 25.25 lakhs has been released to West Bengal from the Prime-Minister's National Relief Fund. Under the World Food Programmés 30 M.T. each of skimmed milk powder and edible oil have also been allocated for distribution among flood victims.

(supplied on credit payment

basis)

Short term loan of Rs. 15 crores have also been approved to be given after a supplementary budget provision is obtained

(b) The Government of West Bengal had presented a Memorandum indicating their assessment of damage and requirements of assistance for relief of natural calamity. They sought an amount of Rs. 349.75 crores by way of budgetary support and Rs. 128 crores through institutional finance. In addition, the State Government also sought 2.34 lacs tonnes of foodgrains for distribution as gratuitous relief and 4.56 lacs tonnes of foodgrains for being utilised under the food for work scheme. The requirements projected by the State Government for the current year amount to Rs. 276.32 crores through budgetary support and Rs. 193.50 crores

through institutional finance The halance of Rs. 73.43 crores through hudgetary support and Rs 2450 crores through institutional finance is stated to be required for 1979 80

(c) The Prime Minister had suggested the formation of All Party Cormittee at all levels for cu brdinguo i of flood renef work in view of the unprecedented nature of the disaster in West Bengal and the desire of the neople belonging to various shades of opin on to cooperate in mitigating the distress of the victims At the village level however the Prime Minister agreed that Panchayats should be the proper authorities but suggested that the Panchayats should seek the cooperation of other important elements so that the programmes could be ur

Translation of Foreign Academic Rooks and periodicals

plem nted more effectively

3831 1 ROF P G MAVALANKAR Will the Minister of EDUCATION SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- la whe her Ministry's prior clearance is required for taking up translation work in Hindi and/or in one or more of the other Indian languages, academic books or periodicals published abroad.
 - (b) if so full details therefo
- (c) when was such a directive issued and why
- (d) whether any such requests were refused from Indian Scholars for taking up any translation work during years 1975 to 1978, and
 - (e) if so full facts and reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER) (a) ho, Sir

(b) to (e) Does not arise

Request of Guiarat for Central Assistance for Roads

3832 SHRI R. K. AMIN Will the Minuster of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Chief Minister of Guiarat has asked the Central Government to sanction Rs 121 68 crores for the completion of 970 Km of roads on 20th May, 1978
 - (b) if so, the cause for delay, and
- (c) reaction of the Government regarding the short fall in road target m Gujarat State?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARYALA) (a) A letter dated 29th May 1978 was recei e4 from the Chief Minister of Guiarat re questing for an additional release of Central assistance of Rs. 121 68 and as to meet the expenditure incurred on road construction in the Mahi Kadanii CAD Project in Gujarat

- (b) This was a special request and examination takes time. A reply has been sent to the Chief Minister of Guiarat on 12th December 1978
- (c) The State Government is being impressed upon to push through the roads programme from the State Plan resources

Request for Assistante DDA sod Damage repairs in em a

3833 SHRI SKARIAH THOMAS SHRI N SREEKANTAN NAIR |

SHRIG M BANATWALLA

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether the Central Government have received any proposal from the Government of Kerala seeking a special grant cum loan assistance of

1.

Rs. 300 lakhs for flood damage repairs in the State:

- (b) if so, the main features of the proposal; and
- (c) decision taken by the Central

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) to (c) The Government of Kerala asked for Central assistance for providing relief to the population affected by floods and repairs to roads, bridges etc. damaged by the floods in that State

A Central Team visited the State from 14th November, 1978 to 17th November, 1978 on the recommendations of the Central Team and the High Level Committee on Relief, an advance Plan Assistance of Rs. 11 crores has been allocated to the State

for the following items:-

												-		
1	. Restoration				e-floo	d con	ditio	n;					(Rs. cro	res)
	(a) Stat	e Hig	hways	•			•	•			-	•	a.go Ĵ	
	(b) Vill	age ro	ads	•						-			1.00	4, 10
	(c) Nati	onal F he St	lighwa ite Gar	ys/ro vt. at	ads w	hich p	ass i	ırban : ase.	reas a			ncd	a·50	4.10
2	Repair/res	torati	on of	Minor	Treia	ntion	stra	chires	and F)rains	ar w	orte		
-	damaged o						•						5.00	
3.	Constructi	on of	Anti-se	ea erc	sion v	vorks	(Sta	te's sh	are)				D*67	
4	Subsidiy t sceds, seed SFDA in t	lings,	fertilis	ers ar	id per	ticide	s) 00	the s	ame pa				0.66	
5.	Subsidy to of fishing a			r repi	acema	nt of	lost	equips •	nent a	ad re	sump	ion.	0-07	
6.	Assistance floods	for	repair	/reco	nstruc •	tion	of io	house	s/huts •	alle	cted	by	3.00	
7.	Cost of me prevent Gi	dicine iolera,	sjdrug Typh	s to b	e sup tc.	plied •	in t	he floo	d aff	cted	arcas	to .	0.20	
										Тот	AL.		11.00	

In addition 12,500 tonnes each of rice and wheat has been released for distribution as gratuitous relief.

पेश जल कोजना

3834 की बी॰ औ॰ हाँठेः क्या निर्मान और प्रावास तथा पूर्ति और पुनर्यास मंत्री यह दक्षाने की हुपा करेंगे कि:

- (क) देन के नभी गांधों में पेय बच योजना को सफन बनाने के लिए सरकार का विचार क्यां कबम उठान का है;
- (ख) देश के पर्वतीय सेवों के गार्थों में इस योजना को कैसे मफ्त बनाया जायेगा; बीर

िमां श्रीर प्राथम कर्या दृशि चीर पुरार्चा कंडी । (भी विकारत करा) : (क) वे (ग), मानेन नहाड के पेस जब की क्यान्स्या करता करा करता कर प्रत्य करता करता करता करता राज्य करता है। या क्यान्स्य करता करता की क्यान्स्य है। या क्यान्स्य कार्मा (तिकार्म की क्यान्स्य की कार्म भी शामिल है) की पंत कला की क्यान्स्य कार्म की शामिल है। की पंत कला केरान्स्य की कार्म की शामिल है। की पंत कला करता है। 1971-72 के सहस्य कार्म की की क्यान्स्य करता की की करता के क्यान्स्य कार्म की कार्म की क्यान्स्य की कार्म करता की क्यान्स्य की की करता है। 1971-73 के परका करता के किया की क्यान्स्य करता की देश करता के किया की क्यान्स्य केरी है। QQ

Sale of Bungalow to a Foreigner

38... SHRI DINEN BHATTACHAR YA W II the Mim ster of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the plot aid burgalow No 4 Aurongazeh Road belonging to the Steel Minister Shri Biju Patiaik has been so dire cently to any foreigner

(b) if so the details thereof

(c) whether he had taken prior permission from the Government to sell he property to a foreigner, and

(d) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS ALL HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDARS granted by Government for the sale of property No 3 (not 4) Aurasqueb Road New Delin belonging to Shri But Pottank Minister of Sked and Mines to the United Emirates Erbas say The proposed transaction was subsequently abandoned.

एशियाई खल-जब से सम्बद्धित बनाक का दौरा करने बाल् प्रशिकारियों के लिए खच् की स्वोइति

3836. भी नवाज तिह चौहान क्या गिक्षा, समाज क्रांग और सस्कृति मत्री यह दनाने ची क्या करमुक्ति

(क) स्था यह सब है कि हान ही न पानिस्तान में घने मय विनेट मैंच के सौधन जिलाकियों के प्रतिस्तित विभिन्न मजानयों के प्रतक व्यक्ति भी बहा स्पे में भीर जनक मजारब हारा उनके निम् क्ष्म भी मनुष्टी ही गई थी

(भ) स्या यह भा सच है कि एतिबाई पान तर क सम्बाध म जिलाहियों के मिनित्वत विशिव मबालयों के मनेक मित्रहारी भी बनाक वा रहे हैं तरे कि रिए उनने मबानय ने अब की सन्भूति नो तरे

(ग) इस मम्बच में जिलादिया के चित्रिक्त भय व्यक्तिया और रहियो क्षेत्रटरा के लिए खब को मनुरी देते का स्था भीकिया है और जान्य (घ) विपाडियों क प्रतिस्ति उन प्रधि काव्या ह भवात्रवार मान बया है जिनहें बतान जान क निए मजात्रय ने येच ना प्रजूर्य थी है प्रीर इसके नदा कारण हैं?

(य) में (थ) वशक म तुन बाद माट्सें प्रकार के तुन 150 में मध्या के सार्ट्सा के सार्ट्सा बर, जिसम 180 महिमाश 24 प्रतिसाह और जब यह और भारताय वार्तामक नय के उम्रीयनाति सार्वित हैं के प्रतिस्तित प्रकार नय कर करवारी स्रोतिशिक्ष बहन ने तिस् विश्वन तिन्नतिथित सामित हैं यभी स्थितन विस्ताहै

> मिक्षा समाब बस्याण तथा संस्कृति स्वय्य भवी श्री ध्या सिंह मृत्यात

(11) थी एम॰ धार॰ इच्न मगद् सन्दर तथा कवित कारतीय यस परिपद क सदस्य .

(III) था भरपूर भिह, ग्रिक्षा समान नरपाण तथा सस्हति राज्य मली के निजी नर्वित भीर

(1V) थी ए० एम० तरवार, उर सविव (थल) मिथा तथा मभाज बल्याण भवात्वा।

भारतीय प्रतिनिधि महत्त्व ना खल देखन घोर भारतीय देश ने प्रस्तान के नामार्थ में सन्तार का रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत करते के सिए अजा करा है। आरदीय प्रतिनिधि परन देश पृतृत का राम सन्द देश में आर्थ प्रतिनिधि परन देश में प्राप्त निक्सी सम्बद्धित समस्याया पर विचार विगय ने निए औ उद्याहमा हो

Chemical for Washing of Temples and Ponds at Khajinaho

38,7 SHRI NIRMAL CHANDRA
JAIN Will the Minister of EDUCA
TIOV SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL
TURE be pleased to state

(a) whether it has been brought to the notice of the Government that the chemical used for washing the tem ples and pends at Kinguraho is doing much berm in as much as the splin kers have come out of the same in about 6 months time or so, and

(b) if so, the recession of the Government to the same?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) and (b). This matter was mentioned in the Lok Satha on 22rd November, 1973 in a discussion under Rule 277, Elevirles made subsequently reveal that no aqueous material is used at preservative for the stone surface of the temples at Khajuraho. The preservative which is used is not causing any damage to stone surface.

रातस्थान में प्रधीन दर्तम मिस्ति विद्यी क्व वरिस्था

3838, श्री मीठालाल पटेल: क्या विश्वा समाज करवाण श्रीर संस्कृति मंत्री यह बताने श्री क्रमा करेंगे कि:

- (क) स्था राजस्थान में धनेक स्थानी पर और प्राचीन देतीन भित्ति चित्र पाए गएही, यदि हां, तो चन स्थानों के नाम क्या है और उत्सम्बन्धी जय्य वया हैं :
- (थ) क्या सरकार उनके संरक्षण और परि-रक्षण के तिए कोई योजना बनाने पर विचार कर की है :
- (ग) यदि हो. को क्लम्बंधी व्योस बना है 5
 - (थ) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

रिक्स, समान बस्याण और संस्कृति मंत्री (ज्ञा॰ प्रताम चन्द्र चन्द्र) : (क) में (व). जैमा कि ममाचार पेक्षों में बताना बना है, राज्य पुरातत्व एवं संबंहालय विजीय, राजस्थान द्वारा हास ही में किए एए सर्वेक्षण के परिपानस्वरूप राजस्यान में हुए मिसि निव प्राप्त ३ए हैं। भारतीय पुराउत्व संबंधन हारा दन निक्ति दिखों की नाम की जा रही है और इनमें से जो मिल चित्र राष्ट्रीय महत्व के पाए आते हैं जनको प्राचीन संस्थादक ग्रीर प्रान्तवीय संबंदी तथा प्रवर्शेष विजियम, 1958 के सधीन संशीत किया जाएगा ।

Import of Agricultural Commodities

3339, SHRI P. RAJAGOPAL NAIDU: Will the "Jinister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state-

- (a) the names of agricultural commodities that are being imported this vear: and
 - (b) the quantities imported?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) and (b). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the Sanha.

पंजाब, हरियाणा और राजस्यान के बीच सिवाई परियोजनायों के बारे में अन्तः राज्यीय विवाद

384!. धो अगदीत प्रमाद **माय्र**ः स्वा कवि योर तिचाई मंत्री यह बताने की पुणा फरेंचे कि पंताब, हरियाणा और राजस्थान के बीच कड कथि परियोजनायों को ले कर चल रहे ग्रन्तः राज्यीय विवाद को हम करने में गरकार के क्या प्रशाव हैं ?

कृषि और सिवाई मेंबो (श्री मुख्यीत सिंह यरनाला) : प्रग्न में यह स्पष्ट नहीं किया गया है कि किन विभिन्द मियाई परियोजनाओं के बारे में मूचना चाहिए। चंकि सिचाई एक राज्य विषय है इमेनिए विचाई परिवोजनायों से संबंधित सन्तराज्यीय विचारी को मुलजाने में देन्द्र के प्रयत्नों का उद्देश्य मृततः संबंधित राज्यों को परतपर-सम्मत हन पर पहुँचने में सहायता देशा होता है।

Implementation of Central Schemes in Rajasthan

- 3842. SHRI BHANU KUMAR SHAS-TRI: Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) how many Central sponsered schemes, administered by Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation are being implemented in Rajasthan and outlay on the scheme for the year 1978-79:

I 0.1

103

- (b) whether sanctions for allocations for the year 1978-79 have been issued for all these schemes,
- (c) whether amount under these schemes has been transferred to the Government of Rajasthan, and
- (d) whether list of schemes for which sanctions have not been issued or amount has not been transferred will be placed on the table of the House?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) to (d) Necessary information is being collected and will be lad on the Table of the Sacha

Government Accommodation to Class I Artists

- 3843 SHRI B F MANDAL Will the M mis er of WORKS AND HOUSING AVD SUPPLY AND REHABILITA TION be pleased to state
- (a) whether artists have been allotted Government quarters in Delhi, if so their names.
 - (b) whether some class I officers who are also class I artists have been discriminated in the matter of allotment and
- (c) whether Government intend to review all such allotments and remove the grievances?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKT) (a) Yes, Sir The following persons connected with Fine Aris have been allotted general pool accommodation -

- 1 Shri Raja Reddy
- 2 Dr B V Karnath
- 3 Smt Swappa Sundarı
- 4 Smt, Sheila Bhatla
- 5 Shri Birju Maharaj

- 6 Kumarı Yamini Krishnamurthy
- 7 Miss Elizabeth Burnaner
- 8 Smt. Rita Kothari
- 9 Ustad Vilayat Khan
- 10 Smt Maya Rao
- 11 Smt Jalahais Vaidva
- 12 Smt Sidheshwari Devi since expired).
 - 13 Shri D D Devalikar Isince exnired)
- (b) and (c) All the above cases were reviewed and it was decided that no further allotments should be made to such category of persons There was one request from a Class I officer for od hoe allotment on grounds of being an artist this request pected in view of the above decis on However this particular officer was offered a type IV quater from the Ladies pool waich she declined

Drinking Water facilities in Himachal Pradesh

- 3811 SHRI DURGA CHAND WILL the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI TATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether it is a fact that Himachal Pradesh Government have sent any proposal to the Central Government for drinking water project in that State during the Sixth Plan.
- (b) if so, what are the details thereof.
- (c) what allocation has been made during the plan year-wise for Himachal Pradesh for the purpose, and
- (d) what is the number of villages in Himachal Pradesh which are having drinking water facilities at present and proposed to be provided drinking water facilities during the Sixth Plan year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Not yet Sir.

(b' and (c). Do not arise.

IOS

(d) The Sixth Five Year Plan has not been finalised yet. Villages having drinking water facilities in Himachat Pradesh are reported to be 3764 as on 1st April, 1978.

श्रावातित पश्यों की मसव्

3845. भी सातजी माई: स्मा क्वांप घोर सिवाई मेंबी यह बताने को क्या करेंगे कि:

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के रीचन मुख्यी हुई ननतों के देश-बार आयातित पनुष्ठों की चिनन्न नर्सों के नाम क्या हैं; बीर

(ख) उन पर किननी विदेशों मुद्रा खर्च की गर्डे ?

हृषि प्रीर सिंबाई मेंबी (थो नुस्तात सिंह बरमाला) : (क) तथा () : उन्दर्श्वित संगठनों ने अपेनित बानकार्य एक्ट्र की था रही है और प्राप्त होने पर सभा पटन पर रव दी कारोगी।

Monument of the Grave of Late President Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed

3846. SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA:

GUPTA: SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH

MALIK: SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA: SHRI PIUS TIRKEY:

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have since taken any decision to construct a monument on the grave of the late President Shri Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and (c) whether Government have sanctioned any fund for the purpose?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a): The Government has decided to undertake a construction over the grave of the late President Shri Zakhruddin All Abmed

- (b): The construction will comprise of the grave of late President Fakhrud din Ali Ahmed in the Centre, surrounded by marble arches and Jallies.
- (c): An amount of Rs. 4.725 lakes including fees payable to the Architect, has been sanctioned.

Registration for Self-financing Scheme by D.D.A.

3847. SHRI KACHARU LAL HEM-RAJ JAIN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REABILITATION he pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government are aware that the Delhi Development Authority has again invited for registration under the Self-financing Scheme:
- (b) whether only affluent people can contribute towards this scheme as it is very costly;
- (c) whether it is also a fact that last time the response from the public towards such a scheme was very poor; and
- (d) if so, the reasons for announcing the scheme again?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) This scheme is open to persons belonging to all income groups and the proposal is to construct 3 categories of flats having plinth area varying between 65 sq. mts. and 111.5 sq. metres.
- (c) No, Sir, 2739 persons had got themselves registered under the First Self Financing Housing Registration Scheme.
 - (d) Does not arise.

TOR

Land shaping operations in Tawa Command Area of Hoshangabad. M.P

3848 SHRI HARI VISHNU KA MATH Will the Minister of AGRICUL THRE AND IRRIGATION be pleased

to state (a) whether land shaping operations have been going in the Tawa Command area of Hoshangabad District.

Madhya Pradesh the total area in acres affected by the operation the cost per acre of land shaping.

- Government has (h) whether received West German and for the prosect at 25 per cent per annum and the total quantum of West German aid
- (c) whether the affected Kisans have been asked to repay the land shaping charges in instalments at an inordinately high rate of interest if so the number of instalments and the rate of interest the reasons for the usuriously exces ive rate
- (d) whether Government propose to reduce or advise the Madhya Pradesh Government to reduce the land shaping charges and not to levy any interest thereon in view of the agriculture griented policy of Government and
 - (e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes Sur The total area covered under land shaoing is about 17500 acres upto September 1978 The information regarding cost of land shaning to being collected from the State Government.

- (b) The Government has received West German and at an interest of 2 per cent per annum on the loan portion The aid consists of a grant of DM 17 million (about Rs 625 crores) and a loan of DM 45 million (about Rs 1665 crores)
- (c) Information has been called for from the Government of Madhya Pra-

desh and will be placed on the Table of the House on receipt

- (d) The Central Government is pro viding subsidy to small and marginal farmers to the extent of 25 per cent and 335 per cent respectively of the cost of land shaping in order to reduce the burden on these farmers.
- (e) Does not arise in view of (d) ahnse

तन्त्रे की पिलाई न करने वाले कारधानों को सरकार द्वारा नोटिस

3849 श्री यता मस्त सिंह क्या कृषि भौर सिवाई मठी यह बताने भी हुपा करेंगे कि

- (क) स्थासरवार का प्यान 22 नवस्वर 1978 क इत्तानिक टाइग्म में प्रवाणित इस समाचार की घोर गया है कि विभिन्न राज्यों में 188 चीनों मिती ने 15-11-78 तद गरे की पिराई धारम्म नहीं की थी धीर सरकार ने उहें नाम्ण बतायों नीटिम जारी
- (ब) यदि हां तो उनके भाग क्या हैं और प्रत्यक राज्य में उननी सच्या निननी है और गरनार में दिल डारा गये वो विराई प्रारम्भ करने के लिए क्या शारीय निर्धारित मी है और
- (ग) बराहर जारा इन मिलों के बारे में कब सन क्रक्तिम विषय विदा जायगा भीर त संस्वधी स्पीत क्या है ?

कृषि भ्रोर सिवाई मतालय में राज्य मती (थी भाग प्रताप पिह (क) जी हो।

(च) ग्रीर (ग) चीनी उपश्रम (प्रबंध ग्रहण) धप्यारेश 1978 के खप्त 3 के अधीन 154 चौनी फैस्टियों को नोटिम जारी किए गए थे क्योंकि वे 15 नवम्बर 1978 तक चीनी का उत्पादन हार्य श्रद्ध करने में बरफल रही थीं। इनमें कुछ थे उपत्रम भी शाबिल हैं जिन्होंने 10 प्रतिसत से प्रधिक गम्रे क बंगायों ना सगतान नहीं किया था। हानाहि फॅक्ट्रियों ने 15 नवस्वर सक उत्पादन मूरू नहीं किया या जिल्ला इनमें से पुष्टक ने उसके बाद प्रजित समय में ही उत्पादन सरू कर दिया था। एक विवरण जिसमें उन चीनी फीट्रियों के नाम दिए गए हैं निन्हें नोटिस जारी किए गए थे और व तारी में भी दो गई हैं जिनमें इनमें से कुछक फैक्ट्रियों ने उत्पादन बाब मुरू किया था। विवरण सभायटल पर रजा गया। क्रियानय में रखायबा। देखिए सध्या एल-टी-30-90/ 78]। शप मामतो में रूपि जड़वाय परिस्पिटियों अतीन में उत्पादन शुरू करने का मामान्य ममय आवद/रिवस्टई व ने भी माधा आदि का परिट में रखते हुए उत्तरों की बाच की ला पड़ी है।

Construction of Trunk Sewer in Pitampura Residential Colony of D.D.A.

3850, SHRI SHIV SAMPATI RAM:
Will the Minister of WORKS AND
HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state
the original estimates of expenditure
on the construction of trunk sewer line
in Pitampura Residential Scheme of
D.D.A.?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SKANDAR BAKITI). The Honourable Member is, perhaps, referring to the peripheral sewerage system which is being provided by the D.D.A. for this colony. The original estimate of expenditure on the construction of main sewer line (Peripheral) was as follows:—

Welfare of Rural Children

3852. SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA MURTY: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL-TURE be pleased to state:

- (a) in what way the Indian Council for Child Welfare is making efforts to look after the welfare of the children of rural India; and
- (b) what is the existing ratio between the children of urban India and the children of rural India to-day?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHIGHAFT), and THE MATH REMUKE DEVI BARKAKTAKI); (a) The Indian Council for Child Welfare, has been through its network of 2 % State Councils, implementing Child Welfare programmes throughout the country. The Council has the following activity.

ties in which the focus is on the rural child;

- (i) The Council has 27 Balsevika Training Institutes in 18 States where multipurpose Child Welfare workers are trained to work in Balwadis, In these institutions, preference is given to trainess from rural areas.
- (ii) The Council presently runs 803 Balwadis in 17 States benefiting 35,858 children out of which 25,572 are rural children and over 1351 are tribal children.
- (iii) The Council has selected 4 villages in every State where, from 1979, the Council proposes to bring about alround development in the villages with the "Child" as the main focus?
- (b): The ratio of rural to urban children (6-14 year age group), as per population projection for 1976, is 4.16:1.

Adult Education Programme by Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board

- 3853. SHRI RASHEED MASOOD: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state;
- (a) whether the Traqqi-e-Urdu Board, Government of India have been assigned any role in the implementation of the Adult Education Programme in Urdu?
- (b) if so, what are the details thereof: and
- (c) whether the Traqqi-e-Urdu-Board have done anything to perform its role, if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEV! BARKKATA. Kl): (a) to (c). The Bureau for Promotion of Urdu has taken up the preparation of the teaching material for

TTT

Adult Education The Bureau has ready prepared 9 manuscripts om pris ng 2 Readers and 7 Supplementary Readers

उत्तर प्रदेण ही सिंचाई योजनाओं का धनुमीदन

3854 थी राजेद्र कुमार सर्मा रय कवि धौर मिबाई महायह बतान नो हुपा नरेग वि

(क) बबा छड़ी योजना म मस्मिन्ति उत्तर प्रदेश की दुष्ट निवाई योजनाध्यों ने बारे म नरनार ने निश्रय नर दिया है

- (ख) यिंट्राता तलम्बधाव्योगस्याहै कोट
 - (ग) यत्ना सा उसके क्या कारण ० ^१

हपि पीर सिचाई नहीं (भी सुरबात विह् यराता) (र) स (ग) उत्तर प्रत्य व छटों प्रतान कश्वतालपु जिल्ला मिलाई स्त्रीय का सामिल है राज क प्रतिप्रतियो क बाय वृधि भीर सिचाई सतालय भीर दाजना साधाल न स्वत्य बहीन विचार सिचाई पिता प्रताना साधाल न स्वत्य बहीन विचार सिचाई पिता प्रताना साधाल न स्वत्य बहीन विचार

विहार की सिचाई योजनाओं का धनुमीदन

3855 और एच० पच० पी० मिन्हा स्वा कृषि और सिंचाई मंत्री यह बतान की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) नया बिहार कंगना जित्र म पुत-पुत हा एक ऐसा नवी है जिसम पूरे यथ पानी बहुता है

- (ध) क्या विहार भरतार न 1968-70 में एक वरी निचाई पावना क्षाद्र क धनगारनाथ प्रस्तुत काथी जा प्रवास भाषानिर्मात रहा है और
- (म) क्या दक्षिण विहार नी जूपक भूति को पानी सप्याद वरने के लिए सरहार का उपपूक्त योजना को स्वीहति रत का विवार है, यरि नहां तो उसके क्या कारण है ?

कृषि भीर सिंचाई सती (श्री मुरजीत हिंह बरमाला) (क) बिहार के स्था त्रिले में से होकर बहुने वानी सभी नरिया वर्षा-पोषित हैं।

- (व) 1969-70 करीयन बिहार मरनार छे कोई बहुद मिनाई परियोजना मान्त नहां हुई थी।
 - (य) यह सवात पैदानहीं होता !

उन्हें ग्रीर कारुरापार सिवाई योजना के निए विश्व यक सहायता

Written Answers

3856 श्री छनुमाई पीनत ज्या दृषि भीर सिमाई भन्नी यह बदान की तृपा करण कि

- (ह) क्या यह सब है कि गुजरात में उन्हें पीर काकरागर सिवाई परियाजना के जिस्सा के रिए बिग्द के से महासदा प्राप्त होने का संभावना है स्रोर
- (स) इस बार यं प्राप्त होन वानी धनगति ना मत्र बार क्योग नगहै ?

हाँच थीर हिन्मी सबी (थी मुख्या निष् ब्रह्मा) (१) और (१) उन न नरपार निर्माद स्त्रीम है प्राधीनी क्या का उपमारितीका ब्रह्मा क्योगित निर्माद प्रीयाका मा गुरू गा है ब्रह्मा दिन्मा के निष् विचार कर रहा है। इस ब्रह्मा दिन्मा के निष् विचार कर रहा है। इस न्याहिट प्रीयास्त्राक होए प्राथा का बार कामाव्य च्या नहानता की मात्रा और स्थारा सकत सप्यान न नहानता की मात्रा और स्थारा सकत सप्यान

Sugarcane Research Centre in Bihar

385" SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VERMA Will the Minister of AGRI CULTURE AND IRRIGATION 6" pleased to state

- (a) whether the Sugarcane Research Sub-Centre of Bihar run by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research has been closed down and
- (b) if so the steps being taken by Government to run it on a p anned and smooth manner?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURY AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes Sir

(b) A testing centre of the Sugar cane Breeding Institute located at Mot han was closed about two years ago since a Technical Committee s.r up by the Indian Council of Agricul tural Research had recommended that the purpose of this centre would be better served by strengthening the familities at the Surgaracae Research Institute Pusa as well as at the Zonal Centre Motilhari and by establishing good working linkages with the Sugaracane Breeding Institute Commissions.

The Indian Council of Agricultural Research had accordingly sanctioned a sum of Rs. 8.32 lakhs to the Rejendra Agricultural University, Pusa for strengthening the facilities at Pusa for Sugarcane Breeding.

Students sent abroad by Education Ministry

3858. SHRI SHANKER SINHJI VA-GHELA: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL-TURE be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of students sent abroad under various schemes of the Ministry of Education in various fields during 1977-78 and whether the details of such schemes will be placed on the Table of the House;
- (b) how many of these students have come back to India after completing their studies and how many settled there;
- (c) whether Government takes some undertaking from them that they would come back to India after completing their studies; and
- (d) the action taken for violating the agreement?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKATAKI) (a) 290 students were sent abroad in various fields under the various Scho-Jarshins scheme of the Ministry of Education. The details of Scholarships Scheme vary from Country to Country and Scheme to Scheme. When the offers are received from the foreign Governments and agencies these are given wide publicity in the newspapers, Employment News and Rozgar Samachar.

(b) 71 students have come back to India after completion of their studies The rest are still studying.

- (c) Yes. Sir.
- (d) There has not been any violation of agreement.

Sub-merge of Sitancha Taluka due to Construction of Inchampalli Project

3859. SHRI SANTOSHRAO GODE. Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state.

- (a) whether Government are aware that with the construction of Inchampalli project on Godawari river in Andhra Pradesh, entire Sirancha Taluka of Chandrapur district of Maharashtra State will be submerged; and
- (b) if so, what are the plans to rehabilitate the project sufferers of Sirancha Tehsil?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUR-JIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) The Inchampalli Project Report has not as yet been received in the Central Water Commission. The Government Maharashtra has, however, informed that this project is contemplated as a joint project of the States of Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh. The project envisages location of dam within the territory of Madbya Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh but the submergence extends in all the three States. It has further been intimated by the Government of Maharashti a that, not the entire Sironcha Taluka, but some areas and villages including parts of Sironcha town in Sironcha Taluka of Chandrapur district of the State may be submerged by this joint project.

(b) The Government of Maharashtra have reported that 'detailed plans for rebabilitation will be discussed and sattled amongst the concerned States of Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh, after a joint project report is prepared and submitted to the Centre for clearance.

1:6

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1979 में दिल्सी म होत वाले मातर्राद्रीय सम्मेतन क शतितिधर्मों के लिए पतर्रों का निर्मान

3850 और हुबस देव नारायण बाहव क्या निर्माण भीर फ्रांबल तथा पूर्ति और पुतर्यास मना वह बतान की प्रमा करेंग कि

(क) स्था 1979 वें मातर दिहीय वासेवन में भाग नन के तिए धान वाले प्रतितिक्षिण के मावान में तिए पुनविजन स्वान ग्रीर तब पति बनाने वा प्रस्ताब है भीर पदिशा तो उन पर हुन कितना धव विद्या जीवण भीर

(छ) स्पा इस समय उनके रहन के निर्पादन से स सरकारों नदा गैर नरकारी होटना न प्यान्त सावास हैं?

निर्याण और मावास तथा पूर्ति और युनर्वास (क) तया () मत्री (धी सिरन्दर बदत) जनवरी फरवरी 1980 में नई टिल्ली म शन वारे युनाइडो गम्मतन म लगमन 2500 प्रतिनिधियों के भाग पने की सम्भावना है। भनुगान है कि मौबरा हादनी म जनमग 1100 रमरे प्राप्त हो जाएवे मीर शय माग का पूरा करने के लिए मरकार ने 6 21 बराइ १एट को अनुमानित नागत से 800 बोहर कमरी बाला भूसन्त्रित शेन्द्रत ना विर्माण काय भारम्ब किया है। इसर यनावा भारताय पदटत विसान निगम का धवारा (104 कमरे) और मरवर (150 कमरे) हाट १। ने विस्तार परने की छोर ३०० समरे वान होत स्टार हाटर व निर्माण की बादना है। इन वादनाधा पर ३ 71 नतेह रूपये या तागत का पनुसाव 8 1

Sugarcane dues in Belgaum Division Karnataka

3861 SHRI A K. KOTRASHETTI Will the Minister of AGRICULTIARE AND TRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that some sugar factories in Belgaum Division in Karnataka are in arrears of more than 10 per cent of the payment of sugarcane price for the previous years and

(b) if so what steps the Government have taken?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGAION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH) (a) No Sir

(b) Does not arise

Establishment of National Museum of Man at Rhopal

3862 DR VASANT KUMAR PAN-DIT Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CUL TURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Department of Archaeology has suggested the estab lishment of the National Museum of Man at Bhopal and
- (b) if so at what stage in the proposal when it would be sanctioned for work and at what cost?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION
(DER PRATAP CHANDER)
(A) and (b) The National Museum of
Man has been set up by the Goverment of India and is temperarily locat
de in New Delhi II has now been de
cided to locate this Museum pering
mently at Blopal. The Government of
Madhya Pradesh has agreed to give
100 acre of I and for locating it sear
Bala Tai Bhopal. The cost of construction has not yet been worked out

Consultation with Agricultural Universities and Farmers' Organisation for Fixing Procurement Prices of Paddy and Wheat

3863 SHRI S NANJESHA GOWDA

SHRI KUSUMA KRISHNA

MURTY

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) the procedure adopted for fixing the procurement prices for paddy and wheat.
- (b) while fixing the procurement rates of paddy and wheat whether the Government have consulted Agricultural Universities and if so what has been the recommendation of the various Universities
- (c) has the Government consulted farmers organisations in the country

(d) how the procurement prices of wheat and paddy are remunerative and justification thereof?

THE. MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHAND PRATAP SINGE): (a) The pocurement pices for paddy and wheat are fixed by the Government on the basis of the recommendations of the Agricultural Prices Commission and in consultation with the State Governments

- (b) Government do not consult the Agricultural Universities. But the APC takes into consideration the latest cost estimates compiled by certain Agricultural Universities under the comprehensive scheme for studying the Cost of Cultivation of Principal Crops,
- (c) No, Sir. The A.P.C., however, consults the Panel of Farmers attached to it.
- (d) Walle recommending the prices, the Agricultural Prices Commission takes into account the need to provide incentive to the producers for maximising production, all relevant factors including the available data on cost of production, changes in input prices, changes in prices of competing crops, and the likely impact of the procument price on the general prices etc.

गन्ने की कीमत निर्धारित करने के सम्बन्ध में कृषि मृत्य श्राथोग की तिकारितों

, 3861 थी जनेत्वर मिश्रः स्वाकृषि झौर सिचाई मंत्री यह बनाने की कृषा करेंगे कि:

- (क) थ्या इन वर्ष गत्रे की कीमन निर्धासित कामें समय सन्दार ने कृषि मृत्य सायोग की मिका-विनों पर पिनार दिया है; सौर
 - (ख) यदि नहीं, तो यदे ही कीमत के सम्बन्ध में निर्देश दिया देवाओं में या अर दिया गया ?

Expenditure on Milk Marketing and Animal Development

3865, SHRI K. T. KOSALRAM: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether both in Operation Flood I and II milk development projects the emphasis is more on milk marketing rather than on milk production through increased number of crossbred milch animals; and
- (b) expenditure already incurred and proposed to be incurred under the programme on milk marketing and animal development?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA); (a) Operation Flood I Project envisaged increasing milk processing capacities of the Metropolitan dairies at Bombay. Delhi, Calcutta and Madras from 10lakh its. per day to 27.50 lakh its, per day and also organising rural milk production and procurement through Anand Pattern Dairy Cooperatives in 18 Hinterland Milksheds in ten States, In each Hinterland Milkshed, an action centre was to be created to procure the rurally produced milk, process and market it, on the one hand and to provide inputs for milk production enhancement to the Memberproducers on the other.

Under operation Flood II, Milk Production will be organised in 25 milkshed areas in 155 districts. The principal objective of the programme is to

provide means to the farmer producers to build up and rear a National Milch Herd of some 15 million crossbred cowe and high yielding buffaloes

(b) Under Operation Flood I Pronect, an investment of Rs. 4832 erores of milk marketing and Rs 1386 erores towards programmes for animal development for mcreased milk production was made upto 30th September, 1978 out of the total expenditure of R. 75 09 erores Under Operation Flood II of the total outlay of Rs 4855 crores an investment of Rs 162 9a crores for building up of basic facilities for milk marketing and Rs 167 44 crores for assistance to cluster federations for milk production including animal development programme is expected to be made

Fertiliser Supplied to West Bengal

3866 SHRI SUSHIL KUMAR DHARA Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) the percentage of fertilisar/ chemical given for cultivable land in West Bengal during the year 1977
- (b) whether any part of this fertiliser has been given from gober compost, and
 - (c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURITY SINGH BARNALA) (3) Fertilizer is used generally mentioned in the state of the s

(b) and (c) In addition to the above chemical fertilisers, a total estimated quantity of 70 lakh tonnes of miral compost (produced from cattle dung & unne, farm and household wastes, leaves of trees and shrubs, etc) containing about 1 lakh tomes of nutrients (N. P2O5 and K2O), is also reported to have been utilized in West Bengal during 1977

यमुनापार कत प्राप्टरा, दिल्मी में खाली पढ़े ध्याटों का उपयोग

3867 थी रामकी लाल मुनन वर निर्माण, प्रीर प्रावस तथा पूर्ति प्रीर पुनर्वास मबी यह उत्तरने वी अपर करेंग्र कि

- (ह) बचा सरकार का विचार उमुनापार क्षत्र बाह्यरत, रिल्मी-110053 में बास्ती वाह कैपवारा प्रोर बोतनपुरी व बीच में छाती पढ़ी जमीन पर बनाटर प्रोर बीवधानय प्रारि का निर्माण करने का है,
- (ध) यदि हा दो ६म खाली पटी उमीन पर क्यां निर्माण करन का विचार है,
 - (ग) उसपरऐसानिर्माण क्यकरने का विदार , और
 - (ध) यदि नहां, ता उसके क्या कारण है ?

है ईन्सिंग धौर ध्यवान तथा पूर्ति धौर पुनवांस मत्री (थी विचरर बल) (क) ने (प) है सम्मान पूर्व ने सम्प्रत है को उत्पन्न पूर्व के सम्प्रत काटरा, प्रोप्यालय, मार्टि के निर्माणय केटाव नाक तम्रत प्राप्त के सम्प्रत काटरा, प्रोप्यालय, मार्टि के निर्माणय केटाव नाक तम्रत प्राप्त धौरवादील नहां किया गया है। धात सम्प्रत काट्य मीन अन्तर पुत्र के स्वरापी काट्य है। धात स्वराप काट्य केटाव काट्य

Drinking Water Schemes

3868 SHRI SACHINDRALAL

SINGHA SHRI M A. HANNAN-

ALHAJ. SHRI SAKTI KUMAR

SARKAR SARKAR

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) the details of the Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme of the North Eastern Region States and West Bengal, State-wise during the

- (b) the names of the villages benefited up-to-date in these States, State-wise, district-wise under these programmes and the amount spent:
- (c) the details of the programme undertaken up-to-date for the current financial year with the result achieved in these States, State-wise, district-wise and village-wise; and
- (d) the details of the programme proposed for the Sixth Plan period under this schemes, in the States, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKAN-DAR BAKHT): (a) to (c), The Centraily Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme was started from 1977-78. Information regarding the amount allocated and released during 1977-78 and the current financial year to the North Eastern Region States and West Bengal and the number of villages covered last year under this Programme in those States is given in the attached Statement. District-wise, and village-wise details are not available

(d) The programme for the Sixth Five Year Plan has not been decided yet.

Statement

Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme

ds. 1- 1-11

											ts. in Jakkar		
							19	77-78	r	1978-79			
St. No.							Amount alloca- ted and released for works	Amount utilised as reported	No. of villages conved (as re- ported)	Amount allegated for works	Amount released for works upto 15-12-78		
,	States												
ı	Assant						55.00	49.88	54	150.00	75*60		
2	Manipur						50-00	43.27	3	50.00	25.00		
3	Meghalas	ra					22.20	19.36	Nil	100.00	50.00		
4	Nagaland	١.					75-00	75-92	3	75*00	37-50		
5	Sikkim						34.20	35.97	Nil	35-00	17.50		
6	Tripura			-			76.00	80.37	181	87-00	43.20		
7	West Ben	gal					510.00	510.00	965	200.00	250.00		
	Union T	erritor	ries										
1	Arunacha	l Pra	desli	-			20.00	6-77	Nil	40.00	20.00		
2	Mizoram						15*€0	14.80	NiI	25.00	12-50-		

House Bunding Loan to Delhi Housersity/College Teachers

3369 SHRI N TOMBI SINGH WILL the 'lin for of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) who her the Teachers of Dollhi Units any and its constituent colleg s/affiliated colleges are also cligible for the joan for house construct in which is available to Central Government Employees (70 Youths salary)
- (b) if so, the date wef which the facility has been provided, and
- (c) if not the reasons for this decrimination and the likely date by which this facility would be provided to the teachers?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SCOILA WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDER CHUITER DEF a) to (c) Government have accepted in principle the proposal of the University Grant. Commission for grant of house building loan, to the employees of Central Universities Including teachers Provision of funds for the purpo c will however depend on the await-shifty of recourtes.

Functioning of Nehru Youth Kendra at Aurangahad and Yeotmal

- 3870 DR. BAPU KALDATE WILL
 the Maister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL
 WELFARE AND CULTURE be
 pleased to state
- (a) whether Government have received complaints regarding the functioning of Nehru Yuvak Kendras at Aurangabad and Yeotmal in Marathwada.
- (b) whether it s a fact that one single preson has been managing these Kendras, and
- (c) if so, the reasons for engaging one person for management?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIVATH RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI) (a) Yes, Shr

(b) Yes Sır

(c) Nohru Yunak Kendra at Yeotmai le ame va ant due to the roversion of the Youth Coordinator to his parent department. It was decided to transfer the Youth Coordinator Nehru Yuvak Kendra at Aurangabad to Yeolmal and pending the receipt of panel of names from the State Government for the selection of Youth Coordinator for Nehru Yuvak Kendra. Aurangabad, he was allowed to hold additional charge of Nehru Yuvak Kendra at Aurangabad However on the advise of the State Government necessary orders asking the Youth Coordinator at Aurangabad to handover the charge of the Nehru Yuvak Kendra Aurangabad to the District Sports Officer and to look after the Nehru Yuvak Kendra at Yeotmal only have been issued The District Sports Officer will hold charge of this Kendra till a regular Youth Coordinator is appointed

Rural Feeder Dairy

- 3871 SHRI HARI SHANKAR MAHALE Will the Munister of AGHICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether Government propose to establish rural feeder dances to provide incentive to the eatile keep ers in the countryside and boost employment as also to meet the increased demand for rulk and

(b) if so the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND INTROATION (SHRI SURDIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) and (b) Rural feeder daines will be considered for setting up in areas having availability of marketable surplus milk. They will essentially cater to the local

requirement, supply fluid milk to nearbe city delires and also conserve surplus milk in the form of milk products, like butter, given, milk powder etc. Establishment of such dairies will provide a renumerative market to the turnily produced milk and felch better conomic return to the milk producers rurally produced milk and fetch better economic return to the milk producers as also generate employment potential.

Storage Projects for Rural Areas

3872. SHRI A. R. BADRI NARA-YAN:

SHRI P. M. SAYEED: SHRI R. V. SWAMINATHAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Union Government have decided to set up Rs. 38 crorestorage projects for rural areas in the country.
- (b) if so, the details of the same;and
- (c) where these projects will be set up?
- THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (c). The National Cooperative Development Corporation in the Deutt of Civil Supplies and Cooperation, has been promoting and financing programmes for construction of storage capacities by cooperative societies in rural areas. Financial assistance is also being given by the National Cooperative Development Corporation for capacity to be constructed by village cooperatives in the rural areas. Storage projects for cooperative societies in the three States of U.P., Orissa and Haryana with a total cost of Rs. 549.9 million has been approved by the World Bank, in principle recently, 48 per cent of

the total cost of the storage projects would be financed as loan assistance from the world Bank.

Under the Same Orain Campaign Schemp of the Personant of Food, Simple termine to Food, Simple termine to end the Food Simple termine to the Food Simple termine the Food Simple termine the Food Simple termine and published to the different size Covernments for fabrication and distribution of one I size scientific bins to farmers etc. For this purpose, funds to the extent of R. 237 lakins have been made available to the different State Covernments.

Residential Areas under Water in Delhi during floods

3873. CHAUDHURY BRAHM PRA-KASH; Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the floods this year in Delhi have been unprecedented:
- (b) the names of residential areas which remained under water and the period for which they remained under water;
- (e) the assistance provided by the Government to the people who were at the tops of their houses and could not get food or milk; and
- (d) the amount spent by the Centre as well as the Delhi Administration to give relief to flood affected people and whether the assistance provided was considered adequate?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUBJIT SINCH BARNALA): (a) to (d). The information is being collected and will be placed on the Table of the House.

3074 SHRI GANANATH PRA-DHAN Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government has recei ed any representation for im provement of Roads under Malkan gin Constituency (Orissa) which is under the control of Dandakaranya Development Authority and

(b) if so the action taken on the representation and the action so far taken for improvements of the roads?

THE VILLSTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABULITATION (SHRI SIKAN DAR BAKHT) (a) Ye Sir

to 1 satement is attached showing leps it on in regard to the action of a taken as allo propo ed to be to "in a see a sal open of to be to "in a see a

Statement

(i) Malkangiri-Podia road tia Sika-

This road takes off from Mallangin-Motu road at a distance of 16 KMs from Malkangara The road portion from Ma kangiri to Gorakhpalli is a part of Malkangiri Motu road and is black topped. The road from Sikapa la to Podia (37 kme ir length) has been desc oped by the Dandakaransa Project as a moorum road with pucca cros, dramage. The condition of this rord having deteriorated during rainy season, it i, proposed to repair this ros with a view to opening it to bus traffic by December 1978 In the Works programme drawn up for the next year it is proposed to improve this road by providing metalling.

 Malkangiri-Motu road via Kalimela and Manemkonda

The portions between Malkangiri and Kalimela and between Pushuguda and Motu (total length 65 KMs) form part of the main Malkangiri Motu These portions (via MV 79) road are all-weather roads and 34 kms of which have been black-topped by the Project However, due to heavy traffic of bamboo and timber during monsoons come portion of the metaled road having deteriorated, action is being taken for remetiling and black-topping of the road in phases during the current financial year viz, 1978-79 and during the next financial year 1979 80 as indicated below

03-0701 0,-8,01

(a) Renewal coatrf netaling , 17 kms 6 kms

th Black topping 16 kms 31 kms

The remaining portion of the road between halimed and Pachaguda via Manerikonda (13 KDIs in length) is a kutcha road with no cross draining volk. In the next Five Year Plan (1978—83) of the Dandakaranya Projet it is proposed to improve this road to link road standard.

(111) Podia to Motu viz Gorokhpalli

This road comprises two stretches viz. Podra to Gorakhpalli (19 KMs) and Gorakhpalis to Pushuguda (16 KMs) Beyond Pushuguda the road forms part of the main Malkangiri-Motu road The road crosses the Pot-teru river near Gorakhpalli. Both these stretches are revenue roads and suitable only for fair weather traffic. Since both these roads are almost dead end, with very little through traffic. mainly because of the Pottern river which is now perennial due to the flow of waters from Balimela Hydro-Electric Project there is hardly any traffic on these roads excepting for connecting the local villages. The Project is doing only skeleton maintenance works on these roads. It is proposed to take up improvement to these roads during the current working season

This is a metalled road with purca cross drainage works and is in fairly good condition. It is proposed to remetal and black-top the road during the next financial year 1979-80.

दिल्लो विकास प्राधिकरण द्वारा सेवादिवृक्ष सरकारी कर्मवारियों को किस्तों पर मकान वेनाः जाना

3875 श्री ईस्वर चौधरी: 'श्री जी॰ वार्डे॰ जलान:

न्या निर्माण प्रौर प्रावास तथा पूर्ति होर पुनवां मंत्री यह वतने की कपा करेंगे कि :

(ह) वपा केट सरकार ने ऐभी कोई योजना तैयार की है यपा हिस्सी निकास प्राधिकरण को इस निकास का की सुवान प्राप्त हुए। है दिनके याने केट सरकार के वैनानिनृत होने वाले कमेशारियों को प्राप्त निकास । 10, 12 यभी की नेका तैया है उनकी भागान किस्सी पर मकास प्राथित हिस्स सार्थ है उनकी

(च) यदि हा, तो मर तस्तम्बन्धी व्योग्ध नवा ई ?

निर्माण श्रीर प्रावस्त तथा पूर्ति स्रोर पुनर्वास मंद्रो (श्री सिकल्प वक्त (क्) केन्द्रीय सरकार ने ऐसी कोई दोजना नहीं वनाई है। मगर इस विषय में विस्ती पिकस प्राधिकरण ने कुछ सुसाव प्राप्त किए हैं।

- (प) विवरम निम्न प्रकार है :---
- (i) 1972 की ही तरह केवल सेवा निवृत्त/ निवृत्त होने वाले सरकारी कमेचारियों के लिए पंजीयन पोड़का चाल करता.
- (i) प्रातान किस्तो पर सेवा नियुत्त /निवृत्त होने वाले सरकारी कर्मवारियो को फ्लैटो का आयटन ।
- (::) मूनि के ब्रावंटन हेतु सेवा निवृत्त /निवृत्त होने वाले सरकारी वर्ग ब्रावास समिति लि.०, नई दिल्ली का पंजीयन, तथा
- (iv) सभी सरकारी वर्धवारी जो मेचा निवृत्त हो गए हैं अपना भागामी 3 से 5 वर्ष के चीएन सेचा निवृत्त होने वाले हैं, बिना इस बात के ध्यान में रहे हुए कि उनके नाम पहले ही पश्चीहत हैं या नहीं दिल्ली विकास आधिकरण के नहीं के सायटन के बाब सभी बाए।

Policy of Flood Control as published in Rhagicath

- 3876. SHRI BIRENDRA PRASAD: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to

- (a) what are the main features of National Policy of Flood Control;
- (b) whether the articles regarding the policy of Flood Control as published in the Bhagirath are acceptable;
- '(c) whether there were differences of approach regarding controlling floods by the Centre and some Northern Indian States: and
- (d) what is the role played by Central Water Commission in Water Management—with reference to criticism of Central Water Commission by Haryana, Punjah, Wost Bengal and Delhi for in-affective measures taken by the Centre as per statements published in the Bhagirath Journal; and whether Government of India accepts those allegations, if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA); (a) to (d). In 1954 when the national flood control programme was launched it was decided to undertake the flood control programme in 3 phases-immediate, short-term and long-term. The immediate phase was proposed to be mainly devoted to investigation and collection of data; and the second phase for formulation of flood control measures and construction of embankments, channel improvements, raising of villages and protection of towns. The long-term phase envisaged construction of further 'works including storage reservoirs; etc., so as to stablize the benefits of the works carried out carlier.

Since then, considerable experience has been gained in Planning, implementation, and performance of flood control measures Technology has also advanced not only in India but also in foreign countries Taking this into account the Government of India have constituted the Rashtriva Barh Avoz to review performance of the works carried out so far and to lay down policies for the future programme to be adopted and also to evolve a comprehensive approach to the problem of floods in the country keeping in view the need for optimum and multipurpose utilisation of water resources, as also the role of soil conservation and afforestation in flood control. The Ayoz is expected to give its report by the end of 1979

In the journal referred to, there does not appear to be any difference in the basic approach to the flood control from that indicated above

The Central Water Commission, as constituted, performs an advisory role in the formulation and implementation of water resources management including flood control and provides specialised technical advice on specific requests from the State Governments The Central Water Commission also serves as a consultant to the Planning Commissions in the technical arutiny of water resources and fled control projects submitted by the State Governments for sanction, and ensures that the schemes as formulated, conform to technically acceptable standards and inter-State and international requirements

Assistance by Centre to major cities/ towns for Beautification etc

3877 SHRIMATI PARVATI DEVI Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that Government provide financial assistance to major towns and cities for the improtement of hygiene and beautification.

- (b) the number and names of the cilies that have been so provided with as istance.
 - (c) the criterian therefor,
- (d) whether Government propose to enlarge the number of these cities and raise the amount of financial assistance, and
 - (e) the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND AND SUPPLY AND HOUSING REHABILITATION (SHRI SIKAN-DAR BAKHT) (a) to (c) Urban Development is a State subject. Howtyer, under the scheme for Integrated Urban Development, the Central Government has provided financial assistance for composite Urban Development projects comprising components of land acquisition and development and related urban services like Water Supply Sewerage, Transportation etc Under the scheme the following cities have so far been given assistance --

- 1 Bnopal 2 Indore, 3 Ludhiana, 4 Cochin, 5 Kanpur, 6 Allahabad, 7 Hyderabad, 8. Visakhapatnam, 9 Haldia, 10 Ahmedabad, 11 Bangalore 12 Lucknow, 13 Asansol, 14. Raipur, 15 Juliunder, 16 Baroda, 17 Calcutta, 18 Bombay, 19 Madras, 20 Ujjam, 21 Gwalior, 22, Jabalpur, 23 Korba, 24. Amritsar, 25 Pune, 26 Nagpur, 27 Kolhapur, 23 Sholapur 29 Combatore and 30 Maduras.
- (d) and (e) Government has recently reviewed the guidelines for the Scheme and has decided that all the cities with a nobulation of 50 000 and above will be eligible for assistance un der the scheme, provided viable Integra ted Urban projects ace prepared and there is a well-equipped machinery to implement the project Government has also decided that projects which catered to the needs of the less privileged sections of the urban society should get priority for funding under the cheme

Areas developed for Deep-Sea Fishing 3878. SHRI AHMED M. PATEL:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the area developed for deep sea fishing in Indian ocean;
- (b) whether there is any move to Indianise fishing industry in India; and
 - (c) it so, the broad outlines?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) The entire Economic Zone extending upto 200 nautical miles from the shore is available for exclusive exploration by Indian. Deep sea fishing can also be undertaken in High Seas outside Economic Zone.

(b) No foreign company can conduct fishing in the Indian Economic Zone except under licence or letter of authority from Government of India have allowed some joint ventures and chartering of foreign fisheries vessels by Indian Companies in accordance with the approved policy. Companies falling within the purview of Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, and Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, are allowed to carry on business in accordance with the provisions of above-said Acts.

(c) Does not arise.

Plan from Indian Sugar Mills Association to boost Sugar Industry

3879 SHRI R. V. SWAMI-NATHAN: SHRI P. M. SAYEED; SHRI M. V. CHANDRA-SHEKHAR MURTHY;

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Indian Sugar Mills Association has placed before the

- Union Government 6 point plan to hoost Sugar Industry in the country;
- (b) if so, what are the details of the points; and
- (c) whether Government have examined them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGNOLUTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH): (a) to (e). The Government has received a representation from the Indian Sugar Mills Association mentioning the following six measures which would avert the crisis which, according to them, is affecting the sugar industry:—

- (i) Re-instatement of control of monthly releases of sugar to impart stability to the market;
- (ii) Creation of buffer stock of at least 1 million tonnes by Government:

(iii) Reduction in the rate of excise duty to 11 per cent ad valorem to help stimulate internal consumption of sugar;

- (iv) Appropriate relief to weaker sections of the industry;
- (v) Provision of adequate bank credit through sanctioning clean advances to the sugar units; and
- (vi) withdrawal of restrictions related to Storage and Licensing with respect to the sugar dealers.
- 2. The measures (i)-(ii) relating to monthly releases and buffer stocking were considered by the Government at the time of decontrol of sugar steal and its was felt that in the initial stages of the decontrol it would be divisible to let the market forces to have their natural action in order to achieve a reasonable market price. In the light of the working of decontrol these points, are being continually examined and a fresh declation may be taken, if found necessary. As regards

Rajya Sabha on 6-12-1978 by Shri F M Khan In the reply then given was as follows —

- (a) It is a fact that some of the wheat varieties released about 12 years ago like Kalyan Sona have become susceptible to new races of rust diseases thereby affecting their potential productivity
- (b) To arrest this trend and to ensure the security of the wheat crop several steps have been taken. These include the release of new varieties leading to varietial diversification and development of multi-lines of Kalyan Sona and Sonalika which will help to reduce the build up of new races. In addition, the areas where the rust incoulum gets built up early will be saturated with resistant varieties.

The All India Wheat Workshop held at Hyderabad in August 1978 identified 3 multi hines vunctee, namely MLKS 11 KSML-3 and KML-7466 which resemble Kalyan Sona in morphological and economic characters but pursees a Bigh degree of resistance to different races of rust In addition the Workshop recommended the high-yielding rust resistant varieties. HW-135 and IIP 1930 for the North Existent Plains Zones, HD 1236 and LOk-1 for Central Zone and HW 517 for Perunsular Zone

National Commission to study Plead Control

3884 SHRI AMAR ROYPRADHAN
Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE
AND IRRIGATION be pleased to
state

(a) whether Government have constituted a National Commission to study flood control and

(b) if so, what are the terms of references?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUPLIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) Yes, Sir

- (b) The terms of reference are -
- (1) To review the flood protection measures undertaken since 1954 and to make an evaluation of the benefits and effectiveness of the measures undertaken so far with special reference to embankments in reducing the damage
- (2) To identify the areas where a large number of Zamindari and/or unuathorised embankments, bunds, and spurs etc, exist, to assess the effect of such constructions on the ficod problem, and suggest remedial messures
- (3) To identify the areas where construction of roads, highways, railways etc and other encroachments into drains have aggravated flood problems and to suggest measures for improvements including legislative action, if any
- (4) To analyse the damage caused by floods in recent years and to identify areas requiring immediate flood protection measures
- (5) To evolve a comprehensive approach to the problem of floods in the country keeping in view the need for optimum and multipurpose utilisation of water resources as also the role of soil conservation and afforestation in flood control
- (6) To make an analysis of the cost and benefits of flood protection measures
- (7) To suggest criteria for taking up flood protection measures and means of mobilising resources therefor
- (8) To recommend proper landuse in the flood plains with a view to minimise damage and to ensure overall increase in agricultural production.
- (9) To examine the existing arrangements for maintenance of flood protection works and recommend measures for improving the same

- (11) To examine the present procedure of assessing flood damage and suggest improvements.
- (12) To examine any other matter related to floods and flood control and make suitable recommendations

मध्य प्रदेश में पेपवल को सप्तार्ड

3885 भी सुभाव ब्राह्मा : श्री सुक्षेत्र सिंह :

नया निर्माण भ्रोर ग्राबात तथा पूर्ति और पुनर्यात मंत्री यह वदाने की क्या करेंगे कि :

- (क) स्वा यह सच है कि नध्य प्रदेश का मधिकतर प्राम पहाडी केल है और गर्नियों के दौरान वानी के सची कोत मुख जाते हैं और राज्य में नतकूरों तथा साम्रारण जुमों जैसे चूमिशत संसाधनों से पानी की सप्लाई प्राय: सर्पर्वाच्य रहती है;
- (छ) त्या उक्त क्षेत्रों में प्रामीण जनसंख्या को कि समिकतर पिछड़ी मातियों मीर प्रार्थिक रूप से कमनोर बर्गों को है, देवजन सुविद्यासों से बॉचत रक्षती है; श्रीर
- (ग) क्या केन्द्र सरकार का विचार ब्रामीण सन्तों की पेमजल समस्या को प्राविकता के प्राधार पर हल करने का है ?

निर्माण और यावास तथा पूर्ति और गुनर्वास मंत्री (श्री सिकन्दर वस्त) (क) तथा (छ) जी हां।

(1) राज्य देव योजना के न्यूनतम आवश्यकता प्रारंगभ के शत्यांक प्रस्ताश्रत्त प्रारंग में स्वस्थ प्रेयकत देने की प्रोतना राज्य स्टक्तार्थ (मध्य प्रदेश एडिझ) द्वारत सामू की जा रही है। 1971-72 में प्रमा कागए पए गाम्याय त्या राज्यों में गेलक तीजना की प्रारंगिकता में साधार पर क्रयोज्यण के लिए भारत सरकार 1972-78 से राज्य सरकारों (मध्य प्रदेश सहित) को 100 प्रतिशत सहायता प्रमुवान दे रही है।

Development of Chilka Lake, Orissa

3886, SHRI SIVAJI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has received any proposal from the Government of Orissa for development of Chilka Lake in Orissa;
- (b) if so, nature of those proposals; and
- (c) the steps Government has taken to implement the proposal?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) Yes. Sir.

- (b) The Chilke Lake Brecktishwater Fisheries Development Project and Chilka Lake Inshore and Offshore Marine Fisheries Project involves deciging and cutting a straight cut from sea to the lake at Satpada, development of breckfish water fisheries on the inland side and construction of harbours with landing and berthing scalibles and introduction of medianised fishing boats on the marine side. The total cost of these projects is tentatively estimated as Ro. 28.10 errores.
- (c) Development of fisheries in Chilfa Lake involves cutting open entrance to the Lake from the sea to ensure free migration of fish but this may also affect the echological situation in the Lake by altering the level of sallnity. Divergent opinions were expressed by various agencies on possible alternatives. On the advice of the Planning Commission, a Committee of expects is being constituted to examine the proposals and adviss Covernment on various aspect;

Giving up of Pool System of allotment

3887 SHRI SUKHDEO PRASAD VERMA Will the Munister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are considering to do away with the present pool system for allotment of Government accommodation to the Central Government Employees and to bring at par all Central Government Employees for allotment purpose, and
- (b) if so, what are the facts there of and if not the reasons for the same?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) and (b) The matter regarding feasibility of merger of pools of residential accommodisting administerial by several Government departments; into one common pool is under consideration.

Semmar on Potato

3888 SHRI NARENDRA SINGH Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether an International Seminor on Poiato was held recently at Juliundur, Punjab
- (b) if so, whether the Seminar has suggested for cooperation amongst the Asian countries for increased production of Potato,
- (c) if so detail of the discussion therein, and
- (d) reaction of the Government thereon?
- THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRIT SURJIT SINGH (BARNALA) (a) Yes, Sir An International Seminar

- on Approaches Towards Increasing the Potat_α Production in Developing Countries' was held from 20—23 hovember, 1976 at Central Potato Research Station, Juliundur
- (b) Yes Sir A strong need for greater cooperation among the Asian Countries on Potato Research and Development was emphasised
- (c) The recommendations that emerged from the deliberations of the Seminar, suggesting cooperation among Asian countries are laid on the Table of the House
- (d) Recommendations of the International Seminar on 'Approache, Towards Increasing the Pototo Production in Developing Countries' are under consideration of the Government

The Recommendations that emerged from the deliberations of the Seminar, suggesting cooperation among Asian countries are as under—

- (i) 'Considering the special tech nological, storage and whitzation problems of poltato for the tropics and the sub-tropics, if is recommended that an Asian polta Assocation on the lines of European and American Poltato Associations be formed for promoting Poltato Research and developmental activities in the developing countries'
- (ii) A meaningful cooperation and collaboration among the Asian nations and other developing countries on national and regional basis be encouraged and expanded For this purpose, the exchange of material and technology and the programme for evaluation of varieties suitable for each region, be worked The exchange of material should be so programmed so as to avoid calculated risk of introduction of pests and diseases. At the same time, it should not hampen exchange of germplasm between the deveyloping countries.

- (iii) The technology developed so far. to, increase the production in different nations may be tested for utilisation in various other countries. India and Japan-could take a lead in this matter since they have made sufficient progress in potato research and development,
- (iv) A regular flow of quality seed from the seed producing countries of the developing regions suited to short photoperiods and short-growing seasons in tropics and subtropics may be ensured.

Application from Maharashtra Teachers' Association for Adult . Education - Agency

3889 SHRI BALASAHEB VIKHE PATIL: Will the Minister of EDUCA-TION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE he pleased to state-

- (a) whether Government have received any application from the Maha. rashtra Teachers' Association for the adult education on agency basis; and
- (b) if so, what is the reaction of the Central Government in this hehalf?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEV: BARAKA-TAKI): (a) No, Sír.

(b) Does not arise,

Promotion quota of Graduate Supervisors in Ganga Basin Water

Resources Organisation

3890. SHRI SUKHENDRA SINGH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a), what is the promotion quota of Graduate Supervisors to the past of Assistant Engineers in Ganga Basin Water Resources Organisation (GB-WRO) which has been merged with Central Water Commission;

- (b) whether it is a fact that previously the promotion quota Graduate Supervisors was 66 per cent and for Diploma Supervisors 33 per cent, which has not been scrapped;
- (c) if yes, what was the basis for scrapping this:
- (d) how many graduate Supervisors of GBWRO have so far been promoted as Assistant Engineer; if none, the reasons therefor: and
- (e) what steps are taken to offer early avenues for promotion of Graduate Supervision in GBWRO in view of their higher qualification i.e. Degree?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): With the merger of the posts of Supervisors and other technical posts in the Ganga Basin Water Resources Organisation with the appropriate cadre of the Central Water Commission, there is now no quota fixed for Supervisors holding graduate degrees and those holding diplomas, for purposes of promotion to the next higher posts

- (b) No. Sir. Before the merger of the posts in GBWRO with the cadre of the Central Water Commission, the next higher post of Assistant Engineer in GBWRO was filled 33-1/3 per cent by promotion from the Supervisors' cadre and 66-2/3 per cent by direct recruitment. There were no quotas for graduate and diploma holder Supervisors and graduate Supervi-But the qualifying survice for promotion.was different for diploma holder Supervisors and graduate Supervisors, namely, 7 years for diploma holder Supervisors and 3 years for Graduates.
- (c) The recruitment rules for the post of Extra Assistant Director/ Assistant Engineer in the Central Water Commission will apply to Officers of GBWRO after the merger of the technical cadres. According to these rules, posts of EAD/AE are filled cent per cent by promotion of Officers holding posts of Design Assistant,

Head-Draftsman Supervisor and These rules however do not provide for quotas as between Suprervisors with Graduate degrees and those with diplomas for purpose of promotion to next higher post but these do provide for different qualifying service for promotion in respect of degree holder Supervisors and diptoma holder Supervisors 10 graduate engineers with 3 years' service are eligible for promotion, and diploma holders with 7 years are eligible for promotion to the posts of Extra Assistant Director/ Assistant Engineer

- (d) No graduate Supervisor of Ganga Basin Water Resources Organusation has so far been tramated as Assistant Engineer as none was senior enough to be promoted
- (e) The graduate Superv sors have to put in only three years' qualifying service before they can be considered for promotion as Extra Assistant Director/Assistant Engineer. while the diploma holder, have to put in 7 years' service before they are deesmed eligible for promotion. Thus graduate engineers enjoy shorter westing period for eligibility for promition

LCSSR Research on Scheduled Tribes of Himachal Prade b

3891 SHRI RANJIT SING" Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE he pleas ea to state

- (a) Whether the Indian Council of Sicial Science Research New Delhi ha done anythong by way of research on the Scheduled Tribes of Himachal Pragesh.
- (b) , whether it is a fact that a Research Project was promised in the year 1975 in Himacual Pradesh;

(fe) whether the project referred to 'e was completed by an Hony THE or who was assigned this work, TURE AL V

SURJIT SI. when the required funds Yes, Sir An see sanctioned for the

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER), (a) to (d) The I C S.S.R ordinarily does not do any research on its own The Council, however. gives grants to scholars or institutions for earrying out specific research prosects

In 1973-74, a research project on "Social and Connected Aspects of the Life of Scheduled Tribes of Himachal Pradesh" was sanctioned by the ICSSR to Shri Thakur Sen Negi of Parvatiya Adamjati Sawak Sangh, Himachal Pradesh The study was to he done in three phases and a grant of Rs 14,000 was sanctioned for the first phase The grant for the second phase was to be sanctioned only on satisfactory completion of the first nhase

The report of the first phase was received in October, 1974 and was published by Shri Negi himself in 1976 under the title "Scheduled Tribes of Himachal Pradesh-A Profile" ICSSR decided not to give support for the second phose

News Item entitled Calcutta Library Victim of Central Bureaucracy

3892 SHRI C K. CHANDRAPPAN Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item appearing in "Hindustan Times" dated 6th November, 1978 captioning "Calcutta Library Victim of Central Bureaucracy"; and
- (b) if so the details and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHAU-DER) (a) Yes, Sir

(b) The newly created Bureau of Literature and Libraries is purely an internal administrative arrangement in this Ministry for looking after the work of Libraries. The Libraries themselves make their own purchase of books and the Bureau is not involved in this process.

Higher Licence Fee charged from the Non-P. & T. Employees form Type II Quarters in Sarojini Nagar, New Delhi

3893. SHRI C. N. VISVANATHAN: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether higher rate of licence fee is heing charged by the Directorate of Estate in respect of Type-II Quartlers at Sarojini Nagar. New Delhi, allocated to mon-P & T employers in exchange of quarter; with Posts & Telegraphs Pool as compared to the quarters of the same type in the same locality allotted to the P & T employees by the Indian Posts & Telegraphs Dopartment; and
- (b) if so, what are the reasons for this anomaly and what action Government propose to take to remove it?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHAI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) and (b). For quarters in Sarojini Nagar, which were in the P. & T. pool, were recently transferred to the Directorate of Estates. Licence fee for these quarters is leing recovered at present at a provisonal rate pending determination of the correct rate; necessary adjustment will be made thereafter.

Output of Potato and Onion

3894. SHRI D. D. DESAI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is scheme to increase domestic output of postores and onloss of make use of the expanding apportunity for their expart; and (b) if so, details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) (i) POTATO: There is no Centrally Sponsored Scheme for increasing the domestic output of polato However, the motivational campaigns for increasing potato production are launched by the Department of Agriculture and as a result, the country is now witnessing a revolution in production of potato which is evident from the urea and production toble given be-

Year		Area (lakh ectare)	Produc- tion (lakh tonnes)	
1973-74			5·43	48.6
1974-75			5.87	62.25
1975-76			6-22	73*06
1976-77			6-19	71.70
1977-78			6.64	81-53

(ii) ONION: No, Str. There is no Centrally Sponnered Scheme for increasing the domestic output of Onion. In some of the Onion growing States Department of Agriculture/ Horticulture, however, distribute good quality seed and advise the farmers on the cultivation techniques of the crop through their normal extension seencies.

- (b) (i) POTATO; Question does not arise,
- (ii) ONION: Question does not arise.

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News Item Entitled "Ghann Envoy Demand Withdrawal of Text Books

1805; SHRI SAUGATA ROY SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA

Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE he pleased to state

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to a report in Times of India, dated 26th November, 1972 status Ghana envoy demands withdrawal of text book' and

(b) if so his reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE OR PRATAP CHAMDRA CHAUN DER) (a) Yes Sir

(b) According to the information furnished by the University of Delhi the book referred to in the news item has not been presembed by any of the Board of Studies in the University The question of its withdrawal does not therefore arise. The authors of the book have also expressed their regrets to the Chaimian African Students Association

Proposal for Barrage across Godavan River at Potaganam

3896 SHRIK SURYANARAYANA SHRI'G MALLIKARJUNA RAO

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether Government of Andhra Prodesh has proposed to construct an ancient barrage across Godavari River at Polssaram in West Godavari and referred the same to the Government of India for their approval and

(b) if so the action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL... TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) The report of Polavaram Project has not as yet been received in the Central Water Commission The Government of Andhra Pradesh have however, intimates that the report is being sent hy them

(b) Dore not arise

Development of Physical Education and Sports

3897 SHRI F P GAEKWAD WIII the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that : the Government are actively pursuing the idea of formulating a comprehensive National Policy for development of physical education and sport.

(b) whether it is a fact that a Sib-Committee has been appointed to look into the matter.

(c) whether the Sup-Committee has submitted its report and if so whether decision has been taken by Government on it and

(d) if not reasons for the delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKA-TAKI) (a) and (b) The question of formulation of National Sports Policy has been referred to the All India Council of Sports for advice and the Council has set up a sub committee for the purpose

(c) and (d) The sub committee of the AICS has already issued a questionmaire on the subject and has held 6 sittings to consider the malter. The sub commuttee is expected to submit its report to the AICS shortly Goyernment decision on Sports Policy will be taken after the recommendations of the AICS are available

र्पंचनव वांघ

· 3898.-श्री -शम बरण : त्या कृषि -श्रीर सिचाई मंत्री महत्वताने की · कृपा करेंने कि :

- (क) यया जनपद जालीन और इटावा के बीच यमुना नदी पर पंचनद बांध बनाने को कोई योजना है, और
- '(ब) 'इस' कार्य में तेजी ताले के लिए केन्टीय सरकार द्वारा भ्या कार्यवाही की जा रही है ?
- हिष और सिवार्ड मंत्री (श्री सुराती हिंदू बरताता): (क) उत्तर श्रेट्री सरकार ने सूनित किया है कि प्रारंपिक मुलाबेक प्रध्यक्ष के मृत्यार कालीत और इद्रावा जिला की सीमा के निकट पंपपद में बच्चत, कुँतारी, तिया और पड़त के साथ बम्ता नदी के संगत के प्रपृथ्यहाँ में एक दोष बनता ब्याद्तार है। एपियोजना के लिए व्यापक सम्भागन और अन्तेष्ण किया जा रहे हैं।
- (छ) तिचाई राज्य-विषय है और निचाई परियोजनायों के आयोजन, धन्येषण, उन्हें तैपार करणे और बनाने का काम और वित्त पांचण राज्यों हारा सर्च निज्ञा जाता है। उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार इस्स प्राप्त कर परियोजना असाओं को अनिवस कर दिया जाना है और इन प्रस्तानों को जांच के जिल्ल केन्द्रीय जब क्षायों पूर्व पेका जाना है।

दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय में हडताल

- 3899 श्री 'सरव पादव : मेथा जिला, समाज कल्याण ग्रीर संस्कृति मंत्री वह वताने की छूपा करेंगे कि :
- (क) क्या दिल्ली किरविव्यालय और इससे सम्बद्ध सूव कालेजों में प्रवेक दिनों से दो पटे सुबह पौर वो घंटे तायं हड़ताल रहती है जिसके परिचामस्वरूप विद्यार्थियों के प्रध्ययन पर प्रभाव पहुता है;
 - (ख) यदि हाँ, तो उसके क्या कारण है और कर्मचारियों की मुख्य मागें क्या है;-और
 - (ग) सरकार उनकी मांगों को कब तक पूरा करेगी ?

सिया, समास कल्याम 'और संस्कृति संगे (या-त्राम चन्न यान्न): (क) और (य) - विन्मविद्यापन के साम 9 दितानर, 1977 को दूस समाजीत के त्या-कंपित पूरा न करते के दिनोग स्वरूप-विन्मविद्यान्य मीर कर्मायी मीनित्म डांटा पहुन किए गढ़ा मानीतन के परिणामस्वरूप कर्मचारियों ने 13 तितम्बर, 1978 में तो पेट मिर कर्म की स्वरूप, 1978 में तो पेट के सिंग्स क्षार्ट में मानीस्ता द्वारा बुक् कर दिया था । इसे ७ नवस्यर, 1978 से 2 पंटे शतः और 2 पंटे दोवहर बाद कार्य से प्रमुपस्थित रह फर और अधिक वहा दिया गया ।

- ्यूनियन के 15 नवंबर, 1978 के पत्र-की प्रति-तिपि जिसमें यूनियन की मार्गे दी गई है, सभा पटल पर रख दी नवी है। [प्रयालय में रखा गया । देखिये संज्या[/T-3091/78]
- (ग) इस मामले में निजंद लेना दिल्ली निश्व-विद्यालय की जिम्मेदारों है।

Non-Lifting of Paddy and Wheat at Moga; Punjab

3900. PANDIT D. N. TIWARY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that large quantity of paddy and wheat lying unsold in Moga, Punjab and the Food Corporation of India are not arranging the lift them; and
- (b) if so, the reasons for apathy of the Food Corporation of India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE
-MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND
MERIGATION (SHRI-BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH); (a) 'No, Sir,

(b) Question does not arise. Necessary arrangements have been made by the Food Corporation of India to lift maximum quantity of foodgrains immédiately after purchase.

-क्षमता के विस्तार के लिए रोलर मिलों का - अनुरोध

3901. श्री राम ताल राही : नया कृषि स्रोर तिचाई मंत्री समदा के विस्तार के तिये रीतर मिलों के सुनुशेव के बारे में 10 स्रोत, 1978 के सतारामित स्वतंत्र 1823 के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि:

- (क) रोलर प्लोर मित उद्योगों से नवे एकक स्थापित करने और विधमान एककों के विस्तार के ' निवे प्रान्त हुए प्रावंनाएकों के निपटान में विलम्ब होने ' के नवा कारण हैं; ब्रोर
- '(म्ब)' क्या रोडर पत्नोर मित एकको की क्षमता बढ़ाने का निर्णय करने में विसम्ब किया जा रहा है प्रवृक्ति केन्द्रीय सरकार की नीति इस वारे में निर्णय करने में विसम्ब न करने की हैं ?

दृषि कोर सिचाई महाना में राज्य मती (श्री भान प्रतास सिह्) (क) घार (घ) नेता कि 12 दिसम्बर 1978 का मताराजित प्रश्न स॰ 3970 क उत्तर मुबनाया गया था. फरवरी, 1973 न धेनर पतार मिलिय उद्याग क विस्तार घर सव प्रतिक्ष म कान बने का प्रश्न सरकार के विचाराधान है । भाषा है कि इस सबसे में शाम हा निगर्य तिया जाएगा।

Overflow of Water from Jangipur seeder Canal of Farakka Barrage Proacct.

3902 SHRI TRIDIB CHAUDHURI Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the submersion of thousands of acres of agricultural land by the overflow of u afer from the January Feeder Canal of the Farakka Barrage Project and through breaches in the Canal bund in the Janginur Sub-division of Murshidabad District in West Bengal, and
- (b) whether the Government has under their consideration any scheme for draining out this water and the reclamation of the submerged land?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) and (b) Reference has been made during recent discussions by the representatives of West Bengal crimment about the problem of inundation of large areas to the left of the Farakka Feeder Canal during the last monsoon season. However, this inundation took place because there are a number of gaps in the afflux bund of Jangipur Barrage, and was not caused by any breaches in the band The gaps could not be completed on account of difficulties faced by West Bengal Government in acquiring homestead lands. The work of closing the gaps in the bund would be taken up as soon as the land is orquired and made available by West Dengal Government for this purpose News Item entitled CARE thrites on 50 lakh biscuit scandal

3_03 SHRI RAJKESHAR SINGH Will the Minister of EDUCATION. OC'AL WELFARE AND CULTURE to pleased to state

(a) whether his attention has been usawn to news stem entitled CARE thrives on 50 lakh biscuit seandal? published in the Blitz dated the 30th September, 1978, and

(b) if so the reaction of Government thereto and steps taken to inearth the scandal?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, CLIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN DER) (a) Yes. Sir

(b) According to information cuved from the Madhya Pradesh Govenment, there is no scandal as such. Biscuits were manufactured with AREs contribution of balahar and salad oil and Madhya Pradesh Government bearing the cost on khandsars and processing charges, for midday-meals programme

Allotment of Plots/Flats to MPs by DDA

3904 SHRI DHIRENDRA NATH BASU Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND ALLHABILITATION by pleasen to state

(a) the number of plots/flats allotted by DDA to Members of Parliament in Delhi and New Delhi during the last two years,

(b) whether it is a fact that many of the applicants have been refused allotment in spite of assurances for allotment.

(c) what is the method adopted for such allotment,

(d) whether DDA are considering to "clect some more sites and flats for

the Members of Parliament and it so, now many flats can be offered for sale and at what cost; and

(e) whether the DDA is considering to start registration for flats/plots sor general public; if so, when?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILLTATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) No plot has been allotted, while 15 flats were allotted during these years.

(b) No, Sir. However, the DDA has reported that 4 MPs were affected when 132 flats initially released, were withdrawn for allotment to the Directorate of Estates. These AIPs have been offered flats in the lot of 512 flats which were allotted in kljouri Garden. 2 MPs have so far accepted the offer.

(c) 2§ per cent of the plots leveloped in a New Residential Scheme are reserved for allotment to MPs. The allotment is made adscriatum on the basis of seniority list drawn by this Ministry.

3 per cent of flats in each Housing Scheme of the DDA are reserved or allotment to MFs, Members of Metropolitan Council, Members of Municipal Corporation of Delhi and non-official Members of NDMC and Delhi Cantonment Board. The Members are required to deposit Rs. 1500 for MIG and Rs. 750 for LIG alongwith their applications.

(d) Applications have already been invited for allotment of 128 MIG flats and 142 flats LIG. The allotment of these flats is expected to be finalised by the end of December, 1978. The cost of these flats are estimated as under:

MiG — Rs. 55,100—Rs. 70,700

LIG — Rs. 33,200—Rs. 36,100

In addition, 3700 flats are expected to be offered for allotment by March, 1979. Since these flats are still under construction it is not possible to indicate their cost of construction at this stage.

(e) Plots; There is no scheme at present.

Flats: Scheme for registration under Self Financin; Housing has already been opened on 27.11.78 and will remain open upto 30.12.78. The DDA is already having about 2.000 people waiting for allotment of houses. After this list is substantially cleared, the question of opening a fresh registration scheme will be considered.

Milk Supply in Gole Market Area, New Delhi

3905. SHR1 L. L. KAPOOR: WILL the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGAT!ON be pleased to state:

- (a) whether in certain preferred colones Milk Supply of DMS is unlimited and can be availed of during specified hours to any extent without any tokens;
- (b) whether in areas like Gole Market particularly in Depot No. 252, milk remains in short supply and is not available to all the token holders:
- (c) whether it is also a fact that Depot No. 252 stops working after 6.20 hrs. although officially declared distribution hours are beteen 6.00 to 7.20 hrs. and the token holders have to go back without milk if they reach the depot after 6.30 hrs. but before 7.00 hrs; and
- (d) whether there is any proposal to streamline the distribution of milk in the existing Depots by making adequate milk available to people before launching operation "unlimited" in selected areas?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUBJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) Recently, Dehhi Milk Scheme has started selling milk without toknes in certain areas. These areas are being increased gradually, and it is the ultimate aim of the Delhi Milk Scheme

to sell milk to public without tokens throughout the city

- (b) No Sir
- (c) The present sales hours of all the milk depots are as below -

Morning shift 6 AM to 730 AM Evening shift 4 PM to 500 PM.

Normally the sales from the milk deputs to the token holders are over within a period of one hour However as and when any specific complaint about the non-supply or milk to the token holders is received, the same is looked into and suitable action taken

(d) As indicated against (a) above it is the ultimate aim of the Delhi Milk Scheme to start sale of milk for distribution to public without takens throughout the city The entire area of New Delhi is likely to be covered during the next 2 or 3 months

Indo Czechoslovakia Cultural Agreement

3906 SHRI D AMAT Will the Minister of EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) whether it is a fact that Indo-Czechoslovakia cultural agreement has bear agned in November 1978, and
- (b) if so what are the main features of the agreement?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER) (a) and (b) On the basis of an Agreement on Cultural Cooperation concluded between the two countries in 1959, the minth Indo-Czechoslovak Cultural Exchange Pro gramme for the period from April 1, 1978 to December 31 1980 has been signed in New Delhi in November 1978

The main features of this Cultural Exchange Programme are

- (i) cooperation in the fields of science and education through exchange of academiclans, scientific publications periodicals, text books, etc organisation of joint seminars and providing scholarships on reciprocal basis for post-graduate study and research.
- (11) exchange of experts/artists, and of exhibitions, publications and other information materials in the fields of art and culture.
- (111) participation in international film festivals to be held in each country; exchange of radio and television programmes, cooperation between radio and television organisations etc. and
- (iv) cooperation in the exchange of sports teams and coaches, and films and literature on sports and physical education.

Reduction in marria money for sugar industry to secure bank loans

3907, SHRI O V ALAGESAN WILL t e Minister of AGRICLTURE AND RRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are considering to reduce margin money from the present 15 per cent to 5 per cent for the sugar industry to secure bank loans for helping them to huge sugar cane arrears and
- (b) if so, the decision taken in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATON (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) and (b) question of reduction in the margin to be kept by the sugar industry, on the pledge loan on sugar, was considered by the Government But it was decided that in view of the package to liberalize the availability and terms of credit to the sugar industry, this aspect was not pursued

नवर्गाच यांग्र

Sugarcane

3908. श्री सदमी नारायप नायकः क्या छूपि श्रीर सिचार्ड नंती यह बताने की क्या करेंचे कि :

- (क) क्या गुजरात राज्य में नवपाव स्थित सरक्षार रिजवीयर की पूरी एक्तण-अनता 455 फिट तथा अधिकत्म जलन्त्वर 460 फिट निर्मारित किया गया है; और
- (च) स्या मध्य प्रदेश के तोगों में केन्द्रीय तथा पत्था सरकार के मुद्देश किया है कि बोड की डंबाई कर की जाए स्वांकि तकतात बाध के डेमें स्तर पर निर्मित शोने के जारण सका ग्रदेश की विधिकाठ उप-जाक मुम्मि पत्नी से मध्ये रहती है, बार सरकार द्वार्य इस बार में क्या करना उठाने गर्ने हैं?

कृपि और सिमाई भंती (श्री मुरशीद वित् यरमाता): (१०) गर्भदा चल विवाद न्यायांकरुण में 16 समस्त, 1928 को सद्व प्रचानि रिगोर्ट में विषय दिया है कि गुजरात में नवपाव में सरदार सरोवर का पूर्व बसाजन स्तर 4.50 हुट काम ब्रिकेक्स जस स्तर 460 हुट रिगोरित कियां नाता है।

(ख) न्यावाधिकरण द्वारा सरदार सरोवर वाध की प्रस्तादित ऊंचाई के विरुद्ध मध्य प्रदेश के कुछ सोमो से केंद्र और मध्य प्रदेश सरकार को मान्यावेदन प्रास्त हुए हैं।

यन्तर्राच्योव जल-विवाद अधिनियम, 1956 ने उपवंधों के धनमार, यदि केन्द्रीय सरकार या किसी राज्य सरकार का न्यायाधिकरण के फैसले पर विचार करने पर यह मत हो कि उसमें धन्तविष्ट किसी बात पर स्पप्टोकरण की प्रावश्यकता है वा किसी ऐसी वात पर, जो न्यायाधिकरण को मूलतः निर्दिष्ट न की गई हो, मार्गदर्शन की जरुरत है तो यथास्थिति केन्द्रीय या राज्य सरकार न्यायाधिकरण के फैसले की वारीख चे तीन महीने तक के बन्दर मानले को पूनः न्यायाधि-करण के पास निर्दिष्ट कर सकती हे और ऐना निर्देश किए जाने पर न्यायाधिकरण केन्द्रीय मरकार की एक यौर रिपोर्ट देगा जिसमें ऐते स्पष्टीकरण और मार्च-वर्चन दिए जाएने जिन्हें स्थायाधिकरण उचित समझे, भौर ऐसी स्थिति में न्यायाधिकरण का कैसला तदनुसार ग्राणोशित समका जाएगा । श्रविनियम में यह भी उप-वंध है कि केन्द्रीय सरहार न्यायाधिकरण के फैसले को राजपत में प्रकाशित करेगी और यह फैनला बंतिम भौर विवाद के पद्यों के निए भावद्यंतर होगा स्था इस फैसले का इन पक्षा द्वारा कियान्वित क्रिया जाएना । तदनुसार केन्द्रीय सरकार सीर पुजरत, मध्य प्रदेश, महाराष्ट्र ब्रोट राजस्थान की राज्य सरकारी ने 15-1-78 को न्यायाधिकस्य से पास निर्देश नेशे है जिनमें स्पप्टीकरपा। मार्नदर्शन भांगे नए हैं । न्यासाधिकरण की समली रिपोर्ट, बितमें उक्त स्पटीकरण बचना मार्गदर्शन दिए त्राएंचे, प्रतिक्षित है।

- 3909. SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRI-SHNAN: Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) what is the estimated State-wise arrears of sugarcane as on June 30th and October 31st, 1978;
- (b) whether it is a fact that even though a large quantity of sugar stocks has been depleted between July and October cane arrears stayed at almost the same level as on June 30th; and
- (c) if so, what action Government propose to take to force the sugar mill owners to clear the arrears?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINOH): (a) Two Statements F and II are laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3092/78].

- (b) No, Sir. The cane arrears have come down by Rs. 38 crores in this period.
- (c) The Government is making all efforts to ensure that the remaining amount is paid to the cane growers without undue delay. As part of the efforts State Governments have been asked to take up a time bound programme. The Sugar Undertakings (Taking Over of Management) Ordinance, 1978 has also been promulgated which provides for the temporary taking over of the management of sugar undertakings which continue to maintain cane dues above a particular limit, The Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1966 has also been amended for payment of interest of 15 per cent on overdue instalment of can prices.

Steps have also been taken to clear the arrears of cane dues in U.P. by the Central Government sanctioning a loan of Rs. 20/- crores to the State Government. Capacity of M/s. Cadbury Ltd. for manufacturing Malted Mulkfoods

3910 SHRUG M. BANATWALLA Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND TRRIGATION be pleased in etote

- (a) what is the licensed annual production canacity of M/s. Cadbury (I) Ltd for manufacturing Malted milk foods
- (b) whether Government have received reports that the said firm have been manufacturing Malted milkfoods to the extent of 3 700 M/tons per an num which is nearly 4 times than their licenced annual production capacity and
- (c) what action Government have taken against this company for vio lation of the provisions of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act 1951 and if on the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL THEF AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) 1008 tonnes.

- (b) Yes, Sur
- (c) The Company was asked showcause why action should not be taken for violation of the provisions of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act 1951 The Company's reply to the showcause which was received on 30th November 1978 is under examination

Appointment of Linkson Officers in the Ministry of Works and Housing watch the interest of Scheduled Castes and Schedules Tribes

3911 SHRI B C KAMBLE Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS. ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI. TATION be pleased to state

(a) how many Llaison Officers are appointed in each of the departments in his Ministry relating to representa tion in services for the Scheduled Castes and Schedules Tribes as per Government Brochure, Chapter 15, and ome when each of them was appointed and the status of each of them.

- (b) what are the reports of each of these Liaison Officers under Para 154 of the said Brochure during the last three years submitted to the Secretary/Additional Secretary etc. and what action was directed by the latter and whether said action as directed was taken and with what result, and
- (c) will the Government lay on the Table of the House the copies of the sald reports directions and the action taken as per (h) above if not why nat?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BARHT) (a) One. The Deputy Secretary (Administration) is acting as Liaison Officer The present Deputy Secretary took charge on 16th August, 1978 (F N)

- (b) No report was submitted to the Secretary/Additional Secretary as no case of negligence or lapse in the matter of reservation and other orders relating to Scheduled Castes and Sche. duled Tribes came to light
- (c) The question does not arise in view of the position explained in part (b) above

Representation from the Refugees of Sahagpur Camp

3912. SHRIMATI AHILYA P RAN-GNEKAR Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP PLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the Minister has received representation from refugee inmate, of Sahagpur Camp requesting their resettlement in Bhomragarh, Maharashtra as agriculturusis and
- (b) if so the steps taken so far in this matter?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Their turn for rehabilitation on first in first out basis has not yet come. No land is presently available in Chandrapur Rehabilitation Project, Maharashtra for resettlement of further families.

Reg. Vocational Education Course in H.S. Schools, Delhi

3913, SHRI MAHI LAL: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No. 2961 on 7th August, 1978 regarding vocational education course in H. S. Schools, Delhi, and state:

- (a) whether the requisite information from Delhi Administration has since been collected:
 - (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) if not, the reasons for such delay?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARA-KATAKI); (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) A statement is laid on the Table of the House. [Placed in Library. Sec No. LT-3093/78].
 - (c) Does not arise.

नूमिहीत कृषि व्यक्तिकों के लिए मकान

3914 प्री यमुना प्रसाद सास्त्री : न्या निर्माण श्रीर ब्रायास सया पूर्ति श्रीर युनर्वास मंत्री यह वताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :

(क) केन्द्रीय सरकार ने यानीण सेंद्रों के पूर्वि-ट्रीन छीर प्रसिक्तें द्वारा मकाले का निर्माण किए बाले के लिए प्रखेख राज्य को वर्ष 1978-79 के दौरान कुछ किरानी पाणि भी है भौर 31 मार्थ, 1978 नक ऐसे मकानों का निर्माण करने के तिल् बला सरग निर्मारित विचार पता है. (व) यह राधि मुमिहीत धरिपणों में कित एवँ-सियों के नाम्यम से विद्यास करते के लिए व्यवस्था की बा पढ़ी है तथा क्या मकातों का निर्माण करते के विद्या मृमिहीन धरिमकों की सहकारी समितियों को कुछ पछि दी वा रही है, और

(ग) क्या इसं चहेला के लिए कुछ स्वयंसेकी संगठनों को जी कुछ जितीम सहायता दी का पढ़ी हैं और यदि हां, तो प्रत्येक राज्य में ऐसे संगठनों के नाम स्वा है ?

निर्माण और बावास तथा पति ग्रीर पनवास मंत्री (थो सिजन्दर बध्त) : (क) से (ग). : ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में ममिहीन मजदरों को केवल धावास स्वल देने की योजना है धौर उसमें भगिहीन मजदुरों को वने वनाए मकान देने के लिए कोई व्यवस्था नहीं है। योजना राज्य क्षेत्र में है । राज्यों को सभी राज्य क्षेत्र कार्य-कमों के लिए जिसमें प्रामीण ग्रावास भागित है, केन्द्रीय वित्तीय सहायदा "समेकित ऋणो" मीर "समेकित ग्रनदानीं" के रूप में दो जाती है और राज्य सरकारें उनके द्वारा निर्धारित पायश्यकताओं/प्राप-निकताओं के प्रनसार विभिन्न थोजनामों पर उनका विवतन घौर प्रदोन करने में स्वतंत्र है । 1978-79 की बार्षिक योजना में भूमिहीत ग्रामीण श्रमिक परि-बारों को बसाने के लिए 15,54 करोड़ साबे के परिज्य की (न्युनतम ग्रावश्यकता कार्यकम) व्यवस्था है। राज्यवार नियतन का एक विवरण विवरण-1 में दिया गया है।

2 प्रोक्ता के प्रत्यंक्त प्रपाद स्थान मुख्य प्रावदित किए जाते हैं और प्रावदिता की पढ़ माता की साठी हैं कि दे बदरे साइयों हैं जा ऐसी महान्यात के जो प्रध्य सादयों का सीविष्टक संप्योगी हार्ग जानती के प्रधाद सादयों का सीविष्टक स्वाता, हुए राज्य सायाह स्वातों के प्रावंदन के स्वाता, हुए राज्य सायाह स्वातों के प्रावंदन के स्वाता, हुए राज्य के लिए पार्योगों को सहस्वता दे रहे हैं। एक नोट सिहरता—11 में हिला नामा है।

विवरस I:

भूमिहीन श्रामीण श्रमिक परिवारों की बसाने के बिए 1978-79 के तिए अनुमोदित परिवाय।

राज्य/संय राज्य सेव		थ्यय (लाख स्पर्वो में)
1. ब्राध्न प्रदेखः -		500,00
2. झसम •		24.00*
3. बिहार -		160.00
4. गुजरात .		30.00
s. हस्याणा		7.00

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farra-il

भनितीन मजदूरा को बावटित बादास स्थाती गर मकारों के निमाल के लिए कुछ राज्य सरकारी द्वारा को गई कार्यवाही पर एक नोट !

केरल : 1972 में रेशन सरनार ने 'एक ला'। द्वाबार बोजना' के नाम स एक त्रिक्षय योजना चलाई जिल्हे चलाँत राज्य सरहारा ने मनस्त लकडी मण्याई को अज्ञिक सोनेंट भीर टाइनें अनुना देवा गण्डन. एसोनिएडना, अस्वानो, कांचा मादि द्वारा 'केरल मुख्यमञी पढ नाम की गरित निधि में से दिए गए स्वीस्टर योगदा ने खरीके गई । इसके प्रतिसित बीबन बीमा निवम से 1 30 रुशंड रुपए का निर्मय ष्ट्रण लिया गया । प्रचारता को यह कहा गया था के मी द्रपने धेंद्रों में भगता के निर्माण के राजें को परा करने क लिए भपनी निधियो म से यानदान है। पालस स्वलों के पाइटियों को भी मारिक किस्ती में योगबान देता प्रपश्चित या । प्रत्येष्ठ मुकान की लायन लगभव 1400 रपण घाटा ।

कर्नाटक - कर्नाटक सरकार ने भूमिहीन वर्भवारिया को बावदित बावास स्थाता पर महाना के निर्माण क निए जनना मानास योजना नाम की एक विश्व योजना बनाई है । इस शोजना के चन्तरत श्रीप्रक के खर्बों की भौर मलाटियों ने 500 हमए का योग-दान दिवा भौर राज्य सरकार ने 1000 रपए शर योवदान दिया है । मरानों के निर्माण पर सच की गई हैंय राशि को ऋण माना गया है जिसे 20 वर्षों में बरल दिया जाता है।

दमिलगाडु . विमतनाडु सरकार ने हरिजना के विष मकानी के निर्माण के लिए निम्ननगढ़ हरिकन माबास भौर विकास निगम की स्थापना का है। ऐसा यता बचा है कि एक लाख मकातो के कारकम के विपरीत 6354 महानी का निमाण किया गया है भीर 13082 महान निर्माणाधीय है।

महाराष्ट्र महाराष्ट्र सरकार ने ग्यीण भूमिहीन मजदूरों को घारर दने की दृष्टि से प्रावरित बाबास

स्वतो पर होंपड़ियों के निर्माण के लिए एक योजना

बनाई है। भावान स्वतों के प्रावटियों को स्वीपराध यमदान देना होता है। सरकार उन्हें लगभग 200

रपए प्रति होरिटी के द्विश्वाब ने सीपती बनाने के लिए देती है। समाहर्वीयों को यह ग्रश्चिकार दिया गया है कि राजकार गास्त्वी योजना के प्रन्तपद इर्टे भीर देशी टाइनो ना उत्पादन भारम्भ नरें, जिन्हें ऐसी झोपडिया के निर्माण में प्रयोग न साया जा संक्या हो । घर तक यात्रका के प्रान्तक क्षणभग 1 26 बाद शोपहिया बताई जा चुड़ी है मध्य प्रदेश , मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने प्रामीण शेवा में मुभिटीन परिवार्त को कई मुविधाए दी हैं वासि वे उनको मार्वाटन मादास स्पंता पर मनाना का नियाण कर सकें। मुनिधा इस प्रकार है .--

(1) भारदित वनों से 30 मीत के धेरे के भोदर रहने वाला के लिए 18 बल्लिश तथा

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8. बनौंटव 50 00 Q केंद्र ¹ 130 00

10. मध्य प्रदेश 85 99 ११ प्रशासन 130 00 12. मणिपुर

5 00 13. मेपानव 1.4. नागानीवर 15 वरीचा 50 00

१६ पत्राव 100 60 17 राजस्यान 5 00 18. सिविक्य 0 50 19 विभिन्ननाइ 100 00

20 विपुरा 6 00 21 सत्रप्रदेश 5 00 2% पश्चिम बनान 200 00

कुल सञ्च 1537 75 सप राज्य क्षेत्र

। भव्दमान व निकोबार द्वीप समूह

2 घटणायत प्रदेश 3 चच्होगइ 4 राइस व कामर हवेली

 दिल्ली 3 00 ६- मोबा, इमक व दीव 60 8

7 लग्रद्वीय 8. मित्रोरम 9. पाडियेगी

12 00 कृत संघ राज्य क्षत 16 00 कुम राज्य दवा सब राज्य क्षेत्र 1533 25

*गन्दी बस्ती के पर्यावरणाय मुखार समेत ।

Willen Answers AGRAHA LANA 27, 1900 (SAKA) Writter Answers 170

(ii) सरकारों खानों से धिकनी मिड्टो, वालु, मुरेन मौर पत्यर मुक्त निकाले वा सकते हैं।

साम्प्र प्रदेश : ऐता नासून हुवा है कि प्रामीण क्षेत्रों में गूमिट्टीन पिठड़े करों के लिए बड़े पमाने पर आवास कार्यक्रम ब्रास्टम करने का मरकार का प्रस्ताव है। जिल्के प्रमाणन सामाजिक सहकारी संस्थाओं के उत्तिर पूर्वन दिए खाते है।

परिष्य वंताल: आपात रुखों के वाहंदर का गर्म पूरा किए वाहं से बाद परिवन पंताल दरकार में दूधवर्ति के बादा पर दोनिहमी के निर्माण का अपविम्म कराया है। दोनिहमी के निर्माण को अपविम्म कराया है। दोनिहमी के निर्माण के किए वाहंदर के दोनिहमी के दिन के

उद्योसा : उद्योसा में न केवल बावास स्पत देने चे लिए एक एकोछुट योजना धनाई गई है किन्तु न्द्रतिपय मामग्री बांस ग्रीर दल्लियां भी उपलब्ध की गई है और स्थानीय ब्लाक विकास प्रधिकारी को निर्माण कार्य का उन्दार्ज बनाया गया है दो उपमण्डलीय संधि-भारी की समस्त देसरेख में कार्य होगा। धन्ड विकास प्रधिकारी को मकानों के निर्माण के लिए विनाय सामग्री इकटठी करनी भी श्रपेक्षित होगी। लाम भीवियों से प्रमुक्ता की वाती है कि ये बहुधन अभिकों के क्य में योगदान दें धौर अंगलों से सामग्री साकर स्यत पर पहुंचाएं । स्थोंकि स्थानों का निर्माण साम -भोगियों द्वारा स्वयं स्थानीय व्यविकारियों के मार्च निर्देशन में फिया जाना है । नकामों के नि पि टिकाउपन तथा एवों को धन्निरोधक बनाचे की आवश्यकता ो ह्यान में रखते हुए पवन निर्माण सामग्री हे सामने में कछ उदारता बरतने की धनुमति दे दी गई।

उड़ीसा सरकार पा 'ाच सेकों में मूनिहीन मजदूरों की सावास स्पस देने जी बीजना की घरेलू वर्धान, मूर्गी पासन, बेट-कब री शतकर सार्थिक दिखान के सम्बन्धित हुछ पाम सान पीवनाओं के सार सम्बद्ध करते का विचार रखती है। ये बीजनाएं बायटियों की नए स्मतीं पर बाद के नीन साध्य उत्तर्थ करपाणीं और सार राज्य में कृष्येंद्रत विकास के बड़े पैमते पर स्मतों का प्रवास करने में सहाताता हैंगी

दिस्तों : बार्यियों को प्रायान स्वसी पर मनावों का निर्माण करन में सहायता हैने के लिए दिस्ती प्रश्नातन ने उन्हें प्रस्तर, रेत वरिसुर, शादि पर राज्यों देने से हुट दे री है। निर्मूट महानों के निर्माच में प्रयोग साला या नकताई। उन्होंने कलाया सावदी विचा दिसी याया के मान सुना पूनि पर उसी मूज की भारा मीर चिन्दुस मार्थि का प्रयोग भी कर सकते हैं। बाबंटी स्थलों पर निर्माण को परिविधियों को बढ़ावा देने के लिए दिल्ली प्रजासन ने नगर निगम बिधिनियम के कृतिपय उनकरों में होत भी की हैं।

मुजाब : मुजाब सरकार ने मानीम खंडों में मुस्लिम नहुरों हैं के मानित संकार में मुस्लिम नहुरों हैं के मानित से साम करें तर काराती के निर्माण का तिए एक बोड़पा नाम है है। मोजन के मानित है कि मोजन के साम है है। मोजन है है। मोजन है है। 1000 स्पष्ट कर कुछ के दूस में हैं। 400 स्पष्ट कर वहात के साम है है। 1000 स्पष्ट कर वहात के दूस में हैं है। 400 स्पष्ट कर वहात है जिला कारा के दूस है है है। साम कर कर के साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है कि साम है है।

पंजाब: धानीत्यों को प्रावास स्वत् पर काम-वानि है तिए पंजाब सरकार से लाना 1.00 वालीक स्वर को सरकारी प्रावास दिनांग श्रीमित्रमां काहि हैं हैं (सम्में वादास स्पन्न का आदंदी सरका कर करवा हैं) और अपने श्रीमाहारों की हैं, 1.14 साथ स्वर्ण के क्या लीहन किए सर्ही। पात्रम सरकार में सर्वेक वार्डियों को बाती हैं क्या है ने क्या माना हिन्मा हैं। अपनेक वार्बरी को यी वार्ग वार्ती प्रवास स्वर्ण के क्या करते हैं। की पात्रम की दर ४% अधिकार है और वहें सब स्वरं में यहन हिन्मा नीता है।

हरियाणा : हरियाणा में प्रत्येक तस बताटी को विसने उसी स्तर तक का मकान का निर्माण कद सिया है 2000 रुपए के खून का पाल है । उसे यह श्र्य रस हारा ब्लाव विवास ह्या पंचायत प्रशिकारी से इस बारे में प्रमाण पत्न प्रस्तत करने पर दिया **बाएवा कि उसने कुर्सी स्तर तक निर्माण कार्य प्रधा** कर लिया है। यह 2000 रूपए की राशि आवंडी की 1000 रूपए की दो बराबर किस्तों में दी जाती है। पहली किस्त दव दी जाती है एवं निर्माण कार्य कुछी स्तर वज हो जाता है और दूसरी किस्त वब दी जाती है अब निर्माण कार्य छत स्तर सक पुरा हो जाता है । पुनः बदायगी की बद्धि 10 वर्ष है या जैसी बैंड हार्स निर्धारित की जाए । व्याज की दर बहु दर है जो भारतीय रिजर्व वक द्वारा प्रवक्त स्वाज दर दोजना के घन्तगंत निर्धारित की गईही।

पोया, दक्त और बीक: गीमा, दमल प्रीर दीव के घर पास्त्र वेद्य प्राथमन ने श्री मक्तर स्त्री, मामील वर्षी में पुश्लिक नहरूरों को प्राथम कर हैरे के विद्य पोरना के प्रत्योग वर्षामंत्र प्राथमंत्र कर्माण के मिना के ब्रिक्त के स्त्री पोरना नहीं कराई है, वर्षी, उन्नर्ग 144 जिन्ती में में 79 प्रतिकां को केवा बच्चा प्रीर पाद बहुबता के एन में सियोग दुर्वाचानी हैं (इस्त्रेका) के स्थलने जान प्रीरिजी ने प्रायुक्ति केंद्री के ब्रह्म केवर प्राप्त प्राप्ति के कर्मने प्रवारों की प्राप्ति क्या कि

भारतीय धात्र नियम सध्यक द्वारा ठकेवारी को भूगतान रोका बाना

3915 थी प्रार॰ **एत॰ हुरोत** क्या कृषि भीर सिवाई मदी यह बताने की क्या करेंगे कि ।

- (क) क्या भारतीय खाद्य निवस लखनऊ ने मन्य बढ़े दनदारों को देने दने के लिए छोट दने दारों का मुगतान एक लिया है भीर
- (ख) क्या इतनो सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कार रकतारों का परेणान निया जाता है कि वड फ्रजाराक छकाधिकार में बाधा व प**ड**े

कृषि स्रीर सिचाई मदाश्य में राज्य मती (श्रोमानु प्रताप सिंह) (क) भीर (ध) यह कहना सती नता है कि वह उनेदारी की महायता करने क जनक से छाटे छाटे टकेंदारा के भगतान की शेव निया बाता है भीर उन्हें परशान किया जाता है।

Fishing Harbours at Kovalam Vizinjom and Neendakara

3916 SHRI GEORGE MATHEW Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Government are going to give full financial assistance for the "2nd and 3rd stages of construction of the Kovalam and Viziniam fishing harbours in Kerala
 - (b) reasons for delay in sanctioning full assistance for the construction of the harbour facilities at Neendakara, and
 - (c) what are the details of the above three fishing harbours submitted to the Central Government and what steps the State Government has take to get complete clearance from the Central Government for the above three projects?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) Full assistance is given for development of harbours for 8 major items if the project is found viable Revised project on expension of Kova lam-Vizinjam harbour is still awaited from the State Government

- (b) Revised project on Neendkara has been received from the Government of Kerala on 6th December, 1978. and is under examination.
- (c) Koyalam-Vizinjam project provided for introduction of 50 deep sea fishing vessels and 210 small boats, construction of wharf, slipway and other ancillary facilities with an outlay of Rs 280 lakhs and Rs. 720 lakhs in the 2nd and 3rd stages respec tively As the project was incomplete in several respects, the Government was advised to revise the same The revised project is still availed The project on Neendkara provides for construction of wharf dredging and other ancillary facilities for the operation of 1480 mechanised fishing vessels with an outlay of Rs 250 Lachs

Credit for Agricultural Implements to Farmers through Gram Sewaks

3917 SHRI DAYA RAM SHAKYA Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether credits for agricultural implements viz tractors, tube-wells, buggies etc are given to the farmers in the rural areas through Gram Sewaks who do not guide the farmers properly and with hold money as a result of which actual payment to the farmers is delayed for months together and thus deprive the farmers of this benefit,
- (b) whether farmers cannot credit direct from the Bank manage ment even if they are taking it against their land and property and
- (c) if the answer to the above parts is in the affirmative the steps taken by Government to remove the irregu larifies being committed in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH) (a) to (c) The not mal banking rules and procedures do

not provide for disbursement of agricultural credit to the farmers through Gram Sewaks. Under the Schemes sanctioned by the Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation in favour of the Land Development Banks and Commercial Banks, farmers generally get loans directly from the financing institutions for construction of wells, tube-wells, tractors etc. on the basis of acceptable security including mortgage of land. Only in the case of loans for pumpsets the banks make payments direct to the dealers of pumpsets to avoid misutilisation of loans by the farmers. Gram Sewaks are not entrusted with the direct disbursement of credit to the farmers though their services may be utilised in collection of loan applications from the farmers for consideration by the Land Development Banks and other financing institutions.

Co-oprative Credit through Central

3918. SHRI S. R. REDDY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that National Cooperative Union of India has presented to the Government an expert Committee's report suggesting establishment of National Cooperative Development Bank which will replace the Central credit institutions supplying funds to State Co-operative Banks;
- (b) whether Government realise that routing of co-perative credit through Central institutions like Land Development Bank and Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation often created difficulties in disbursement and realisation of leans; and
- (c) if so, the reaction of Reservo Bank of India as well as Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA-TAP SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c). The Land Development Banks like the State Cooperative Banks are also cooperative credit institutions. They provide long term credit for investment purposes to the agriculturists while the State Cooperative Banks provide short and medium term credit. The Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation is a refinancing institution that provides refinance to all its member institutions including cooperatives. When the cooperative credit institutions develop on principles of selfreliance, their dependance on higher financing institutions would be less. If the cooperative principles and proper management practices are followed and loans are advanced after due assessment and supervised adequately disbursement and realisation of loans by the cooperatives will not create difficulties.

Survey of Surface Antiquities

- 3919. SHRI S. R. DAMANI: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:
 - (a) whether Government have conducted any country-wise survey of surface antiquities;
 - (b) if so, when the beginning was made and the outcome of the survey;
 - (c) the progress so far made and the details of the antiquities of great importance having a bearing on India's cultural and historical heritage found;
 - (d) whether any write-up regarding these antiquities is published by the Archaeological Survey of India for information of general public; if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) how long it would take to complete this survey and total expenditure incurred thereon so far and estimated

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expenditure likely to be incurred during the remaining part of the period stipulated for this survey?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER) (a) to (e) The survey quarian remains is being conducted on country-wide basis since 1956 57 From the current financial year, however the project of village to village survey has been more intensive with the active collaboration of fourteen universities. The areas so far covered are given in the statement laid on the Table of the House [Placed in Libraru See No LT-3094/781 So far 4692 sites were found to contain antiquarian remains. The archaeological potentialities of the important sites are published in the respective assues of Indian Archaeology-A Review in view of the magnitude of the Project and the nature of the work, it is not feasible at this stage to fix any target date for its completion.

Membership of Cooperative House Building Society, Shabdara

3209 SHRI CHATUREHU WILL HE MINISTER AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to refer to the arswer given to Unstarred Question No 4786 dated the 25th fully, 1977 recancellation of Membershap by Cooperative House Building Society, Shahdera and state

(a) whether all persons who were enrolled members of the house building cooperative societies prior to 3rd August, 1967 but were expelled by the societies for windever reasons had been served notices, and

(b) whether this had also been done in care of the unjustly expelled members of the Ministry of Works Housing and Supply Cooperative House Building Society, if not the reasons therefor; when the same would be done? THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) and (b) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Permission for Export of Rice to African Countries

3921 SHRI M RAM GOPAL RED-DY Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether Andhra Pradesh Government has requested the Centre to allow the State to export race to African countries where there is a great demand for Andhra rice, and
- (b) if so, the decision of the Govment thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTERY OF AGRICULTURE AND HRIGATION (SIRH) BHAND PRATATAP SINGH). (a) Yes, Sur, the Andhra Pradesh Government have approached the Centre for allowing the State to export nice to some African and South East Anam countries.

(b) No decision in the matter has been taken yet.

दिल्ली में कता प्राप्तापकों को प्रशिक्षित स्नातक अध्यापकों का घेट दिया जाना

3022 की बाजीया देसाई क्या शिक्षा, समाज क्यान कीर सस्ट्रात मनी यह बजाने की हफा करेंग कि

- (क) क्या दिल्ली क्यायन में 440—250 पर के बतनमान में काब कर रहे और एम एए-बो-एए- क्या एम- एए- मार्टि महैताओं वार्ने करा प्रमानकों को मनन कावर से उसी करनमान बाद प्रमिधिक स्थातक मध्यासकों के 'कावर' में मार्ग की मनुष्यित नहीं दी जाती।
- (छ) बॉद हा, को उसके दिस्तत कारण क्यां हे जबकि दोनो बाहरों का दवनमान एक समान है और
- ँ (ग) प्रशासन द्वारा गय तक एक्त अनुमति विभे जाने ना विचार है ?

शिक्षाः समाज कल्याण स्त्रीर संस्कृति संवालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रांमती रेणुका देवी बरण्डकी) : (क) से (ग) . सूचना एकत की जा रही है श्रीर ययातीझ समा पटल पर रख ही जाएगी।

नजपत्रद नाले पर पत

3923 श्री दाजीवा देताई : न्या निर्माण -प्रीर प्राचास तथा परित और प्रतर्थास मंत्री वह बताबे को छपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) बचा मदन पार्च, जयदेव पार्च चाहि कालोही से मिल को आने वासे श्रीमकों की सुविधा के जिए स्वतंत्र भारत मिल कालोवी के पीछे नफजबड नाले पर एक पूज निर्माण करने के लिए सतत मांच की गर्द है :
- (ख) यदि हां, तो इस बारे में सरकार हाता न्या कार्यवाही की गई है, और
- (ग) इस पुल का निर्माण कव तक हो वाने की समावना है ?

निर्माण, ग्रीर ग्रावास तथा पुति ग्रीर पुनर्वास संबी (थी सिकन्दर बख्त): (क) वी, मही।

(ध) तथा (य): प्रश्न ही नही उठता।

Acreage of Commercial Crops and their Exports

3924. SHRI KUMARI ANANTHAN: "Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to .state:

- (a) the acreage of plantation and the total production of the commercial crops-Cashew, Groundnut and Tobacco during 1976-77 and 1977-78 in the four Southern States, namely, Tamilnadu, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala and Karnataka:
- (b) the export in tonnage of these crops and the countries to which exnorted:

- (c) the foreign exchange earned during 1976-77 and 1977-78; and
- (d) what steps have been taken for the development of these crops?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) The acreage of plantation and total production of the groundnut and tobacco during 1976-77 and 1977-78 in the four southern States is given in Statement-I. The area under Cashewnut during 1978-77 and 1977-78 is given in Statement-II. The production sta-tistics in respect of cashewnut are not available

- (b) and (c). The information is given in Statement-III.
- (d) Cashew: The programme for increasing the production of cashew are being implemented both in the State Sector and Central Sector of the Plan. In addition a new Centrally Sponsored Scheme has been taken up from 1976-77 for raising cashew in departmental lands and private lands. The Kerala Agricultural Development Project has been taken up with the World Bank assistance for implementation from 1977-78

Groundnut: A Centrally Sponsored Scheme on Oil seeds development has been implemented in different States. The Government of India have also sanctioned a Centrally Sponsored Scheme for extension of oilseeds to new irrigated areas mainly in respect of groundnut in different States.

Tobacco: A comprehensive Centrally Sponsored Scheme of VFC tobacco initiated during 1966-67 was continued during the Fifth Plan. During 1978-79 a fresh area of 12,200 hac, has been proposed to be taken up under the Centrally Sponsored Scheme for exportable types of Tobacco in different States.

Statement-I

Area in thousand hectares Production in thousand tonnes

(Thousand hectares)

Tobacco

			Grom	Child				
	197	6-77	1977-78		1976-77		1977-78	
States	Area	Produc- duction		Pro- duction	Arca	Pro- duction	Area	Pro duction
Andhra Pradesh	1051 3	283.2	1065 0	974.7	188 4	193 2	221 3	199 0
Karnataka	838 1	,66 6	944 0	648 9	36 ≇	27 2	41.0	29' 1
Kerala	16 0	17.5	26 7	28 0	0 5	10	σ 6	1 1
Tamil Nadu	βαο σ	785 a	975 0	1110 5	19 0	27 1	21 0	31.5
			*******	II				

Area under cashewnuts during 1976-77 and 1977-78

Provisional)

States	1976-77	1917-78	
Andhra Pradrsh	 324	337	
Karnataka	35	36	
Kerala	117	123	
Tamil Nadu	92	94	

Statement-III

Exports of HPS Groundours and Cashew Kernels from India in 1976-77 and 1977-78

				(Ap	rı)—	February)		Quantity T	Croses)
SI No	Ite			1976-77		1977-78 (Upto Feb 78)			
		_			-	Quantuty)	(Value)	(Quantity) (Value)
ı	Groundnut Kernels HPS					1,22,806	59 40	671	9 45
1	Groundaut Shelled HPS					13,733	5 85	100	0 05
3	Cashew Kernel Broken					12,945	22 37	8,717	27 92
4	Cathew Kernel Whole				,	38,620	83 61	30,275	117 32
5	Tobacco .			٠		80,134	96 6 3		Provi- (Provi- sional) April, 77- March, '78

Export of HPS groundnuts had been largeth to U.K., Lugorlavia, Arab Republic of Leman, Netherland, Canada, Japan, U.S.S.R. and Bulgaria Export of Carbow had mainly been to U S A., U S S R , Japan, Canada, Australia and U L.

Export of Tobseco had mainly been to U.K., France, Bulgaria, U.S.S.R., Iraq, South Yeman P. Republic, Yeraan Arab Republic, Japan, Saraha, Netherlands and Bangindesh

परकार द्वारा भावास भावंटन नीति का पनरोदान

3925 की हरूम चन्द कछवाय : श्या निर्माण धीर धावास तथा पूर्ति धीर पुनर्वास मंत्री यह बदाने की कपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का विचार धपने कर्मचारियों को मोर्वास मावंटन नीति का पुनरीक्षण करने का \$;

(ध) क्या दिल्ली में प्रयन्त निजी महान रखने बालें सरकारी कर्मचारियों को विभिन्न पत्नों के प्रन्तर्गत सरकारी प्रावास मावंदित किया गया है : भीर

(ग) पदिता,तो दिनित्र ग्रावास प्रतो के ग्रन्तर्गत ऐसे फितने प्रावटन फिए गए हैं ?

निर्माण ग्रीर सावास तथा पूर्ति ग्रीर पुनर्वास मंत्री (भ्री तियत्थर यस्त): (क) कें, नहीं।

(य) तथा (म). दूगरे मलालयो द्वारा निमन्नित पल के प्राचान के भावते यह मंत्रातय नहीं रचता व इस मंसातम द्वारा नियम्बित नामान्य पुन में 31 प्रवतवर, 1978 हो ऐसे 955 कर्मचारी गरकारी श्रावासों में रह रहे हैं जिनके प्रपने मकान है।

सरकारी वदार्टरों का निर्माण

3926. श्री तफस प्रत्य कछन्य : भी ग्रजन सिंह नवीरिया :

. क्या निर्माण घोर बावास तथा पृति घोर दुनवीस मंद्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) विभिन्न खेणियों के फितने सरकारी क्वार्टर इस समय निर्माणाधीन हैं;

(ख) वित्त वर्ष 1975-79 के मन्त तक संभवतः कितने बवादेर बनकर तैयार हो आर्यमै; न्तरिक

(ग) मरकारी कमचारियों की प्रावास समस्या को इस करने दे लिए सरकार द्वारा श्या कदन खबाएँ जा खे है ?

निर्साण और ग्रायास तया पूर्ति और पुणर्यास अंबी (थी सिकावर वस्त) : (क) विभिन्न नगरों में सामान्य पूल में निर्माणाधीन क्वाटेरीं की संख्या इस प्रकार है :--

1691

टाइप बो 4642 टाइप सी 2508 टाइए दी 214 84

टाइप ए

होस्टब्ह स्ट

चि) 4769 व्यार्टी के (1227 टाइप ए, 1823 टाइप वी, 1590 टाइप सी. 46 टाइप की मोर 84 होस्टल सट) वित्तीय वर्ष 1978-79 के दौरान तैयार हो जाने की सभावना है।

(ग) सरकार ने विभि नगों में सामान्य पुल में 21,300 क्वार ों के निर्माण की स्वीकृति बी है। दिल्ली में 800 सुटो के एक होस्टल की भी स्वीकृति दी गई है जिसे घारम्म में 1980 में दिस्ती में होते वासे संपूक्त राष्ट्र ग्रीकोशिक सक्टन सम्मेलन के लिए प्रयोग में लाया जाएगा और उसके बाद उन्हें सरकारी कर्मचारियों को धावटित कर दिना जाएगा । सरकार का चाल विसीय वर्ष में दिल्लों में 380 धीर बवार्टरों को स्वीवृति देने का भी प्रस्ताव है। गीहाटी, जिलान, सगरतला, कोहिमा, इम्फाल और पोर्ट लेकर जैसे एक और नवरों में सामान्य परा वाभ का निर्माण प्रारम्भ करने का भी प्रस्ताव हैं।

सरकार यने बनाए पनेटी की घीष/मकानों के निर्माण के लिए वेन्होब सरकारी कर्मपारियों शो भी भवित स्थान्त करते हैं।

गतन रोतो स्नीर ऋकिरित स्थियोध्य प्रसिकेतिए केन्द्रीय ग्रनदान

3927. यो हकम चन्त्र ब्रष्टवाय : स्या कृषिः क्रीर जिचाई मंत्री यह बताने की क्या अरेंने कि :

(क) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार का विचार गहन खेती और बॉसपित रूपि योग्य मृति के लिए चाल वित्तीय वर्ष के प्रन्त तक राज्य संस्कारों की असि-रिवत धनदान देने का है: घौर

(छ) चर्वि हां, हो इस प्रयोजनायं विभिन्न राज्यों की दिए गए अनुदान का स्थीस क्या है ?

कृषि भीर तिबाई मंत्री (श्री तुरशीत सिंह बरमाला) र्रे(क) चालू | विसीय वर्ष के प्रस्तु तक केलीय सरकार द्वारा गहन चेती और आंप्रचित कृषि योग्न भूमि की सिषाई के लिए राज्य सरकारों हो कोई प्रतिस्थित प्रवृदान देने का कोई प्रस्तान नहीं

,(er) प्रश्न ही नही होता।

D.P.A.R. and C.A.D.A. Project in Orissa

3928, SHRI PADMACHARAN SA-MANTASINHERA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGA-TION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering to start new Drought ProneArea Programme and Command Area Revelonment Project in the State.

- (b) if so when and where in 1978 and the amount provided therefor, and
- (c) in how many States these projects are working and where and what amounts have been provided therefor?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) The Goternment are not considering starting of new Drought Prone Area Programme in the States

The Command Area Development Programme over the Commands of selected irrigation project. The selection is leased on proposals received from the State Governments in interest of major and modulus irrigation commands in their State Some proposals for taking up new project have been received from States of Maharashira Andria Pradelin and Kerala The proposals are under caramonation

- (b) No new DPAP or CAD Projects have been sanctioned during 1978.
- (c) Properts under the Drought Process Areas Processing in a Static List of areas covered under the programme are working in 18 Static List of areas covered under the property in Static List of the Mouse (Flaced in List of the Mouse (Flaced in List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the List of the House (Flaced in List of the
 - CAD Projects are located in 18
 State and the total number of Propects as 50 at present Detailed and
 and too amounts provided during the
 current year so far as given in Sitelemont H as land on the Table of the
 House [Placed in Labrary See No
 LT-3003/76]

Financial Allocation to various States

- 3929 SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state
- (a) what is the financial allocation mode in the 5th Five lear Plan and 6th Five Year Plan respectively for each of the sectors separately namely, (f) the State Sector, (fi) central sector (fiii) elementary obtaction, (iv) secondary oducation, (v) higher education, (vi) technical education (vii) other sectors of edu cation and (viii) culture?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (OR PRATAP CHANDRA CHUM-DER) (a) The financial allocations made during 8th Plan and tentality allocations made for the draft five year Plan 1978—35 for each of the sectors are given below Str

Name of the Sector	Financial for	Vijocstnoor
	Fifth Plan	1978-83 Pln (tentative)
	(Rs :	ब दरकाटड)
(s) The State Sector	880	1,484
(u) The Gentral Sector	405	471
(iii) Elementary Education	410	900
(tv) Secondary Education	290	300
(v) Higher Education	292	465
(vi) Technical Education	156	150
(va) Other sectors of Education	140	290
(vi i) Culture	37	190

Flush tanks for the lavatories of the quarters of D.L.Z. area, New Delhi

3930 SHRI U. S. PATIL: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Government have connected the flush tank of the lavatories in the newly constructed type I, II and III Quarters (Sectors C., D. & K.) in D.I.Z. areas with the water supply from the Pump. ing Station:
- (b) whether the lavatories in the quarters do not have separate flush tanks as were there in old quarters and as a result foul smell coming out of choked latrines pollute the air in these dwelling units from 11.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. and from 10.00 p.m. to 6.00 a.m. everyday when there is no water supply in these quarters, and
- (c) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what remedial steps Government propose to take in this regard?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITA'TION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT); (a) The overhead tank supplying water to flushing cisterns is connected directly with numning station in new quarters.
- (b) Earlier there used to be separate overhead tanks for W.Cs. for each quarter. Now there is one overhead tank for each block which has two compartments-one feeding the kitchens and baths and the other feeding the W.Cs. of the Quarters, Capacity of the tank is more than sum of capacities of individual tanks provided earlier This system is not in any way interior to the earlier one, as far as supply of water to W.Cs is concerned,
 - (c) Question does not arise,

Development of plots in Pilamoura. Delhi

- 3931. SHRI U. S. PATIL: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITA-TION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether it is a fact that the DDA has not completed the Development work in the plots measuring 70 and 84 sq. metres in Pitamnura Residential Scheme even when the allottees have been given possession in 1976. If so, what are the reasons therefor; and
- (b) by when the allottees of these plots are directed by DDA to complete the building of the houses and whether Government propose to provide extension to the Allottees these plots until full development like water, and electricity work is completed in the Pitampura Residential Scheme?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) The internal development of 70 sq. metres and 84 sq. metres plots allotted in 1976 is almost complete. However, the trunk services are vet to be provided

(b) Normally a period of two years plus one year as grace period is allowed for completing the construction, However, as the pitampura Residental Scheme is not fully developed yet, extension will be permitted keeping in view the pace of development in the residential scheme.

Settlement of claims of Retired Employees of Delhi Milk Scheme

- 3932. SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARL EF: Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the Delhi Milk Scheme authorities have taken considerable time in setting the claims of retired

employees in respect of payment of gratinty, pension encashment of leave and even refund of Provident Fund,

(b) the number of cases wherein all formalities have been complied with and No-demand' certificate furnished which were pending for payment with the DMS as on 1st December, 1976.

(c) the steps being taken by the DMS to make payment of all such dues without any delay, and

(d) whether necessary instructions would be issued to the DMS to pay all the settlement dues to its returned employees within the time-scheule laid down by Government in this behalf and thus obviate any harassment being caused to them?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARWALA) (a) Normally, the claums of the retured employees are settled immediately they retire from Government service

(b) Six such cases were pending on 1 12-1978

(c) In two cases, exproval of the UNSC to the continuouse in the higher posts is awalted. The matter is being pursued demi-officially with the Commission One case is pending for vant of vipilance clearance and efforts are being made to expedite the error Ramaning cases are being processed and are expected to be finalized shortly.

(ii) Necessary instructions have already been issued by the Government for timely settlement of all the dues of the retired employees

Merrer of Scientific and Statistical cadres of Department of Irrisation with Central Water Commission

3933 SHEI JANARDHANA POOJA-RY Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that the Scientific and Statistical Cadres of

Department of Irrigation are being merged with Central Water Commission,

(b) whether the nature of duties, qualifications and recruitment rules etc of the merged cadres are similar; and

(c) if not, what criteria have Government adopted for merger?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) and (c) There were a number of small technical cad-Ice in the Department of Irrigation and organisations under it like the Ganga Basin Water Resources Organisation, It was decided to metre these small technical cadres both gazetted and nongazetted, with the corresponding technical cadres of the Central Water Commission, in order that these may become viable and with a view to afford larger opportunities for promotion to the concerned officers/staff, and improve the manpower availability for manning these posts. As a part of this decision, the small statistical cadres of the Deparimental of Irrigation have also been merged with the corresponding cadres of the Central Water Commission. After the merger, the officers/staff borne on the erstwhile small statistical cadres of the Department of Irrigation have been brought on the integrated semonty lists of the Central Water Commission

No scientific posts are sanctioned in the Secretariat of the Department of Irrigation

(b) The nature of duties and qualifications required for statistical posts both in the Department of Irrigation and the Central Water Commission are similar. The Recruitment Rules for the posts in the Department of Irrigation better the merger differed in some respects from the Recruitment Rules for musical after the merger of these smalles posts in the Central Water Commission After the merger of these statistical posts in the Department of Irrigation with the corresponding raders of the Central Water Commission.

recruitment thereto will be made in accordance with the Recruitment Rules operative for these posts in the Central Water Commission

Aid from U.S. International Develonment Agency for Agriculture

3934. SHRI A ASOKARAJ. Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether U.S. Agency for International Development has offered any help to our country in the field of agriculture; and
- (b) if so, the details in this gard?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) and (b), Yes, Sir The US AID has made the following proposals for collaboration between the two countries in the field of agricultural research, education and extension activities.

(i) Bilateral technical assistance called "Agricultural Research and Education Project."

(ii) Multinational collaborative Research Support Programme which US AID has started in conjunction with their own Agricultural Universities under Title XII of the Foreign Assistance Act.

The above mentioned proposals are still in the preliminary consideration stage of the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) and no decisions have yet been arrived at.

Central team to Tamii Nadu

3935 SHRI A. ASOKARAJ: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether any request to depute a central study team to study the flood damage has been received from the Tamil Nadu Government; and

(b) if so, the decision of the Government on it?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) - (a) and (b). On a request received from the State Goveernment of Tamil Nadu, a Central Study Team visited the State from 24.11.78 to 27.11.78 to study the damage due to floods. The report of the Team will be finalised very soon. The recommendations of the Central Team will thereafter be placed before the High-Level Committee on Relief. The decision of the Government will be taken on the basis of the recommendation of the High Level Committee,

Horsing Leans to Orissa

3936, SHRI PABITRA MOHAN PRADHAN. Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the amount of money that has been provided for housing purposes in the State of Orissa for the last five years barring the present financial year and
- (b) whether the said provision has been fully spent or not, if not reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT)- (a) Central financial assistance is released to the States in the shape of block loans and block grants' for their Annual Plans as a whole and not for any specific scheme. project or sector of development. The State Government of Orissa have provided Rs. 5 99.48.000 for housing purposes during the last five years. Out of this Rs. 5,53,32,000 were spent.

(b) The amount could not be utilised fully because the loanees did not turn up to avail of their subsequent instalments

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Education System in Lakshadween

3937 SHRI P M SAYEED Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state

- (a) what is the total amount spent by the Uaion Ministry to promote the education system in the Union Territory of Lakshadweep during the last wear and also in the current year,
- (b) whether the education has not been provided to each and every child there.
- (c) whether the Union Government has not so far given meentives to the children of the Lakshadweep nor free lunch, or free distribution of books in the primary schools as was once in the Union Territories of Delbi.
- (d) how many children have been provided scholarships there uptill now.
- (e) whether there is shortage of teachers also, and
- (f) how many colleges and schools are at present there and whether they are not sufficient?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MELTARE AND CULTURE (SERI MATI ERNUKA DEVI BARAKATA-KU) (a) b) (c). According to the information, made excelettle by Lakched-watchen and the smooth spent year-wise is a under—year-wise is a under—

1977-78 Rs 82.37 lakhs 1978-79 Rs 39 16 lakhs (upto September, 1978)

The provision of education is available to each and every child in Lakshad weep. The Administration are providing free lunch upto class VII. free text books and writing materials to all students upto class X and scredistratings from class VIII and above including university level. Full hostel expenses in hea of scheduship for all hostellers,

lump sum grant and pocket money are also paid when students are admitted in hostels as per the rules Special scholarships for students studying in English medium schools at Kavarath from standard I and above are also being offered

- (d) In 1977-78 there were 1013 scholarship ho'ders and in 1978-79 there were 1446 scholarship holders
- (e) There is shortage of teachers for teaching Mathematic, and Malayalam in High School classes and Primary school teachers for want of qualified hands.
- The number of schools and colleges in Lakshadweep are as. under -

Junior College - 1
High Schools - 7
Unner Primary Schools - 5

Upper Primary Schools - 5
Loner Primary Schools - 17

Pre-Primary Schools — 9

The number of schools at present is

adequate However, proposal₃ for opening five more Primary Schools during the Sixth Plan to meet the additional demand is under consideration

Road development for dairy in Guiarat

3938 SHRI R K AMIN Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR-RIGATION be pleased to state

- (a) whether the scheme for road development for darry in the desert areas has been sent by the Gujarat Government to Government of India, and
- (b) if so, give details thereof and indicate the target date for a final 'decision in this behalf?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUBJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) The Government of Gujarat had forwarded a proposal for functional milk routes under the Desert Development Programme in Mehsana and Banaskantha districts.

(b) The details of the proposals are as follows:—

District	Length of road (Kms.)	Approximate estimated cost (Rs.)
Melisana	278.32	3,90,24,561
Banaskantha .	1405`70	19,45,30,246
TOTAL	1684.05	23,35,51,807

The above proposals of the Government of Gujarat could not be approved since construction of milk routes is not an approved component of the Desert Development Programme.

Drinking water arrangement in unauthorised colonies in Delhi

3939. SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED:

SHRI MANOHAR LAL:

Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

 (a) whether the Government has any proposal to provide drinking water to those colonies which are likely to be regularised;

(b) if so, when those unauthorised colonies will be provided drinking water which are having no drinking water and the people are living in misery there;

(c) whether those areas which are having no drinking water in Trans-3638 US-7 Yamuna colonies will be provided water in 1979; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKARNDAR ARKHIT); (a) and (b) Both in the case of regularized and un-authorised colonies, water supply connection is given by the Delin Water Supply Undertaking according to their oxisting policy on payment of actual cost by the plot holders. The initial deposit is fixed at 10 per cent of the cost in the case of regularized colonies and 50 per cent in the case of residents in un-authorised colonies.

- (c) Water Supply can be provided in these colonies on payment of development charges as per the existing policy of the Deihi Water Supply & Sewage Disposal Undertaking. To augment the water supply in this area a 100 MiGD water treatment plant is being constructed in Shahdara.
- (d) Does not arise, in view of answer to (c).

Old Age Pension

3941. SHRI C. R. MAHATA, Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government proposes to provide old age pension to the people; and
- (b) if so what are the details and if not the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER); (a) There is no such proposal under examination by the Government of India.

(b) The provision of old age nensions to the people has enormous financial implications, and, as such, while it is

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certainly a programme which is of value it cannot be considered at the moment for this reason Several States are, however, already granting old are pensions

Demand for Free Wheat as Assistance to Apple Growers of HP

3942 SHRI BALAK RAM Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether an Apple growers association from Himachat Pratent association from Himachat Pratent nothritted a memoranilum to the Prime Similarier in the first week of September, 1978 demanding Central as islance in the form of free wheat till next rate force as compensation at the rate of its 20%- per apple for to the apple growers whose apples had rotterned during the heavy floods and rain.

(b) if so, action taken thereon, and

(c) steps taken or proposed to be taken to ensure free distribution of wheat till rabi season and sanction of compensation of Rs 30/- per apple box to the growers?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) No such memorandum as referred to in the question approximate to the surject strategy of the surject surjec

(b) Does 11 sesse

(c) The Stall Government of Humanical Prizeds his gainery been allocated prized by an allocated S000 MT of wheat for fee shifted the state of the st

बल्ती यें प्रामीण क्षेत्रों में बाइ

3943 भी हर गोबिय दर्मा. नया इपि भौर हिचाई मन्द्री यह कडाने की द्वपा करेंबे कि .

(क) दिल्लो के बानोज क्षेत्रा में हास ही की

बाढ़ में दिवने व्यक्ति प्रभावित हुए, (ख) क्या उन्हें मनय पर पर्माख सहस्यता दो नई पी , गौर

(ग) चरि हो, हो उन्हें दी गई महापता का स्वीत क्या है ?

कृषि कोर स्थित सबी (थी मुख्योत सिंह करनासा): (क) धीर (थ) भी हो।

 मारत भएनार ने दिल्यों के बालकरन थेंत्रों में राहुत प्रशान करने के सिए तकावी ऋष के वितरण, मामान सम्बन्धी रावनहायता तथा नतकमा द पहा-बादा की भरम्मत हुन दिल्ली प्रधासन का के द्रीय महाबता के रूप में 3 00 करोड़ रुपए शीरतम सब्देवी है। भारत गरनार ने ति प्रस्क ग्रहत के तीर पर वितरण करने का लए दिस्सी ब्रमाहन को 2000 मीटरी टन गेह भी दिया है। दिस्ती हो दाने-चार के मामले में बमी वाला अब घोषित दर दिश्च गया है। यामनासिया का विनास के प्रयोजन के लिए खोले गए 9 हिएका से बस्ते दर पर दान-पास स्प्लाई निया जा रत है। सभी बाद एसा व्यक्तिया का पनाह देने क विष करान 64 एडड जिन्दि मान दिए गए य । इन राइत शिक्षिमें में पर्याप्त सरवा में तस्य और होतदारियां भी महैंच्या के पर्दर्धा स्वतः पीडित व्यक्तिया का बाहर विकासने घोर उनके निए राजन की मण्याई बताए राजने के लिए 396 नावा (58 सिविलियन और 272 सेनिन) की व्यवस्था का बई भी । प्रम प्रयोजन के लिए 750 इसी की भी बाद पर सगाया गया था । कई स्वैच्छिक सगठनो ने बाइपीडित व्यक्तिया को पनाया हुमा भावन सम्बाह किया । दिल्ली प्रकासन ने निम्बलिधित माधा में शाबाही तथा बाह नवी वा भी वितरण क्रिया --

> हारा 9588 बेरिया भेट्ट , 5400 बारिया फल 234 बेरिया दना 59 40 स्थिटन गुष्टु 30,05 विकटम

हिस्ती तबर निगम ने 4,54,991 व्यक्तियों की हेबर रीयक टीके समाए 14,85,047 व्यक्तियां को कोगोरीवाहतीत्रका दिवर गा। दिल्ली नृतर दिवस हाय स्थापित की गई करावी किरती क्रियों ने बाद से प्रशासित की गई करावी किरती क्रियों कर भी इलाज किया। नदी के किनारे बांध को बचाने तया राधन की सप्ताई बनाए रखने के लिए सेना तथा वायसेना के जवानों को तत्काल बलाया चया । दिल्ली प्रशासन ने कन्वल (4089), रजाइवां (1591), साहियां, (4531), बार्ने (5612), जिंसमां (3569) आकेट (2052) , बर्तन, (5338) तथा विकी (3068 किलोग्राम) भी सप्साई की है। यनिसेफ भी निम्नसिखित रूप से पहल प्रदान करने के लिए सहमत हो गया है :-

15 वा ख रुपए के मत्व के खाद तवा धीज स्किस दुग्ध धर्ण ड मीटरी दन

कावल 30,000 बच्चों के कपडे 30.000

सादियां

बाटे पण है।

15,000 श्रमी तक यनिसेफ से प्राप्त 10675 कम्बल

Regularisation of Services of (Work Charged) Staff in D.D.A.

3944. SHRI HARGOVIND VERMA. Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to regularise the services of all the employees working on temporary, daily wages or work charged basis in Delhi Development Authority; and
- (b) if so, by what time and the number of employees who would be henefited?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) and (b). There are a large number of people on the work charged/daily wage rolls of the D.D.A. The D.D.A. is progressively regularising the services of work charged employees and 533 such employees have already been brought on regular establishment since 1st Décember, 1978.

Joint Consultation with Bangladesh and Nepal to Control Flood

3945 SHRI CHITTA BASU: SHRI S. R. DAMANT: SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state -

- (a) whether the Government contemplates to initiate joint consultation with Bangladesh and Nepal for flood control measures; and
- (b) if so steps taken in this direction?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) and (b). The northern tributaries of Ganga which flow from Nepal to India cause inundation and damage during floods. An agreement has been reached for jointly conducting additional investigations required for the preparation of detailed project reports for the Rabi (Bhaluhang) project in Nepal and Pancheshwar project on the Indo-Nepal border, and for examining the preliminary iss. nes with regard to the execution of Karnali project in Nepal. HMG Nepal have also been approached for cooperation in the study of the over-all problem of floods keeping in view other benefits such as irrigation and power to both the countries.

The Indian proposal for augmentation of the Ganga flows in the dry season envisages the construction of a Brahmaputra Ganga link, supplemented at the appropriate time by construction of Dihang, Subansiri and Tipaimukh reservoirs. These dams will, apart from providing large hydroelectric power and augmentation of flows, also provide considerable flood relief in the Brahmaputra and Barok (Meghna) rivers in India and Bangladesh. The Joint River Commission has undertaken preliminary study of this

to his needs.

operative societies Rule 1972 and have held in the case of S.B. Lal Vs. Regatrar of Cooperative Societies, Delhi that a member enrolled prior to 1972, can own a plot through a Cooperative House Building Society even when, ho mossess a readential unit inadequate

200

- proposal, as well as that of construction of shortage dams in India and in Acpal on th Ganga and its tributaries suggested by Bangladesh.
 - Peripherial Charges
- 3996 SHRI MANOHAR LAL WILL
 the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS
 ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI
 TATION be pleased to state
- (a) Whether he is aware that the building activities of hundreds of group Housing Building Societies in Delin have been held up in view of indifferent attitude of the DDA and unrealistic demand of charges such as peripheral services.
- (b) If so under what law/rules the peripherial charges are being demanded by the D.D.A. from Group IV Cooperative House Building Societies;
- (c) What are the recommendations of the Lokur Committee affecting Group IV Cooperative House Building Societies
- (d) What action/decision has been taken by Government on the various recommendations of Lokur Committee Report, and
- (e) Whether he would like to take the initiative to sort out the difficulties of the Housing Cooperative Societies to ease the house shortage in Delhi?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHIN SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) to (e) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabba.

Delhi Co-operative Societies Rule, 1972

- 3947 SHRI MANOHAR LAL Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI-TATION be pleased to state.
- (a) Whether it is fact that the Bigh Court of Delhi have declared Julia vires Rules 25 of the Delhi Co-

- (b) If so, why similar cases pending with the Registrar, Cooperative Societies are not being decided accordingly, and
- (c) Whether he would cors der issuing the general instructions so that all such cases are decided in accordance with the law without further delay?
- THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) to (c). Only sub-rule (2) of Rule 25 of the Delhi Coopera tive Societies Act has Leen declared ultra vires by the Delhi High Court. Consequently Rule 25 has become vo.1. This ruling of the Delhi High Court deals with the issue of membership only. However, in the perpetual lease executed with each society under the scheme of Large Scale Acquisition. Development and Disposal of land in Delhi, a provision has been incorporated to the effect that sub-leases shall be executed in favour of such menbers whose names are approved by the Lt. Governor and who or whose nopendents do not possess any house or residential plot in Delhi/New Delni/ Captenment. This condition of the lease imposed by the Lt. Governor is still hinding on members

यमुनापार क्षेत्र शाहरसा में बाद से प्रमाबित सहकों/नामियों/पासियों का रख रखाव

- 3918 को सरत कार : का निर्माण कोर बारास तथा पूर्ति कोर पुनर्वास मनी यह बनाने की कुमा करेंबे कि :
- (क) क्या यमूना पार शाहरण क्षेत्र में मरनार का बाढ़ों एक मारी वर्षा के कारण अतिप्रस्त हुई सडको, मतिया वया जानियों का सत्तात निर्माण करने बीट मरम्बद काले का विवार है; प्रोर

(छ) यदि हां, तो उस पर कितना व्ययंकरने काविकार के?

निर्माण और यावास तथा पूर्ति और पुनर्थास मंत्री (औ सिकत्वर यस्त) :(क) जी हा !

(ख) अनुमानतः सबमान 62 साख व्यए कम व्यय होने की समानता है। फिर मी, व्यथ दिल्ली अवासन द्वारा निधियों के प्रनित्न नियतन पर निर्मेर करेगा।

Houses affected by Floods in Trans Yamuna Colonies, Delhi

- 3949. SHRI SARAT KAR: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING-AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to part (a) of Unstarred Question No. 95 on 20th November, 1978 re: Trans Yamiuna Colonies Delhi affected by Floods and state:
- (a) whether Jafarabad, Shastri Park and Kaithwada colonies are also included in the trans-yamuna colonies, which had to face recent flood havoe:
- (b) whether Gautampuri and Brahmpuri colonies are not included therein:
- (c) if not, whether the nearby area; of the colonies referred to in Part (b) above were much flooded as a result of which flood water in large quantity had accumulated in Gautampuri and Brahmpuri colonies; and
- (d) if so, the reasons for not indicating the names of Gautampuri and Rrahmpuri among the flood affected colonies in the answer given to part (a) of Unstarred Q. 95, referred to above?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) to (d). The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

ठेका श्रमिकों को सेवाझों को नियमित करने के लिए भारतीय खाद्य निगम श्रमिक संय, कलकता द्वारा मांग

3950 थी उन्नसेन : नया कृष्य ग्रीर सिनाई मंत्री यह बताने की कृषा करेंगे कि :

- (कृ) क्या नारतीय धाध नियम श्रीमक संघ, कलकता के केन्द्रीय कार्यात्वय ने देश में भारतीय धाध नियम के सभी डिपुमो के सभी श्रीमकों की सेवाओं को नियमित करने की मार्ग की है;
- (ख) क्या 70,000 श्रमिको में से 12,000 श्रमिक रुके के श्राधार पर कार्य कर रहे हैं ; बाह्य हैं , तो उनके लिए सेवा नियम श्रादि न
- बनाने के नया कारण है ; श्रीर

 (ग) क्या [ंवस सच द्वारा प्रस्तुत किये गये
 माम पद की एक प्रति सभा पदल पर रही

जावेगी ?

्रकृषि और स्तिबाई मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्रो (थी। भानुप्रताप सिंह) : (क) जी, हा i

- (य) ठेका प्रीमको भी सच्या शाद गही है काम की नार्च ठेका ठेकेवार द्वारा किए जाने वार्ति काम की मार्च के प्राथा र र दिना गाता है दिनमें परिवर्तन होते रहते हैं। ठेकेवार, नगर साथ राद काम को मार्च ते धावार र दिनों को स्थान पर एकते हैं और सेना की सार्च के दिनी हैं थीकि ठेकेवार तथा उनके प्रीमेश के की भी धावार र होती हैं। क्योंकि ठेकेवार डास काम पर पर्दे पर्द होती हैं। क्योंकि ठेकेवार डास काम पर पर्दे पर्द बाति ए उनके सिद्दा की स्थानी की स्थान के ब्राह्म की होते हैं। क्योंकि ठेकेवार डास काम पर पर्दे पर्दाह्म की प्राथा के अर्चवारी होते होते हैं इतिहास उनके सिद्दा की स्थानी निषमों के बनाने का प्राथा होते होते हैं
- (ग) यूनियन के 30 सम्बूबर, 1978 के "मांग-पत्त" की एक प्रति सन्ता पटल पर रही की है। प्रित्यालय में रखा गया। देखिये संख्या एस दो—3096/78]

Kutch Under Desert Development Programme

- 3951. SHRI ANANT DAVE: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IR-RIGATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether three talukas of Kutch District of Gujarat State have been taken under the desert development scheme;
- (b) whether the talukas Rahapur and Khadir and Khavada are just adjoining the Rann of Kutch; and

(c) how much amount out of central grant, is to be utilised for this scheme and when?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRA TAP SINGH) (a) Yes, Sir talukas of Kutch viz., Abdasa, Nakhtrana and Lakhpat have been taken under the Desert Development Pro gramme from the current year

- (b) Rahapur, Khadir and Khayada are adjoining to the Rana of Kutch.
- (c) Dunns 1977 78 central grant of Rs. 45 lakbs was released to the Gov ernment of Guiarat for areas covered under the Programme Dunng 1978 79 Rs 285 lakks have been allocated to the State

Water Supply Scheme in Gujarat

- 3952 SHRI ANANT DAVE the Minister of WORKS AND HOUS-ING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILI TATION be pleased to state
- (a) whether any proposal from Gujarat State for quick water supply scheme is pending before the Central Government.
- (b) whether it is true that if this scheme of Rs 200 lakhs would not be passed the villages of backward district will not get the drinking water at Kutch and other district and
- (c) when we have taken up the pro gramme to supply the drinking water as early as possible why this proposal is not passed?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) to (c) Government of Gujarat has requested that its alloca tion of grant-in aid during the current year under the Centrally sporsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme should be increased from Rs. 2 crores to Rs. 5 crores to enable it to cover more problem villages un-

der the Programme That Govern ment has not mentioned any specific villages in Kutch and other districts of the State for inclusion in the Programme The request of the State Government is under consideration,

Subsidy to small and marginal farmers

3953 SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N PATIT.

SHRI R. K. MAHALGI

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased state :

(a) whether there are large variations in the rates of subsidy for agri culture inputs and other programme items for small and marginal farmers in Agriculture including soil conservation, irrigation and Animal Husbandry sectors under the scheme in State plan and Central Sector Schemes.

- (b) 1 so, programme, item and work-wise, and rates of subsidy. Statewise under the State plan and various Central Schemes, and
- (c) steps taken to rationalise subsidy pattern for small and marginal farmers allowing flexibility for local conditions?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUA TURE AND IRRIGATION SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) 10 (c) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha

Skim powder, butter oil and butter under World Food Programme

2954, SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N

PATIL

SHRI VASANT SATHE

Will the Minister of AGRICITI-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) the total quantity of skim milk powder and butter oil received under WFP up to 31st March, 1978 and its sale value in rupees and whether the money accured from its sale has been reflected in the budget of Government of India:

- (b) if not, the reasons therefor; and
- (c) what are the sources from which NDDB received gift milk powder, butter oil and butter (furnish) along with the quantity and value for each of the items?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHE) SURJIT SINGH BARNAIA (* (a) A folal quantity of 1,00,688 MT skm milk powder and \$4,570 MT butter oil was received from WFP under Oceration Flood Programme up to 31.3-1978. The sale proceeds were R3. 300,30,340 27 which has not been reflected in the budget of the Government of India.

(b) It was decided by the Government that the Indian Dairy Corporation will utilise the generated funds through the sale of WFP gift comme dities for implementation of WFP assisted Operation Flood Programme.

(c) National Dairy Development Board has not received milk powrer, butter oil and butter as gift.

Donation from Ford Foundation to National Dairy Development Board

3955. SHRI VIJAY KUMAR N.

SHRI RAMJI LAL SUMAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the amount of donation received from Ford Fundation and other foreign Organisation and Agencies by National Dairy Development, Board; and
 - (b) details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SUBJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) and (b). The National Dairy Development Board has received the following assistance from foreign Organisations and Agencies:—

(i) Ford Foundation for project formulation	U.S. \$ 1,15,270°C0
(ii) Royal Dunish Govt. for establishment of Dairy Developmenk Centre at Anand	Rs. 13,00,600*00
(iii) Equipment from UNICEF for the Dairy Development Centre at Anand	Rs. 3,26,160.53
(iv) Tetrapak Equipment	
(a) M/s. Fetrapak Ltd	Rs. 12,91,123:00
(v) Royal Danish Govt. (a) 50 Nos Jersey Heifers and 2 Nos. Bulls Rs. 6,06,800-00 } (b) For Equipment Rs. 93,526-22 }	Rs. 7,60,326-22
(vi) Royal Danish Govt. for Establishment of a Veterinary diagnostic la- boratory and disease surveillance unit at Anand.	Rs. 2,00,000.00
(vii) Royal Danth Govt. for expansion of Dairy Development Cen- tre at Anand	Rs. 52,00,000-00
(mi) Royal Danish Govt. for Laboratory and Audio-visual Equipment for Dairy Davelopment Centre at Anand	Rs. 5,00,000'70

Written Auswers (c) if not, whether ,socio-economic survey will be conducted and the colony will be regularised, and if not, the reasons in details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHA BILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) No. Sir.

(b) There is no proposal for giving central assistance for this purpose

(c) A socio economic survey of the colony is to be conducted and the colony will be regularised in accordance with Governments general orders on the subject

Provision of drinking water in Vishwas Nagar, Shahdara, Delhi

3959 SHRI HALIMUDDIN AHMED Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to refer to the reply given to Unstarred Question No 64 dated 20th November, 1978 regarding provision of drinking water in Vishwas Nagar Shahdara, Delhi and state

(a) whether Government proposo to give main water line in the locality and only when the water line is given. the development charges will be realised from those who will take water connections as has been done in case of electricity lines, and

(b) if so, when these people will be given drinking water and the reasons for not going the the whetness thereof?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKliT) (a) No. Sir

(b) The work of laying water mains is to be taken in hand only when the plot holders have deposited about 50 per cent of the total estimated cost. There are about 500 unauthorised cclonies. The investment required for providing services in these colonies is so large that it will necessarily take time

बाधायकों के बेतनमानों के बारे में कोठारी बायोग शा प्रतिवदन

3960 थी चतर्भन • क्या शिक्षा, समाज करणाच और सम्हति मेदी यह बतान की प्रपा करेंग्रे कि

(क) बना यह सब है कि धप्र्यापकों के बेतनमान। के बारे में कोठारी घायोग ने घपना प्रतिबंदन दे दिया है तथा प्राथमिन, माध्यमिक भीर कानेज के बस्यापकों के बेतनसान जनग 1, 2 भीर 3 के मनुपात स रखने की सिपारिम को है, मोर

(ख) बदि हा, हो उस सम्बाध में सरकार ने स्पा कार्यशही भी है?

शिक्षा, समाज कल्याण घौर संस्कृति मतालय में पान्य मती (थीमती रेणका देवी बरकटकी) ' (क) और (ख) शिक्षा भाषीय (कीठारी धायीय) ने सबर्पाधीर धनपाता सहित धनेक शामान्य सिदानों को सिफारिश की बी जिनके धनगर मध्यापकों के बेदन निर्धारित किए जाने चाहिए। विस्त्विद्यालयों धौर कालेज ध्रम्यापको के लिए विस्वविद्यालय प्रनुदान भागोग द्वारा शिपारिष निए गए नए वेतनमान धीर जो भारत सन्नार द्वाच स्त्रीकार कर लिये यए हैं, सामान्यत इन सिरधान्तों के धनस्य है। कडीय सरनार मधीव प्राथमिक तथा माध्यमिक स्वूत बाब्यापकों के लिए तीसरे बेतन बाबाग हारा सिपारिय किए गए वेतनमान भी सगमन शिक्षा भारीय द्वारा निर्दारित सामाय विद्वान्ता की रूपरेवा के अन्दर ही हैं। उहां तक राज्या में स्वान प्रध्यापकों के वतनगानी का सबग्र है. संबंधित यान सरवार समय समय पर इन्हें परिशोधित बनती रही है और निस्सन्देह उन्होंने शिक्षा प्रायोग **दी सिकारियों पर ध्यान दिया होगा ।**

क्रिशा द्वायोग की स्त्रीज्य सिफारिया राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा मीति (1968) क ग्रंबल्य में शामिल नी गई थी । प्राप्यापनी की स्थिति, बेतन श्रीर निका को भी इस सहत्य में एवं महत्वपूर्ण स्वान दिया गया है इसमें कहा गया है कि ---

(क) राष्ट्रीय विकास में शिक्षा की कोटि और इसके योगदान की निश्चित करने बावे सभी धत्वो में नि म देह शिक्षक सबसे प्रधिव महत्वपूर्ण है। सभी वैक्षित प्रशासों की सफलता धन्तत शिक्षक के वैयक्तिक गुणा और वरित्र, उसको सैक्षिक योग्यताओं और य्यावसायिक दक्षता पर निर्भर करती है। इसलिए शिक्षको वा नमाज में सम्मानजनक स्थान दिया जाना चाहिए। उनकी परिलब्बियां भीर मन्य सेवा शरी उनको बोम्यतामों भौर विम्मेदारियों को ध्यान में रखते हुए पर्यान्त क्षपा सन्तोपजनक होनी वारिए ३

- (स्र) स्वतंत्र रूप से ग्रध्यवन करने तथा प्रपने शोध कार्यों को प्रकाशित करने श्रीर महत्वपूर्ण राष्ट्रीय तथा बनाराँच्टीय विषयों पर बोलने तथा लिखने के संबंध में शिक्षकों को शैक्षिक स्वतवता की रक्षा की जानी बाहिए ।
- (ग) ग्रध्यापक, शिक्षा विशेषकर सेवा-कालीन शिक्षा पर यथोचित व्यान दिया जाना चाहिए ।

इस संबाल्य में होने बाली प्रगति को प्रत्येक पांच धर्मों में समीक्षा करने की व्यवस्था है सार्कि भावी विकास के लिए मार्बदर्शी रूपरेखाएं दैवार की जो धकें । वर्तमान सरकार ने कार्वभार संमालने के बाद इस नीति की संशोधित करने के उद्देश से समीक्षा कार्य प्रारंभ व्हिया । विभिन्न शैक्षिक प्राधिकारियों तथा राज्य सरकारों से पराभर्व किया गया है और सरकार से शिक्षा के संबंध में एक राष्ट्रीय नीति का प्रारुप तैयार किया है जिसे खब म्रतिम रूप दिया जा रहा है। प्राशा है कि सरकार इस नीति के प्रारुप को बीध ही चंसद के समक्ष प्रस्तुत कर देंगी ।

दिल्लो विकास प्राधिकरण में निधियों का र्द्धितियोजन

3961. भी चतुर्मुज: क्या निर्माण धीर श्रावास तथा पूर्ति श्रीर पुनर्जास मंत्री यह दताने की अधा करेंचे कि :

- (क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 6 जन, 1978 के नवभारत टाइम्स में "दिल्ली विकास प्राधिकरण में सात करीड़ रुपये के घोटाने पर पदि" श्रीपँक से प्रकाशित समाचार की स्रोर दिलाया गया है
- (छ) यदि हां, तो इस पर सरकार की क्या प्रतिकियां है ?

निर्माण श्रौर श्रावास तथा पूर्ति श्रीर पुनर्वास मंत्री (श्री सिकन्दर बएत) : (क) ग्रीर (छ). सचना एकब की जा रही है तथा समा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी ?

दुध का उत्पादन

3962. श्री चतुर्मुंज : क्या कृषि और विचाई मंत्री यह बताने को कृपा करेंगे कि :

- (क) अर्थ 1977-78 में प्रति व्यक्ति दूध का उत्पादन कितना उहा :
- (व) स्था सरकार ने अनले वर्ष के लिए दूध के श्रीसत उत्पादन का घषिक नक्ष्य रवा हैं; मौर
 - (ग) ऑद हां. तो वे सब्य स्था है ?

- कृषि भ्रौर सिचाई मेन्रो (श्री मुरनीत सिंह बरनाला) : (क) योजना बायोग ने 1977-78 में द्रध के उत्पादन का अवसान 275 लाख मोटरी टन सगाया है। इस प्रकार प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को प्रति दिन 120.4 ग्राम हम दन उपलब्ध होने का अन्मान लगाया है। तैयापि इस सबंध में कोई सर्वेक्षण नहीं किया गया है।
- (ख) तया (ग), मोजना प्रायोग में 355 साख मीटरी टन के सध्य की रिफारिश को है. विसे छटी योजना के घत तक प्राप्त किया जाना है । बाबाधी वर्ष के लिए कोई सक्य निर्धारित नही किया गया है।

Production of Groundant Seed

3963. SHRI AMARSINH V. RATHA-WA: Will the Minister of AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government have set up any institution to increase the production of groundnut seeds in the country to meet the increasing demand of vegetable oil; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION SURJIT SINGH BARNALA); (a) An All India Coordinated Research Project for the improvement of oil seeds in the country has been operating at several centres since the IV Five Year Plan Period. In that a substantial effort has been made to improve groundnut cultivation in the country.

- In addition, it has been decided to establish a National Groundnut Research Centre at Junagarh and it is expected to start functioning from 1-1-1979.
- (b) The National Groundnut Research Centre to be located at Junagarh at an estimated cost of Rs. 77.00 lakhs for a period of five years will have the following research objectives directed at improving the yield potential of groundnut in the country:
 - Collecting and cataloguing available genetic resources groundnut.

- 2 Evaluation of the germplasmacreening for pests, diseases and stress conditions
- 3 Generating variability through recombination breeding or through other means
- 4 Supply of segregating material in early generations to different groundnut breeding centres under Coordinated Onlseed Project and other State Governments for breading varieties suitable to different agroclimatic situations :
- 5 Investigation of physiological problems both basic as well as applied nature
- 6 Undertakıng fundamental research on Cytological, Cytogenetic and other aspects .
- 7 Studies on Post-harvest technology with particular reference to aflatoxin contamination and other related problems
- 8 Analysis of oil cic., for evaluating breeding material and stabilised cultures
 - 9 Studies on Rhizobium cultures

Sea-erosion in Kerala, Tamulnadu and Andhra Pradsh

2964 SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA

SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK

SHRIG M BANATWALLA

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased

(a) what is extent of loss due to 9'a erosion in Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh during the last three rearn year-wise:

- (b) what is the assessment made by the study teams of the Central Covernment in this regard.
- (c) the quantum of assistance given to those Sistes to check sea erosion quring these periods, and
- (d) whether the assistance has been properly utilised and if so, the defails thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ACRICUL TURE AND IRRIGATION SURJIT SINGH BARNALA): (a) Loss due to sea-erosion in Kerala during 1977 has been intimated; as Rs. 250 crores on account of damage to Coconut plantations, houses and house sites and to protective works No loss has been reported due to seaerosion for other years in Kerala, nor in Tamil Nadu and Andhra Pradesh,

(b) and (c). In addition to the loan assistance extended to Kerala towards anti-sea erosion works, advance plan assistance has also been allocated The amount allotted during the last three years were'

, 1*		Loan Assistance	Advance Plan Amstance
1978-79 .		(Tentaure)	67
1977 78 .		267	33
1976-77 .	•	t75 (111 Rs	lakhs)

(d) So far, out of a total length of 320 Lins affected by sea erosion in Kerala, the sea-well has been constructed on a length of about 200 Km at an expenditure of Rs. 28 crores, of which the Central loan assistance is Rs 11 crores

Meetings of Chief Ministers to discuss A.P.C. Recommendations

3965, SHRI SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA:

> SHRI MIKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:

Will the Minister of AGRICUL-THRE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a meeting of all the Chief Ministers of States was held in New Delhi recently to discuss the recommendations of the Agricultural Prices Commission: and
- (b) is so, the names of Chief Ministers who participated in the meeting and decisions arrived at?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAP SINGH); (a) and (b). Chief Ministers of ten wheat producing States, namely, Punjab, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, U.P., Rajasthan, Bihar, J & K, Maharashtra. Guiarat and West Bengal were invited. The report of the Agricultural Prices Commission on the Rabi Policy for 1979-80 marketing season was discussed and their views ascertained. No decisions as such were taken at this meeting.

Draw for Allotment of Plots in Pitamnura Residentiai Scheme, Delhi

- 3966, SHRI KACHARULAL HEM-RAJ JAIN: Will the Minister WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUP-PLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state:
- (a) whether the D.D.A. is going to hold a draw of plots of land for low income group people in the near future in Pitampura Residential Scheme of D.D.A.:

- (b) whether the basic amenities like, sewer, drinking water and electricity roads etc. have since been prouded there: and
- (c) if not the justification of allotting plots of land and collecting money from the most people when these basic facilities have not yet been provided there?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT): (a) Yes, Sir,

- (b) Some of the basic amenities have already been provided and the remaining facilities are being providea soon.
- (c) The draw of lots is being only after calling for options from the eligible persons. So far, 1305 persons have themselves opted for allotment of plots in Pitampura and they are pressing hard for holding the draw at the earliest

Wheat lying at Rallway Stations hetween Delhi and Ahohar

3967. SHRI HARI VISHNU KA-MATH: Will the Minister of AGRI-CULTURE AND IRRIGATION pleased to state:

- (a) whether his attention has been drawn to an editorial article in the Madhya Pradesh Chronicle, Bhonai of October, 14, 1978, alleging "Callous neglect of Foodgrains lying in the open. unhonoured unmourned and unsung, exposed to the vagaries of the weather", "thousands of bags of wheat were lying totally uncared for at the siding of almost every Railway Station between Delhi and Abohar (Punjab)" and "there is plenty wheat in the country which is now unable to cope with it because of lack of transportation and storage facilities";
- (b) whether the aloresaid allegations are true and correct; and

(c) if so the details of corrective and remedial action taken or propos ed to be them in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ACRICILITURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI PHANU PRATAF SINGH) (3) No, for it is not a fact that; thousands of bags of wheat were lying totally uncared to stidings of almost every. Barbary vitation between Delbi and Abobar Foodgrains are stacked on Rinivary platforms/stidings duly protected during the process of loading etc.

(b) No Sir

(c) The position in regard to transportation of foodgrains and storage facilities is kept under constant watch and remedial measures are taken promptly as and when necessars to avoid losses.

Construction of Janata Houses in Pifampura Residential Scheme Delhi

2963 SHRI SHIV SAMPATI RAM
Will the Minister of WORKS AND
HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to state

- (a) the number of Janata Houses under construction in (i) Pitanipura Pendential Scheme and (ii) Shalimar Bagh by the DDA, and
- (b) when the construction of these is likely to be completed and when these houses are proposed to be allot ted or sold?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRIT SIKANDAR BAKHT) (a) 812 flats are under construction in Pitampura Rendential Scheme, while 134 data are under construction in Shahmar Bagh

(b) 144 houses are likely to be completed by March 1873 in the

Plannyra Residential Scheme and 622 by March 1890 All the 1348 flats in Shahmar Bagh are expected to be completed by March, 1890 This profection is subject to availability of material and funds. These houses are proposed to be alfolded after they are constructed.

Lonference of Agriculture Secretary and Commissioners on Land Reforms

3959 SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRISHNAN Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION be pleased to state

(a) whether a Conference of State Agriculture Secretaries and Commissioners was recently held in Deibi which has recommended for land reforms particularly for safeguarding the interest of SC & ST.

(b) if so details therein, and

(c) steps proposed to be taken in consultations with the State Covern trent on the lines recommended there

THE MINISTER OF AGRICUL-TURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) (a) A conference of the Secretaries of the Agriculture and Tribal Welfare Departments of selected States having concen tration of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes population was held on the 22nd and 23rd November, 1978 in the Ministry of Home Affairs The meeting was presided over by Secretary (Agriculture and Rural Development). It discussed the approach towards development programmes in agriculture and allied sectors in respect of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes No recommendation on land reforms has been made by the conference

(b) and (c) Do not arise '

Correspondence Course by Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board

3970. SHRI RASHEED MASOOD: Wilt the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board has started any correspondence course in Urdu; and
 - (b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKATA-KI): (a) and (b), A scheme of teaching Urdu through correspondence course has been formulated by Bureau for Promotion of Urdu which functions as the Secretariat of Taraqqi a Urdu Board. The scheme envisages two types of correspondence courses, namely, (i) a certificate course equivalent to standard VIII; and (ii) a diploma course equivalent to standard X (matric). The duration of each course will be 12 months. The implementation of the scheme is expected to be taken up next year.

Publication and Sale of books by Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board

3971. SHRI RASHEED MASOOD: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state;

- (a) how many books in Urdu have neen published so far by the Taraqqie-Urdu Board;
- (b) what is the sale position of every book and what is the number of each title lying unsold; and
- (c) what is the number of staff in the Board dealing with the job of publication and sale of books?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE.
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL
WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKATAthe Table of the House [Placed in:
Library. See No. LT-3087/78].

- (b) A statement giving the sale and stock position of each title is faid on the Table of the House [Placed in E-Foc8 shrdlu cmfwyp cmfwypwyy
- (c) The Bureau has a total staff strength of 38 persons. Most of them are dealing with various aspects involved in the publication and sale of books through internal arrangement.

Technical Assistant to Chairman of Taraggi-e-Urdu Board

3972 SHRI RASHEED MASOOD: Will the Minister of EDULATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether there is any post of Technical Assistant to the Chairman" in the Taraqqi-e-Urdu Board;
- (b) if so, why it has been lying vacant;
- (c) since which date it has been lying vacant;
- (d) what are the reasons for this position; and
 - (e) when the post will be filled up?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRI-MATI RENUKA DEVI BARAKAT-KI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (e). Do not arise.

वादन का उत्पादन और झादाद

3973 थी राजेब कुमार शर्मा: करा हाँव स्रोर सिवाई मती यह बतारे नी हपा नरेंग कि

- (ac) ब्या देश में चीवल के उत्पादन में कमी है है है
- (ख) दम इमकी कभी को दूर करते के तिए विशेशा स पावल का माणात करने का निर्मय किया गग है।
 - (ग) पदि हा तो नियको ने चायत की क्तिनी माता ना सामान निया आयेगा : मौर
 - (थ) प्राथानित जानम भागन में कब पहुचना ?

कृषि भीर सिवाई महातव में शब्द मही (श्री मान प्रताप सिंह) : (क) वी नहीं उपनन्ध धारहा के धनुमार वर्ष 1977-73 में चावत ना उत्पादन 527 माख भीटरी टन या वर्षक वर्ष 1976-27 में 419 बाद्य मीटरी टन हमा था । वर 1978-79 के तिए चादल के उलाइर रू प्रारुड रूपि क्य की मन्नान्ति पर किमी समय उपलब्ध हावे ।

- (ख) देश में चावन की कोई समी नहां है घीर न हा चावल का पायात करने का बोई विवाद है।
 - (व) घोर (घ) प्रस्त हो नहीं बढते ।

रिस्ती दुग्ध योजना को दूध को ब्रावश्यकता

3974 भी राजेड कुवर समी कृषि धोर सिवाई मधी यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे

- (क) दिल्ली में दूध की मार्गे को पूरा करने के तिए दिल्ली रूग्य वाजना की कितनी पविरिक्त माता में दूध की मानश्यकता है ,
- (ध) हान में दूध क मूस्प में बृद्धि ने बाद दिल्ली दुग्ध यावना में ने कितनी महिक माला में इव प्राप्त किया , न/
- (ग) वदा दिल्ली हुम्बं योजना पर्याप्त माता में हुए प्राप्त नहां कर सका है क्योंकि दिल्ली के । मानगत लित नारवाने दरी नाता में दूध की जपयोग करते हैं , मीर

- (प) पवि हां, तो दिल्हों में दूध को गण्माई करने के निष्ट सतायजनक व्यवस्था करने हेत् प्या नार्वनहीं की जा छी है ?
- कृषि और सिचाई मत्री (भी सुरबोत नित बरनाता (क) दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना प्रोत दित मधिक में इधिक 3 75 सार्च विसर इध समालन के लिए बनाइ गई है। यह दिल्ला में दूख की समया मान को सकेने पूरी नहां कर यकती है।
- (ख) दिल्ली दुग्ध योजना ने 2 मई, 1978 में दूध ना नित्रय मूल्य सराधित कर दिया है। दिली दुख वाजना द्वारा खरीद जाने बास दुव की माबा पर बिक्रम बल्पों के समाधन या कोड प्रमाव नहीं पढ़ा है ।
- (ग) बहु सब है कि यदि ध्रम्य क्षेत्रों में कार्ड प्रतिस्पर्धान हा, ता दिस्ती हुम्छ सादना मधिक माता में दूध मुहैया वर सकेगा।
- (घ) पडोनी साथ डेरी निगमो । सधीं के माध्यम से बाद्धे माता में दूध की मण्याई प्राप्त करने के लिए सवानार प्रवास विष् का रह
 - राजस्थान में बाद भौर मुखे के कारण श्रधाव की विश्वति
- 3975 थी एस॰ एस॰ सोमानी ९३। हि मीर सिचाई मही यह बताने नी हपा नरेंगे कि
 - (क) क्या घट्याधिक वर्षा, बाढ मीर मृश्ने के नारण राजस्थान के लगभग 10 हजार गावा में मभाव की स्थिति उत्पन्न हो रही है।
 - (ख) क्या बन्दीय मरकार को इस बारे में यनस्थान सरकार ने रिज़ीट प्राप्त हुई है , और
- (ग) यदि हा, तो इस पर सरवार की क्या प्रतिशिक्ष है ?
- इवि और सिवाई भन्नी (श्री मुख्जीत सिह बरनात) . (क) तथा (य) राजस्थान सरनार से प्राप्त सुबना के धनुमार मत्याधिक वर्षो, बाह तया पपर्योप्त वर्षा हे नारण 24 हिलों भी 12 9 वहमीलों के 10 766 ग्राम प्रभावत्रस्त हो गए हैं।
- (ग) घगस्त, 1978 में राजस्थान *भार*नार के बनुरोध पर एक केंद्रीय दल ने राज्य में बाद में उत्पन्न स्थिति राजायगा लिया था। केन्द्रीय दत समा सहत सम्बद्धी उन्दर्भन्तरीय समिति सी निफारियों के बाधार पर भारत मरवार ते बाढ के बारण होने बाते प्रधिक धर्म को पूरा रहने के

लिए 9.58 करोड़ रूपए की प्रक्रिम बोजवा-महायवा हा आवंटन किया है । इसके अविधिन तरकार ने निकल्प चहत के स्था में बितरण के सिए 7000 मीटरी टेन गेंड भी नियस्त किया ð í

Drinking Water Schemes

3976. SHRI S. S. SOMANI: Will Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION be pleased to state;

- (a) what is the number of villages covered under the rural and urban drinking water scheme during last three years in each State: and
- (b) what is the expenditure incurted on the scheme during the above period in each State?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR

BAKHT): (a) and (b). Provision of drinking water to urban and rural areas is the responsibility of the State/Union Territory Government and funds for the same are provided in the State Sector of the Plan.

However, to accelerate the pace of provision of drinking water in problem villages, the Government of India started a Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme from 1977-78 under which 100 per cent grant-in-aid is being given to States and Union Territories for implementation of drinking water supply schemes in problem villages identified in 1971-72. Information regarding the number of villages covered and the expenditure incurred under the State Plan during the last three years (1975-76 to 1977-78) and under the Centrally Sponsored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme during the year 1977-78 is given in the attached Statement.

Statment

Water Supply in Rural areas-No. of pillages concred and the expenditure incurred during 1975-76 to 1973-78 under the State Plan and during 1977-78 under the Centrally Spansored Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme

51. No.	Name of th	. C.	uls Fo	ion 1	Familio		State Plan 19	1975-76 to C	Centrally Sponsored ARWS Programme 1977-78	
		5 5141			e cagnio	.,	No. of villages covered (as re- ported)	Expenditure incurred (Rs. in lakhs	villages	Expenditure incurred (Rs. in [lakhs)
1			2				3	4	5	6
ı	Andhra Fra	desh					4,182	1077-00	200	150-32
2	Assam .						1,415	614.02	54	49.88
3	Bihar .						7,506	1047-96	1,417	540-40
4	Gujarat						1,158	1579*54	212	350-00
5	Нагуапа						222	451.25	66	151.24
6	Himachal P	rades	fi.				421	425173	308	220*08
7	Jammu & 8	Lashin	úr			٠.	422	832-80	23	150-80
8	Karnataka		-			:	12,974	2546.00	stı	140-00

	,	· ź			3	1	5	6
g Kerala					1,143	E ₅₅ 53	6	101 9
to Madhya Pr	adesh				6,071	1281 63	50	256 8
1 Maharashtr	a				9.915	2195 3£	618	312 5
2 Manspur				•	29	124.73	3	43.2
3 Meghalaya					90	211 03		19*3
14 Negaland)					93	305*17	`3	75 9
5 Orista			•		7,750	728 95	1,658	180 00
t6 Punjab					83t	1432*40	t43	161+29
7 Raiaithan					2,180	2295 96	150	250 00
9 Sikkum					336	46.03		35-97
9 Tamil Nadu					19,870	2717 53	124	215 00
ю Торига					1,010	89 28	18 4	60 37
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3 Chandigarh	Ţ!			Ċ	3~	*/4*4/		6 77
4 Dadra & Na	gar Havel	.,				7 86	•	••
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6 "Goa, Damas	& Dia				90	63 26		•
7 Labhadwee	P				-	1.26		••
8 Vizoram					52	159 24		14 80
g Pondicherry					. 58	52128	••	B1 01
		TOT	AL		96,931	25975,10 .	6,509	3956 76
siern sea-dyl 3977 PROF e Minister of iRUGATION i (a) whither nirent has be	SAMAI AGRIC De pleas	GU ULT ed to	HA JRE stat	Will AND te:	that the I proce (b) dyke ed w	November, 1 io-mile sea-d British Gove ss of being if so, wheth if destroyed the cause des- people of C	yke built ernment is destroyed, her the pro or seriously astalion to	arlier by a m the sent sea- y damag- the land

Bay of Bengal,

227 Written Answers DECEMBER 18, 1978 Written Answers 228

- (c) if 30, whether Government will immediately enquire about the extent of threat posed to the already damaged sea-dyke:
- (d) whether Government will take immediate steps for its necessary repair and reconstructions and
 - (e) if so, facts thereahout?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJET SINGH BARNALA); (a) to (e). The State Government have intimated that damages occur to the eastern seadyke during cyclonic storms in the area, and that normal repairs and routine maintenance are carried out every year. Special repairs were undertaken in 1973-74. The State Government have also initimated that there is no threat at present. The State Government have prepared a comprehensive scheme for anti-seaerosion works in vulnerable reaches along the sea coast in West Bengal including the portion in district of Midnapore.

Repairs of New Moti Nagar quarters, Delhi

- 3978, SHRI NATVERLAL B. PAR-MAR: Will the Minister of WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND REHABILITATION be pleased to . state:
- (a) whether essential repairs in New Moti Nagar Quarters, which were allotted by DDA in 1976, have not been carried out inspite of repeated representations made by the people living there:
- (b) whether almost in all the quarters and particularly in B Block quarters, the flush and staircase are 'in a bad condition;
- (c) whether assurance was given by the DDA at the time of allotment that all the repairs will be carried out in a short period; and
- (d) if so, the reasons for delay in carrying out repairs, and the time by which the work will be completed?

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR EAKHT). (a), (c) and (d). No assurance about reparis was given at the time of allotment. The repairs have already been taken in hand by the Slum Department of the Municinal Corporation of Delhi and are likely to be completed within three or four months.

(b) Yes, Sir.

Translation of technical and Science hooks

3979. SHRI A. K. ROY: Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is the policy of the Government to impart education upto the highest level in mother tongue: if so the progress made in this direction till the date;
- (b) whether it is a fact that the dearth of books in Indian languages for nost graduate studies in mother tongue is the main bottleneck in this direction:
- (c) whether it is a fact that no move has been taken by the Government for translation or writing of the standard basic, technical and Science books: and

(d) if 30, whether Government propose to take some positive steps in this matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE RENUKA (STRIMAT) BARAKATAKI): (a) to (d). In accordance with the Constitutional directive, efforts are being made to impart education at primary level in mother tengue. As many as 52 languages are being used for imparting instruction at primray and secondary level at present. Action is also being taken to ensure increasing use of re-

gional languages as medium of instruction in higher education However, the lack of adequate number of standard books in regional languages is a handrean in this respect In various schemes were miby the Government prepare and publish as well as production of standard encourage books original as well as translation at university level in regional languages About 4800 books have already been produced under the Scheme for production of university level books through Granth Akademies, Textbooks Boards These are in adition to books produced under other schemes such as Bureau for promotion of Urdu production of books through Commission for Scientific and Technical Terminology. NBT. schemes of subsidy, U G C fellowship schemes etc.

मतियों हे बगर्जी का रख रखात

3980. थी हुक्मरेश नारायण यारव क्या निर्माण मोर भाषात तथा पूर्वि भीर पुरवांस मंत्री यह बताने की छमा करेंग्र कि

(क) बनता मरकार क महन क समय से उन महिला तथा पान्न भतिमा के नाम क्या है कर्मन क्या में स्मीनर तनाम मया, हतक बनन पर कितनी पति मने हैं भी द उनका विवास हिएसा निक्षांति दिया गया , और

(य) इन वगना के रख रखाव के लिए निम्हा किए जा कर्मधारियों तथा उनके बेतन तथा भर्तों पर प्रति साथ अर्च नी गई राशि अम्बन्धी उपरोक्त प्रकार का स्थीर क्या है?

निर्माण और प्रावास क्या पूर्त थोर नुवर्दास मत्री (भी सिडम्पर बढ़ा) (क) तथा (छ) अमेशित सुबना एकब की जा रही है तथा सथा पटल पर स्थारी जाएगी।

Rendriya Vidyalayas

- 3 3981 SHRI VASANT SATHE Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SO-CIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state
- (a) State-wise distribution of Kendriya Vidyalayas as in the beginning of the current year and estimated number of Central Government employees in the States,

- (b) whether Government have received representation; for establishment of Kendrya Vidyalayas and strengthening of examing ones and details of such proposals received during the last 18 month, and plan and allocation of (unds for expansion of Kendrya Vidyalayas in relatively backward areas with less educational facilities.
- (c) whether Government are considering restructuring of Kendriya Vidyalayas in the light of representations made,
- (d) whether teachers and officials of the Organisation who have sought redressal of their grievances through Members of Parliament are being harasied and their service records spouled,
- (e) if so, list of such cases during the last 18 months and case-wire action taken, and
- (f) policy of Government regarding redressal of grievances through Members of Parliament?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI RENUKA DEWY BARAKATAKI) (a) There were 242 Kendrya Vidyalayas at the beginning of the current year State-wase distribution of the Kendrya Vidyalayas ig the property of the Table of the House [Fleed in Lubrary See No. LT-3098/73] State-wise distribution of Central Government employees is not available.

(b) and (c) During the last 13 mounts, the Kendriya Vidyalayas Sangathan received 86 proposals/requests from various departments of Central and State Governments and representatives/associations of the Central Government employees for establishment of Kendriya Vidyalayas at civil/defence statuns and 40 proposals from various Public Sector Undertakings The details of Kendriya Vidyalayas strengthened during the last 18 months are given in Statement II lasd on the Table of the

233 Written Answers AGRA

House. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3098/178].

The Government does not have any plan proposals or allocation of funds for expansion of Kendriya Vidyalayas in relatively backward areas with less educational facilities for the scheme of Kendriya Vidyalayas is meant for the children of transferable Central Government employees whose education is disrupted due to frequent transfers of their parents from one linguistic region to another.

- (d) No. Sir.
- (e) Does not arise.
- (f) The work and conduct of employees of the Kendriya Vidyialwas Sangathan is regulated within the frame-work of well-defined service colditions and the code of conduct pre-cribed for them. The representations and appeals received through the prescribed channels for the redressal of grievances are dealt with on merit in accordance with the rules of the Sanzathan.

यापात स्पिति के दीरान दिल्थी विकास प्राधि-करण केपतेटों केश्रोबंटन में श्रनियमितताएँ

3952 थी गींग चसत विह : स्या निर्माण, श्रीर सातास तथा दुनि सीर पुग्यांस मजे प्राणात स्थिति के दीरान दिल्ली विद्यान प्राधिकरण के पर्वटों के आबदन में स्रानियमितताओं के बारे में देन कुताई, 1978 के पतायोक्त प्रका संस्था 1126 के उत्तर से सम्बंध में यह स्वाने की कुमा करों कि:

(क) क्या प्रमेशित जानकारी इस बीच एकत कर मी नई है ;

् (ख) बदि हाँ, तो तत्सम्बन्धी व्यौरा स्पा है ; प्रीर

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इनके क्या कारण वें ?

्र निर्माण प्रीर प्राचान तथा पूर्ति ग्रीर पुनर्वात भंकी (श्री सिक्स्चर बरत) : (रु) ग्रीर (प). मुक्ता शनी तक एरत्र नहीं की गई है ।

(व) यह बड़ा विस्तीर्ण कार्य हे और प्रत्येक फाइल को कड़ीसालि देखना पटेगा । Closure of Rao Tula Ram College, Belbi

3983. DR. BIJOY MONDAL

SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK:

SHRI G. M. BANATWALLA:

Will the Minister of EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE be pleased to state.

- (a) whether Government have seen the press reports in the Indian Express dated the 30th November, 1978 wherein it has been stated that Rao Tula Ram College, New Delhi has been closed;
- (b) whether it is also a fact that salaries to the Teachers of this college have not been paid for the last six months and if so, what are the reacons therefor; and
- (c) what steps have been taken by Government to meet the situation?

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUN-DER): (a) Yes, Sir.

- (b) According to the information furnished by the University of Delbi, the teachers have not been paid their salaries since July, 1978 because of non-payment of the management's share of the deficit on the approved expenditure, which has accumulated over the years.
- (c) The College has since been reopered by the management on 4th December, 1978 and the University has been assured that the teachers will be paid their salaries regularly.

235 1201 hrs

IMR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER in the Chairl

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER Now papers laid

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

ACCOUNTS OF CENTEAL BOARD FOR PRE-VINTION AND CONTROL OF WARTER POLIC-TION FOR 1977 18, REVIEW & ANNUAL REPORT OF BINAUSAN PERSAS LTD, NEW DELIN FON 1977-78 AND AN ENGLISHMENT OF WANDOWL BLIEDINGS CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION LTD FOR 1977-78 AND A STATEMENT

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKRT) I beg to lay on the Table —

- (1) A copy of the Certified Accounts (Hindi and English versions) of the Central Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution, for the year 1977-8 together with the Audit Report thereon under subsection (6) of section of of the Water Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 [Placed in Library See ho LT-2031/78]
- (2) A copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions) under sub section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1958—
 - (a) (a) Review by the Government on the working of the Hindustan Profab Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78
 - (n) Annual Report of the Hinduxian Prelab Limited New Delbi for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon [Placed in Library See No LT-2032/78]
- (b) (i) Annual Report of the National Buildings Construction

Corporation Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon

(ii) A statement explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review on the working of the Company is being laid [Placed in Labrary See No. LT-2035/73]

ANNUAL REPORTS OF KERALA FOREST DEVELOPMENT COMPORATION, INDIAN DARRY CORPORATION AND I CAR AND A STATEMENT RE DELAY IN LAYING REPORT

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) I beg to lay on the Table

- A copy each of the following papers under section 619A of the Comparies Act 1956 —
 - (i) Annual Report (Hind) verson) @ of the Kerala Forest Development Corporation Limited, Kotlayam, for the year ended 20th June 1977 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comprisiter and Auditor General thereon [Placed in Library, See No LT—2054/781
 - (ii) Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Dairy Corporation, Baroda, for the year 1877-73 along with the Auditor ed Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon [Placed in Idburry See No LT-3055/74].
 - (2) (f) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research New Delhi, for the year 1975-76-Part II (Administration and Finance)

The General of the Report was laid on the Table on the 31st August 1978.

(ii) A statement (Hindi and English versions) showing reasons for delay in laying the above Report.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-3056/78]

ANNUAL REPORT OF NCERT FOR 1977-78, AUDIT REPORT ON THE ACCOUNTS OF SALAR JUNG MUSEUM BOARD, NOTIFI-CATIONS STC.

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): I beg to lay on the Table:

- (i) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the National Council of Educational Research and Training, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) A statement (Hindi and English versions) explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review is being laid. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3057/78]
- (2) A copy of the Audit Report (Hindi and English versions) on the accounts of the Salar Jung Museum Board, Hyderabad, for the year 1973-76, together with a statement.

[Placed in Library, See No. LT-3058/78]

- (3) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (3) of section 642 of the Companies Act, 1956:—
 - (i) The Non-banking Financial Companies and Miscellaneous Non-banking Companies (Advertisement) Amendment Rules, 1978, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 571 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 5th December, 1978.

(ii) The Public Companies (Terms of issue of debenfures and of rolsing of loans with option to convert such debentures or loans into shares) Second Amendment Rules, 1978, published in Notification No. GSR. 1489 in Gazette of India dated the 9th December, 1978

[Placed in Library, See No. LT-3659/78]

- (4) (i) A copy of the Annual Report of the Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) A copy of Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur, for the year 1977-78.

like ...

(5) A statement (Hindi and English versions) showing (i) reasons for delay in laying the report and (ii) reasons for not laying simultaneously the Hindi versions of the report.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-3069/78]

- (6) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) the Gandhi Darshan Samiti, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) Review (Hinidi and English versions by the Government on the working of the Gandhi Darshan Samiti, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78.

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-

12.01 hrs

[Mr. Deputy-Speaker in the Chair]

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER Now papers laid

PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE

ACCOUNTS OF CENTRAL BOARD FOR PRE-VENTION AND CONTROL OF WATER POLLU-TION FOR 1977 "8. REVIEW & ANNUAL REPORT OF HINDUSTAN PREFAR LTD. NEW DELHI FOR 1977-78 ANNUAL REPORT OF NATIONAL BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION LTD FOR 1977-78 AND A STATEMENT

THE MINISTER OF WORKS AND HOUSING AND SUPPLY AND RE-HABILITATION (SHRI SIKANDAR BAKHT) I beg to lay on the Table -

- (1) A copy of the Certified Accounts (Hind, and English versions) of the Central Board for Prevention and Control of Water Pollution, for the year 1977-78 together with the Audit Report thereon, under subsection (6) of section 40 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 [Placed in Library, See No LT-3051/781
- (2) A copy each of the following papers (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (1) of section 619A of the Companies Act, 1956 ---

(a) (i) Review by the Government on the working of the Hindustan Frefab Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78

- (ii) Annual Report of the Hindustan Prefab Limited, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library See No LT-3052/78]
- (b) (i) Annual Report of the National Buildings Construction

Corporation Limited, New Delhi. for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon,

(u) A statement explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review on the working of the Company is being laid [Placed in Library See No. LT-3053/783

ANNUAL REPORTS OF KERALA FOREST DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, INDIAN DATRY CORPORATION AND ICAR A STATEMENT RE DELAY IN LAYING REPORT

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI SURJIT SINGH BARNALA) I beg to lay on the Table.

- (1) A copy each of the following papers under section 619A of the Companies Act, 1958 ---
 - (i) Annual Report (Hindi version) @ of the Kerala Forest Development Corporation Limited, Kottayam for the year ended 30th June 1977 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon [Placed in Library. See No LT-3054/781
 - (ii) Annual Report (Hundi and English versions) of the Indian Dairy Corporation, Baroda, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts and the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General thereon. [Placed in Library. See No LT-3055/781
 - (2) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, , for the year 1975-76-Part II (Administration and Finance).

(ii) A statement (Hindi and English versions) showing reasons for delay in laying the above Re-

[Placed in Library. See No. LT-3056/781

ANNUAL REPORT OF NCERT FOR 1977-78. AUDIT REPORT ON THE ACCOUNTS OF SALAR JUNG MUSEUM BOARD, NOTIFI-CAPTONS ETC.

THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION. SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (DR. PRATAP CHANDRA CHUNDER): I beg to lay on the Table:

- (1) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the National Council of Educational Research and Training, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) A statement (Hindi and English versions) explaining that Government are in agreement with the above Report and therefore no separate Review is being laid. [Placed in Library. See No. LT-3057/781
- (2) A copy of the Audit Report (Hindi and English versions) on the accounts of the Salar Jung Museum Board, Hyderabad, for the year 1975-76. together with a statement.

[Placed in Library, See No. LT-2058/781

- (3) A copy each of the following Notifications (Hindi and English versions) under sub-section (3) of section 642 of the Companies Act, 1956:--
 - (i) The Non-banking Financial Companies and Miscellaneous Nonbanking Companies (Advertisement) Amendment Rules, 1978. published in Notification No. G.S.R. 571 (E) in Gazette of India dated the 5th December, 1978.

(ii) The Public Companies (Terms of issue of debentures and of raising of loans with option to convert such debentures or loans into shares) Second Amendment Rules, 1978, published in Notification No. G.S.R. 1489 in Gazette of India dated the 9th December. 1978

[Placed in Library, See No. LT-3059/381

- (4) (i) A copy of the Annual Report of the Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur, for the year 1977-78.
- (ii) A copy of Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Indian Institute of Technology. Kanpur, for the year 1977-78. 53.

(5) A statement (Hindi and English versions) showing (i) reasons for delay in laying the report and (ii) reasons for not laying simultaneously the Hindi versions of the report.

IPlaced in Library. See No. LT-3060/781

- (6) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) the Gandhi Darshan Samiti, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78 along with the Audited Accounts.
- (ii) Review (Hinidi and English versions by the Government on the working of the Gandhi Darshan Samiti, New Delhi, for the year 1977-78.

[Placed in Library. Sec No. LT-3061/78]

Antual Reports and Reviews of technical teachers training institute (Eastern and Western Regions) for 1977-73

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION SOCIAL WELFARE AND CULTURE (SHRIMATI REVUKA DEVI BARAKATAKI) I beg to lay on the Table —

- (1) (1) A copy of the Annual Report (Hindi and English versions) of the Technical Teachers' Training Institute (Eastern Region) Calcutta for the year 1977-78
- (ii) A copy of the Review (Hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Technical Teachers' Training Institute (Eastern Region) Calcutta for the year 1917 73

[Placed in Library See No LT-3062/78]

- (2) (i) A copy of the Annual Report (Hind) and English versions) of the Technical Teachers' Training Institute (Western Region) Bhopal, for the year 1977-78
- (ii) A copy of the Review (hindi and English versions) by the Government on the working of the Technical Teachers Training Institute (Western Region) Bhopal, for the year 1977-78

[Placed in Library See No LT-

SECOND AND FINAL REPORT OF VIMA-DALAL COMMISSION OF INQUERY, MEMORANDEM OF ACTION ON IT AND A STATEMENT BE, ITS HINDI VERSION

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHKI LARANG SAI) On behalf of Shri Dhanik Lai Mandal, I beg to lay on the Table —

(1) A copy each of the following papers under sub-section (4) of

section 3 of the Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952 ---

- (i) Second and Final Report of twinsdalat Commission of Inquiry set up to inquire into the allegations against Shri J Vengal Rao, former Chief Minister and other Ministers of Andhra Fradesh.
- (ii) Memorandum (Hindi and English versions) of action taken by the Central Government on the above Report
- (2) A statement (Hindi and English versions) explaining reasons for not laying simultaneously the Hindi version of the Report

[Placed in Library See No LT-3064/78]

CENTRAL WAREHOUSING CORPORATION (Andt.) Rules, 1973

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHRI BHANU PRATAE SINGH) I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Central Warehousing Corporation (Amendment) Rules 1978 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No GSR. 1399 in Gazette of India dated the 2sth November, 1919, under subsection (3) of section 41 of the Warehousing Corporations Act, 1962

[Placed in Library. See No LT-

EMPLOYEES' PROVIDENT FUNDS (3RD AMENDMENT) SCHEME, 1978

SHRI LARANG SAI On behalt of Dr Ram Kirpal Sinha, I beg to lay on the Table a copy of the Employees' Provident Funds (Third Amendment) Scheme 1973 (Hindi and English versions) published in Notification No GSR 1459 in Gazette of India dated the 2nd December 1978, under subsection (2) of section 7 of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscel Janeous Provisions Act, 1952

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER Statements of Public Accounts Committee Mr. P. V. Narasimha rao... He is not here. Mr. Asoke Krishna Dutt. He is also not here.

Now, we take up calf-attention.

12.02 hrs.

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

REPORTED FAILURE OF FOOD CORPORATION OF INDIA TO PROCURE RAGI, PARRY, JAWAR AND COTTON IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COTTNIES

श्री चन्दन सिंह (कॅराना): उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मै अधिलम्ब नीय लोक-महत्त्व के निम्नसिचित विषय की ओर माननीय कृषि धीर निवाई नंत्री जी का ध्यान दिलाना बाहता हू और उन से प्रमुरोध करता ह कि दे इस सम्बेग्ध में धपना बक्तव्य दें ----

"देख के विभिन्न भागों में विशेष कर कर्नाटक में रागी, धान ज्वार धीर कपास की खरीद करने में भारतीय लाद्य निगम की कर्षित विफारता , जिस के परिणामस्वरूप किसान इन उत्पादों को खुले बाबार में मजबूरव बहुत मस्ते दामों पर वेच रहे हैं तथा किनानों को लामप्रद मूल्य दिशन के लिए सरकार द्वारा की पड़िकार्यवाही।"

(Interruptions)

Re. QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Please take your seats. Please do not record.

(Interruptions) **

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You have given notice to the Speaker. You find out from the Speaker. I am not aware of any notices. (Interruptions) Please take your seats. Mr. Barnala, you have to answer the call-attention. (Interruptions) Please take your seats.

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola): I have given notice of a motion of breach of privilege against the Prime Minister.... (Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Mr. Sathe, you have given notice, may be of some motion. It is with the Speaker. Unless he decides on it (Interruptions) I have no information,

AN HON. MEMBER: You give your

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: How can I give a ruling on something which is with the Speaker? (Interruptions) If you want to be unreasonable you can ... (Interruptions). Please take your seat. What is all this? Mr. Sathe, you have given notice. It is pending with the Speaker ... (Interruptions) Then, what for are you? If he has already conveyed then what is the point?

SHRI VASANT SATHE: On that itself, I want to say. How can I say it to you?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You have given a motion. The Speaker has seen the motion and he has conveyed to you something. I am not aware of what he has conveyed to you. Now you just rise up when I am here and say that I must give o ruling. I cannot give a ruling. You must conform to some procedure in the House....

(Interruptions) **

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: What is all this? Everything will go off the record.

(Interruptions) ..

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: If ten members stand and speak, nothing will go on record.

(Interruptions) **

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayinkil): The other day, hon. Speaker said he will give a ruling today. This is a very serious matter. He said that he has called for a report and that he would give a ruling today,

[Shri Vayalar Ravi]

admitting the adjournment motion or rejecting it. This is about the Bihar incident of killing of Harijans. This is a very serious matter.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER That is a different matter Mr Sathe is on an altogether different matter Mr Ravi of the Speaker has said that he will give a ruhing—I do not know whether he has said it but if he has said it, but will give it.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI When?

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER When

(Interruptions) **

MR. DEPIJTY-SPEAKER Shri Chandan Singh (Interruptions) ** Mr Faleiro please resume your leat Nothing will go on record

(Interruptions) **

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER Mr
Lokkappa I cannot allow any menher when twe nety or thirty members
are standing is it Parliament or a
fish market? If it is Parliament then
one member at a time will stand
Have some introspection into your
own behaviour then you will realise?
I have nothing else to say If you
wre quite determined to make a scent
I cannot hely it cannot hely it

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur) Will you hear me Mr Deputy Speaker*

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER First, let all the members sit down. If forty members stand at a time them nothing will go on record. I allow Mr Lakkappas point of order

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA Sir my point of order is under Rule 334 A. I quote

"Not recorded.

A notice shall not be given publicity by any member or other person until it has been admitted by the Speaker and circulated to members

Sir here we have been seeing that the Leader of the House and the Prime Minister of this country has discussed in the Janata Parliamentary Party and he has given wide publicity and even the quantum of punishment was discussed against Mrs. Indira Gandhi when the subject-matter is pending and the members have to expres their opinion Bypassing all canons of rule of law and procedure, the hon Prime Minister has issued a statement which was published in the newspapers and was not even denied by him later. This news was carried by the PTI and UNI news agencies This is indicative of impropriety on the part of hon Prime Minister It is not only misleading the House but it also casts a reflection on the functioning of the House The House is discussing a vital question of breach of privilege and we are going to deliberate on it further today and it is going to be a landmark in the history The hon Prime Minister has flouted the rules of the House and the rule of law. The Parliamentary Party of the Janata Party has abo done that It is quite serious I am told that my friends Shri Faleiro and Shrı Sathe have already given notices of a privilege motion against the hon Prime Minister This is a vital issue and should be thrashed out before we deliberate on the privilege issue before the House I would like to have a ruling from the hon Deputy-Speaker on this matter, because the rules have been violated and it amounts to breach of privilege and contempt of the House (Interruptions)

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mormugao) Thank you for giving me this opportunity. The point of order that I am raising and the clarification

on the rules that I beg of you is this. I have given notice of a privilege motion against the Prime Minister for certain things which have been here. I would like to move this and I have saked for permission to move this under Rule 222.

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MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: There is no such thing.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO. There is such a precedent in this House. You yourself Sir, gave a ruling on 18th July, 1977 when an hon. Member, Shri Gauri Shankar Rai gave a notice of privilege motion against Shrimati India Gandhi et 1040 hours, on the same day at 1200, you allowed to move that motion formally in the House under Rule 222. I request you to fellow the same procedure and allow me to do that,

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You are drawing a wrong comparison . . . (Interruptions).

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Nothing will go on record.

(Interruptions) **

SHRI M. SATYANAHAYAN RAO/
TOSE (Interruptions) **

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You just want to shout. You have made up your mind to shout; you are in no mood to listen anything, so I do not want to say anything. That is the end of it.... (Interrptions). This is very unfortunate.

SHRI K. GOPL (Kaner): Sir, my friends, Shri Sahe and Shri Faleiro raised this point under Rule 222 and you were pleased to observe that the Speaker has already told the House that the matter was under consideration and that you would convey whatever the Speaker's ruling is.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: I do not convey anything. That is exactly my point. It has already been conveyed to him.

SHRI K. GOPAL: My point is: on 9th December I moved a privilege motion against rule 222 against the Prime Minister for having told some untruth and misguided the House deliberately, on the question of posting policemen outside the houses of memberg of the Privileges Committee. The Speaker, from his Chair observed: 'I received a communication from the Prime Minister, I will convey it to you; our office will convey the entire communication to you. Therefore, I am not allowing your privilege notice under rule 222.' But till to-day I have not received anything from your office. When such is the case, how do you expect us to have any confidence when you say that the Speaker can agree, because he is not conveying anything? What can we do?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You must also know that I just do not know what you are talking about I did not say.... (Interruptions).

SHRI K. GOPAL: I canont help it. It is not my responsibility. I can put forth my point. If you do not understand, what can I do about it?

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Do you want to listen et al., or do you fraunt to have your say all the time? You listen to me also. (Interruptions) You have given notice of something which I am not aware of. (Interruptions). Something has been sent to the Speaker. He decides on it, It has already been communicated.

SHRI K. GOPAL: No. no. Not to me That is in point. (Interruptions).

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: As far as Mr. Sathe's thing is concerned, I am told that it was conveyed to him. (Interruptions) I just do not know what it is. (Interruptions).

[.] Not recorded.

2.18

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SHRI VASANT SATHE I may tell you, it you allow me When I gave notice the other day, the Speaker was pleased, to observe that as far as he or the Sectetary were concerned, the notice was only in their hands And it had not leaked from them. Therefore, I gave breach of privilege against the Prime Minister (Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER Please wait. I am regulating it

SHRI VASANT SATHE It is only 3 parties who know about at-usz the one who gives the notice and the Speaker or the Secretary who receives it The two persons to the Speaker and the Secretary have denied that it did not leak from them. It is on record Then the only person who has the res ponsibility-whether he or his office or anybody-is the Prime Minister himself who gave the notice. It has anpeared verbatum in the newspapersverbatum not guess work. What was told to me to day through the Secretary of the Lok Sabha was that the Speaker had sent a copy of my privi lege notice to the Prime Minister The Prime Vinister has conveyed to him that he made enquiries and that it has not leased from his office. That is all (Interruptions) What was communicated to me was not the decision or anything It is that this information has come from the Prime Mirister Here is a matter which is direct ; f the House and for me to ask ? the leave (Interruptions) Whe only 3 persons know and when the Prime Minister denies, and the Speaker denies that it has not gone from the Secretary, it could not have gone from a ghost. This is a fit case for being looked into by the Privileges Commattee just as you remember, when Mr Gaura Shankar Rai had raised the alleged breach of privilege by the previous Prime Minister, also that he read out was (interruptions) It was not even sent to the preson concorned to ascertain whether hear she had cont it out You did not do it. You in your wisdom, accepted Rai's word and directly sent at to the Pravileges Committee under your discretion under rule 222 Therefore, here is a

blatant case of contempt with precedents. Let us have your ruling

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER I would not give a ruling because the matter is selzed of by the Speaker

SHRI VASANT SATHE When you preside you are the Speaker I have brought it to your notice

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER If the matter had been raised when I was in the Chair and if I had sent the matter to the Prime Minister for information, it is a different matter. But from the information that you yourself have given in the House, the matter seems to be pending with the Speaker He enquired from the Prime Minister and the Prime Minister has given certain information which has been passed on to you. So, it is between you and the Speaker Now let us proceed with the business. You can take up the matter again

SHRI C M STEPHEN (Idukki) This is not a matter between Mr Sathe and the Speaker because question involved is the principle of confidentiality of the correspondence between a member and the Speaker of Secretary of Lok Sabha and the right of a member to be the first to know about the matters which are coming up in the House A contingency which members will have to gather information from the press rather than from the communication from the Secretariat is a position which is absolutely intolerable for the menbers of this House So, as a matter involving the principle of confiden trality and as a matter involving the right of the members to be the first as compared to the rest of the population to know as to what is going to happen in the House, as the matter involves the violation of these two principles, the question is not one between Mr Sathe and the Speaker Here the peculiar position is that the Speaker and Secretary who are suposed to have received it have openly said We deny it, it has not gone from us? The Prime Minister who is the top man in this country is said to have stated

that it has not gone from him. Then, how is it that it has gone out? Where is the loophule? How does it happen? This is a matter which has to be investigates about and the House has got a right to know how it went out. What is the machinery to find it out? The only machinery available is eithe, the Privileges Committee or an ad hoc Parliamentary Committee. Therefore. kindly don't leave it at that as if it is a matter between Mr. Sathe and the Speaker. This is a matter which involves the right of the House.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: T ean read out the note. that the Speaker has made because I have not gone through the whole thing. From what he has written, it is still open as far as I can see from this. You can take up the matter with the Speaker. He says in the last sentence:

"There will be no basis for the motion unless the mover places betore me some prima facie evidence to show that there was a leakage at the Prime Minister's office."

If you have some information, you can pass it on.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Rule 334A says:

not be "A notice shall given publicity by any member ... (Dia-

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU mond Harbour) : Which member are you talking about here?

VASANT SATHE: SHRI Prime Minister.

SHRI JOYTIRMOY BOSU: He has denied it.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: The rule says:

"A notice shall not be given publicity by any member or other person until it has been admitted by the Speaker and circulated to members." All I can say is to point out two

things; (a) that it was circulated to the Members on the 15th morning; it was published in the evening news on the 14th and morning papers on the 15th that is, before circulation; (b) advance publicity was given. These are the two things which I can establish. I have produced the newspapers. Are you going to throw the burden on me to show that the Prime Minister had handed it out to the press.... (Interruptions).

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Mr. Sathe, please meet the Speaker and take up the matter with him. It is still onen, as I said.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: I would like to know when the Speaker would be coming.

MR DEPUTY-SPEAKER: At 2 O' Clock

KANWAR LAL SHRI (Delhi Sadar): Sir. I rise on a point of order.

Mr. Sathe has quoted

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: That mat. ter is closed now.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU- Sir, I rise on a point of order under Direction 2 sub-section (2), a question of privilege, which has precedence among other business.

On the 13th December I gave a privilege motion against Shri C. M. Stephen, the Leader of the Oposition, because on the 8th of December, 1978, while making a speech he has said:

"....I have received very reliable information to the effect that one of his Minister contacted the men of the underworld in Bihar and had entered into contract with them tomurder Mrs Gandhi.."

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: There is no point of order. We will go the next business.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU; Sir, I gave notice on the 13th, I raised the matter again...

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: There is no point of order.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: What has happened to this privilege motion? (Interruptions).

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER Please take your seats The Speaker will come at 2 O clock Then you can take it up It is the same matter which is agitating all sides I can see that.

SHRI MANORANJAN BHAKTA (Andaman and Nicobar Islands) What about my adjournment motion?

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER Your adjournment motion has been disallow ed.

(Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER If you persist, it will not go on re ord Shra Chandan Singh

(Interruptions)

12.32 hrs

CALLING ATTENTION TO MATTER OF URGENT PUBLIC IMPORTANCE

REPORTED FAILURE OF FOOD CORPORATION OF INDIA TO PROCEDURE RAGI, PADDY JAWAR AND COTTON IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COUNTRY—Contd

भी चरन सिंह (वैद्यान) जनाध्नम महादव, में प्रवित्यस्त्रीय शाक शहुब क निम्मदिवित्र विश्वय के प्रवित्यस्त्रीय शाका स्वित्यस्त्री का प्रवाद प्राकृषिय करता हू सीर प्रायना करता हू वि वह द्वा क उनार सुकृ वराज्य दें

> द्या कंशिनेक मार्गा में दिनेष नर नर्नाटन में यानी, यान, ज्यारा धोर रागा की , ज्योद करने में मारतीय जात निवन की नर्गात विजयता किए के परिधानस्वकत दिनान केन उद्योग के पहुँचे ने बाद में नर्जाट केन उद्योग के पहुँचे ने बाद में नर्जाट के दूर्व ससे दामों पर बच रहे हैं त्या रिजान को सामग्रद मून दिनान के निया जनकर द्वारा की में हम्मद्वानि

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION (SHII BHANU PRATAP SINGH) Towards the end of September last, reports were re

ceived in the Ministry that hybrid fowar was selling in certain parts of Karnataka at prices lower than the support price. The matter was taken up with the State Governmen, and they were asked to take appropriate stens for extending price support to the farmers. They were assured that stocks surplus to their requirements usuld be taken over in the Central Pool Reports to the same effect were received in respect of pady from Andhra Pradesh in the first week of October and the State Government were asked telegraphically to enquire into the matter and report facts. They reported that the current Kharif paddy had not started arriving on to the market and that arrangements have been made in the coastal districts. 3 well as in the upland centres for opening adequate number of centres.

After the announcement of the Kharif policy for the current season, a number of communications been sent to the State Governments emphasizing the importance of maximising the procurement and numinusing harassment and under-payment to producers They have been advised to draw up a co-ordinated plan operations for all the public agencies, including the FCI so that widest possible coverage is extended in States On 24-11 1978 I again wrote to the Food Ministers emphasizing urgency of organising price support operations for Kharif cereals including coarse grains and assured them that surplus stocks would be taken over by the FCI

In Karnatako the procurement is done by the State Government and the FCf have not been assigned any role in these operations. Likewise in Bihar Onissa, Gugarat and Maharashira, FCI have no role in procurement because the State Government, and their agencies themselves look after the procurement and price support operations. FCI is operating in MF Rapathan, Andria Pradesh and West than, Andria Pradesh and

Bengal as an agent of the State Governments while in U.P., Punjab and Haryana, it is operating in conjuction with the State agencies. In these States, FCI has deployed its staff and opened the required number of purchase centres in consultation with the

State Governments, as deta	
Punjab	400
Haryana	82
Uttar Pradesh	140
Madhya Pradesh	61
Rajasthan	139
. West Bengal	2700
Andhra Pradesh	184
Tamil Nadu	25
. Himachal Pradesh	16
North Eastern States	25

According to the latest information available in the Ministry, a total quantity of 1.97 million tonnes of paddy has been purchased in all the States under- price support operations as against only 1.01 million tonnes purchased last year in the corresponding period. Out of this quantity, FCI has purchased 1.83 million tonnes. I am sure Hön'ble Members will consider this a commendable effort on the part of the FCI.

As far as cotton is concerned, F.C.I. does not handle its procurement. The House has already been informed by my colleague the Munister of industry that the Cotton Corporation would be allowed to make commercial purchases in the market so that cotton prices do not drop below the prescribed minimum.

However, if has to be stated that in the implementation of the food poticy and price support operations, it is the State Governments who have to take the necessary executive steps in the field and organise price support operations. The Central Government on their part would render all assistance to the State Governments that may be asked for.

Realising the gravity of the matter, a Conference of the State Pool Commissioners of selected States was convened on 7th last in which the purchase arrangements made by the States were reviewed. They were advised to strengthen and expand the machinery engaged in procurement operations and they were assured that the Central Government would render all assistance in resolving their difficulties.

श्री राम विसास पासवान (शाजीपुर):
ज्याध्यस वहारय, मेरा व्ययप्पा का प्रस्त है। वहा
पर मितिस्टर मातह उप्पित्य है वह दे प्रीर स्टेट मितिस्टर
वो जवाब देते हैं उनका श्रीयतेट मितिस्टर, हारा
बाद म चच्छन कर दिया थाना है। इधितार राज्य
साम चच्चन कर दिया थाना है। इधितार राज्य
साम क्रीया—चैती यवस्या प्राप हैं।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: There is no point of order, I am sorry, because the Cabinet functions as a whole, and he is the Minister for Agriculture.

SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN-rose.

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Please take your seat now. Otherwise, notaing will go on record.

भी चन्दन सिंह : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, मंत्री महोदय ने काफी जाश्वासन दिया या कि जो भी उत्पादन होगा उनको खाख निगम खरीद तेना । कुछ चीजों की खरीब के लिए धार्डर भी हो बाते हैं, लेकिन खरीद का सरीका ऐसा है-मैने कम में कम 20 मैन्टरो पर देखा है---बो भाव तप किये जाते हैं, उन में 10 स्पर्ये कम किसान को मिलते हैं। भाग के वस्त जो उन के एजेन्ट होते हैं, ये उन नोगों के माल को बोरों में भरवा नेते हैं और नरभार ने वे पूरा पैसा ते कर, 10 रुपये कम किसान को देने हैं। मैंने बहुत से सैन्टरीं पर देखा---गैहं का भाव 110 र० विवटन का था, लेकिन उन को 106 रुपने दिये गये। ये जो बीच में विधौसिये होते है--इन के सिए कई बार मर्जा जी से कह बका है, होट वानों ने मी कहा कि बाप का कोई चैठिन स्वयांड होना चाहिए, तेरिन वदीना कुछ नहीं विकला।

श्राय देखिए--पिछते सार पदा हुमा--हमार गदा बत्म करा दिवा, तम्बाक् सत्म करा दिवा [धी चन्दन हिंह]

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धानु तान हो रहा है। पार लोने बहुन हो उसहें,
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इन साल क्यें नो का हातत है-एक दरफ तो मागने पेस्टरीय को जहा किए 28 शीसदी पिरेगा. साढे-हेरह के माव में दिया, तेनिन दूसरी तरफ बड़ा 20 फीस्टी गन्ना पिरवा, बर्झ 6 स्पर्वे का भाव है भीर 6 रुपये में भी जान्यमारी यूनिट्स खड़ी है, बन नहा रही है। विख्न साथ छारा गेमा बनावा गुणा इस शाल भी अनेगा। में मही जी से निवेदन करना चाहता ह--वब वह कोई चीच बनाते हैं, ता उस की चैक्च भी वही दरीके से हो, उसकी पूरी तप्ह से निपरानी हानी चाहिए। यह नहीं होता चाहिए कि मैंने फता धक्तर को बहु दिया है मीर उननं अपने मातहत को वह दिया । दस नगह से काम बतने वाना नहीं है। पाप विचानों को मही भाव विस्तान के लिए सही तरह से नाम कीजिए और भगर भाष नहीं कर सकत तो भाष इतका कर दीजिए हि किनानों में राम ग्राने वाली चीज एधीकन्दर इम्प्नीमेन्ट्स उत्त का समा दासा पर दिलवाहये, प्रवस धाप इतना भी कर दें तब भी हम का कोई दिस्तत नहीं होगी ।

भी मात्रु प्रताप सिंह थीमन्, इस प्रस्त ना सम्बाद गार्ते स नहां या बल्डि एफ्ट मी० बाई० के बरिये जा मनाज को खरीद की बारी है उस के बारे में यह प्रस्त पूछा सवा था। श्रीमन, में स्वय दम बारे में चिलित हु-बहींबहीं पर बुछ ऐंबे पानेटस है बहा किमाना हो सपोट प्रावस नहीं मिल पाती है। इसीरिए मैंने 7 दिमस्वर को पूड कमिकाई की भोटन कुलाई थी। उन की मुख्य गुलाकहिन्या यों, जिन को हर हिया गया, इस सीविध्नियन्त की कटिनाइयां यो, उन में भी संशोधन किया गया । मन माध्र प्रदक्त के बीक मिनिस्टर से मुताबाद कर के वहां भी वृद्धिनाइयों का हटाने की कार्तिक की है। उत्तर भदेत में भी में परेडों गया या, बहा के पूड मिनिस्टर से मिल कर जो उन की वटिनाइयां बी, चन को दूर निया मना। सबिन में यह नियेदन करता बाहुडा हूँ कि जिस प्रकार से पत नई स्थिति बायने बारही है उन ना दखते हुए हन को इस बरीद्शारी के लिए बुक्त महकारी वांचित्रहा का बटन रता होगा। इटिंगाई मेह भी होती है कि मान याहो माना में मिलता है। धनर हम नहीं पर काई टुकान कारण करें बीरे माल पाडी माला में बिडे है। उस पर खर्चा बहुत बहित हा बाता है। यह वो नारा स्वाचार्य है, वे करत सरकार के ही मुस्काने नहीं सुवतं सबती हैं। रुत में गूनपात में भी हस नो रहने भग था थीर नहां मुझे दश कर नधी प्रवश्ना हुई कि किसाना ने रुपन भगोजी प्रतिहास नदार वे खुद ही: व्यवहारी करते हैं, खुद ही प्रावेशिय करते हैं जुद ही प्रावेशिय करते हैं। वो उन्न प्रवार की बुद ही स्ववस्था मरती होंगे।

प्रो॰ प्रार० के॰ प्रमोन (मुरेन्टनकर) गुजरात के प्रानंत ने भी ता कम्प्लेट्स की हैं।

श्रो मानु प्रवाप बिहु ' किसी ने मुद्रा से नहीं कहा । मेंने क्स बहा किसानों की मीटिंग की भी । खरीद्दारी के बारे में किसी ने कोई डिकायद वहीं की, दूसरी बादों के बारे में विकायत हो सकती है।

थी मनी राम बायदी (मनुत) स्वा पिछकी तरकार से देन सरकार को नीति में कोई प्रत्यर है विस्तरी किताना को कानदा हुआ हो? में देखता हूं कि कितान नी सामदनी पटी है और मेर-कितान की सामदनी बढ़ी है।

भी भाग स्वाप हिंदू " स्वी सम्बोध की बात है कि समलीन वहरण को हाई प्याप्त दुर्ग दियाँ देश है। यही निम्नानों के पोटे व वस्त्रेटी मत्त्रा हिनाओं जाता का चौर यह दुनिय एवस के हाय और नीयोंन्य ने मेंबई देश पि हिनानों जाता का। में बारवाह है कि बेन उत्तर सेंस में हताये किहानों आपता हुए मेंबई है कि है हिना का मोर्ड महा मार्य हुए नहीं है है हिना हिनान का मोर्ड महा वस्त्रेटी भी निम्ना है। प्राप्त कोई महा वस्त्रेटी भी निम्ना है। प्राप्त कोई महा वस्त्रेटी मेंबई हिना है हमार्ड मार्यक्र के हम में, जब की वस्त्रेटी की हमार्ड मार्यक्र के हम में, जब की वस्त्रेटी की हमार्ड मार्यक्र के हम में, जब की वस्त्रेटी की हमार्ड मार्यक्र के हमार्च मार्यक्र की वस्त्रेट के हमार्च मार्यक्र के स्वाप्त के हमार्च मार्च हमार्च की हमार्य की हमार्च की हमार्य की हमार्

बीधरी बतबीर सिंह (हाथिबारपुर) - उपाध्यस महोदब, सरकार ने कपात की नोगत 255 एपने विकादन रसी है अब कि एपील्लयस यूनियसिटी ने 450 स्पर्व विकादन से उत्तर बहायी है। इससे विकादा की नुकान हो रहा है।

SIRIE S NANJESHA GOWDA (Hassan): Sir, I have gone inhough the statement of the hon Minister on this statement of the hon Minister on this statement of the hone of the thing would like to give a clear picture of the position in the Karmiskia State, how the farmers there are suffering owe flags is sold at Rs 60 to Rs. 55 per quintal whereas the procurement price is somewhere about Rs 85 Jowar is sold at Rs 40 per quintal, and there is no purchaser. That is the position there Paddy is still to be harvested I do not know, the rate of paddy also will be at a distress price in the open market. The Minister has said in his statement that it is the look out of the State Government to make all arrangements.

It is very unfortunate that the proplems of the farmers are always considered as the last thing: the farmers are considered as the last grade citizens of this country. If there is a small fight between two goondas on the road we will discuss it here for hours together but you do not allow, and we do not give importance to the farmers though they constitute about 80 per cent of the people of this country Rvery leader, in the House and outside talks showing his concern for the farmers, but what is really done? That is what I want to know. Not only today in all these 30 years, we have tasted the rule of the Governments in this country Whenever there is shortage of toodgrains you go to the farmers and force them to give the foodgrains at the procurement price and bring them. to the consumers. And you go only when there is shortage and not other wise. But do you know how the levy is collected? They grab these grains from the farmers-even that which is there for their consumption-and the money will be paid very leisurely to these farmers. Apart from that, what is the condition of the farmers now? The whole year the farmer works hard in his farm and produce this, and this produce, he has to sell at a terribly distress price in the open market. The Government of India says that the FCI is not operating there. I am speaking about Karnataka.

I do not know whether the Kamalika Government has come forward with any proposal for any assistance or anything like that. As far as can see now, no arrangement is made to procure in Kamalaka, whether by the State Government or by the FCI. I would appeal to the Minister. Let him not wait for the Kamalaka Government to take such a step. The Kamalaka Government has no carnestruct. I can say that. Why? The Kamalaka Government as also many State Governments transfer this responsibility to co-operative societies many of whom are defunct today. The Karnataka State Marketing Federation a few years back—I think it was 2 or 3 years ago—purchased Ragi at Rs. 150 a quintal from the merchants and sold it again to them at Rs. 120 resulting a loss of Rs. 40 lakhs to the Cooperative Society. They never went to the Tarmers. Again you know if you do not do take any such arrangement, the farmers. Again you know if you do not do take any such arrangement, the farmers and some of the comment.

My earnest request to the hon. Minister is to open purchase centres parfuelarly in Karnataka to nurchase this Ragi and Jowar immediately. The Minister may say that it is not possible because of lack of infra-structure facilities. We have to do all that. I will tell you that there are people who are prepared to work voluntarity and without remuneration. If you med. If you so desire, I can organise the work for you. You open centres with money to procure the foodgrains and you kindly save the farmer.

SHRI BHANII PRATAP SINGH: In my statement [have said that the Karnataka State is one of the States in which FCI does not operate at all. Therefore we cannot do anything in that State without the permission of the Karnataka Government. I had called the Food Comissioner of that Government and explained to him that whatever they purchase and is surplus to their needs, we will certainly take it over from them without any loss to them. In spite of this assurance, they do not purchase. The only alternative is to organize the farmers and if the hon. Member organises them and offers us foodgrains in large enough quantity, then certainly I will see whether it can be taken over by the FCI directly from the farmers' arganizations. That is the only way left open to me because the State Government is not interested in making this procurement. Let the farmers' leaders themselves go and try and organise

(Shri Bhanu Pratap Singh)

the farmers in such a way that they can collect a large enough amount of these fooderains which they want us to purchase and then tell us We will lift those foodgrains from them

SHRI S NANJESHA COWDA have to send your man with money Who will pay money for that? assure the money first then we will give columteers

धो धरसवर सिंह (बाराणसो) मदा यो व ध्यान को मैंने दखा है । इस का पटन म धौर अही जी को इपि की बालकारी को स्थान में क्यते इस में बदना ही बह सकता है कि मदी जो के भन की मध्ये दी विमान के साम है नज़िन तन वी भय बहा है यह मरी समझ में नहीं याता है। मधी जी ने धनने उत्तर में दी बाउँ कहा है। पहनी बान तो बह कही कि इस सरकार में और पिछली गरकार में एक है क्योरिक विछन जमाने में धनो बयु र भी आठी वी धौर बढ़ बढ़दस्ती हवा करती बी। नेशिन हम नमदन मृत्य दे गहे है। में कबस नहा या ग्या है कि मनवंत मैक्य का बेगो मतनब हाता हैं? समयन मूल्य का कवल एक ही मदलब है कि उस मूल पर मिना। तब नाहे जहां नाह और जिल्ला पाई भएनी वीज को बज कर मनयून मन्द्र प्राप्त कर सकता है। पनर बढ़ बात महा है तो स्वा मनी महारव बना मनते हैं कि मान पूरे विहार में भीर पूर्वी उत्तर प्रदेश में और महस्त उत्तर प्रदेश में भी धान रूपा बहु सही नहीं है कि 85 रुपये उसकी समयन पुरुष होन के बावजुद भी 60 62 मीर ६३ राम स्विटल विक रहा है।

यह रच निज्ञों और पहाडा से दिया हुआ है मीर इन दम का कृषि बीवन इस दम की रीढ़ रहा है। तीवन शिवत चलाई की इस रव ना इपि बीवन उद्यक्षित डा भीर मान भी उनका दन्ताक हानत " बरकार त कुछ बाहा या नकित था भ बहु कीरीन भीर उदात पडाह्या है। समका रूम पर समर विमान बयना वाहना है जहां इनक के हैं है तो वहां इस तान्त्र को अनुस्ता करते हैं कि किसन प्रथम प्रशाब वहाँ न बच कर दनिय को सरने में क्य है भीर उद्दी भनाज को बनिया किर सरकारी। धरेतियाँ को बच एक। इस दरछ छ दानो में विश्वत की पूट का मिरमिला चत रहा है।

जनता पार्टी भी देशिक नीति है कि बनता पार्टी राजनीतिक भीर बाचिक विजे औकरण पर बाधारित गोबीवाटो समाजवाद भागमान प्रयतान में प्रास्था रखद्धी है । पाने करने हैं कि जनता पार्टी ऐसी व्यवस्था 🗸 विश्व है जिसमें व्यक्तियों प्रवदा व्यक्ति समृद्धा ही दूसरे का सायण करने की स्वावता हो। वे दर्भी पहिता है कि बाब कियानों की जो बीन तरह भुशाने हो हो है- एन वो सरकार नो नीविक प्रश्त है हुन रि नीकरवाही द्वारा पुर बीर वासरे प्रोक्ताले के दूर नूट- वी यह मा बीन मननाए वर्ज दरी है उद्यो सरकार की नीति भी कम विम्मेदार नही है । मैं भागता ह कि गुरकार भी नीति पिछली सरकार से भारी ग्रन्थी ही सरती है। उथना कारण भा जनता ना दबाद है। किर बरा मा बाग दक्षिये बायबा-पत में बाविक नोति न बारे में कहा गया है कि । रिसान भी पैदाबार का मुक्त समता के विद्रात के अनुसार निरित्त दिया जाना चाहिए धर्मत किसान को प्राप्त कीमत और किसान हारा पुरतान की गई कीमत में सनुतन दना रहत बाहिए। शिसान की पैदाशाद का मानम्बन मन्य बो साम्य मुख्य से इस होगा, सम्बित स्तर पर विश्वित किया जाना चाहिये भीर सरकार नी सरीद की व्यवस्था हास यह शोधिय होनी चाहिए कि उछशी पैदाबाद बा बाद इस स्तर है नीचे न शिरने पाने ।' मैं बानस बाहता र हि इस पाछार का परिशालन हमा है है बबा परिटी मूल्प हुवा ? बबा समना मृत्य हुवा ?

मती भी बहते हैं कि बहत में मगान इसमें नहीं बळ गय है । सक्ति नीमत ना मदान मारा ना सार्थ हती में निहित है। बहा बना है कि विद्यार्थ को धने बाजार में इन उत्पादनों को सानाधी में कम महत्त पर बबना पड़ा। इमिक्ट दिवाना का जामहार्थ मूल निरमत करना । यह नहीं गहा नवा है कि समयन मूल्य दीर्दिए । समर्थन मृत्य वा दीविए मारन सामरीश मन्य भी गुनिश्चित काजिए । पाए देखें कि विमान को समयन मूल्य नहीं विज रहा है। छुते बाजार में उसको सुद्र यस रही है। वो मस्तार की एकैसी एक सी वार्ड है यो जहां कापापरेटिय सामा इटीन है बहा बनान माप ग्रहीश्ते है बहा गरना नहीं लिया जाता है और वटी वस्ता विमान से जब वरिया क्षरीद देता है, उसी गुन्त को बनिये से यह एवर्निया क्योदनी है। यह तिहरी प्रक्रिया कर रही है।

क्या मदी को दलावेंग कि वह सिसी पीछ हा समर्थन मध्य रखा जाता है ता क्या इस प्रात का प्यान रहता है कि इस देश में पानी के भी कई दाम है हर प्रदेश में धारण-प्रतात पाती के शास है और पाती का जा शिस्त्रम है उसके भी प्रतम दाम है। जो बघ रा नहरूँ भारी है उनके पानी का क्छ दाम है नतक्द के पानी का कुछ दाम है, बाद सिंगाई बाजना का कुछ धीर दान हैं और सरकारी नलक्षों से जो पाना दिया जाता है बढ़ ना बाम मनन है। इन चारों प्रशार के पानी स सिवित इपि उत्पादन की वर्ष चीई पैदा होती है उन सत का दाम एक ही रखा जाता है। एमा क्या है⁷ संबर साधारण सादमी से पुछा जाने तो बढ़ नहेगा नि यह दियान का दिवालियानन है। वहीं ने वहीं ता दियाग का दिलानिवापन है। तो नवा मधी महादेव इस बात को कहने कि चुटि पानी ना कई दाम है और वेदनी बरवादित चीजो शो एक द्राम मिलता है का नवा बद्द पानी का एक शम करन की हुपा करने र

13 00 hrs.

दुसरे मेरा कहना यह है कि दृषि-जाय बीजी ना यथोजित दाम मिले पैरिटी प्राइत हो समता मूल्य हा । भगर पैरीयी प्राइस नहीं है, तो उसके चलत क्या हा खा है ⁷ 1971 में जो दुस्टर 29 हजार स्वते का बा बाब 1978 में उसरा बाब 69 हमार एन्से हा

गया। खेती से जो चीजें पैदा होती हैं, उसका दाम. में चावल का बतावा चाहता हूं कि 1973-74 में मा जावेशा ?

चावल का दाम सायवल 3 प्रतिवत है और इस साल देवटर कर वाम 74-75 के मुकाबले में देवना है 1 म में बी से जातना चाहता हूं कि क्या वह ट्रेक्टर बीर विजसी से एस्साइन इयुटी चास करते की कृषा करमें ? जहां इस सरह के केन्द्र नहीं खुने हुँ वहां 60-65 रुपये नियन्टल पैडी को देवना पडता है. क्या वहां पर केन्द्र सलवाधेंगे ?

्यह भी जानना चाहता हूं कि चूंकि किसान को कम मल्य पर अपना माल देवना पडता है तो क्या उँकी में वह कोई ऐसी व्यवस्था करेंगे कि किसान के घर ओ उत्पादन होता है, उसके समर्थन मृहय का 60 परसैंट वैकों से किसान को एडवांस दिया जा सकेगा ? क्या बह ऐसी व्यवस्था करेंगें या नहीं ? अगर नहीं, तो उसके पीछे भारण बता है ?

कभी-कभी यह भी कहा जाता है कि कृषि का मामला राजनीतिक है। इस देश हैं जितनी समस्याएं है, सभी राजनीतिक हैं और इसलिये किसान को उचित दाम ग्राज नहीं मिल रहा है, ग्राज ही नहीं पिछली सरकार के समय में भी नहीं मिल रहा या । किसान को आज पंजीशाह, नौकरशाह भौर सरकार तीनों मिलकर जूट रहे हैं, उसके बेट की मुख मिटे, क्या इसकी तरफ सरकार ध्यान देगी ?

श्री मान प्रताप सिंह : माननीय सदस्य ने एक लम्बा भाषण देकर कई विनयादी प्रवन उठाये हैं। इन सब अश्नों का उत्तर देने के लिये उतका की ममय चाहिए, परन्त में सारांश्र में ही कुछ निवेदन करना चाहंगा ।

पष्टला प्रस्त को मस्य के श्रीचित्य सम्बन्ध में है । चित्रत मल्य क्या है और क्या नहीं है, बह व्यक्तियों की राय पर निर्मेर करता है। शिस को एक वचित मानेगा, इसस बन्चित मान संकता है, ओ एक राज्य में उचित होगा, वह दूसरे राज्य में प्रनेचित हो सकता है। प्रनर प्रश्न यह पूछा जाता है कि क्या यह मृत्य समता निद्धांत को देखते हुए निश्चित किये गये हैं तो मुझे कहना पड़ेगा कि ऐसा महीं किया गया है। ब्रामी मस्य निर्धारण के यही तरीके चल रहे हैं, वही प्रतिया चल रही है, जो पहले थी। (ब्यवधान)

थी मनोराम यागदी: बगर किसान की कमाई लुटती रहे, तो फिर भ्या फायदा हुआ ? (ब्यबधान)

थो भान प्रताप सिंह : जहां तक इसका प्रश्न है कि जो कुछ समर्थन मुख्य निश्चित हुआ है, उस पर खरीदवारी होनी चाहिए, मैंने जैसे पहुँले निवेदन किया कि वह राज्य सरकार से मिलकर कुछ नुविधायें बढ़ाने, कुछ स्पैसिफिकेशनस ठीक करने और परचेतिंग सेंटर की संद्रपा बदाने का फैतमा किया है और उसका नतीजा शागद दो या तीन दिन में ग्रायेगा । परन्तु में कहना चाहता हं....(भ्यवघान)

भी चन्द्र शेक्षर सिंह : सब से 15 दिन पहते मेरा इसी तरह का कालिंग ग्रंडैनन था जिस पर मंत्री जी ने महा या कि 3,4 दिन में भागेगा और बाज 15 दिन हो चुके हैं, लेकिन प्रभी तक कुछ नहीं है । (व्यवधान) भी मनी राम बागडी : क्या 23 दिसम्बर से पहले

श्री भान प्रताप सिंह : देखिये मैं यह कहना चाहता हुँ कि बर्तमान पद्धति से में स्वयं सन्स्प्ट नहीं । छोर उसमें परिवर्तन की आवश्यकता है। लेकिन में यह भी कहुना चाहता हूं कि परिवर्तन एक दिन, क सप्ताह या एक वर्षे में भी साना फठिन है।

श्री चन्द्रशेखर सिंह : नीति का तो एक दिन में हो सकता है। कार्य में समय लग सकता है।

थी राज नारायण (राज वरेली) : मैं वह गतना चाहता है कि क्या मेंद्री महोदय ने माननीय प्रधार मेंब्री जी को सपनी ग्रसमयेता की जानकारी दी । (व्यवधान)

श्री मान प्रकाप सिंह :मेरे जो विचार हैं, न ही वे आपसे किसी प्रकार से छिने हुए हैं और न मानतीय प्रधान मंत्री जी से ही छिपे हुए हैं। इसे उन्हें पहुंचाने की कोई प्रावश्यकता नहीं है । वे मालम है समी को । में केवल वह फहना चोहता है कि ग्राज तक जो व्यवस्था बपनाई गई थी, उसका लक्ष्य यह या कि गांदों से भल्ला निकाल कर शहर वालों को चिलाने के लिए बडे-बढे बहरों में एकद्र किया जाये । यह फन्म्यगर धोरिबंटिय एरेंजमेंट था। लेकिन याज परिस्थिति बदल गई है. पैदाबार ग्राप्तिक, सरप्तस, होने के कारण । ग्राज हम को श्रोडयसर-ओरियंदिड एरेंबमेंट करना पडेगा।

एक माननीय सदस्य : उसके लिए क्या किया है ?

श्री मान प्रताप सिंह : न्या कोई बीच धोबरनाइट हो सकती है ? मैं उसकी बायस्यकता को स्वीकार करता है, तेकिन ध्रयर पनास हजार गांवों में गोदाम बनाने हैं, तो वे एक दम कैसे बन सकते हैं ? (ब्यवधान)ग्रयर ग्राप नहीं सनवा चाहते हैं, तो....

एक माननीय सदस्य : गंबी महोदय ध्रपना उत्तर तो प्रस करें।

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय : धनर प्राप प्राति से मुने, तो वह बतायेंने ।

थी बाबु प्रताप सिंह : मावनीय संदश्य प्रपत्ने प्रश्न किर से पर्छे।

थी चन्द्रशेखर सिंह : मैने पूछा था कि स्वा गरकार समक्षा मुख्य देने के लिये तैयार है । मेरा दुसरा सवास यह बा कि अब टेक्टर वर्ग एक के दाम प्रगते वढ़ गये हैं और जावल का दान-3 परसैट है, तो क्या नरकार टेक्टर और विवसी पर से एक्साइक हमुटी की धारत करेगी । मेरा शीयरा नवाल यह या कि जब नरकार किसानों को समर्थन मृत्य नहीं दे रही है, तो क्या थह विसानों को वैकों से धमर्थन मत्य का 60 प्रतिजन

थी चन्द्रचेयर मिही

कर्मा उनही उत्पादन चीजो पर दिनाने की व्यवस्था करकी । मैं ने यह भी पूछा मा कि क्या सरकार पानी में टाम एक बारने की व्यवस्था करेती !

धो मानुप्रताप सिंह जहां बक्र समना मुस्य का प्रश्न है, भारत सरकार ने प्रभी उसकी नान करन का निजय नहां किया है । माननीय सदस्य का दूसरा प्रश्न क्या या ?

भी चन्द्र रोजर सिह चुकि चादल का दाम 1974 की परेशा -- 3 परमेंट हो गया है, जबकि देस्टर आदि के दान दुनने हा बए हैं, ता क्या सन्दार देश्टर और विजली ग्राहि पर से एक्साइज इपुटी की खत्म करेगी ?

धो बो० पी० सक्डल (मधेपुरा) महोत्र्य, बाप ६७ पकार बार-बार बबेस्वन पुठन के निए विद्या मुख्य देंगे ?

DEPUTY SPEAKER 31-Mandal he is yielding, and asking him to put the questions all right Let him put the question The more the information the better it is

भी भानुप्रताप सिंह शीयन, मैंन बताबा है नि सभी समना मिद्वात के प्रनुसार मृत्य निश्चित न्हा हाथ हैं। जहां तक दृश्टर और वित्रली भादि के मृत्य बदने की बात है, वह घरें तिबेट हैं, नक्षित से पंग इस ममय । एस्साइज के बारे में क्रीन्सालना पडना है, स्वाफि माननीय सदस्य जानते हैं । कि टैस्निज भी बमूल करने पहने हैं, घोर खर्चा बढ़ना बला बा रहा है विशाम का खर्जा बढ रहा है ।) इमलिए यह वहना ठीक नहा होगा कि सार टेक्ट्रिक छाड दिए आर्थे । परन्तु उन्ने पर मी विचार हर्गे था होता रहता है भीर वह रमरे मजालय से सम्ब बिद है।

भी भारतोषर सिंह में मंत्री अ की जानवारी के निए वह दू कि में जनवरी के दिखम मध्याह में टैक्टर भीर विजनी पर स एस्थाइन सुनी कम करने के तिए सम्मानन बुलान जा रहा हू- (स्पवधान)-

ज्याभ्यक्ष म्होदय : मिस्टर वन्द्रकवर विद्य मह बातकारी दने का वस्त नहीं है

थी मानुभताव सिंह: यूने काई जानकारी मही है कि सप्तीमेंट्रीय में उन्होंने स्वा कहा स्वा

इम्पी बाद में यह कहना चाईती ए रूपह जो भ रहे के विभिन्न राज्यों में दरें मित्र हैं जो पर भी जिल्ल जिल्ल रहेंगी। धनने देश में परिस्थितवा इतन प्रकार की है कि एवं चैसी कोई व्यवस्था नहीं हा बच्ची।

सब जो पानी की दर ज्यादा है ता किसानो को स्वय निर्णय करना पढेगा कि उस धानी का एकोनासिक यद वह कैसे कर सकते हैं। यह कोई अक्रीनही है कि हर धाल्य में किसान यही फसम हमेशा बात एहें। जब दश को एक मार्केट बना दिया गया तो जहा परिस्थितिया जिस प्रसल के तिए प्रच्छी हा वही फसल वहां वामी जानी चाहिए। यह पूछा यया कि क्या गल्ले के स्टाक के मुकाबिते में बैक ऐडवारोज करने ? यह तो सभी भी रर रहे हैं लेकिन जहा गोदाम हैं. वैयरहाउसे ब है वहा कर रहे हैं। वही मैं कह रहायों कि माजे जरूरत इस बाते नी है कि मार्वो में वैयरहाउससेन खतें और यह जब खेलेंगे तभी धाप को चाहते हैं वह समय है। लेकिन वह काम एक दिन में नहां हो सकता। हा, उस का फैसला होना चाहिए धौर उम दिशा में तैजी से काम होना (ध्यवधार)

घोमती चन्द्रावदी (भिवानी) , यह आ हमारे बामने बाल महेंशन है इस के बारे में में ता इतनी ही बात कहना चाहती हूं कि माननीय मही जा ने खद माना है कि हमारी व्यवस्था भी इस में गत्ती है। में ब्राप को एक प्रैक्टिकल बात बताबी है। युडगाव में सटर घाठ घाने संकेदर 30 9म हिला तक विक रही है और महा दिल्ली में उन का चार स्पये पाच स्पये किलो मटर मिनती है। जा बादमी श्रोडयत करता है उस ने मलको बढ़ाया कि एक क्विटल या उस से फालत मां ओ वह लाया था और उस का उन को चार पाच स्परे मिला जब कि यहा एक किलो चार पांच भ्यये में मिल रहा है। तो चीत्र यह है कि इस व्यवस्मा को बदलने के लिए दो साल तो हम को मिल गए, हम किवना इस के लिए समय लेंगे, यह हम जानना चाहते हैं। हमें बाप की मना पर कोई सक नही है लेकिन माप की इम्म्लीमेरिय एयारियी जो मार सर्वतर भेजवे हैं उन के उत्पर भ्रमल करती है या नहीं करती है ?

मैं क्य पर्देखाबाद थी। वहां के धालु पैदा इंटने वाले किसानों की समस्या बताती हु। पहले बालु (सी) केंद्रेगद्री में था। रेलवे बालो ने (दो) में केर दिया। धन बालु वहा सहैगा। बहु उन्न को भेज नहीं यह है जो भेजने बाले हैं उन को बेयन नहीं मिल रहे हैं। तो हमारी जो प्रेनिटकल बिफोक्स्टीय है उन का देखें। में यह नहीं वह रही हूं कि क्रव्यूमर्स को कोई चीज सस्ती मिल रही है। कञ्जूमस को भीज सस्ती नहीं मिल रही है। होता न्या है कि एक वो हमाय ठीड से परवेड नहीं होता है किर निश्चिमन उसमें बहुत स्थादा प्रापित करता है। उस थीज के लिए प्राप नो देखना पडेगा ्रीर उस के लिए बुख करना पढ़ेगा।

हुमारे मामने कर्नाटक के मार्ड है। यह उन में बार है, पार्च महें होती है, बार मुंद होता है। यह पहत्रे हैं कि जो हम बाता किना करते हैं उन में भी बीम में बोम या जाते हैं और यह इस्तिय या जाते हैं कि हमारा आपी हमाना करने कराने मुखा है। करन्द सोगों भी बीद देवा गई मिलती । अपहमूसर को उम सी ठीक भीवा मिलती महीने अपहमूसर को उम सी ठीक भीवा मिलती महीने अपने में जो जानी है जब करते हैं पत्र मुद्ध में उन्हें में उन के से बाद में जाता करता है। यह उन उम के बाद एकों स्वाम उन्हों है। यह उन उम के बाद एकों स्वाम उन्हों है। यह उन हमाने बाद एकों स्वाम उन्हों है। यह उन हमाने सार्व पर पायनों महीने जाता है। यह उन उम के बाद पर पायनों महीने जाता है। यह उन उम के बाद पर पायनों महीने जाता है। यह उन उन के पार पायनों महीने जाता है। यह उन उन के

यह ठीक है कि इस में बूछ चीजें लिखी है क्यों कि वड़ी मुक्तिल से यह काल सर्टेशन आया है नहीं हो हम लोगों का काल ग्रर्टेशन ग्रासा ही नहीं हैं। एक बार हम ने 40 लोगों से दस्तवात कर के दिया लेकिन वह नही बाया। हान जवार का है, यही हान क्यांच का है धीर दो तम्बार पैदा करते हैं गन्टर में, उन की समस्या की तरफ में सरकार का ध्यान दिनाना बाहती है। पिछले साल एक तो तुफान बाबा धीर दूसरे दी महीने तक उन के सम्बाक को खरीदने के लिए नौग नहीं भ्राए. जानकर के नहीं ग्राए क्यों कि वहां 20 कम्पनिया खरीदती है। वहां वडा भागे वेल्ट्रेड इटरेस्ट बन गया है। दबैकी बोर्ड में भी बड़ा भारी इंटरेस्ट हो गया है। वहा वह क्या करते हैं कि वर्जीनिया तम्बाक जो बोते हैं दो महोने तक उस को तेने नहीं ग्राए तो वह खराव हो जाती है। इस तुरह छोटे किमान जो ये वह उवाह हो गए। बड़े किसान तो फिर भी कुछ दिनों तक इकटरा रखंसकते हैं लेकिन जो छोटें किमान है वें तो उसी वक्त वेचते है क्योंकि उनको बच्चों के रुपडे बनवाने होते हैं और बादी व्याह करने होते हैं।

फिर जहां तक कजें की बात है, एक बैंक एम्प्लाई को थाप पाच हजार तक तनब्दाह देते हैं ग्रौर उसको केंडिट भी दो या बार परसेंटपर मिल जाता है जब कि किसानों को 14 घोर 18 प्रतिघत पर कर्जी दिया जाता है। बैकों में एक चपरासी की भी 8 सी, 9 सी तनस्वाह दी जाती है। दैंक एम्प्लाईन की कार खरीदने के लिए या कोठी बनाने के लिए एक फीसबी, दो फीमबी या मैनिसनम चार फीनदी पर कर्जा दिया जाता है लेकिन किनान जोकि सभा कर ग्रापको खिलाता है उसके लिए कुछ नहीं है। यहा पर सैनेटेरियट में या सेन्ट्रल होल में क्या का पैदा होता है ? इसलिए इस ध्यवस्था को यदलना होगा। इप्लीमेंटेबन एवास्टि करण्ड है, हम लोग करण्ड है तो इसको छाटना पडेना बरना गुड़स डेलिबर नहीं कर नकते हैं। तीन साल बाँकी रह नए हैं, ग्रापको मुड्म डेलिवर करने पड़ेंगे।

औ भान प्रताप सिंह : शीमन, मड़े स्वयं सहानुभृति है, किसानों को उनकी उपनाई हुई वन्त्रयों का उचित मृत्य मिलना चाहिए। ग्रीर इसके लिए कुछ व्यवस्थायें भी बदलनी पड़ेगी। लेकिन साथ ही में यह भी कहना चाहता है कि जवतक स्वय किसान और किसान के जितेयी सिसकर इसमें भदद नहीं करेगे, ऐसा संगठन नहीं बनायेंगे कि वे अपना काम अधिक स्वय कर सकें तबतान चन्य को मधीवरी उनको पूरी सहायता नहीं पहचा सकतो है। (स्ववधान) आप मेरी पूरी बात सुन से। मैं सिर्फ यह कह रहा या कि ससार का कोई देज ऐसा नहीं है जहां किसानी को उचित मुख्य मिलता हो विना ग्रंपने प्रयत्न के आंर विना प्रपत्ते सगठन के। उसके लिए दूमरे देशों में बावे की जरूरत नहीं है, में प्रभी कल गुजात में बा, वहा के किसान गोमी तैयार करते हैं और उसको से जा कर बम्बडे में बेचले हैं। उन्होंने सतो रहात उरकार ने कोई सहायत ली है और न केलीय चरकार से कोई सहायता तो है। प्रति दिन उनके इक सब्दे हैं---इक भी उनके अपने है-से टफ रातो रात बम्बई पहचते हैं, उनका ही एक प्राथमी साय जाता है जोकि वेजकर धाता है और पैसा किसानों में बट जाता है। वो इसी वरह के प्रयत्न किशानो को स्वयं करने पड़ेंगे। मंमानसा ह कि कुछ सरकारी सहायता घीर व्यवस्था में भी परिवर्तन होना चाहिए। (व्यवधान) में निवेदन करना चाहता ह कि आप स्वय जाकर वहा देखें कि वे क्या कुछ कर रहे हैं और किस प्रकार से कर रहे है।

ची मुख्यिमार विंहु महित्त : (शांनीपात) : हिंदी लोकर (शांहुम, यह वी काल महित्म है, इसके म मन्द्रमार मिलिसर, बाहुम ने अवाद दिला है में इसके हमार मिलिसर, बाहुम ने अवाद दिला है में इसके करहा किया हो है जमकि हमारी आपने कर मिला अदा दिवालों हैं जमकि हमारी आपने कर मिला का सवाल उठाने हुए पूर्विट है। मिलिसर माहुन इसारे हरेंद्र पर मोता करते में किमानों की देखाला के मुखा के आरों में लिला कर बेरिकार में माने में महाने के आरों में मिला कर बेरिकार में माने हैं। यहां के कुछा के आरों हम्म वी भी राम कर नाता पार्टी की हुंसुमार्ट है। मूर्व तो इंड भीज को देखकर एक मेरा यह स्वाहा है।

दुनिया में किसी अनवान से भी इन्सा को पनाहें मिल न सकी, , ,

दानाने-हरम भी देख लिया, ग्रागोशे-सनम भी देख लिया।

हम ने तो, डिप्टो स्पेकर साहब, कायेन की हुक्सन भी देव को बीर जनमा मार्च को ट्रूड्सन में देप भी, तीहरा जिमान के निष्ये कहीं, कोई वजह हिन्दुस्तान में नहीं पाई। मेरी भारत में बहु (बात नहीं बाली—यब मी जिलान की जीवों को "मा उड़ता हैती कहा जाता है कि सल्में को कीमती [बी मुख्यार सिंह मसिक]

्वा पुरस्तार प्रकृताराष्ट्र बढ़ी हो रेलेटियते दूसरी पोजी को कीमलें बहुती बती वापनी! भात नारधाजों में जो मास पैदा होता है, उन नो कीपलें भाजवादर नरही पनी का प्यो है, नमी नोने करीं दियाँ, निवेदन दियान की बाजों की कीमलें पटतों पत्ती जा पदी हैं—मेरी समस में नहीं माता कि दखनें "रेलेटियभी" भी नमा बात है!

तार एसप्रीम को वारा भी वरण है हर यह में ग्राटेशन मित्र यहि । वसे हो में माने वानी शब्द के पाने नह मोतर है, यह कि मित्रान में प्रहान समार्थ है और वह में मान्य की होता है इस में में मेंन्य यह नम्हें एस में मुग्ते में हार्योद की मींग जाता है, उस में एसप्री प्रहान में पाती है, सीतर पर वह में मुग्ते मित्रान में भारिया जाता है है सिवार के आर दिन ने नार्याल मान्य मान्य है है सिवार के आर

He has been thrown at the mercy of the politicians and the thieves in this country

किमान भी हर चीज की निर्धारित करने के लिये योतिरिक्स प्लेकी जाती है। यह ए० पी० सी० क्या है? इस समेद हाथीं को हमारे अपर क्या देशायो हुआ है, यह किस प्राधार पर इन के लिये कीमतों को निर्धारित करता है ? दण्डस्ट्रीयल गुरम में हर तरह ने खर्चे शया कर, इन के मनाफी के) मुर्शार विवाणाता है। एन्नीवरचर युनीवसिटी जा गेंह पैदा करती है, उस की लागत 135 में 125 रुपये भारी है, इस के ऊपर कोई मुनाफा सबेबा बा नहीं ? लेकिन कियात का क्या दिया जारहा है—हर तरह से उस को खत्म वियाला रक्षा है। हम से नहा जाता है कि जब तक दिमान मुतक्जिय नहीं होगा, नाम नहीं चलेगा। इस ग्रेर की क्यों अवाना भारते हैं, यह धव दबने याना नही है। इतना मत दबाधी कि वह काबू से बाहर ही जाय। कार्यस नी हरुमत में घोर घर धाप नी हुरुमत । निसान को बदनाम किया गया। साथ हमारा जिल्ला भी शोबल-स्ट्रक्दरहैं, गवर्नमेंट का स्ट्रक्दर है, जितना पोलिटोकल स्ट्रबंधर हैं, सिर्फ एक हो प्रित्सियल पर बनाते ---

Exploitation of the rural poor

इस के अपर ही सारां स्ट्रक्चर बता हुआ है।

समय नहीं है, इन विजे में इस भी गहराई में नहीं माना पास्ता भीनन में पूरवीर प्रश्न करात साहता हु—माम पर मारी भीजों पर प्रान्त दें। बार ने मो माना स्टेटमेंट दिखा है, यह वी हम पहने मो मूनते पें। पानेस भी हुम्मत भी पहले सम्मेनन्ये स्टेटमेंट दिसा नहीं भी और धाम भी बहा पर सहे से पर स्टेटमेंट देंने हैं—स्टेटमस्स देने हैं भारत

"Not recorded

नहीं अलेगा, किसान को राहत देने की नोशिय कर। बदा प्राप यही शहत देना चाहते हैं कि गहा पर प्रपनी शबबरी धौर साचारी भी जाहिर १र ---हम रक्ष से बिल्यूल भी सैटिनपाइड नहीं है। पाप वन समझते हैं कि विसान के लिये पूछ नहीं हो रहा है, तो वहां पर बमा बैठेहए हैं। हमें इस बात की बहुत खरी थी कि हमारे मंत्री किनाना के नुमाइये बन कर बाये हैं, हम उम्मीद करते थे हमारे बरनाता साइब और मानुप्रताप निह जी कियानों को उसर राहत देने, खेकिन हम जो अम्मीद करते में, वह द्वाक में मिल गई। में आप से प्रजोर स्पील करना पाहता ह कि जो इस्टिसिस्ट्रम गृहत है सौर जो हिसान का प्रोह्यह है, इन दोतों की कीमतों के प्रन्दर कोई पेरिटी होनी चाहिए। इस पेरिटी के लिए मान तक इस हरूमत ने क्या स्टेप्स उठाये हैं। दम इस के बारे में धापने बैठ कर ठड़े दिल से सीचा है कि ट्रेक्टर की कीमत परती जा रही है। की पहुसे 29 हजार में भाता या भव वह 78 हजार में भाता है। इसी तरह से इम्सीबेंट्स, फटिलाइबर मौर वेस्टिसाइडम वी कीमर्वे भी बढ़े रही हैं। ये सारे इटस्ट्रियलिस्ट्रम गरीब निसान से दुस्मन हैं, उसको भारता बाहते हैं। प्राप जो निधान को दबा रेते हैं उसकी शीमत बढ़ पही है। २ह एबीइस्बर इहन्दी जिमको कि हिन्द्रमान को रीड़ की हही कहा जाता है, अवनेमेंड की इकीनोमी के लिए रीड़ की हुई। कहा जाता है, बाप इस को धरमंबर के क्या भारतवर्ष के मन्दर वही हालात पेदा चरना भाहते हैं जो पहने ये? प्रव प्राप मारमनिर्मर हो चुने हैं। में श्राप से यही भन्ने करना चाहता ह कि प्राप् उन्हें दिल से निमाना को उसकी प्राह्यूस की रेम्यूनरेटिव प्राइम दिशने की कोश्यास करे। माप हमारे से सवाल करते हैं कि बद्ध रेम्यूनरेटिक प्राइस कैमे हो ? सेने ग्रापको बता दिया है। ग्रापक खुद है, गदनमेंट के एग्रोनस्वरत पाम्से हैं। न्या वे मुनाक्षे के कपर चलते है? बाटे क कपर चलत हैं। भापने वहां पर बहुत-सी बीजें समायी हुई हैं। माप दशांपर तस्वाह देते हैं। यह सब कर ने धापना कास्ट धाफ प्राडक्सन क्या माता है? माप विसानों को उननी मजदूरी नहीं देना चाहते है। भानुमताप सिंह जी सीरी चीने पैदा करने में किसोन का बन लात होता है। प्राप उन्हें सारी चीज देख कर पूरी शीमत दिनाने की वीधिय करें। प्रापको किसान की ऐसी प्राइस दिलानी चाहिए जिससे वह सेटिस्फाईन हो । माप सोसायटी बताने की बात नहते हैं, वे तो बनने आ रही है। पान देश है पन्दर एके हवा उठ चुकी है, किसान जामता ना रहा है। मेकिन प्रापकी हकुमत की तरफ से इतनी नपसंस्ता नहीं बरती जानी साहिए। इसलिए में यही बर्ज करूना कि बाप विसान की पूरी कीमत दिला हर उसकी राहद गहुचार्ये।

यो थोहन सात (पांपत (धूर्वा) **

269 Rep. Failure of AGRAHAYANA 27, 1900 (SAKA) F.C.I. to procure Statements 270 of P.A.C.

Ragi. Paddy etc. (CA)

श्री मानु प्रताप सिंह : श्रीमन् कृषि पदार्थी के भूत्यों के विषय में मेरे जो विचार है, वह प्रधान मंत्री को श्रीर दूनरे मंत्रियों को श्रीर पूरे सदन की भी मानुस ह।

चीघरी बलबीर सिंह : ग्राप अपना बयान दे रहे हैं या सरकार का ?

धो पालु प्रशाप रिवह: जान कुन तो में | में कि कि तो हैं | कि राज्य हैं का रहे में एक पूरणा नाया पहुंचे करते | मेरे स्मित्र प्रभी भी की है | में विश्वास दिनाता हूं कि में बदने नहीं है | मेरिकार में धारण है कि है बदने नहीं है | मेरिकार में धारण प्रशास के प्रशास करते है | मेरिकार में धारण प्रशास के प्रशास करते है | मेरिकार में धारण पर्वे में अपने प्रशास करते है | मेरिकार प्रधास करते है |

भी राज नारायण (सच बरेसी) : उन्हाध्यक्ष महोस्य, हमारा जाएंट ब्राफ सांटर है। इस् ' मंबी जी कहते हैं कि किन्दान का हमाज में स्वा - दर्जी है? में प्राप्त से कहता हूं कि यह वो बड़ा व्यासक ' प्रक्त है। बाद इसी हरादे से ब्राह्म केंद्रील नहीं हो वा रही हैं!

उपाध्यक्ष महोदयः इस में व्यवस्था का क्या प्रकृत है ? यह तो ग्रापकी राग है।

श्री राज नारायण : यह मैं इसलिए कहता हूं कि प्रगर मंत्री थी किसान का स्वर क्या है, दबा क्या है, इस पर यहत करना चाहते हैं तो इन के या है, इस पर महें भी बोसने का मौका दिया बार !

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय: यह आप की राय हो सकती है और मंत्री महोदय की दूसरी राय हो सकती है। श्राप अपनी राय बता रहे हैं।

श्रीमती चन्नावती : हम उनको निश्नी राथ नहीं करता हैं । हम प्रकृतित को तरफ है किटन्टैं करतान चाहते हैं । याण हम को क्या रिवास्त रेगे इसको चाप स्वोर द्वापती हाउस पर हमें बचायें। करिता एवेंगन इसी चासते दिसा गया या कि प्राप करिता एवेंगन इसी चासते दिसा गया या कि प्राप करिता हमें

थी भानुप्रताप सिंह: सरकार को तरफ से मैं पहले ही उत्तर दें चुका हूं। अद बार बार मुक्ष से प्रथमी याथ देने के निष् कहा गया तब मैंने प्रथमें निवार रहे। बनों मुझे इनकों कोई प्रायमकता नहीं हैं। उत्तकर की तरफ से जो निक्स किता गया है वह मैं बता चुका हूँ और—बहु यह है कि हम प्रायक के प्रथम इस पूर्य पर सरीदने की व्यवस्था करेंगे।

13.31 hrs.

COMMITTEE ON ABSENCE OF MEMBERS FROM THE SITTINGS OF THE HOUSE

NINTH REPORT

SHRI D. AMAT (Sundargarh); I beg to present the Ninth Report of the Committee on Absence of Members from the sittings of the House.

13.31 1/2 hrs.

STATEMENTS OF PUBLIC AC-

SHRI ASOKE KRISHNA DUTT (Dum Dum): I beg to lay on the Table (English and Hindi versions) of the following statements:

(1) Statement showing final replies of Government to the recommendations contained in Chapter V and the action taken replies on the recommendations and the replies on the recommendations and in Chapter I of the 28th Report of the Public Accounts Committee regarding action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in their 20th Report (5th Lok Sabha) on Delays in Furnishing Action Taken Notes'.

(2 Statement showing final replies of Government to the recommendations contained in Chapter V and the action taken replies on the recommendations made in Chapter I on the 48th Report of the Public Accounts Communities regarding action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in their 183rd Report (6th Lok Sabita) on New Service/New Instrument of Service.

[Shri Krishna Dutt Asoke]

(3) Statement showing final renlies of Government to the recommendations contained in Chapter V action taken replies on the recommendations made in Chapter 1 of 48th Report of the Public Accounts Com mittee regarding action taken Government on the recommendations containd in their 182nd Report (5th Lok Sabha) On Films Division

(4) Statement showing final replies of Government to the recomendations contained in chapter V and action taken replies on the recommendations made in Chapter I of 47th Report of the Public Accounts Committee regarding action taken by Government on the recommendations contained in their 209th Report (5th Lok Sabha) on Export of Leather

13 32 hrs

STATEMENT RE CIRCUMSTANCES LEADING TO THE DEATH OF SHRI SURVA NARAIN SINGH MP

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) Our colleague. Shri Surya Narayan Singa MP un fortunately passed away on the 14th of December, 1978 and it has been alleged that the negligence of the concerned doctors in Dr Ram Manohar Lobia Hosnital contributes to death As promised by me in House on the 15th December, 1978. when this instite was raised by some Hon ble Members, I have had this matter carefully enquired into. I myself sent for all the doctors concerned and went into the details of the case with them. The facts which emerge -are as follows --

The hie Shri, Surya Narayan Singh MP had an acute heart attack at his residence 151 South Avenue in the early hours of the morning of the 14th December 1978 A messenger came to the CGHS Disnensary. South Avenue, at about 400 AM and called Dr R. Dutta, who was night duty there Dr Dutta reached the residence of the MP, which is across the road, within a few minutes Shri S N Smeh was complaining of severe pain in the chest more so on the left side Dr Dulta suspected the case to be one of my cardial infarction and gave an intra miscular in section of pethidine 40 mg and a tablet of Sorbitrate Shri S N Singh was advised immediate hospitalisation but he was reluctant to be moved to the hospital. Dr Dutta explained the gravity of the situation and offered to call an ambulance from Dr Ram Manchar Lohia Hospital. But a car was readily available with Shire S N Singh's neighbour the idea of calling an ambulance was dropped, since this would have caused further delay Dr Dutta mentioned full details of the treatment given on Reference Slip for the Hospital. also tried to inform on the telephone Shri Raman, Chief Personnel Executive Officer Lok Sabha. failing to get a response from his telephone he called the telephone of Shri Sanwai who is Executive Officer of the Ranya Sabha and left a message for him

leading to Death

of M.P. (Statement)

Shri S N Singh reached the Hospital at 500 AM A Junior Resident Dr Usha Ransal, immediatel; got the ECG done and recorded his blood pressure and called the Senior Resident, Dr Rakesh Srivastava Together, they gave the treatment for acute myocardial infarction with cardiogenic shock, which included Fethidine, Siquil Mephentin Interavenous giucose drup and oxygen Seeing that it was a case of massive heart attack the Senior Resident contacted the Coronary Care Unit in order to get a bed there but was told that none was vacant He then contracted the Physi cian Dr P Sengupta who confirmed the line of treatment and said that he would try to get a bed in the Nursing Home

Shri S. N. Singh was in need of urgent attention and it was necessary to restore his blood pressure, and therefore he was kent in the Casualty area so as to be close at hand to the doctors. Since the bads in the Casualty Officers' rooms were aiready occupied by very serious cases, one of whom subsequently died, Shri S. N. Singh was kept in a closed corridor just outside the Casualty Officer's room. There were a number of other patients also needing urgent attention in this closed corridor. Shri was lying on a Dunloppillo mattress which had been placed on a trolley, and was covered with a blanket and kent as comfortable as possible.

Dr. Sengupta, who lives at a distance from the hospital, telephoned to Dr. K. K. Malhotra who lives nearby. Dr. Malhotra went to the Casualty Ward which he reached before 7.00 a.m. and was followed soon after by Dr. Sengupta. They continued restorative treatment, and in meantime arranged for a bed in the Intensive Coronary Care Rosom of the Nursing Home. This was done by transferring one of the patients whose condition was less serious elsewhere. Shri S. N. Singh was taken to the Nursing Home at about 8.90 a.m. Dr. K. P. Mathur, the Senior Physician of the Unit, had also been called and he examined the patient and corroborated the treatment that was being given. But in the Nursing Home, Shri Singh's condition kept on deteriorating. was given external cardiac massage, artificial respiration, injection Adrenalin 5 cc. intravenously, as well, as other drugs for the treatment of shock. But since he did not respond, he was given another intracardiac injection of Adrenalin and other treatment including a DC shock to excite heart. But despite all the efforts to save him, Shri S. N. Singh unfortunately died at about 8.55 A.M

It is a fact that the Emergency and Casualty Ward of Dr. R. M. Lohia Hospital like those of other hospitals

in Delhi, is always overcrowded and inadquate for the large number of patients in a critical condition whom it has to deal with. I am getting this matter examined to see what can be done to effect some improvement and expansion in the Casualty and Emergency area, which is the crucial area of any hospital.

Along with this, I have asked that the possibility should be explored of attaching a Mobile. Coronary Care unit to the hospital; so that nationis in a similar condition to that of the late Shri S. N. Singh can receive prompt "and urgent attention.

चौधरी यसबीर सिंह (होशियास्प्रे) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, 5 वजे में 7 वजे के दौरान जो डाक्टर न प्राने का बाजवा है इसका क्या कारण है ?.. (ब्यवद्यान)

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय : 10 मादमी एक माथ खंडे होंगे तो केने काम चलेगा।

श्री राम विलास पासवान (हाजीपर) : उपा-ध्यक्ष महोदव, डाक्टर ने जो प्रधान मंद्री को रिपोर्ट दी हे वह बात सही है या गलत है, इनकी प्रधान मंत्री जान्न करायेंगे ? डाक्टर ने जो बात कही है बह बिलकुल गलत है। इसलिए जो उन्होंने कहा है उसकी आप जाचे करायेंगे ?

डा॰ लक्सी नारायण गांडेय (गंदसीर): मान्य-वर, वस्तु स्थिति जो हमारे नामने है इसके ग्रन्तार हाक्टरों में उनको ठीक से घटेंड नहीं किया ! हम सभी मह बाहते हैं कि इत मानवे की पूरी जांच की जाए कि क्या इसमें ज्येक्स हुई है ? और मदि हुई है तो उनको भी दंडित किया जाए जिन्होंने उपैक्षा को है। हमारे पास इस बात के पर्याप्त प्रमाण हैं कि उनको क्यानदे में रखा गया, सामान्य चिकित्सा सुविधा उनको नही मिली, जितनी तत्परता से देखमान होनी थी, नहीं हुई । मैं प्रधान मंत्री से निवेदन करुंगा कि वह इस मानले की गम्दीरहा से जांच करवाने की क्रमा करे। हमने व्यवस एक घच्छा माबी श्रोगा है।

° थी राज्य जो (विदिशा) : उपाध्यक्ष पहोदय, साउव प्रवेत्य के जो डाक्टर ये जिन्होंने प्रारंभिक जांच की यो उनको स्वर्गीय थी एस० एन० मिह के साब जाता चाहिए या जब कि सनकी गम्भीर हालन थी। बहक्यों नहीं गए जब कि वह भी जी वस्त्रवास्त के बाक्टर है ? जब वह यहा पहुंचे तो वहा लेखी शास्टर इया बंभल का व्यवहार इतना खराब या कि, उन्होंने जब कहा कि मैं ब्रांदमी हूं, प्रत्यर नहीं है, प्राप [धी राघन जो] इबेंबगन जरा समास कर समाये, तो उस सेबी शक्टर ने जबाब दिया कि इसाज कराना तो करावने, नहीं तो पते बाइये वहा से ! वहां जो व्यक्ति उनके

साथ गए थे, उनका स्थान पहने देखना चाहिए, जब तक उनके स्थान को नहीं देखेंगे यह ठीक प्रती दोगा। (स्थवधान)।

ast dist I feederal!

एक मानतीय सदस्य . क्या इन्तवायरी करायेग ?

भी गोबिन्द राम निरी : उनका आवन्गीयन ठीक समय पर नहीं दिया गया ।

एक माननीय सदस्य मरने के बाद दिया पदा !

भी गोविष्य राम निरों वह 4 वह अस्पताल गए पे, उनको अबने समाहे 7 बजे नक कई पर नगा निटाया, कम्बल भी नहीं दिया नवा । उनकी वैय किया ।

में मानतीय मधान मंत्री भी का जो मत है उसमें मिश्र मत देता हूं, में उसस एवंग नहीं हो जो होंग हूं, यह गजत है हम उससे मतुष्ट नहीं हूं। जो होग हुम्साल से गएं में, तक्का प्यान सिया आए भीर समस्टर की भी बुनाया आए। बाक्टर की मस्पेंड क्या जाए, हम सौन करते हैं।

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER Those who have spoken up till now are all of the same views therefore there is no point in continuing I will ask only the other two Members to speak.

भी निमल बन्ध औन (सिवनी) उपान्यक्ष बहुद्दर, किस दिन पह पहना पटी है, उस दिन प्राप्तम बहुद्दिस प्राप्त मती औ नहुर्द पर साथे थै, शिनायन प्रस्तान भी मतुब्द एवेलू भी। सह बर्वाएं उनके सामने एवी गई भी। प्राप्तस नहुद्दिस ने बुध से कहा चा कि में विधित्व में दू । मैंने घटाया महोदय को निश्चत में हुछ बावें कही हैं, जो कि यहां दताई तई हैं। एम्पूरेम का धोकर नहीं दिया गवा ? एम्पूर्वेड भीर टेक्सी नहीं मिली तो बढी मृक्तित वे किसी प्रकार कार मिली, जो कार रहते हैं, उनकी कार से ले जावा पथा । एम्पूर्मेंस का कोई धापर नहीं था ।

leading to Death

of M.P. (Statement)

हुमती चीच यह है कि घनर हानटर देखता है कि हार्ट मटेंक हुमा है. मोर हानटर हतनी सिमंधी बतान की बात करी है कि हम एनहेल - दुनारा चाहते चे तो क्या मेडिकच एक्याइस के घनतांत वह नही वह सत्ते वे कि घाम यहां से सत छोटा, प्रापको एम्बन्तिन में हो ते जाया जायेगा 1

फ्लैट न0 151 में वहा उनका मनान है, वहां से सदक तक पाने के लिए, कार में बैठने के लिए कुछ चलना पडता है और विनिध्दन हस्पताल में भीतर जाने के लिए भी चलना पढ़ा । जिस सथय हार्ट घटक हमा तो बडो खतरनाक स्थिति थी । जब विलिय्हें हरपताल गए तो भारतीयन नहीं दी गई । यह बात बहा पर बड़ी स्पष्ट मालम हुई है सब को। बर्तीव उनको ऐसा था, जिस समय उनसे कहा गया कि यह एम॰पी॰ हैं तो उन्हाने वहा कि हमको कन्त्रयत्र भत करो ? मैम्बर पालियामेंट हैं. मापव प्रसाद है या यमकर प्रसाद है, मझको कन्फराज मत दीजिये। अब इस नरहेका बर्ताव एक एम० पी० के साथ हाता है, एम० पी० मलग व्यवहार नहीं बाहते. लेकिन उब एम॰ पी॰ के माथ यह होता है, तो साधारण मादभी के साथ क्या होना होगा ? मभी तक जो बयान दिया है वह बाहरों का है, जो कि उन्होंने अपना बचन कह दिया, में चहाना ह कि में ने ब्राध्यक्ष महोदय को जो पत्न दिया है, उसके माधार पर भी जांच की बाए ।

पो चो नो नो नम्बन (बांग्यूपा) जराव्यत प्रशास असरों वर राजियामेंट के मेमगो है साम इतना बराम नुकर पुता है कि ये बारद रही होंगे है हता दूपमा होते हैं। घन से धाठ रहा महीने है हता दूपमा होते हैं। घन से धाठ रहा महीने पहले नाये दूपमें के हर असरों नी भी प्रत्यत्वी प्रवाद भारद को इस बारे वे धाई नेने सिव कर देशेक्शन पर उस सार्ट को देश की है। यह भी नेरी का घाड पर दर्शा हती है रहा मा ने मेने नेरी का फिल्टी किया। वार्त्यता वार्यु दे कहा है कहा कि स्वीत कर सीनेया। वी ने सिव कर है सार्ट किया कर सीनेया। वी ने सिव कर हो सी सीने कर सीनेया। वी ने सिव कर हो नी सार्ट के में सी कर सीनेया। वी ने सिव कर हो नी सार्ट के में सी कर सीनेया। वी ने सीन कर हो नी सार्ट के में सी कर सीनेया। वी ने सीन कर

में बूद सफदावन हासिपत में वीमार था। मेरा धारप्यन हुया है। में उन वातो में नही जाना पाइया हूं, सेवन में बहना पाइया हूं कि बिस हिम्म का मुंदर शांव्यासेंट के भैम्बरों के नाय फिल्मी के समरदानों में हुया है, पत्र र स्थान मही खुद उसकी बाज करें, या उसके बिए एक समिति बनाई आये, सांपता वर्तगा कि ह्यारे जीवन के साथ विजवाड़ किया जाता है।

SOME HON MEMBERS rose-

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Now I cannot be calling every one because you are all repeating the same thing. Please listen to me now.

श्रोमती चन्दावती (भियानी): उपाध्यक्ष स्वात्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांसिक्त स्वात्ति स्वात्ति क्षांस्ति क्षांसिक्ति स्वात्ति क्षांसिक्ति स्वात्ति स्वाति स्वात्ति स्वात्ति स्वात्ति स्वाति स्वात्ति स्वाति स

श्री विनायक प्रताद बावय (ग्रह्सा) : प्रधान मंत्री भी भे व्यान दिया है, वह डाक्टरों भी रिलोर्ट पर साधारित है। (व्यवदान) इन मामले की स्ववंत स्य में बांच की जानी पाहिए। (ब्यवदान)

वर्षाध्यक्ष महोदय : और मैंम्बरों ने भी यही बाव कही है । (व्यवधान)

Please take your seats. Mr. Vinayak Prasad Yadav, please take your seat now.

थी तालको माई (संसूम्बर) : उपाध्यक्त महोदय,

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Nobody will go on record hereafter. I want to say something and that will be the end of the matter.

(Interruptions)

bers have said.

on record.

Please take your seat now. It will not go on record, if you persist. I am sorry. I do not went anybody to go off the record; I am against anybody going off the record. But if you persist like this, you will go off the record. Please take your seats. Otherwise, nothing of what you say will go

(Interruptions) **

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Is it a fish market? There must be some order in the House. Nothing of what you say will go on record. Mr. Bagri, please take your seat. Nothing will go on record now.

(Interruptions) **

MR, DEPUTY-SPEAKER: Nothing will go on record. There is some procedure in the flouse. Everybody cannot get up at the same time and shout in the House. I am very sorry, I cannot allow this. I am very sorry i would not allow this. I have been very liberal with the Members and still you persist in defying the Chair. I am very sorry, I will not allow. Nothing will go on record. You want to make this a fish market? I will not allow this

(Interruptions) **

उपाध्यक्ष महोदय : यगर चेयर को टिफाइ कर इर के बोलना चाहिंगे तो नहीं बोलने देंने ।

(Interruptions) **

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER: Nothing will go on record,

(Interruptions)

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER, Nothing will go on record of what you say. Please take your seat. You must know how to behave in the House. . . (Interrations)

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI): Members cannot

MR. DEPUTY-SPEAKER: You are all just repeating what the other Mem-

[Shri Morarji Desai]

get up and shout like this. They have to abide by the rules It we do like this with the Chair then others ilso will do it. You canot go on like this.

MR. DEPUTY SPEAKER As long sg I am sitting in the Chajr I will not allow deflance of the Chajr like his There should be some procedure in the House I there is no procedure in he House I will get out of the Chair I want to make it very clear.

On a minor thing, you want to create disturbance in the House? I have allowed so many hon Members to say something on this Issue and you are only repeating it. Mr. Purushottam Lai Kaushuk (Interrupt ons) उस से पार आप होंगे!

13 52 hrs

STATEMENT RE CRASH LANDING OF BOEING 737 AIRCRAFT AT HYDERABAD

THE MINISTER OF TOURISM AND CIVIL AVIATION (SHIR) PURUSHOT TAM KAUSHIK)! With your kind permission Sir I regret to have to miorm the House about an unfortunate accident at Hydra Pad to a Boeing 737 aircraft of Indian Airlines

As the House knows there were fortunately no casualties amongst the passengers and the crow All the 126 passengers and the crow of 7 were safely evacuated within minutes of the accident and are reported to be safe.

15 pas.engers and one erew member sustained minor injuries and huma and were provided immediate medical and 15 of them were discharged immedia tely after first and and the one crew Member is under treatment in the fossital One more passenger who sustained serious burns has been hosputablesed and is under intensive care

The aircraft however having cought fire has become a total wreck. The entire baggage of the passenge a has been burnt in the fire but the postal mail was retrieved.

I am sorry to have to report that three labourers on ground close to the safe of the accident were killed

On hearing of the accident the Chairman Indian Airlines and Air India Managing Director Indian Airlines the officer currently looking after the duties of Director General of Civil Aviation, and other senior officers of the Director General of Civil Aviation and Ind un Airlines were detailed to Hibderabid with a rellet aircraft

Some passengers were brought to Delhi by the relief plane while some preferred to return to Madras A few passengers who boarded at Hydera bad stayed back

Ind an Airline provided immedia te financial assistance to passengers wherever needed

Under the Indian Carnage by Air Aht the passengers will be granted compensation for baggage lost at the rate of Hs 125 per kilogram for registered bargage and upto a maximum of Rs 500/ for Unregistered hand baggage 281 Crash-landing AGRAHAY ANA 27, 1900 (SAKA) Matters under Rule 377 282 of Boeing 737 (Statement)

tered baggage and upto a maximum of Rs. 500 for unregistered hand-baggage.

For the labourers killed on ground, an immediate interim assistance of Rs. 2000 each will be paid to the families of the deceased pending entitlement under the third party insurance cover.

The Director of Air Safety has been appointed as an Inspector of Accidents to inquire into the cause of the accident under rule 71 of the Aircraft Rules (1937).

SHRI M. SATYANARAYAN RAO (Karimnagav): Sir, Mr. Lal, Chairman, Indian Airlines Corporation has already made a statement in Hyderabad and he has expressed a doubt whether there is any sabotage. Whether there is any sabotage with the three is any sabotage and if so, are you going to have a judicial enquiry into this?

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU (Diamond Harbour); Sir, there should be a judicial enquiry and not a departmental enquiry. The report of the accusion which took place in 1976 and which took a heavy toll is yet to come. It is a deplorable matter. Although the accident which took is deplorable motored this government's time yet the Government should see to it that that report is laid on the Table of the House before any more delay.

भी उपनेन (देवारिया) : उत्ताध्यक्ष सहित्य, कार्यावरक प्रापतट एसीनिएतम के जनरत सेरेटरी, केरिन बात्यों ने इसी फेन के बारे में 15-11-78 की कहा था कि इसकी डीक किया अब लेकिन विमाग ने इसकी डीक नहीं किया । दो क्या मनी ची इसकी जोच करवायेंगे !

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayin-kil): Sir, the Chairman of the Indian Airlines, Mr. Lal has made a statement to the effect and it has appeared in the Press also that he has ordered an enquiry to be conducted by the Director of Air Safety. This is a matter wherein the Boeing company

is also involved. So I would like to say that first of all there is an impropriety on the part of the Chairman to make a statement before the Minister himself makes a statement. It is a serious accident. although there are not casualities. It is good. So, the statement should come from the Minister instead of coming from the Chairman. Once your own officer has made a statement now you are coming before the Parliament to make a statement. Therefore, I support the demand made by Shri Jyotirmoy Bosu that there should be a judicial enquiry and secondly, it is improper on the part of Mr. Lal to issue a statement before the Minister makes a state-

SHRI PURUSHOTTAM KAUSHIK:
The Chairman of the Indian Airlines has no appointed any man. DGCA is independent of Indian Airlines and whenever accident of non-fati patture takes place generally the Director of afety, who is an independent person, holds an enquiry and he is holding the enquiry. (Interruptions)

MR DEPUTY SPEAKER: Now, we are approaching 2 O'clock. There is item marked to be taken up at 2 p.m. I suggest we may first finish 377 and then take up that item.

14.00 hrs.

MATTERS UNDER RULE 377

- (i) REPORTED BEATHS IN DHANBAD-BUE TO CONSUMPTION OF POISON-OUS LIQUOR.
- दा॰ रामनी सिंह (भागसपुर) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदब, मैं नियन 377 के ब्रह्मीन बनबाद की घटना सम्बन्ध में एक वनकष्य देना बाहता है।
- यह दुर्बान्य का विषय है कि नहरीको जराब पीने के क्षासकत समय पीनेनीन सी कांबता-न्यहर धनवाद में मर परे। ग्राव उतने परिवासे का कृत्या कन्यत है गरा है। चरकार में इससे जांब कुरूना कन्यत है गरा है। चरकार में इससे जांब कुरूनों का वी निर्धा किया है, यह श्रवसों के, यह श्रेष्ठ नहीं है। सम्मी आब न्याधिक होनी कांब्रिए बोर जब कर न्याधिक संच नहीं होती है,

थि। समग्री किही

अगहुआ इंक बन बात नूतन बाद धीर सिर्वात का बात । इस जारा पहुराती काश्य कर बाते होने हो के बन बाते हो है। उस वाल नाते हो है। उस बातों वा इस डाठ पर हो है। उस बातों वा इस डाठ पर डाठ नाते हैं। इस बातों वा इस डाठ पर डाठ है। अगहार करना चाहिए। अरहार हो हो हो है। इस डाठ वेड जारा है जो है। अरहार करने चाहिए धीर बाद वरने चाहिए धीर बाद वरने चाहिए धीर बाद वरने चाहिए धीर बाद बन वरी चीर हो है। अरहार चीर करना है। अरहार वर्षों का स्थार हो अरहार हो अ

14 02 hrs.

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

(n) Finalisation of Gradation List and Revision of Promotion List of I.A.S Offices of Andhea Pradesh of 1956 Recruitment

SHRI G S REDDI (Miryalguda) I request the Speaker to permit me under Rule 377 to mention the following matter of urgent public importance in the House—

The continued delay in finalising the gradation list and revising the promotion list of IAS officers of Andhra Pradesh of 1956 recruitment."

The Hindustan Times dated December 12 carries a news item about the long delay in finalising the gradation and promotion list of IAS officers of Andhra Pradesh cadre recruited in 1956 Though the Andhra Pradesh High Court had ordered as early as 1973 to complete the work within six months and further issued a final order to the Government in Pebruary 1976 to complete the work before the year end I find that the Government has not so far completed the job. This amounts not only contempt of court but n 17th Ikin that many of these officers (VT- st) verge of retirement I met wit a k ac is delayed and when at Hyderabad. Ately completed information, the aircia

mal take off run and liftation sy way 09/21 impacked the group of one to rest approximately 500 melers beyond the end of the runway and outside the airport boundary fence

declared on 20-11-1978 that in view of the assurance given to him by the Government of India in September 1976 if anti-cow slaughter enactments are not passed in Bengal and Kerala by 31st. December, 1878 with reference to Sec 48 of the Indian Constitution and within the Indian Land down by the Supreme Court Judgement, he will go on fast from 1st January, 1979

The cow has been accepted from ages as toother al Indian culture. It is also accepted as the backbone of Indian economy Deep sentiment disallows its situaghter However, cow has been 'laughtered since British Haj india. There has been a longstanding public demand to ban the slaughter and 6, honour the dumb sentiments of the millions. This demand was supported by signalures of crores of people and lakins had demonstrated in Delbi-acced Guru Shankracharya and other saints fasted for long durations.

The history of the acceptance of the principle of prohibitory cow slaughter can be traced as follows

- The Government of India Expert Committe for Cattle Preservation and development 1977 recommended total ban on copy slaughter
- (2) The Sec 48 of the Constitution of India set down the principle of anti-cow-slaughter in 1951
- (3) The Supreme Court of India held the validity of anti-cow slaugter legislation in 1958 (Slaughter of only useless bulls and bullocks was allowed)
- .(4) The Commultee for cow protection of 1657 recommended bar 1973 Within the limits of the Supreme Court Judgement, Government of India has announced the acceptance of the principle to ban owr shaughter and has given assurances to get enactments passed in State from time to time as follows.
- (i) Government announcement on 5th January, 1967

- (ii) Central Agriculture Minister's statement in Parliament on 12th March 1970.
- (iii) Home Minister's announcement in Rajya Sabha on 8th September, 1976.
- The matter is of urgent public importance, I would request the Hon'ble Prime Minister to ban the cow slaughter in India
- (iv) REPORTER DISSATISFACTION AMONG
 THE STAFF OF SHIPPING CORPORA-

DR. VASANT KUMAR PANDIT (Rajgarh): Mr. Speaker, Sir, with your permission, I want to make a mention under Rule 377 of the following matter of public importance.

I request that the Government do take into consideration for immediate action the situation of growing discontent, strong feelings of frustration and total dissatisfaction among the officials and the administrative staff of the Shipping Corporation of India: the problems created by the reconstitution of the Executive Wing, the total disregard to seniority and experience of the officials of the SCI: the acts of favouritism and nepotism which has sent in a trend of demoralisation at senior levels on the background of a downfall in the shipping business of the Corporation and the need to take immediate steps to retrieve the situation by utilising experienced and senior officials and staff in the proper perspective to nut the SCI on a sound

and viable footing.

May I request the Minister of Shipping to apprise the House on the ac-

tion taken on this situation.

(v) Reported Pen Down Strike by
Non-gazetted postal audit asso-

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola): Mr. Speaker, Sir, It is reported that the non-gazetted postal audit association, Nagpur, is carrying on pen-dawn

CIATION, NAGPUR.

strike since 7th November, 1978. The officials involved in inspection duty have also stopped their work and are at headquarters. The issues connected with the agitation are:

- Repatriation of five Section Officers at Resident Audit Offices at Bombay, Ahmedabad and Pune.
- Promotion of the staff as per orders already issued.
- Equitable distribution of inspection duty for the entire staff.

Agreement reached in December. 1970 and thereafter have been unitaterally withdrawn by the authorities and they are planning to open a new branch audit office at Bombay in violation of these agreements. The authorities have withheld pay and allowances for the period of strike. They have seized all attedance registers. On 9th November, 1978, police were called by lodging false complaint against the employees. On 27th November, 1978, the S.D.C.A. refused to meet Shri-I do not want to name a Member of the Parliament, belonging to the Janata Party. The C.A.P.T: visited the office on 1st December, 1978, but refused to settle the issue through negotiations. The matter is serious enough to call for the attention of the House.

- (vi) KISAN RALLY IN DELHI ON 23RD DECEMBER, 1978.
- थी मनी राम बावड़ी: (नयुरा): 23 दिनम्बर को चौधरी चरण सिंह के अन्य दिवस पर किसान सम्मेलन को तरफ स दिस्ती में घायोजिन क्सान रेसी, जिल में एक करोड़ के लगभग किसान भारत के कोने कोने से चल कर प्राएमें पीर गांधी, लोडिया तया उन देश के तनाम मान्तमंत्र हिसान प्रान्दोशनी को बाहने वाले नेतामों की माना को पति है जानी विसान की समस्या की लेकर प्रवर्ग भागों के बास्ते इस्ड्रेट हो रहे हैं, चौधरी वरण नित् के प्रत्य दिसा, पर जनको देखना किमानों के लिए बहुत महत्त्र की बात है। बतोब नविट है निए कियान सम्पेमन कें ब्राप्य भी सब नारायण में प्रधान मंत्री जी त प्रतमति मार्गो भी जिसकी प्रतमीन प्रधान मंत्री जो ने नहीं दी। एनसे विभागों भी भागाए पर्व एविक होती हैं और क्यानों का मन टूट रहा है कि यगर हम इस्टू है हो, हमारे मेता के बेन्स दिश्म पर प्रगर वसकी शक्त भी न देख गरेंने बर उनके प्रधिकार

भी मदीराम वावडी

287

का हुन्ह है। यह तैनी विल्ड्ज बाननाय हैंगी।
हुक्क म्योजन वांडी धीर वाहिया के ब्राव्यों है।
हुक्क म्योजन वांडी धीर वाहिया के ब्राव्यों है।
बहर वर्ष में हुँ काल उम्मीर प्रवान निरस्के हैं। चार
बहर में प्रदेश उपज्ञान मान माने प्रवासी वींड हैं
हुन्दार रहास्त्र मान पर दूस देश हाया है
हित्सी के प्रध्य मानी पर चर्च 1 धीर वांडि हित्सी के प्रध्य मानी पर चहुन की धीर वहें
हुन्ता माने माने प्रधान की धीर की हित्सी के स्वास की स्थान की स

क्षांना है प्रवास मदी जी प्रमता स्पट्टीकरम श्रदन को त्या। समना हिन्दुस्तान के निमानो की श्रह एक एनिहासिक देनी होगी।

MR. SPEAKER. The House will now take up further consideration of the motion regarding breach of privilege

(Interruptions)

SHRI P RAJAGOPAL NAIDU (Chittoor) On a point of elarification, Sir

14.12 hrs

RE QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE— Contd

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola) Sir before you proceed further I want to raise the question which I raised the other day (Interruptions) I have pointed out that a very blantant and clear breach of privilege has been commutted by the hon Prime Minister, Shri Morarii Desai in having the news of his notice given advance publicity I pointed out to you in the House that this was in clear viciation not of the convention, but of the rule viz 334A incorporated m our rules and the rule says -I have read it, but I again wanted to remind you, it is a mandatory requirement

"A notice shall not be given publicity by any member or other person until it has been admitted by the Speaker and circulated to the members"

Sir, I had pointed out that this

notice which was given on 14th was nublished a the 'Evening News' of the same day, and further that it had come to us only in the dak of 15th but it was published in morn ng newspapers which come to us roundabout 530 or 6 a.m. You were kind enough to clearify 'hat it had not leaked from you, or the Secretary who alone knew of the notice, as far as your end was concerned. The only third person was the person from who the notice came viz the Prime Minister Shri Morarithhat himself He had given the no-The presumption is that the person who give, notice must be responsible for the notice and also for its confidentiably. He cannot get away by saying that he has enquired from his office and that it has not leaked from his staff. I was pained and surprised that a great Gandhian like Shri Morarubhai should have come down to this untruth, of saying that he does not know On the have of my enour es I sav it in this House with a full sense of responsibility ruptions) that an intimation went from the office of the Prime Minister to the Pressmen telling them not to say that this notice or the copy of it had come from his office

Sir the obvious thing is that it is or clear. If he disputes that he did not give it and that news was sent by the UNI for that notice, it is not that there is a guess by the Press. So, obviously a copy of the notice in advance was made available to the UNI and EVI.

All that is required to be done is to ask the UNI from where did they get it and you will find the culprit It is not for me to tell you. I cannot produce the UNI before you

Suo mobi when a rule is violated in such a blatant manner and there are precedents of this very House which considered such premature publicity as clear violation of the rules and contempt of the House I would request you that this could have been taken notifice of straightfury by you.

And as the precedents stand, when Mr. Gauri Shankar Rai raised a breach of privilege against the ex-Prime Minister on the basis of something which had appeared in the newspaper, the office of the Speaker as is the normal practice-, did not even send for the comment of the ex-Prime Minister. Without doing that under your powers of the Speaker under rule 228, it was straightway sent to the Privileges Committee. The Deputy Speaker was in the Chair who did it. To me, the office is the same, whoseever presides. So, therefore, this is the precedent of the House. Eo, when there is a clear cut case of enquiry-I am not saving today that he is or he has been found vet to be guilty-all the fingers point only on him if they do not point on you, because you have already made it clear. Therefore, there is a case for heing enquired into by the Privileges ·Committee. I would request that let us not be guilty of applying the double standard. Here is a breach of privilege of this very House committed by the Prime Minister, Mr. Morarji Bhai

We are now enquiring into an alleged breach of privilege of a previous House and wanting to give the maximum punishment-hungry for the blood as it were of the ex-Prime Minister (Interruptions) by a brute majority. This is what we are seeing. Now show us your morality of applying... Even the Prime Minister should say that the same standard should apply to him and he is willing to have the matter enquired into by the Privileges Committee. That is the least that I expect from the Prime Minister, I want that this matter should be decided first and straightway referred to the Privileges Committee, This is the least that I beg of you to do. Unless this is done. we will feel that double standards are being applied and this will be complete erosion of all our standards in this House.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER; He has raised a point of order.

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI (Chirayin-kil): Mr. Vasant Sathe was just referring regarding rule 334 and said that this had been violated. My submission on the goint of order is that there are two privilege motions before you. One is by Mr. Vasant Sathe and the other one is by Mr. Zduardo Faleiro.

MR. SPEAKER: What is your point of order?

SHRI VAYALAR RAVI; Both these have to be looked into together, because the Deputy Speaker informed the House that the Prime Minister had denied that, whether he or his office had leaked out anything to the Press. In this context. the privilege motion by Mr. Eduardo Faleiro comes in because naturally or obviously the Prime Minister might have discussed it with somebody. That is the privilege motion by Mr. Eduardo Faleiro. because this is a matter which concerns every Member of the House. It is not a party matter When it is not a party matter, it has been completely left to the Members here. The Prime Minister denied that it had been leaked out by his office or by him. Naturally the conclusion is that ais party had discussed it and some of the members of the party had leaked it out.

There stands Shri Faleiro's privilege motion. You have to take into account both these together and find out either the Prime Minister accepts or enouries into whether it has gone from his office. If it is denied then comes the artivitege motion of Shri Faleiro It has already been discussed that it has leaked out.

MR. SPEAKER: Yours is a suggestion and not a point of order.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: My respectful abmission to you is that your rulling on the Privilege Motion of which I have given notice ought

Desai.

[Shri Eduardo Faleiro]

to come must precede the discussion on the major issue of Mrs Gandhi and others

My submission is as per my notice which was given on the 15th morning the Janata Party has decided to take a party stand on this matter Prime Minister has said that his personal opinion will not count and that will subordinate it to the Party view This is a gross breach of privilege. This goes to the root of the entire law of privileges. Under the law of privileges you know this House does not sit as a legislative hody, but sits as a judicial body in terms as the High Court of Parliament each one of us as a judge We must vote according to our conscience and having a vote on a Party basis amount, to contempt and obstruction of the fair functioning of this House in a matter of privilege

I gave this notice on the 15th morning The facts could have been obtained from the Prime Minister by now I submit that a monstrous act as sought to be perpetrated on this House by the Janata Party by taking a Party stand in a matter where Party atand cannot be tolerated I am saying to you that unless you give your ruling now and it can be only on one direction that what they have said is bad, is unfair and it is wrong unless this is done you and I will be conniving in a monstrosity being perpetrated on this House to day and we will be making this Parliament a laughing stock of the Parliaments of the world and of the people of this country

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER Thus is not a debate,

SHRI P VENKATASUBBAIAH (Nandyal) Under Rule 338

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I have no notice from you

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA (Tumkur) I rise on a point of order

You were not in the seat. The Deputy Speaker said that the matter is pending and the Speaker will come and do it. He did not conclude the matter.

I submitted that there were two privilege motions on the issue

Now we are discussing on the Report of the Privilege Issue. The decision of the parliamentary party, of the political party will definitely have an influence over the members who are expressing on this subject. Therefore the two privilege issues should be clubbed together and you must see that a decision should be given—not only the decision but a discussion should be allowed. This may be done before coming to a decision because it will be a slur on the functioning of the Parliament.

You are very prudent and you have been a judge You have to be very judicious regarding this so that the whole country may appreciate

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER What is your point of order?

SHRIK GOPAL (Karur) I am on the admissibility portion of this itself When Mr Faleuro and Mr Sathe sent a notice of privilege under Rule 222 you were pleased to send the same to the Prime Minister and await his communication You may very well remember on the 9th December I gave a notice of privilege under 222 against the Prume Minister having deliberately misled the House and having said some untruth You observed in the House-I got communication from the Prime Minister and that communication will be sent to you. Therefore I am not allowing you.

Till now I have not received anything. You cannot eat artistarily rejecting the notice. The country at large is entitled to know as to what appened. I did not give publicity about my notice. I did not do that. I did not behave irresponsibly as those people do. But in future if you are not getting any reply either, from office or whatever source you feel like, we feel it is quite unfair and you will have to adopt some procedure not only with the Prime Minister but with revrebody. That is my submission.

SHRI P. VENKATASUBBAIAH: My point of order is this. Mr. Sathe has moved a motion against the Prime Minister. This is of a definite nature violating Rule 334-A and on which sufficient discussion has been made.

With regard to the advance leakage of information of the notice in a verbatim manner to the newspapers even on the 14th evening as well as on 15th morning, Mr. Sathe has made out the case clearly that since you in your wisdom have said that the leakage has not happened from your side or from the side of the Secretary-you do not know from which source the leakage has come-that is what you have told the House-the obvious inference is, there is no other conclusion except to say, that the person who has given notice, i.e. the Prime Minister has committed breach of privilege of this House under rule 334A. A frivolous privilege motion is different. The Janata Party, with their brute majority, want to preempt and prejudge the issue. They have come out with their coinion in a blatant manner in utter disregard of the maner in which this privilege issue has to be discussed in this House freely and also objectively. The two motions are before VOU

MR. SPEAKER: So far as Mr. Farler's motion is concerned, I believe I have sent the reply. I had no occasion to examine it. I shall examine and consider both of them together.

(Interruptions).

AN HON. MEMBER: There should be no double standards.

MR, SPEAKER: I would not adopt double standards.

(Interruptions).

PROF. P. G MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar): Sir I suppose you have ruled at least for the time being on the matter which was raised in the House by Mr. Sathe. I am now raising a point of order on the main debate which has been going on in this House from Thursday, 7th December. The House has been discussing this matter-Third Report of the Commattee of Privileges-from Thursday. 7th December, It is extraordinary that such an important and vital debate should have been spilled over a number of days. But I need not comment on that aspect of the matter at this stage. I have a very serious objection which I am now raising in the form of a point of order and I want your guidance. You have been saying-I hope you have not finally ruled on that point—that in a debate of this nature, not because it is a serious privilege matter but in any privilege matter, when the report is presented to the House and the House has agreed to discuss that report for more than half an nour, a member of Committee of Privileges-no matter to which party he belongs or he may not belong to any party, as myself-should not intervene in this debate.

MR. SPEAKER: It is not proper to intervene.

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: With great respect to you, it seems to me that the Chair is taking an extraordinary position and a very unfeature paid to the position. I want to respectfully point out why I say so. I can understand that when a matter is being
raised by any of my colleagues on this side or that side as an issue fit to be
seen to the Committee of Privilegas, when that is being discused and the
Chair is likelang to the various points

(Prof. P G Mavalankar)

of view to decide whether a particular assue which has been raised by a member can be sent to the Committee of Privileges or not, in that debate I am fully with you that propriety der ands that no member of the Committee of Privileges should take part in that discussion because in the very nature of things, by definition, if the matter is to be referred to us with the consent of the Speaker, we become the judges for the time being of that particular issue and we should not take part in the discussion and prejudge the issue That I fully accept and therefore none of us, members of the Committee of Privileges, has spoken at that stage

What I do not understand, and what I object very seriously to is the next stage of the discussion-and that is the stage in which the House is involved right now-and that is the discuss on on the Report which is already before the House that is the Report of the Privileges Committee and the mot on moved by the Leader of the House Now I should have thought that the parliamentary practice not only in the British House of Commore out what is more relevant to me in this very House from the beginning of the First Lok Sabha has been very clear that when the Report of the Committee of Privilages is of it is being criticised, condemned or wrongly interpreted, it is not only the right of the members of the Committee but also their duty

WR. SPEAKER TO cut short the discussion. I shal have to examine with reference to precedents to decide with reference to precedents to decide with reference to precedents to the present, I am allowing all the members wanting to take part in the discussion, I am not objecting to it.

The House will row take up further

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH

(Hoshangabad) Sir, have you given

a ruling on the points raised by Shri Sathe and Shri Foler.0?

MR SPEAKER. That is under consideration. I have not even looked into the Report or the comments of the Prime Minister.

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: It is untenable. Both points are untenable...

MR SPEAKER. Mr. Kamath, I have not read the report. Unless I read the report, I am not able to decide

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER They want me to consider them together.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: Sir, It want your ruling on my privilege motion. I will tell you why. Because if the present Prime Minister is invoided, if the matter is portponed, it would look very odd. When the previous Prime Minister is involved, she is in the dock and you want to punish her it is very arbitrary. Now amendments after amendments are guardiant on motive of Sir, I want a ruling...

(Interruptions)

VR SPEAKER I had not given any consideration to it. A suggestion has been made that

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASART SATHE We want a ruling and a fair ruling. Otherwise, it is for us to decide how to praticipally in this sort of (Interruptions) Because it would be partial; we want the prosecuter also to be (Interruptions) Theycare of get away from this beach of unrulinge (Interruptions) because the Prime Minister is involved. It should be sent to the Primlegrad Committee. Why does he not do that (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Don't record

[&]quot;"Not recorded.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: Sir, I would like to be enlightened on a matter of procedure. We are discussing the consideration of the Report of the Privileges Committee

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: You need not hear me. The point is this

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you.

SHRI K. LAKKAPPA: This constderation cannot take place since the privilege motion given notice of hy Shri Sathe is pending before the House. Everything is dependent on that. Because, what is done on that will have its reflection on this because the breach of privilege is against Shri Morarji Desai ... (Interruptions) Therefore, firstly, that privilege motion should be disposed of and then you take this up for consideration. This is a relevant point. I hope wisdom prevails on you.

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard you.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN (Idukki): Kindly hear. There is one important aspect which you will have to bear in mind with respect to this.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: It is not a debate.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Only you will have to give a ruling on whether this motion is admissible or not. Kindly give a ruling whether this motion is admissible or not. That is why I say that this is not a matter between Mr. Sathe and the Prime Minister,

MR. SPEAKER: That is why I said I will consider. You want a ruling here and now. What can I do?

SHR! C. M. STEPHEN: It is not a question of you and . I want to explain it again.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA (Delhi Sadar): Mr. Speaker, Sir, I want to raise a point of order in regard to what he says. Please allow me to sneak

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER: In a privilege motion it should not become a debate.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: It does not become a debate at all

MR SPEAKER: It is becoming a debate now

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Should I use the words "point of order" and then alone I will be allowed? I can use that Therefore, the point is this.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA: I have raised point of order, First, listen to me.

(Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Both of them are interested in the side issues. All right.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA: My point of order is in respect of the matter raised by Mr. Sathe. He raised it in the morning, he raised it again in the afternoon, Mr. Stephen was allowed to speak in the morning and he is being allowed just now. How long will you continue this bebate like this? (Interruptions). And the only new point which Mr. Sathe has made is to enquire from the UNI to find out who has made the leakage. I must say, Sir, that he must find it out. This is not 1975-76.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: When I raised this in the morning, the Deputy Speaker said "Lead it to the Speaker." (Interruptions). That is why I raised it now.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA Mr Sathe must know that this is not 1975. (Interruptions) 76 This is 1978 This is not 1975-76 This is 1978 The days of dictatorship have some

(Interruptions)

SHRI C M STEPHEN Sur, I raise a point of order The point of order I raise is that on this question of privilege which Mr Sathe raised or anybody raises the question of privilege is not a matter between one individual and the other The question of pri-Viege is a matter governing the House in which the whole House is interested (Interruptions) The other day you permitted Mr Sathe to make a submission and therefore, the House came to know that there was a question of privilege Pursuant to that he put it in writing to you. The House has come to know that this question is here and it became more serious because you are pleased to state that it did not leak out from your office Once that is stated it has taken on a larger dimension Therefore I am submitting that two questions are involved in it One question which concerns all of us is the question of confidentighty of the correspondence that posses between a Member and the Secretariat Now the violation of confidentiality is a matter of great concern The second question is the hability of any Member who writes a letter to keep it secret and to have the utmost secrecy covering it. These two matters concern us Now, if the Prime Minister has denied that he has not done anything about it you know the law of presumption The presumption is that in the normal course things will have to be assumed Nearly because it is the Prime Minister or merely because it is somebdoy else it does not matter It did not go out from you Now, the moment you say the recipient has not leaked it out and the moment the House conceds and agres that the recespion; has not leakit out the burden shifts to the other

quarter to show that it did not leak out from him

The House accepts he Speaker's statement, no doubt about it I have no doubt in my mind that every Memher will accept that the Secretary has not leaked it out at all Therefore, the burden shifts to the Prime Minister It is not enough for the Prime Minister to say that he consulted his staff We have nothing to with his staff at all. His staff is under his control. His staff to answerable to him Therefore what I am saying is that this confidentiality is involved, this confidentiality is being violated The questron as to how it leaked out is a matter to be discussed in this House and is a matter which must be subsected to an enquiry. It has got to be subjected to an enquiry. Three top officials of the country, the Speaker, the Prime Minister and the Serretary come in They say they know nothing about it. Then who knows? It has got to be clansfied (Interruptions) The House is seized of this matter. that is what I am submitting

MR SPEAKER Mr Sathe has raised the question of prinlege against the Prime Minister again. He raised it for the first time by his letter dated 15th December, 1978 Even before I could ask the Prime Minister's comments on that matter, I had received a letter from the Prime Min ster informing me that he had made enousries in his office and he had come to the conclusion that the matter had not leaked from his office (Interruptions)

SHRI C M STEPHEN His office also has not leaked it out. Therefore he has leaked it out You have not leaked it out the Secretary has not leaked it out the Prime Minister beheves that his office has not leaked it out Therefore, he has leaked it out, it is clear (Interruptions) **

MR SPEAKER Dont record

[&]quot;Not recorded

The exact communication sent by

"I have made the necessary enquiries in my office. I find that no leakage of this amendment or my letter to you dated the 14th, in which the text of the amendment was embodied, has taken place at my end."

He has emphatically denied that any leakage has taken place at his end. Prima facie I have to accept the statement of every Member of this House as a correct statement unless there is very positive material for me to doubt the correctness of the statement. It is in this view that I have passed an order on 17th December, 1978 as follows:

statement that he has made the necessary enquiries in his office and found that no leakage has taken place at his end, there is no basis for this motion unless the Mover places before me some prima factic evidence to show that there was such leakage."

"In view of the Prime Minister's

I have found no reason to revise my order.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE: In protest, I will keep on standing here unless you revise the order.

MR. SPEAKER: My order is final.
(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Don't record anything more.

(nterruptions) **

MR. SPEAKER: 'No please; don't record.

(nterruptions) **

MR. SPEAKER: There are two things that are raised. One is whether the Prime Minister's notice of privilege....(Interruptions)** Please! I am on my legs.

The question is whether there is leakage or not. It is a different matter: certainly, I can hold an enquiry. I woll find out whether there is leakage...

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I do not want this matter to be dropped: I want this matter to be enquired into. I do not want a Departmental enquiry. This matter is in the House: I want an enquiry by the House-by a Committee of the House. There is the Committee of the House, the Privileges Committee: or you can set up another Committee. A committee of the House must go into it. snoke the untruth must be revealed: we will have to find it out Speaker said he did not: the Speaker said the Secretary did not; the Prime Minister says he did not. It has got to he found out because a fundamental matter is there. About the leakage, an enquiry has got to be conducted; an enquiry by the House must be conducted. That is the point,

MR SPEAKER: Even that can be considered. The Leader of the Opposition has suggested that a Committee of the House must enquire as to who was responsible for the leakage. That can be done: there is not difficulty at all.

(Interruptions) **

I do not want to take that resposibility. I am prepared to ask a Committee to enquire into who was responsible for the leakage. (Interruptions)**

I am prepared to ask a Committee of the House to enquire who is responsible. (Interruptions) **

No. no: I cannot presume that so and so is responsible. I am prepared to ask the Privileges Committee itself

^{**}Not Recorded.

Motion re. 3rd Report of 204 303 Re Questions of DECEMBER, 13, 1978 Privileges Committee Provilege

Mr Speakerl

to enquore into the matter as to who was responsible for the leakags

(Interruptione) **

I am not asking them as a Privilege Committee but as a Committee of the House.

(Interrudtions) **

Unless I study the papers I cannot ene a rubng (Interruptions)

SHRIB SHANKARANAND (Chikkodi) I rise on a point of order

Only a Committee specified under the Rules have the authority to summon any person or call for any document how you are saying that a Committee without any authoriv

MR SPEAKER No no

SHRI B SHANKARANANTI Plense listen to me You are referring this matter to the Privileges Committee not as a Privileges Committee

MR. SPEAKER As a Committee of the House.

SHRIB SHANKARANAND Please listen to me That Committee is not according to the procedure This Committee will have no authority to vhodens nommus

MR SPEAKER I can always appoint a Committee to go into the matter the House can always go into the matter

SHRI B SHANKARANAND No. no You have to say whether this Committee will have authority to summon anybody

MR. SPEAKER We will give you all the authority The House will now take up further consideration (Interruptions)

85D SPEAKER Please do not

record

(Interruptions) **

15 00 hrs

MOTION RE THIRD REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF PRIVILEGES-Contd.

The House will MR. SPEAKER now take up further consideration of the Mohons regarding the Third Report of the Commutee of Privileges and the Substitute Motions and Amendments moved thereto

Some more Substitute Motion, and Amendments have since been tabled hy Members to the Motion moved by Shri Moratu Desai on 8th December 1978

I will allow the Members concerned to move them also They may, if they desire to move their Substitute Motions/Amendments send slips to to the Table within 15 minutes indicating the serial numbers of the Substitute Motions/Amendments they would like to move

Now before I start the procedings may I make a request to the hon. Members, since there are a large num her of Members desiring to speak, to be brief in their submissions

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM (Palant) As far as Amendment No 39 is conpermed-which is standing in the name of the Prime Minister- before he moves that I have to rise on a point of o der Please hear me hefore that

MR. SPEAKER NOW

SHRI C M. STEPHEN (Idukki) On a point of order. We must know where we stand with respect to whatever motions are there, whatever amendments are there The point is this I have got before me the proceedings of the

[&]quot;Not recorded

8th. It is not clear what are the amendments before the House, what are the substitute motions before the House. These things are not clear. I would just read out. You were pleased to say this when I rose on a point of order after Mr. Morarji Desait moved his motion:

"Mr. Speaker: I do not think I should decide this now. There are a number of motions. This is not the only motion before us. There are a number of motions. I will give the decision after all the motions are moved. If any one of them countravenes, the rule, that will be over-ruled. This is not the only motion before the House. I would have given my decision here and now on this, but that does not serve the purpose There are a large number of motion."

This was your ruling on that day. Subsequently you made this observation when the matter was pursued further; You said:

"Mr. Speaker: I propose first to have all the amendments to the motion moved and thereafter consider which ones of them are valid or not. If all of them are invalid, they are invalid, If they are valid, hey are valid, At that stage, I will hear you."

Then it went on and I said:

"Shri C. M. Stephen: I am not making a speech. I am saying which motion the House must take into consideration."

It went on. Then you said:

. "Mr. Speaker,: I am going to take up the motions."

. Then I said:

"Shri C. M. Stephen: Then the point of order is in which order the motions will be taken up." Then you said:

"Mr. Speaker: I will consider it."

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In that way, the proceedings of the 8th were over. The next day—please she the proceedings of the next day—you made these observations. The next day is hopened like this, What I am saying is that the next day is happened like this, with a saying is that the next day you said, Proceedings will be like this, ", and you said "Whoever wants to move his motion, may send in the chit." Nothing further was said about it. We do not know what all amendments have been moved. We do not know what all substitute motions have been moved.

MR. SPEAKER: They have been circulated to you.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: No. The Foint is that all the amendments that came were circulated. You did not sty the way you have said to-day in the House, that is to say. 'Anybody who sends in the slip, his motion vall be treated as having been moved.' You did not make that annuncement.

MR, SPEAKER: I have made that announcement. I have read it.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN. This is page 11322. This is what you have said:

"The procedure will be that those who have given notices of substantive motions and those who have given amendment, and who want to move them may send their slips to the Table within 15 minutes."

You did not say as you said now that whoever sends in the slbs, those amendments will be treated as moved. You did not say that. This is all you said. I am reading again:

"The procedure will be that those who have given notices of substantive motions and those who have given amendments and who want to move them, may send their slips to the Table within 15 minutes."

[Shri C M. Stephen]

Now. Those who send up the slips within 15 minutes will be treated as having moved their amendmentsyou did ot say that Therefore, the point is this (Interruptions) No. no Let me say

Mr Kamath was called and he moved his amendment Mr Kamath was one of the persons who sent in the chit He moved his amendment I take it that his amendment alone has been moved "low do I know which are the amendments which are moved? M re inclusion of it in the record of proceedings will not ac I have looked up at the Budget pro ceedings You will see the cut motions are treated there in the same wn But the Speaker will invari ably make an at nouncement that now the cut motions are open for delate I have looked through all the Budgot papers 1 very time the Speaker makes an announcement Nov the cut motions are before the House for debate This announcement old not come at all I am submitting that a ruling by you remains to be done, that is to say about the validity of the motions and the validity of the amendments because that was what you said 'After everything come to me I will decide which is valid and which is invalid' This point will have to be clarified. There are points of order in regard to validity with respect to many amendments and many motions This will have to be considered You have promised on the 8th that we will get an opportunity There is no objection. Anybody can move amendments and even non. Then we must have an opportunity to object with respect to any amendment on the basis that it is not permissible under the rule You can now announce that whoever has sent in the ship at that time will be treated as having moved. Then we must be allowed to raise our objection with respect to the amendments pursuant to the ruling you gave on the 8th saying that after everything comes,

I will consider what is invalid and what is valid. I must get an opportunity to raise objections with respect to amendments given

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAN When a motion is moved by the Leader of the House as you have already said that stands on a special footing There are amendments 33 and 39 with regard to that Have they been moved or not? If it has been moved, then I would like to take objection to this very motion because I have got valid points against that. You must hear me before allowing amendment No 39 to go on record and putting it for discussion. At what stage your will allow me to say, it is for you to decide But I want to be understood that I have raised objection to am endment No 39 It cannot be allowed, it should not be allowed to be moved and you should hear me before you come to a decision on that

MR. SPEAKER I will hear you at the stage when he formally moves and opens the debate

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM I am objecting to the very moving of the motion

SHRI VASANT SATHE (Akola) His objection is to the very admissibility of the amendment. You must hear him before that (Interruptions)

MR, SPEAKER The procedure will be that those who have given notice of substantive motions-of course. Mr Jyotitmoy Bosu has already given notice-those who give amendment and who want to move them may send shos to the Table within fifteen minutes Now the procedure normally adopted is First we take up the substitute motion. If somebody takes objection to the validity of the motion at that stage the decision is given Then we take up amendment If anybody takes objection to the vaheaty of the amendment then that will be taken into consideration and

valid or not.

will be decided whether it is valid or not. This will be the proper course and this has been the course earlier adopted. Earlier adopted procedure is: We first take up substitute motions. In respect of substitute motions when anybody raises objection ... some of them I have found invalid prima facie and I have myself overruled. But there may be that still others may take objection and say some motion is invalid then I will hear it and decide whether it is valid or invalid. Similarly, when amendments are coming up I will decide the question whether amendment is

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Sir, I am not fond of hearing my own voice but I have a point to make and that is why I rise. Now, as far as 39 is concerned is it for discussion before the Houses?

MR. SPEAKER: No. No He has given notice of moving but he will formally move. The Prime Minister has sent the slip: I propose to move my amendments nos 38 and 39.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Then you should hear my objection.

MR. SPEAKER: At that stage I will hear it.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Not at that stage. Now, he has moved it ...

MR. SPEAKER: He has said: propose to move ... (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Now, I am saying the slip is there. You have taken up the position that it is not treated as moved and he will move. The same standard will apply with regard to other amendments. Therefore, let us know which are the amendments before the House. There is a large bundle of amendments. Which exactly are the amendments that the respective members have chosen to move?

MR. SPEAKER: I have explained the position. The validity of the amendments will be taken into consideration whenever an objection is taken to an amendment at the stage when we are putting it before the House.

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SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Sir. you will kindly bear with me. We are having a debate on what. Are we having a debate only on the motion? If it is that it is all right. Then each amendment will have to come and cycle of debate must start on every amendment or are we having a motion and the amendment put together which we are debating. If the motion and the amendments are together being debated I must know what the amendments are and on those amendments I will raise my objection.

MR. SPEAKER: Even at this stage I will allow the objection to be taken. to the amendments.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Let the resnective members move the amendments.

MR. SPEAKER: It is circulated.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: It is not circulated, What I am submitting is all that is circulated is the number of the amendments in the summary of the proceedings. That is not something that we are bound to go through at all. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Everybody has been given the amendments circulat-

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN; When?

Sir, when was it circulated? (Interruptions), I ask: When was it circulated? Can they show a single instance where it is mentioned? Theintimation says: 'Please receive the following papers'. There is a covering letter which comes with the papers every morning. Please produce a covering letter which would earry this. Where is this mentioned?

[Shra C M Stephen1

No covering letter has mentioned this where you say Please receive the following papers' 1 ask Please produce one covering letter which is mentioning this item. No There is no covering letter which motions this

SHRI DINEN BHATTACHARY (Serampore) You have no time to rend it

SHRI C M STEPHEN Let us know what the amendments are Let 13 raise our objections

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Regusarai) Sir let me make a ubmission (Interruptions) Sir. the posttion taken by my hon friends is this They say that although the amend ments have been circulated, they cannot be considered to have been moved

AN HON MEMBER Exactly

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA They say they cannot be considered to have been moved although they have been circulated

Sir. you have been pleased to say that those who want to move the amendments can give intimation to that effect to the Chair within 15 minutes

So, Sir I submit that the problem would be solved if the Chair arnounces at the end of 15 minutes saying that these are the amendments which have been moved. There s no difficulty about at (Interruptions)

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM Motion having been given with regard to certain stems here, you should heat us before you allow him to actually move it.

MR. SPEAKER The convention is there I am hearing you. (Interruptions)

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM Kindly be patient

Mr Speaker, Sir, the Substitute Motion given by the Prime Minister and the Leader of the Houle is in two parts. One is No 38 and the other one is No. 39

Sir, as far as No 38 is concerned. this is what is stated there -for which I have no objection It says

That this House, having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges, presented to the House on 21st November, 1978 agrees with the recommendations and findings of the Committen contained therein

This is the point. What are the find ings'7 What are the recommendations? The finding is that they have been guilty of having committed breach of privilege I need not go into it. I go only to the 'recommendations'-what are they? The recommendation is contained in nage 122 of the report Let me quote this norting It says --

"The Committee recommend that Shrimati Indira Gandhi, former Prime Minister Shri R K Dhawan and Shra D Sen deserved punishment for the serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House committed by them'

And then it says -

'In view of the unprecedented nature of the case and the importance of the issues involved in maintaining the authority dignity and sovereignty of Lok Sabha and upholding the principles underlying the system of Parliamentary Democracy the Committee consider it desirable to leave it to the collective wisdom of the House"

-Please note these words-'collective wisdom of the House" I want to emphasise that the numshment to be meted out should be what is reflected by the collective wisdom of the House

Now, if the Prime Minister has necepted the recommendation of the Privileges Committee that it should be the collective wisdom of the House and that the punishment should reflect the collective wisdom of the House, then, let us see what is stated here, in serial No, 39. I quote. The Prime Minister has moved this.

"The House resolves that Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi he committed to jail till the perogation of the House and also be expelled from the membership of the House for the serious breach of privilege and contempt of the House committed by her."

Therefore, this is put forward by the Leader of the House as the collective wisdom of the House. We have all the mistering to the Debate. You have been listering to the Debate. Taking from your extreme right upto the Janata party nobody is agreed for her being committed to jull or being expelled from the House.

ER. SUBRAMANIAM SWAMY (Bombay North-East): She should be sent to jail right away. We have said that

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Why don't you hear? You should have patience.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: I will take party by party. As far as Congress (I) as concerned, they are not for any action at all. (Interruptions) I am not going to leave it. I will have my any in spite of Mr. Jyolirmoy Bosu. (Interruptions)

SHRI M. SATYANARAYAN RAO (Karumusgar): Sir, this is a broach of privilege. He is preventing the parlamentary debate being conducted by you. It amounts to a breach of privilege.

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: Now, that party's attitude is known. As far as my party is concerned, it is divided. One section says no action, the other section says reprimand. Take C.P.I. it is for reprimand, not for just or for expulsion.

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA (Delhi Sadar): How is it that you are representing everybody in the House? (Interruntions)

MR. SPEAKER; Why don't you allow him to speak?

SHRI C. SUBRAMANIAM: I can assure you... (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Gupta, your absence in the House for a brief peried...

(Interruptions)

SUBRAMANIAM: SHRT C A.I.A.D.M.K.'s attitude is 'No action'. C.P.J. attitude is 'only admonition'. Even the C.P.I.(M), even the hard boiled Jyotirmoy Bosu had to relent because it is the party's decision which save no expulsion, only suspension till the end of the Session. So also the Forward Bloc, so also Mr. Tridib Chaudhuri It is only when you go to the Janata Party, there is a point of view that there should be expulsion and there should be imprisonment also and even there the party is not unanimous because there are hawks and doves. Even Shri S. N. Mishra says only suspension upto the end of the Session. And Mr. Tiwari also. Therefore, it is only a section of the Janata Party which is for the punishment proposed by the Prime Minister. Therefore, in all fairness, I would ask you as a Judge and as Speaker occupying this House whether this represents the collective wisdom of the House. It is the first time that this is happening... (Interruptions) ... the collective wisdom of the House should be concensus of the House as a whole. If you accept the recommendation, then it has to reflect the collective wisdom. Of course, it is open to the House to say that we do not accept the theory of collective wisdom and we go on our own party

(Shri C Subramamam)

basis That is a different thing altocether But having accepted the re commendation of the Privileges Com mattee and that recommendation is that the nunishment should be on the has of the collective wisdom of the House they cannot look forward to forst this preposterous proposal on the House This is the first point There are two more points. The second noint is that this motion is moved by the Prime Minister and the Leader of the House. The Prime Minister and the Leader of the House has a very peculiar po ition in the House because he is not merely the Prime Minister but he is the Leader of the House and it has been stated that as far as the Leader of the House is con cerned, in matters of this sort where the House is not considering a party matter but in which the whole House is involved the House is treated as a corporate body and the decision has to be taken on that basis the Lea der of the House should speak for the House and rot take a partisan atta tude On page 239 of the Parliamentary Practice by Erskine May it is stated

In the absence of the Prime Minister the Leader expresses the tense of the stouse on formal occasions such as in morning motions of thanks or congratulation and at all times, be no responsible to the House as a whole he advices the House in every difficulty as it arrives.

Again Sir Ivor Jenning says

"In short, when the House speaks as a corporate body he speaks on its behalf."

Therefore when this House is sitting as a corporate body to deal with the privilege motion, he should speak on behalf of the House and not for a section of the House or a section of this corn Party He cannot cpeak on behalf of the Government, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on behalf of the party, he cannot speak on the speak of the sp

not speak for a section of the party he will have to represent the whole House Anybody else can move this motion. When the concensian in the other parties was that there should be no marricoment and there should be no expulsion I respectfully submit that it is not open to the Leader of the House to move this rotion It will give a wrong impression that this proposal represents the sense of the whole House

3rd Report of

Printeges Committee

Then this is a point which is much more substantial in which you will have to exercise your discretion As already stated, all the political purties are not for expulsion or for putting Shrimati Indira Gandhi in cri-Janata Party-a cection of it con alone-takes a different view. Why? They will have to keep in mind, you will have to keep in mind two staring facts (Interruptions) One an influctuous attempt was made to imprison her during the last year and they did not succeed (Interruptions) Then they have been saying from the roof tops that they are going to imprison her but they have not succeeded so far (Interruptions) Then she contested for the Parliament They mobilised all the resources to see that she did not enter the Parhament (Interruptions) Taking advantage of the breach of privilege motion they want to achieve both these ends of putting her in prison and expelling her from the Parliament Why? They say pamly Did she not imprison us during Emergency? We should, therefore pay her in the same com For explusion they say that as Dr. Subramaniam Swamy was expelled for that she should also be expelled. That is the attitude They are u ing this House in the guise of the breach of privilege motion to achieve their political ends and for punishing her

Sir you are the cu todian of this House. Can you allow it to be used for partisan purposes of putting her

Motion re.

in trison or for expelling her or any Member altogether for the whole term from the House? This is a matter which should not be decided like this ... (Interruptions). The least you can do in this is not to take a decision on the basis of one party being in majority taking a decision. If you want to give effect to the collective wisdom of the House, you should convene a meeting of the party leaders and try to arrive at a just decision rather than allow them to use this House for their private vengeance and private vendetta.

These are all substantial points which are going to be the precedents for the future and if you are going to allow this House to be used for this purpose, it can be used next day for some other purpose also against somebody else and they are not permanent fixtures there. We are not permanent fixtures here. Therefore, Sir, you should take into account all the three points. First of all. motion itself is contradictory and the Leader of the House should not be allowed to move it and more than that, you will have to safeguard the interests of the House for not being used for private and party purposes.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: I am rising on a point of order. I have got objections. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: He is objecting to the amendment. He has a right.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: My first objection is that this amendment contravenes rule 344, sub-rule (2) viz-

"An amendment shall not be moved which has merely the effect of a negative vote."

The operative part of this motion SCES. . . (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Please.. he is objecting to the validity of the amendment. He has a right to object to the amendment.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Kar. kindiy hear him first.

SERI JYOTIRIJOY BOSU- 1 want to make a submishing Nou mud, on

observation the other day that 2 hours should be devoted for allowing Members-those who have not spoken-on't then we shall hear the Prime Minister. It will be put to vote. You have been deviating from it from 2 p.m. to 8.50 p.m. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: When an objection is taken to an amendment, I have to dispose it of.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: The amendments were there on that day also.

MR. SPEAKER: No.

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU: I WILL show you the amerdment,

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: The point is that the operative portion of this motion says that you will be authorized to fix up a date, and that the 3 persons will be asked what they have to say about the purishment.

(Shri C M Stephen)

the punishment be given here and nov that negatives the motion that the Pr.me Munister has put forward Therefore, this sub-rule (2) of rule 344 comes into play and this amendment is absolutely invalid and not permissible under the rules.

Number 2 objection is that I will have to be heard that is, on the basis of jurisdiction. This proposal to expel is not countenanced by the Constitution of India. This goes against the provisions of the Constitution of India And this House does not have the power to expel an elected member

Wherever constitution is violated, a point of order arises I hold the position that Constitution is being violated, It is on that basis that I raise this contention of mine I would straightway invite your attention to a full beach ruling (Interruptions) of the Punjab and Haryana High Court reported in 1977 (Indian Law Report) 289 There on page 481, their lordship says after a detailed discussion and I will just read out that

MR SPEAKER What does it say?

SHRI C M. STEPHEN Their lordship says after a detailed discussion

MR. SPEAKER Do not read the discussion

SHRI C M STEPHEN I WILL read out only the ruling part of it. On page 519 it says

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I am inclined to hold that in view of the basic premise of a Republican acmorracy onshrmed in the Preamble of our Constitution, art 170 which is analogus to 81 art 172 prescribing the freedom of franchise and the freedors of choice for a fixed duration for the territorial constituencies of a State Legislature, and arts 190, 191 and 192 providing in detail for the vacation of seats and disqualifications for membership, when read together are all pointers to the fact that a power of expulsion by majorate is inherently alien to the written provision of our Constitution and is therefore, unavailable to the State Legislatures by the very nature of things "

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This is the full beach ruling of 1977 by the Punish and Harvana High Court

Now I am saying this because this aspect will have to be examined in detail Now very quickly, I will pass off I will invite your attention to the Supreme Court ruling in the U.P. Legislature case This is on page 454 of this Report (Interruptions) That ruling says 194(3) is examined and the question was whether all the priveleges obtaining in the House of Commons have been preserved for the Parliament of India or the legislature of India And their lordship said . Mr Seervai's argument to this

MR SPEAKER You tell us the conclusion

SHRIC M STEPHEN This is what I am reading It is this

'The House of Commons also clarms."

This is what they say I am reading only the conclusion and nothing more than that

MR SPEAKER You tell me in your own words

SHRI C M. STEPHEN This is a broad claim. The latter part of art 194(3) expressly provides that all the powers which vested in the House of Commons at the relevant time vest in the House This broad claim however cannot be accepted in its entirety because there are some powers which cannot obviously be claimed by the House Then their lordships mention different powers which cannot be claimed. One of those powers they are spelling out on page 466. There they say:

"The House of Commons also claims the privilege in regard to its own Constitution".

It can constitute....It can call...... and therefore, there are certain aspects of it. It can call for an election. It can issue write to hold by-election. It can examine an election petition. It can determine the disqualification, it can determine the membership. All these are enjoined on this. privilege admittedly cannot be claimed by the House. This is the Supreme Court decision. Therefore, it would not be correct to say that all powers and privileges which were possessed by the House of Commons at the celevant time can be claimed by the House and on this aspect of the case I conclude that it is beyond the pale of controversy that the legislature under Article 194(3) or otherwise has no power to provide for and regulate its own Constitution unlike the House of Commons of England.

Now the next question is what is the asture of this power which is claimse? The controversy is whether the power of expulsion is a part of the power of printage or whether it is a part of printage or whether it is a part of printage or whether it is a part of inversy on which arguments took place. A large number of authorities have been quoted. I do not want to take your time with all that. I will cally 32 we you the a final ruling on this question. That ruling is given on page 481—

"To sum up on this aspect of the case, it appears plain to me that on the authority of the British 'Constitutional authors, Eke Anson. Halsbury, Maitland, Wade and Philips, Keir and Lawson, Ridges and including the opinion of May and his distinguished Editor Sir Barret there is hardly any doubt that the power of the house of Commons to expel one of its Members is rested from time immemorial in its basic from time immemorial in its basic

privilege to provide for and regulate its own constitution. It is indeed an integral and indivisible facet of the said privilege and of no other,"

Now, therefore, my argument is this. The Supreme Court has said......

DR. SUBRAMANIAM SWAMY: He is violating Rule 356.

(Interruntions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: My argument is this-

- (1) 105(3) does not give all the powers. 105(3) does not transfer from the House of Commons all the nowers of the privilege to us.
- (2) The power to constitute itself and regulates its constitution is one of the powers which has not been transferred to the Parkament in India.
- (3) The power to expel anybody is not a part of the privilege law in England. That has been part of this law of the power to regulate and control and constitute the House of Commons. Therefore this has not an independent existence. This power to expel a Member is not available to the legislature. I also find that the pro visions with respect to the vacation of seats, disqualification is a complete provision-comprehensive-nobody has any power to add on by which the seat can be vacated. Therefore, he, as an elected Member cannot be expelled from the House. That is not one of the powers. This is what is stated.

'Just one minute more and I have cancluded.

I read to you the authority. Their Lordship cited the authority of Shri Barnett Coeks. He was the Clerk of the House of Commons for a long time. He was Editor of Slay 16th, 17th and 18th Edition. He is the highest living Constitutional authority with respect of Parlament Law. He appeared before the Privileges Committee

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[Shri C M. Stephen]
of England and on this questing be gave this evidence.

A question was asked I do not

Because the result was that Asgill was expelled as being unfitted for membership by virtue of his activities

What was his offence?

Because the book contained many profane and blasphemous ex pressions highly reflecting on the Christian Rebigion and after Asg.I had admitted himself to be the author of the book they on that account resolved that he should be expelled from the House

Is it a matter of privilege? He was the author of a book which was blasphemous and he was expelled Then he continues

Yes The House has control of course today over its own member halp it is illustrated in Erskine May as one of the Privileges of the House to coatrol its own member ship and to expel Members who are unworthy of membership to coatrol its own composition certainly "

Then he goes on

Yes I think the general head ing Privilege does cover the right of the House to regulate its own composition and it does enjoy that right today and continues to exclude Vembers as I mentioned in earlie etidence who refuse to take the Oath of Allegiance?

This full Bench ruling which came after Mr Subramaniam Swimpy as after Mr Subramaniam Swimpy as publish it snybody kudes that, with respect to Mr Hardwart Lal is the latest precedent! He was expelled from the Vidhan Sabha and It went up to the full Bench A very detailed dacussom took place. This is the class it is the pronouncement that we have the many detailed the control of the pronouncement that we

have. Therefore the powers that they seek to expel is in contravention of the constitutional provisions as sustained by the fudicial problements. This is alien to the law of privileges. This is only inherent to the characteristics of the House as being a self-constituted body which our House is not

Finally you look through any expulsion. I have got a list of hem before me Never in the history of any Parliament has expulsion been attempted like this Expussion been attempted for things done in the House if the House finds that the person is intolerable Expulsion 'ales place in the excercise of the other peridiction and not in excercise this purisdiction. Never in the history of the world expulsion has been attempted even in England with respect to something which is alleged to have been done before House was constituted (Interruptions). Therefore my submission is the proposal to expel is unconstitutional, invalid and against the High Court ruling. Therefore this amendment is unsustainable and it must be ruled out of order with repect to the explusion part of it (Interruptions)

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI (Bombay North-West) If you see any substance in that, you will hear us But if you do not see any substance which you should not we do not want to take your time.

MR. SPEAKER Shri Shyamnandan Mishra

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusara) I want to refer to the two points that have been raised by the two bon members I would be brief in my submission, as I have always been So far as the jurnsdiction of the Holute is concerned, we are not prepared to accept any extranous authority as stiting over u. We ere the masters of our proceedings and the legislity of our proceedings cannot be questioned knywhere (Interruptions)

The hon: Leader of the Opposition was referring to the Advisory opinion of the Sunreme Court in the Kesay Sleep case. I must underline that this was only an advisory opinion. Even in that case, the hon, High Court later on ruled that the remaining period of the sentence must be served by the accused, although there had been prorogation meaning thereby that there would have been no termination of the sentence, the sentence was to be served that was the order passed by the hon. Allahabad High Court later. But this has to be borne in mind by all concerned that this is the court of superior jurisdiction, and

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when one sits on its superior jurisdiction (Interruptions). In this case, we are a court of superior jur sdiction, meaning thereby that only these things which are expressly excluded from our jurisdiction cannot be taken care of by this House. There is nothing expressly excluded from the jurisdiction of this House, so far as its penal provisions are concerned. In this very House-not exactly India. House but the Parliament of because it was the Provisional Parliament at that time-this penal provision was indeed exercised and an iron.

Member's membership was terminated by this very House, I mean to say that in the case of Mr. Mudgal the member. Ship was terminated. This is the

ship was terminated. This is the position with regard to the powers of

the House

Now I move on to the point maid by my hon, friend, Shri Subramaniam, and that point has to be given due weight in some way. But, even so, may I submit to you that although my hor. friend, Shri Subramaniam, knows what his aim is, he does not know how to go about it. He has complicated this matter. He says that according to the recommendations of the Committee of Privileges, the collective wisdom of the House has to be expressed. Now more than once what is meant by the collective wisdom of the House has been determined. Can my hon, friend say that there is any other way of delermining the collective wisdom of this House except through a majority opinion of this House? This has been very well determined... (Interruptions). My hon, friend would certainty not suggest that there should be an impasse or stalemate in this House. If there is a situation like that, that has to be broken.

But the real point of substance that he was making was that the motion was made by the Leader of the House That is the point of substance, and or probably seems to suggest that, as the Leader of the House, he should have wider consultations, so far as the final judgment of this matter is concerned. That is the real point...(htterruptions).

(Shri Shyamnandan Mishra)

proposing the final form (Interruptions) that follows from the position of the Leader of the House. It is logical to except from the Leader of the House that when he tries to place any motion before the House that will reflect the general state of onimon in this house. But I do not agree that it should be agreed by all sections of the House in that way but the general state of opinion in this House and so in that process of consultation if there has been any madequacy or incompleteness that should be made up no v That is the point.

(Interruptions)

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY (Mangalore) Sir I am on a point of order It is against the jurisdiction and competency of the House and it is also a violation of the Constitution On this point I am rising Sir I am not speaking with a sense of confronts tion (Interruptions) You heard the other side Why can t you hear me?

MR SPEAKER I heard your side

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY Your constant assertion that you upheld the tradition of judiciary calls for your upholding the parliamen ary tradition That is why I am submitt ing Why don't you hear me?

MR SPEAKER I have heard

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY I am raising a point of order on a constitutional matter I draw your attention to Article 20 of the Const tu tion which save

"(1) No person shall be convicted of any offence except for violation of a law in force at the time of the commission of the act charged as an offence nor be subjected to a penalty greater than that which might have been inflicted under the law in force at the time of the com mission of the offence"

I am emphasising the words nor te subjected to a penalty greater than that which might have been inflicted under the law in force at the time of the commission of the offence

Article 20(2) says

We person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same offence more than once

Now my submission is that so far as the competence is concerned our learned and hon Leader of the Oppos tion has raised one point Endorsing that point I am to just bring to your notice another point. Last time I raised the point that the question of competency and junsdiction could be raised at any time As a Public Pro secutor and as a Supreme Court Judge 300 know the question of law Now I am raising the question whether this House has got the competence or jurisdiction to inflict punishment or to award nunishment to any person That is the pertinent point Now Sir you cannot be a captive to the brute majority of the Januta Party You must be impartial. That is why I am submitting this to you on whether this House has got the jurisdiction or competence. The former Speaker in this very same House on 1-4 1977 had clearly stated and it was a categorical and clear decision of the House that the Sixth Lok Sabha does not have any right or authority to go into any matters pertaining to the privilege issue because it happened during the life-time of the dissolved House. In view of this clear decision I do not know whether this House has got ony right to inflict any minishment on aux person

16 86 hrs

MR SPEAKER I have understood your point. This was raised at the time of consideration

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY There is no law which prescribes the maximum ponishment as contemplat

ed by article 20(1). In the absence of a maximum punishment, I submit nobody can convict any person, and no-

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body can give any imprisonment.

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Stephen has made that point.

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: If you go through article 105 of the Constitution, it is also silent about the quantum of numishment

MR. SPEAKER; He has already raised that. Again and again you are raising the same thing.

SHRI JANARDHANA POOJARY: I am not raising the same thing.

Therefore, there will be doucle jeopardy if anything is done today. Double jeopardy means punishment by the Lok Sabba and punishment by a court under the law. Now you have to give a decision whether a decision taken here does not conflict with the functioning of the courts.

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard your point.

SHRI SHANKAR DEV (Bider): The Privileges Committee has clearly stated that the House should decide.**

MR. SPEAKER: I am sorry this is not a point of order, I am not allowing it. Don't record,

SHRI MALLIKARJUN (Medak): On a point of order.

MR. SPEAKER: Unless you are objecting to Mr. Subramaniam's motion, I cannot allow.

Very imoprtant constitutional and moral arguments have been advanced by Mr. C. Subramaniam and Mr. Stephen. The first question that I have got to bear in mind is this. In a matter like this, what is the position of the Speaker? Is he in the position of a Judge to decide constitutional points, or is he merely a

servant of the House at this stage of the proceedings? The points raised by Mr. C. Subramaniam and Mr. Stephen are certainly going to be considered by the Members of the House sidered by the Members of the House at the time when they come to the final decision. It has been well settled that when the matter of constitutional and legel objections are raised before the House, it is for the House to decide and not the Speaker. The Speaker has no jurisdiction to decide. It is a well accepted position.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: On a point of order. Is it to be decided by the House? Then, why are you therefor? (Interruptions) The ruings of the Speaker will be final. These are points of order that we have raised (Interruptions).

(Interruptions).

MR. SPEAKER: Don't record.

(Interruptions)**

MR. SPEAKER: While the Speaker has to decided the points of oredr, the Speaker has not to decide the constitutional validity of any proposition. (Interruptions)

My predecessors have given...(In-

terruptions).

SHRI VASANT SATHE: On a
point of order under Rule 376. You

are giving a ruling.

MR. SPEAKER: I am giving my ruling and not your ruling.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: I am rising on a point of order under Rule

MR. SPEAKER: I am deciding the noints of order.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: While it is the duty of the Speaker to... (Interruptions) While I have to decide every poit of order... (Interruptions)

I am not allowing anything more, Don't record.

(Interruptions)**

MR SPEAKER While I have to decide every point of order if the controversy relates to (Interruptions)

SHRI B SHANKARANAND Pleare read the Rules (Interrupturas)

MR. SPEAKER I have read the Rules and the commentaries also

While the Speaker has to decide every point of order where the point of order gives rise to any interpretation of the Rules or laws or the Constitutions, any controversy as re gards the validity of a provision when the matter is before the House it is for the House to decide and not for the Speaker to decide If the matter is controversial and is capable of a judicial decision the judiciary has to decide it The Speaker does not arrogate to himself the position of either the House or of the judiciary Some of the points raised are matters to be decided by the jud clary and not the matters to decided by the Speaker a Speaker does not seize the powers of the jud ciars in these matters

SHRI C SUBRAMANIAM I have got great respect for your judicial wisdom But this is evading the isuse

MR SPEAKER Mr C Subramaniam has raised three points on which he would are decam. The first contention of Mr. Subramaniam is whether the motion of the Prime Minuster reflects the collective wis dom of the House The collectave wisdom of the House will be only known when the House decides about the matter It is not necessary that the House should accept the motion of the Prime Minister I cannot constitute myself as a person to decide the collective wisdom of the House

The second point raised by Mr Subramoniam is that the Leader of the House should represent the views of the House and not of any section thereof it is not for me to decide whether he is representing the views of the House or he is representing the view of only a section of the House This, again, is a matter which the Speaker cannot enter into

The last point raised by Mr Subramanum is that the motion of the Prime Minister represents a political riew and not a view in consonance with the rules and the law This, again is not a matter where the Speaker can enter into The Speaker does not enter into controversial mitters' Controversial matters are dicided by the House and not by the Speaker.

Mr C M Stephen's first contents on was that the amendment moved by the Leader of the House is negative in character and therefore, it is valuative of rule 344 (2) of our rules I am unable to accept that the amendment in question is negative in character It is an alternative motion It is for the House to accept it or not to accept it.

Mr Skephen has contended that under the Conciliation the House has no power to expel a member Here visam, it is a matter for judicial decision and not a matter for Speaker to decide (Interruptions) I cam not hearing ony more Here again the matter is either for the Wowse of for May Judiciary (Interruptions). There can be no point of order on my order.

Then Shri Janardhana Poojary has raised several objections based on article 20 of the Constitution This again, is not a matter where I can interpret the Constitution. It is for the appropriate authorities to decide it That being so I see no point in the objections raised

(Interruptions)

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) I should like to say this that last time it was decided that two hours' time may be given for the debate in the House. I find that there is a great deal of time taken up. I therefore move:

"That this House do sit until this business is disposed of." (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Beyond six o'clock we will not sit. On this, don't decide by majority. You can do whatever you like, but beyond six o'clock we will not sit. (Interruptions) Time is never decided by majority. (Interruptions).

Two hours had been given. We were proceeding on the basis of motion of the Leader of the Hous. We hever expected that the Leader of the House will be bringing in amendments after amendments. Normally it does not happen. The Leader of the House had a motion; for the discussion on the Motion we agreed to two hours subsequently.

'MR. SPEAKER: Let us see. There are one hour and forty-five minutes still. If necessary, we will take it up at six o'clock.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: What is an amendment? He has brought an amendment. What does an amendment mean? I want fo emphasize this An amendment is a subsidiary motion in the course of a debate on another motion, which interposes a new cycle of debate and a decision on the proposal and a decision on the main motion and question, Therefore, when an amendment is moved, a new debate begins. The most important part is about punishment. Now, if you put forward an amendment, on that a debate has got to begin. We will have the right to speak on that. That is the essential part of it: a new cyle of debate begins. Otherwise. there is no amendment.

MR. SPEAKER: We will consider it at 6 o'clock when the time comes.

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND: Time is extended only by consensus and not by majority. (Interruttions)

MR. SPEAKER: All the time is being taken up by these other things.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: It should not be by majority: we cannot do it. (Interruptions).

THE MINISTER OF PARLIA-MENTARY AFFAIRS AND LABOUR (SHR! RAVINDRA VARIAL): It is necessary for me to point out to certain matters of procedure. The Hon. Prime Minister, the Leader of the House, has moved that the House sit till it disposes of this bushess of

You. Six, will recall, and thus the House will receil—if its memory is not so short—shall last time, when this goestion was being debated in the House, you, Six, announced the House, you, Six, announced the Opposition and the Leader of the House were agreed that another two hours might be spent on this debate, two houses would be allotted and that it will be taken up on the next day. If wish to draw your attention and the attention of the House to Rule 363 which saves

"(1) Whenever the dabate an any motion in connection with a Bill or on any other motion becomes unduly profracted, the Speaker may, after 1zking the sense of the House, fix a time limit for the conclusion of discussion an any stage or all stages of the Bill of the motion, as the case may be

(2) At the appointed hour, in accordance with the time limit fixed for the completion of a particular stage of Bill or a motion, the Speaker shall, unless the date is sooner concluded, forthwith put every question necessary to dispose of all the outstanding motters in connection with that stage of the Bill or the motion."

(Shri Rayındra Varma)

I wish to noint out therefore, that by vurtue of Rule 363(1) (Intermintions)

I am not yielding I did not interrunt the Leader of the Opposition. I am not yielding Under rule 363(1) the procedure, in case a debate becomes unduly protracted has been contemplated. That procedure is that the Speaker may, after taking the sense of the House, fix a time Last time you did take the sense of the House and fixed the time Even if the contention is that a new matter has been introduced when the Prime Minister and the Leader of the House moved this motion, I most respectfully submit to the Chair that it becomes incumbent on you to take the sense of the House and fix the time limit. Once you take the sense of the House and fix a time, again I most respectfully submit to you that it makes it obligatory on you to put the question concerned to the House when the hour comes Therefore I beg of you, in view of the motion moved by the Leader of the House that you take the sense of the House and fix the time limit

SHRI B SHANKARANAND Even if we go by what he has said, you have to go by the sense of the House and not at the dictates of the Prime Minister It is unfair for the Prime Minister to have suggested this. He will have to take the sense of the House That has been the practice, that has been the convention The time cannot be extended like this beyond 6 O Clock

SHRI JYOTIRMOY EOSU I want so quote a ruling, I want to quote what one of the illustrious Speaker has said on Mudgal's case. .

MR. SPEAKER No I am now on a different matter Mudgal's case is DVPr

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU quoting a ruling, a relevant ruling

MR SPEAKER We are now on fixing the time

SHRIC M STEPHEN In view of what the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs has said, I would say this, There are two aspects of the whole question. The main motion was here We agreed that we would complete the debate on the main motion in two hours time Now that has to be completed. Now an amendment has come The most vital the most material. nart of the whole thing is that particular amendment different points of view on that amendment have cot to be aired That is the most vital part of the general debate Therefore. to proceed as if that that is of no consequence will not be right That is the most vital part. Two hours for the main motion, and then the period for the amendment will have to be taken into account Amendment starts 'a new cycle of debate I repeat that provision a new cycle of debate' (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER One thing you must bear in mind This amendment though given notice of by the Prime Minister now, was there given notice of by others also

SHRI C M. STEPHEN That is why I raised the question whether the amendment was moved or not That was the purpose The amendment is moved only today

MR. SPEAKER I do see that some more time has got to be given not merely two hours. You have already taken nearly two and a half hours I think if the House so pleases we shall have another two hours for this (Interruptions)

SHRI C M STEPHEN Not today Today, no (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE You cannot take us by surprise like this. (Interruptions)

SHRI MORARJI DESAI Please fix the time, Sir (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: On that day we adjourned for his convenience. On that day we could have taken two hours. We adjourned for his convenience. He wanted it for his convenience. On the next day, unfortunately, a colleague of ours died and we had to adjourn. Then I came and told you that on Friday, we could have the debate. But they had their own motives because they wanted to prevent her from filing her nomination in Secunderabad. Therefore, they took it over to Monday. This was the purpose. Monday has come now. We are agreeable to the sort of arrangement you made. 2 hours. This 2 hours we took over procedural matfers should not count. We have not gone into the debate at all. The debate has yet to begin. We are not prepared to sit beyond 6 O'clock today ... (Interruptions) You can do it. This way the House can never run. Has the Parliamentary Affairs Minister consulted me? Has he consulted Mr. Chavan? Has he consulted Mr. Bala Pajanor? All the leaders are here. Did he consult them? Is this the way to do it merely because they have got the majority?....(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: May I add one thing? Shall I adjourn the House just for ten minutes so that I can call all the leaders to my Chamber? (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: Call us to your Chamber

MR. SPEAKER: They are not agreeable. . (Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: We are agreeable but they are not agreeable. Why?

MR SPEAKER: I am sorry. I cannot do anything at all. It is a matter for the House. . . . (Interruptions) Whatever is in my power, I have been tryaing to do ... (Interruptions)

SHRI A. BALA PAJANOR (Pondicherry): For a long time I have been sitting quite. At least permit me to say something.

We have been keeping quite. I should not say that you have become a prisoner. I am sorry to make that comment because it is a convenience of other Parties also. I have to say that because you suggested let us go into your Chamber and discuss it. This is a non-controversial subject. The consensus of the House is to be taken only with the help of the leaders. When you find that everybody is in the House and if it is going to be judged by a brute majority, I am afraid when we are crying and the Judges are clapping, what sort of judgment we will get in this House. We too have our own ailments but :f this is the way they treat us when a simple request is made. I do not know where we are marchine to.

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR (Gandhinagar); May I say something?

MR. SPEAKER: Each one becomes a debate on which you want to say something?

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR: I am not speaking on each one, Kindly don't say that. Please hear me.

The hon. Leader of the House is well within his rights to move the kind of motion he has moved

MR. SPEAKER: Does he require that?

PROF. P. G. MAVALANKAR- He has a right. But the Minister of Parliamentary Affairs has quoted the rules. We know those rules.

There are two points I want to submit for your consideration. One 19 that whatever time you give for this debate-2 hours or whatever it ismust be 2 hours from this minute and not from 2 O'clock.

Prof P G Mavalankarl

Secondly even if this limit of 2 hours-I am not quite clear if the dehate will be over to-day but it cannot be over in 2 hours-is over, my contention is that unless the Speaker is satisfied that all possible points of view have been reflected in the debate in this House he cannot agree to closure That is the point-

MR SPEAKER Mr Chavan

SHRI YESHWANTRAO CHAVAN (Satara) Mr Speaker, Sir I am not rising on any point of order nor en. ! speaking on a technical aspect I am speaking on the political aspects of the sames involved in this controversy My party has not met as a party to consider this question at all because we thought in this House we are sitting as suries and fudges. Juries when we take the facts into consideration and judge, when we give the final judgement And therefore we did not take any party line in this subject and as such I am speaking for maself when I am speaking on it

t, in the last few hours that we -ale dehated this matter I think nothing has been left unsaid I think all the technical and legal aspects have been said but even then certain things have to be said because they deserve repetition. My first political phieci on to the Parliament taking a view on the facts of this case is that the same set of facts-Mrs Gandhi in her statement has also made a mention of this aspect and this is a very important aspect which we should take into considera tion-is going to be considered by a special court or a High Court or any other court (Interruptions)

Just new my hon ble friend Shrt Shyamnandan Mishra, said that we are a court of superior appellate justisdiction or final jurisdiction. Non Be are taking a secondary position of taking the view of the matter on the same facts and asking the courts to

Privileges Committee take the view again on appeal. I am not worried about the technical asnects of it. I am worried about the nolitical aspects of it Somebody can make a distinction that here it is an issue of privileges and there it is going to be the issue of criminally But even in order to proue the criminality mens rea ie the intention has to be cope into. Whother a public rervant was obstructed in bls work. It will ultimately come to the same set of facts Therefore, the court will have go into the same set of facts. Suppose tomorrow we take some final position here and give certain punishment or take a final view and fomorrow the court accepts the view of the Parliament then it will be said that Parliament has influenced the court. If it resects the Parliament's verdict then Parliament would look vindictive and small (Interruptions)

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Therefore, Sit, it will be very unwise politically to consider this aspect at this stage becaute it goes against the fundamental concept of jurispru dence to try the same persons on the same set of facts more than once (Irterruptions) The Second political aspect of it is that when the privilege motion was introduced in this hon ble House Mrs Gondhi was not the member of this House She has been elected as a member of the House by the people after this privilege motion was under consideration

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU That does not make any difference

SHRI YESHWANTRAO CHAVAN IL does make a difference politically (Interruptions) I am not standing on technicalities I am talking about political aspects. Here is a person who is elected by the people. We have absolutely no moral right to undo things even partially Suppose tomorrow you expel her That does not mean you disqualify her to contest elections, (Interruptions) Constitutionally in my

343 MR SPEAKER I called him to

speak.

(Interruptions)

थी राजनारायण में बहुत प्रदेव संप्रपील नक्ष्या--प्राप प्रश्नस ह घोर महा बड-बड धर घर विद्वान बठ ह प्राचान शास्त्रों के बनुसार कह ता नीयम भा ह दोणाचाय भी है सभी ह। द्याप यह दक्षिए-- प्राप न कहा कि म नदन की 10 मिनट के लिए स्वीनत करता ह भीर म नभी ननामो को बनाकर कलात्य करुगा। यह वेग्रर की गार मधाया है किसी न नहारवा है और जझर क मळारविन्द से एसी बात पाये भीर उस कोमदन न भाने-it will amount to a motion of no con fidence possed against you give you so many instances

क्या बात करत ह-यह पालियामेन्द्री प्रामीनर को प्रविद्या से में नहीं मूनने वाला है। मैं बरावद धरा रहता रात तक इसं व्याहरू पर खडा प्रणा। म्राप स्मिनो नमं करत है नम करने के बाद ग्राप् सोवर-माफ-दि-हाउस मा एनी-सीनियर-मेम्बर प्राप्त-दि-इतिग्रमार्टी देशोल्यक्षन नहा रखते ह-that will amount to a no confidence motion passed against you

MR SPEAKER You are open to move it and I am only here to accept it I am only waiting for somebody to do st

थो राज बारायम म चाहता ह—सत्त के नेता की जान और मर्यादा इस म है कि बाप न जो मुसाव दिया प्रमासुद्धाव की भदन के नता के नार (स्पवधार) 10 मिनट सं काई फर्क महा परता ।

MR. SPEAKER It is not a point of order Mr Satyanarayan Rao

(Interruptions)

SHRI RAJ NARAIN There is no question of pressing for it from your

MR SPEAKER I have heard you Mr Rai Narain New Mr Satyana Jayan Rao

2 IRI RAJ NARAIN To main tain the dignity of the House maintain the dignity of the Chair and to maintain the dignity of the Leader of the House I walk out in protest for 10 minutes against your ruling

16.45 hrs

House

SHRI RAJ NARAIN them left the

SHRI M SATYANARAYAN RAO (Karımnagar) Mr Speaker Sır be fore I begus my speech I would like to gupte from the Address to Par liament by te Vice President acting as President of India in 1977 After te Janata Party came into power in 1977 this was the first presid ntial Address

The people have given a clear verdict in favour of individual free dom democracy and the rule of law and against executive arbitra riness the emergence of a persona lity cult and extra constitutional centres of powers "

· Than again

My Government pledges itself to fulfil in every way the mandate given to it by the people In doing so it will not take the people for granted or assume that they kno v nothing and that the Government alone knows all answers and solu

Thus Address (Interruptions)

श्री मती राम बागकी यध्यक्ष महोदय प्राप दक्ष निनड वे निष् इन मदन को रोक्थिया। साप यह बनत परम्पय पेश कर रहे हैं। साप कह कर के इस्टी बात करते हैं।

SHRI M SATYANARAYAN RAO After they came to power in 1977 have they been able to restore individual freedom and are they following the rule of law? Is their claim that they are interested in the rule of law borne out by what they have been doing? Do they believe in the rule of law?

Sir I have gone through the wiole evidence of this case and I am sure you must have also gone through it. The Attorney-General has given ev dence before the Privileges Commit tee and he has clearly expressed his

opinion that this House has no jurisdiction (Interruption), Secondly. he said that the so-called officers who were collecting the required information for an answer to a Question in Parliament, were not officers of the House. As regards taking the oath, he also expressed his opinion elearly that the witness cannot be forced to take the oath and give evidence against herself. Though these things are very clear there, this Committee has not given any consideration to these aspects. On the other hand, they claim that they believe in rule of law. If they really believed in the rule of law, they should have accepted the opinion of the Attorney-General, who has been appointed by your Government and not by us. They are going by their majority here.

Then**

MR. SPEAKER: It is convention of the House that we do not drag in the name of the President. There will be no reference to the President. Do not record this

SHRI M. SATYANARAYAN RAO: Now, I came to the facts of the case The whole case is based on the evidence of Shri T. A. Pai. Sir. he is an aggrieved person, he is not an independent person. His firm was raided the Department Income fax and he suffered on account that. He had a grudge against Shrimati Indira Gandhi Mr. Dhawan etc. That is why, I charge Mr. Pai; it is he who is responsible for this. He has instigated these so-called officers to go before the Shah Commission and give evidence against these people. The whole thing is based on this. Is it admissible? Is it believable?

Then, there is the evidence of Shri Chattopadhyaya. He said that at the instance of the then Prime Minister, he suspended Shri Bhatnagar. Why didn't you involve him? They are involving Shri Sen and Shri Dhawan

only, who they say, were acting and harassing these people at the instance of Strimati Indira Gandhi. If this is the case, Shri Chattopadhyaya should also be involved. He also comes under the contempt of the House. He suspended him; nebody else did. If you ask me to murder anybody, should I do that? If I do that, I will be responsible and I should be involved. He was not involved. This shows that in order to save his gift, he deposed like that.

This is the whole evidence before the Committee. It is not at all reliable. It is not at all reliable. It is not tenable. I am sorry to say that the hon. Prime, Munister is a prisone; in the hands of RSS elements. This is my charge. He regards birnelf as a great living Gandhian. Gandhiji was killed—by whom? If he is really a follower of Gandhiji, be should get out of the hands of RSS elements. These people are dictaining to him. He is a prisoner he cannot take an independent decision.

Mrs. Gandhi has been elected by the people of Chikmagalur. I know that the Janata Party has got the mandate from the North, but at the same time they must agree that she also has got the mandate from the South. It means that there will be a confrontation between North and South, if you are going to punish her. It will be a punishment to the whole South. The whole South will rise... (Interruptions) Prime Minister is dictated to by such elements, he will land himself in trouble. You have now got a majority. The same thing was happening when you people were here on this side. Mr. Vajpayee was also saying at that time that because we had got a brute majority, we were doing all that. You are also following the same practice, You are now setting up a dangerous precedent. By your majority, you are punishing her. The day is not far off: after 13 years or 2 years, you may have to be here. Dr. Swamy himself may not be elected. On the evidence of the ex-Minister Mr. Pal, you are punishing her Now we anow that Mr Charan Singh has made allegalions already against the son of the Prime Minister Mr Rai Narain 5 also there ie two ex Mini ters are there The Prime Minister can also be hauled up You are setting up a very dangerous precedent You are not considering these things from that point of view Mr Desai you ste he seniormost leader in India by age and service You are not considering this from all these points of view 1 know that you are worried about your hair If you go against the wishes of these elements you will be out of your hair So it is a kissa of kursi It is a story of your chair In order to retain /our chair you are obliging these people

Let me warn him At the time of Emergency when Jayaprakash Na rayan was arrested he said Vinasa kale V pareedha Buddhih Now this Rao is also saying Vinaasakale Vipa You are baying reedha Buddhih Vinaasa Kal that is why you are do ing this. Because of your majority you want to punish her

Ultimately I would say that there is no evidence or facts Legally also he does not deserve to be punished at all So these proceedings should be dropped.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO (Mormugao) Mr Speaker Sir thank you for giving me this opportunity (Interruptions)

यो उपसेन देवरिया : में ग्राप से जानना चाहता ह कि झाज यह सदन कब तक वैठेगा ग्रीर कब तक इस पर विचार गरेगा ? बाप स्पन्ट इसको बताइये । जो हल्ली बरता है उसकी तो धाप मनते हैं मौर हमारी सनवें ही नही हैं।

MR, SPEAKER It is for the House to decide

SHEI RAM JETHMALANI (Bombay North-West) The Leader of the House has moved a motion that we sit late to complete the business and we need not surrender to the suscentibilities of these gentlemen. We have decided that this must be firmshed today it may take as much time as possible (Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER By mistake I have not put the motion of the Prime Minis ter to the vote of the House Is it the pleasure of the House to accept the motion of the Prime Minister?

SEVERAL HON MEMBERS Yes

SHRI C M STEPHEN Before you do that I would appeal to you to exercise your discretion Your discretion is there under rule 362. This is the rule which gives you full discretion It says

At any time after a motion has been made any member may move That the question be now put and unless it appears to the Speaker that the motion is an abuse of these rules or an infringement of the right of reasonable debate the Speaker shall then put the motion

Now a reasonable debate must take place Now you have said What ever you suggested we agreed said that we were prepared to come to your Chamber and discuss it You said that there will be additional two hours There also we had agreedadditional two hours time

MR SPEAKER From 430 onwards

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN No Sir That is not right What I am saying is that we are not prepared to sit beyond 6 O clock because they did not consult us. They should have consult ed us They are behaving as if we "re in two compariments. They did not consult us Without consulting us and merely relying on a sort of majority and putting a motion through and compelling us to sit beyond 8 O clock is not good. Under law we are bound to sit for what? It wil no be right at all I am saving that let them hang us let them send us to jails let them hang Mrs Gandhi

but give a hearing. Let there be a proper debate. Now that your amendment has come, you should try to give us time to debate on the amendment. (Interruptions) On behalf of the entity Opposition, I want to tell you that we are not agreeale to sit beyond 8 O'clock; we are not prepared to sit beyond 6 O'clock.

SHRI VASANT SATHE; We shall not allow anything to go on record.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Finished.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: You had made a proposal that the Leaders should come to your Chamber and discuss it. I agreed.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: They alone are not agreeable.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have mentioned

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Kindly allow me.

(Interruptions)

SHRI'B, SHANKARANAND (Chikkodi): Kindiy allow me one word to say. Please do not set a dangerous precedent.

MR. SPEAKER: I agree I should not set

(Interruptions)

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND; It has been the practice of the House....

MR. SPEAKER: This is not one

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: May I say why I moved the motion without consulting them? Lost time, it was an agreed thing and still it went on today. I do not want to, curtoil any time of the debale for them. That I do not want to do. Therefore, I have moved that let this business finish today and sit till them.

(Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE; Last time, you had not allowed that motion.....

MR. SPEAKER: You have mentioned a number of times.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: I have heard.
(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: You are right. I cannot go beyond the rules.

(Interruptions)

17.09 hrs.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: There was engagement with the Prime Minister of Singapore. That is why....

MR. SPEAKER: That is for exten-

SHRI VASANT SATHE; To-day we have our own engagements at dx O'clock. We cannot be taken by surprise that we have to sit beyond six.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARIEF (Bangalore North): You never allow us to speak. You simply listen to whoseever shouts. If that is the course, then we will also be shouting.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. K. JAFFER SHARIEF; My hombile submission is it has not even hought to are notice carlier that we will have to sit for any length of time. We have got our own engagenels after six Octobek. We are committed without knowing this. It is not the perceptive or privilege or the Ministers themselves to have some engagements.

MR SPEAKER The same thing was mentioned by Mr Sathe

SHRICK JAFFER SHARREF The leaders cannot take us by surprise Are we not supposed to have our say?

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER The same is not all lowed because of interventions

SHRI C K. JAFFER SHARIEF YOU should consider in your wisdom. I am only making a point. I am appeal mg that he should consider this point

MR. SPEAKER Under Rule 362(1) the power of closure is in the hands of the House The Speaker has the powers if it appears to the Speaker that the motion is an abuse of hese rules or an infringement of the right of reasonable debate

Unless the Speaker comes to either one or the other conclusion he has no power to intercede the matter I an not make inroads into the powers of the House

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I have quoted these nilee

So far as fixing of the time is con cerned we had originally fixed ux hours for this debate. This debate has nearly taken more than thericen hours Therefore I cannot say that reasonable time has not been given. Though of course undoubtedly there are many more members wanting to speak It is a very important matter and the Prime Minister has mentioned he has no objection to the debate continuing so that it may finish in the course of the day to day That is why he has moved the motion

I have no powers in this matter

The leader of the Opposition das made an appeal to the Government benches. It is upto them to decide

3rd Report of Privileges Committee one way or the other I do not see

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any power where I come into the picture unless I see that there has been a deliberate obstruction on any part So I will not be in a position to intercede in the matter

SHRIC M STEPHEN Rule 14 says---

Unless the Speaker otherwise directs sitting of the House on any day shall ordinardy conclude at 17-00 house

That has been allowed upto 18 hours. It is for you to give direction The words are the Speaker otherwise directs' Therefore it shall conclude at 18 hours. It is for you to give the direction When they bring a motion that we may sit beyond that the Speaker has got the full power there. It is not compulsory on your part to put the motion Not at all. It is not compulsor, on your part to put the motion and compel us to sit till 12 O'clock in the night absolutely not Therefore our liability is to come at 11 and sit till 6 Oclock not beyong that

MR SPEAKER Each time you rely on one rule You do not consider 11 the rules. I have got to decide taking all the rules into consideration

SHR1 B SHANKARANAND On Wednesday last you have ruled hat you will not be siting beyond 6 O elack

MR. SPEAKER I have never said that

(Interruptions)

SHRI C M STEPHEN We are prepared to sit beyond 6 O clock.

SHRI B SHANKARANAND Only last week you ruled like that

MR. SPEAKER What has the Minis ter of Parliamentary Affairs to say on this? He is relying on rule 14 Minute by minute separate rules are relied upon

SHRI RAVINDRA VARMA; The hon, leader of the opposition knows that there are innumerable instances where it has been moved in the House that the House may sit after 6. Therefore, the practice in the House has been that the Speaker takes the sense of the House and asks the House whether it agrees to sit beyond 6. This has been the practice which can be verified from the records

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SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Out of 2 hours, you would have given us half an hour or 45 minutes. We do not want to speak at all. Give them the maximum possible time. But we shall finish at 5 minutes to 6 and the question shall be nut.

MR. SPEAKER: Can we finish the debate today and have the voting tomorrow?

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: No. 'The voting has to be today.

(Interruptions)

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: He brings an amendment today and wants to get it through, (Interruptions).

MR, SPEAKER: Then you can move for closure at the appropriate time if you so desire.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: May I say that if I move for a closure at any time, it will be again said that I am trying to stop a debate. I do not want to do that.

MR. SPEAKER: They are not willing to sit beyond 6. You can move for closure if you so desire.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: Then how will voting be done?

MR. SPEAKER: After that voting can be done. It can be done at 530.

SHRI MORARJI DESAI: If you want. I can move for closure. 3638 LS-12

MR. SPEAKER. I do not want to take the responsibility. (Interruptions).

SHRI KANWAR LAL GUPTA: 1 want to know whether the motion of the Prime Minister has been carried or not

MR SPEAKER: The motion of the Prime Minister does not arise because it is only at 6 n'clock that he can move for extension and it is for the Speaker to allow it. In this matter, I do not want to get myself involved. If you want, you can move for closure. Shri Faleiro.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Sir. several leading speakers before a different context have emphasised the point that are sitting here not to make any law in our ordinary legislative capacity, but as leaders from the Janata Party like Shri Shyamnandan Mishra said, we are sitting here as a court of superior jurisdiction. It means each one of us is a judge and collectively we are a judicial body. I for one humbly admit that I have not heen able to understand the complicated constitutional issues involved in this case. I have not even been able to read the entire report of the findings which runs into more than a thousand pages of print. If my friends are honest, 99 per cent of them will admit that similarly they are not in a position to decide on the constitutional issues involved. (Interruptions) So, we are supposed to sit here as a judicial body. You will see that we have not been functioning in the way Parliament usually debates. What we see today is, it must be said, that side probably more, this side probably less, just a mob, a shricking mob, a frenzied mob and, as far as that side is concerned, a lynching mob, shouting for the blood of Mrs. Gandhi and others... (Interruptions) In fact, the worst part of it is a sanctimonious mob which claims....

MR. SPEAKER: Do not use the word "mob".

SHM EDUARDO FALEIRO: Let us not be more fair than fair I am precisely quoting the words of Michael Foot, the Leader of the House of Cumnons, in a case very much agridar in nature, the Poulson case. What he said was the "the House converts itself into a sanctimonious moly when it deals with a question of pavilege against one of its own members" My authorises the control of the co

SHRI JYOTIRMOY BOSU, Michael Foot? My foot!

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO .

MR. SPEAKER Do not record it,

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO, I submat that I had occasion to go through cases of Parliaments of the world from Argentina to Zambia (Interruptions) In most of them, the jurisdiction and punishment for breach of the privilege is not vested in the House but in ordinary courts (Interruptions)

SIr, as I have submitted, I say with utnost respect that we do not have the constitutional competence to go into the 'issue. These facts are to be ludged by the Court and, therefore, we calnot pronounce a judgment here

(Interruptions) An opening is there for us in the Parliament of India Parliament can punish for breach of its own privileges, or it can direct in special cases, it has the liberty to direct, the Atturner-General to prosecute in cases of breach of privilege in this particular case, we have a God-send opportunity and the God send opportunity and the God send opportunity is this, that this case is pending in a court

Before You ring the bell, let me witer a word of caution There are friends there who tell me I come from a place where the excesses of Ea.ergency did not take place . (Interruptions) They tell me they have suf-

fered badly during the Emergency. I am prepared to believe them. There are others who speak of excesses of emergency but are reaping the benefits of emergency (Interruptions) I may utter a word of caution, that the greatest victim of this farce is not gome to Mrs. Gandhi, it is not going to be Shri Sen or Shri Dhawan. greatest victum, the greatest casualty is going to be this House itself, the credibility and the respect which we emoy in the eyes of the world. Let them not dig their own grave in the middle of the House Let me say what Shri Chavan said, that it will be such a big pit that we will never be able to cross it The result of what will happen today is that in this absolute attitude of confrontation will continue and we will be responsible for destroying Parliament, for destroying the Lok Sabha in the eyes of our people and of the world.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Sir, I

"That item No 17, which is fixed for 5.30 pm. be taken up after the debate on the privilege motion is

(Interruptions)

MR SPEAKER I will put it at 530 pm. It is not 530

over."

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI. But put it before 530

यो प्रकार देव (विकार) यायत महोक्स, के यह कहना जाहणा होते हैं। के यह कहना जाहणा होते को कि स्वार करना जाहणा होते को कि स्वार करना जाहणा होते को कि स्वार करना जाहणा है। यो प्रकार के स्वार करना करना करना करना करना के स्वार के हैं। या स्वार के स्वार

रहे हैं।

दसरी बात यह है कि जब श्रीमती इन्दिरा गांधी ने विक्रमानर में एतैनाव कटेस्ट किया तो बता प्रापने उनको हराने के लिए दनिया भर की कोसिसें की लेकिन घोप उसमें सफल नहीं हुए। अब वे यहा पासिपामेण्य में ब्राई है तो ब्राप उनको यहा पर माने से रोकना चाहते हैं। प्राप कहते हैं कि अर्ताने मलती की है। उन्होंने कहा कि मैं तो सभी धाई भी नहीं, मुझे बाना है, बात करना है किर नेरी मली क्या है। भाष कहते हैं कि इस लोक सभा में नहीं दी पिछली सोकनभा में भापने वल्ली की यो। यह वही बात है जैसे किसी घेर को एक बकरी भी काटनों ही है इसलिए शेर बकरी से कहें कि तुमने 6 महीने पहले घास या तो थी, बकरी कहता है धो चारे महीलें की ही हं, 6 महीने पहले में पैदा भी नहीं हुई थी, तो घेर कहें कि तमने नहीं की तम्हारे बार ने खाई होगी। इसी तरह की बात आप कर

याप हाउस प्राय कामन की मारा में बोत रहें है तिंकन में तैन्स प्राय कामन की भारा में बोत रहा है, उत्हादार की मारा में बोत रहा गुड़ रहुत पाइता है कि समर बता पहली है। में गुड़ रहुत पाइता है कि समर बता पहली में बोत में देंगि पर पहली के बेतन पाइती है। गुड़े रेंगि भारता बताना । सार पार्टी भारत के आप जनता की तेवा करती है उनके वाद मगर प्रमेश्य पाने कर उनके जल्द भाग पानेमा । किंग केता और पहुनातन के निक्कं क्योरियों की विनयर प्रमेश्य पाने कर पाइता में क्या पायेगा । विनया और पहुनातन के निक्कं क्योरियों की विनयर प्रमेश्य ताने करारा प्रशिवाद बन्या पायेगा । (महामा) ... मण्ड प्राप्त में कि ही तेवा है में मार्चक कहता नहात है कि प्रमु कराटबेंड में उनके पानिया में और विन्ने तोत प्ररेस्ट हुए

MR. SPEAKER; Mr Shankar Dev, please resume your seat. No further recording.

SHRI SHANKAR DEV: ***

MR. SPEAKER: I have to inform the House that Shri Mani Ram Bagei, in whose name the half-an-hour discussion has been put down in the List of Business, has requested that the discussion be postponed. Since the discussion be postponed. Since the half-an-hour discussion is not being taken up, the discussion of the privileges issue will be continued after 5.20.

SHRI A, BALA PAJANOR (Pondicherry): I do agree with what the leader of the Congress Parly, Mr. Chavan, has said. Opinions have been expressed by many Members of the House. Though it is said that we have given a go-by to passion and cmotion, practically everybody is speaking with possion and emotion. That is a fait accompli, and nobody can deny it. I am also susceptible to passion, but I am trying to get out of it. And if you try to provoke me, I will take the advice of the Prime Minister not to get provoked today at least. It is difficult for you to provoke me also heerases you lack wit

I will touch only one aspect. I do understand the feelings of the Members on the other side. Ninetly per cent of you were in joil, I do feel if, but not an this score. I am not going to advise the others Members, but notly through you, Sr. I appeal to the Prime Minister and my friends on the other side to put sense into this issue and at the same time give a calm and quiet thinking before we pass a judgment on the privilege issue against Mrs. Candhi and two others.

17.25 hrs.

[SHRIMATI PARVATHI KRIŞIINAN in the Chair]

It is a serious matter as all have stated, and the entire nation is watching, and we too have a feeling that we have come to a point of confrontation. It I may say so, the Houre is divided into two—the entire opposition on one side, not only the Congress (I), as expressed by Mr. Stephen, by Mr. Subramaniam and Mr. Chavan. But I will go a step further.

It is said that Mrs. Gandhi was not a Member when the matter was referred to the Privileges Committee, but she is when she is being punished; when it is attended to punish her, she is a Member from a southern constituency. Chikmagajun. I do not want to raise the feeling of any emotion or passion when I say that the people of the South are very much agitated on the South are very much pigtated on

IShri A Bala Pajanori

this issue. I have a feeling that you are creating a diversion, I am not saying anything else. Since you asked me to speak out I speak from my heart the feeling of our people appeal to you, through the Chairman. This is a matter which is frying to divide the country into north and south. Please do not attribute mota ves on this matter (Interruptions) Members in this House are unneces samly provoked on trivial things You are sitting as judges, watching the clock, and before it strikes six, you want to strike something else. If that is the feeling are you not exhibiting the feeling of a pound of flesh for a pound of flesh?

To be or not to be may be the question I can also argue on these technaticalities from Hieraturg etc in this forum but this is not the occasion for it I appeal to you once again to please calmly and quelly judge this matter Are we in a proper mood to give a correct judgement on this eighteenth day of December, 1978 at this critical hour?

As I said at the begining I can un derstand your feeling You have become subjective, very subjective your judgement goes in a different angle, I am afraid of the future of democracy because the Prime Minister always says that he wants to build up the future of this country in a democratic manner So I do appeal for that (Interruptions) I do understand that persons have got their own ego We are coming from a cultured part of the country I do not say that you are not cultured We speak language that is six thousand years old. In 1967 there both the Congress were put an end to by our great party led by Anna You must remember what happened then It was alleged that the ex-Chief Minister burnt the files. The matter was taken up in the House very much agitated On that day at that hour, we, the Members who were in the ruling party, under the beloved leadership of Anna, had the same feelings that you are having now Our young boys and gris were shot dead like birds when there was Hindi agitation We had the same feelings Our leader was in just for seven months. Many of our party members were in just it was twelve years back, not today

AN HON MEMBER Who was the Prime Minister then?

SHRI A. BALA PAJANOR We are not concerned about who was the Prime Minister then I am speaking about a cultured part of the country That has to be taken noted of During that time, that was taken up and there the same emotions were expressed and they wanted to nunish the ex-Chief Minister in the House But the great Anna then said 'the very discussion itself is a punishment if you think of a punishment' I had felt the same feelings That is the reason why I do appeal to you I am not going into the details as Mr Falerio has correctly put it I do not have that much of brain. I am a poor and simple nerson The report contains about thousand pages Have they gone through it deep within ten days? Have they analysed the evidence? They are trying to fix the blame and traing to convert the parliament to a criminal court

Mr Jethmalam has told me how he has argued for a person in Bombly, But the also has feelings and that is the reason why reason fails to take an upper hand But the youth of this country is very much agusted because the future of this country if you follow the samething (naterruptions). Trepeat—the youth of this country is very much agusted Please read the wint on the walls You are trying to show passion of emotions on this issue (Interruptions).

MR, CHAIRMAN: You can talk when you speak, please continue,

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SHRI A. BALA PAJANOR: Thank you very much. I can understand the feelings of the Members on the other side. Once again, I tell you, if you are going to take head for head, I am afraid, that is not justice. Here I will quote a statement of Mr. Subramaniam Swamy.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Please conclude with the question.

SHRI A BALA PAJANOR: Then I do not quote. He said: "this lady must be in lail". That was the argument put forward, "We were in fail. What have you done during Emergency?" If the same wrong is repeated by you, the great democrats, where is your judgement? If that wrong had taken place in 1976-77 and if you are going to repeat it again, what is the difference between your Government and that Government? Therefore, I appeal to you, through Madam Chairman, that it is high time for us to consider this issue. Once again, I put it very simply and plainly. I feel that the discussion itself is the punishment. The country is aware of it. (Interruptions) I can understand the feeling of the Member with the red turban because red itself signifies danger to the country and red is accompanying him. He must understand that. You have been listening to me patiently. It was said that this debate had taken thirteen hours. But thirteen is an unlucky number. This discussion of thirteen hours is going to be unlucky discussion for this Parliament. I am' not talking of astrological calulations or numerological calculations for that matter, I was a Member is the last Parliament. Many of you were not there and so you would not know what took place. When Mrs Gandhi was in the peak of power in Emergency I said in this House take note of it-and not sent to jail, not because I was pleading for it. But you must also remember that we are telling this not only from an individual's point of view, but the point of view of the youth of this country, the Members of the South and from the point of view of Opposition, I do appeal to you that it is high time...

MR. CHAIRMAN: I think you will set an example to the youth and conclude,

SHRI A BALA PAJANOR: I have been listening to elders all the time. It has become a practice to listen always to elders. But at least once, as the youth, we must make them understand and we have to tell them that it is high time to give up this kind of vindictiveness.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI (Bombay North-West): Madam Chairman, some 68 years ago, a frail old man stood before a British Indian court and told the court that he had committed the crime with which he was charged; he spoke the truth, the whole truth, nothing but the truth, He asked the court to inflict upon him the maximum punishment which the law could impose. That man became one of the immortals of this world. His statement to the court has become a legal classic which everybody reads throughout the world.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: On a point of order. (Interruptions)

I want to ask, a member who has a pecuniary interest, a personal interest in a particular matter, can ho be allowed to participate in the debate under the rules? A person who has a personal interest and a pecuniary interest in the Jeep case, against Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Mr. Jethmalant... (Interruptions) He is appearing as a Counsel, he has a personal interest. Can he be allowed to participate in this debate? (Interruptions)

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: He cannot take liberty with my name. If we start this game, I can abuse him as much as he is capable of. (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE It is a matter of fact Is he not appearing as a Counsel? (Interruptions)

MR. CHAIRMAN Mr Jethmalani. don't worry In the records, your name will appear as it appears in the list (Interruptions)

STORY RAI JETHMALANI He sohuld witdraw it.

MR CHAIRMAN I cannot force him to pronounce anything in ? was that you like (Interruptions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE A member who has a personal interest in any matter (Interruptions)

MR CHAIRMAN He does not have a personal interest

SHRI VASANT SATHE He has You ask him

MR. CHAIRMAN As a member of the Privileges Committee? (Interrup tions)

SHRI VASANT SATHE I am not talking about the Privileges Committee

17 33 hrs

[Mr. Speaker in the Chair]

Mr Speaker Sir, I was on a point of order Mr Ram Jethmalani is appearing as a Counsel in the Jeep case against Mrs Indica Gandhi. Therefore, he has a personal interest at least against Mrs. Indira Gandhi. A person who has a personal interest should not be allowed to participate in the debate (Interuptions) He has a direct interest, he has been engaged as a Counsel. He is a prosecutor If a person is a prosecutor against a particular person, it will be highly immoral on his part to participate in the par-

ard Report of hamentary debates. So, he should not he allowed to participate

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MR SPEAKER There is no neight of order, Shri Ram Jethmalani to con-

SHRI RAMACHANDRA RATH On a point of order, Sir He (Aska) has appeared before the Shah Com mission as a lawyer against Mrs. Indisa Gandhi, His daughter is also a law yer Not only he has a necuniary interest, a personal interest, but his also has got interest femily In view of these circustances, I would appeal to you to restrain this gentleman from speaking

MR SPEAKER I do not think there is any point of order

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI 1 am entitled to make a personal explanation In the first place, I am not appearing in the case against Mrs Indira Gandhi, Mr Khandalwala has been engaged I have given up that case. In the second place (Interruptions) Please sit down (Interruptions) the second place, the appointment let ter contains a provision that Mr Ram Jethmalani will be paid no fee

I appeared free for the Government in all matters I have no pecuniary paterest. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER There is no point of order

SHRIC M STEPHEN I rise on a point of order The point of order is this. A Member having a personal, pecuniary or direct interest in any matter before the House is required while taking part in the proceedings on that matter, to declare the nature of his interest I am making the allegation that by a Government Nctification he has been appointed as Schritor-or whatever the term may

be-or Special Prosecutor in three gates in which Mrs. Indira Gandhi is the accused. He has been declared Special Prosecutor in cases in which Mt. Sanjay Gandhi, on whose besis the entire proceedings are revolving, is an accused. He is conducting that case freet that is what he is claiming. If he is to conduct the case without collecting fees, it shows the declut of his direct, personal interest.

Now, we are giving you notice, through the proceedings, to appoint a Committee on mis-conduct of the Mender in having participated in the Privileges Committee and voted and spoken on the Floor of the House without revealing his direct personal interest. A person who has direct personal interest, as per the provisions in this book, has absolutely no right to take part in the discussion on this situate. Therefore, I object He should not be allowed to preak when the discussion on here were the provisions.

SHRI RAMACHANDRA RATH-Kindly refer to Rule 255. (Interruptions). Not only has he got direct and pecuciary interest, but Mr. Jethmainn's daughter also has direct intrest. His daughter is drawing a fat fee from the treasury of the Government of India. That also is pecuniary interest. So he forfeits his right to speak on this matter because he and his daughter, both are involved.

SHRI MALLIKARJUN (Medak): In the month of May 1978, my HonIn the month of May 1978, my HonIntend Shri Jethmalani revealed to
"he Press that the report of the Privilegas Committee was going to come...
(Interruptions). What does it mean!
In wast way is he supposed to reveal
to the Press and the public, as a
Member of the Privileges Committee,
in the month of May, that severe
publishment will be given to Mrs.
Gandhi? That amounts to saying that
he is absolutely biased and has malafied intentions.

Apart from that, Rule 255 clearly says that if any Member has a per-

sonal, pecuniary or direct interest of such an intimate character that it may prejudicially affect the consideration of any nutices to be considered by the Committee, objection may be taken. The Privileges Committee was considering the matter relating answers in Parliament and Mr. Jethmalani was a Mexiber of the Privileges Committee. He has an acute political vendetta and political retaliation and vengeance was his motivation which affects the entire privileges Committee's functioning. Particularly, when you go through the Report of the Privileges Committee, you will see what Mr. Jethmalani has said Therefore, I would seek your indulgence to say that you should not allow the Hon. Member to speak on this issue at all.

MR. SPEAKER: Shri Jethamalani has denied that he has any direct or pecuniary interest. (Interruptions)

If he has not made a correct statement, he has to face the consequences. I cannot decide whether he has pecuniary interest or not. Mr. Jethmalani.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: This is the Government Notification. It says:

"In exercise of powers conferred by the sub-section (6) of Section 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure....the Central Government hereby appoints Sarvashri Rem Jehmalani and S. B. Jaisinghani, Advocates, Bombay, as special public Prosecutors for conducting the unresecution...."

It is not stated that it is not without fees. The question is whether an attorney, a person who helds a professional interest, can speak in this House.

(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: A lawyer, engaged by a client, cannot be said to have direct or personal interest. It is a well recognised position. He must have a pecuniary interest in the subIMr Speaker!

sect that is before the Court Mr Jethmalani says that he has no pecu mary interest. He may be right or he may be wrong But I have got to go on the basis of his statement (Interruptions) He has already made a speech in the earlier stage (Interruntions)

SHRIC M STEPHEN We will not hear him.

SHRI VASANT SATHE We do not want to hear you Mr Jethmalana

MR SPEAKER After I went to the Chamber I had requested both the Leader of the House and the Leader of the Opposition to come I had a discussion with them and we have agreed that two hours more would be given tomorrow from 300 to 500 pm That is the agreement Therefore there is no point in your taking up further time by raising these ob rections

SHRI VASANT SATHE This has nothing to do with time. We have an objection to his speaking. We do not want to hear Mr Jethmalans

MR, SPEAKER Those who do not want to hear him have got a remedy You neel not hear if you do not want to hear him. You can be here and still need not hear (Interrup tions) I cannot go into the ments All that the rule provide, is that I must a k him whether he has any pecuniary interest I have done that, Anyway it is upto you to take the time of the House

SHRI VASANT SATHE How do you allow him to speak Sir? (Inter ruptions)

MP SPEAKER He has been called If h. uses any unparhamentary word I will have it removed

SHRT VASANT SATHE He IN a polyntary prosecutor We will not

hear a presecutor

SHRUB SHANKARANAND Urise on a point of order (Interruptions)

ME SPEAKER To this extent we lose the time

SHRI VASANT SATHE Tomorrow we shall have

MR SPEAKER No Not at all. (Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER Do not record (Interruptions) .

MR SPEAKER The Chairman has given the ruling and I am not going to revoke it

THE PRIME MINISTER (SHRI MORARJI DESAI) If this is young to be repeated I cannot agree to that proposition

MR SPEAKER The difficulty is if you disturb this matter the agree. ment falls (faterruptions) You can Mr Shankaranand not dictate what the Prime Minister says is that if you are taking time by this (Interruptions) No not at all (Interruptions)

I shall see that Mr Jethmalan: does not use any unparliamentary n ords

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI f am moving a closure motion on this debate. We will not allow this kind no estuation

MR. SPEAKER I am not allowing

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI Either you stop this or you agree to closure We will not allow this kind of thing

SHRIC M. STEPHEN Now that the Speaker has given his ruling that

¹ ot Recorded

369 Alotion re. AGRAHAYANA 27, 1900 (SAKA) 3rd Report of 370 Privileges Committee

Mr. Jethmalani has got his permission, I would appeal to my friends to let him speak and let us hear.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI. It is my purpose to-day to expose a couple of and when I say a couple of and when I say a couple of the exposers when the same of the statement which we heard last Wednesday from the accused, Mrs. Gandhi. I will not deal with every paragraph because that will take us vers. "(Interruptions)

MR. SPEAKER: Don't say 'lie'. The word 'lie' is not allowed... (Interruptions) 'I have already disallowed it. You may say 'incorrect statement'.

SHRI C. M. STEPHEN: In privilege matters, there is no accused.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: First of all her statement is far from truth...(Interruptions)

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND: Den't behave like a prosecutor.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: She has compared the House to the Star Chamber....(Interruptions)

Sir, in the Star Chamber there unusual and cruel methods of Interrogalion. But when she appeared before us, she was treated with the ulmost courtesy. Constitutional orgaments were heard and even though the Privileges Committee come to the conclusion... (Interruptions)

AIR SPEAKER: I am trying to get some order but you members do not allow...(Interruptions) Please hear him. Yen can make your submission on that...(Interruptions) What is all this?

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: We told her in the Privileges Committee that "though you are not entitled to the benefit of Art, 20 because you are

not technically in the position of an accused which you are now talking about, still we shall treat you...
(Interruptions)

SHRI MALLIKARJUN: This provocative speech cannot be tolerated.

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Jethmalani, I am asking you to go on.

SHRI B. SHANKARANAND: I have a point of order, Can any member disclose what happened in the proceedings of the committee?

MR. SPEAKER: This can be disclosed in the House but you cannot disclose outside.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: I am not disclosing anything that is not here in this report.

MR. SPEAKER: Mr. Shankaranand, don't get excited.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Sir, she was told that we will not put to you a single incriminating question...

MR. SPEAKER: What he says is there in the proceedings.

SHRI RAM JETHMALANI: Still they talk and still they speak and accuse for having converted the proceedings into a Star Chamber. (Interruptions)

· At the end Mr. Nathwani told her that this is the evidence against you. Do you wish to be apprised of the nature of the evidence so that you should be able to give the reply? She said: No. I do not want even to do that and she retired from the proceedings and for anybody to accuse either the Privileges Committee or this House for having converted itself into a Star Chamber is to show that you use expressions which others write for you but you do not know what the Star Chamber was and what it did to the people who appeared before it. (Interruptions)

375 No 31 -Shri Hari Vishnu Kamath No 33 -Shri Vinayak Prasad

Yaday No 35 -Shri B P Mandal

Motors re

No 36 -Shri M. V Govindan Nair

No 37 -Shm Kanwar Lal Gupta

No 38 } -Shri Morarji R Desai 3

No 40 } Shri Janardhana Poojary No 41 J

No 44 -Shr: Vavaler Rava

No 45 -Shri B P Mandal

SHRI K MALLANNA (Chitradurgo) I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted namely -

"After baying considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges this House resolves that Shrimati Indira Gandhi and others have not committed breach of privilege and also disagrees with the recommendation of the Committee of Privileges both on facts and Procedures 1 3(8)

SHRI NATHU SINGH (Dausa) I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted, namely -5_ {

"That this House after having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges is of the opinion that Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi (former Prime Munister) Shri B K. Dhawan and Shri D Sen have committed breach of provilege and contempt of the House by causing obstruction, intimudation and institution of false cases against some officers In view of the aforesaid, medemeanours, the former Prime Munister, Shrunati Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R K Dhawan and Shrt D Sen should straightaway be committed to prison till the prorogation of the House and Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi should also be immediately expelled from the membership of the House "' (24)

SHRI KESHAVRAO DHONDGE (Nanded) I beg to move

That for the original motion, thefollowing be substituted, namely --

'That this House having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges is of the common that no question of privilege is involved in the matter against Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R K. Dhawan and Shra D Sen and that no further action be taken by the House in the matter

That the very charges mentioned are being inquired into by a Court of Law and are sub judice. thus double prosecution is against the fundamental principles of law and notural justice

That in the matter there here lock of unanimity or conse-sus in the course to be followed

That further proceedings will not enhance the prestige of this House but are likely to undermine , the confidence of the people in Parliamentary institution

That this House do decide to drop the further proceedings m the matter " (32)

SHRI K P UNNIKRISHNAN (Badagara) I beg to move

That for the original motion the following be substituted, namely -

"Having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges the House do proceed, to

reprimand Mrs. Indira Gandhi. member for Chikmagalur, for having committed a grave contempt of the House," '(42)

"That for the original motion, the following be substituted namely:-

"Having considered the Third Report of the Committee Privileges, the House do proceed to reprimand Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen, for having committed a grave contempt of the House." ' (43)

SHRI K. M. MALLANNA: I beg to move:

That for the original motion, the following be substituted, namely:-

"After having considered the Third Report of the Committee of Privileges (Sixth Lok Sabha) presented to the House on 21st November, 1978, this House is of the opinion that in view of the absence of any recommendation of specific facts and proposed action in the Report of the Privileges Committee, no action could be taken on the said Report." ' (46)

SHRI NATHU SINGH: Sir, I beg to move:

'For the last paragraph of the motion substitute the followings:-

· "The House therefore resolves that Mrs. Indira Nehru Gandhi, Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen straightway he committed to prison till the prorogation of the House.

The House further resolves that 'Mrs. Indira Nehru Gandhi immediately expelled from membership of the House for conduct grossly unbecoming a member of the House." '(25)

SHRI N. SREEKANTAN NAIR (Quilon): I beg to move:

For the last paragraph of the motion substitute:-

"The House therefore resolves

that Mrs. Indira Gandhi he admonished and kept imprisoned till the House adjourns for the day." (27)

SHRI SHYAMNANDAN MISHRA (Begusarai): I beg to move:

'For the last paragraph substitute the following:-

"The House, therefore, resolves that Shrimati Indira Nehru Gandhi he reprimanded in strongest terms and suspended from the service of the House till the end of the current session.

The House further resolves that Shri R. K. Dawan be severely reprimanded at the Bar of the House and Shri D. Sen admonished at the Bar of the House." (28)

SHRI HARI VISHNU KAMATH: I beg to move:

For the last paragraph substitute the following: --

"The House therefore resolves that Shrimati ndira Gandhi be asked by the Honourable Speaker to stand in her place, and she be severely reprimanded by him in the name, and by the authority, of the House, for her aforementioned misdemeanours.

The House further resolves that Shrimati Indira Gandhi be suspended from the service of the House during the remaining peried of the current session of Lok Sabha as well as during the entire budget session of 1979.

The House also resolves that Shri R. K. Dhawan and Shri D. Sen be called to appear at the Bar of the House and administer-- ed a severe reprimand by the hon. Speaker, in the name, and by the authority, of the House." (31)

LOK SABHA DEBATES

(Sixth Series)

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LOK SABHA SECRETARIAT NEW DELHI (Shri Samar Mukheriee)

hy Mrs Indira Gandhi are not an isolated thing. It is a continuation of the same attitude of the same misdeeds which were committed during 20 months and all her sychophants and caucus are trying to defend these mis deeds (Interruptions)

AN HON MEMBER Sir, he is using unparhamentary words

MR. SPEAKER It is not unparliamentary

SHRI SAMAR MUKHERJEE Mrs Indica Gandhi has not the courage and the honesty to accept the truth Otherwise she would have come forward before the House and accepted the misdeeds she had done and would have come with an apolgy and said if proved 'I am prepared to mend But there is no change. There is no change in the attitude and behaviour Sir. You have seen her attitude towards the Privileges Committee It is quite clear from the shown by her to the Privileges Comnuttee. The question is whether a Parliamentary Committee the Privi leges Committee and the House will defend their dignity or not and whether a per-on who had committed such crimes will be punished or not. This is the basic and fundamental question For this, we hold the view that this Parliament must exert its authority, must uphold its dignity and must punish her and others for the crimes they have committed.

The Privileges Committee in meting out the punishment has its own limitations. Here we suggest that she should be asked to tender an unquali fici apology before this House I think, the House should consider no other punishment if she agrees to tender an unqualified apology to the House Her attitude is, however quite clear and that is why, we recommend that at least till this session is over, her membership should be suspended

In relation to the crime comitted by her, it may appear to be modest punishment Our party demands suitable numshment for the crimes she had committed by imposing timergency. by putting thousands of people in the jails, by perpetrating brutal tortures insides the jail etc. She thinks that she is above Constitution, she is above Parliament and she is above anything. She, therefore, deserves the highest punishment for these crimes, but the punishment should be given by the courts the special courts. On the recommendations of the Shah Commission, she should be tried before the special courts for which the Supreme Court has given clearance now It is necessary that she should be tried and we hope that her crimes will be punished suitably

I would like to appeal to the Janata Party leaders, so far as the Privilege issue is concerned I have seen certain proposals of the Janata Party major section of the Janata Party, though not unanimously, wants that highest punishment should be given to her Not only that she should be expelled from the House and should be put into the prison also In this case, it s our feeling, it is our assessment fast still in India these forces of authoritarianism have some mass base. because Shrimati Indira Gandhi has very recently got elected from one of the parliamentary constituencies, Chickmagalur There these people will be able to confuse those sections and it may appear before the people that this Janata Party is taking revenge The Janata Party has failed to bring her before the courts for trial after the Shah Commissions report was published They showed softness for her then But now when the Pri vileges Committee has recommended punishment for her, they are indulging in heroics. Now they have got in opportunity to say Give her the maximum punishment' This will not be helpful for usolating her and for

exposing the character of totalitarianism. Instead, these people should be exposed before the masses and a total fight for that is to be organised throughout the country as also against this totalitarianism. It is not one day's fight and that is why, today, maximum nunishment should be avoided. You should approach the people, you should tell them that this House has considered all aspects and has resorted to modest punishment in order to give them the scope to re-understand and revise their present methods and attitude. Ultimately, the people will decide. People have decided already and again it will be decided by them. We want that the Janata Party must take into consideration this aspect. If We give her the maximum punishment and hold her and her party guilty, they would appear before the people as victims of vengeance and they will try to get the sympathies of the people, who are mostly unattached. That will be counter-productive for you, and helpful to them. Already Mr. Stephen has threatened resurrection. You keep it in mind that they will go outside and tell people that out of vindictiveness Indira Gandhi has been punished. No, You raise it before the people, viz., the nature of the crimes and misdeeds she has done and expose her, and thereby isolate her because the fight against totalitarianism is a long drawn one. People are already in the midst of the fight; and that fight is to be continued, and totalitarianism completely defeated and the supremacy of democracy completely established, wih full authority. That is why, keeping the long-term ideals in vivew and taking into consideration all these things, the Janata Government should immediately put up a special court, institute cases in the special court and start trying her for the crimes she has committed and render her an treme punishment. That is why our proposal is that she should be asked to tender an unqualified apology. And if she refuses, her membership should

he suspended, for the duration of this

SHRI RUDOLPH RODRIGHES (Nominated-Anglo Indians): I rise with some pain in my heart. The pain is there not so much about the matter we are discussing, but about the concluding portion of the speech of the hon. Leader of the Opposition. He compared the present situation to the Crucifixion and Resurrection I would remind him and this House that the Crucifixion that he speaks of relates to a Sinless Person. In all fairness to her, not even Mrs. Gandhi would make such a claim. I come from a tradition which says, "Trespassers shall be forgiven." I would also remind House that the belief that trespassers shall be forgiven pre-supposes that they are trespassers.

The Leader of the Opposition drew a number of statements from the proceedings, as recorded in these two volumes. But I would like to remind him that even the references he has made are not complete. For instance, he spoke of Mr. Pai's evidence. I do not want to contradiet him in great detail, except to draw attention to the fact that Mr. Pai himself wrote a letter to Mrs. Gandhi: and Mrs. Gandhi's reply to that letter is dated 7th May 1975. It is at page 142 of Vol. I. Whatever the facts may be, the same Mr Pai alleges in his letter, as evident from Mrs. Gandhi's reply, that enquiries were in connection with the answers a Parliament question. In words, Mr. Pai had, in his letter, made such a charge.

SHRI VASANT SATHE: That letter is not produced. It is missing.

SHRI RUDOLPH RODRIGUES: Whether that letter is missing or not, Mr. Gandhi's letter is there. The Leader of the Opposition also referred to the matter of cath, and he has quoted from the statements alleged to have been made by the Attorney